

Supplemental Material

Figure A1:

Cyclic voltammogram of L_1 , taken in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/acetonitrile. Platinum working electrode; scan rate = 50 mV/s.

Figure A2:

Cyclic voltammogram of L_2 , taken in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/acetonitrile. Platinum working electrode; scan rate = 50 mV/s.

Figure A3:

Cyclic voltammogram of Ru(L_2)₃(PF₆)₂, taken in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/acetonitrile. Platinum working electrode; scan rate = 50 mV/s.

Figure A4:

Cyclic voltammogram of L_3 , taken in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/acetonitrile. Platinum working electrode; scan rate = 50 mV/s.

Figure A5:

Cyclic voltammogram of Ru(L_3)₃(PF₆)₂, taken in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/acetonitrile. Platinum working electrode; scan rate = 50 mV/s.

Figure A6:

Cyclic voltammogram of L_4 , taken in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/acetonitrile. Platinum working electrode; scan rate = 50 mV/s.

Figure A7:

Cyclic voltammogram of Ru(L_4)₃(PF₆)₂, taken in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/acetonitrile. Platinum working electrode; scan rate = 50 mV/s.

Figure A8:

Cyclic voltammogram of L_6 , taken in 0.1 M TBAPF₆/acetonitrile. Platinum working electrode; scan rate = 50 mV/s.

