

## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

**Figure 1S.** Changes of SPR curves from a gold surface exposed to increasing concentrations of **P2S** ( $\text{mg mL}^{-1}$ ): 0, 0.003, 0.012, 0.15, 0.3, 0.6.

**Figure 2S.** Absorbance of 4 nM aqueous gold colloids at 520 nm as a function of the etch time. Naked particles (circles), **P1S**-derivatized colloids (triangles), **P1S**-derivatized colloids in the presence of 0.01 M **MPDiol** (squares).  $[\text{P1S}] = 0.03 \text{ mg mL}^{-1}$ .

**Figure 3S.** Changes of the plasmon band wavelength at the maximum of intensity  $\lambda_{\max}$  of an aqueous suspension of **P2S**-modified gold colloids (12 nM) as a function of temperature.

**Figure 4S.** Absorbance at 260 nm of a 0.36  $\text{mg mL}^{-1}$  aqueous **P2S** solution as a function of temperature. A more pronounced sigmoidal behavior is observed for the heating cycle than for the cooling one. This is probably related to the entanglement of the collapsed polymer chains leading to a hysteresis under the experimental conditions.

**Figure 5S.** TEM images of gold colloids. **a:** naked gold colloids; **b:** gold colloids in the presence of polyvinylpyrrolidone; **c:** gold colloids in the presence of **P2I**. The bar displays 100 nm.

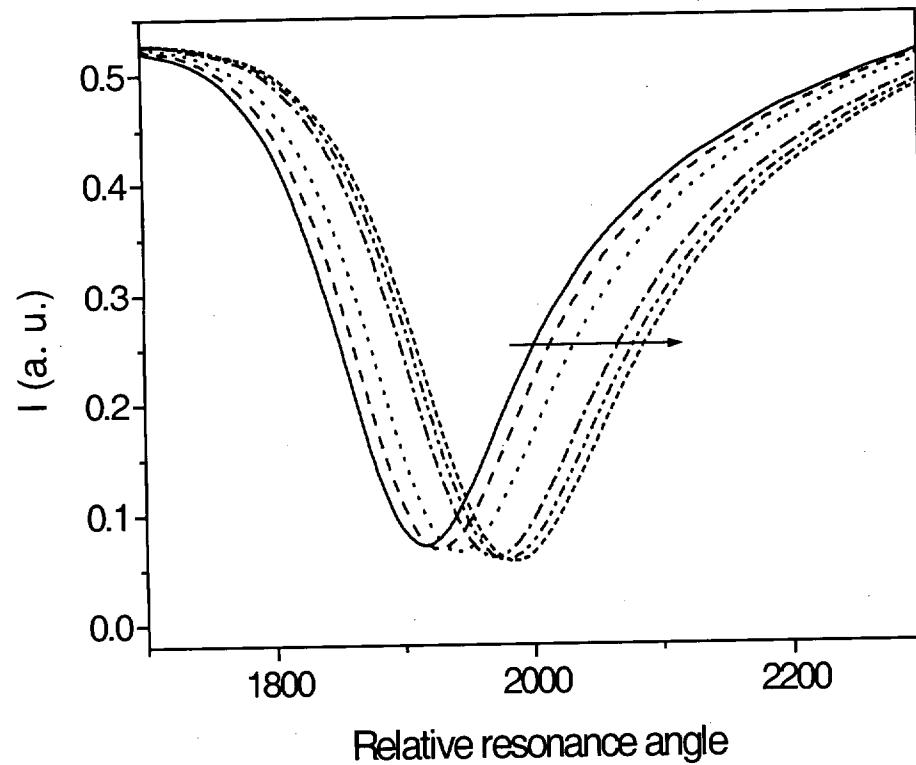


Figure 1S

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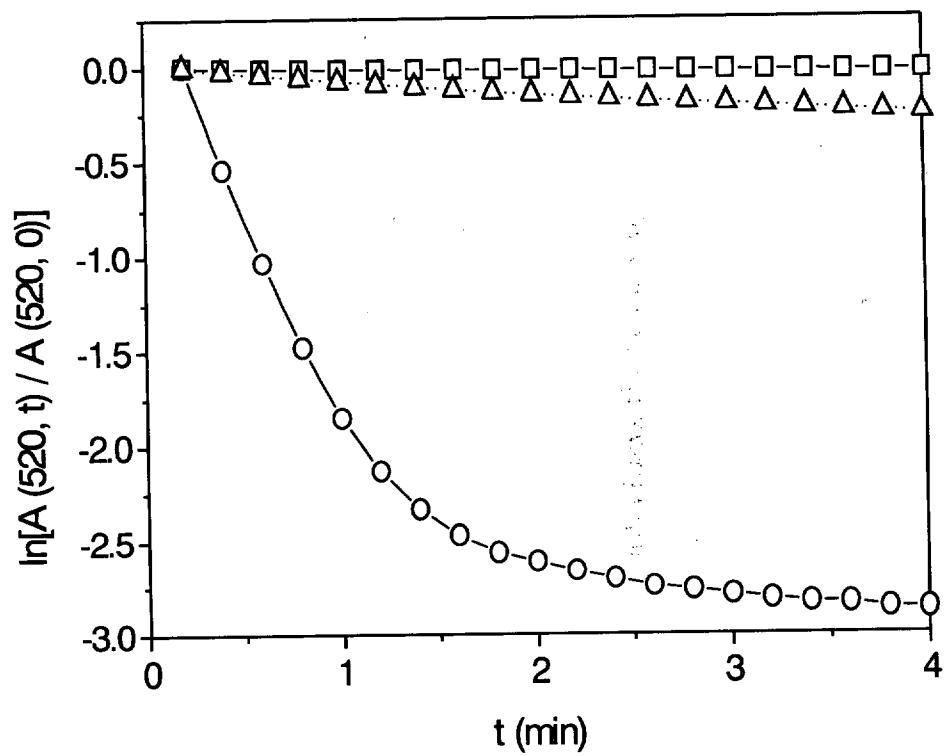


