Supporting Information for

# Selective Homo- and Heterodehydrocouplings of Phosphines Catalyzed by Rhodium **Phosphido Complexes**

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## Data for new compounds:

Complex 3a (See Copies of NMR Charts 1 and 2)

The NMR spectroscopies of **3a** at room temperature in benzene are complicated and not easily assignable (NMR Charts 1 and 2). The proposed structure is consistent with the elemental analysis, and the NMR data is consistent with that of crystallographically characterized 3b, which was unambiguously shown to be a dimer.

Brown solid, mp 238 °C (dec). Calcd for C<sub>40</sub>H<sub>76</sub>P<sub>6</sub>Rh<sub>2</sub>: C, 50.64; H, 8.07. Found: C, 50.99; H, 8.26.

'H NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 400 MHz) δ 8.03-8.19 (m, 4 H), 7.06-7.18 (m, 6 H), 3.15-4.95 (m, 2 H, P-H), 2.21-2.32 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>P), 2.02-2.18 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>P), 1.85-1.97 (m, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>P), 0.38-1.49 (m, 28 H, i-Pr). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 162 MHz)  $\delta$  82.3-86.0 (multiple sets of doublets, dppe), -120.6 --118.3 (m, PH), -126.5 - -124.0 (m, PH). H Mes

### Complex 3b (See Copies of NMR Charts 3 and 4)

Orange solid: mp 245 °C (dec). Calcd for C<sub>46</sub>H<sub>88</sub>P<sub>6</sub>Rh<sub>2</sub>: C, 53.49; H, 8.59. Found: C, 53.71; H, 8.79.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 400 MHz)  $\delta$  6.99 (s, 2 H, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>Me<sub>3</sub>), 6.84 (s, 2 H, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>Me<sub>3</sub>), 4.63 (s, 6 H, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>Me<sub>3</sub>), 3.24-3.91 (m, 2 H, PH), 2.83 (s, 6

Н H,  $\overline{C}_6H_2Me_3$ ), 2.31 (s, 6 H,  $C_6\overline{H_2Me_3}$ ), 1.71-1.88 (m, 8 H,  $CH_2$ ), 1.63 (dd, 12 H, J = 7.2, 13.2 Hz,  $CH\underline{Me_2}$ , 1.17 (dd, 12 H, J = 6.8, 14.0 Hz,  $CH\underline{Me_2}$ ), 0.79-0.91 (m,), 0.82 (t-like, 12 H, J = 7.6 Hz,  $CH\underline{Me_2}$ ), 0.71-0.82 (m 4 H CHMe<sub>2</sub>), 0.46 (dd, 12 H, J = 7.2, 15.6 Hz,  $CHMe_2$ ). <sup>31</sup>P NMR  $CH\underline{Me}_{2}$ ), 0.71-0.82 (m, 4 H, <u>CH</u>Me<sub>2</sub>), 0.46 (dd, 12 H, J = 7.2, 15.6 Hz, CH<u>Me</u><sub>2</sub>).  $(C_6\overline{D_6}, 162 \text{ MHz}) \delta 81.3-83.6 \text{ (multiple sets of doublets, dppe), -253.8 - -251.0 (m, PH).$ 

### Complex 3c-PhMe (See Copies of NMR Charts 5 and 6)

Red solid; mp 198 °C (dec). Calcd for C<sub>59</sub>H<sub>92</sub>P<sub>6</sub>Rh<sub>2</sub>: C, 59.40; H, 7.77. Found: C, 59.29; H, 7.50.

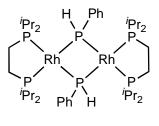
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 400 MHz)  $\delta$  8.38-8.47(m, 8 H, Ph), 6.95-7.18(m, 12 H, Ph), 1.62 (bs, 8 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.87-1.11 (m, 56 H, i-Pr). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 162 MHz)  $\delta$  71.4-75.6 (multiple sets of doublets, dppe), -112.4 - -108.1 (m,  $\mu$ -PPh<sub>2</sub>).

