

Supporting Information

Synthesis of D- and L-2,3-*trans*-3,4-*cis*-4,5-*trans*-3,4-Dihydroxy-5-hydroxymethylproline and of Tripeptides Containing Them

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1. General Experimental Part.

The procedures described for racemic products were applied to the preparation of enantiomerically pure products. Apart from the $[\alpha]$ values and m.p., all other data were identical for enantiomerically pure products and the corresponding racemates. ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR signals assignments were confirmed by 2D COSY and HMQC. Optical rotations were measured at 25 °C. TLC was performed on silica gel HF₂₅₄, with detection by UV light and charring with Pancaldi, ninhydrin or KMnO_4 . Silica gel (240-400 mesh) was used for preparative chromatography. Anhyd. solvents and reagents were freshly distilled under N_2 prior to use: THF from sodium and benzophenone, CH_2Cl_2 and *i*-Pr₂NEt from CaH_2 .

2. Complete Spectral Characterization Data.

(±)-7-*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl-5,6-*exo*-isopropylidenedioxy-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-*endo*-ol ((-)-9) and 7-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-5,6-*exo*-isopropylidenedioxy-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]-hept-2-ene (10).

Data for (-)-9: $[\alpha]_{\text{D}} -8$ (c 1.0, CH_2Cl_2), $[\alpha]_{577} -10.3$, $[\alpha]_{546} -11.7$, $[\alpha]_{435} -12.5$, $[\alpha]_{405} -15.9$. IR ν_{max} 3443, 2978, 1681, 1416, 1173, 1058 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 363 K, δ ppm, *J* Hz) δ 4.90 (bs, 1 H, OH), 4.71 (d, 1 H, $J_{5,6} = 5.6$, H-5), * 4.24 (d, 1 H, H-6), * 4.07 (dt, 1 H, H-2), 3.99 (d, $J_{3a,4} = 5.9$, H-4), 3.97 (d, $J_{1,2} = 4.8$, H-1), 2.02 (ddd, 1 H, $J_{2,3a} = 9.8$, $J_{3a,3b} = 13.0$, H-3a), 0.86 (dd, 1 H, H-3b); ^{13}C NMR (100.5 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 363 K, δ ppm) δ 152.5 (CO), 108.3 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$), 80.1 (C-5), * 77.3 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 75.9 (C-6), * 66.2 (C-2), 61.0, 58.4 (C-1, C-4), 32.4 (C-3), 27.2 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 24.6, 23.4 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); CIMS *m/z* 286 [4%, (M+H)⁺], *m/z* 270 [8%, (M-Me)⁺], *m/z* 230 [100%, (M-Bu^t+2H)⁺], *m/z* 186 [25%, (M-Boc+2H)⁺]; HRCIMS *m/z* found 286.1650, calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_5 + \text{H}$ 286.1654; Analysis, calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_5$: C, 58.95; H, 8.07; N, 4.91; Found: C, 58.76; H, 8.30; N, 4.70. *Data for 10*: m. p. 77-79 °C; IR ν_{max} 2978, 2936, 1698, 1468, 1368, 1207, 1158, 1057, 882, 857 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 343 K, δ ppm, *J* Hz) δ 6.37 (t, 2 H, $J_{1,2} = J_{3,4} = J_{2,4} = J_{1,3} = 1.3$, H-2 and H-3), 4.50 (t, 2 H, H-1 and H-4), 4.24 (s, 2 H, H-5 and H-6), 1.40 (s, 9H, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 1.36, 1.25 (2 s, 3 H each, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); ^{13}C NMR (100.5 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 343 K, δ ppm) δ 152.6 (CO), 135.2 (C-2 and C-3), 113.9 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$), 78.5 (C-5

and C-6), 77.8 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 61.5 (C-1 and C-4), 27.2 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 25.3, 24.3 ($C(CH_3)_2$); CIMS m/z 252 [5%, (M-Me)⁺], m/z 168 [10%, (M-Boc+2H)⁺]; Analysis, calcd for $C_{14}H_{21}NO_4$: C, 62.90; H, 7.92; N, 5.24; Found: C, 62.60; H, 7.96; N, 5.16.

(+)-7-*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl-5,6-*exo*-isopropylidenedioxy-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-*endo*-ol

((+)-9). This compound was prepared in the manner described for (-)-9 except that pure (+)-8 was used. Pure (+)-9 was obtained in 73% yield. $[\alpha]_D +7.3$ (c 1.0, CH_2Cl_2), $[\alpha]_{577} +9.2$, $[\alpha]_{546} +10$, $[\alpha]_{435} +12.1$, $[\alpha]_{405} +14.5$.

(1*R*,2*R*,3*S*,4*S*,4'*R*,5'*R*)- and (1*S*,2*S*,3*R*,4*R*,4'*R*,5'*R*)-4',5'-Diphenylspiro[2,3-*exo*-isopropylidenedioxy-7-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2,2'-imidazoline] (+)-12 and (-)-13. Data for (+)-12: $[\alpha]_D +73$ (c 1.65, $CHCl_3$); ^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz, $CDCl_3$ - Et_3N , 298 K, δ ppm, mixture of rotamers 1.2:1) *Major rotamer*: δ 155.0 (CO), 141.3, 139.6 (2 C-1 of Ph), 128.1-126.9 (10 C-aromat.), 111.0 ($C(CH_3)_2$), 81.7 (C-6), 80.8, 78.6 (C-2, C-3), 79.6 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 70.2, 69.2 (C-4', C-5'), 66.3 (C-4), 59.2 (C-1), 43.0 (C-5), 28.3 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 25.5, 24.1 ($(CH_3)_2C$). *Minor rotamer*: δ 154.9 (CO), 141.3, 139.4 (2 C-1 of Ph), 128.1-126.9 (10 C-aromat.), 111.0 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 81.5 (C-6), 81.4, 78.7 (C-2, C-3), 79.7 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 70.2, 69.3 (C-4', C-5'), 67.5 (C-4), 58.3 (C-1), 42.7 (C-5), 28.3 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 25.5, 24.1 ($(CH_3)_2C$); CIMS m/z 478 [70%, (M+H)⁺]; HRCIMS m/z found 477.2626, calcd for $C_{28}H_{35}N_3O_4$ 477.2628. Data for (-)-13: $[\alpha]_D -38$ (c 1.65, $CHCl_3$); ^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz, $CDCl_3$ - Et_3N , 298 K, δ ppm, mixture of rotamers 3.5:1) *Major rotamer*: δ 154.7 (CO), 141.8, 138.8 (2 C-1 of Ph), 128.7-126.1 (10 C-aromat.), 110.8 ($C(CH_3)_2$), 83.4 (C-6), 81.3, 78.6 (C-2, C-3), 79.6 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 71.8, 69.2 (C-4', C-5'), 67.8 (C-4), 58.4 (C-1), 41.1 (C-5), 28.4 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 25.6, 24.3 ($(CH_3)_2C$). *Minor rotamer*: δ 154.7 (CO), 141.0, 140.9 (2 C-1 of Ph), 128.7-126.1 (10 C-aromat.), 110.8 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 82.9 (C-6), 81.6, 78.5 (C-2, C-3), 79.5 ($C(CH_3)_2$), 71.3, 69.3 (C-4', C-5'), 67.1 (C-4), 59.7 (C-1), 42.6 (C-5), 28.3 ($C(CH_3)_3$), 25.6, 24.3 ($(CH_3)_2C$); CIMS m/z 478 [100%, (M+H)⁺]; HRCIMS m/z found 477.2620, calcd for $C_{28}H_{35}N_3O_4$ 477.2628.

(-)-7-*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl-5,6-*exo*-isopropylidenedioxy-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-one ((-)-3).

Method a). To a stirred solution of oxalyl chloride (68 μ l, 0.78 mmol) in anhydrous CH_2Cl_2 (2 ml) at -70°C , was added a solution of DMSO (106 μ l, 1.56 mmol) in anhydrous CH_2Cl_2 (0.5 ml) dropwise. After addition, the mixture was stirred at -70°C for 10 min and then a solution of alcohol (-)-**9** (184 mg, 0.65 mmol) in anhydrous CH_2Cl_2 (2 ml) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred for a further 20 min and then Et_3N (0.5 ml, 3.25 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was allowed to reach 20°C and then washed with H_2O . The organic layer was separated and the aqueous phase reextracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (ether:petroleum ether, 3:1) to give (-)-**3** (162 mg, 91%) as a white solid. M.p. $85-87^\circ\text{C}$; $[\alpha]_D -51.9$ (c 1.11, CH_2Cl_2), $[\alpha]_{577} -54.7$, $[\alpha]_{546} -65.5$, $[\alpha]_{435} -181$, $[\alpha]_{405} -282$; IR ν_{max} 2978, 2936, 1771, 1704, 1403, 1368, 1210, 1171, 1104, 1058 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3 , 313 K, δ ppm, J Hz) δ 4.67 (d, 1H, $J_{3a,4} = 5.4$, H-4), 4.41 (d, 1 H, $J_{5,6} = 5.4$, H-5), * 4.37 (d, 1 H, H-6), * 4.34 (s, 1 H, H-1), 2.40 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3a,3b} = 17.8$, H-3a), 1.80 (d, 1 H, H-3b), 1.47 (s, 12 H, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$), 1.2 (s, 3 H, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); ^{13}C NMR (100.5 MHz, CDCl_3 , 313 K, δ ppm) δ 206.2 (CO of ketone), 154.1 (CO of carbamate), 113.4 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$), 81.8 (C-5), * 80.8 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 78.0 (C-6), * 68.0 (C-1), 59.2 (C-4), 39.3 (C-3), 28.2 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 25.6, 24.4 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); CIMS m/z 284 [30%, $(\text{M}+\text{H})^+$], m/z 268 [5%, $(\text{M}-\text{Me})^+$], m/z 228 [90%, $(\text{M}-\text{Bu}^1+2\text{H})^+$], m/z 184 [90%, $(\text{M}-\text{Boc}+2\text{H})^+$]; HREIMS m/z found 283.1422, calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO}_5$ 283.1420.

(+)-7-*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl-5,6-*exo*-isopropylidenedioxy-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-one ((+)-3).

This compound was prepared in the way described for (-)-**3**, except that pure (+)-**9** (method a) and (+)-**12** (method b) were used. Pure (+)-**3** was obtained in 90% (method a) and 92% (method b) yield. Mp = $86-88^\circ\text{C}$; $[\alpha]_D +50.0$ (c 0.86, CH_2Cl_2), $[\alpha]_{577} +52.6$, $[\alpha]_{546} +64.2$, $[\alpha]_{435} +177$, $[\alpha]_{405} +273$.

(-)-7-*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl-2-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy-5,6-*exo*-isopropylidenedioxy-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene ((-)-14). $[\alpha]_D -38.2$ (c 1.1, CHCl_3), $[\alpha]_{577} -40.2$, $[\alpha]_{546} -45.7$, $[\alpha]_{435} -82.5$,

$[\alpha]_{405} -102$; IR ν_{\max} 2933, 2860, 1709, 1619, 1368, 1310, 1257, 1177, 1161, 1099, 841 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3 , 298 K, δ ppm, J Hz, mixture of rotamers) δ 4.86, 4.79 (2 bs, 1 H, H-3), 4.55, 4.46 (2 bs, 1 H, H-4), 4.46 (d, 1 H, $J_{5,6} = 5.4$, H-5),* 4.38 (d, 1 H, H-6),* 4.26, 4.15 (2 bs, 1 H, H-1), 1.43, (s, 12 H, $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}$, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}$), 1.30 (s, 3 H, $(\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2)$), 0.89, 0.88 (2 bs, 9 H, $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C-Si}$), 0.15, 0.12 (2 s, 6 H, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{Si}$); ^{13}C NMR (100.5 MHz, CDCl_3 , 298 K, δ ppm, mixture of rotamers) δ 162.9, 161.7 (1 C, C-2), 155.0, 154.9 (1 C, CO), 116.2, 116.1 (1C, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 104.5, 103.1 (1 C, C-3), 83.0, 82.5 (1 C, C-5),* 80.3, 80.0 (1 C, C-6),* 80.2 (1 C, $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}$), 65.4, 64.7 (1 C, C-1), 63.4, 62.8 (1 C, C-4), 28.7 (3 C, $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}$), 26.7 (1 C, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}$), 25.9 (3 C, $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CSi}$), 25.7, 25.6 (1 C, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}$), 18.5 (1 C, $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CSi}$), -4.4, -4.5 (1 C, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{Si}$), -4.6, -4.7 (1 C, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{Si}$); CIMS m/z 398 [20%, $(\text{M}+\text{H})^+$], m/z 342 [19%, $(\text{M-Bu}^1+2\text{H})^+$], m/z 297 [57%, $(\text{M-Boc}+\text{H})^+$]; Analysis, calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{35}\text{NSiO}_5$: C, 60.42; H, 8.87; N, 3.52; Found: C, 60.22; H, 8.96; N, 3.46.

