Supporting Information

CO Adsorption on Au/TiO₂ Catalysts:

Observations, Quantification, and Explanation of a Broad-Band Infrared Signal

Camilah D. Powell, Arthur W. Daigh, Meagan Pollock,

Bert D. Chandler, and Christopher J. Pursell*

Department of Chemistry, Trinity University, One Trinity Place, San Antonio, Texas 78212

**Corresponding Author: cpursell@trinity.edu* (210)999-7381

The catalysts used in this study were commercial samples purchased from STREM Chemicals (nominal 1% Au/Al₂O₃ and Au/TiO₂). These catalysts were pretreated by the manufacturer to ensure that particles were of appropriate size (2.9 ± 0.9 nm, Fig. S1) to be active for CO oxidation.

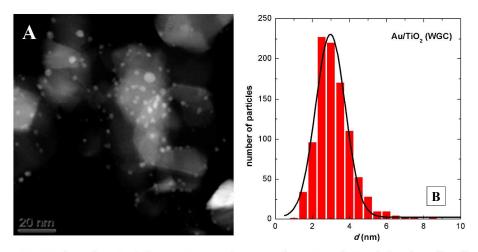


Figure S1. TEM data for Au/TiO₂. TEM micrograph (A) and Particle size distribution (B) of the catalysts used in this study. Mean calculated particle size is 2.9 ± 0.9 nm.

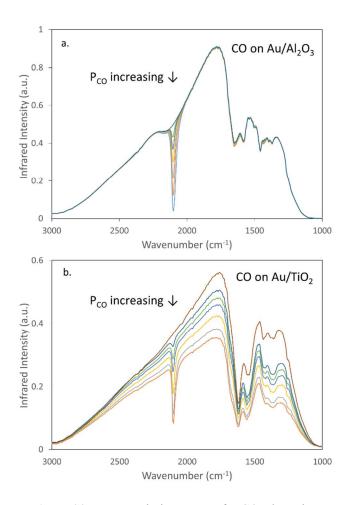


Figure S2. IR transmission spectra for CO adsorption on (a) Au/Al_2O_3 and (b) Au/TiO_2 catalysts (at room temperature for $P_{CO} = 1-20$ Torr).

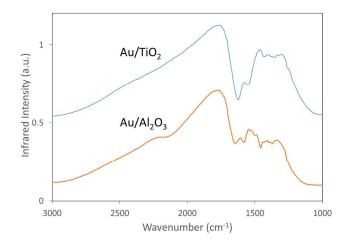


Figure S3. IR transmission spectra for Au/TiO₂ and Au/Al₂O₃ catalysts (in the absence of CO).

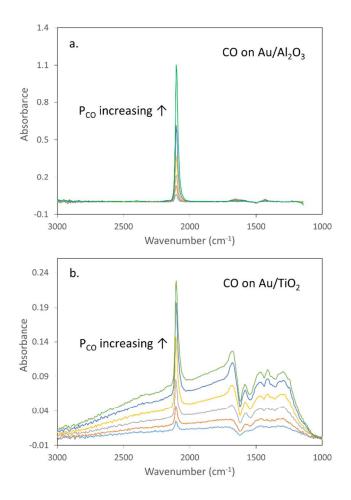
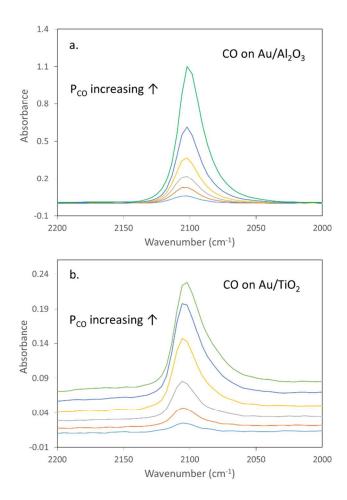
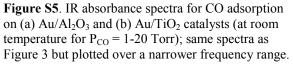


Figure S4. IR absorbance spectra for CO adsorption on (a) Au/Al₂O₃ and (b) Au/TiO₂ catalysts (at room temperature for P_{CO} = 1-20 Torr).





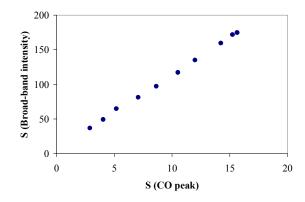
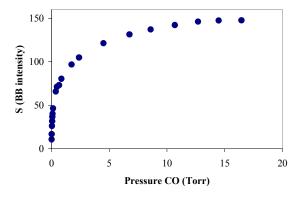
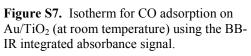
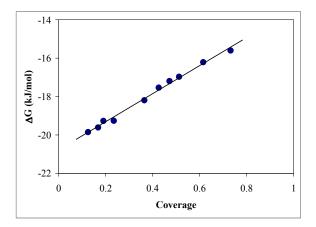


Figure S6. Correlation plot of the BB-IR and the Au-CO IR peak integrated absorbance signals.







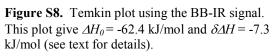


Table S1. Temkin metrics for CO adsorption on Au/TiO $_2$ determined from CO IR peak and BB-IR signal.

	- ΔH_{θ} (kJ/mol)	- <i>δ∆H</i> (kJ/mol)
S (CO peak signal)	61.3 ± 0.4	7.3 ± 0.9
S (BB-IR signal)	62.3 ± 0.7	7.3 ± 0.9