

**Stereodifferentiation in the Decay of Triplets and Biradicals Involved in
Intramolecular Hydrogen Transfer from Phenols or Indoles to π,π^* Aromatic
Ketones**

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Supplementary Material

S2: Transient absorption spectra in deaerated metanol for **(S,S)-3**, **(R,S)-3**, **(S,S)-5**,
(R,S)-1, **(S,S)-1**, **(R,S)-2**, **(S,S)-2**. S3: Triplet decay in metanol for **(R,S)-3** and **(S,S)-5**.
S4: Double reciprocal plots in metanol for **(R,S)-1**, **(S,S)-2**, **(R,S)-3** and **(S,S)-5**. S5:
Comparative decay of the biradicals in acetonitrile: **(S,S)-7** and **(R,S)-7**, and **(R,S)-9**
and **(S,S)-9**. S6-S10: Characterization data for **1-6**. S11-S17: Crystallographic data for
(R,S)-2, **(S,S)-3**, **(R,S)-5**, **(S,S)-5**

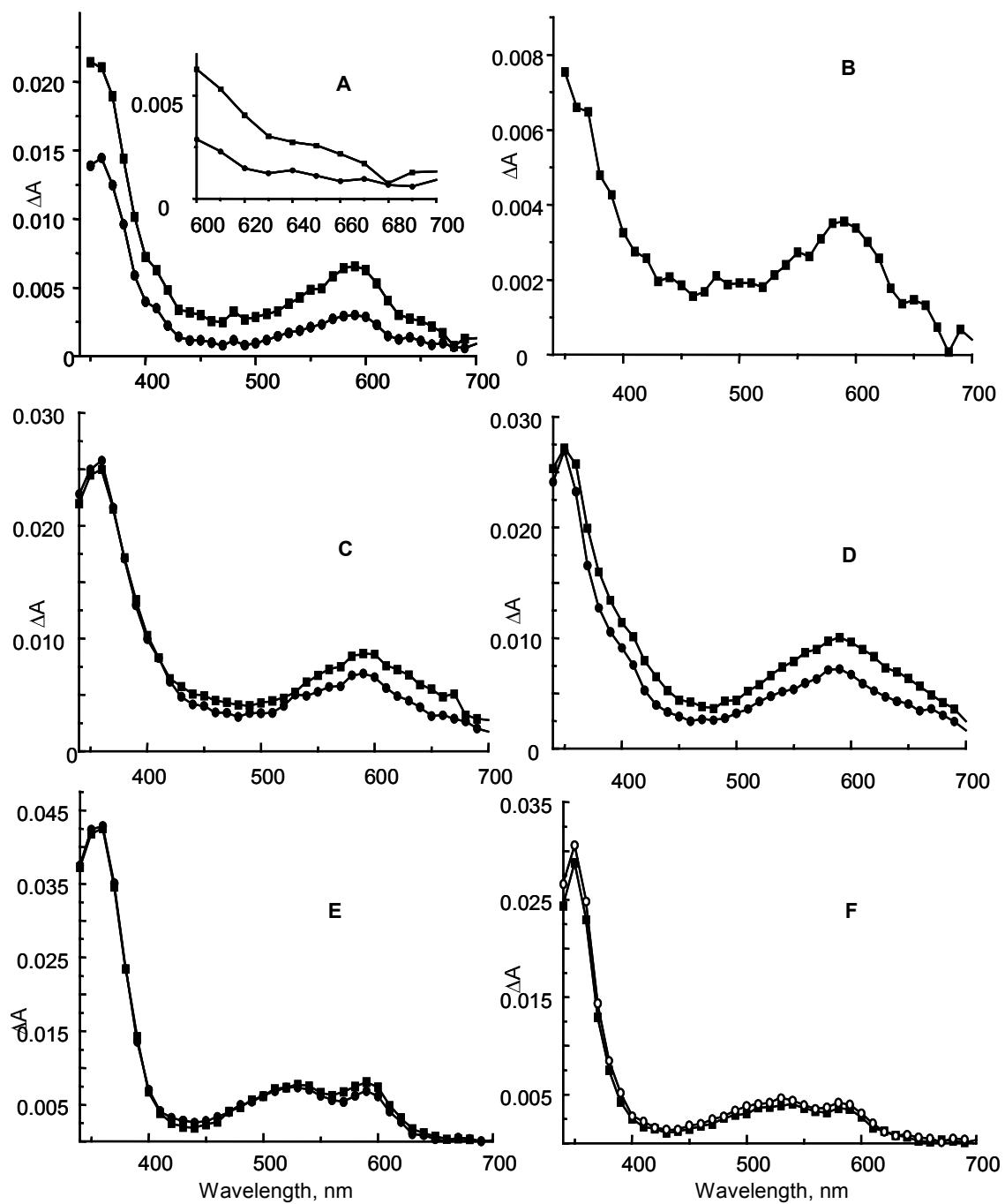


Figure 6. Transient absorption spectra recorded following laser excitation (355 nm) in deaerated methanol. A: of (S,S)-3, 10 ns (■) and 50 ns (●) after the laser pulse. B: Difference spectrum of transient absorption spectra of (S,S)-3 recorded 10 ns and 50 ns after the laser pulse. C: of (R,S)-3, 15 ns (■) and 70 ns (●) after the laser pulse. D: of (S,S)-5, 15 ns (■) and 70 ns (●) after the laser pulse. E: of (R,S)-1, 30 ns (■) and (S,S)-1, 15 ns (●) after the laser pulse. F: of (R,S)-2, 30 ns (■) and (S,S)-2, 30 ns (○) after the laser pulse.