(+)-7-*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl-2-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy-5,6-*exo*-isopropylidenedioxy-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene ((+)-14). This compound was prepared in the manner described for (-)-14, except that pure (+)-3 was used. Pure (+)-16 was obtained in 84% yield. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}} +36.6$ (c 1.0, CHCl_3), $[\alpha]_{577} +38.3$, $[\alpha]_{546} +44.7$, $[\alpha]_{435} +82$, $[\alpha]_{405} +99$.

D-2,3-*trans*-3,4-*cis*-4,5-*trans*-N-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)-5-hydroxymethyl-3,4-isopropylidenedioxy-proline (Boc-D-Thyp(CMe₂)-OH) ((-)-4). $[\alpha]_{\text{D}} -44$ (c 0.8, CHCl_3), $[\alpha]_{577} -48$, $[\alpha]_{546} -53.6$, $[\alpha]_{435} -87.8$, $[\alpha]_{405} -104$; IR ν_{\max} 3600-2400, 1676, 1587, 1408, 1382, 1257, 1216, 1171, 1136, 1063, 734 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$, 373 K, δ ppm, J Hz) δ 4.67 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3,4} = 5.9$, $J_{2,3} = 1.5$, H-3), 4.64 (d, 1 H, H-4), 4.14 (bs, 1 H, H-2), 3.92 (t, 1 H, H-5), 3.72 (dd, 1 H, $^2J_{\text{Ha,Hb}} = 11.4$, $J_{5,\text{Ha}} = 4.3$, CH_aOH), 3.44 (dd, 1 H, $J_{5,\text{Hb}} = 3.2$, CH_bOH), 1.40 (s, 9 H, $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}$), 1.38, 1.29 (2 s, 3 H each, $(\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2)$); ^{13}C NMR (100.5 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$, 373 K, δ ppm) δ 173.9 (COOH), 153.2 (CO), 110.2 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$), 83.0 (C-3), 81.7 (C-4), 77.6 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 68.4 (CH_2OH), 66.0 (C-2), 60.8 (C-5), 27.2 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 26.1, 24.3 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); CIMS m/z 318 [5%, $(\text{M}+\text{H})^+$], m/z 279 [5%, $(\text{M-Bu}^1+\text{NH}_4+\text{H})^+$]; m/z 217 [20%, $(\text{M-Boc}+2\text{H})^+$].

L-2,3-trans-3,4-cis-4,5-trans-N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-5-hydroxymethyl-3,4-isopropylidenedioxy-proline (Boc-L-Thyp(CMe₂)-OH) ((+)-4). This compound was prepared in the manner described for (-)-4 except that pure (+)-14 was used. Pure (+)-4 was obtained in 89% yield. $[\alpha]_D^{25} +45$ (c 0.55, CHCl₃), $[\alpha]_{577}^{25} +50.7$, $[\alpha]_{546}^{25} +54$, $[\alpha]_{435}^{25} +86.3$, $[\alpha]_{405}^{25} +98$.

meso-(2S,3S,4R,5R)-N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-2,5-dihydroxymethyl-3,4-isopropylidenedioxy-pyrrolidine (15). To a solution of Me₂S.BH₃ complex (36 μ l, 0.36 mmol, 95% in dimethyl sulfide) in anhydrous THF (1 ml), is added a solution of (-)-4 (38 mg, 0.12 mmol) in anhydrous THF (1 ml). The mixture is heated under reflux for 2 h. Excess BH₃ is destroyed by dropwise addition of anhydrous MeOH. After removal of the solvent, the product is obtained as an oil that was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (CH₂Cl₂:MeOH, 50:1→20:1) to give **15** (21 mg, 59%) as a syrup. IR ν_{\max} 3402, 2980, 2936, 1673, 1404, 1370, 1171, 1063 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆, 363 K, δ ppm, *J* Hz) δ 4.65 (s, 2 H, H-3 and H-4), 4.57 (bs, 2 H, OH), 3.85 (dd, $J_{2,\text{CHa}} = J_{5,\text{CHa}} = 6.8$, $J_{2,\text{CHb}} = J_{5,\text{CHb}} = 3.9$, H-2 and H-5), 3.53 (dt, 1 H, $^2J_{\text{CHa,CHb}} = 10.8$, $J_{\text{CHa,OH}} = 4.7$, CH_aOH), 3.41 (m, 1H, CH_bOH), 1.42 (s, 9 H, (CH₃)₃C), 1.38, 1.26 (2 s, 3 H each, C(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (100.5 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆, 363 K, δ ppm) δ 153.6 (CO), 110.1 (C(CH₃)₂), 81.4 (C-3 and C-4), 78.7 (C(CH₃)₃), 65.9 (C-2 and C-5), 61.1 (2 CH₂OH), 27.8 (C(CH₃)₃), 26.8, 24.9 (C(CH₃)₂); CIMS *m/z* 304 [46%, (M+H)⁺], *m/z* 248 [100%, (M-Bu⁺+2H)⁺]; *m/z* 204 [55%, (M-Boc+2H)⁺].

meso-(2S,3S,4R,5R)-2,5-Dihydroxymethyl-3,4-dihydroxypyrrolidine hydrochloride (16).¹⁹ Diol **15** (7 mg, 0.022 mmol) was dissolved in THF (0.5 ml)-HCl 1M (0.5 ml) and the mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 6 h. The solvent was evaporated and the excess HCl removed *in vacuo* to give **16** (4 mg, 100%) as a white foam.

H-L-Thyp(CMe₂)-Gly-OBn (17). To a solution of compound (+)-4 (135 mg, 0.428 mmol) in dry DMF (3 ml), glycine benzyl ester *p*-toluenesulfonate (181 mg, 0.535 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (234 μ l, 1.284 mmol) and PyBOP (274 mg, 0.535 mmol) were added. The solution was stirred for 1 h.,

then evaporated to dryness. The crude was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 , washed with saturated aqueous solution of citric acid and brine, and the organic layer was dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated *in vacuo*. The corresponding residue was purified by flash chromatography using ether as eluent to give Boc-L-Thyp(CMe₂)-Gly-OBn (159 mg, 0.34 mmol, 80% yield) as a white solid. Dipeptide Boc-L-Thyp(CMe₂)-Gly-OBn was dissolved in TFA (20%)-DCM (4 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. Then, the solution was concentrated to dryness and the crude co-evaporated with Et_3N . The corresponding residue was purified by flash chromatography (CH_2Cl_2 :MeOH, 30:1) to give **17** (97 mg, 0.267 mmol, 78% yield) as a colorless oil. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}} +6.6$ (*c* 1.25, CH_3OH), $[\alpha]_{577} +5.8$, $[\alpha]_{546} +7.5$, $[\alpha]_{435} +12.6$, $[\alpha]_{405} +13.7$; IR ν_{max} 3337, 2987, 2935, 1748, 1654, 1522, 1382, 1211 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD , 298 K, δ ppm, *J* Hz) δ 7.41-7.35 (m, 5 H, H-aromat.), 5.21 (d, 1 H, $^2J_{\text{H,H}} = 12.2$, CH_2Ph), 5.18 (d, 1 H, CH_2Ph), 4.84 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3,4} = 5.8$, $J_{2,3} = 2.4$, H-3), 4.50 (dd, 1 H, $J_{4,5} = 2.0$, H-4), 4.10 (d, 1 H, $^2J_{\text{H,H}} = 17.7$, H-1'a), 3.97 (d, 1 H, H-1'b), 3.80 (d, 1 H, H-2), 3.50 (d, 2 H, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$, H-6a and H-6b), 3.37 (td, 1 H, H-5), 1.51, 1.33 (2 s, 3 H each, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); ^{13}C NMR (100.5 MHz, CD_3OD , 298 K, δ ppm) δ 176.8 (COOBn), 172.1 (CONHR), 138.0, 130.5, 130.3, 130.2 (6 C, C-aromat.), 114.3 ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$), 87.0 (C-3), 85.4 (C-4), 70.1 (C-2), 68.9 (CH_2Ph), 68.3 (C-5), 64.6 (C-6), 42.8 (C-1'), 28.2, 25.9 ($(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}$); CIMS *m/z* 365 [100%, (M+H)⁺]; HRCIMS *m/z* found 365.1719, calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6 + \text{H}$ 365.1726.

H-L-Phe-L-Thyp-Gly-OBn (19). $[\alpha]_{\text{D}} +36.2$ (*c* 0.65, CH_3OH), $[\alpha]_{577} +34.9$, $[\alpha]_{546} +41.5$, $[\alpha]_{435} +72.0$, $[\alpha]_{405} +84.5$; IR ν_{max} 3298, 2937, 1748, 1652, 1558, 1456, 1213, 1055 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD , 298 K, δ ppm, *J* Hz, mixture of rotamers) *Major rotamer*: δ 7.41-7.20 (m, H-aromat.), 5.21 (s, 2 H, CH_2Ph), 4.81 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3,4} = 5.8$, $J_{2,3} = 2.2$, H-3), 4.70 (br. d, 1 H, H-4), 4.32 (t, 1 H, $J_{1'',2''} = 3.9$, H-1''), 4.25 (d, 1 H, H-2), 4.10 (d, 1 H, $^2J_{\text{H,H}} = 17.5$, H-1'a), 4.05 (d, 1 H, H-1'b), 3.88 (dd, 1 H, $^2J_{\text{H,H}} = 11.5$, $J_{2\text{a}'',1''} = 4.8$, H-2''a), 3.70 (dd, 1 H, $J_{2''\text{b},1''} = 3.1$, H-2''b), 3.67 (dd, 1 H, $J_{5,6\text{a}} = 8.2$, $J_{5,6\text{b}} = 5.8$, H-5), 2.99 (dd, 1 H, $J_{6\text{a},6\text{b}} = 13.2$, H-6a), 2.85 (dd, 1 H, H-6b), 1.28, 1.26 (2 s, 3 H each, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$). *Minor rotamer*: δ 7.41-7.20 (m, H-aromat.), 5.21 (s, 2 H, CH_2Ph), 4.85 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3,4} = 5.7$, $J_{2,3} = 2.7$, H-3), 4.68

