Supporting Information

Total Synthesis and Absolute Stereochemistry of Pentenocin B, a Novel Interleukin-1 Converting Enzyme Inhibitor

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General Procedures. NMR spectra were recorded on a 400 MHz or 600 MHz spectrometer. Chemical shifts were reported in the scale relative to tetramethylsilane (TMS) as 0.00 ppm for ¹H (CDCl₃) and residual CHCl₃ (7.26 ppm for ¹H and 77.0 ppm for ¹³C), DMS O (2.49 ppm for ¹H and 39.5 ppm for ¹³C) as internal reference. Mass spectra (MS) were recorded by electron ionization or fast atom bombardment. Melting points were uncorrected. Column chromatography was carried out with silica gel 60 particle size 0.063-0.210 mm. All reactions were stirred magnetically, under an argon atmosphere, unless otherwise noted, and monitored with analytical TLC.

Synthesis of (\pm) -3 : Transformations from (\pm) -7 to (\pm) -3 shown in Scheme 1



To a stirred suspension of dry copper(I) iodide (13.4 g, 70.6 mmol) in THF (205 mL) was added vinylmagnesium bromide (1.0 M in THF, 118 mL, 118 mmol) dropwise over a 30 min . Then, (\pm) -ketodicyclopentadiene (KDP) (7) (5.72 g, 39.2 mmol) in THF period at -78 (25 mL) was added dropwise over a 10 min period to the solution at -35 . The mixture for 30 min, and saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution was added dropwise was stirred at -35to the reaction mixture. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 min and filtered through Celite[®]. The filtrate was extracted with ether, and the organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1:20) to give **8** (6.2 g, 35.7 mmol, 91%) as a colorless oil. **8** : IR (neat): 1730 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.18 (s, 2H), 5.88 (ddd, 1H, J =16.6, 10.5, 7.3 Hz), 4.98 (ddd, 1H, J = 7.1, 1.2, 1.0 Hz), 4.94 (d, 1H, J = 1.2 Hz), 3.19-3.17 (m, 1H), 3.09-3.07 (m, 1H), 2.96 (ddd 1H, J = 9.5, 4.6, 1.5 Hz), 2.79 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.8, 4.6, 4.4 Hz), 2.40-2.33 (m, 1H), 2.26 (dd, 1H, J = 18.3, 8.7 Hz), 2.18 (ddd, 1H, J = 18.1, 8.1, 1.7 Hz), 1.59 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 1.44 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 219.1, 142.2, 136.3, 135.0, 112.8, 54.4, 52.4, 48.5, 47.3, 46.3, 45.9, 40.7; MS (EI) m/z 174 (M ⁺), 66 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₄O 174.1044, found 174.1063.



A mixture of copper(I) chloride (137 mg, 1.38 mmol), palladium(II) chloride (40 mg, 0.23 mmol) in DMF (4 mL) and H₂O (0.4 mL) was stirred under oxygen atmosphere at room temperature for 30 min. To the solution was added 8 (200 mg, 1.15 mmol) in DMF (1.5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 45 for 18 hr and filtered through Celite[®]. The filtrate was extracted with ether, and the organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography concentrated. (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 8) to give the diketone (211 mg, 1.11 mmol, 97%) as a colorless oil. **The diketone** : IR (neat): 1730, 1712 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.23 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 3.2 Hz), 6.20 (dd, 1H, J = 5.4, 2.8 Hz), 3.22-3.20 (m, 1H), 3.19-3.17 (m, 1H), 3.03 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.5, 5.1, 4.2 Hz), 2.96 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.5, 4.4, 1.2 Hz), 2.73 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.5, 6.8, 4.4 Hz), 2.63 (ddd, 1H, J = 18.8, 7.1, 1.8 Hz), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.12 (dd, 1H, J = 18.8, 9.5 Hz), 1.64 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz), 1.50 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 217.7, 207.7, 136.9, 134.0, 54.1, 52.1, 49.4, 46.9, 46.0, 44.3, 42.3, 28.5; MS (EI) *m/z* 190 (M⁺), 66 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₂H₁₄O₂ 190.0993, found 190.1014; Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₄O₂ C, 75.76; H, 7.42. Found: C, 75.82; H, 7.44.

A mixture of the diketone (385 mg, 2.03 mmol), anhydrous *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (404 mg, 2.35 mmol) and 2,3-dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone (DDQ) (460 mg, 2.03 mmol) in dioxane (15 mL) was heated at reflux for 20 hr. To the reaction mixture was added H₂O and filtered through Celite[®]. The filtrate was extracted with EtOAc, and the organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 10) to give **9** (278 mg, 1.48 mmol, 73%) as a colorless crystal.

9 : mp 95-96(recrystallized from hexane); IR (Nujol): 1698, 1672 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃)6.35 (s, 1H), 5.97 (dd, 1H, J = 5.4, 2.9 Hz), 5.71 (dd, 1H, J = 5.1, 2.9 Hz),3.59 (dd, 1H, J = 4.6, 4.6 Hz), 3.24 (brs, 1H), 3.21 (brs, 1H), 2.95 (dd, 1H, J = 5.1, 5.1 Hz),2.40 (s, 3H), 1.76 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz), 1.63 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

209.7, 196.6, 168.0, 138.4, 132.5, 132.2, 52.0, 51.3, 45.4, 44.5, 44.0, 27.3; MS (EI) m/z 188 (M⁺), 66 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₂O₂ 188.0837, found 188.0846; Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₂O₂: C, 76.57; H, 6.43. Found: C, 76.58; H, 6.56.



To a stirred solution of **9** (584 mg, 3.11 mmol) in THF (24 mL) was added a solution of diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBALH) (1.5 M in toluene, 8.3 mL, 12.4 mmol) dropwise at -78. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min, and then quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 min, poured into saturated aqueous potassium sodium tartrate (Rochelle salt) solution, and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 1) to give **10a** (496 mg, 2.58 mmol, 83%) and as a colorless crystal and **10b** (83 mg, 0.43 mmol, 14%) as a colorless crystal.

10a : mp 145-146 (recrystallized from CHCl₃); IR (Nujol): 3270 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.21 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.9 Hz), 5.85 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 3.2 Hz), 5.48 (s, 1H), 4.67 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz), 4.19 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.21 (dd, 1H, J = 8.1, 4.1 Hz), 3.02 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.5, 8.3, 4.1 Hz), 2.95-2.93 (m, 2H), 1.59 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 1.42 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz), 1.31 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 152.2, 134.3, 133.5, 127.8, 75.1, 66.7, 53.2, 52.3, 47.7, 46.6, 44.3, 22.5; MS (EI) m/z 192 (M⁺), 174 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₆O₂ 192.1149, found: 192.1113; Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₆O₂: C, 74.97; H, 8.39. Found: C, 74.68; H, 8.27.

10b : mp 150-151 (recrystallized from CHCl₃); IR (Nujol): 3296 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.21 (dd, 1H, J = 5.4, 2.7 Hz), 5.84 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 3.2 Hz), 5.46 (s, 1H), 4.65 (dd, 1H, J = 9.3, 8.8 Hz), 4.24 (qd, 1H, J = 6.6, 5.4 Hz), 3.36 (dd, 1H, J = 7.8, 4.1 Hz), 3.04-2.99 (m, 2H), 2.93 (brs, 1H), 1.60 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 1.45 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 1.32 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz), 1.23 (d, 1H, J = 9.5 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 152.2, 134.3, 133.5, 127.8, 75.1, 66.7, 53.2, 52.3, 47.7, 46.6, 44.3, 22.5; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 174 (M⁺-H₂O), 156 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₂H₁₄O 174.1044, found 174.1048.; Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₆O₂: C, 74.97; H, 8.39. Found: C, 74.85; H, 8.32.



To a stirred solution of 10a (223 mg, 1.16 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added *N*-bromosuccinimide (248 mg, 1.39 mmol) at -15 . The reaction mixture was stirred at -15under dark for 15 min, quenched by addition of saturated aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ solution and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1:2) to give 22a (240 mg, 0.89 mmol, 76%) as a colorless oil. **22a** : IR (neat): 3390 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.84 (s, 1H), 4.68 (dd, 1H, J =5.6, 2.4 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.36 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.97 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.13 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.8, 5.4, 5.3 Hz), 3.03 (dd, 1H, J = 8.8, 3.9 Hz), 2.72-2.69 (m, 1H), 2.50 (s, 1H), 2.40 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.96 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.33 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 151.4, 127.9, 91.0, 84.9, 66.7, 55.0, 51.8, 50.3, 47.9, 47.2, 40.2, 22.0; MS MHz, CDCl₃) (EI) m/z 191 (M⁺-Br), 43 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₅O₂ 191.1071, found 191.1052.



To a stirred solution of **22a** (130 mg, 0.48 mmol) and ${}^{1}\text{Pr}_{2}\text{NEt}$ (0.50 mL, 2.88 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.6 mL) was added MOMCl (0.11 mL, 1.44 mmol) at 0 . The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 hr, and then poured into water and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 4) to give **11a** (126 mg, 0.40 mmol, 83%) as a colorless oil.