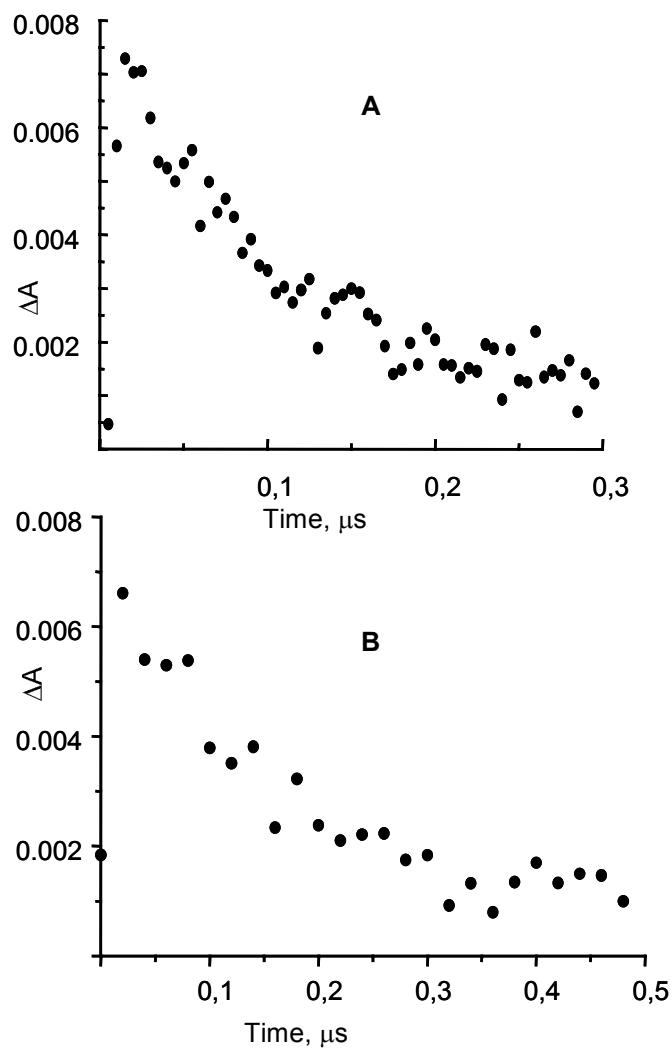


Figure 7. Triplet decay monitored at 630 nm, following laser excitation (355 nm) in deaerated methanol: A: for (R,S)-3 and B: for (S,S)-5.

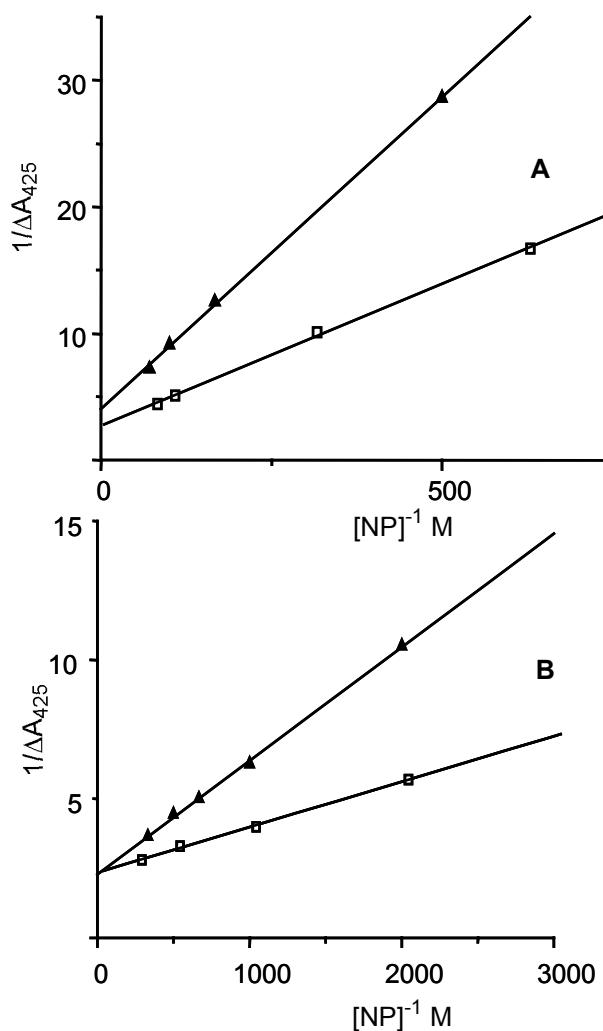


Figure 8. A: Double reciprocal plots for quenching of the ketone triplets generated by laser flash photolysis at 355 nm in deaerated methanolic solutions of A: (R,S) -1 (\blacktriangle) and (S,S) -2 (\square), and B: of (R,S) -3 (\blacktriangle) and (S,S) -5 (\square).