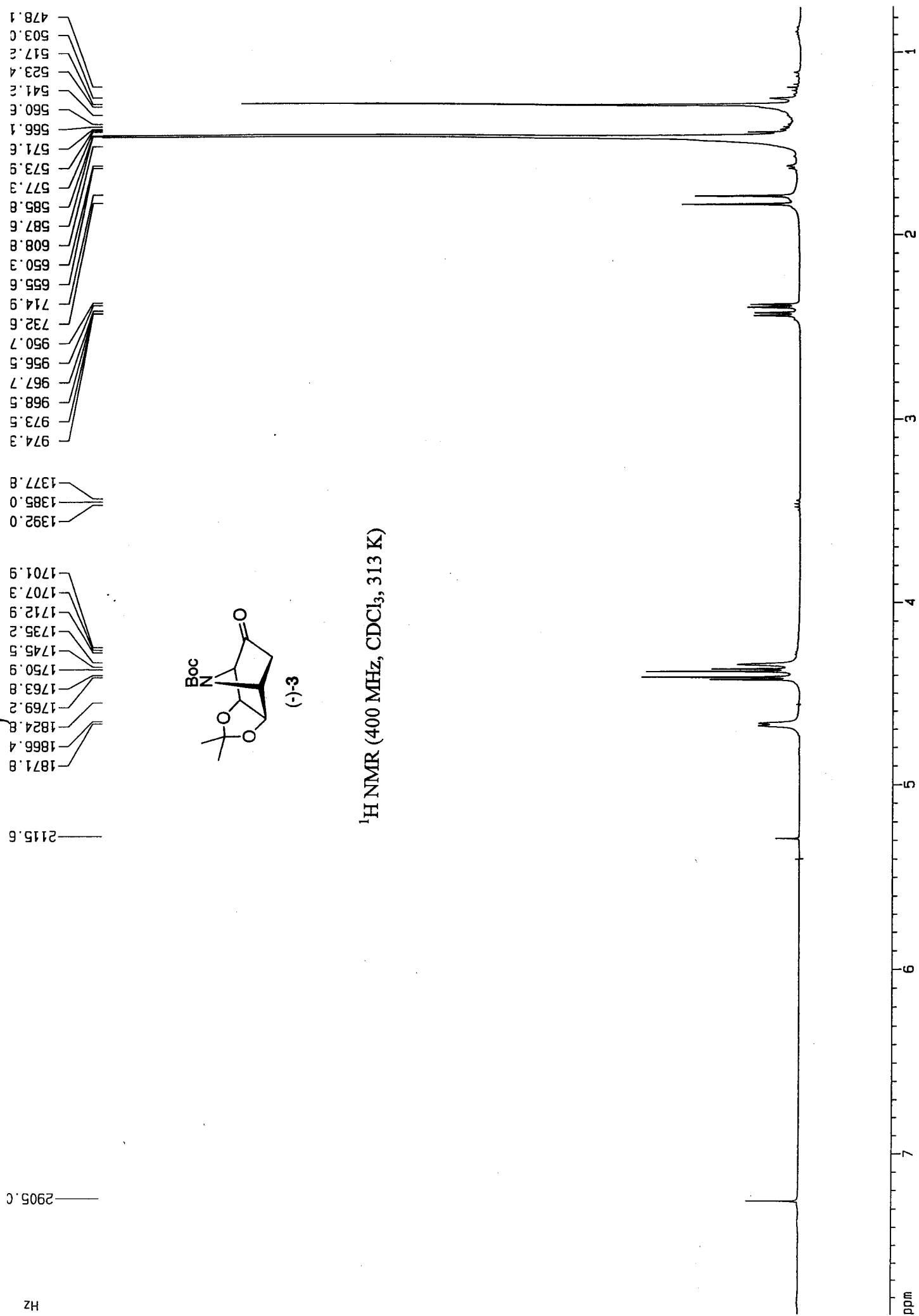
(d, 1 H, H-4), 4.66 (d, 1 H, H-2), 4.42 (t, 1 H, $J_{1'',2''} = 4.9$, H-1''), 4.06 (d, 1 H, $^2J_{H,H} = 17.6$, H-1'a), 3.99 (d, 1 H, H-1'b), 3.91-3.89 (m, 1 H, H-5), 3.32 (dd, 1 H, H-2''a), 3.24 (dd, 1 H, $^2J_{H,H} = 11.9$, $J_{2b'',1''} = 5.3$, H-2''b), 3.14 (dd, 1 H, $J_{6a,6b} = 12.8$, $J_{5,6a} = 7.4$, H-6a), 2.81 (dd, 1 H, $J_{5,6b} = 6.5$, H-6b), 1.47, 1.33 (2 s, 3 H each, $(C(CH_3)_2)$). ^{13}C NMR (100.5 MHz, CD_3OD , 298 K, δ ppm, mixture of rotamers) *Major rotamer*: δ 177.3 (COOBn), 174.6 (CONR'R''), 171.8 (CONHR), 139.7-128.7 (12 C, C-aromat.), 114.2 ($C(CH_3)_2$), 85.8 (C-3), 83.3 (C-4), 70.9 (C-2), 68.9 (COOCH₂Ph), 68.3 (C-1''), 62.3 (C-2''), 56.3 (C-5), 43.1 (C-1'), 42.6 (C-6), 28.5, 26.2 ($(CH_3)_2C$). *Minor rotamer*: δ 177.6 (COOBn), 174.3 (CONR'R''), 171.6 (CONHR), 139.0-128.7 (12 C, C-aromat.), 114.2 ($C(CH_3)_2$), 84.9 (C-4), 83.8 (C-3), 70.4 (C-2), 68.9 (COOCH₂Ph), 67.9 (C-1''), 64.3 (C-2''), 55.9 (C-5), 43.7 (C-1'), 43.1 (C-6), 28.4, 26.2 ($(CH_3)_2C$); CIMS m/z 512 [100%, (M+H)⁺]; HRCIMS m/z found 512.2401, calcd for $C_{27}H_{33}N_3O_7 + H$ 512.2397.

H-D-Thyp-L-Val-OBn (20). To a solution of compound (-)-**4** (55 mg, 0.173 mmol) in dry DMF (1.5 ml), L-valine benzyl ester *p*-toluenesulfonate (84 mg, 0.223 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (93 μ l, 0.51 mmol) and PyAOP (117 mg, 0.225 mmol) were added. The solution was stirred for 1 h., then evaporated to dryness. The crude was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 , washed with saturated aqueous solution of citric acid and brine, and the organic layer was dried over $MgSO_4$ and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography using ether as eluent to give Boc-D-Thyp(CMe₂)-L-Val-OBn (65 mg, 0.128 mmol, 74% yield) as a white solid. Dipeptide Boc-D-Thyp-L-Val-OBn was dissolved in TFA (80%)-H₂O (3 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 2 h. Then, the solution was concentrated to dryness and the corresponding residue was purified by flash chromatography (CH_2Cl_2 :MeOH, 30:1) to give **20** (55 mg, 89% yield) as a colorless oil. $[\alpha]_D -7$ (c 1.0, CH_3OH); 1H NMR (300 MHz, CD_3OD , 298 K, δ ppm, J Hz) δ 7.38-7.29 (m, 5 H, H-aromat.), 5.21 (d, 1 H, $^2J_{H,H} = 12.2$, CH_2Ph), 5.15 (d, 1 H, CH_2Ph), 4.46 (d, 1 H, $J_{1',2'} = 5.61$, H-1'), 4.26 (d, 1 H, $J_{2,3} = 4.4$, H-2), 4.23 (t, 1 H, $J_{3,4} = 4.2$, H-3), 4.01 (dd, 1 H, $J_{4,5} = 6.4$, H-4), 3.87 (dd, 1 H, $J_{6a,6b} = 11.9$, $J_{5,6a} = 4.0$, H-6a), 3.81 (dd, 1 H, $J_{5,6b} = 5.9$, H-6b), 2.22 (m, 1 H, H-2'), 0.92 (d, 1 H, $^3J_{H,H} = 5.64$, CH_3), 0.89 (d, 1 H, $^3J_{H,H} = 5.64$, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz,

CD₃OD, 298 K, δ ppm) δ 172.4 (COOBn), 168.7 (CONHR), 137.0, 129.6, 129.5 (6 C, C-aromat.), 76.0 (C-3), 72.7 (C-4), 68.1 (CH₂Ph), 65.6 (C-2), 64.9 (C-5), 59.7 (C-1'), 59.5 (C-6), 31.9 (C-2'), 19.5, 18.1 (2 CH₃) ; FABMS m/z 367 [40%, (M+H)⁺]; HRFABMS m/z 367.1879, calcd for C₁₈H₂₆N₂O₆ +H 367.1869.

Fmoc-L-Ala-D-Thyp-L-Val-OBn (21). To a solution of compound **20** (33 mg, 0.069 mmol) in dry DMF (1.5 ml), Fmoc-L-alanine (25 mg, 0.082 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (37 μ l, 0.21 mmol) and PyAOP (44 mg, 0.082 mmol) were added. The solution was stirred for 1 h., then evaporated to dryness. The crude was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂, washed with saturated aqueous solution of citric acid and brine, and the organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The corresponding residue was purified by flash chromatography (CH₂Cl₂:MeOH, 30:1) to give **21** (33 mg, 70% yield) as a white solid. Compound **21** was characterized as the unprotected tripeptide **22**.

H-L-Phe-D-Thyp-L-Val-OBn (22). Tripeptide **21** (33 mg, 0.048 mmol) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (3 ml) and Et₃NH (0.3 ml) was added. The mixture was stirred for 30 min, then the solution was concentrated to dryness and the crude was purified by flash chromatography (CH₂Cl₂:MeOH, 5:1) to give **22** (19 mg, 90%) as a colorless oil. $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -11 (c 0.37, CH₃OH); ¹³C NMR (100.5 MHz, CD₃OD, 298 K, δ ppm, mixture of rotamers 1:1) δ 173.8, 173.5, 172.6 (COOBn, CONHR, CONHR'R''), 137.2, 130.0, 129.6, 129.5, 129.4, 129.3 (C-aromat.), 76.6, 75.3, 74.5, 72.3 (C-3, C-4), 68.9, 67.3 (C-2), 67.9, 67.8 (CH₂Ph), 67.2, 66.3 (C-5), 62.5, 59.9 (C-6), 60.0, 59.3 (NHCH of Val), 49.6-48.3 (CH of Ala, under MeOD), 32.0, 31.2 (CH(CH₃)₂ of Val), 20.3, 19.2 (CH₃ of Ala), 19.6, 19.5 (CH₃ of Val), 18.7, 18.4 (CH₃ of Val); FABMS m/z 460 [30%, (M+Na)⁺]; HRFABMS m/z 460.2037, calcd for C₂₁H₃₁N₃O₇ +Na 460.2060.



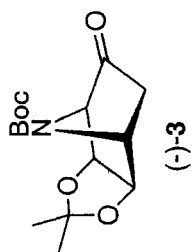
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77.282
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68.020
59.199

39.306
28.403
28.301
28.231
28.198
28.166
25.596
24.422



^{13}C NMR (100.5 MHz, CDCl_3 , 313 K)

