## **Supporting Information**

## Electrochemical Rectification of Redox Mediators Using Porphyrin-Based Molecular Multilayered Films on ITO Electrodes

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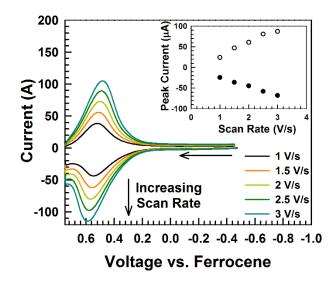
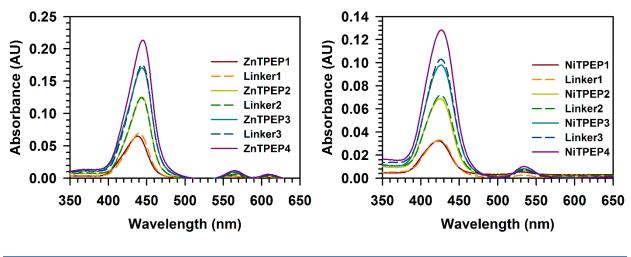


Figure S1. CVs of **ZnTPEP**<sub>4</sub> film on ITO taken at a different scan rates. Inset includes peak current height as a function of scan rate for anodic (filled dots) and cathodic (unfilled dots) peaks of ZnTPEP's first oxidation.



Layer	molecules / cm <sup>2</sup>	Layer	molecules / cm <sup>2</sup>
ZnTPEP <sub>1</sub>	$5.74 \times 10^{13}$	NiTPEP <sub>1</sub>	8.53 x 10 <sup>13</sup>
ZnTPEP <sub>2</sub>	$1.28 \ge 10^{14}$	NiTPEP <sub>2</sub>	2.01 x 10 <sup>14</sup>
ZnTPEP <sub>3</sub>	$2.10 \times 10^{14}$	NiTPEP <sub>3</sub>	3.29 x 10 <sup>14</sup>
ZnTPEP <sub>4</sub>	3.18 x 10 <sup>14</sup>	NiTPEP <sub>4</sub>	4.12 x 10 <sup>14</sup>

Figure S2. *Top:* UV-visible absorption data obtained during the grown of **ZnTPEP** (left) and **NiTPEP** (right) multilayer films on ITO. *Bottom:* Table of surface coverages obtained from integration of **ZnTPEP** and **NiTPEP** CVs.

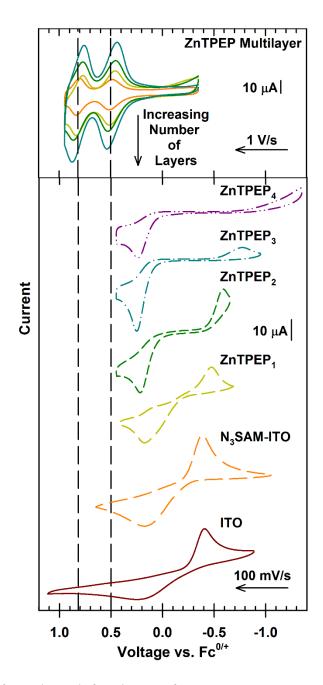


Figure S3. *Top:* CVs of one through four layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. *Bottom:* CVs of a 1 mM solution  $[Co(dmb)_3]^{2+}$  at a clean ITO electrode (solid red line), SAM-functionalized ITO (long dashed orange), and one (dashed yellow), two (short dashed green), three (dash-dot cyan), and four (purple dash-dot-dot) layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. The vertical dashed black lines are located at the **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup> and **ZnTPEP**<sup>+/2+</sup> potentials.

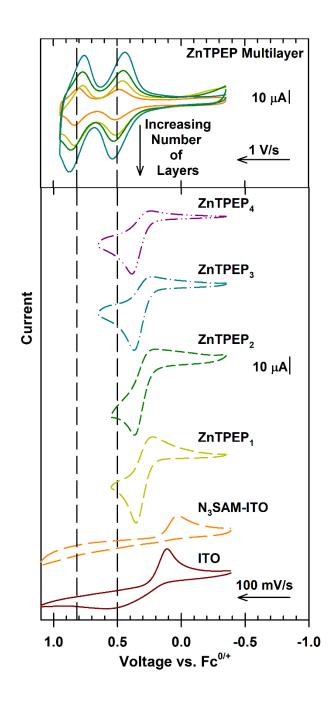


Figure S4. *Top:* CVs of one through four layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. *Bottom:* CVs of a 1 mM solution  $[Co(NO_2-phen)_3]^{2+}$  at a clean ITO electrode (solid red line), SAM-functionalized ITO (long dashed orange), and one (dashed yellow), two (short dashed green), three (dash-dot cyan), and four (purple dash-dot-dot) layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. The vertical dashed black lines are located at the **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup> and **ZnTPEP**<sup>+/2+</sup> potentials.

