A Versatile Set of Aminooxy Amino Acids for the Synthesis of Neoglycopeptides

Michael R. Carrasco* and Ryan T. Brown

Table of contents

General experimental procedures	S2
Figure S1. ¹ H NMR spectrum of 1b	S 3
Figure S2. ¹³ C NMR spectrum of 1b	S4
Figure S3. ¹ H NMR spectrum of 2b	S5
Figure S4. ¹³ C NMR spectrum of 2b	S 6
Figure S5. ¹ H NMR spectrum of 3b	S 7
Figure S6. ¹³ C NMR spectrum of 3b	S 8
Figure S7. ¹ H NMR spectrum of 4b	S 9
Figure S8. ¹³ C NMR spectrum of 4b	S10
Figure S9. ¹ H NMR spectrum of 5	S11
Figure S10. ¹³ C NMR spectrum of 5	S12
Figure S11. ¹ H NMR spectrum of 6	S13
Figure S12. ¹³ C NMR spectrum of 6	S14
Figure S13. ¹ H NMR spectrum of 7	S15
Figure S14. ¹³ C NMR spectrum of 7	S16
Figure S15. ¹ H NMR spectrum of 8	S17
Figure S16. ¹³ C NMR spectrum of 8	S 18
Figure S17. ¹ H NMR spectrum of 9	S19
Figure S18. ¹³ C NMR spectrum of 9	S20
Figure S19. HPLC chromatograms of 14 and 18	S21
Figure S20. HPLC chromatograms of 15 and 19	S22
Figure S21. HPLC chromatograms of 16 and 20	S23
Figure S22. HPLC chromatogram of 17	S24

General experimental procedures.

Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were run at rt and under ambient atmosphere. Chromatographic separations were performed using silica gel (230-400 mesh). Organic solutions were dried with Na_2SO_4 , and solvents were removed using standard rotary evaporation under reduced pressure. Products were dried under high vacuum. Commercial reagents were used in all cases without further purification. Spectral characterizations of **1b**, **2b**, and **3b** were performed at elevated temperatures because of the presence of distinct rotational isomers under most conditions.

SPPS was performed using commercial MBHA resin using standard Boc-chemistry-based procedures¹⁰ with the following variations. The amino acids were activated with 2-(1H-benzotriazole-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and $NEt(i-Pr)_2$ in DMF. All commercial amino acids were used in a 10-fold excess to the resin loading and allowed to react for 10 min. **1b**, **2b**, **3b** and **4b** were used in a 2 to 3-fold excess and allowed to react for 25 min. Boc deprotections were carried out using neat TFA. Resin washings between steps were performed with a continuous flow of DMF for 1 min. Final deprotection and resin cleavage was accomplished by treatment with liquid HF or bromotrimethylsilane:TFA:thioanisole (v:v:v, 0.6:3:0.8).

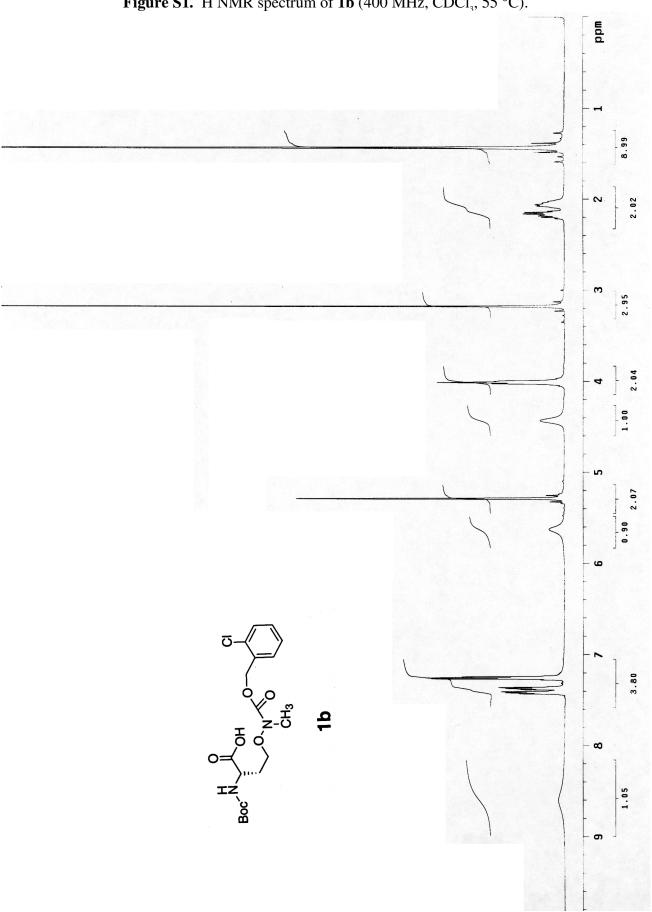


Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectrum of 1b (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 55 $^{\circ}$ C).