11a : ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.85 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 4.66 (dd, 1H, J = 5.9, 2.4 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.59 (s, 2H), 4.29 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.96 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.12 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.8, 5.6, 5.4 Hz), 3.01 (dd, 1H, J = 8.8, 3.9 Hz), 2.69 (ddd, 1H, J = 5.1, 5.1, 1.2 Hz), 2.50-2.49 (m, 1H), 2.44 (d, 1H, J = 10.7 Hz), 1.95 (dd, 1H, J = 10.7, 1.5 Hz), 1.29 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 148.4, 130.3, 94.2, 91.0, 84.7, 70.5, 55.4, 55.0, 51.3, 50.3, 48.2, 47.1, 40.2, 19.6; MS (EI) m/z 314 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₁₉BrO₃ 314.0517, found 314.0529; Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₉BrO₃: C, 53.35; H, 6.08; Br, 25.35. Found: C, 53.43; H, 6.12; Br, 25.42.



To a stirred solution of **11a** (424 mg, 1.35 mmol) and 4-methylmolpholine *N*-oxide (237 mg, 2.02 mmol) in THF (7.5 mL) and H₂O (2.5 mL) was added OsO₄ (0.197M in THF, 1.37 mL, 0.269 mmol) at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 days, and quenched by addition of saturated aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ solution, and extracted with CHCl₃. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 1) to give the diol (376 mg, 1.08 mmol, 80%) as a colorless oil.

The diol : IR (neat): 3450 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.73 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 4.63 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, J = 4.4 Hz), 4.33 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.22 (d, 1H, J = 3.4 Hz), 3.81(d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 3.68 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.40 (s, 3H), 3.37 (s, 1H), 3.15-3.10 (m, 1H), 2.75 (brs, 2H), 2.51 (dd, 1H, J = 9.5, 3.9 Hz), 2.34 (s, 1H), 2.30 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.70 (d, 1H, J = 10.5 Hz), 1.30 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 95.0, 90.4, 89.4, 86.9, 81.7, 78.1, 56.7, 55.8, 54.7, 48.1, 46.2, 44.7, 37.8, 14.8; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 207 (M ⁺-MOM-OH-Br), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₂H₁₅O₃ 207.1020, found 207.0993.

A mixture of the diol (376 mg, 1.08 mmol), anhydrous *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (19 mg, 0.108 mmol) and 2,2-dimethoxypropane (0.20 mL) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 15 hr. To the reaction mixture was added saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give **12a** (386 mg, 0.99 mmol, 92%) as a colorless crystal.

12a : mp 93 (recrystallized from hexane); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.76 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.57 (s, 1H), 4.56 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.36 (d, 1H, J = 5.9 Hz), 3.68 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.61 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.35 (s, 3H), 3.16 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.3, 5.9, 5.4 Hz), 2.87-2.78 (m, 1H), 2.64 (dd, 1H, J = 9.5, 4.0 Hz), 2.32 (d, 1H, J = 3.2 Hz), 2.28 (d, 1H, J = 10.7 Hz), 1.71 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 3H), 1.29 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 111.1, 95.4, 95.1, 92.2, 90.6, 89.2, 75.0, 56.3, 55.7, 55.0, 48.4, 47.8, 45.1, 37.6, 29.1, 27.2, 15.9; MS (EI) m/z 373 (M⁺-Me), 299 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₂BrO₅ 373.0650, found 373.0626; Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₅BrO₅: C, 52.45; H, 6.47; Br, 20.53. Found: C, 52.25; H, 6.47; Br, 20.81.



A mixture of 12a (100 mg, 0.26 mmol) and activated Zn (230 mg, 3.52 mmol) in MeOH (1.2 for 3.5 hr, and then filtered through Celite[®]. mL) and AcOH (0.12 mL) was stirred at 80 The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography concentrated. (EtOAc-hexane = 1:2) to give the alcohol (80 mg, 0.258 mmol, 100%) as a colorless crystal. The alcohol : mp 71-72 (recrystallized from hexane); IR (Nujol): 3368 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.39 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.9 Hz), 6.07 (dd, 1H, J = 5.4, 2.0 Hz), 4.69 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 4.56 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 4.44 (dd, 1H, J = 9.8, 4.4 Hz), 4.09 (d, 1H, J = 4.4 Hz), 3.80 (q, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.18 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.8, 9.3, 4.4 Hz), 2.91 (s, 1H), 2.84-2.81 (m, 2H), 2.29 (brs, 1H), 1.49-1.48 (m, 1H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.30-1.29 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, 3H, J = 6.1 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 140.0, 132.6, 110.2, 95.0, 93.1, 93.0, 79.7, 74.4, 55.7, 55.5, 51.2, 49.8, 45.1, 44.4, 30.1, 27.6, 15.4; MS (EI) m/z 295 (M⁺-Me), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₃O₅ 295.1544, found 295.1534.

To a stirred solution of the alcohol (269 mg, 0.868 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (4 mL) was added pyridinium dichromate (490 mg, 1.30 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 hr, filtered through Celite[®], and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give **13a** (198 mg, 0.64 mmol, 74%) as a colorless crystal.

13a : mp 79-80 (recrystallized from hexane); IR (Nujol): 1748 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.21 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.9 Hz), 6.15 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.4 Hz), 4.72 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 4.55 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 3.85 (s, 1H), 3.75 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.24 (brs, 1H), 3.20-3.17 (m, 1H), 3.04 (brs, 1H), 2.97 (dd, 1H, J = 8.5, 3.7 Hz), 1.62 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 1.49 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 1.47 (s, 3H), 1.37 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz), 1.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 219.0, 138.4, 133.9, 111.1, 95.0, 90.2, 83.8, 74.8, 55.7, 53.2, 52.0, 48.9, 46.1, 45.0, 29.1, 26.6, 15.0 ; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 308 (M⁺), 153 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₄O₅ 308.1622, found 308.1646; Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₄O₅: C, 66.21; H, 7.84. Found: C, 66.07; H, 7.70.



A mixture of **13a** (70 mg, 0.227 mmol) in Ph_2O (1 mL) was heated at reflux for 15 min. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was directly purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 4) to give **14a** (51 mg, 0.211 mmol, 93%) as a colorless oil.

14a : IR (neat): 1728 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.56 (d, 1H, J = 5.9 Hz), 6.27 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.71 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.63 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 4.28 (s, 1H), 4.05 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.35 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 3H), 1.23 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 204.0, 161.8, 134.1, 115.6, 95.3, 90.9, 78.4, 73.9, 55.7, 28.3, 28.2, 15.8; MS (EI) m/z 227 (M⁺-Me), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₁₅O₅ 227.0919, found 227.0917.



A mixture of **14a** (40 mg, 0.165 mmol), trifluoroacetic acid (0.3 mL) and H₂O (0.03 mL) was stirred at 0 for 2 hr. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-MeOH = 9 : 1) to give (\pm)-**3** (7.8 mg, 0.049 mmol, 30%) as a colorless resin.

(±)-**3** : IR (neat): 3386, 1678 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) 7.48 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 6.15 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 5.32 (d, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 4.90 (s, 1H), 4.83 (d, 1H, J = 5.1 Hz), 3.91 (d, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 3.69 (qd, 1H, J = 6.3, 5.6 Hz), 1.12 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) 208.1, 165.3, 131.6, 78.8, 70.7, 69.2, 18.0; MS (FAB) m/z 159 (MH⁺), 191 (M+Na⁺).

Synthesis of (±)-4 : Transformations from 10b to (±)-4 shown in Scheme 1

All the reactions were conducted as described above as those for 10a to (\pm) -3.



The minor bromoether : 98% yield; mp 81-82 (recrystallized from CH₂Cl₂-hexane); IR (Nujor): 3418 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.82 (s, 1H), 4.67 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.4 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, J = 4.6 Hz), 4.35 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.97 (d, 1H, J = 1.7 Hz), 3.13-3.07 (m, 2H), 2.70 (dd, 1H, J = 4.9, 4.6 Hz), 2.52 (s, 1H), 2.44 (d, 1H, J = 10.7 Hz), 2.04 (s, 1H), 1.96 (d, 1H, J = 10.7 Hz), 1.34 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 150.9, 128.2, 91.0, 84.8, 66.3, 55.1, 51.5, 50.3, 48.0, 47.3, 40.1, 22.0; MS (EI) m/z 270 (M⁺), 191 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₅O₂ 191.1071, found 191.1045; Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₅BrO₂: C, 53.15; H, 5.58; Br, 29.47. Found: C, 53.05; H, 5.49; Br, 29.26.

11b : 92% yield; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.83 (s, 1H), 4.67-4.60 (m, 4H), 4.27 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.94 (s, 1H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.14-3.09 (m, 1H), 3.06 (dd, 1H, J = 8.5, 3.7 Hz), 2.70 (dd, 1H, J = 5.1, 4.9 Hz), 2.50 (m, 1H), 2.43 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.95 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.31 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 148.5, 129.5, 94.4, 90.9, 84.8, 70.4, 55.5, 55.2, 51.5, 50.2, 48.0, 47.3, 40.1, 19.5; MS (EI) m/z 314 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₁₉BrO₃ 314.0517, found 314.0517.



The diol : 95% yield; mp 134-135 (recrystallized from CH₂Cl₂-hexane); IR (Nujor): 3430 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.77 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.66 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.58 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.33 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.08 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.94 (s, 1H), 3.67 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.46 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.17 (s, 1H), 3.13-3.08 (m, 1H), 2.73 (dd, 1H, J = 5.4, 5.1 Hz), 2.61 (dd, 1H, J = 9.5, 3.7 Hz), 2.55 (s, 1H), 2.27 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.68 (d, 1H, J = 10.7 Hz), 1.30 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 95.1, 91.8, 89.1, 83.2, 82.4, 75.5, 56.7, 56.1, 55.4, 48.0, 46.0, 45.2, 37.6, 14.6; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 348 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₂H₁₅O₃ 207.1020, found 207.1028.; Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₂₁BrO₅: C, 48.15; H, 6.06; Br, 22.88. Found: C, 47.85; H, 5.99; Br, 22.85.