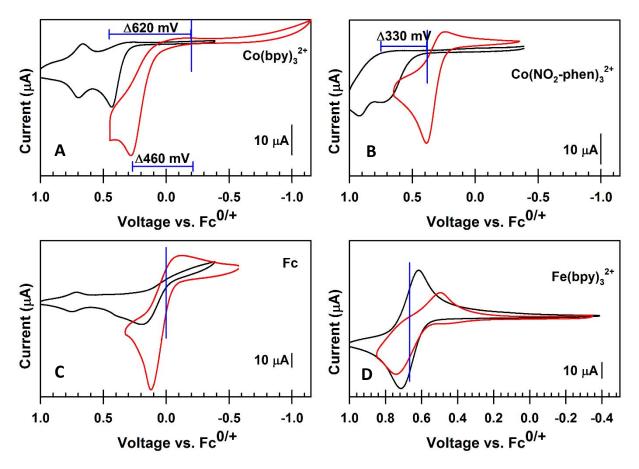


Figure S5. Comparison of redox mediator CVs over four layers of **ZnTPEP** (red lines) and **NiTPEP** (black lines) on an ITO electrode. All mediators are 1 mM: (A)  $[Co(bpy)_3]^{2+}$ , (B)  $[Co(NO_2-phen)_3]^{2+}$ , (C) Fc, and (D)  $[Fe(bpy)_3]^{2+}$ .

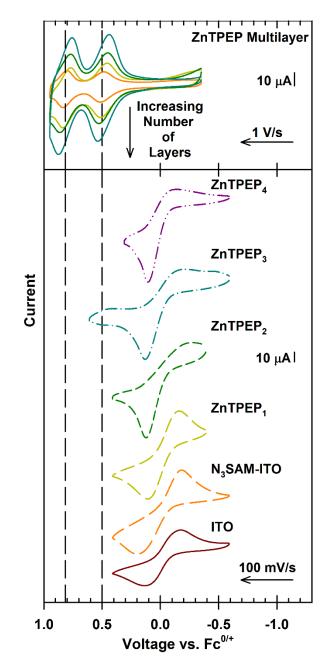


Figure S6. *Top:* CVs of one through four layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. *Bottom:* CVs of a 1 mM solution Fc at a clean ITO electrode (solid red line), SAM-functionalized ITO (long dashed orange), and one (dashed yellow), two (short dashed green), three (dash-dot cyan), and four (purple dash-dot-dot) layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. The vertical dashed black lines are located at the **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup> and **ZnTPEP**<sup>+/2+</sup> potentials.

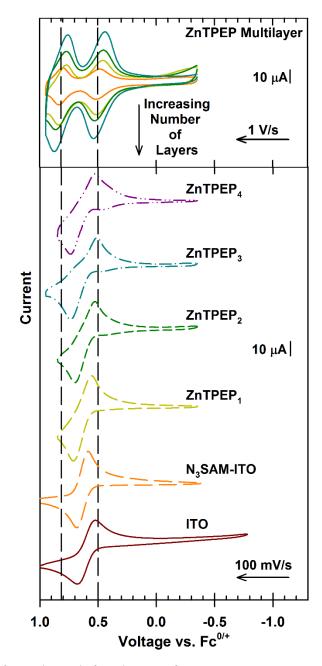


Figure S7. *Top:* CVs of one through four layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. *Bottom:* CVs of a 1 mM solution  $[Fe(bpy)_3]^{2+}$  at a clean ITO electrode (solid red line), SAM-functionalized ITO (long dashed orange), and one (dashed yellow), two (short dashed green), three (dash-dot cyan), and four (purple dash-dot-dot) layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. The vertical dashed black lines are located at the **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup> and **ZnTPEP**<sup>+/2+</sup> potentials.