ppm

200

180

160

140

120

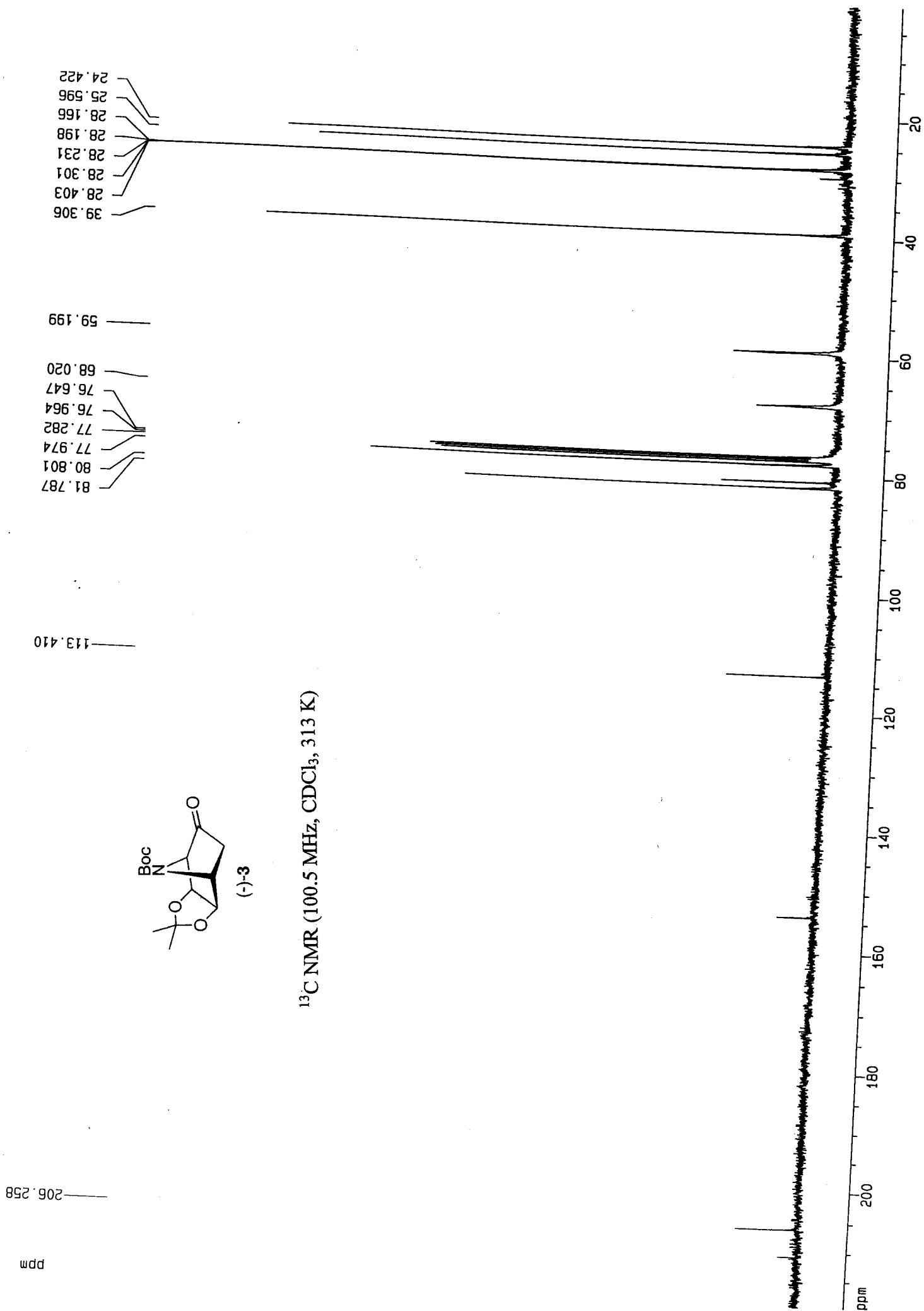
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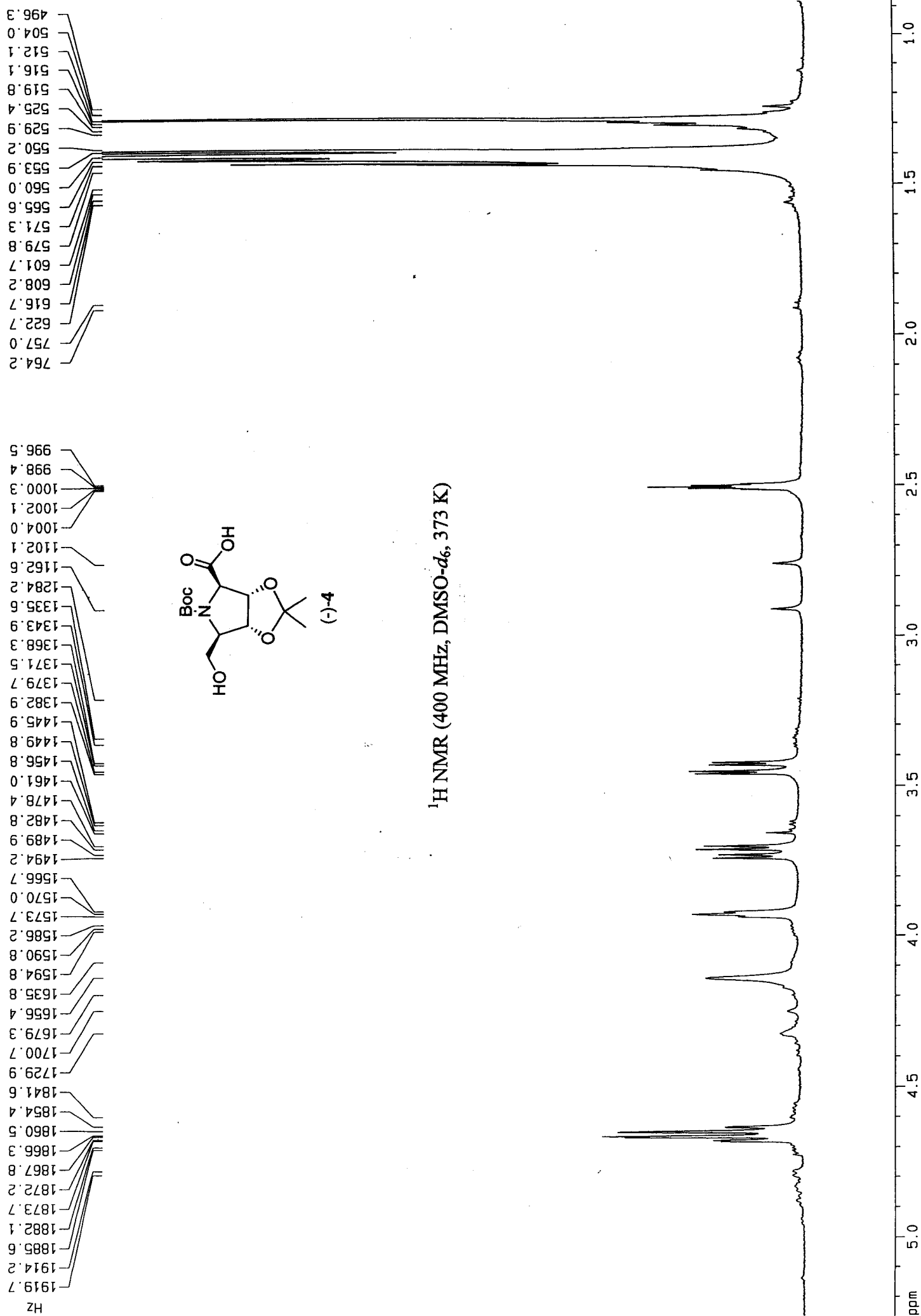
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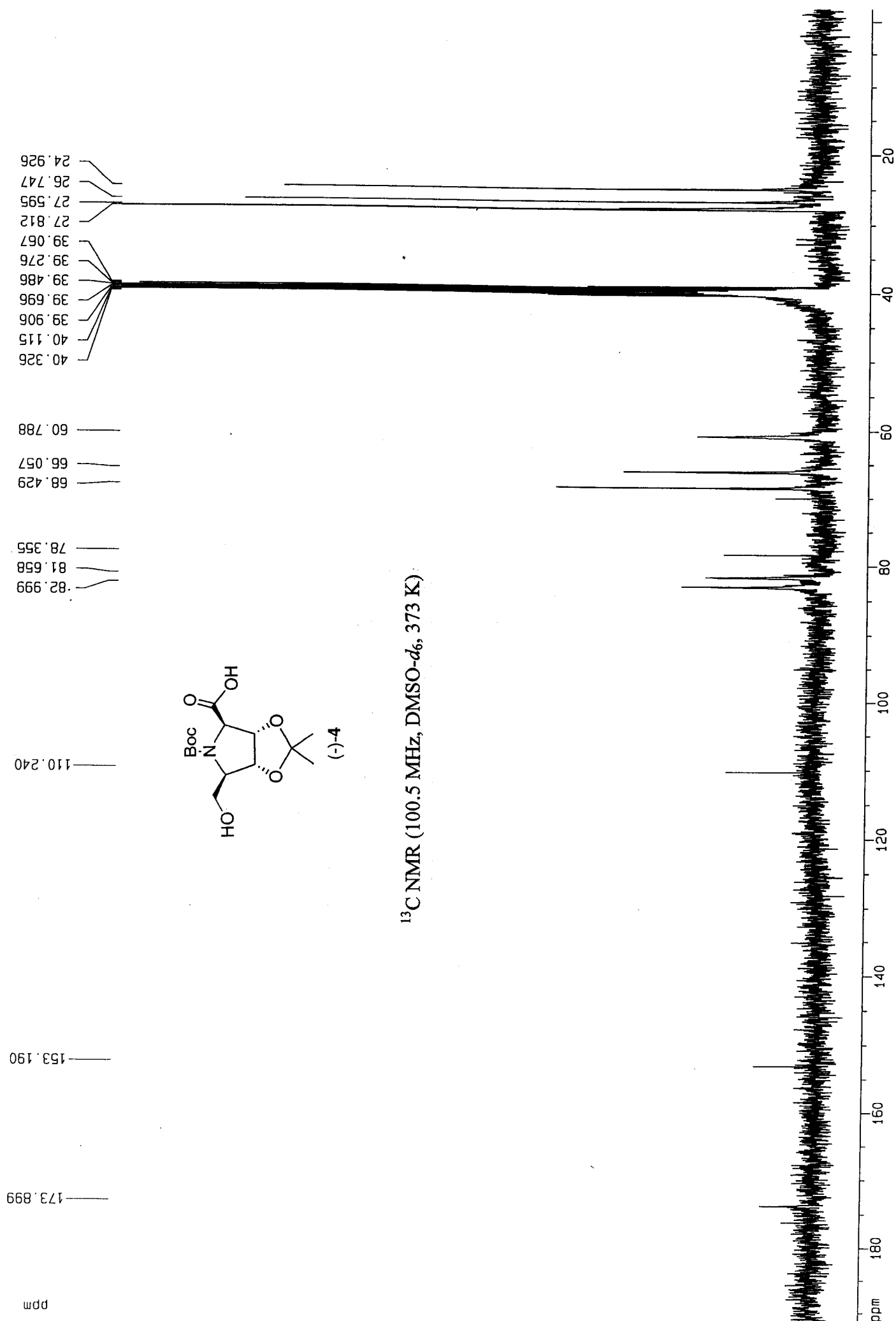