12b : 97% yield; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.79 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.65 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.54-4.53 (m, 1H), 4.53 (s, 1H), 4.36 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.16 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.80 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.15-3.09 (m, 1H), 2.76-2.73 (m, 2H), 2.54 (d, 1H, J = 2.9 Hz), 2.26 (d, 1H, J = 10.7 Hz), 1.66 (d, 1H, J = 10.7 Hz), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.36 (s, 3H), 1.29 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 110.2, 95.6, 94.6, 91.4, 89.8, 88.9, 74.2, 56.5, 56.1, 54.0, 47.9, 47.5, 45.7, 37.7, 29.3, 28.5, 15.5; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 373 (M⁺-Me), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₂BrO₅ 373.0650, found 373.0657; Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₅BrO₅: C, 52.45; H, 6.47; Br, 20.53. Found: C, 52.39; H, 6.18; Br, 20.23.



(recrystallized from hexane); IR (Nujol): 3464 cm⁻¹; The alcohol : 96% yield; mp 65-66 6.29 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.4, 3.2 Hz), 6.10 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.1, 2.9 Hz), ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.77 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 4.67 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.42 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.5, 6.8, 3.2 Hz), 4.00 (d, 2Hz), 41H, J = 3.2 Hz), 3.80 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.18 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.5, 9.5, 4.4 Hz), 3.15 (s, 1H), 3.07 (dd, 1H, J = 9.5, 3.7 Hz), 2.88-2.87 (m, 1H), 1.51 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 1.47 (s, 3H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.35 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 1.32 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, 137.1, 135.2, 110.0, 95.7, 94.4, 92.8, 78.7, 74.9, 56.0, 53.2, 50.0, 45.6, 44.2, 29.2, CDCl₃) 28.5, 15.5; MS (EI) *m/z* 310 (M⁺), 155 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₆O₅ 310.1779, found 310.1760; Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₆O₅: C, 65.78; H, 8.44. Found: C, 65.57; H, 8.25. (recrystallized from hexane); IR (Nujol): 1745 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR 13b : 93% yield; mp 49-50 6.12 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.9 Hz), 6.07 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.2 Hz), 4.77 (d, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.2 Hz), 4.77 (d, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.9 Hz), 4.77 (d, 2Hz), 4.77(400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.66 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 3.82 (s, 1H), 3.81 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.41 (s, 3H), 3.28 (brs, 1H), 3.17 (s, 1H), 3.17-3.10 (m, 2H), 1.62 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz), 1.48 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.40 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz), 1.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 218.9, 136.4, 136.0, 110.3, 95.6, 89.6, 82.3, 73.6, 55.8, 52.7, 52.5, 46.7, 45.4, 45.1, 28.8, 28.5, 14.7; MS (EI) *m/z* 308 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₄O₅ 308.1622, found 308.1588; Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₄O₅: C, 66.21; H, 7.84. Found: C, 65.94; H, 7.75.



14b : 85% yield; IR (neat): 1722 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)7.61 (d, 1H, J = 5.9Hz), 6.27 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.73 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 4.63 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 4.28 (s, 1H),3.97 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.36 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.30 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz);

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 203.4, 160.1, 134.1, 115.7, 95.4, 90.9, 79.8, 74.5, 55.8, 28.22, 28.19, 15.7; MS (EI) m/z 242 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₈O₅ 242.1153, found 242.1181; Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₈O₅: C, 59.49; H, 7.49. Found: C, 59.36; H, 7.28



(±)-4 : 32% yield; IR (neat): 3410, 1716 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) 7.58 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 6.20 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 5.44 (brs, 1H), 4.82 (brs, 2H), 3.90 (s, 1H), 3.65 (q, 1H, J = 5.9 Hz), 1.14 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) 207.3, 162.0, 132.8, 79.0, 72.7, 68.7, 17.7; MS (FAB) m/z 159 (MH⁺)

<u>Synthesis of (\pm) -5</u> : Transformations from 10a,b to (\pm) -5 shown in scheme 2



To a stirred solution of (\pm) -**10a,b** (1.5 g, 7.81 mmol) in THF (50 mL) was added *N*-bromosuccinimide (1.7 g, 9.55 mmol) at -15, and the mixture was stirred at -15 under dark for 15 min. The reaction was then quenched by addition of saturated aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ solution, and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give the bromoether as a colorless oil. To a stirred solution of the bromoether in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) was added MnO₂ (15 g, 172 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hr, filtered through Celite[®], and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give **15** (1.54 g, 5.73 mmol, 73% for two steps) as a colorless crystal.

15 : mp 92-93 (recrystallized from hexane); IR (Nujor): 1666 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.75 (d, 1H, J = 2.4 Hz), 4.81 (dd, 1H, J = 5.9, 2.4 Hz), 4.64 (d, 1H, J = 5.1 Hz), 3.78 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.34 (dd, 1H, J = 9.0, 4.1 Hz), 3.16 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.8, 5.6, 5.4 Hz), 2.77-2.74 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.63 (m, 1H), 2.43 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.03-2.00 (m, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 196.5, 146.1, 143.2, 91.4, 84.6, 54.3, 50.8, 49.4, 47.4, 47.2, 40.2, 26.8; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 268 (M⁺), 43 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₂H₁₃BrO₂ 268.0099, found 268.0077; Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₃BrO₂: C, 53.55; H, 4.87; Br, 29.69. Found: C, 53.40; H, 4.84; Br, 29.85.



To a stirred solution of **15** (802 mg, 2.99 mmol) and hydrogen peroxide (30% in H₂O, 1.15 mL, 11.9 mmol) in MeOH (15 mL) was added benzyltrimethylammonium hydroxide (40% in MeOH, 0.678 mL, 1.49 mmol) at 0 . The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 for 15 min, quenched by addition of saturated aqueous $Na_2S_2O_3$ solution and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give **16** (824 mg, 2.90 mmol, 97%) as a colorless crystal.

16 : mp 86-87 (recrystallized from hexane); IR (Nujor): 1691 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.60 (d, 1H, J = 4.4 Hz), 4.55 (d, 1H, J = 5.4 Hz), 3.84 (s, 1H), 3.62 (d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 3.03 (brs, 1H), 2.80 (dd, 1H, J = 8.8, 4.1 Hz), 2.77-2.74 (m, 1H), 2.65-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.25 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.70 (d, 1H, J = 11.2 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 203.8, 90.1, 81.9, 67.5, 64.9, 54.9, 47.2, 46.5, 46.1, 46.0, 37.0, 25.3; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 284 (M⁺), 123 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₂H₁₃BrO₃ 284.0048, found 284.0051; Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₃BrO₃: C, 50.55; H, 4.60; Br, 28.02. Found: C, 50.36; H, 4.54; Br, 27.99.



A mixture of **16** (209 mg, 0.73 mmol) and hydrazine monohydrate (0.18 mL, 3.65 mmol) in THF (1.5 mL) and MeOH (1.5 mL) was stirred at reflux for 2.5 hr. The reaction mixture was poured into H₂O, and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give **17a,b** (189 mg, 0.7 mmol, 95%) as a colorless oil.

17a,b : ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.93 (qd, 0.54H, J = 6.8, 2.4 Hz), 5.71 (q, 0.46H, J = 5.7 Hz), 4.68 (s, 0.46H), 4.51 (d, 0.54H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.51 (s, 0.46H), 4.36 (s, 0.54H), 4.20 (d, 0.46H, J = 4.6 Hz), 4.15 (d, 0.54H, J = 4.4 Hz), 3.70 (d, 0.46H, J = 2.0 Hz), 3.66 (d, 0.54H, J = 1.7 Hz), 3.39-3.27 (m, 1H), 3.14 (ddd, 0.54H, J = 5.1, 5.1, 4.6 Hz), 3.07 (ddd, 0.46H, J = 5.4, 5.1, 4.6 Hz), 2.84-2.81 (m, 1H), 2.62 (d, 0.54H, J = 3.9 Hz), 2.43 (d, 0.46H, J = 3.9 Hz), 2.32 (d, 0.54H, J = 11.0 Hz), 2.30 (d, 0.46H, J = 11.2 Hz), 1.88-1.81 (m, 1H), 1.82 (dd, 1.38H, J = 7.1, 2.0 Hz), 1.73 (dd, 1.62H, J = 6.8, 1.5 Hz)



To a stirred solution of **17a,b** (487 mg, 1.80 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was added Dess-Martin periodinane (1.14 g, 2.69 mmol) at 0 . The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hr, and the reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous $Na_2S_2O_3$ solution. The mixture was extracted with ether, and the organic extract was washed with saturated aqueous $NaHCO_3$ solution, brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give **18a** (221 mg, 0.82 mmol, 46%) as a colorless crystal and **18b** (167 mg, 0.62 mmol, 35%) as a colorless crystal. **18a** : mp 137-140 ; IR (Nujor): 1718 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.92 (qdd, 1H, J = 7.3, 2.2, 2.0 Hz), 4.66 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.11 (dd, 1H, J = 5.4, 2.0 Hz), 3.56 (d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 3.39-3.36 (m, 1H), 2.99-2.97 (m, 1H), 2.92 (ddd, 1H, J = 10.0, 5.1, 4.9 Hz), 2.68 (d, 1H, J = 3.9 Hz), 2.40 (d, 1H, J = 11.2 Hz), 1.95-1.91 (m, 4H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

196.5, 146.1, 143.2, 91.4, 84.6, 54.3, 50.8, 49.4, 47.4, 47.2, 40.2, 26.8; MS (EI) m/z 268 (M⁺), 189 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₃BrO₂ 268.0099, found 268.0081. **18b** : mp 88-90 ; IR (Nujor): 1712 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.36 (qd, 1H, J = 7.3, 1.7 Hz), 4.66 (d, 1H, J = 4.6 Hz), 4.03 (d, 1H, J = 5.4 Hz), 3.68 (d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 3.28-3.24 (m, 1H), 2.95-2.93 (m, 1H), 2.90-2.85 (m, 1H), 2.56 (s, 1H), 2.36 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 2.21 (dd, 1H, J = 7.3, 1.5 Hz), 1.88 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

204.3, 142.4, 134.2, 90.0, 83.9, 54.6, 48.7, 48.6, 47.2, 42.4, 37.2, 15.1; MS (EI) m/z 268 (M⁺), 189 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₃BrO₂ 268.0099, found 268.0080.