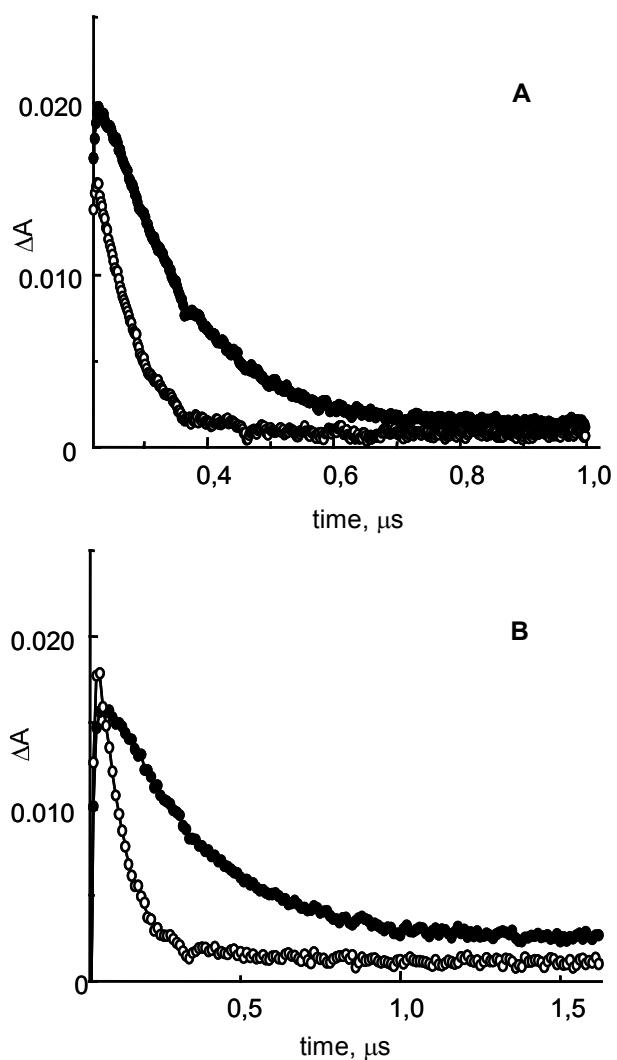


Figure 9. Comparative decay of the biradicals of diastereoisomers monitored at 360 nm, following laser excitation (355 nm) in deaerated acetonitrile: A: (S,S)-7 (○) and (R,S)-7 (●), B: (R,S)-9 (●) and (S,S)-9 (○).

Chemicals. 2-(5-Benzoylthien-2-yl)propanoic acid (tiaprofenic acid, TPA) was extracted from commercial samples using dichloromethane as solvent. 2-[4-(thien-2-ylcarbonyl)phenyl]propanoic acid (uprofen, SP), (L)-tyrosine methyl ester, (L)-tryptophan methyl ester, [1-ethyl-3-(3-(dimethylamino)propylcarbodiimide] (EDC), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (HBT), were commercially available.

General Procedure. All synthetic procedures were performed in a dry nitrogen atmosphere using purified dried solvents. ^1H -NMR spectra were recorded in a 300 MHz spectrometer, chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm relative to TMS. The coupling constants (J) are in hertz (Hz). Column chromatography was performed on silica gel (230-400 mesh). Eluent composition is given as volume/volume mixtures unless specified otherwise. HPLC was carried out using a C-18 column or a Silica column.

Synthesis of bichromophores 1-3 and 5. The corresponding propanoic acid (300 mg, 1.2 mmol), the (*S*) -amino acid methyl ester (1.4 mmol), EDC (270 mg, 1.4 mmol) and HBT (200 mg, 1.4 mmol) were combined in dry, degassed DMF (10 mL) at room temperature. The pH was adjusted to 9.0-9.5 with triethylamine and the mixture was stirred overnight. Afterwards, the solvent was removed in vacuo, and the residue was treated with 10% HCl (30 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with 10% HCl (1 x 10 mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate (2 x 10 mL) and brine (1 x 10 mL) and dried over sodium sulfate. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give a yellow oil. The residue was chromatographed (hexane/ethyl acetate, 2:1) leading to the corresponding bichromophore as a 1:1 diastereoisomeric mixture. Separation of diastereoisomers was accomplished by HPLC, mobile phase: potassium dihydrogen phosphate (0.06 M): acetonitrile: triethylamine (317: 183: 0.1) flow rate 1.5 mL min⁻¹; UV detection $\lambda = 310$ nm.

O-Methylation of the tyrosine-derived bichromophores. An ethereal solution containing compounds **3** or **5**, as diastereoisomeric mixture, (300 mg, 0.7 mmol), was treated with 20 mmol of freshly prepared diazomethane¹⁶ at 0°C. The mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred overnight. Afterwards, the excess of diazomethane was removed under reduced pressure and the resulting yellow oil was chromatographed (hexane/ethyl acetate, 3:1) leading to the corresponding bichromophore as a 1:1 diasteromeric mixture. Separation of the diastereoisomers was accomplished by HPLC: stationary phase Silica column; mobile phase: hexane: ethyl acetate (4:1 by volume) flow rate 2 mL min⁻¹; detection by refractive index.

Compounds 1: Yield: 54%

Methyl N-[*(2S*)-2-(5-benzoylthien-2-yl)propanoyl]-3-(1*H*-indol-6-yl)-(*S*)-alaninate [*(S, S*)-1].

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): 1.46 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 3.18 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.72 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (m, 1H), 6.16 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 6.78 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.60 (m, 5H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 8.4 (s, 1H). ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 19.4, 27.3, 29.6, 42.7, 52.4, 52.9, 109.2, 111.3, 118.3, 119.5, 122.1, 123.1, 126.1, 127.3, 128.4, 129.1, 132.3, 135.1, 136.1, 137.8, 141.9, 153.3, 171.6, 172.2, 188.2. MS *m/z* 460 (M⁺ 6), 201 (53), 130 (100). Anal. Calcd for C₂₆H₂₄N₂O₄S: C, 67.81; H, 5.25. Found: C, 67.17; H, 5.33. HRMS Calcd for C₂₆H₂₄N₂OS₄: 460.1456. Found: 460.1451.

Methyl N-[*(2S*)-2-(5-benzoylthien-2-yl)propanoyl]-3-(1*H*-indol-6-yl)-(*S*)-alaninate [*(R, S*)-1].

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): 1.47 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 3.22 (m, 2H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.72 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (m, 1H), 6.16 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (m, 2H), 7.00 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.49 (m, d, 5H), 7.74

(d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 8.44 (s, 1H). ^{13}C -NMR (CDCl_3): δ 19.3, 27.2, 29.6, 42.9, 52.4, 53.0, 109.3, 111.4, 118.3, 119.5, 122.1, 122.9, 126.1, 127.4, 128.4, 129.1, 132.3, 135.1, 136.1, 137.8, 142.0, 153.1, 171.7, 172.2, 189.0. MS m/z 460 (M^+ 6), 201 (70), 130 (100). HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}$: 460.1456. Found: 460.1454.