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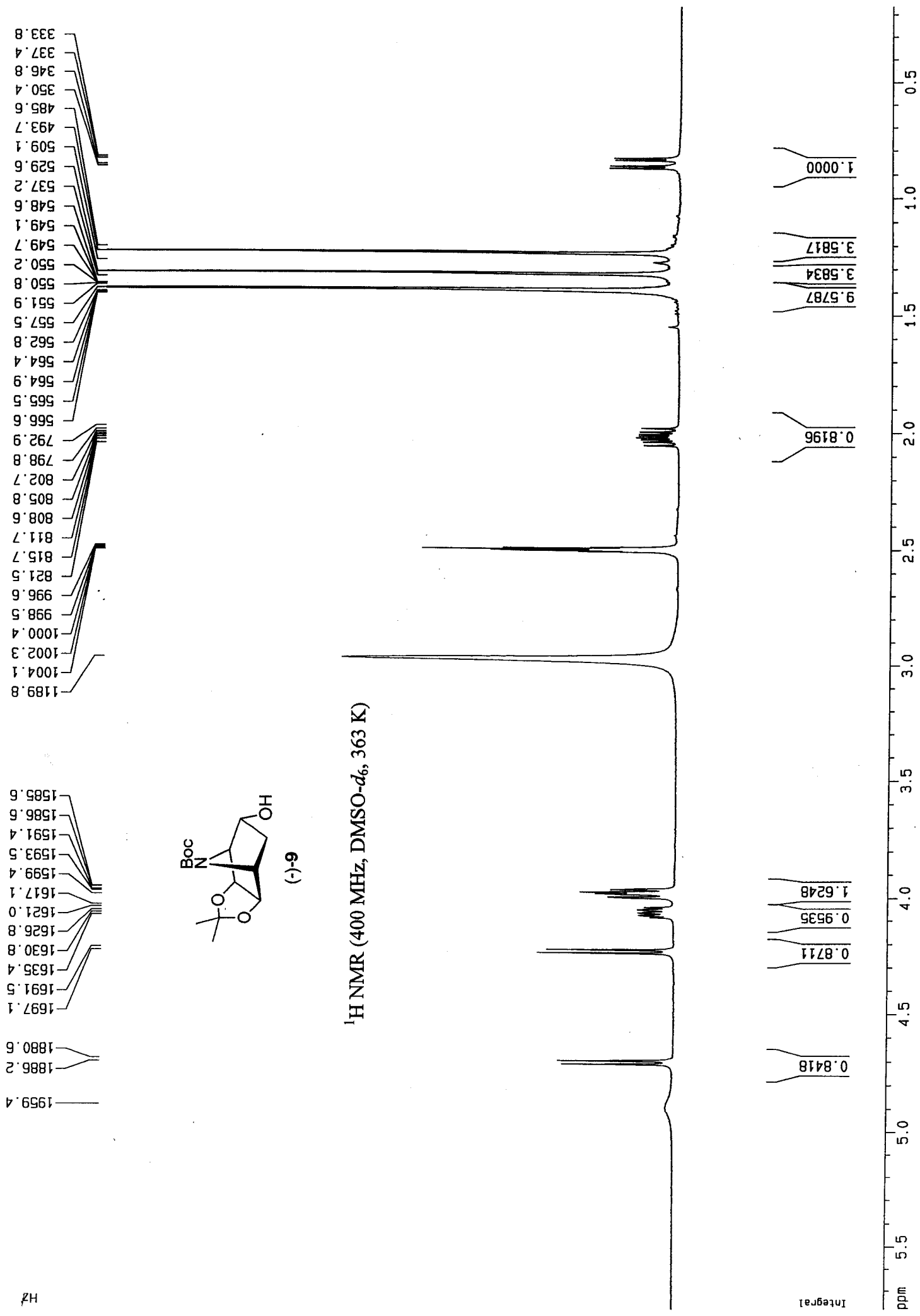
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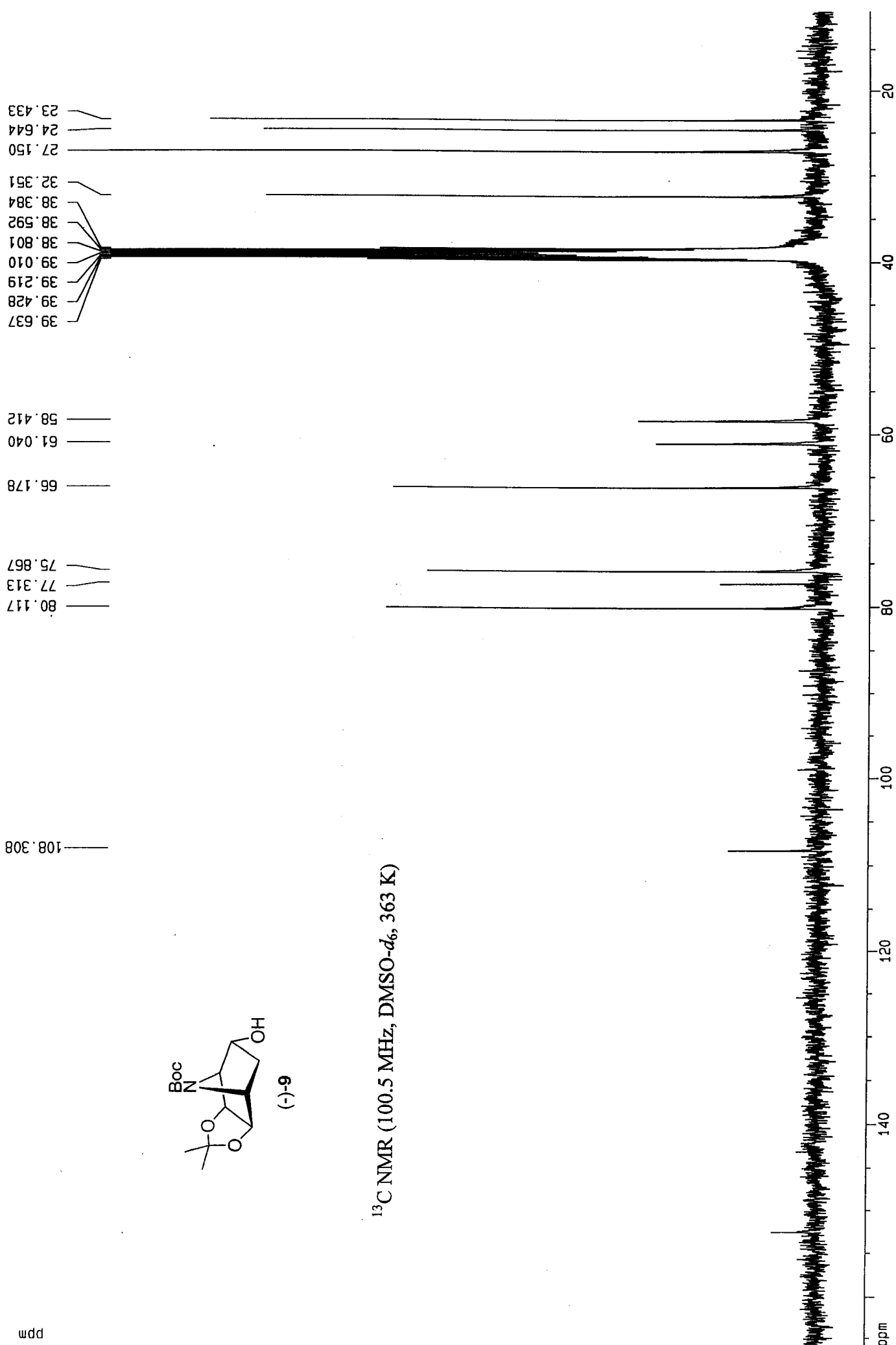
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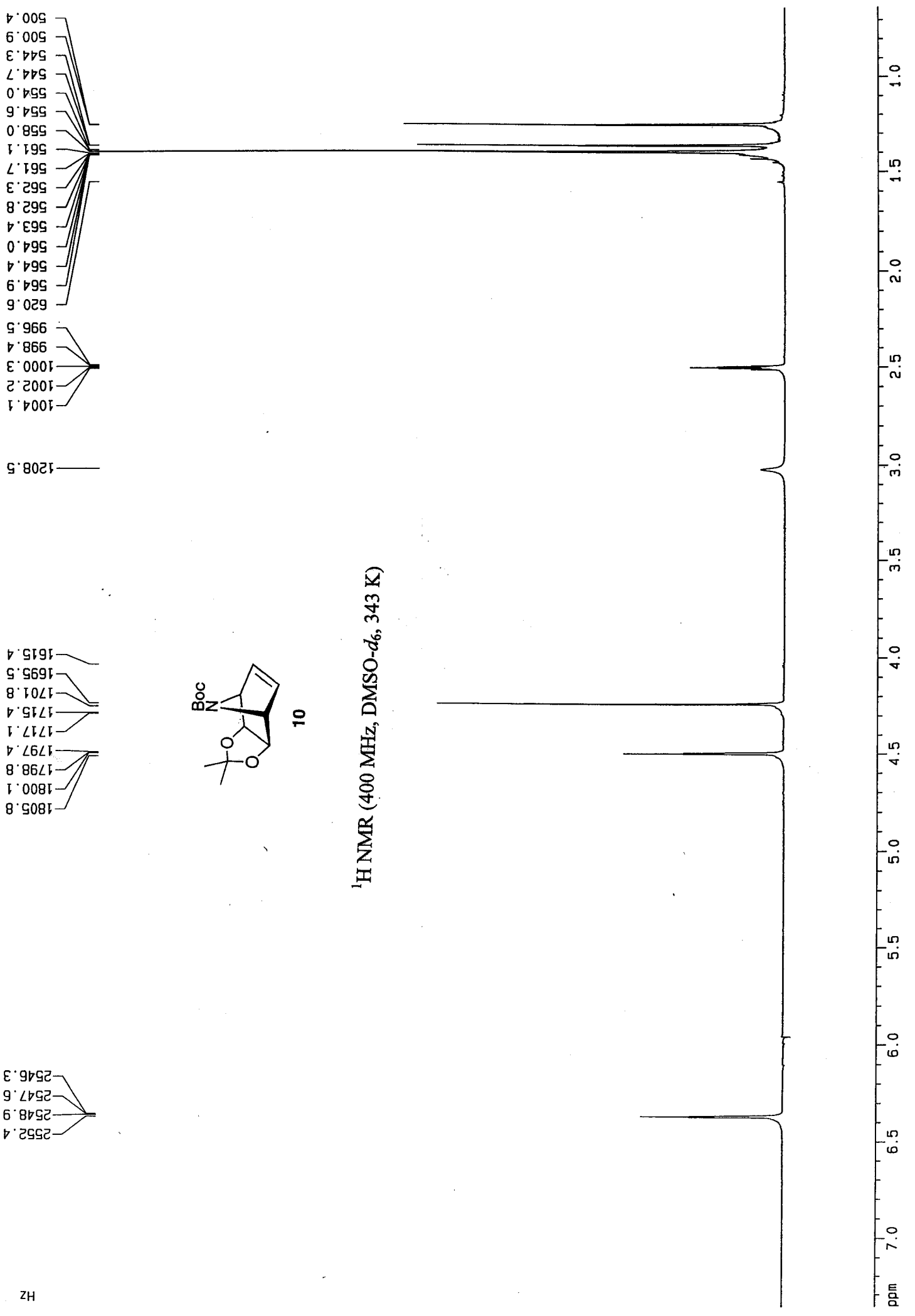