To a stirred solution of **18a** (221 mg, 0.82 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added a solution of diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBALH) (1.5 M in toluene, 0.66 mL, 0.99 mmol) dropwise at -78 . After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution. The mixture was warmed to room temperature, and stirred for 20 min, and poured into saturated aqueous potassium sodium tartrate (Rochelle salt) solution. The mixture was extracted with ether, and the organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give the *endo*-allyl alcohol (210 mg, 0.78 mmol, 94%) as a colorless crystal.

The *endo*-allyl alcohol : mp 93-94 ; IR (Nujor): 3284 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.81 (qdd, 1H, J = 7.1, 2.7, 2.4 Hz), 4.54 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.33-4.30 (m, 1H), 4.24 (dd, 1H, J = 4.2, 4.1 Hz), 3.72 (d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 3.09-3.07 (m, 1H), 2.90-2.87 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.68 (m, 2H), 2.33 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 2.31 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.78 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.71 (ddd, 3H, J = 7.1, 2.4, 1.7 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 141.7, 122.6, 88.7, 83.8, 78.9, 56.1, 47.2, 45.5, 45.4, 45.0, 37.4, 14.9; MS (EI) *m/z* 270 (M⁺), 191 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₂H₁₅BrO₂ 270.0255, found 270.0267.

To a stirred solution of the *endo*-(*E*)-allyl alcohol (210 mg, 0.78mmol) and ${}^{1}\text{Pr}_{2}\text{NEt}$ (0.68 mL, 3.88 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (6 mL) was added MOMCl (0.18 mL, 2.33 mmol) at 0 . After stirring the mixture for 10 hr at room temperature, the mixture was poured into water and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography

(EtOAc-hexane = 1:4) to give **19a** (223 mg, 0.71 mmol, 91%) as a colorless oil.

19a : ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.76 (qdd, 1H, J = 6.8, 2.7, 2.4 Hz), 4.82 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.74 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.54 (d, 1H, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.36 (dd, 1H, J = 4.1, 3.7 Hz), 4.29 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.85 (d, 1H, J = 1.2 Hz), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.05-3.03 (m, 1H), 2.86-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.31 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.77 (dd, 1H, J = 11.0, 0.7 Hz), 1.72 (ddd, 3H, J = 7.1, 2.4, 1.5 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 138.3, 121.7, 96.4, 89.1, 83.7, 82.2, 56.0, 55.6, 46.7, 45.6, 45.5, 44.6, 37.3, 14.7; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 314 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₄H₁₉BrO₃ 314.0517, found 314.0507.



To a stirred solution of **19a** (223 mg, 0.71 mmol) and 4-methylmolpholine *N*-oxide (249 mg, 2.13 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) and H₂O (2.5 mL) was added OsO₄ (0.197M in THF, 1.08 mL, 0.21 mmol) at room temperature, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 9 hr. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ solution and extracted with CHCl₃. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 1) to give the diol (246 mg, 0.71 mmol, 100%) as a colorless crystal.

The diol : mp 93-94 ; IR (Nujor): 3432 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.75 (d, 1H, J = 5.9 Hz), 4.69 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.66 (dd, 1H, J = 6.1, 5.1 Hz), 4.61 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.31 (d, 1H, J = 2.4 Hz), 4.10 (qd, 1H, J = 6.6, 2.9 Hz), 4.05 (dd, 1H, J = 6.3, 1.2 Hz), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.22 (d, 1H, J = 2.4 Hz), 3.15 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.3, 6.1, 5.9 Hz), 2.82-2.80 (m, 1H), 2.71 (s, 1H), 2.39 (brs, 1H), 2.25 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 2.25-2.22 (m, 1H), 1.66 (dd, 1H, J = 11.0, 1.5 Hz), 1.25 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 96.7, 89.7, 88.5, 85.0, 82.6, 67.7, 56.5, 55.1, 53.0, 48.4, 47.8, 44.9, 37.9, 16.4; MS (EI) *m/z* 349 (M⁺+H), 163 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₄H₂₂BrO₅ 349.0650, found 349.0651.

A mixture of the diol (246 mg, 0.71 mmol), 2,2-dimethoxypropane (0.44 mL, 3.54 mmol) and *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (12 mg, 0.070 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hr. To the reaction mixture was added saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give **20a** (233 mg, 0.60 mmol, 85%) as a colorless crystal. **20a** : mp 59-60 ; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.71 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 4.65 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 4.60 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 4.55 (q, 1H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 4.24 (d, 1H, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 4.20 (dd, 1H, *J* = 6.3, 1.2 Hz), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.08 (ddd, 1H, *J* = 9.3, 6.1, 5.9 Hz), 2.78 (ddd, 1H, J = 5.9, 4.4, 1.2 Hz), 2.66 (d, 1H, J = 3.4 Hz), 2.49 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.3, 3.9, 1.0 Hz), 2.24 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.64 (dd, 1H, J = 10.7, 1.5 Hz), 1.44 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 107.4, 95.6, 92.6, 89.9, 85.3, 82.5, 74.0, 56.0, 55.1, 53.1, 48.7, 47.2, 46.1, 37.7, 29.2, 26.8, 17.7; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 388 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₅BrO₅ 388.0884, found 388.0872.



A mixture of **20a** (233 mg, 0.60 mmol), activated Zn (1.18 g, 18 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) and AcOH (0.6 mL) was stired at 50 for 3 hr, and filtered through Celite[®]. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give the alcohol (162 mg, 0.52 mmol, 87%) as a colorless oil.

The alcohol : IR (neat): 3488 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.02 (dd, 1H, J = 5.4, 2.9 Hz), 5.83 (dd, 1H, J = 5.4, 2.7 Hz), 4.66 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.57 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.42 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.5, 9.3, 7.1 Hz), 4.35 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.78 (d, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 3.40 (s, 3H), 3.14 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.3, 9.0, 4.2 Hz), 3.09 (s, 1H), 2.94 (s, 1H), 2.78 (dd, 1H, J = 8.8, 3.9 Hz), 2.23 (d, 1H, J = 9.3 Hz), 1.49-1.45 (m, 1H), 1.49 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.30 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 135.7, 133.8, 107.9, 98.7, 92.0, 86.7, 74.5, 71.1, 56.5, 53.9, 52.9, 50.4, 46.0, 44.0, 30.0, 28.0, 19.1; MS (EI) m/z 310 (M ⁺), 86 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₆O₅ 310.1779, found 310.1797.

To a stirred solution of the alcohol (162 mg, 0.52 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (3 mL) was added pyridinium dichromate (786 mg, 2.09 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 hr, filtered through Celite[®], and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give **21a** (144 mg, 0.47 mmol, 89%) as a colorless crystal.

21a : mp 73-74 ; IR (Nujor): 1734 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.98 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.7 Hz), 5.87 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.7 Hz), 4.82 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.52 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 4.49 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.63 (s,1H), 3.39-3.34 (m, 1H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.20-3.15 (m, 2H), 3.07 (dd, 1H, J = 8.3, 3.7 Hz), 1.56 (d, 3H, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.55-1.53 (m, 1H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.40-1.37 (m, 1H), 1.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 218.2, 136.0, 133.6, 108.3, 95.2, 89.0, 80.9, 73.8, 55.8, 53.4, 52.8, 50.0, 46.4, 45.1, 29.8, 27.2, 18.7; MS (EI) *m/z* 308 (M ⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₄O₅ 308.1622, found 308.1600.



A mixture of **21a** (28 mg, 0.09 mmol) in Ph_2O (0.2 mL) was heated at reflux for 15 min. After cooling at room temperature, the reaction mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give the enone (22 mg, 0.09 mmol, 100%) as a colorless oil.

The enone : IR (neat): 1731 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.29 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 6.29 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 5.06 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.82 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 4.55 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 4.47 (s,1H), 3.49 (s, 3H), 1.54 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 3H), 1.08 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 201.7, 159.4, 132.6, 108.3, 96.7, 88.6, 78.7, 73.6, 56.0, 28.6, 26.3, 15.4; MS (EI) m/z 242 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₈O₅ 242.1153, found 242.1158.

A mixture of the enone (22 mg, 0.09mmol), trifluoroacetic acid (0.2 mL) and H₂O (0.02 mL) was stirred at 0 for 3 hr. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-MeOH = 9 : 1) to give (\pm)-5 (4.8 mg, 0.03 mmol, 35%) as a light yellow oil.