Compounds 2: Yield: 51%

Methyl (1*H*-indol-6-yl)-*N*-(*(2S)*-2-[4-(thien-2-ylcarbonyl)phenyl]propanoyl}-*(S)*-alaninate [*(S, S)*-2]. ^1H -NMR (CDCl_3): 1.47 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 3.15 (m, 2H), 3.54 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 4.70 (dd, $J_1 = 4.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.75$ Hz, 1H), 5.72 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.42 (s, 1H), 6.99-7.8 (m, 11H), 8.47 (s, 1H). ^{13}C -NMR (CDCl_3): δ 17.9, 27.1, 47.0, 52.3, 52.4, 109.1, 111.4, 118.4, 119.5, 122.2, 122.7, 127.8, 128.2, 129.5, 134.8, 135.3, 136.1, 137.1, 143.3, 145.1, 172.1, 173.1, 188.6. MS m/z 460 (M^+ 6), 201 (62), 130 (100). HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}$: 460.1456. Found: 460.1471.

Methyl (1*H*-indol-6-yl)-*N*-(*(2R)*-2-[4-(thien-2-ylcarbonyl)phenyl]propanoyl}-*(S)*-alaninate [*(R, S)*-2].

^1H -NMR (CDCl_3): 1.45 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 3.10 (m, 2H), 3.58 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 4.71 (m, 1H), 5.76 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.20 (s, 1H), 6.90-7.40 (m, 7H), 7.50-7.70 (m, 4H), 8.47 (s, 1H). MS m/z 460 (M^+ 4), 201 (83), 130 (100). HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}$: 460.1456. Found: 460.1457.

Compounds 3: Yield: 55%

Methyl *N*-(*(2S)*-2-(5-benzoylthien-2-yl)propanoyl}-*(S)*-tyrosinate [*(S,S)*-3]. ^1H -NMR (CDCl_3): 1.53 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 2.86 (dd, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 5$ Hz, 1H), 3.00 (dd, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.77 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.75 (m, 1H); 5.85 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.68 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 1H); 7.45 (m, 5H), 7.81 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_5\text{S}$: C, 65.89; H, 5.30. Found: C, 65.86; H, 5.42.

Methyl N-[*(2R*)-2-(5-benzoylthien-2-yl)propanoyl]-(*S*)-tyrosinate [*(R,S*)-3]. ^1H -NMR (CDCl_3): 1.49 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 2.88 (dd, $J_1 = 14.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.00 (dd, $J_1 = 14.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.82 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.72 (m, 1H), 6.23 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, $J = 3.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.51 (m, 5H), 7.74 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H). ^{13}C -NMR (CDCl_3): δ 19.4, 36.7, 42.8, 52.4, 53.3, 115.6, 126.2, 126.6, 128.4, 129.1, 130.2, 132.4, 135.4, 137.7, 142.1, 153.0, 155.5, 171.9, 172.0, 188.3. MS m/z 438 ($\text{M}^+ 60$), 436 (100), 404 (16), 260 (36), 189 (85), 107 (55). HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_5\text{S}$: 438.1375. Found: 438.1355.

Compounds 4: Yield: 57%

Methyl N-[*(2R*)-2-(5-benzoylthien-2-yl)propanoyl]-*O*-methyl-(*S*)-tyrosinate [*R,S*-4]. ^1H -NMR (CDCl_3): 1.52 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 3.02 (m, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.81 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.78 (m, 1H), 5.92 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, $J = 3.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.4-7.5 (m, 4H), 7.52 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H). MS m/z 451 ($\text{M}^+ 4$), 216 (13), 215 (14), 192 (100). HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_5\text{S}$: 451.1453. Found: 451.1466.

Methyl N-[*(2S*)-2-(5-benzoylthien-2-yl)propanoyl]-*O*-methyl-(*S*)-tyrosinate [*S,S*-4]. ^1H -NMR (CDCl_3): 1.53 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 2.97 (m, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.79 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.78 (m, 1H), 5.90 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.74 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, $J = 3.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.4-7.6 (m, 5H), 7.79 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_5\text{S}$: C, 66.50; H, 5.58. Found: C, 66.23; H, 5.51.

Compounds 5: Yield: 61%

Methyl N-[*(2S*)-2-[4-thien-2-ylcarbonyl]phenyl]propanoyl]-(*S*)-tyrosinate [*(R,S*)-5]. ^1H -NMR: 1.50 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 2.75 (dd, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 8$ Hz,

1H), 3.10 (dd, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 8$ Hz, 1H), 3.60 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 4.75 (m, 1H), 5.60 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.45-6.60 (m, 5H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.69-7.80 (m, 4H).

Methyl N-{(2S)-2-[4-thien-2-ylcarbonyl]phenyl}propanoyl-(S)-tyrosinate

I(S,S)-5J. $^1\text{H-NMR}$: 1.55 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 2.95 (m, 2H), 3.70 (m, 4H), 4.69 (m, 1H), 5.80 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.70 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.65 (m, 3H). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_5\text{S}$: C, 65.89 ; H, 5.30; N, 3.20 ; S, 7.33. Found : C, 65.83; H, 5.44; N, 3.24 ; S, 7.14.

Compounds 6. Yield: 57%

Methyl O-methyl-N-{(2S)-2-[4-thien-2-ylcarbonyl]phenyl}propanoyl-(S)-tyrosinate I(S,S)-6J. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3): 1.53 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 3.01 (m, 2H), 3.62 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.86 (m, 1H), 5.82 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.65 (s, 4H), 7.20 (dd, $J_1 = 4.9$ Hz, $J_2 = 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H). MS m/z 451 ($\text{M}^+ 2$), 392 (2), 192 (100), 121 (59). HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_5\text{S}$: 451.1453. Found: 451.1455.