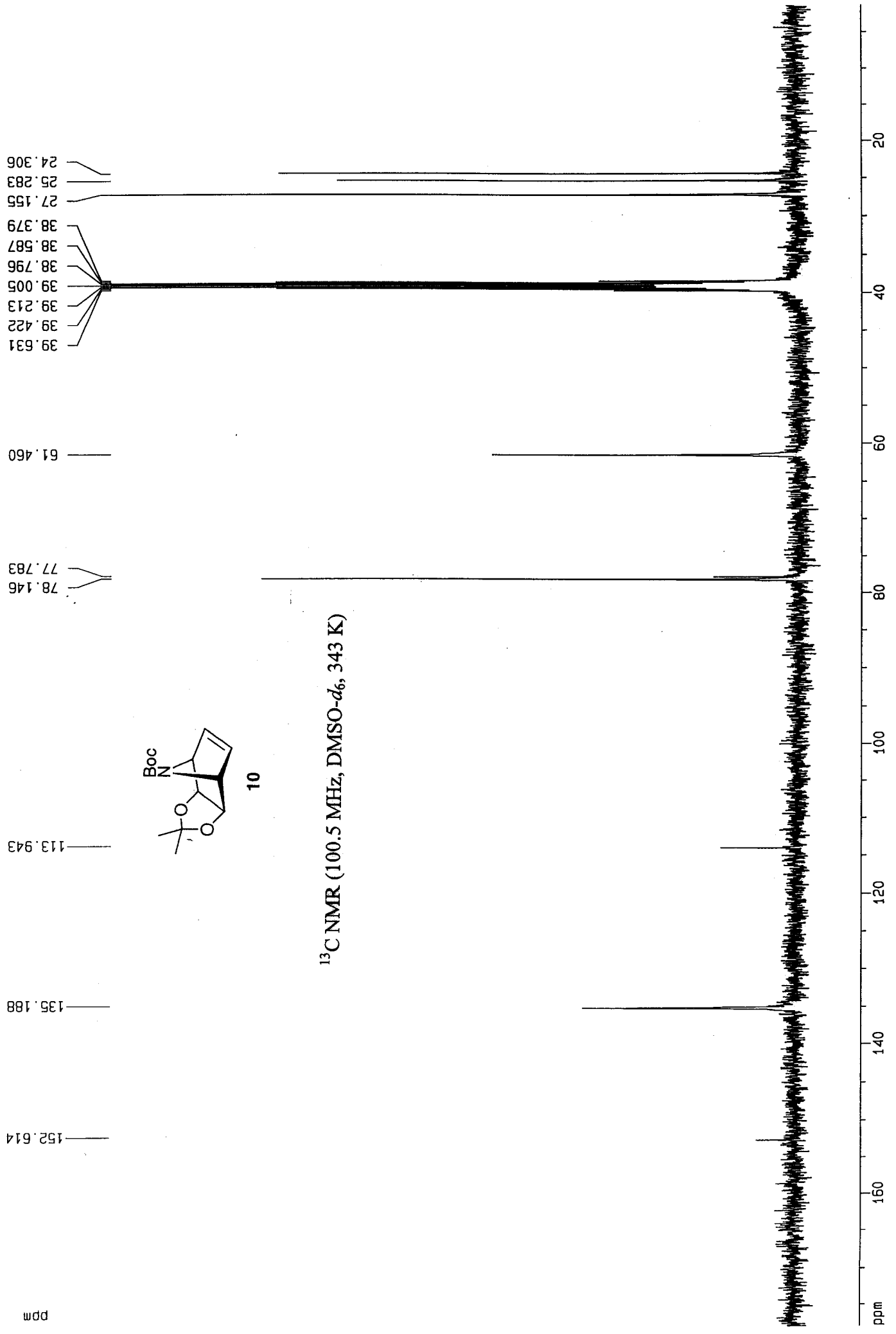


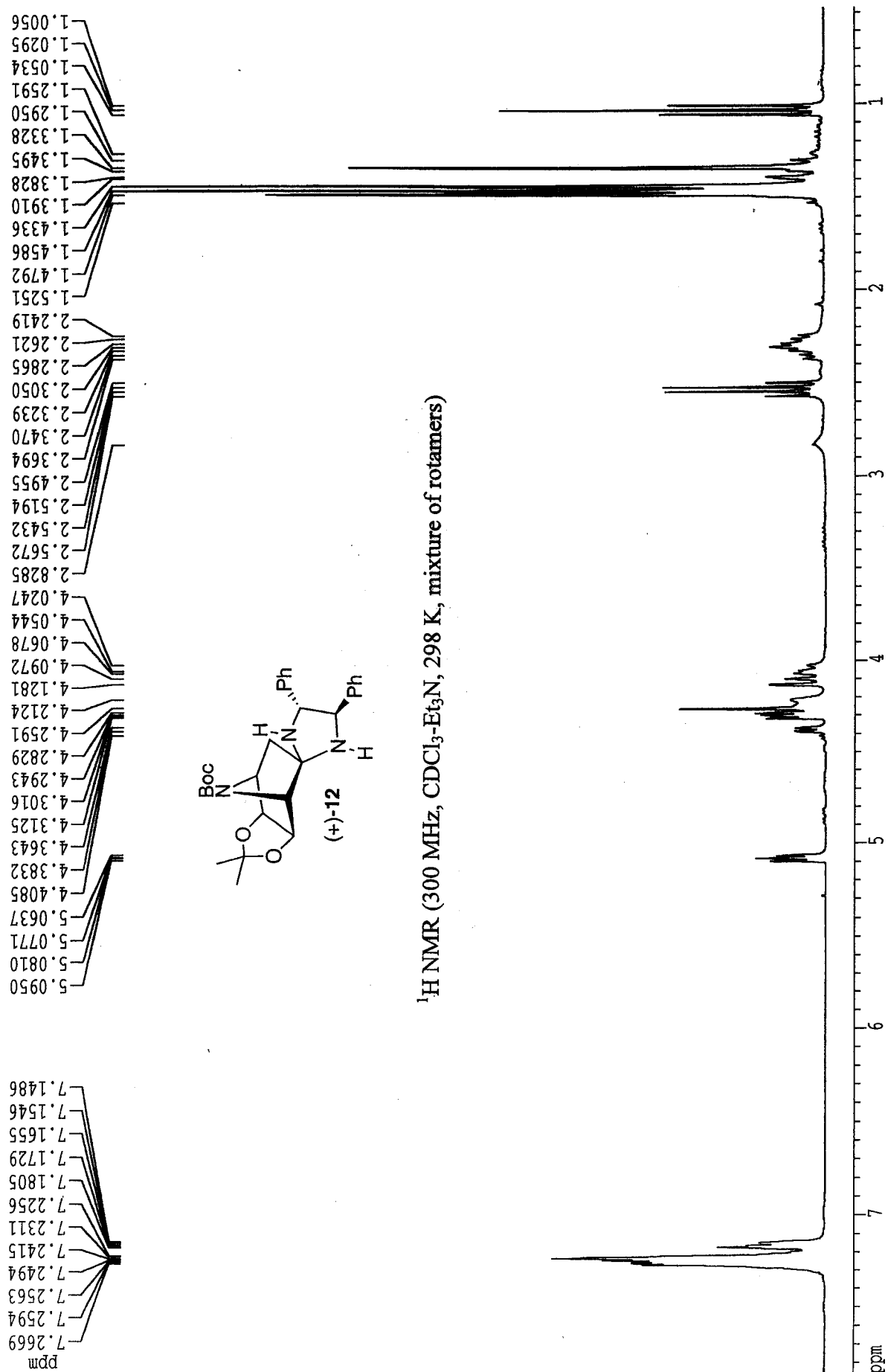


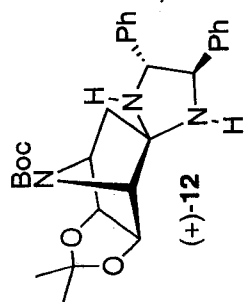




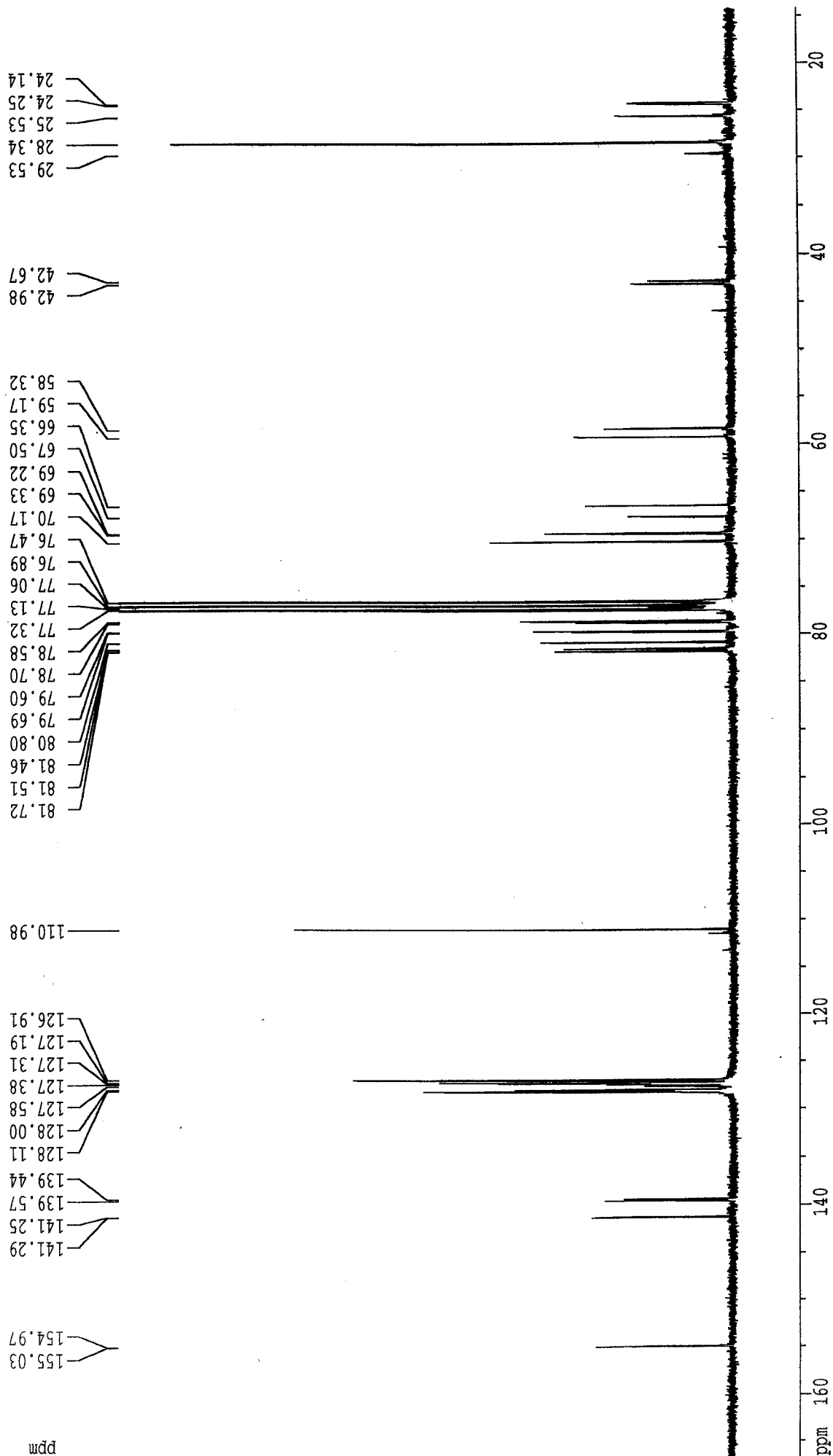
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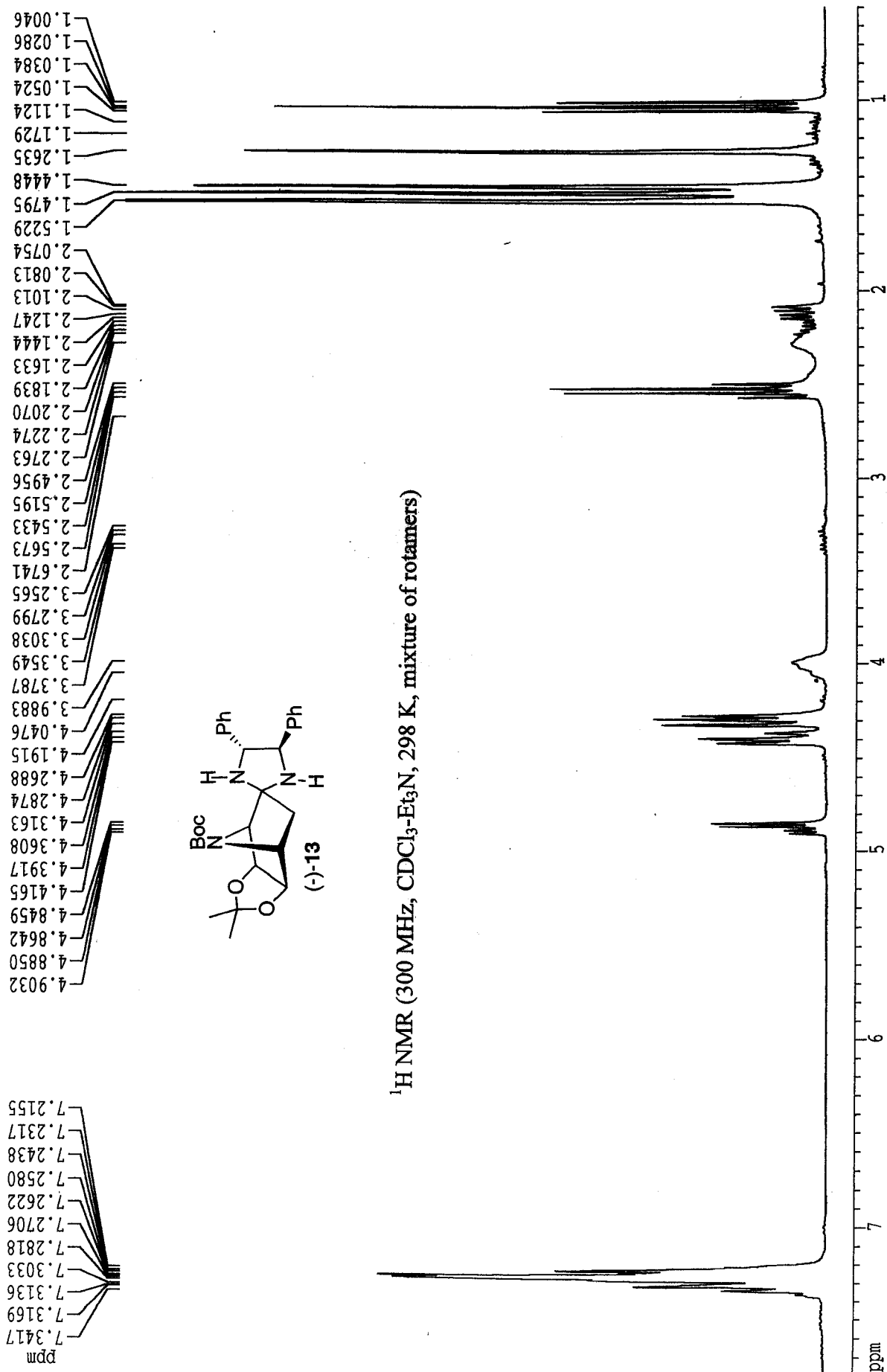