(±)-**5** : IR (neat): 3386, 1720 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) 7.29 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 6.28 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 5.91 (d, 1H), 5.41 (s, 1H), 4.65 (d, 1H, J = 4.4 Hz), 4.04 (d, 1H, J = 5.9 Hz), 3.77 (qd, 1H, J = 6.3, 4.6 Hz), 0.79 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) 203.9, 161.3, 131.4, 82.4, 81.3, 69.6, 18.4

Synthesis of (±)-6 : Transformations from 10b to (±)-6 shown in Scheme 2

The reactions were conducted as described above as those for 18a to $(\pm)-5$.



The *endo*-(*Z*)-Allyl alcohol : 75% yield; mp 65-66 ; IR (Nujor): 3468 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.66 (qdd, 1H, J = 7.1, 2.4, 2.0 Hz), 4.64-4.60 (m, 1H), 4.57 (d, 1H, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.31 (dd, 1H, J = 4.9, 4.6 Hz), 3.81 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.01-2.98 (m, 1H), 2.90 (ddd, 1H, J = 5.1, 4.9, 1.2 Hz), 2.69 (ddd, 1H, J = 10.0, 5.1, 4.9 Hz), 2.62 (d, 1H, J = 10.5 Hz), 2.44 (d, 1H, J = 4.1 Hz), 2.27 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.85 (ddd, 3H, J = 7.1, 2.0, 1.7 Hz), 1.75 (dd, 1H, J = 11.0, 1.5 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 140.7, 125.8, 88.5, 84.4, 77.4, 56.3, 49.2, 48.4, 47.9, 44.6, 37.1, 13.9; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 270 (M⁺), 191 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₂H₁₅BrO₂ 270.0255, found 270.0269.

19b : 98% yield; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.67-5.61 (m, 1H), 4.81 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.76 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.56-4.55 (m, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 4.43 (dd, 1H, J = 4.6, 4.4 Hz), 3.98 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.47 (s, 3H), 2.97-2.94 (m, 1H), 2.85 (ddd, 1H, J = 5.1, 4.9, 1.2 Hz), 2.66 (ddd, 1H, J = 10.0, 5.1, 4.9 Hz), 2.47 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 2.27 (d, 1H, J = 10.7 Hz), 1.80 (ddd, 3H, J = 7.1, 2.0, 1.7 Hz), 1.74-1.71 (m, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 138.0, 124.9, 96.2, 88.9, 82.93, 82.88, 56.3, 56.1, 48.4, 48.0, 47.8, 45.0, 37.2, 13.7; MS (EI) *m/z* 314 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₄H₁₉BrO₃ 314.0517, found 314.0507.



The diol : 100% yield; mp 121-122 ; IR (Nujor): 3412 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.69 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.67 (dd, 1H, J = 6.3, 6.1 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.61 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.43 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.99-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.09 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.3, 6.1, 5.9 Hz), 2.82-2.79 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.62 (m, 1H), 2.36 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.3, 3.9, 1.2 Hz), 2.26 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.85-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.64 (m, 2H), 1.35 (d, 3H, J = 6.1Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 96.4, 89.8, 85.5, 85.2, 83.8, 69.5, 58.2, 57.1, 53.5, 48.1, 47.3, 45.5, 37.8, 18.0; MS (EI) m/z 349 (M⁺+H), 163 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₂₂BrO₅ 349.0650, found 349.0633. **20b** : 91% yield; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.67 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.65 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.62-4.59 (m, 2H), 4.48 (dd, 1H, J = 6.6, 1.2 Hz), 4.32 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 4.26 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.45 (s, 3H), 2.99 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.3, 5.9, 5.9 Hz), 2.82 (ddd, 1H, J = 5.4, 5.1, 1.2 Hz), 2.48-2.47 (m, 1H), 2.40 (dd, 1H, J = 9.5, 4.2 Hz), 2.27 (d, 1H, J = 10.7 Hz), 1.66-1.63 (m, 1H), 1.62 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 106.9, 95.2, 90.3, 89.4, 85.9, 83.2, 76.7, 56.9, 56.1, 53.3, 47.8, 46.5, 44.9, 37.5, 28.0, 26.9, 15.4; MS (EI) *m*/*z* 388 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₅BrO₅ 388.0884, found 388.0860.



The alcohol : 82% yield; IR (neat): 3498 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.15 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.7 Hz), 5.90 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.9 Hz), 4.68 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.61 (d, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.29 (ddd, 1H, J = 7.1, 5.6, 5.1 Hz), 4.22 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.89 (d, 1H, J = 5.6 Hz), 3.41 (s, 3H), 2.97-2.92 (m, 3H), 2.83 (dd, 1H, J = 9.9, 3.8 Hz), 2.20 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 1.54-1.51 (m, 1H), 1.44 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 1.34 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 137.3, 132.5, 105.9, 98.6, 90.4, 90.1, 76.3, 71.3, 56.2, 55.3, 54.0, 47.3, 44.4, 44.2, 28.3, 26.6, 16.8; MS (EI) *m/z* 310 (M⁺), 86 (100%); HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₆O₅ 310.1779, found 310.1793.

21b : 43% yield; mp 68-70 ; IR (Nujor): 1758 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.21 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 3.2 Hz), 6.01 (dd, 1H, J = 5.9, 2.8 Hz), 4.76 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 4.72 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.59 (s, 1H), 4.11 (q, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.28-3.27 (m, 2H), 3.21 (brs, 1H), 3.12 (brs, 1H), 1.64 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.3, 1.7, 1.7 Hz), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.40 (d, 3H, J = 8.1 Hz), 1.33 (d, 3H, J = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 209.8, 136.5, 134.8, 106.0, 96.2, 88.3, 86.5, 77.0, 56.0, 52.9, 50.0, 49.6, 44.6, 42.2, 27.2, 25.6, 15.5; MS (EI) m/z 308 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₄O₅ 308.1622, found 308.1613.



The enone : 61% yield; IR (neat): 1728 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.12 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 6.27 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.97 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 4.88 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.41 (s, 1H), 4.25 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.52 (s, 3H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.36 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz);

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 200.8, 157.8, 132.8, 109.0, 97.1, 86.9, 85.8, 77.0, 56.4, 27.2, 25.9, 12.0; MS (EI) m/z 242 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₈O₅ 242.1153, found 242.1144.

(±)-6 : IR (neat) : 56% yield; 3406, 1680 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) 7.24 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 6.27 (d, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 5.63 (s, 1H), 5.30 (d, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 4.30 (d, 1H, J = 5.6 Hz), 3.90 (d, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 3.80 (qd, 1H, J = 6.3, 6.1 Hz), 1.09 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) 202.9, 158.9, 132.4, 82.7, 82.3, 67.8, 18.2

Synthesis of (+)-3 : Transformations from (-)-7 to (+)-3 shown in Scheme 3



To a stirred suspension of dry copper(I) iodide (1.64 g, 8.64 mmol) in THF (25 mL) was added vinylmagnesium bromide (1.0 M in THF, 14.4 mL, 14.4 mmol) dropwise over a 30 min period at -78 . Then, (-)-ketodicyclopentadiene (KDP) (7) (0.7 g, 4.79 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was added dropwise over a 10 min period to the solution at -35 . The mixture was stirred at -35 for 30 min, and saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution was added dropwise to the reaction mixture. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 min and filtered through Celite[®]. The filtrate was extracted with ether, and the organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 20) to give (-)-**8** (759 mg, 4.36 mmol, 91%) as a colorless oil.

(-)-**8** : []_D²⁹ –138.5° (*c* 0.74, CHCl₃); IR (neat): 1730 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.18 (s, 2H), 5.88 (ddd, 1H, J = 16.6, 10.5, 7.3 Hz), 4.98 (ddd, 1H, J = 7.1, 1.2, 1.0 Hz), 4.94 (d, 1H, J = 1.2 Hz), 3.19-3.17 (m, 1H), 3.09-3.07 (m, 1H), 2.96 (ddd 1H, J = 9.5, 4.6, 1.5 Hz), 2.79 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.8, 4.6, 4.4 Hz), 2.40-2.33 (m, 1H), 2.26 (dd, 1H, J = 18.3, 8.7 Hz), 2.18 (ddd, 1H, J = 18.1, 8.1, 1.7 Hz), 1.59 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 1.44 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 219.1, 142.2, 136.3, 135.0, 112.8, 54.4, 52.4, 48.5, 47.3, 46.3, 45.9, 40.7; MS (EI) m/z 174 (M⁺), 66 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₄O 174.1044, found 174.1063.



A mixture of copper(I) chloride (31.4 mg, 0.317 mmol), palladium(II) chloride (9.4 mg, 0.053 mmol) in DMF (1 mL) and H₂O (0.1 mL) was stirred under oxygen atmosphere at room temperature for 30 min. To the solution was added (-)-**8** (46 mg, 0.264 mmol) in DMF (1 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 for 10 hr and filtered through Celite[®]. The filtrate was extracted with ether, and the organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 8) to give the diketone (42 mg, 0.221 mmol, 84%) as a colorless oil.

The diketone : $[]_D^{22} -106.2^\circ$ (*c* 0.48, CHCl₃); IR (neat): 1730, 1712 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.23 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.6, 3.2 Hz), 6.20 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.4, 2.8 Hz), 3.22-3.20 (m, 1H), 3.19-3.17 (m, 1H), 3.03 (ddd, 1H, *J* = 9.5, 5.1, 4.2 Hz), 2.96 (ddd, 1H, *J* = 9.5, 4.4, 1.2 Hz), 2.73 (ddd, 1H, *J* = 9.5, 6.8, 4.4 Hz), 2.63 (ddd, 1H, *J* = 18.8, 7.1, 1.8 Hz), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.12 (dd, 1H, *J* = 18.8, 9.5 Hz), 1.64 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 1.50 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.5 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 217.7, 207.7, 136.9, 134.0, 54.1, 52.1, 49.4, 46.9, 46.0, 44.3, 42.3, 28.5; MS (EI) m/z 190 (M⁺), 66 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₄O₂ 190.0993, found 190.1014. Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₄O₂: C, 75.76; H, 7.42. Found: C, 75.82; H, 7.44.