Methyl O-methyl-N-{(2R)-2-[4-thien-2-ylcarbonyl]phenyl}propanoyl-(S)-tyrosinate I(R,S)-6J. (R, S)-SUP-TyrOMe. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3): 1.52 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 2.99 (dd, $J_1 = 11.7$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.08 (dd, $J_1 = 14.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.65 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.78 (m, 1H), 5.88 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.17 (dd, $J_1 = 4.9$ Hz, $J_2 = 3.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, $J = 3.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.83 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H). MS m/z 451 ($\text{M}^+ 2$), 392 (3), 192 (100), 121 (57). HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_5\text{S}$: 451.1453. Found: 451.1440.

Crystallographic Data

Compound (**S,S**)-**3**. $C_{23}H_{21}N0_5S$, $M = 423.47$, triclinic space group $P1$, $a = 7.889(5)$ Å, $b = 8.294(5)$ Å, $c = 8.727(5)$ Å, $\alpha = 79.70(5)^\circ$, $\beta = 74.71(4)^\circ$, $\gamma = 87.15(5)^\circ$, $V = 541.9(5)$ Å³, $Z = 1$, $D_c = 1.298$ g cm⁻³, $\lambda(\text{Mo K}\alpha) = 0.71073$ Å, $T = 293(2)$, $\mu(\text{Mo K}\alpha) = 0.183$ mm⁻¹. A well-shaped crystal of dimensions 0.18 x 0.18 x 0.22 mm was mounted on a Siemens P4 diffractometer. A total of 8553 independent reflections were collected. The structure was solved by direct methods and refined by full-matrix least-squares analysis on F^2 (SHELXTL). The refinement converged to $R_1 = 0.029$ [$F > 4\sigma(F)$], $wR_2 = 0.087$ (all data) and $GOF = 0.815$. Absolute structure parameter = 0.03(6).

Compound (**R,S**)-**5**. $C_{24}H_{23}N0_5S$, $M = 437.49$, triclinic space group $P1$, $a = 7.902(2)$ Å, $b = 8.256(3)$ Å, $c = 8.859(3)$ Å, $\alpha = 78.40(2)^\circ$, $\beta = 76.73(2)^\circ$, $\gamma = 87.96(3)^\circ$, $V = 551.0(3)$ Å³, $Z = 1$, $D_c = 1.318$ g cm⁻³, $\lambda(\text{Mo K}\alpha) = 0.71073$ Å, $T = 293(2)$, $\mu(\text{Mo K}\alpha) = 0.182$ mm⁻¹. A well-shaped crystal of dimensions 0.18 x 0.20 x 0.20 mm was mounted on a Siemens P4 diffractometer. A total of 8553 independent reflections were collected. The structure was solved by direct methods and refined by full-matrix least-squares analysis on F^2 (SHELXTL). The refinement converged to $R_1 = 0.033$ [$F > 4\sigma(F)$], $wR_2 = 0.136$ (all data) and $GOF = 0.890$. Absolute structure parameter = 0.05(6).

Compound (**S,S**)-**5**. $C_{24}H_{23}N0_5S$, $M = 437.49$, triclinic space group $P1$, $a = 8.056(5)$ Å, $b = 8.326(5)$ Å, $c = 8.751(6)$ Å, $\alpha = 77.78(5)^\circ$, $\beta = 78.13(5)^\circ$, $\gamma = 89.88(5)^\circ$, $V = 560.9(6)$ Å³, $Z = 1$, $D_c = 1.295$ g cm⁻³, $\lambda(\text{Mo K}\alpha) = 0.71073$ Å, $T = 293(2)$, $\mu(\text{Mo K}\alpha) = 0.179$ mm⁻¹. A well-shaped crystal of dimensions 0.18 x 0.19 x 0.24 mm was mounted on a Siemens P4 diffractometer. A total of 8553 independent reflections were collected. The structure was solved by direct methods and refined by full-matrix least-squares analysis on F^2 (SHELXTL). The refinement converged to $R_1 = 0.049$ [$F > 4\sigma(F)$], $wR_2 = 0.132$ (all data) and $GOF = 1.117$. Absolute structure parameter = 0.02(11).

Compound (**R,S**)-**2**. $C_{26}H_{24}N_2O_4S$, $M = 460.53$, monoclinic space group $P2_1$, $a = 5.0372(12)$ Å, $b = 23.824(5)$ Å, $c = 9.899(2)$ Å, $\beta = 98.69(2)^\circ$, $V = 1174.3(5)$ Å³, $Z = 2$, $D_c = 1.302$ g cm⁻³, $\lambda(\text{Mo K}\alpha) = 0.71073$ Å, $T = 293(2)$, $\mu(\text{Mo K}\alpha) = 0.173$ mm⁻¹. A well-shaped crystal of dimensions 0.17 x 0.18 x 0.20 mm was mounted on a Siemens P4 diffractometer. A total of 8553 independent reflections were collected. The structure was solved by direct methods and refined by full-matrix least-squares analysis on F^2 (SHELXTL). The refinement converged to $R_1 = 0.044$ [$F > 4\sigma(F)$], $wR_2 = 0.133$ (all data) and $GOF = 0.900$. Absolute structure parameter = 0.0(2).

Table 1. Selected bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for (*R,S*)-2.

O(1)-C(5)	1.232(5)	C(4)-C(5)	1.446(6)
C(5)-C(6)	1.493(6)	C(9)-C(12)	1.536(6)
C(12)-C(13)	1.518(6)	C(12)-C(14)	1.528(5)
O(2)-C(14)	1.222(4)	N(1)-C(14)	1.335(5)
N(1)-C(15)	1.446(5)	C(15)-C(16)	1.512(6)
C(15)-C(18)	1.539(6)	C(18)-C(19)	1.478(6)
O(1)-C(5)-C(4)	120.7(4)	O(1)-C(5)-C(6)	119.6(4)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	119.7(4)	C(13)-C(12)-C(14)	111.8(3)
C(13)-C(12)-C(9)	115.6(4)	C(14)-C(12)-C(9)	104.2(3)
O(2)-C(14)-N(1)	122.0(3)	O(2)-C(14)-C(12)	121.4(4)
N(1)-C(14)-C(12)	116.5(3)	C(14)-N(1)-C(15)	122.3(3)
N(1)-C(15)-C(16)	111.6(3)	N(1)-C(15)-C(18)	110.3(3)
C(16)-C(15)-C(18)	110.9(3)	C(19)-C(18)-C(15)	112.9(3)

Table 2. Selected bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for (*S,S*)-3.