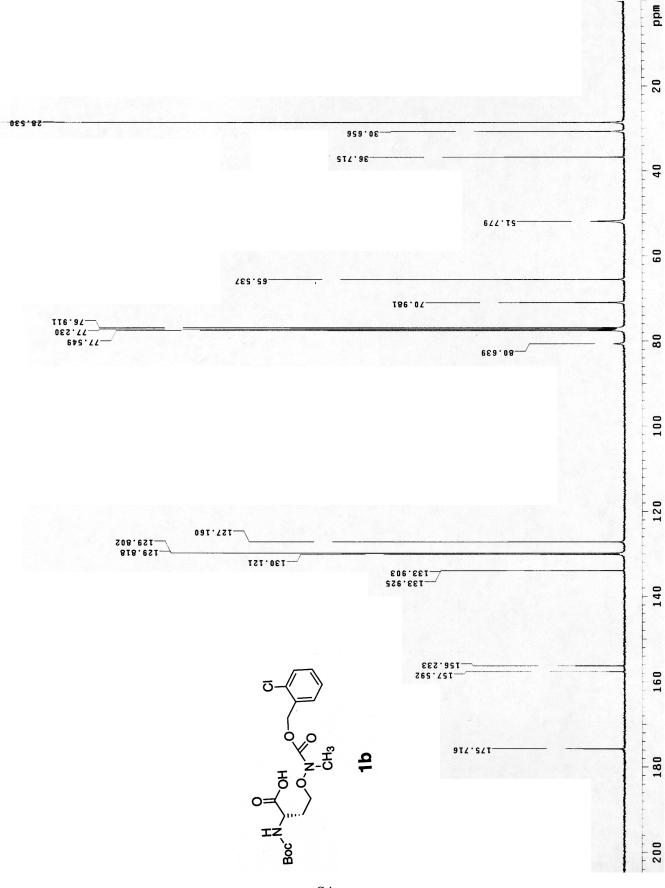


Figure S2. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **1b** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$, 55 °C).

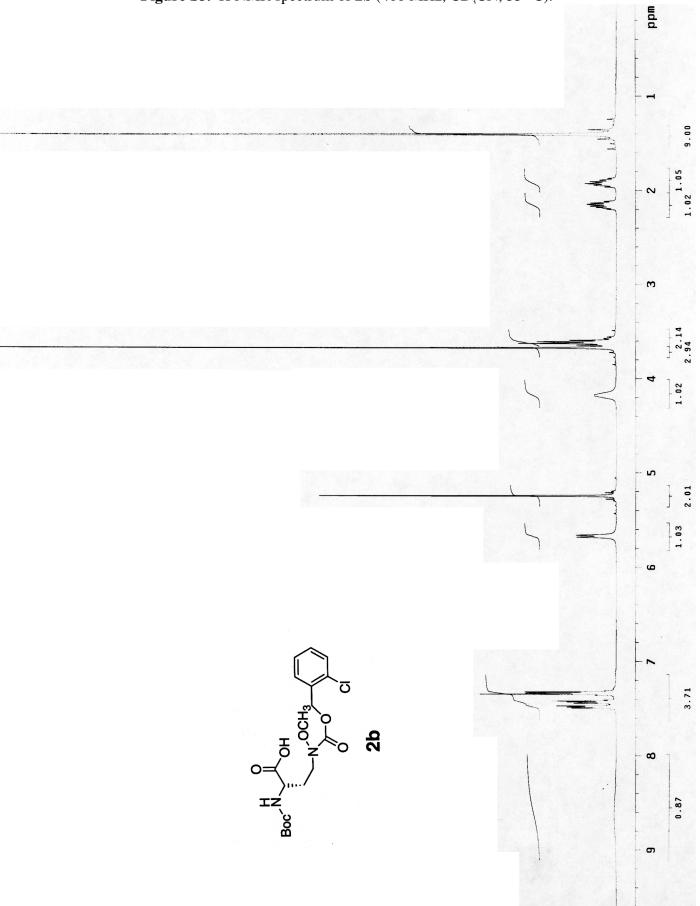


Figure S3. ¹H NMR spectrum of 2b (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 55 °C).