A mixture of the diketone (75 mg, 0.395 mmol), anhydrous *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (79 mg, 0.459 mmol) and 2,3-dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone (DDQ) (161 mg, 0.711 mmol) in dioxane (3 mL) was heated at reflux for 20 hr. To the reaction mixture was added H₂O and filtered through Celite[®]. The filtrate was extracted with EtOAc, and the organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 10) to give (+)-**9** (54 mg, 0.287 mmol, 73%) as a colorless crystal.

(+)-**9** : mp 95-96 (recrystallized from hexane); $[]_{D}^{23} + 22.1^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.40, CHCl₃); IR (Nujol): 1698, 1672 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.35 (s, 1H), 5.97 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.4, 2.9 Hz), 5.71 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.1, 2.9 Hz), 3.59 (dd, 1H, *J* = 4.6, 4.6 Hz), 3.24 (brs, 1H), 3.21 (brs, 1H), 2.95 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.1, 5.1 Hz), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.76 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 1.63 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 209.7, 196.6, 168.0, 138.4, 132.5, 132.2, 52.0, 51.3, 45.4, 44.5, 44.0, 27.3; MS (EI) m/z 188 (M⁺), 66 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₂O₂ 188.0837. found 188.0846. Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₂O₂: C, 76.57; H, 6.43. Found: C, 76.58; H, 6.56.



To a stirred solution of (+)-9 (1.69 g, 8.99 mmol) in THF (45 mL) was added a solution of diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBALH) (1.5 M in toluene, 13.2 mL, 19.8 mmol) dropwise at -78. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min, and then quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution. After stirring for 20 min at room temperature, the mixture was poured into saturated aqueous potassium sodium tartrate (Rochelle salt) solution, and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 1) to give (+)-10a (1.13 g, 5.89 mmol, 66%) and as a colorless crystal and (+)-10b (191 mg, 0.99 mmol, 11%) as a colorless crystal.

(+)-**10a** : mp 145-146 (recrystallized from CHCl₃); [$]_D^{28}$ + 154.2° (*c* 0.15, CHCl₃); IR (Nujol): 3270 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.21 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.6, 2.9 Hz), 5.85 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.6, 3.2 Hz), 5.48 (s, 1H), 4.67 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 4.19 (q, 1H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 3.21 (dd, 1H, *J* = 8.1, 4.1 Hz), 3.02 (ddd, 1H, *J* = 8.5, 8.3, 4.1 Hz), 2.95-2.93 (m, 2H), 1.59 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 1.42 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 1.31 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 152.2, 134.3, 133.5, 127.8, 75.1, 66.7, 53.2, 52.3, 47.7, 46.6, 44.3, 22.5; MS (EI) m/z 192 (M ⁺), 174 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₆O₂ 192.1149. found 192.1113. Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₆O₂: C, 74.97; H, 8.39. Found: C, 74.68; H, 8.27.

(+)-**10b** : mp 150-151 (recrystallized from CHCl₃); [$]_D^{26}$ + 146.5° (*c* 0.14, CHCl₃); IR (Nujol): 3296 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.21 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.4, 2.7 Hz), 5.84 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.6, 3.2 Hz), 5.46 (s, 1H), 4.65 (dd, 1H, *J* = 9.3, 8.8 Hz), 4.24 (qd, 1H, *J* = 6.6, 5.4 Hz), 3.36 (dd, 1H, *J* = 7.8, 4.1 Hz), 3.04-2.99 (m, 2H), 2.93 (brs, 1H), 1.60 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 1.45 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 1.32 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 1.23 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.5 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 152.2, 134.3, 133.5, 127.8, 75.1, 66.7, 53.2, 52.3, 47.7, 46.6, 44.3, 22.5; MS (EI) m/z 174 (M⁺-H₂O), 156 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₄O 174.1044. found 174.1048. Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₆O₂: C, 74.97; H, 8.39. Found: C, 74.85; H, 8.32.



To a stirred solution of (+)-10a (201 mg, 1.05 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added *N*-bromosuccinimide (280 mg, 1.57 mmol) at -15, and the mixture was stirred at -15 under dark for 15 min. The reaction was then quenched by addition of saturated aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ solution and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give (+)-22a (274 mg, 1.01 mmol, 97%) as a colorless oil.

(+)-22a : []_D²⁷ + 87.7° (*c* 0.59, CHCl₃); IR (neat): 3390 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)
5.84 (s, 1H), 4.68 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.4 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.36 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.97 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.13 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.8, 5.4, 5.3 Hz), 3.03 (dd, 1H, J = 8.8, 3.9 Hz), 2.72-2.69 (m, 1H), 2.50 (s, 1H), 2.40 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.96 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 1.33 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 151.4, 127.9, 91.0, 84.9, 66.7, 55.0, 51.8, 50.3, 47.9, 47.2, 40.2, 22.0; MS (EI) m/z 191 (M⁺-Br), 43 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₅O₂ 191.1071. found 191.1052.



To a stirred solution of (+)-**22a** (274 mg, 1.01 mmol) and ${}^{1}\text{Pr}_{2}\text{NEt}$ (0.88 mL, 5.05 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added MOMCl (0.23 mL, 3.03 mmol) at 0 . The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 hr, and then poured into water and extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 4) to give (+)-**11a** (290 mg, 0.92 mmol, 91%) as a colorless oil.

(+)-**11a** : []_D³⁰ + 145.0° (*c* 0.17, CHCl₃); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.85 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 4.66 (dd, 1H, J = 5.9, 2.4 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.59 (s, 2H), 4.29 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.96 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.12 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.8, 5.6, 5.4 Hz), 3.01 (dd, 1H, J = 8.8, 3.9 Hz), 2.69 (ddd, 1H, J = 5.1, 5.1, 1.2 Hz), 2.50-2.49 (m, 1H), 2.44 (d, 1H, J = 10.7 Hz), 1.95 (dd, 1H, J = 10.7, 1.5 Hz), 1.29 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 148.4, 130.3, 94.2, 91.0, 84.7, 70.5, 55.4, 55.0, 51.3, 50.3, 48.2, 47.1, 40.2, 19.6; MS (EI) m/z 314 (M⁺), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₁₉BrO₃ 314.0517. found 314.0529. Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₉BrO₃: C, 53.35; H, 6.08; Br, 25.35. Found: C, 53.43; H, 6.12; Br, 25.42.



To a stirred solution of (+)-**11a** (70 mg, 0.223mmol) and 4-methylmolpholine *N*-oxide (39 mg, 0.334 mmol) in THF (1.5 mL) and H₂O (0.5 mL) was added OsO₄ (0.197M in THF, 0.227 mL, 0.045 mmol) at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 days, and quenched by addition of saturated aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ solution, and extracted with CHCl₃. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 1) to give the diol (47 mg, 0.135 mmol, 61%) as a colorless oil.

The diol : $[]_D^{27}$ + 108.5° (*c* 0.53, CHCl₃); IR (neat): 3450 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.73 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 4.63 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, *J* = 4.4 Hz), 4.33 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 4.22 (d, 1H, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 3.81(d, 1H, *J* = 2.0 Hz), 3.68 (q, 1H, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 3.40 (s, 3H), 3.37 (s, 1H), 3.15-3.10 (m, 1H), 2.75 (brs, 2H), 2.51 (dd, 1H, *J* = 9.5, 3.9 Hz), 2.34 (s, 1H), 2.30 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.0 Hz), 1.70 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.5 Hz), 1.30 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 95.0, 90.4, 89.4, 86.9, 81.7, 78.1, 56.7, 55.8, 54.7, 48.1,

46.2, 44.7, 37.8, 14.8; MS (EI) m/z 207 (M⁺-MOM-OH-Br), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $C_{12}H_{15}O_3$ 207.1020. found 207.0993.

A mixture of the diol (43 mg, 0.123 mmol) and anhydrous *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (2.3 mg, 0.013 mmol) in 2,2-dimethoxypropane (0.5 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 17 hr. To the reaction mixture was added saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, extracted with ether. Organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give (+)-**12a** (36 mg, 0.093 mmol, 75%) as a colorless crystal.

(+)-**12a** : mp 93 (recrystallized from hexane); $[]_{D}^{27}$ + 4.6° (*c* 1.02, CHCl₃); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 4.76 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 4.57 (s, 1H), 4.56 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 4.36 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.9 Hz), 3.68 (q, 1H, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 3.61 (d, 1H, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 3.35 (s, 3H), 3.16 (ddd, 1H, *J* = 9.3, 5.9, 5.4 Hz), 2.87-2.78 (m, 1H), 2.64 (dd, 1H, *J* = 9.5, 4.0 Hz), 2.32 (d, 1H, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 2.28 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.7 Hz), 1.71 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.7 Hz), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 3H), 1.29 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 111.1, 95.4, 95.1, 92.2, 90.6, 89.2, 75.0, 56.3, 55.7, 55.0, 48.4, 47.8, 45.1, 37.6, 29.1, 27.2, 15.9; MS (EI) m/z 373 (M⁺-Me), 299 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₂BrO₅ 373.0650. found 373.0626. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₅BrO₅: C, 52.45; H, 6.47; Br, 20.53. Found: C, 52.25; H, 6.47; Br, 20.81.