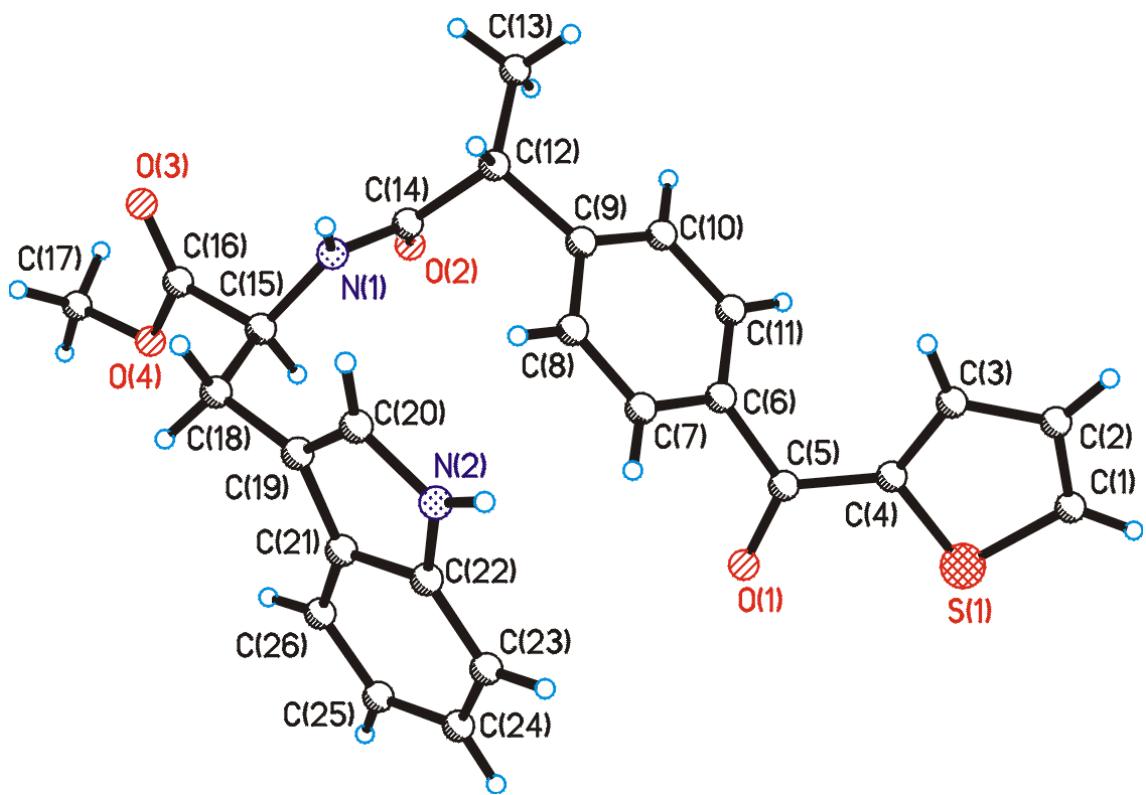
O(1)-C(7)	1.223(3)	C(6)-C(7)	1.489(4)
C(7)-C(8)	1.449(4)	C(11)-C(12)	1.514(4)
C(12)-C(13)	1.524(4)	C(12)-C(14)	1.510(4)
O(2)-C(14)	1.238(3)	N(1)-C(14)	1.333(3)
N(1)-C(15)	1.439(4)	C(15)-C(16)	1.512(4)
C(15)-C(18)	1.535(4)	C(18)-C(19)	1.508(4)
O(1)-C(7)-C(8)	120.0(3)	O(1)-C(7)-C(6)	119.2(3)
C(8)-C(7)-C(6)	120.8(2)	C(14)-C(12)-C(11)	107.6(2)
C(14)-C(12)-C(13)	111.5(2)	C(11)-C(12)-C(13)	112.7(2)
O(2)-C(14)-N(1)	121.9(2)	O(2)-C(14)-C(12)	121.4(2)
N(1)-C(14)-C(12)	116.6(2)	C(14)-N(1)-C(15)	123.7(2)
N(1)-C(15)-C(16)	113.3(2)	N(1)-C(15)-C(18)	110.4(2)
C(16)-C(15)-C(18)	109.0(2)	C(19)-C(18)-C(15)	114.0(2)

Table 3. Selected bond lengths [\AA] and angles [$^\circ$] for (*S,S*)-5.