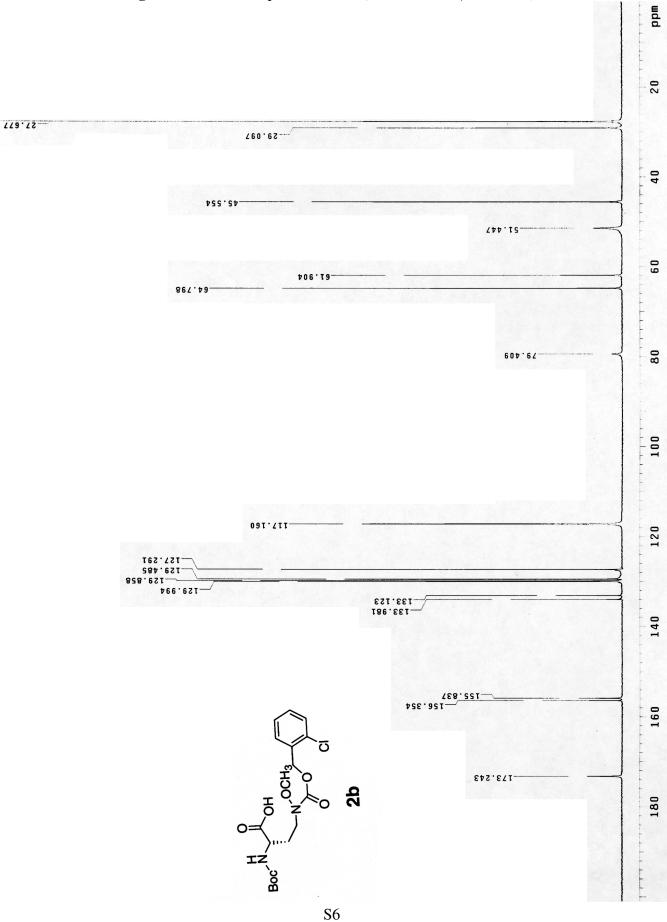
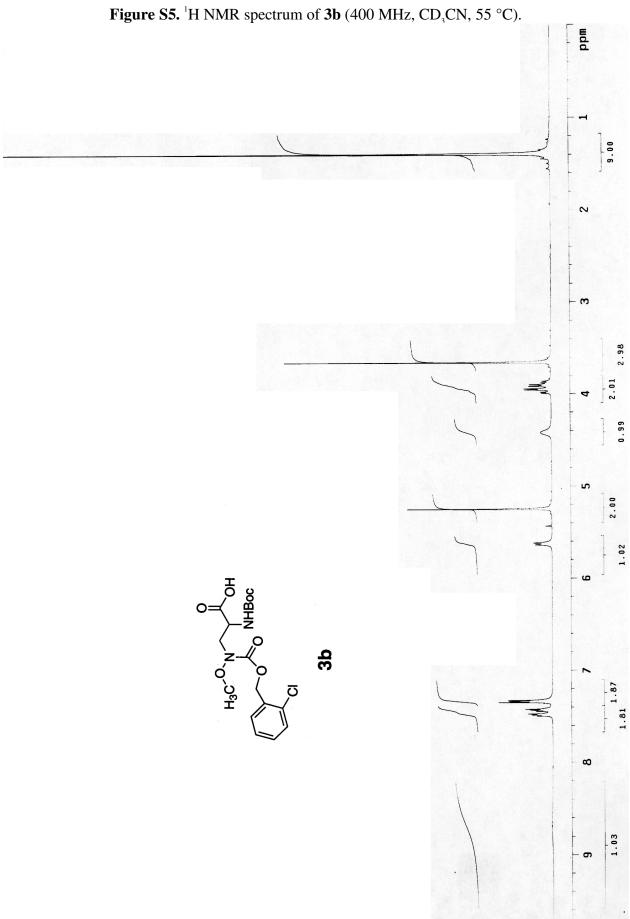


Figure S4. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2b (100 MHz, CD₃CN, 55 °C).