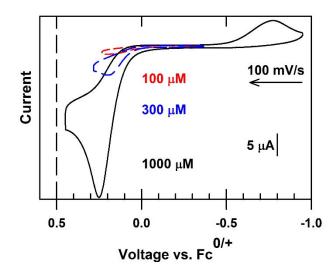


Figure S8. CVs of  $[Co(dmb)_3]^{2+}$  over a film of three layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. Black solid line, blue long dash, and red medium dash are 1000, 300, and 100  $\mu$ M respectively. The dashed black line at 0.5 V corresponds to the midpoint potential of **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup>.

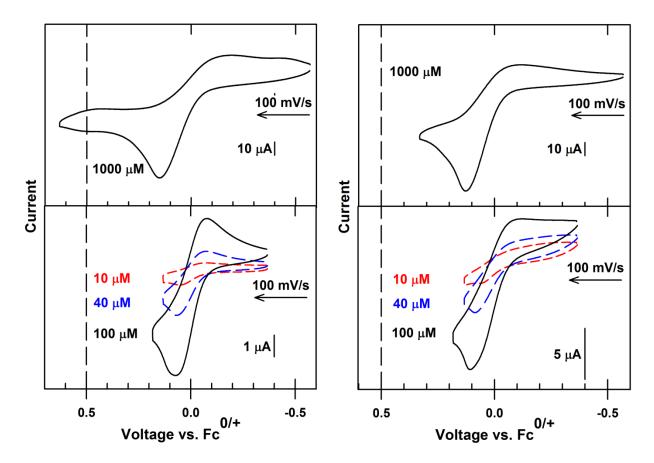


Figure S9. CVs of Fc over a film of three (left) and four (right) layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. The vertical dashed black line at 0.5 V corresponds to the midpoint potential of **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup>.

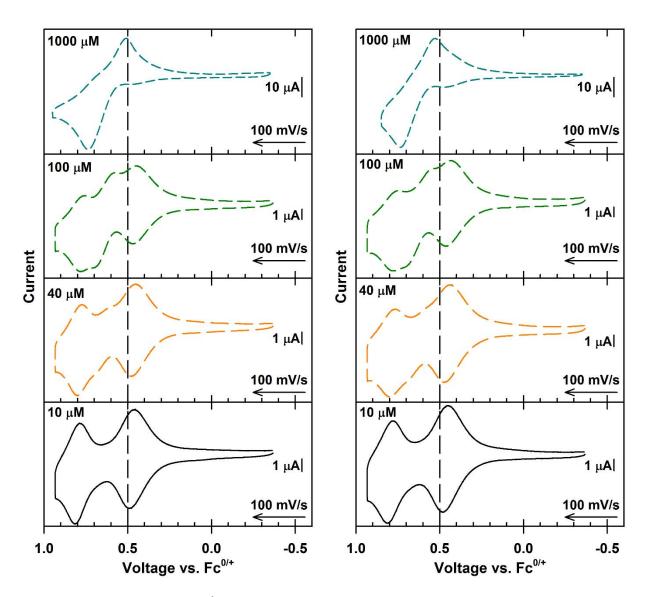


Figure S10. CVs of  $[Fe(bpy)_3]^{2+}$  over a film of three (left) and four (right) layers of **ZnTPEP** on ITO. Black solid line, orange long dash, green medium dash, and cyan short dash are 10, 40, 100, and 1000  $\mu$ M respectively. The vertical dashed black line at 0.5 V corresponds to the midpoint potential of **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup>.

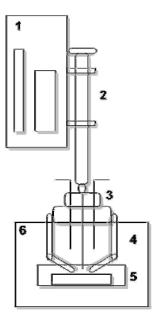


Figure S11. Schematic representation of wall-jet apparatus: 1) Syringe pump, 2) air-tight glass syringe, 3) Teflon cap, 4) Teflon cone, 5) electrode and 6) lexan cell holder.

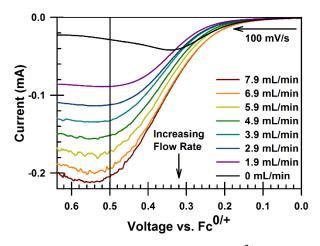


Figure S12. Linear sweep voltammograms of 1 mM  $Co(bpy)_3^{2+}$  at varying flow rates. The solid black line at 0.5 V corresponds to the midpoint potential of **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup>.