Figure A1

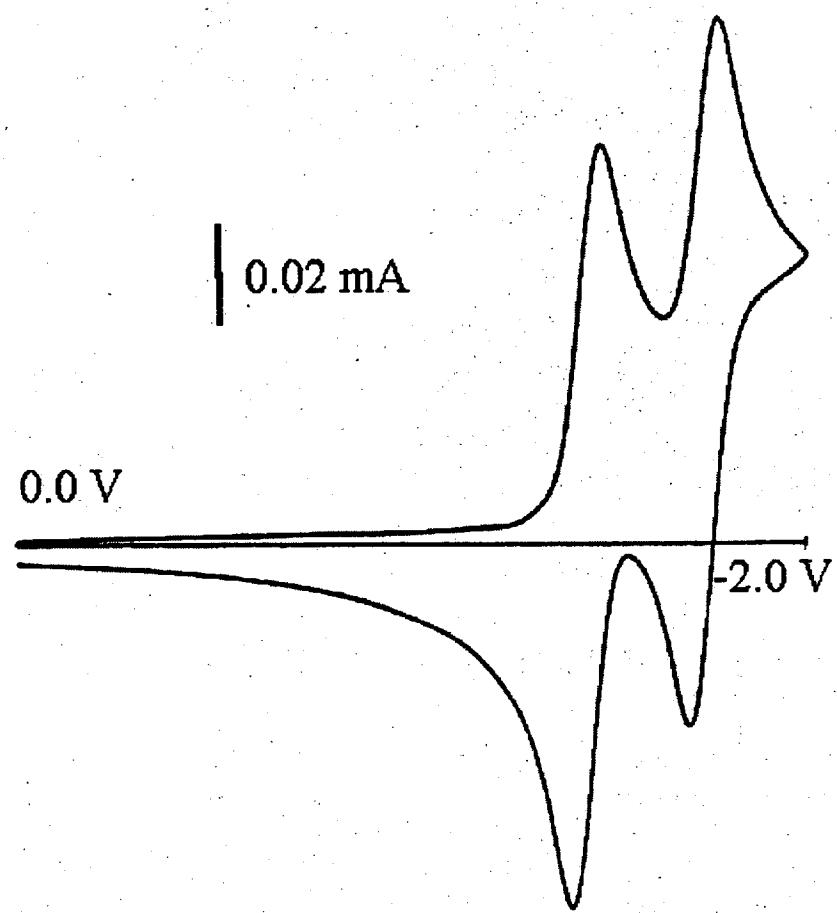


Figure A2

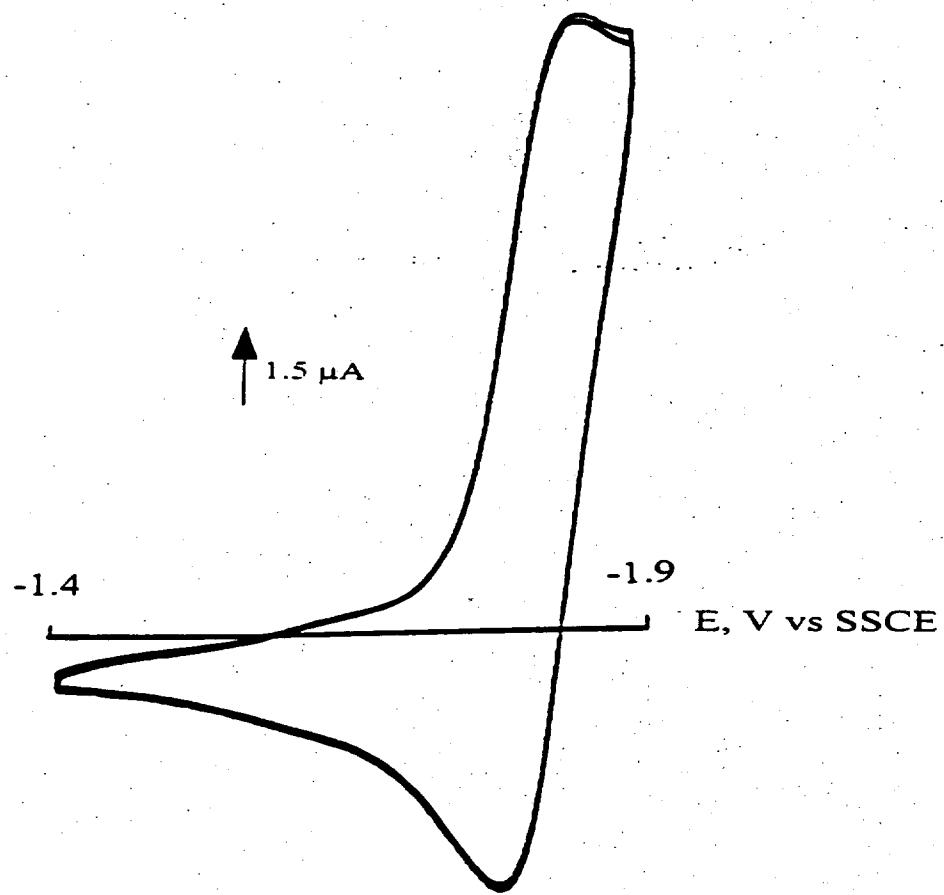