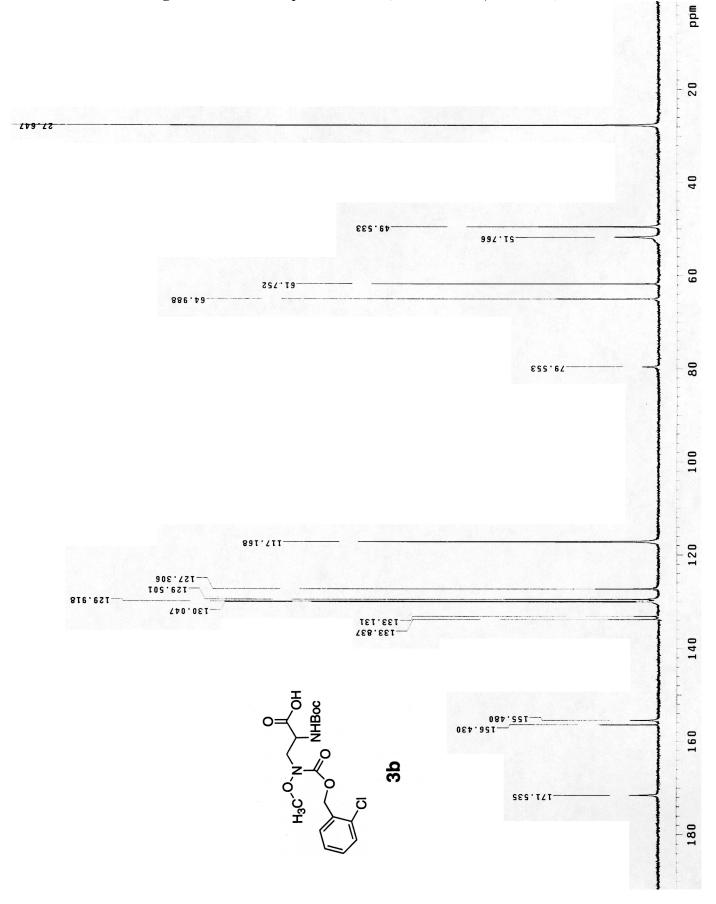
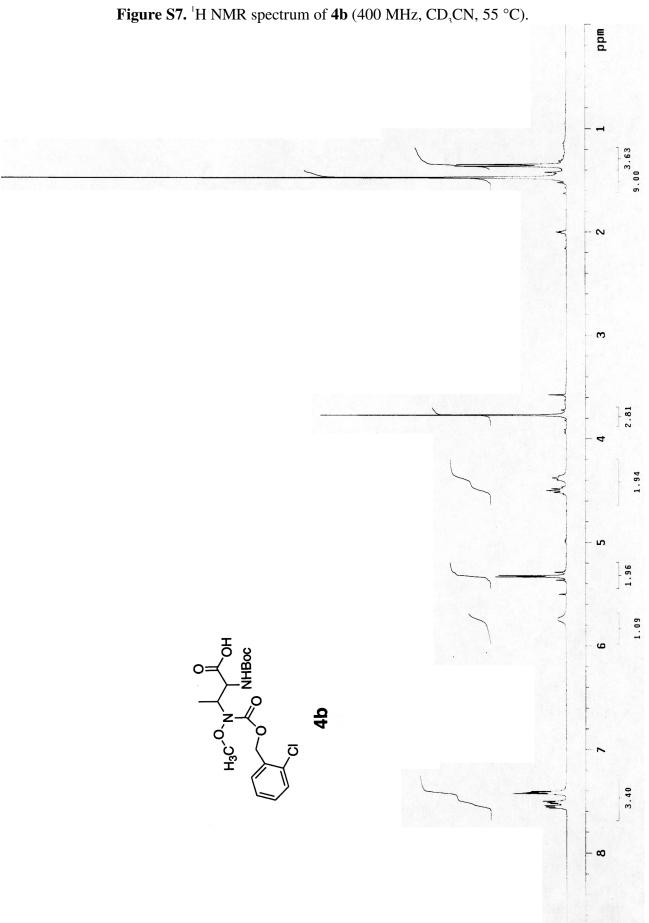


Figure S6. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 3b (100 MHz, CD₃CN, 55 °C).



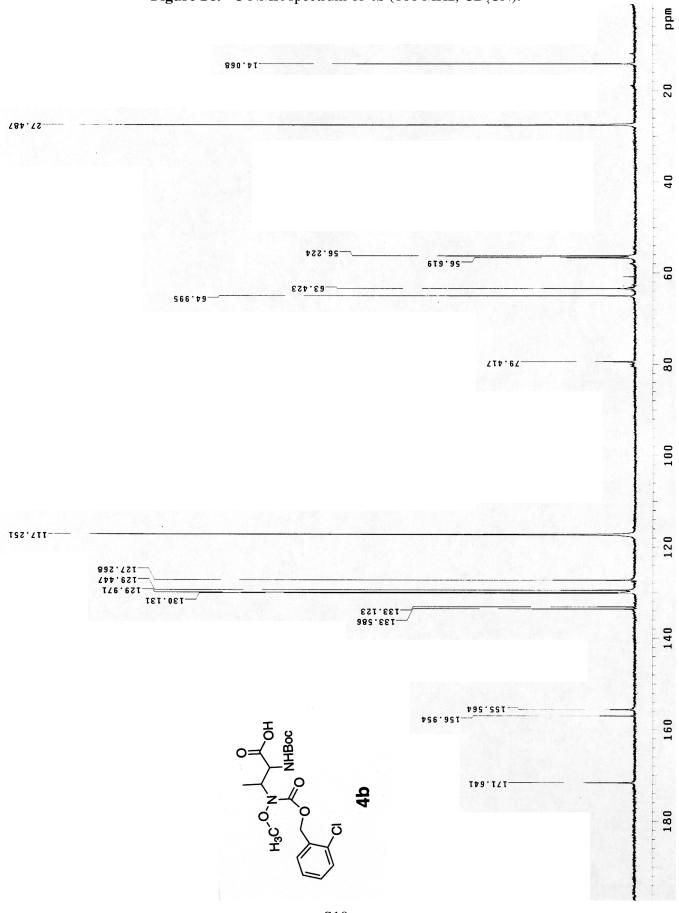


Figure S8. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4b (100 MHz, CD₃CN).