A mixture of (+)-12a (89 mg, 0.229 mmol) and activated Zn (375 mg, 5.73 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL) and AcOH (0.2 mL) was stirred at 50 for 1 hr, and then filtered through Celite[®]. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography concentrated. (EtOAc-hexane = 1:2) to give the alcohol (71 mg, 0.229 mmol, 100%) as a colorless crystal. (recrystallized from hexane); $[]_D^{26} - 16.3^\circ$ (c 0.68, CHCl₃); IR **The alcohol** : mp 71-72 (Nujol): 3368 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.39 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 2.9 Hz), 6.07 (dd,1H, J = 5.4, 2.0 Hz), 4.69 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 4.56 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 4.44 (dd, 1H, J = 9.8, 4.4 Hz), 4.09 (d, 1H, J = 4.4 Hz), 3.80 (q, 1H, J = 6.1 Hz), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.18 (ddd, 1H, J = 9.8, 9.3, 4.4 Hz), 2.91 (s, 1H), 2.84-2.81 (m, 2H), 2.29 (brs, 1H), 1.49-1.48 (m, 1H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.30-1.29 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, 3H, J = 6.1 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 140.0, 132.6, 110.2, 95.0, 93.1, 93.0, 79.7, 74.4, 55.7, 55.5, 51.2, 49.8, 45.1, 44.4, 30.1, 27.6, 15.4; MS (EI) m/z 295 (M⁺-Me), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $C_{16}H_{23}O_5$ 295.1544. found 295.1534.

To a stirred solution of oxalyl chloride (0.10 mL, 1.16 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL) was added DMSO (0.165 mL, 2.32 mmol) dropwise at -78 . After 10 min, the alcohol (60 mg, 0.194 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) was added to the solution. The mixture was stirred at -78 for 30 min, and triethylamine (0.486 mL, 3.48 mmol) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature, and then extracted with ether. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 2) to give (-)-**13a** (59 mg, 0.192 mmol, 99%) as a colorless crystal.

(-)-**13a** : mp 79-80 (recrystallized from hexane); $[]_D^{27} -228.1^\circ$ (*c* 0.56, CHCl₃); IR (Nujol): 1748 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.21 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.6, 2.9 Hz), 6.15 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.6, 2.4 Hz), 4.72 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 4.55 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 3.85 (s, 1H), 3.75 (q, 1H, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.24 (brs, 1H), 3.20-3.17 (m, 1H), 3.04 (brs, 1H), 2.97 (dd, 1H, *J* = 8.5, 3.7 Hz), 1.62 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 1.49 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 1.47 (s, 3H), 1.37 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 1.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 219.0, 138.4, 133.9, 111.1, 95.0, 90.2, 83.8, 74.8, 55.7, 53.2, 52.0, 48.9, 46.1, 45.0, 29.1, 26.6, 15.0; MS (EI) m/z 308 (M⁺), 153 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₄O₅ 308.1622. found 308.1646. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₄O₅: C, 66.21; H, 7.84. Found: C, 66.07; H, 7.70.



A mixture of (-)-**13a** (35 mg, 0.114 mmol) in Ph₂O (1 mL) was heated at reflux for 15 min. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was directly purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-hexane = 1 : 4) to give (-)-**14a** (27 mg, 0.112 mmol, 98%) as a colorless oil.

(-)-**14a** : $[]_{D}^{26}$ +10.9° (*c* 0.90, CHCl₃); IR (neat): 1728 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.56 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.9 Hz), 6.27 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 4.71 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 4.63 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 4.28 (s, 1H), 4.05 (q, 1H, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 3.35 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 3H), 1.23 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 204.0, 161.8, 134.1, 115.6, 95.3, 90.9, 78.4, 73.9, 55.7, 28.3, 28.2, 15.8; MS (EI) m/z 227 (M⁺-Me), 45 (100%); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₁₅O₅ 227.0919. found 227.0917.



A mixture of (-)-**14a** (33 mg, 0.136 mmol), trifluoroacetic acid (0.2 mL) and H₂O (0.02 mL) was stirred at 0 for 2 hr. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc-MeOH = 9 : 1) to give (+)-**3** (9.1 mg, 0.058 mmol, 42%) as a colorless resin.

(+)-**3**: [$]_D^{30}$ +100.8° (*c* 1.0, H₂O) {lit. [$]_D$ +76° (*c* 1.0, H₂O)}; IR (neat): 3386, 1678 cm⁻¹; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) 7.48 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 6.15 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 5.32 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 4.90 (s, 1H), 4.83 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 3.91 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 3.69 (qd, 1H, *J* = 6.3, 5.6 Hz), 1.12 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) 208.1, 165.3, 131.6, 78.8, 70.7, 69.2, 18.0; MS (FAB) m/z 159 (M⁺+H).

















































































































X-ray structure of (+)-12a

The structure of (+)-12a has been determined by a single-crystal X-ray analysis. A perspective drawing of a molecule of (+)-12a is shown in the Figure.



The intensity data were measured on a Mac Science MAXC18 diffractometer with graphite monochromated Cu $K\alpha$ radiation. The size of the crystal used for data collection was approximately 0.3 x 0.2 x 0.15 mm. The data were not corrected for absorption. Of the 1566 independent reflections for $\theta < 64.68$, 1660 were considered observed [$I > 3.00\sigma(I)$].

The structure was solved by a multiple-solution procedure (maXus) and was refined by full-matrix least squares. In the final refinment, the non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. The hydrogen atoms were included in the structure-factor calculations, but their parameters were not refined. The final discrepancy indices are R = 0.034 and Rw = 0.091 for the 1660 observed reflections. The X-ray data are summarized in Table I to V.

Table I. X-ray data for (+)-12a at 288 K

Formula	$C_{17}H_{25}O_5Br$
Formular weight	389.29
Crystal Size (mm)	0.3 x 0.2 x 0.15
Crystal color, habit	colorless, plate
Crystal system	orthorhombic
Space group	$P2_{1}2_{1}2_{1}$
<i>a</i> (Å)	14.383 (3)
<i>b</i> (Å)	16.958 (3)
<i>c</i> (Å)	7.194 (1)
V (Å ³)	1754.6 (6)
Z value	4
$d_{\text{calc}} (\text{g-cm}^{-1})$	1.47
$\mu(Cu K\alpha) (mm^{-1}) 3.389$	
μ(Cu <i>Kα</i>) (Å)	1.5418
Absorption correction	none
Maximum θ (°)	64.68
Unique reflections	1707
Observed reflections	1660
$[I > 3.00\sigma(I)]$	
R	0.034
Rw	0.091
$(\Delta \rho)_{\rm max} \ (e \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.54
$(\Delta \rho)_{\min} (e \text{ Å}^{-3})$	-0.41

Atom	x/a	y/b	z/c	U(iso)
Br(1)	-0.977126(19)	-0.566787(12)	-0.68477(4)	0.06244(13)
C(2)	-0.95595(12)	-0.47524(10)	-0.8461(3)	0.0404(9)
C(3)	-0.86341(14)	-0.48239(11)	-0.9561(3)	0.0413(9)
C(4)	-0.84667(12)	-0.34519(11)	-0.9748(3)	0.0384(9)
C(5)	-0.93659(12)	-0.32713(10)	-0.8609(2)	0.0336(8)
C(6)	-0.94295(12)	-0.39999(10)	-0.7311(2)	0.0365(8)
C(7)	-0.84049(13)	-0.40807(12)	-0.6722(3)	0.0473(10)
C(8)	-0.80407(13)	-0.41658(11)	-0.8718(3)	0.0454(9)
O(9)	-0.87594(10)	-0.46281(7)	-1.14732(19)	0.0458(7)
C(10)	-0.88165(12)	-0.37770(10)	-1.1624(3)	0.0396(9)
C(11)	-0.98333(13)	-0.35136(9)	-1.1863(3)	0.0371(9)
O(12)	-0.99675(10)	-0.29459(7)	-1.32805(18)	0.0488(7)
C(13)	-1.00020(14)	-0.21702(11)	-1.2486(3)	0.0415(8)
O(14)	-1.00361(9)	-0.22841(6)	-1.05242(17)	0.0382(6)
C(15)	-1.01219(12)	-0.31022(9)	-1.0036(2)	0.0310(8)
C(16)	-0.9129(2)	-0.17244(19)	-1.2958(5)	0.0687(16)
C(17)	-1.08660(18)	-0.17576(13)	-1.3165(4)	0.0541(12)
C(18)	-1.11062(13)	-0.32753(10)	-0.9331(3)	0.0378(9)
C(19)	-1.13831(14)	-0.27367(14)	-0.7733(3)	0.0509(11)
O(20)	-1.17727(9)	-0.31798(8)	-1.0795(2)	0.0492(7)
C(21)	-1.23915(17)	-0.38094(16)	-1.1019(4)	0.0646(14)
O(22)	-1.20108(13)	-0.44319(9)	-1.2032(3)	0.0669(10)
C(23)	-1.1920(3)	-0.4254(2)	-1.3951(4)	0.084(2)
H(2)	-1.0050(14)	-0.4750(12)	-0.923(3)	0.045624
H(3)	-0.8409(14)	-0.5380(12)	-0.945(3)	0.046137
H(4)	-0.8047(14)	-0.2974(11)	-0.992(3)	0.043814
H(5)	-0.9288(12)	-0.2822(11)	-0.794(3)	0.038618
H(6)	-0.9879(13)	-0.3963(11)	-0.632(3)	0.041477
H(7A)	-0.8153(15)	-0.3608(13)	-0.620(3)	0.052410
H(7B)	-0.8282(15)	-0.4546(13)	-0.596(3)	0.052410
H(8)	-0.7357(14)	-0.4276(12)	-0.891(3)	0.050873