Figure A3

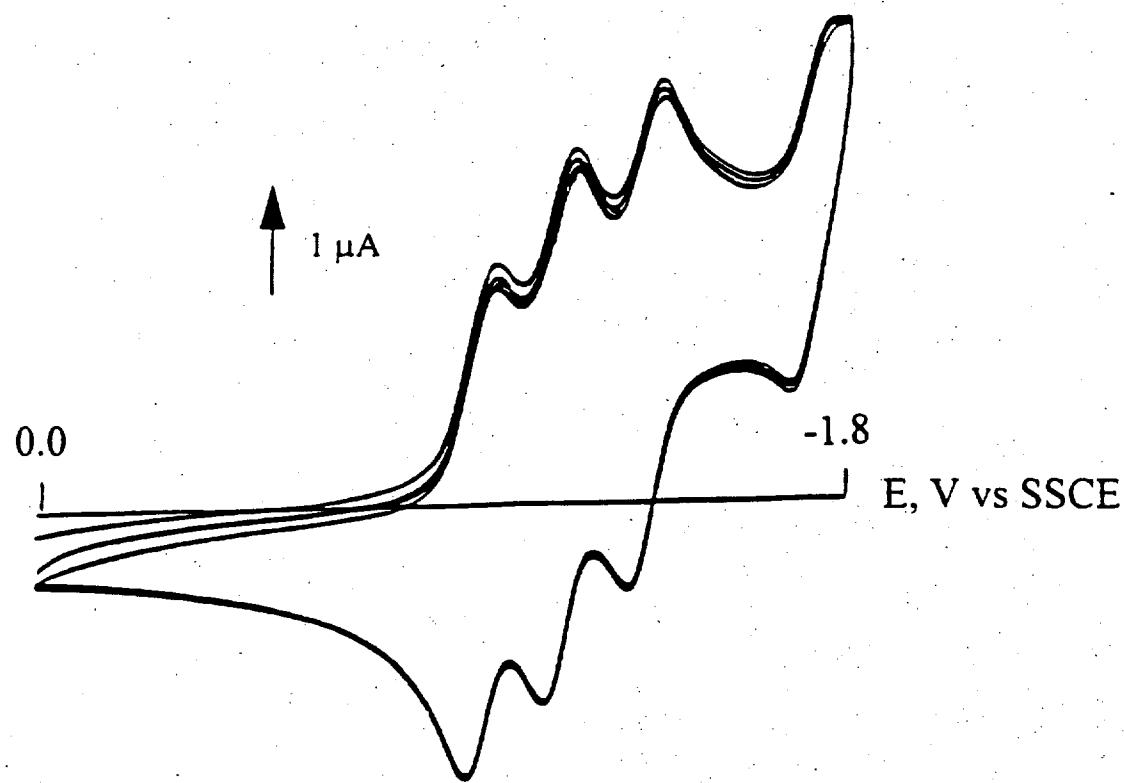


Figure A4

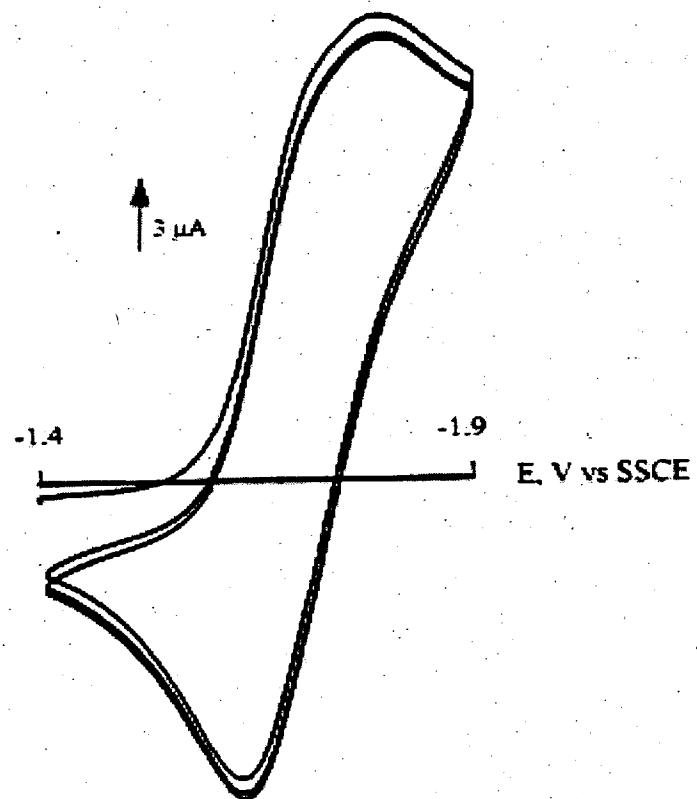


