

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Table 1S: MP2/6-311G(2d,2p) optimized geometry parameters for halomethanes

Species	Parameter ^{a)}
CH₃FBr	$r_{CH} = 1.080$, $r_{CF} = 1.361$, $r_{CBr} = 1.940$, $\theta(HCH) = 112.6$, $\theta(FCH) = 109.6$, $\theta(BrCH) = 107.2$, $\phi(FCHH) = 122.3$, $\phi(BrCHH) = -117.6$
CHFBr₂	$r_{CH} = 1.079$, $r_{CF} = 1.349$, $r_{CBr} = 1.933$, $\theta(FCH) = 109.9$, $\theta(BrCH) = 107.8$, $\phi(BrCHF) = 119.3$
CHFCIBr	$r_{CH} = 1.079$, $r_{CF} = 1.347$, $r_{CCI} = 1.772$, $r_{CBr} = 1.935$, $\theta(FCH) = 109.8$, $\theta(ClCH) = 108.4$, $\theta(BrCH) = 107.7$, $\phi(ClCHF) = 119.7$, $\phi(BrCHF) = -119.1$
CHCl₂Br	$r_{CH} = 1.077$, $r_{CCI} = 1.772$, $r_{CBr} = 1.938$, $\theta(ClCH) = 108.0$, $\theta(BrCH) = 106.7$, $\phi(ClCHBr) = 119.7$
CHClBr₂	$r_{CH} = 1.077$, $r_{CCI} = 1.770$, $r_{CBr} = 1.937$, $\theta(ClCH) = 108.2$, $\theta(BrCH) = 107.0$, $\phi(ClCHBr) = 120.3$

^{a)} Bond lengths are in Angstroms, bond angles θ and dihedral angles ϕ are in degrees.

Table 2S: MP2/6-311G(2d,2p) optimized geometry parameters for halomethyl radicals

Species	Parameter ^{a)}
CHFBr	$r_{CH} = 1.078$, $r_{CF} = 1.331$, $r_{CBr} = 1.876$, $\theta(FCH) = 113.9$, $\theta(BrCH) = 116.1$, $\phi(BrCHF) = 137.1$
CFBr₂	$r_{CF} = 1.325$, $r_{CBr} = 1.889$, $\theta(BrCF) = 113.2$, $\phi(BrCFBr) = 137.7$
CFCIBr	$r_{CF} = 1.325$, $r_{CCI} = 1.728$, $r_{CBr} = 1.889$, $\theta(ClCF) = 113.0$, $\theta(BrCF) = 113.4$, $\phi(BrCFCl) = 137.0$
CCl₂Br	$r_{CCI} = 1.719$, $r_{CBr} = 1.877$, $\theta(ClCBr) = 117.0$, $\phi(ClCBrCl) = 145.0$
CCIBr₂	$r_{CCI} = 1.718$, $r_{CBr} = 1.877$, $\theta(BrCCI) = 116.8$, $\phi(BrCCIBr) = 145.9$

^{a)} Bond lengths are in Angstroms, bond angles θ and dihedral angles ϕ are in degrees.

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Table 3S: MP2/6-311G(2d,2p) optimized geometry parameters for the transition states in the series of reactions OH with CH₃FBr, CH₃Br, CHFCIBr, CHCl₂Br and CHClBr₂

Parameter ^{a)}	OH + CH ₃ FBr	OH + CHFCIBr	OH + CHCl ₂ Br	OH + CHClBr ₂
r (C-H _R)	1.190	1.186	1.183	1.182
r (C-X)	1.081	1.346	1.922	1.757
r (C-Y)	1.355	1.918	1.761	1.921
r (C-Z)	1.914	1.918	1.761	1.927
r (O-H _R)	1.296	1.296	1.299	1.300
r (H-O)	0.966	0.967	0.967	0.967
θ (XCH)	109.1	108.2	104.1	107.4
θ (YCH)	108.2	106.7	107.4	104.3
θ (ZCH)	106.6	106.7	107.4	106.5
θ (OH _R C)	160.3	162.0	170.8	171.3
θ (HOH _R)	97.1	98.7	98.6	98.3
φ (YCHX)	120.4	118.9	119.5	119.9
φ (ZCHX)	-119.2	-118.9	-119.5	-120.7
φ (OH _R CX)	272.2	0.0	180.0	67.0
φ (HOH _R C)	-35.6	0.0	-0.1	11.0

^{a)} Bond lengths are in Angstroms, bond angles θ and dihedral φ are in degrees; the hydrogen atom involved in H-atom abstraction is noted H_R

Table 4S: Calculated MP2/6-311G(2d,2p) vibrational frequencies (in cm^{-1}) for halomethanes and halomethyl radicals

Species	Vibrational frequencies (cm^{-1})
CH₂FBr	316, 660, 961, 1104, 1276, 1372, 1529, 3160, 3248
CHFBr₂	174, 301, 361, 628, 719, 1106, 1213, 1340, 3218
CHFCIBr	228, 318, 426, 667, 787, 1112, 1244, 1351, 3220
CHCl₂Br	219, 226, 334, 609, 739, 779, 1212, 1249, 3232
CHClBr₂	170, 204, 283, 571, 677, 758, 1188, 1228, 3233
CHFBr	339, 676, 820, 1189, 1323, 3236 650, 1149, 1266 <i>a)</i>
CFBr₂	178, 315, 384, 501, 817, 1176 782, 1136 <i>a)</i>
CFCIBr	233, 333, 446, 554, 878, 1182
CCl₂Br	228, 240, 339, 440, 845, 889 835, 888 <i>a)</i>
CClBr₂	179, 214, 303, 386, 793, 860 783, 856 <i>a)</i>

The experimental values of the vibrational frequencies are in italics. These values are taken from

^{a)} ref. 1S

Table 5S: Calculated MP2/6-311G(2d,2p) vibrational frequencies (in cm^{-1}) for transition states

Species	Vibrational frequencies (cm^{-1})
OH + CH₂FBr	2184 <i>i</i> , 88, 128, 171, 323, 518, 740, 856, 1014, 1121, 1311, 1552, 3200, 3814
OH + CHFBr₂	2183 <i>i</i> , 64, 104, 109, 174, 305, 340, 383, 754, 816, 881, 1074, 1114, 1539, 3813
OH + CHFCIBr	2220 <i>i</i> , 71, 100, 116, 226, 322, 365, 455, 804, 839, 887, 1098, 1121, 1534, 3813
OH + CHCl₂Br	2174 <i>i</i> , 30, 82, 108, 222, 228, 306, 423, 725, 775, 800, 876, 1109, 1380, 3808
OH + CHClBr₂	2173 <i>i</i> , 32, 78, 102, 172, 207, 267, 388, 666, 761, 777, 869, 1091, 1366, 3808

Vibrational frequencies indicated in italics correspond to the hindered rotation of the -OH group

REFERENCE FOR SUPPORTING INFORMATION:

1S) Jacox, M.E. Vibrational and Electronic Energy Levels of Polyatomic Transient Molecules, J.Phys.Chem.Ref.Data, 1994, Monograph N°3.