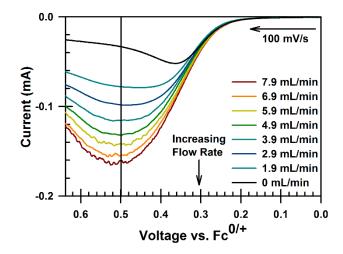


Figure S13. Linear sweep voltammograms of 1 mM  $Co(NO_2-phen)s^{2+}$  at varying flow rates. The solid black line at 0.5 V corresponds to the midpoint potential of **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup>.

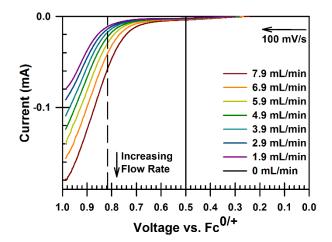


Figure S14. Linear sweep voltammograms of 1 mM Fe(bpy)<sub>3</sub><sup>2+</sup> at varying flow rates. The vertical solid and dashed black lines are located at the **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup> and **ZnTPEP**<sup>+/2+</sup> potentials, respectively.

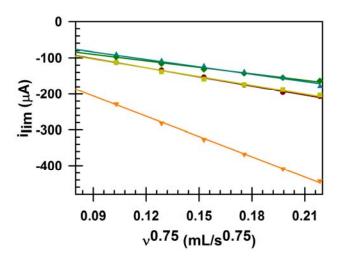


Figure S15. Levich analysis of each mediator: ferrocene is orange (down triangle);  $[Co(bpy)_3]^{2+}$ , red (circles);  $[Co(dmb)_3]^{2+}$ , yellow (squares);  $[Co(NO_2-phen)_3]^{2+}$ , green (diamonds); and  $[Fe(bpy)_3]^{2+}$ , teal (upward triangle). Limiting current was taken at 0.50 V (ZnTPEP<sup>0/+</sup>) for all mediators except  $[Fe(bpy)_3]^{2+}$ , which was taken 0.99 V.

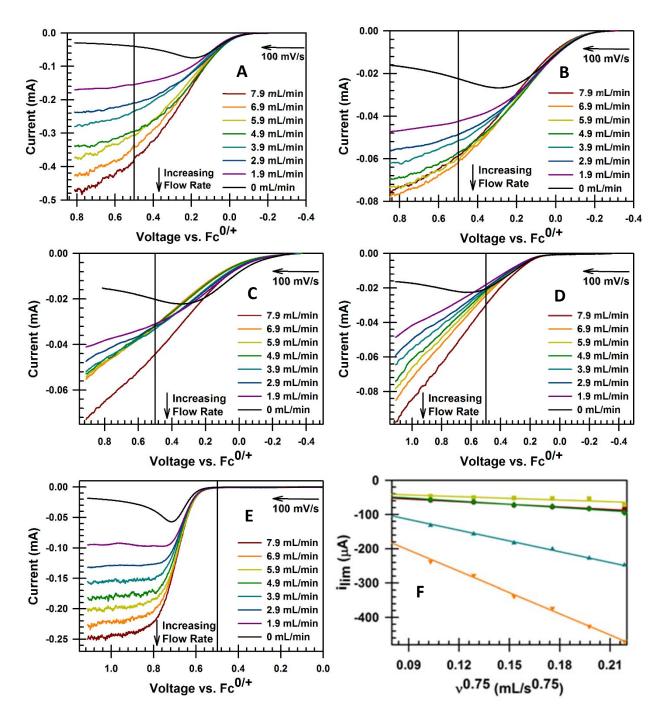


Figure S16. *Plots A-E:* Linear sweep voltammograms of 1 mM redox mediators at varying flow rates over ITO. The solid black line at 0.5 V corresponds to the midpoint potential of **ZnTPEP**<sup>0/+</sup>. All mediators are 1 mM: (A) Fc, (B)  $[Co(bpy)_3]^{2+}$ , (C)  $[Co(dmb)_3]^{2+}$ , (D)  $[Co(NO_2-phen)_3]^{2+}$ , and (E)  $[Fe(bpy)_3]^{2+}$ . *Plot F:* Levich analysis of each mediator over ITO: ferrocene is orange (down triangle);  $[Co(bpy)_3]^{2+}$ , red (circles);  $[Co(dmb)_3]^{2+}$ , yellow (squares);  $[Co(NO_2-phen)_3]^{2+}$ , green (diamonds); and  $[Fe(bpy)_3]^{2+}$ , teal (upward triangle).