Figure A5

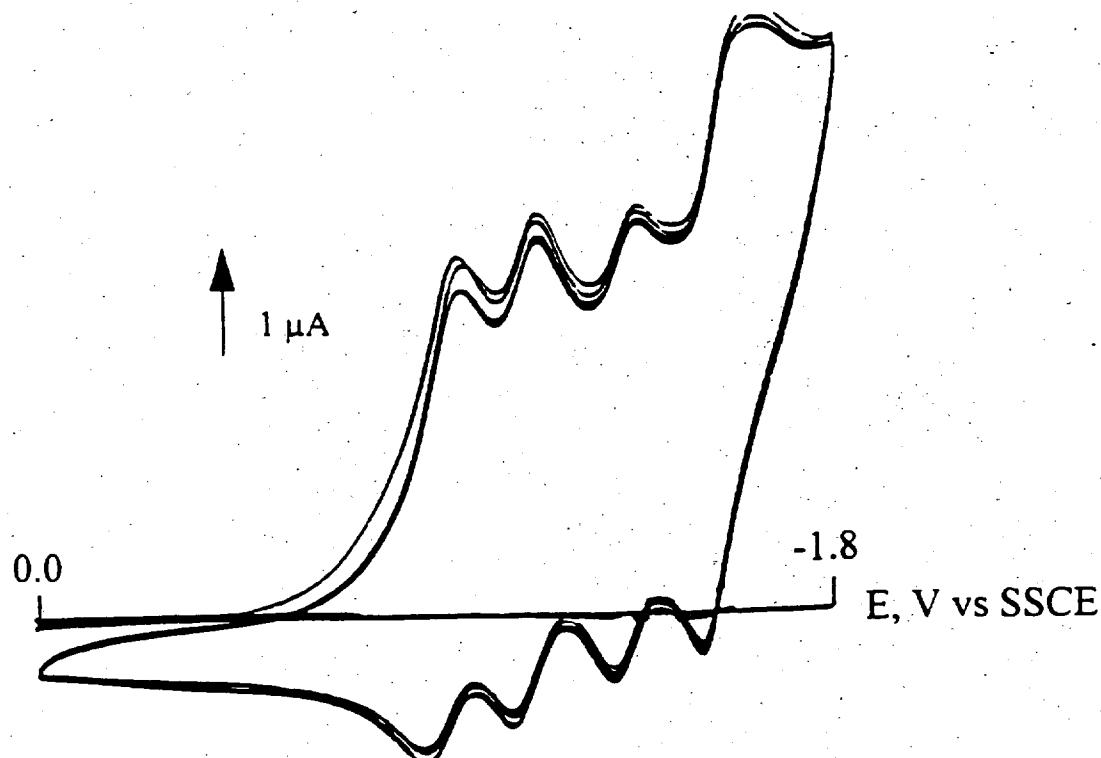


Figure A6