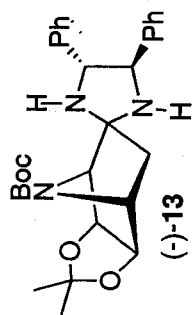




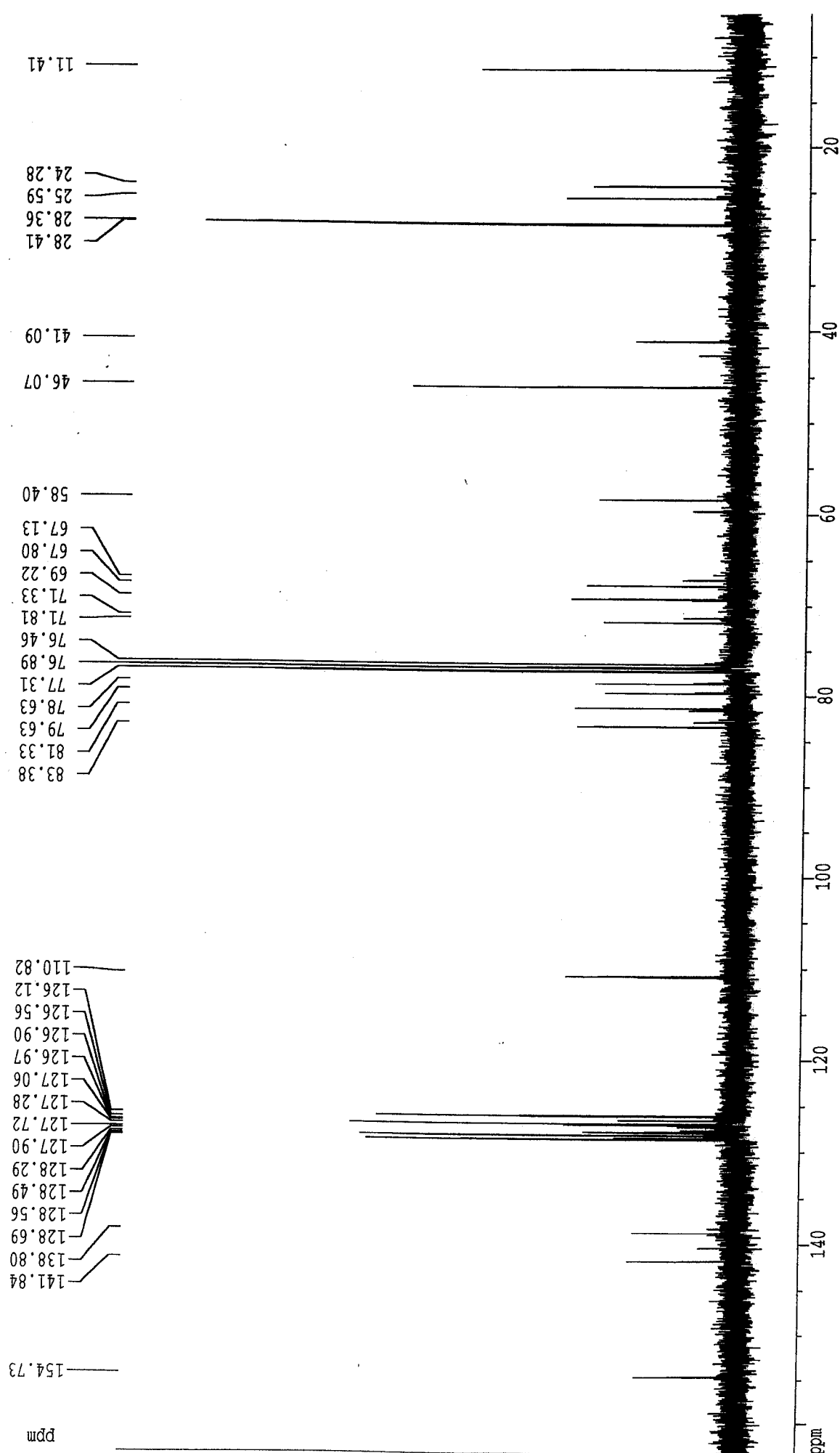
^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl_3 - Et_3N , 298 K, mixture of rotamers)

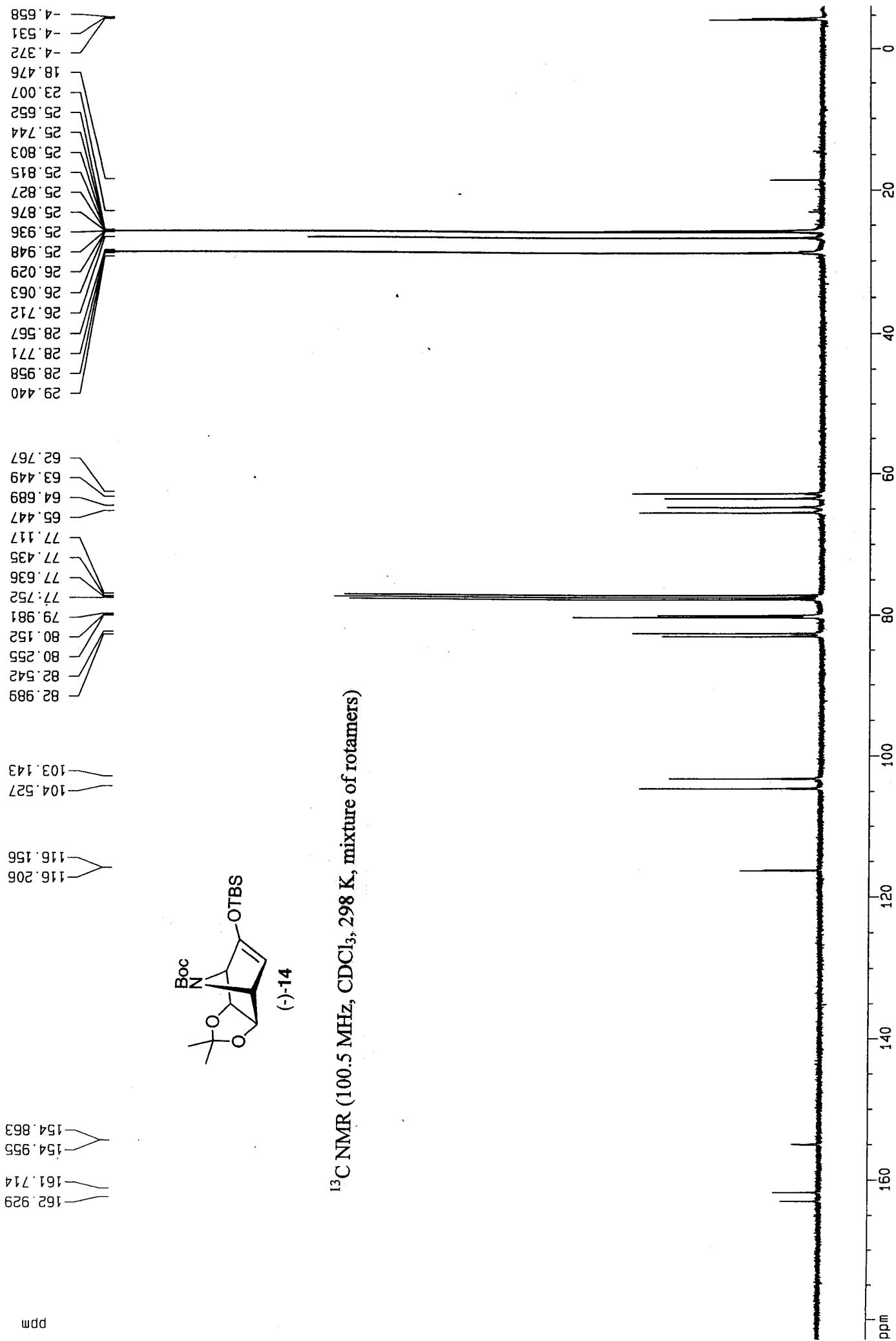




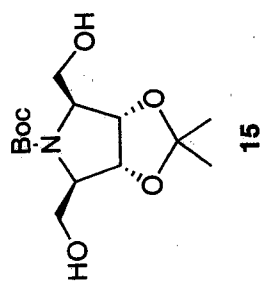


^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl_3 - Et_3N , 298 K, mixture of rotamers)





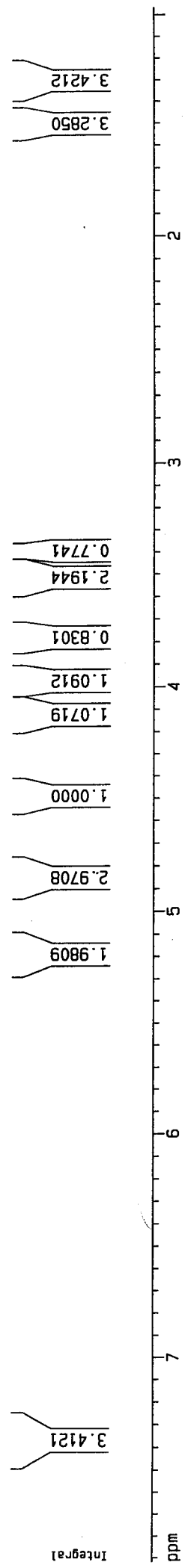
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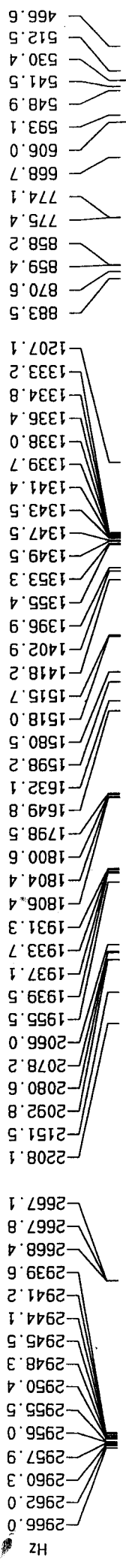
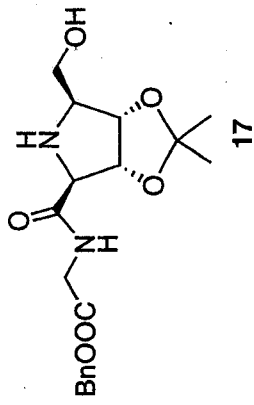
^{13}C NMR (100.5 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , 363 K)