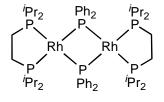
### Complex 4 (See Copies of NMR Charts 7 and 8)

Red solid; mp 151 °C (dec). Calcd for C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>53</sub>P<sub>4</sub>Rh: C, 61.96; H, 7.25. Found: C, 62.02; H, 7.32.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR ( $C_6D_6$ , 400 MHz)  $\delta$  7.99 (bs, 4 H, Ph), 7.43 (bs, 4 H), 6.89-7.02 (m, 12 H), 6.00 (bs, 1 H, P-H), 2.77 (bs, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.84-1.35 (m, 28 H, i-Pr).

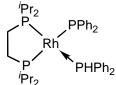
NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 162 MHz)  $\delta$  79.8-81.5 (multiple sets of doublets, dppe), 74.3-77.5 (multiple sets of





Rh

Mes



doublets, dppe), 13.7-16.7 (multiple sets of doublets, PHPh<sub>2</sub>), -47.2 - -46.3 (m, PPh<sub>2</sub>).

Ph

Ρh

′Pr<sub>2</sub>

SPh

Rh

#### Complex 6 (See Copies of NMR Charts 9 and 10)

Orange solid; mp 155 °C (dec). Calcd for  $C_{40}H_{74}P_4Rh_2S_2$ : C, 50.63; H, 7.86. Found: C, 50.94; H, 7.81. <sup>1</sup>H NMR ( $C_6D_6$ , 400 MHz)  $\delta$  8.29-8.30 (m, 4 H, Ph), 6.92-7.11 (m, 6 H, Ph), 1.72-1.90 (m, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.32-1.33 (m, 12 H, i-Pr), 0.94-1.03 (m, 16 H, i-Pr). <sup>31</sup>P NMR ( $C_6D_6$ , 162 MHz)  $\delta$  88.3 (d,  $J_{PRh}$  = 173.0 Hz).

#### Complex 7b (See Copies of NMR Charts 11 and 12)

Yellow solid; mp 128 <sup>o</sup>C (dec). Calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>48</sub>P<sub>3</sub>RhS: C, 58.18; H, 7.32; S, 4.85. Found: C, 58.30; H, 7.45; S, 4.68.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 400 MHz)  $\delta$  7.80-7.91 (m, 6 H), 6.79-7.02 (m, 9 H), 5.98 (d, 1 P PHPh<sub>2</sub> H, *J* = 10.8 Hz), 2.28-2.42 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.61-1.80 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.84-1.37 <sup>*i*Pr<sub>2</sub></sup> (m, 28 H, i-Pr). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 162 MHz)  $\delta$  89.7 (ddd, -CH<sub>2</sub><u>P</u>Pr<sub>2</sub> *cis* to PPh<sub>2</sub>H, *J*<sub>PP</sub> = 24.7, 35.9 Hz, *J*<sub>PRh</sub> = 152.7 Hz), 81.2 (ddd, -CH<sub>2</sub><u>P</u>Pr<sub>2</sub> *trans* to PPh<sub>2</sub>H, *J*<sub>PP</sub> = 24.7, 351.5 Hz, *J*<sub>PRh</sub> = 145.6 Hz), 1.2 (ddd, PPh<sub>2</sub>H, *J*<sub>PP</sub> = 35.9, 356.5 Hz, *J*<sub>PRh</sub> = 131.5 Hz).

#### Rhodium-catalyzed Dehydrocoupling of phosphines

(1) Dehydrocoupling of PhPH<sub>2</sub> was carried out under various reaction conditions as summarized below. For concentrations in the range of 0.18 M to 1.00 M, reactions proceed similarly. On the other hand, the addition of dippe gave a better yield of the coupling products. Though heating the mixture at 70 °C gave a better conversion of PhPH<sub>2</sub>, other products were also formed as confirmed by <sup>31</sup>P NMR and the selectivity to (PPhH)<sub>2</sub> was only 36%. The reaction proceeds faster in THF to give a complicated mixture of dehydrocoupling products in which (PPhH)<sub>2</sub> was formed with a selectivity of 30%. Catalysts generated *in situ*, by addition of dippe or dchpe to 1, behaved similarly to those based on the isolated phosphine complexes. As shown below, other catalysts obtained by addition of a phosphine to 1 did not show catalytic activity (20 °C, overnight). A typical <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum of a dehydrocoupling reaction mixture (5 mol% cat. 1, 1.0 M, 20 h) is attached (NMR Chart 13). The product (PPhH)<sub>2</sub> was identified by comparing its spectra with those reported in the literature (Xin, S.; Woo, H. G.; Harrod, J. F.; Samuel, E.; Lebuis A.-M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1997, *119*, 5307).