Figure 2S

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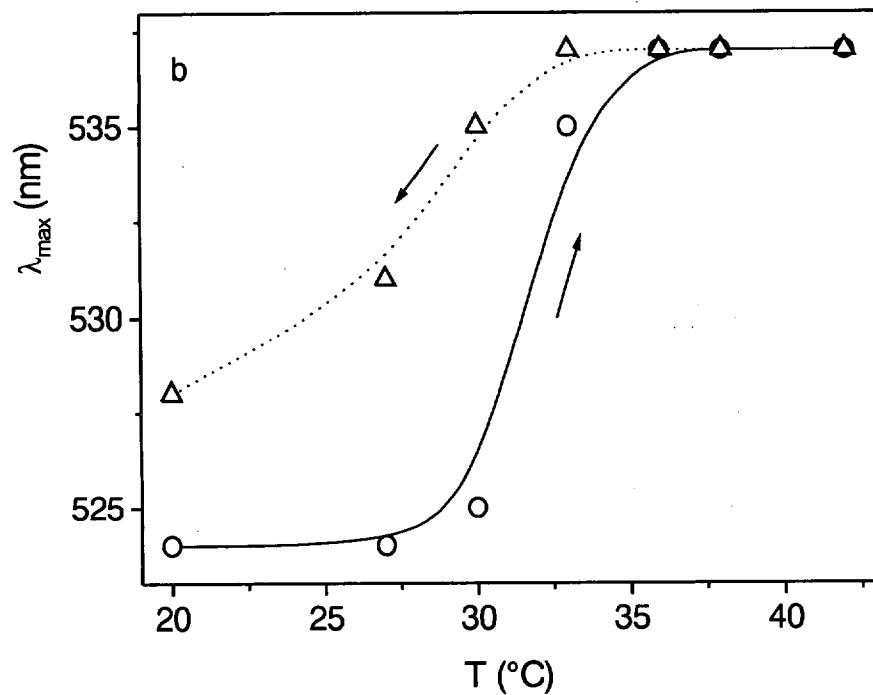


Figure 3S

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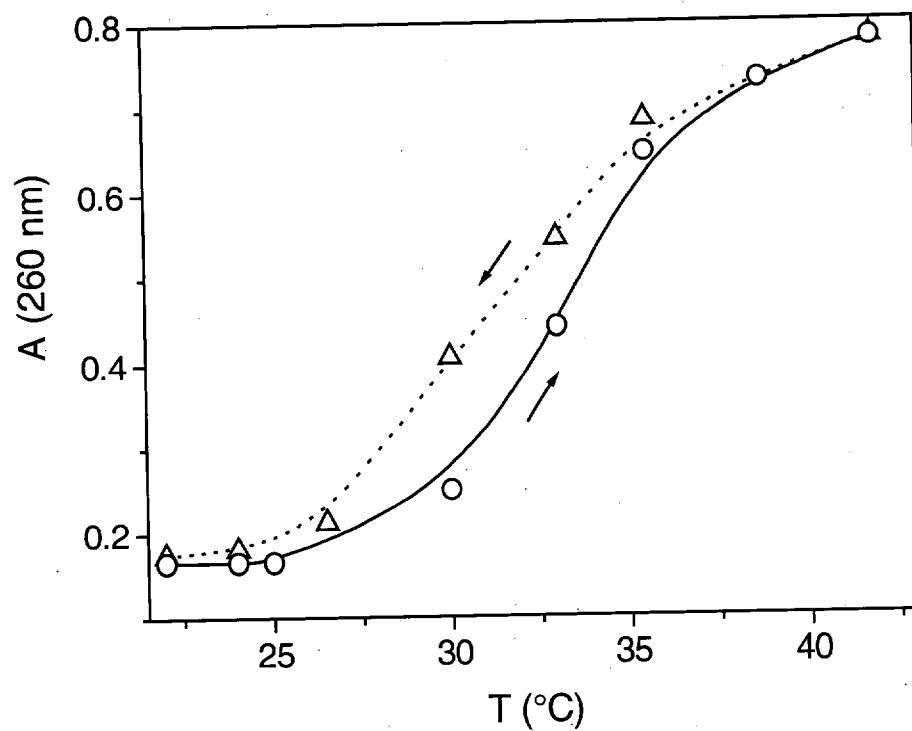


Figure 4S

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