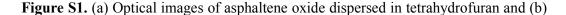
### **Supporting Information**

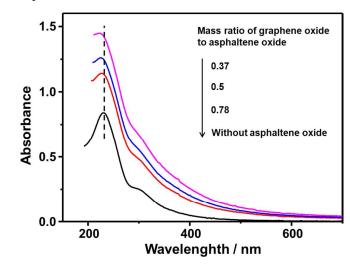
## Using Asphaltene Supermolecules Derived from Coal for the Preparation of

#### **Efficient Carbon Electrodes for Supercapacitors**

Wen-Hui Qu, Yu-Bo Guo, Wen-Zhong Shen\* and Wen-Cui Li\*

Structural Characteristics of Samples and their Raw Materials:





graphene oxide dispersed in water.

Figure S2. UV-vis absorption spectra of graphene oxide and graphene oxide/asphaltene oxide dispersions with different mass ratios of graphene oxide to asphaltene oxide. The concentration of graphene oxide in all dispersions is 0.00144 mg mL<sup>-1</sup>.

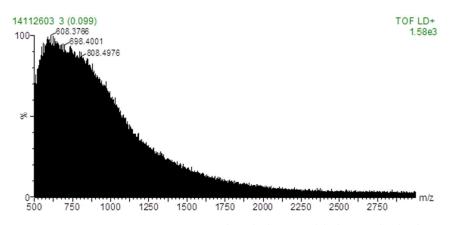


Figure S3. MALDI mass spectrum of asphaltene oxide in tetrahydrofuran.

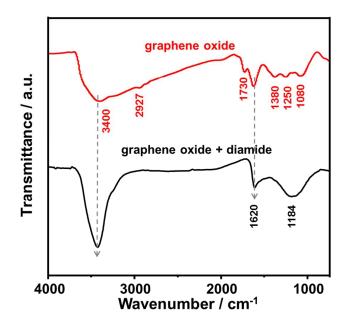


Figure S4. FT-IR spectra of graphene oxide and the sample without asphaltene(graphene oxide+diamide).

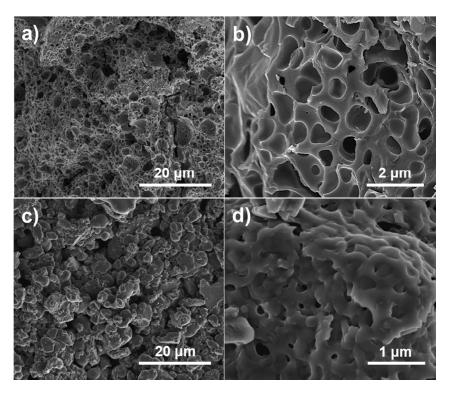
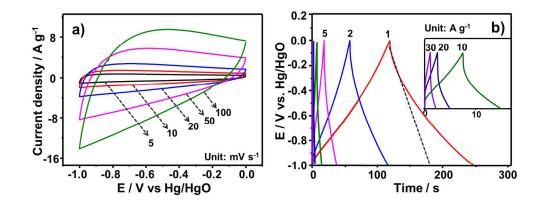
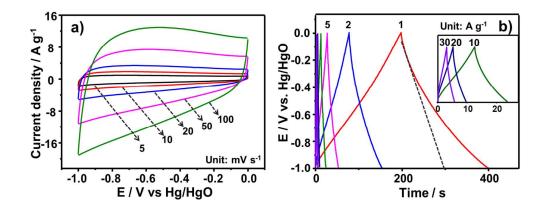


Figure S5. SEM images of (a, b) ACN-0.005 and (c, d) ACN-0.

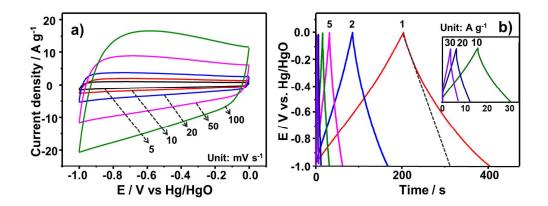


**Electrochemical Performance of the Asphaltene-derived Carbon:** 

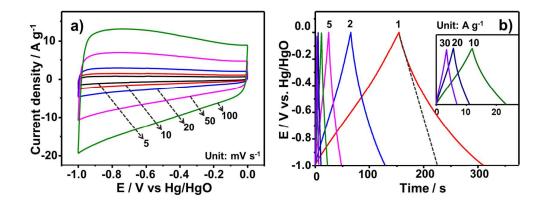
**Figure S6.** (a) CV curves of ACN-0 at scan rates of 5, 10, 20 50 and 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>; (b) GC curves of ACN-0 at current densities of 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 and 30 A g<sup>-1</sup>. Inset is the enlarged GC curves at current densities of 10, 20 and 30 A g<sup>-1</sup>.