S10

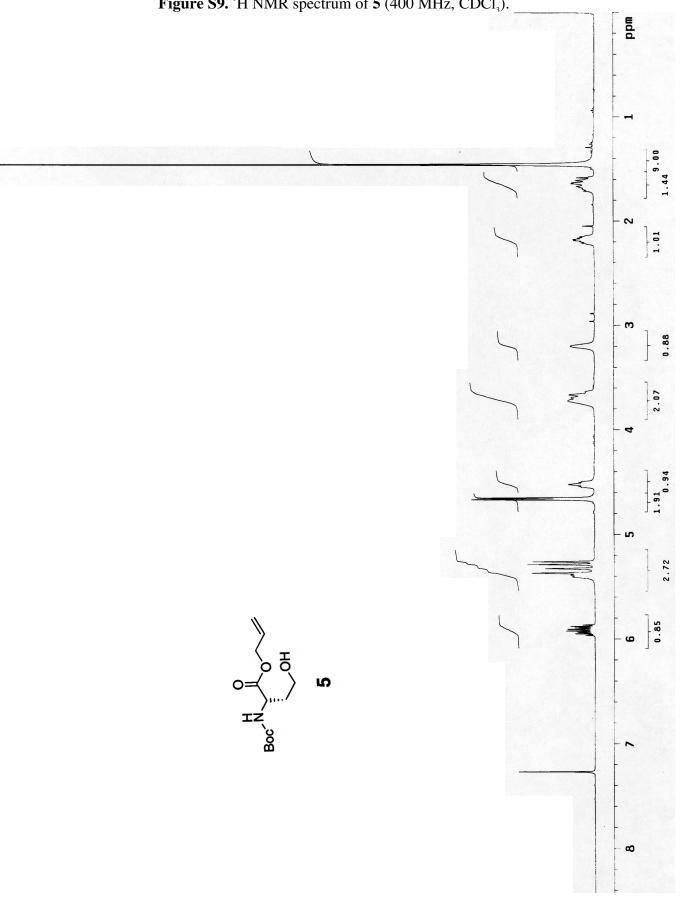


Figure S9. ¹H NMR spectrum of **5** (400 MHz, CDCl₃).

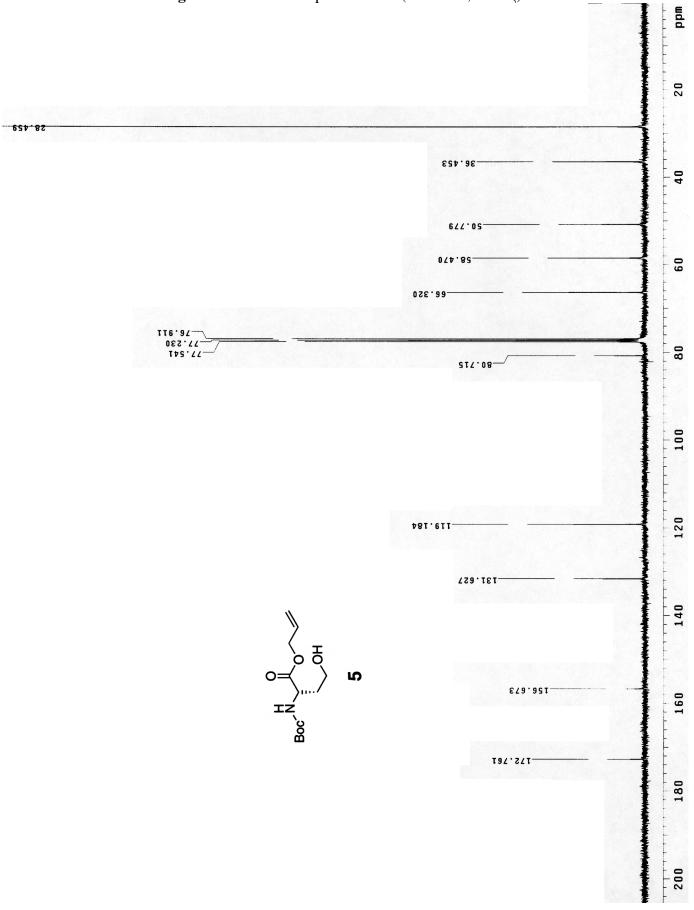


Figure S10. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 5 (100 MHz, CDCl₃).