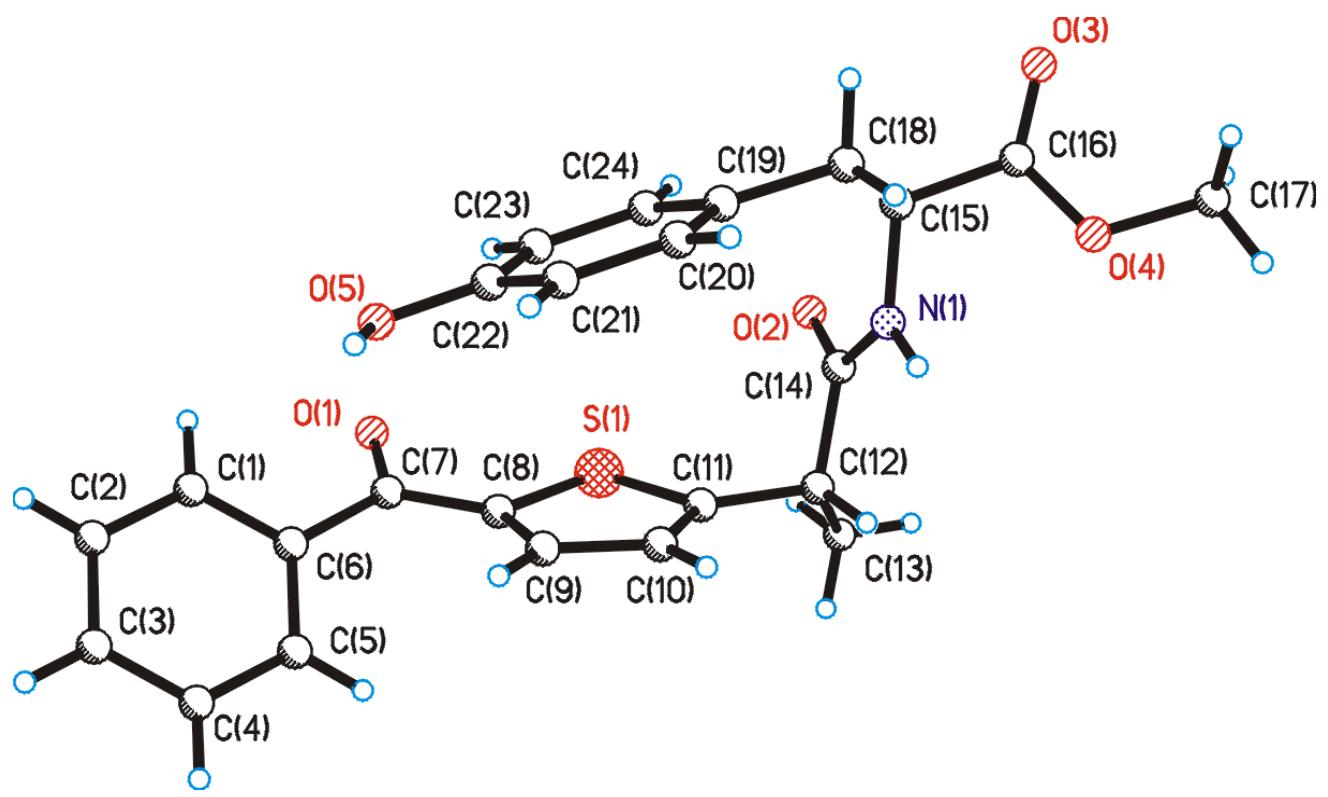
O(1)-C(5)	1.224(5)	C(4)-C(5)	1.454(6)
C(5)-C(6)	1.502(6)	C(9)-C(12)	1.528(6)
C(12)-C(13)	1.539(7)	C(12)-C(14)	1.543(6)
O(2)-C(14)	1.209(5)	N(1)-C(14)	1.334(5)
N(1)-C(15)	1.454(5)	C(15)-C(16)	1.534(6)
C(15)-C(18)	1.520(7)	C(18)-C(19)	1.516(6)
O(1)-C(5)-C(4)	118.5(4)	O(1)-C(5)-C(6)	120.2(4)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	121.3(4)	C(9)-C(12)-C(13)	113.1(4)
C(9)-C(12)-C(14)	107.8(3)	C(13)-C(12)-C(14)	110.1(4)
O(2)-C(14)-N(1)	122.5(4)	O(2)-C(14)-C(12)	123.5(4)
N(1)-C(14)-C(12)	113.9(4)	C(14)-N(1)-C(15)	122.6(3)
N(1)-C(15)-C(18)	114.3(4)	N(1)-C(15)-C(16)	111.7(4)
C(18)-C(15)-C(16)	112.8(4)	C(19)-C(18)-C(15)	112.2(4)

Table 4. Selected bond lengths [\AA] and angles [$^\circ$] for (*R,S*)-5.