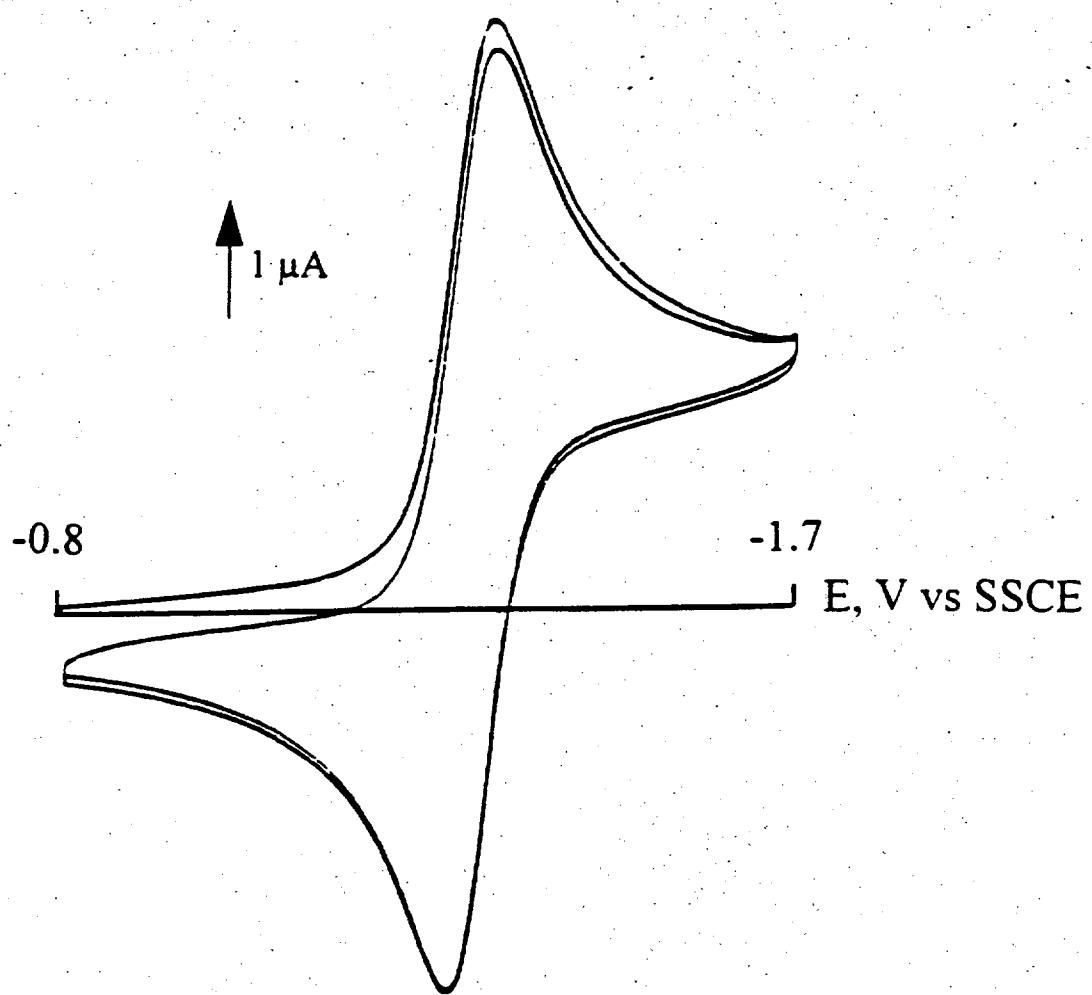


Figure A7

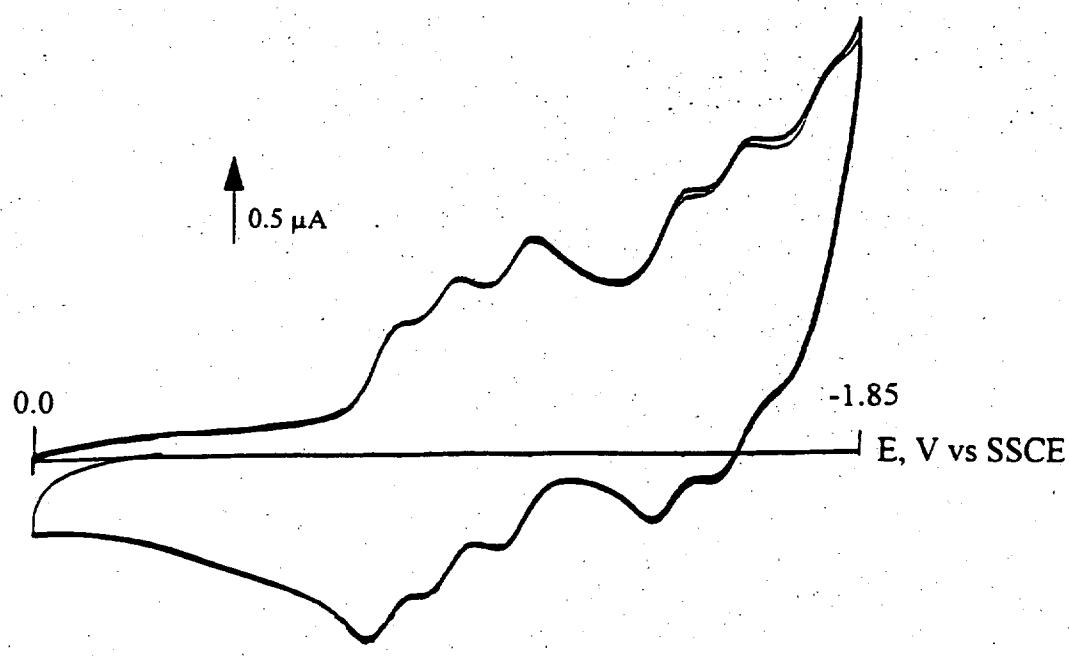


Figure A8

