

Large-Scale, Uniform and Superhydrophobic Titania Nanotubes at the Inner Surface of 1000-mm-Long Titanium Tubes

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Supporting Information

Movie Descriptions:

Movie S1. Tailoring the wetting behaviors of the inner tube surface with different patterns. Left: Original Ti tubes; Middle: Nanostructure-patterned Ti tubes with TPFS; Right: Micro and nanostructure-patterned Ti tubes with TPFS.

Movie S2. The roll-off behavior of a water droplet at the untreated inner surface cut from a tubular substrate. The blue color originates from the $\text{Cu}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ aqueous solution for better visualization.

Movie S3. The roll-off behavior of a water droplet at the inner superhydrophobic surface cut from a tubular substrate. The blue color originates from the $\text{Cu}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ aqueous solution for better visualization.

Movie S4. The roll-off behavior of a glycerol droplet at the inner superhydrophobic surface cut from a tubular substrate.

Movie S5. A water droplet rolling back and forth at the inner superhydrophobic surface cut from a tubular substrate.

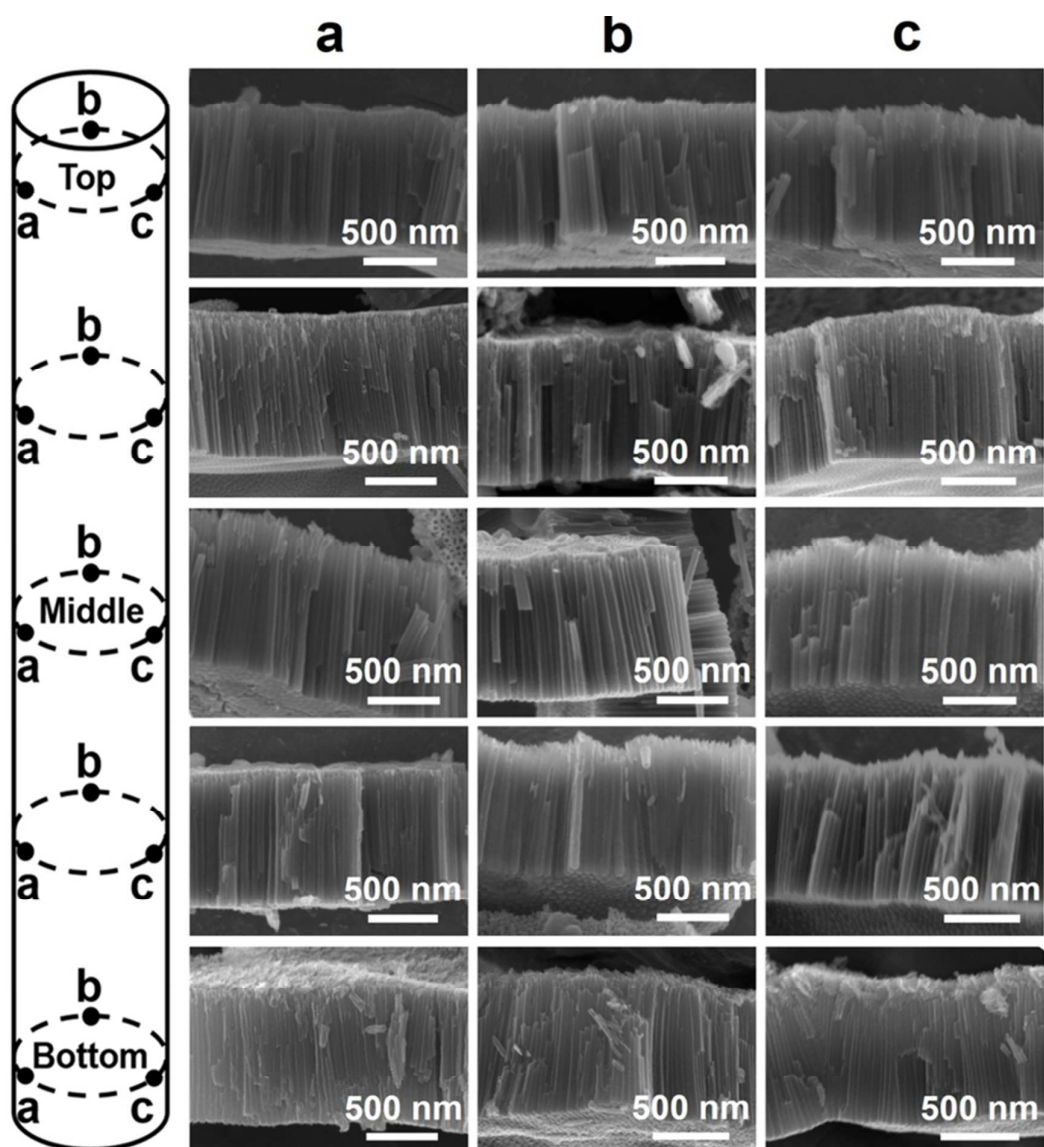


Figure S1. Typical cross-sectional FESEM images of anodic nanotubes at different positions of the inner surface on a titanium tubular electrode of 1000 mm in length.

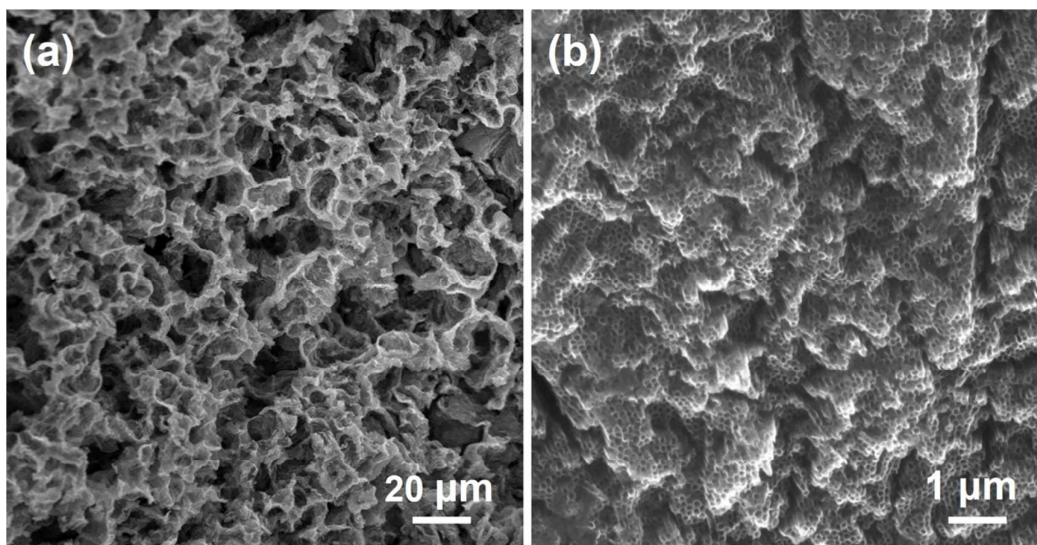


Figure S2. FESEM images of the microstructure obtained in the first anodization in NaCl solution (a), and the nanostructure formed on the above microstructure achieved in the second anodization in fluoride-containing ethylene glycol solution (b).