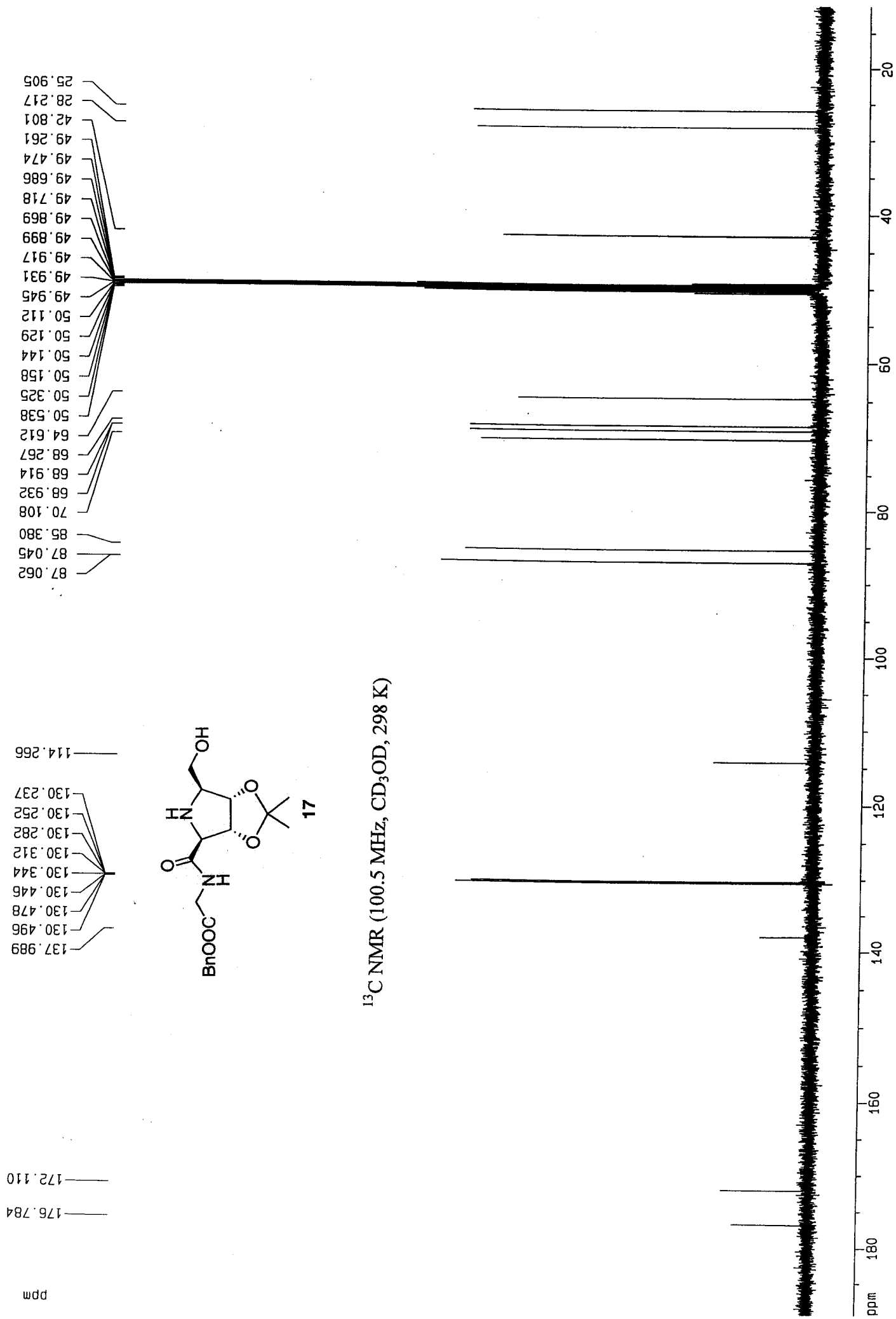
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39.0698
27.7923
26.8248
24.9656

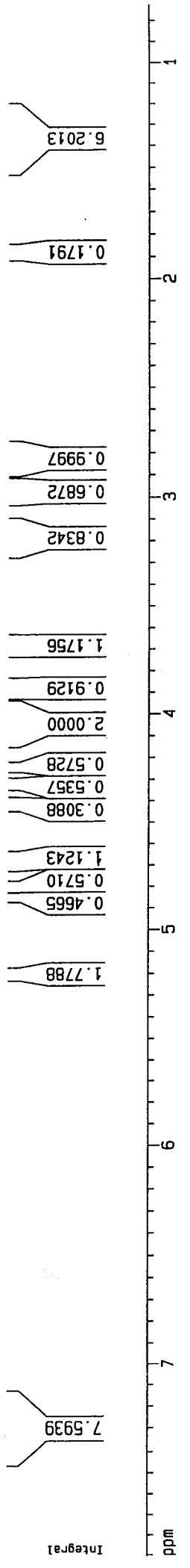
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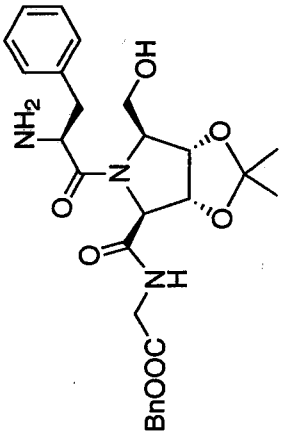
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD, 298 K)



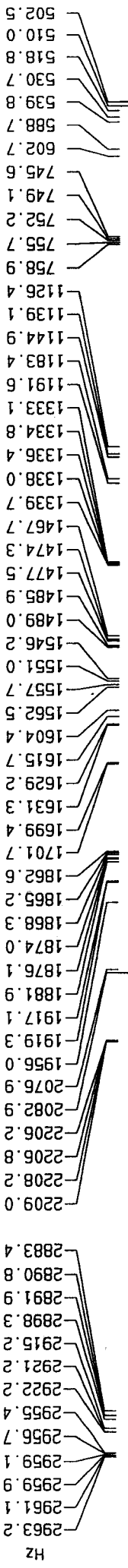




¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD, 298 K, mixture of conformers)



19

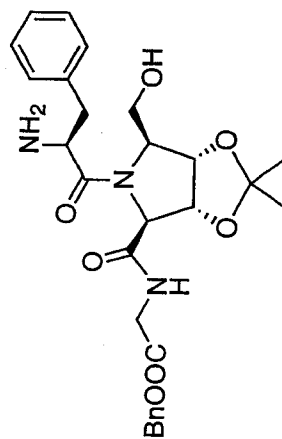


ppm

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171.636

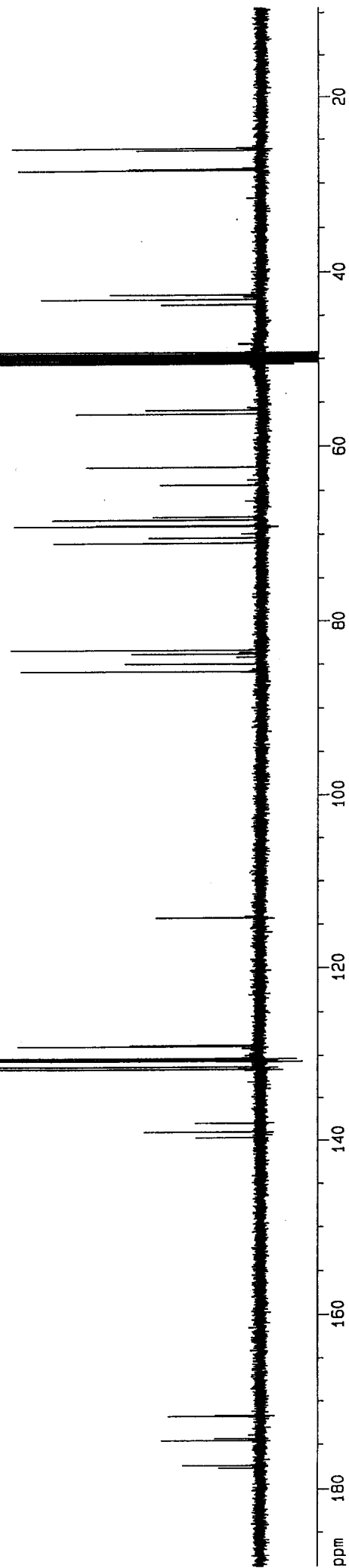
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114.152

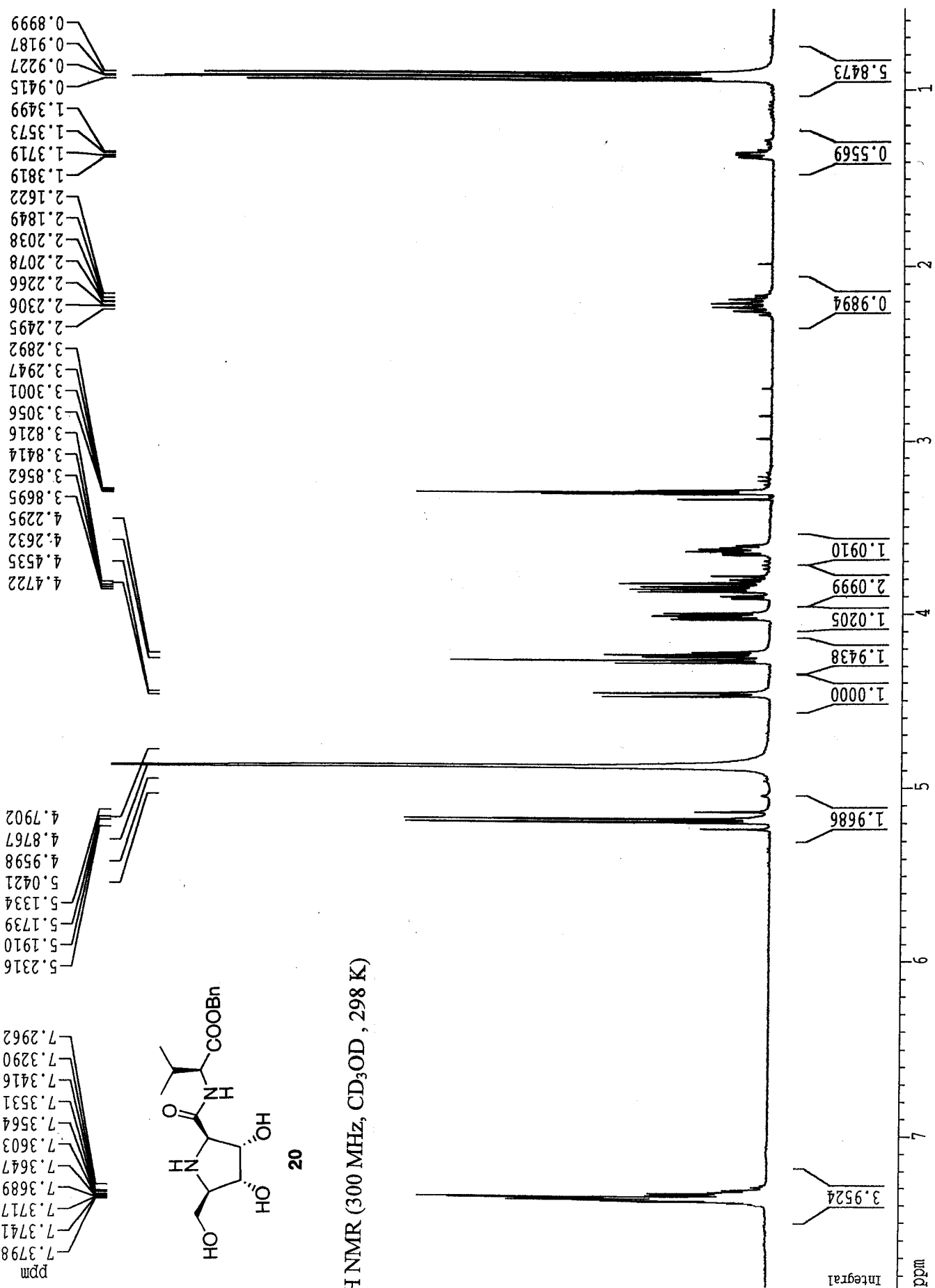
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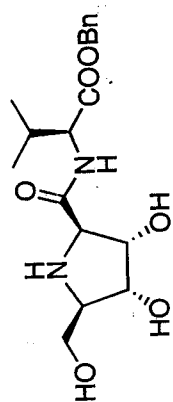


19

^{13}C NMR (100.5 MHz, CD_3OD , 298 K, mixture of conformers)







20

^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz, CD_3OD , 298 K)