**Figure S7.** (a) CV curves of ACN-0.005 at scan rates of 5, 10, 20 50 and 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>; (b) GC curves of ACN-0.005 at current densities of 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 and 30 A g<sup>-1</sup>. Inset is the enlarged GC curves at current densities of 10, 20 and 30 A g<sup>-1</sup>.



**Figure S8.** (a) CV curves of ACN-0.01 at scan rates of 5, 10, 20 50 and 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>; (b) GC curves of ACN-0.01 at current densities of 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 and 30 A g<sup>-1</sup>. Inset is the enlarged GC curves at current densities of 10, 20 and 30 A g<sup>-1</sup>.



**Figure S9.** (a) CV curves of ACN-0.1 at scan rates of 5, 10, 20 50 and 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>; (b) GC curves of ACN-0.1 at current densities of 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 and 30 A g<sup>-1</sup>. Inset is the enlarged GC curves at current densities of 10, 20 and 30 A g<sup>-1</sup>.

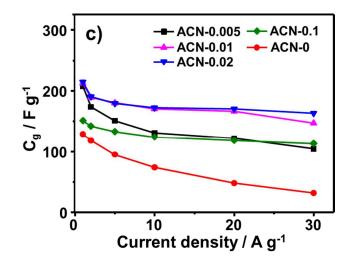


Figure S10. Specific gravimetric capacitance of ACNs at various current densities from 1 to 30 A  $g^{-1}$ .

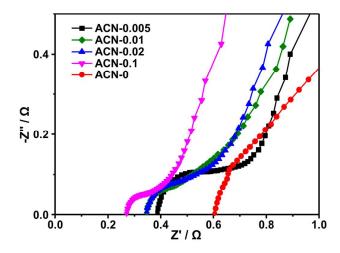


Figure S11. Nyquist plots of ACNs in three-electrode system.

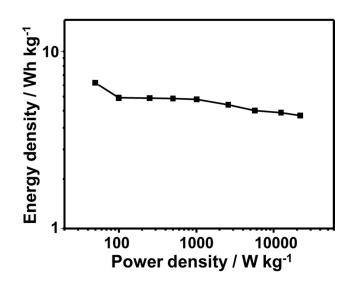


Figure S12. Ragone plot of ACN based supercapacitor in term of electrode active material weight.

# Table S1

The capacitance of reported carbon nanosheet and commercial active carbon

Material	Electrolyte	Capacitance/F g <sup>-1</sup>	Ref.
Asphaltene derived carbon nanosheet	6 M KOH	214 (1 Ag <sup>-1</sup> ), 163 (30 Ag <sup>-1</sup> )	This work
Mesoporous carbon thin films	6 M KOH	136 (0.5 Ag <sup>-1</sup> ), 85 (5 Ag <sup>-1</sup> )	[1]
Ionic liquid based Microporous carbon sheet	6 M KOH	213 (0.5 Ag <sup>-1</sup> ), 160 (10 Ag <sup>-1</sup> )	[2]
Mesoporous carbon/graphite nanosheet	6 M KOH	203 (1 Ag <sup>-1</sup> ), 132 (10 Ag <sup>-1</sup> )	[3]
Graphene-based macro- and mesoporous frameworks	$1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{H}_2 \mathrm{SO}_4$	226 (1 mVs <sup>-1</sup> ), 83 (100 mVs <sup>-1</sup> )	[4]
Graphene oxide assisted carbon sheet	5 M KOH	140 (1 Ag <sup>-1</sup> )	[5]
Coal tar pitch based mesoporous carbon sheet	1 M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	276.5 (1 Ag <sup>-1</sup> ), 82 (20 Ag <sup>-1</sup> )	[6]
Commercial active carbon (YP50)	6 M KOH	76 (1 mVs <sup>-1</sup> )	[7]

electrodes in three-electrode system.

#### References

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