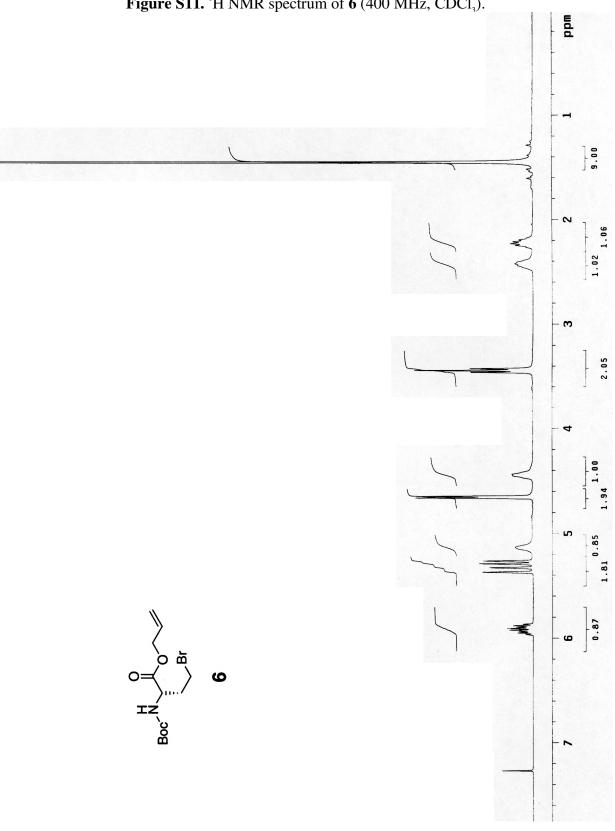
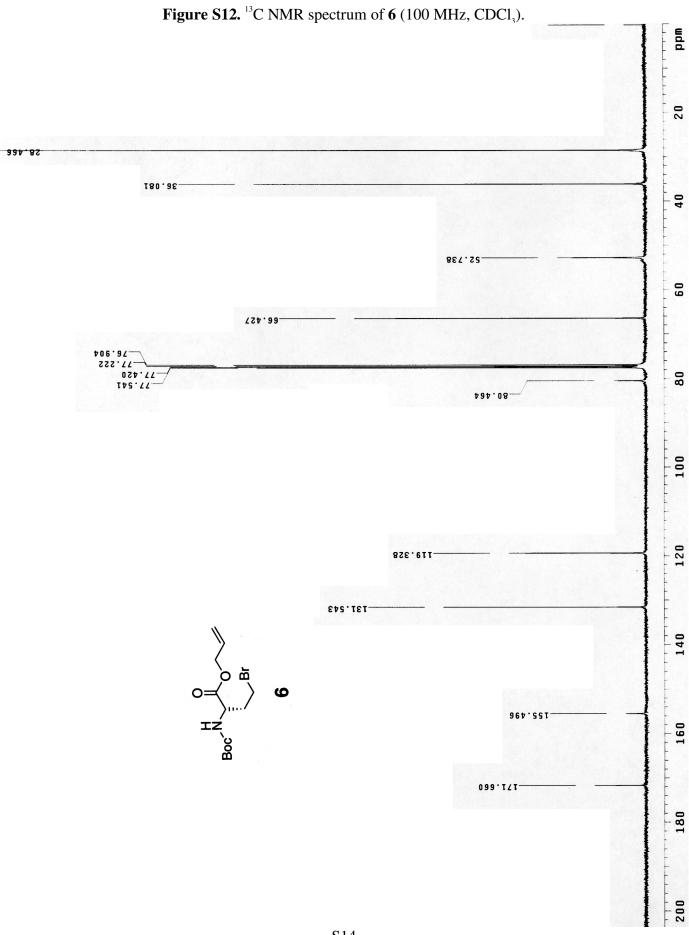