(2) Dehydrocoupling products from other phosphines.

(2-EtC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>PH)<sub>2</sub>: a mixture of *meso,rac* isomers; ratio ( $^{31}$ P NMR chemical shift): 53 (-76.0 ppm), 47 (-83.5 ppm); HRMS calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>P<sub>2</sub>, m/z 274.1040. Found: 274.1045. (2-i-PrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>PH)<sub>2</sub>: a mixture of *meso,rac* isomers; ratio ( $^{31}$ P NMR chemical shift): 57 (-72.6

- (2-i-PrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>PH)<sub>2</sub>: a mixture of *meso,rac* isomers; ratio (<sup>31</sup>P NMR chemical shift): 57 (-72.6 ppm), 43 (-80.4 ppm); HRMS calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>P<sub>2</sub>, m/z 302.1353. Found: 302.1359.
- $(MesPH)_2$ : a mixture of *meso,rac* isomers; ratio (<sup>31</sup>P NMR chemical shift): 62 (-111.9 ppm), 38 (-119.2 ppm); HRMS calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>P<sub>2</sub>, m/z 302.1353. Found: 302.1348. (MesPH)<sub>2</sub>: a mixture of *meso,rac* isomers; ratio (<sup>31</sup>P NMR chemical shift): 59 (-113.3 ppm), 41
- (MesPH)<sub>2</sub>: a mixture of *meso,rac* isomers; ratio (<sup>31</sup>P NMR chemical shift): 59 (-113.3 ppm), 41 (-118.0 ppm); HRMS calcd for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>48</sub>P<sub>2</sub>, m/z 470.3231. Found: 470.3238. (Ph<sub>2</sub>P)<sub>2</sub>: This is a know compound, Bohm, V. P. W.; Brookhart, M. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 2001,
- (Ph<sub>2</sub>P)<sub>2</sub>: This is a know compound, Bohm, V. P. W.; Brookhart, M. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2001, 40, 4694.

**Ph**<sub>2</sub>**PSPh**: <sup>31</sup>P NMR chemical shift: -41.7; HRMS calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>15</sub>PS, m/z 294.0632. Found: 294.0627. This is a know compound: (a) Peake, S.C.; Schmutzler, R. *J. Chem. Soc. A*, **1970**,1049-1054. (b) Hall, C. D.; Tweedy, B. R.; Kayhanian, R.; Lloyd, J. R. *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans.* **2 1992**, 775.

### Optimization of the reaction condition

	Ph−PH <sub>2</sub> $\xrightarrow{\text{ca. 5 mol% 1}}$ Ph C <sub>6</sub> D <sub>6</sub> , rt, x h	$-P-P-Ph + H_2$
concentration	[1.00 M] 3h, 20% ; 20 h, 36%	20 h, 30 % % ; 20 h, 34% hv. of PhPH <sub>2</sub> (36% sel. to (PPhH) <sub>2</sub> ]
additive —>	[1.00 M] /1.0 equiv. dippe	20 h, 51%
solvent {	[1.00 M] /1.0 equiv. dippe <b>THF</b>	20 h, 80 % conv. of $PhPH_2$ (30% sel. to (PPhH) <sub>2</sub> )
	[1.00 M] /1.0 equiv. dippe hexane	20 h, 36 %
	[1.00 M] /1.0 equiv. dippe CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	20 h, 20%
in situ generated cat.	Rh(cod)Bn/1.0 equiv. dippe/[1.00 M]	20 h, 31%
	Rh(cod)Bn/2.0 equiv. dippe/[1.00 M]	20 h, 52%
	Rh(cod)Bn/1.0 equiv. dchpe/[1.00 M]	20 h, 32%

No coupling with  $\underline{Rh(cod)Bz}$ , Rh(cod)Bz/2 or 4 equiv.  $PEt_3$ , Rh(cod)Bz/2 or 4 equiv.  $P(t-Bu)_3$ , Rh(cod)Bz/2 equiv. dmpe, Rh(cod)Bz/2 equiv. dppe,  $[Rh(cod)Cl]_2$ ,  $[Rh(cod)Cl]_2/2equiv. dippe$ 