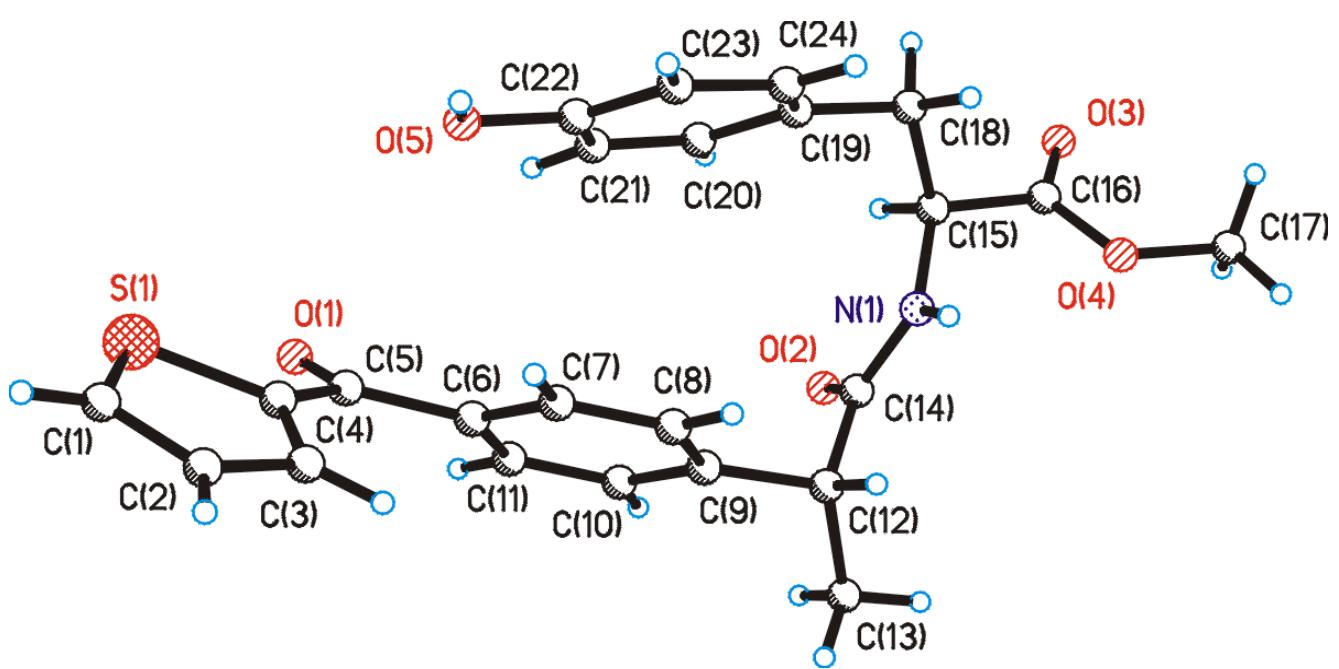
O(1)-C(5)	1.222(3)	C(4)-C(5)	1.466(3)
C(5)-C(6)	1.496(3)	C(9)-C(12)	1.520(3)
C(12)-C(13)	1.530(4)	C(12)-C(14)	1.511(4)
O(2)-C(14)	1.233(3)	N(1)-C(14)	1.334(3)
N(1)-C(15)	1.449(3)	C(15)-C(16)	1.515(3)
C(15)-C(18)	1.533(4)	C(18)-C(19)	1.513(4)
O(1)-C(5)-C(4)	118.9(2)	O(1)-C(5)-C(6)	120.5(2)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	120.6(2)	C(14)-C(12)-C(9)	106.9(2)
C(14)-C(12)-C(13)	111.1(2)	C(9)-C(12)-C(13)	113.0(2)
O(2)-C(14)-N(1)	121.8(2)	O(2)-C(14)-C(12)	121.4(2)
N(1)-C(14)-C(12)	116.6(2)	C(14)-N(1)-C(15)	122.4(2)
N(1)-C(15)-C(16)	114.5(2)	N(1)-C(15)-C(18)	109.8(2)
C(16)-C(15)-C(18)	109.4(2)	C(19)-C(18)-C(15)	114.1(2)



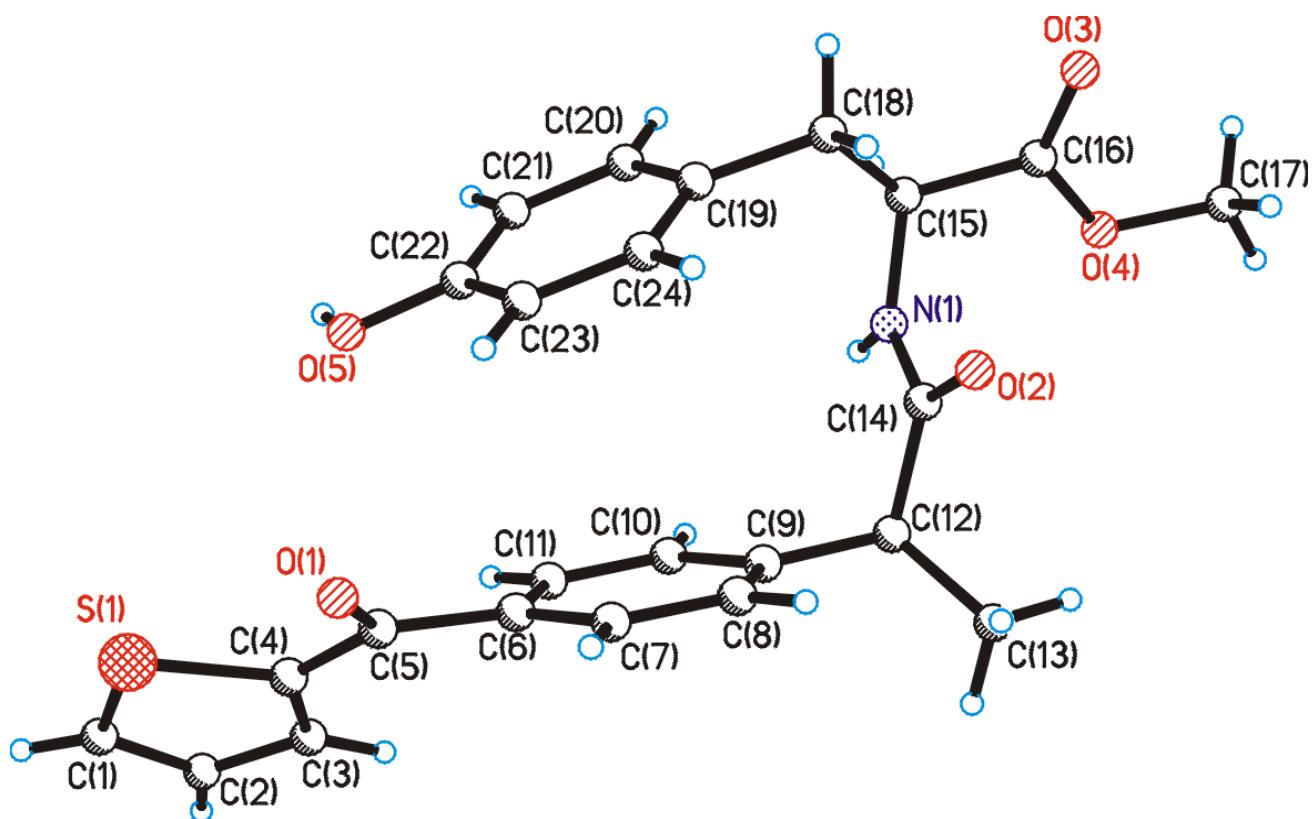
Molecular structure of *(R,S)*-2



Molecular structure of (*S,S*)-3



Molecular structure of (*R,S*)-5



Molecular structure of (*S,S*)-5