

Table: Analytical data of the bis(ammonio)alkane compounds.

no.	Anal. (mol wt)	mp (°C)	IR (v, cm ⁻¹)
1b	(C ₃₄ H ₄₈ Br ₂ N ₄ O ₄) C,H,N 736.6	223-226	2960, 1760, 1710, 1610, 1380, 730
1c	(C ₃₆ H ₅₂ Br ₂ N ₄ O ₄) C,H,N 764.7	237-238 (dec.)	2960, 1770, 1710, 1610, 1390, 730
2a	(C ₃₃ H ₄₆ Br ₂ N ₄ O ₄) C,H,N 722.6	239	2950, 1770, 1710, 1405, 1380, 730
2b	(C ₃₅ H ₅₀ Br ₂ N ₄ O ₄) C,H,N 750.6	198-200	2960, 1770, 1710, 1610, 1460, 1380, 720
2c	(C ₃₅ H ₅₀ Br ₂ N ₄ O ₄) C,H,N 750.6	208-210	2940, 1760, 1710, 1610, 1360, 730
3a	(C ₃₄ H ₄₈ Br ₂ N ₄ O ₄) C,H,N 736.6	238	2970, 1765, 1700, 1370, 740
3b	(C ₃₆ H ₅₂ Br ₂ N ₄ O ₄) C,H,N 764.6	119-121	2940, 1760, 1700, 1610, 1380, 870, 740
3c	(C ₃₈ H ₅₆ Br ₂ N ₄ O ₄) C,H,N 792.7	198-200 (dec.)	2960, 1760, 1610, 1380, 1080, 740

Table: ^1H NMR data of the bis(ammonio)alkane compounds (δ (ppm), DMSO-d₆);
 s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet.

no.	1b	1c	2a	2b	2c	3a	3b	3c
phth-CH ₃	-	-	2.48 (s)	2.48* (s)	2.48* (s)	2.48 (s)	2.48* (s)	2.49 (s)
phth	7.83-7.91 (m)	7.84-7.94 (m)	7.64-7.86 (m)	7.64-7.78; 7.83-7.89 (m)	7.63-7.88 (m)	7.60-7.67 (m)	7.63-7.77 (m)	7.65 (d) 7.70 (s) 7.77 (d)
N-CH ₂ -	3.49 (m) 3.66 (t)	3.50 (m)	3.64 (m)	3.48 (m)	3.50 (m)	3.63	3.48 (m)	3.49 (m) 3.63 (t)
N-CH ₂ - <u>CH₂</u>	2.06 (m)	-	2.06 (m)	2.07 (m)	2.06 (m)	2.05 (m)	2.05 (m)	-
C(CH ₃) ₂ -	1.23 (s)	1.23 (s)	-	1.22 (s)	1.23 (s)	-	1.22 (s)	1.22 (s)
CH ₂ -N ⁺	3.41 (m)	3.39 (m)	3.36 (m)	3.40 (m)	3.42 (m)	3.42 (m)	3.36 (m)	3.43 (m) 3.43 (m)
N ⁺ (CH ₃) ₂	3.03 (s) 3.17 (s)	3.18 (s)	3.02 (s)	3.03 (s)	3.04(s) 3.18(s)	3.03 (s)	3.03 (s)	3.18 (s) 3.18 (s)
N ⁺ -CH ₂	3.27 (m) 3.35 (m)	3.27 (m)	3.27 (m)	3.30 (m)	3.28 (m)	3.27 (m)	3.28 (m)	3.29 (s) 3.29 (m)
N ⁺ -CH ₂ - <u>CH₂</u>	1.72 (m)	1.77 (m)	1.65 (m)	1.76 (m)	1.72 (m)	1.66 (m)	1.72 (m)	1.78 (m)
N ⁺ -CH ₂ - <u>CH₂-CH₂</u>	1.32 (m)	1.29 (m)	1.29 (m)	1.32 (m)	1.32 (m)	1.30 (m)	1.32 (m)	1.35 (m)

