Supporting Information

Ultralong Perovskite Microrods: One- versus Two-Step Synthesis and Enhancement of Hole-Transfer During Light Soaking

Xiangyang Wu, Jin Wang and Edwin K. L. Yeow*

Division of Chemistry and Biological Chemistry, School of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Nanyang Technological University, 21 Nanyang Link, Singapore 637371

Email: edwinyeow@ntu.edu.sg; Fax: +65 6791 1961; Tel: +65 6316 8759

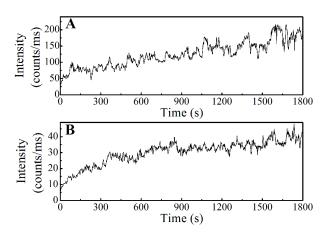


Figure S1. Typical PL intensity trajectories of two randomly selected points on MAPbI₃ pervoskite microrods covered by a layer of PMMA. The EF for (A) and (B) are 6.6 and 10.3, respectively. Bin-time is 2 s.

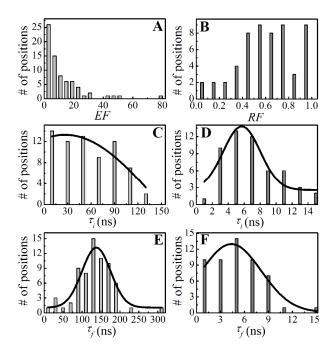


Figure S2. Histograms of the enhancement factor (*EF*), reduction factor (*RF*), initial lifetime τ_i (obtained from the monoexponential PL decays constructed from photons between 0 and 2 s) and final lifetime τ_f (obtained from the monoexponential PL decays constructed from photons between 1798 and 1800 s) of several randomly chosen points on single pervoskite microrods prepared via the one-step synthesis method in the absence ((A) for *EF*, (C) for τ_i , (E) for τ_j) and presence ((B) for *RF*, (D) for τ_i , (F) for τ_j) of spiro-OMeTAD. At the start of measurement, the mean values of τ_i in the absence and presence of spiro-OMeTAD are ca. 26.6 (C) and 5.7 ns (D), respectively, which gives rise to $k_{ht} \sim 1.38 \times 10^8$ s⁻¹. On the other hand, the hole-transfer rate calculated at the end of the light soaking measurement is $k_{ht} \sim 2.22 \times 10^8$ s⁻¹, where the mean values of τ_f in the absence and presence of spiro-OMeTAD are ca. 137.7 (E) and 4.4 ns (F), respectively.

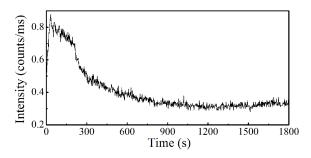


Figure S3. Typical PL intensity trajectory (bin-time = 2 s) of a randomly selected point on an as-prepared MAPbI₃ perovskite film in the presence of a layer of spiro-OMeTAD.

Video captions:

Video S1. Time-lapse microscopy images of the growth evolution of PbI₂ microrods prepared by evaporating a droplet of 1 wt% PbI₂/DMF solution.

Video S2. Time-lapse microscopy images of the growth evolution of PbI₂ microrods prepared by evaporating a droplet of 5 wt% PbI₂/DMF solution.

Video S3. Time-lapse microscopy images of the growth evolution of MAPbI₃ perovskite microrods prepared *via* the one-step synthesis method. The growth of the perovskite is recorded by illuminating the sample with white light for the first 146 s. The sample is then illuminated with laser light of excitation wavelength = 633 nm, and at $t = 9 \min 28 \text{ s}$, PL from the perovskite is observed. The recordings from $t = 2 \min 40 \text{ s}$ to $9 \min \text{ are not shown}$.