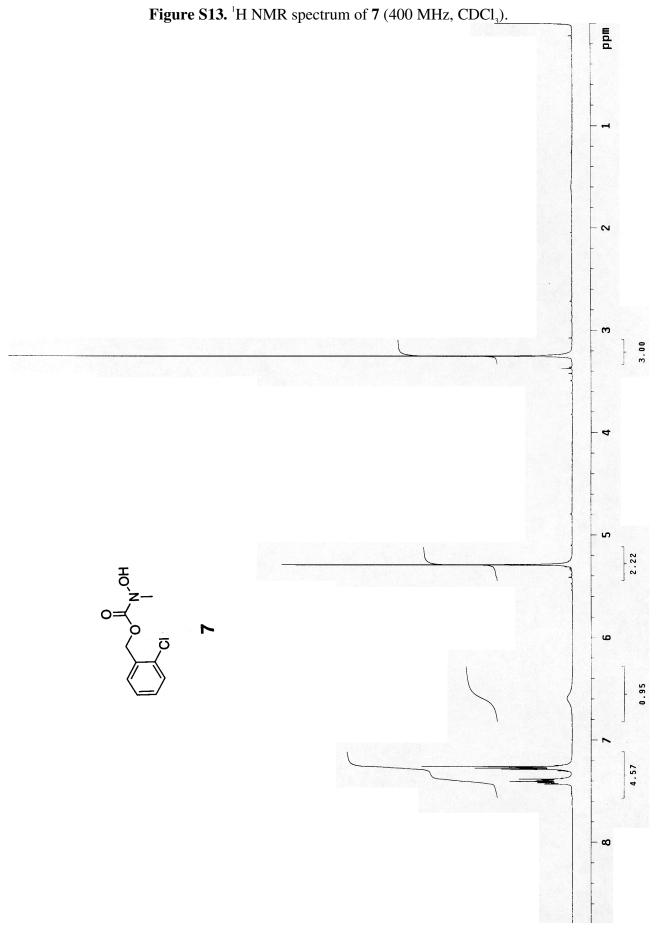
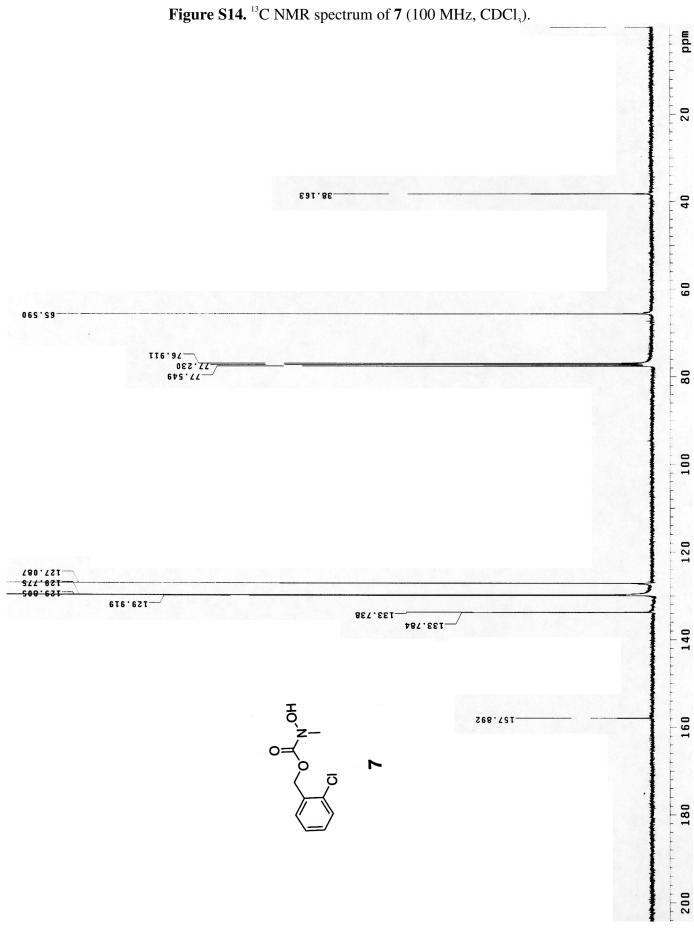


