Supporting Information

Catalytic Single Particle Nano-impacts: Theory and Experiment. Poly(vinylferrocene) Modified Graphene Nanoplatelet Mediated L-Cysteine Oxidation

Qianqi Lin,§ Chuhong Lin,§ Haoyu Wu, Christopher Batchelor-McAuley, Richard G.

Compton*

Department of Chemistry, Physical and Theoretical Chemistry Laboratory, Oxford University, South Parks Road, Oxford OX1 3QZ, U.K.

§ Both authors contributed equally to this paper

*To whom correspondence should be addressed

Email: richard.compton@chem.ox.ac.uk

Phone: +44 (0) 1865 275957 Fax: +44 (0) 1865 275410

1 Chronoamperometry of Degassing the Electrolyte Solution

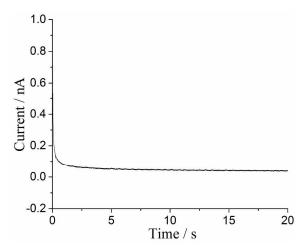


Figure SI1 Chronoamperogram measured at the same time as nitrogen degassing, in a pH7 buffered aqueous solution supported with 0.1 M KCl, using a carbon fibre micro wire electrode. Potential applied = +1.00 V.

2 Choice of Supporting Electrolyte

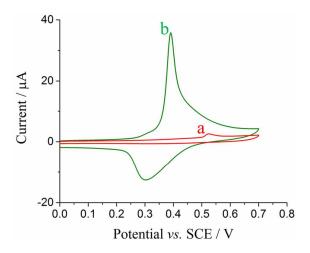


Fig. S12 Voltammograms measured in a nitrogen degassed pH 7 buffered aqueous solution, using a PVFc-GNPs modified edge-plane pyrolytic graphite (EPPG) electrode via abrasive modification. Solution supported with 0.1 M KCl (a) and 0.1 M NaClO₄ (b). Scan rate = 50 mV s^{-1} .