Table II. Fractional atomic coordinates & U(iso) for (+)-12a

Atom	x/a	y/b	z/c	U(iso)
H(10)	-0.8438(14)	-0.3591(12)	-1.271(3)	0.044814
H(11)	-1.0170(14)	-0.3917(11)	-1.213(3)	0.042041
H(16A)	-0.9178(19)	-0.1251(15)	-1.258(4)	0.072928
H(16B)	-0.9044(18)	-0.1715(16)	-1.438(4)	0.072928
H(16C)	-0.8621(19)	-0.1975(15)	-1.258(4)	0.072928
H(17A)	-1.0829(16)	-0.1263(14)	-1.273(4)	0.059658
H(17B)	-1.1437(16)	-0.2020(14)	-1.278(4)	0.059658
H(17C)	-1.0824(17)	-0.1693(14)	-1.444(4)	0.059658
H(18)	-1.1138(14)	-0.3827(11)	-0.884(3)	0.042827
H(19A)	-1.0945(15)	-0.2817(13)	-0.685(4)	0.056553
H(19B)	-1.1301(15)	-0.2156(13)	-0.814(4)	0.056553
H(19C)	-1.2022(15)	-0.2819(13)	-0.718(3)	0.056553
H(21A)	-1.2530(17)	-0.3996(15)	-0.981(4)	0.069584
H(21B)	-1.2929(18)	-0.3567(14)	-1.156(4)	0.069584
H(23A)	-1.161(2)	-0.4790(17)	-1.425(5)	0.089378
H(23B)	-1.154(2)	-0.3697(16)	-1.422(4)	0.089378
H(23C)	-1.2506(19)	-0.4351(18)	-1.452(5)	0.089378

Atom	U11	U22	U33	U12	U13	U23
Br(1)	0.07850(16)	0.04109(11)) 0.06772(15) 0.00500(11)	0.00886(13)	0.01279(11)
C(2)	0.0410(9)	0.0358(8)	0.0446(10)	0.0070(7)	-0.0019(8)	0.0034(8)
C(3)	0.0437(10)	0.0356(8)	0.0446(9)	0.0131(8)	0.0006(9)	-0.0025(8)
C(4)	0.0321(9)	0.0417(9)	0.0415(9)	0.0007(7)	0.0008(8)	-0.0044(8)
C(5)	0.0320(8)	0.0331(7)	0.0357(9)	0.0031(6)	-0.0010(7)	-0.0052(7)
C(6)	0.0371(8)	0.0383(8)	0.0341(8)	0.0057(7)	0.0003(8)	-0.0004(7)
C(7)	0.0443(10)	0.0559(11)	0.0417(10)	0.0088(8)	-0.0121(10)	0.0012(10)
C(8)	0.0338(9)	0.0493(11)	0.0530(11)	0.0059(8)	-0.0037(8)	-0.0032(9)
O(9)	0.0563(8)	0.0393(6)	0.0417(7)	0.0142(6)	0.0033(7)	-0.0074(6)
C(10)	0.0406(9)	0.0391(8)	0.0390(10)	0.0050(7)	0.0018(9)	-0.0030(8)
C(11)	0.0431(8)	0.0337(7)	0.0344(8)	0.0022(7)	-0.0042(9)	-0.0030(7)
O(12)	0.0689(10)	0.0432(6)	0.0344(6)	0.0148(6)	-0.0054(7)	-0.0022(6)
C(13)	0.0493(12)	0.0383(8)	0.0369(8)	-0.0005(7)	-0.0005(7)	0.0023(7)
O(14)	0.0478(8)	0.0301(5)	0.0367(6)	0.0018(5)	-0.0006(6)	-0.0018(5)
C(15)	0.0323(8)	0.0264(7)	0.0343(8)	-0.0001(7)	-0.0012(7)	-0.0034(6)
C(16)	0.0627(14)	0.0749(15)	0.0686(17)	-0.0114(13)) 0.0102(14) 0.0129(16)
C(17)	0.0655(13)	0.0448(10)	0.0521(12)	0.0140(9)	-0.0086(12	2) 0.0044(11)
C(18)	0.0369(9)	0.0343(8)	0.0421(10)	0.0023(7)	-0.0004(8)	-0.0017(8)
C(19)	0.0392(10)	0.0647(13)	0.0488(12)	0.0068(10)	0.0055(9)	-0.0089(10)
O(20)	0.0367(7)	0.0423(7)	0.0687(9)	-0.0014(6)	-0.0153(7)	-0.0050(7)
C(21)	0.0463(12)	0.0659(14)	0.0817(17)	-0.0162(11)) -0.0015(13)	-0.0177(14)
O(22)	0.0839(10)	0.0457(8)	0.0711(10)	-0.0217(8)	-0.0028(10)) -0.0055(9)
C(23)	0.103(2)	0.0811(19)	0.0677(16)	-0.0288(19)	-0.0132(1	6) -0.0157(16)

Table III. Anisotropic thermal parameters for (+)-12a

Br(1)-C(2)	1.962(2)	C(2)-C(3)	1.553(3)
C(2)-C(6)	1.532(2)	C(3)-C(8)	1.530(3)
C(3)-O(9)	1.427(2)	C(4)-C(5)	1.561(3)
C(4)-C(8)	1.546(3)	C(4)-C(10)	1.543(3)
C(5)-C(6)	1.552(2)	C(5)-C(15)	1.523(2)
C(6)-C(7)	1.539(3)	C(6)-C(8)	2.257(3)
C(7)-C(8)	1.535(3)	O(9)-C(10)	1.450(2)
C(10)-C(11)	1.539(3)	C(11)-O(12)	1.416(2)
C(11)-C(15)	1.545(2)	O(12)-C(13)	1.435(2)
C(13)-O(14)	1.426(2)	C(13)-C(16)	1.505(4)
C(13)-C(17)	1.507(3)	O(14)-C(15)	1.436(2)
C(15)-C(18)	1.532(3)	C(18)-C(19)	1.522(3)
C(18)-O(20)	1.434(2)	O(20)-C(21)	1.399(3)
C(21)-O(22)	1.395(3)	O(22)-C(23)	1.419(4)

Table IV. Intramolecular bond length (Å) for (+)-12a

Table V. Intramolecular bond angle for (+)-12a

Br(1)-C(2)-C(3)	111.87(12)	Br(1)-C(2)-C(6)	111.00(12)
C(3)-C(2)-C(6)	103.62(14)	C(2)-C(3)-C(8)	102.66(15)
C(2)-C(3)-O(9)	111.4(2)	C(8)-C(3)-O(9)	106.43(15)
C(5)-C(4)-C(8)	103.33(15)	C(5)-C(4)-C(10)	105.01(14)
C(8)-C(4)-C(10)	105.60(15)	C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	102.03(13)
C(4)-C(5)-C(15)	105.96(14)	C(6)-C(5)-C(15)	120.92(14)
C(2)-C(6)-C(5)	110.19(14)	C(2)-C(6)-C(7)	101.02(14)
C(2)-C(6)-C(8)	76.23(11)	C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	100.37(14)
C(5)-C(6)-C(8)	77.12(11)	C(7)-C(6)-C(8)	42.69(11)
C(6)-C(7)-C(8)	94.5(2)	C(3)-C(8)-C(4)	99.2(2)
C(3)-C(8)-C(6)	77.00(11)	C(3)-C(8)-C(7)	104.4(2)
C(4)-C(8)-C(6)	76.50(11)	C(4)-C(8)-C(7)	103.8(2)
C(6)-C(8)-C(7)	42.84(10)	C(3)-O(9)-C(10)	108.14(14)
C(4)-C(10)-O(9)	105.75(15)	C(4)-C(10)-C(11)	107.69(15)
O(9)-C(10)-C(11)	110.56(14)	C(10)-C(11)-O(12)	114.0(2)
C(10)-C(11)-C(15)	106.96(15)	O(12)-C(11)-C(15)	105.61(13)
C(11)-O(12)-C(13)	109.96(13)	O(12)-C(13)-O(14)	105.74(14)
O(12)-C(13)-C(16)	110.0(2)	O(12)-C(13)-C(17)	109.0(2)
O(14)-C(13)-C(16)	108.7(2)	O(14) -C(13) -C(17)	110.8(2)
C(16)-C(13)-C(17)	112.4(2)	C(13)-O(14) -C(15)	112.07(12)
C(5)-C(15)-C(11)	107.26(14)	C(5)-C(15)-O(14)	106.58(13)
C(5)-C(15)-C(18)	113.60(14)	C(11)-C(15)-O(14)	101.84(12)
C(11)-C(15)-C(18)	116.33(14)	O(14)-C(15)-C(18)	110.20(13)
C(15)-C(18)-C(19)	112.16(15)	C(15)-C(18)-O(20)	110.66(15)
C(19)-C(18)-O(20)	108.21(15)	C(18)-O(20)-C(21)	115.1(2)
O(20)-C(21)-O(22)	112.8(2)	C(21)-O(22)-C(23)	112.5(2)

Figure. X-ray structure of (+)-12a at 288 K





Figure. X-ray structure of (+)-12a at 288 K (Showing the Pentenocin number)