*partially hidden by DMSO-d₆ signal

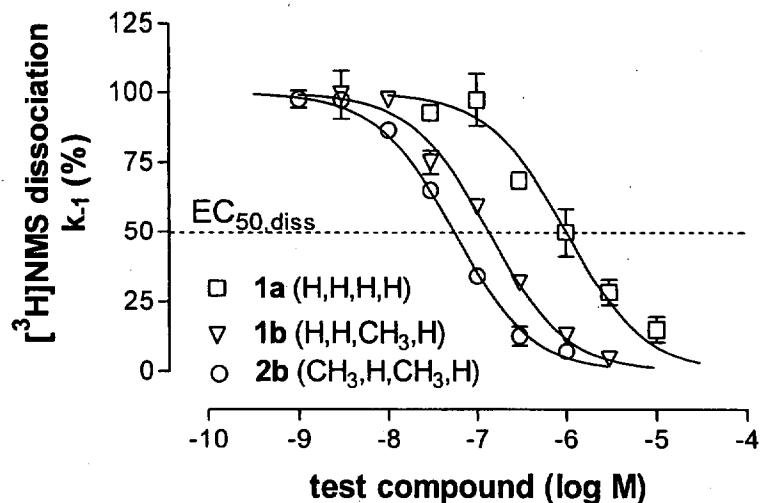


Figure: Concentration/effect-curves for the inhibition of $[^3\text{H}]$ NMS dissociation by the indicated test compounds. Ordinate: apparent rate constant k_1 of $[^3\text{H}]$ NMS dissociation from muscarinic M_2 receptors expressed as percentage of the control value. Abscissa: concentration of the test compound. Indicated are mean values \pm S.E.M. of three independent experiments. Error bars are not shown when they are smaller than the symbols. Sigmoidal curve fitting. Slope factors n_H were not significantly different from unity ($P > 0.05$, F-test).

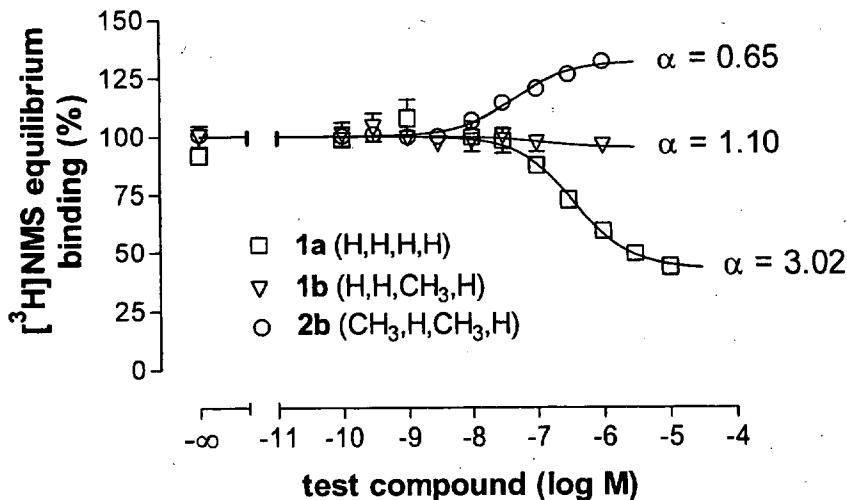


Figure: Effects of the indicated test compounds on the equilibrium binding of $[^3\text{H}]$ NMS. Ordinate: specific $[^3\text{H}]$ NMS binding in percent of the control value in the absence of test compound as indicated by the starting value of the binding curve. Abscissa: concentration of the test compound. Indicated are mean values \pm S.E.M. of three independent experiments. Error bars are not shown when they are smaller than the symbols. Curve fitting was based on the ternary complex model of allosteric interactions. α is the factor of cooperativity between the allosteric agent and $[^3\text{H}]$ NMS.