Figure S11. ¹H NMR spectrum of 6 (400 MHz, CDCl₃).





S15



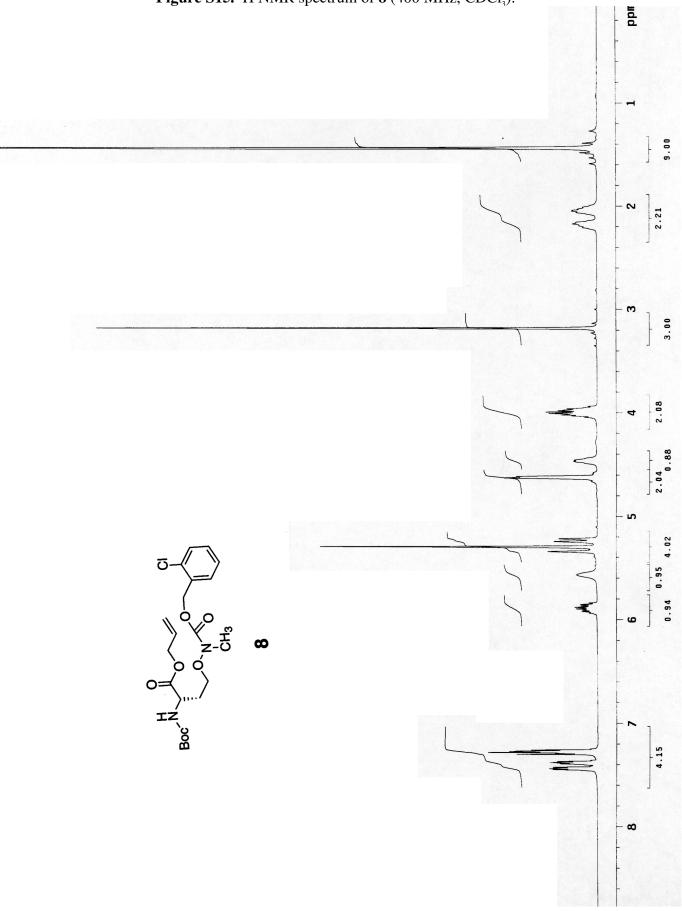
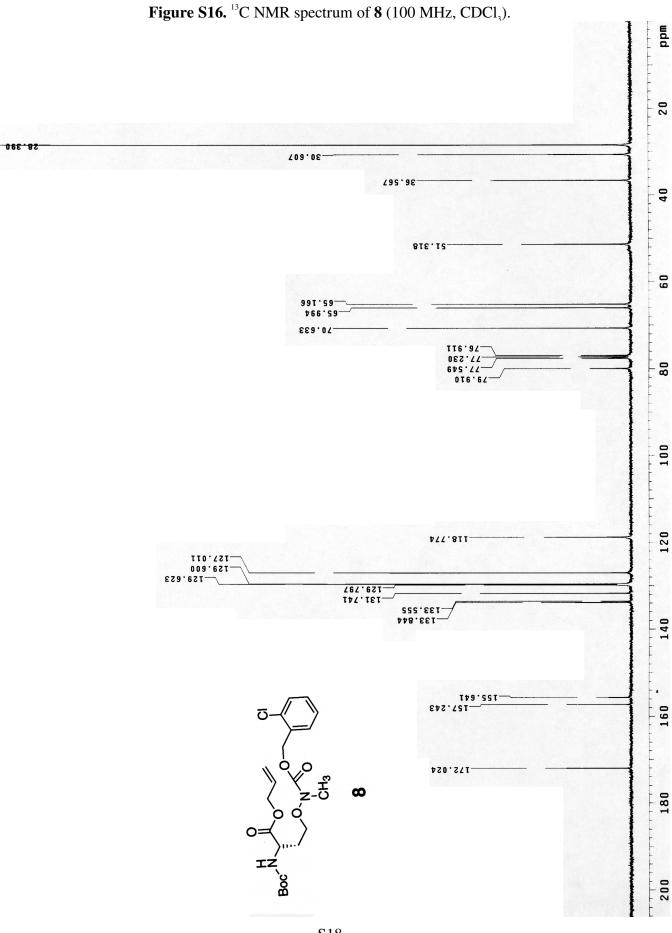


Figure S15. ¹H NMR spectrum of 8 (400 MHz, CDCl₃).



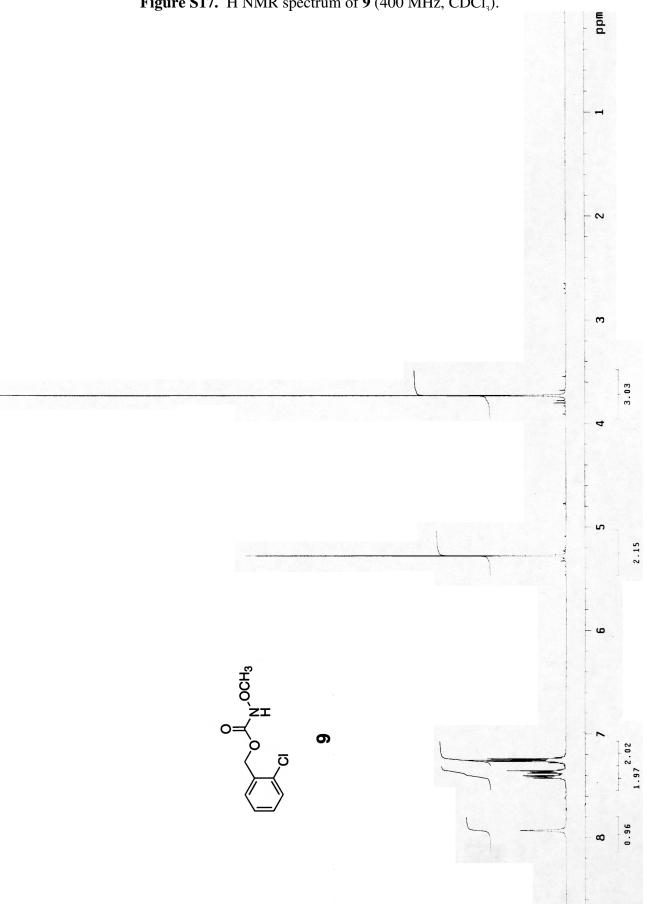


Figure S17. ¹H NMR spectrum of 9 (400 MHz, CDCl₃).

