## Total Synthesis of Debromoflustramine B via Biomimetic Alkylative Cyclization

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Supporting information.

**Synthesis of carbamate 1.** Tryptamine (2.40 g, 15 mmol) was dissolved in a water (30 mL) and dichloromethane (30 mL) mixture and treated with NaCl (3.75 g) and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (1.28 g, 22.5 mmol) at 0 C. Ethyl chloroformate (1.65 mL, 22.5 mmol) was added dropwise via a syringe, and the reaction stirred for 3 h (monitored by TLC, 1:1 EtOAc:Hex). The organic layer was then separated and the aqueous layer washed with dichloromethane (2 20 mL). The combined organic extract was washed with brine (2 20 mL), dried, concentrated and purified by column chromatography (silica, 1:2) EtOAc:Hex) to yield 1 as a pale yellow viscous oil (2.94 g, 12.7 mmol, 84%). IR 3313, 1688 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 8.07 (1H, br s, CN**H**CH), 7.61 (1H, d, J 8.1 Hz, CCHCH), 7.37 (1H, d, J 7.4 Hz, CCHCH), 7.21 (1H, t, J 7.4 Hz, CHCHCH), 7.13 (1H, t, J 6.5 Hz, CHCHCH), 7.04 (1H, s, NHCH), 4.70 (1H, br s, NHC=O), 4.11 (2H, q, J 7.4 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.51 (2H, t, NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.97 (2H, t, J 6.5 Hz, NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.23 (3H, t, J 7.4 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 156.8 (C), 136.4 (C), 127.3 (C), 122.2 (CH), 122.1(CH), 119.2 (CH), 118.7 (CH), 112.1 (C), 111.2 (CH), 60.8  $(CH_2)$ , 41.2  $(CH_2)$ , 25.8  $(CH_2)$ , 14.7  $(CH_3)$ ; ESI+ MS m/z 233  $([M+H]^+, 23\%)$ , 255 (14), 487 (50). Spectroscopic data was identical to that reported in the literature.

**Synthesis of hexahydropyrrolo[2,3-b]indoline 3**. Carbamate **2** (0.200 g, 0.86 mmol) was added to a mixture of zinc triflate (0.313 g, 0.86 mmol), tetra-butyl ammonium iodide (0.635 g, 1.72 mmol), *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.330 mL, 1.89 mmol) and toluene (5 mL) under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 15 mins before dropwise addition of prenyl bromide (0.397 mL, 3.44 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h and monitored by TLC (2:1). Upon completion, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (5 mL), diluted with H<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) and extracted with ether (2 5 mL). The resulting organic layer was washed with water, dried, concentrated and purified by column chromatography (silica, 1:5 EtOAc:Hex), to yield **3** as a pale yellow oil (0.220 g, 0.60 mmol, 70%). IR 1693, 1604, 1486 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.06 (1H, dt, J 7.8, 1.3 Hz, CHCHCH), 6.97 (1H, d, J 7.0 Hz, NCCHCH), 6.65 (1H, t, J 7.4 Hz, CHCHCH), 6.36 (1H, d, J 7.4 Hz, CCHCH), 5.35 (1H, s, NCHN), 5.16 (1H, t, J 7.0 Hz, CHCH<sub>2</sub>N), 5.06 (1H, t, J 7.0 Hz, CCH<sub>2</sub>CH), 4.15 (2H, q, J 6.8 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.96 (2H, d, J 7.0 Hz, NCH<sub>2</sub>CH), 3.70-3.78 (1H, m, NCHHCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.05 (1H, dt, J 8.4, 9.5 Hz, NCHHCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.38 (2H, d, J 7.5 Hz, CCH<sub>2</sub>CH), 2.02 (2H, dd, J 6.0, 8.3 Hz, NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.74 (3H, s, CHCCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.68 (6H, s, CHC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.55 (3H, s, CHCCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.26 (3H, t, J 6.8 Hz, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 150.2 (C), 134.6 (C), 133.2 (C), 128.4(CH), 124.3 (CH), 122.7 (CH), 121.4 (CH), 119.5 (CH), 117.0 (CH), 106.4 (CH), 84.4 (CH), 61.0 (CH), 56.2 (C), 45.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 44.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 37.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 36.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 36.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 25.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 25.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 18.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 14.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>); ESI+ MS *m/z* 759.3 [2M + Na<sup>+</sup>, 95%].

Synthesis of debromoflustramine B. To carbamate 3 (0.368 g, 1.00 mmol) in toluene (5 mL) was added Red-Al (10.0 mmol, 0.195 mL of Aldrich 65+ wt.% solution in toluene). The reaction mixture was refluxed under nitrogen for 24 h until completion, as monitored by TLC (1:2 EtOAc:Hex). The reaction mixture was then treated with EtOAc (200 mL) and washed with water (50 mL), brine (2 20 mL), dried and concentrated. Purification by column chromatography (silica, EtOAc) afforded debromoflustramine B as a pale yellow oil (0.300 g, 0.97 mmol, 96%). IR 1670, 1601, 1485 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.04 (1H, td, J 8.0, 1.5 Hz, CHCHCH), 6.97 (1H, dd, J 7.3, 1.3 Hz, NCCHCH), 6.64 (1H, td, J 7.5,1.0 Hz, CHCHCH), 6.41 (1H, br d, J 7.8 Hz, CCHCH), 5.17 (1H, br t, J 4.4 Hz, CHCH<sub>2</sub>N), 4.97 (1H, br t, J 5.6 Hz, CCH<sub>2</sub>CH), 4.26 (1H, s, NCHN); 3.92 (1H, dd, J 16.0, 5.8 Hz, NCHHCH), 3.80 (1H, dd, J 16.0, 7.2 Hz, NCHHCH), 2.67 (1H, ddd, J 9.3, 6.5, 3.3. Hz, NCHHCHH), 2.56 (1H, ddd, J 9.0, 5.8, 9.3 Hz, NCHHCHH), 2.48 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.42 (2H, d, J 7.0Hz, CCH<sub>2</sub>CH), 2.00-2.08 (1H, m, NCHHCHH), 1.88-1.93 (1H, m, NCH**H**CHH), 1.71 (3H, s, NCH<sub>2</sub>CHC(C**H**<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.70 (3H, s, CHC(C**H**<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.65 (3H, s, CHC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.58 (3H, s, NCH<sub>2</sub>CHC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 150.9 (C), 134.7 (C), 133.0 (C), 132.4(C), 126.5 (CH), 121.8 (CH), 120.4 (CH), 119.8 (CH), 116.4 (CH), 106.3 (CH), 90.4 (C), 56.1 (C), 51.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 45.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 38.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 37.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 37.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 17.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 17.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>); ESI+ MS m/z ([M+H $^{+}$ ], 100%), 325 (30). Spectroscopic data was identical to that reported in the literature.