

Supporting Information

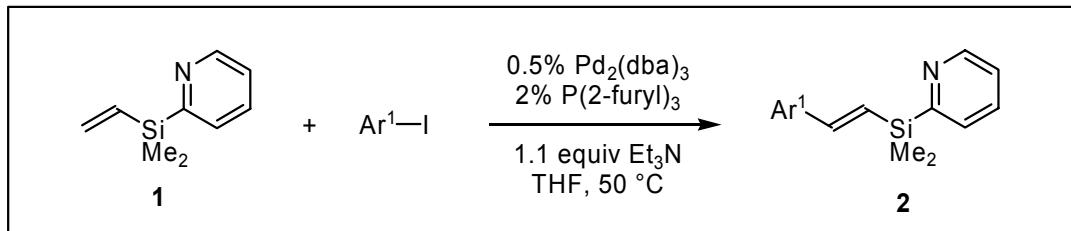
Stereoselective Synthesis of Multisubstituted Butadienes through Directed Mizoroki–Heck Reaction and Homo-Coupling Reaction of Vinyl(2-pyridyl)silane

Kenichiro Itami,* Yousuke Ushiogi, Toshiki Nokami, Youichi Ohashi, and Jun-ichi Yoshida*

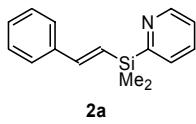
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General. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded on Varian GEMINI-2000 (^1H 300 MHz, ^{13}C 75 MHz), Varian MERCURYplus-400 (^1H 400 MHz, ^{13}C 100 MHz), and JEOL A-500 (^1H 500 MHz, ^{13}C 125 MHz) spectrometers in CDCl_3 . UV/Vis spectra were recorded on Shimadzu UV-2500 spectrophotometer. Fluorescence spectra were recorded on Horiba Jobin Yvon SPEX FluoroMax-3 spectrofluorometer. IR spectra were recorded on Shimadzu FTIR-8100 spectrophotometer. EI and CI mass spectra were recorded on JMS-SX102A spectrometer. FAB mass spectra were recorded on JMS-HX110A spectrometer. Gel permeation chromatography was carried out with Japan Analytical Industry LC-918. Unless otherwise noted, all materials were obtained from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. $\text{Pd}[\text{P}(t\text{-Bu})_3]_2$ and $\text{P}(t\text{-Bu})_3$ were purchased from Strem Chemicals, Inc. and used as received. Dimethyl(2-pyridyl)(vinyl)silane (**1**) was prepared according to our previously reported procedure.¹

Synthesis of Alkenyl(2-pyridyl)silanes **2** except **2i**.

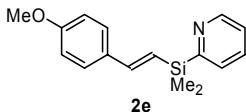
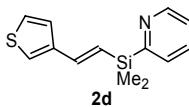
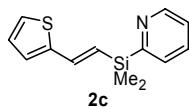
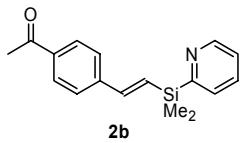


To a solution of $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3 \cdot \text{CHCl}_3$ (2.6 mg, 2.5 μmol) and tri-2-furylphosphine (2.3 mg, 0.01 mmol) in THF (1.5 mL) were added iodobenzene (112 mg, 0.55 mmol), dimethyl(2-pyridyl)vinylsilane (**1**) (82 mg, 0.50 mmol), and triethylamine (61 mg, 0.60 mmol) at room temperature under argon and the reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, toluene (5 mL) was added to the reaction mixture. This mixture was extracted with 1 N aq HCl (6 \times 10 mL). The combined aqueous phase was neutralized by adding NaHCO_3 and then was extracted with EtOAc (3 \times 30 mL). Drying over Na_2SO_4 and removal of the solvents under reduced pressure afforded **2a** (118 mg, 99%) as pale yellow oil.

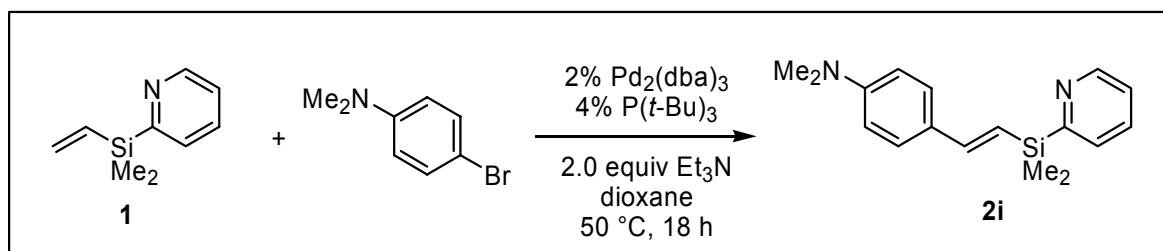


2a: 93% yield from **1** and iodobenzene. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.50 (s, 6H), 6.65 (d, J = 19.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 19.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (ddd, J = 6.9, 4.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.26–7.36 (m, 3H), 7.44–7.49 (m, 2H), 7.54–7.62 (m, 2H), 8.81 (dt, J = 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ –3.4, 122.9, 126.1, 126.6, 128.3, 128.6, 129.5, 134.1, 138.2, 145.9, 150.4, 167.0. IR (neat) 2959, 1605, 1574, 1495, 1449, 1418, 1246 cm^{-1} . HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{17}\text{NSi}$: 239.1131, found 239.1122. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{17}\text{NSi}$: C, 75.26; H, 7.16; N, 5.85. Found: C, 75.49; H, 7.25; N, 5.83.

(1) Itami, K.; Mitsudo, K.; Kamei, T.; Koike, T.; Nokami, T.; Yoshida, J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2000**, *122*, 12013.

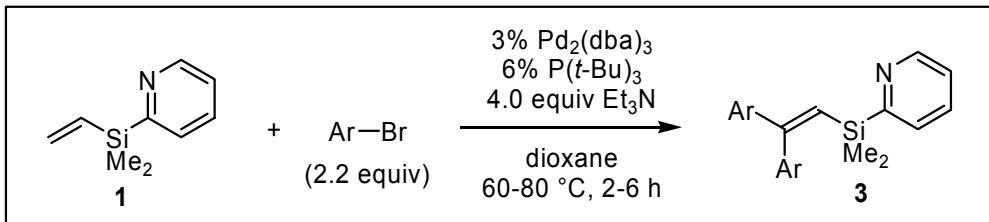


Synthesis of Alkenyl(2-pyridyl)silane **2i**.

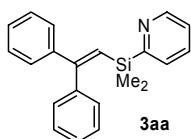


A mixture of Pd₂(dba)₃·CHCl₃ (106.6 mg, 0.10 mmol), P(*t*-Bu)₃ (40.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), **1** (889.5 mg, 5.5 mmol), 4-bromo-*N,N*-dimethylaniline (1.00 g, 5.0 mmol), and Et₃N (1.01 g, 10.0 mmol) in dioxane (5 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 18 h. After cooling to room temperature, catalyst and salts were removed by filtration through a short gel pad (EtOAc/CHCl₃). The filtrate was evaporated, and the residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexane/EtOAc = 5/2) to afford **2i** (1.16 g, 82%) as pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.51 (s, 6H), 2.98 (s, 6H), 6.36 (d, *J* = 18.4 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 7.22–7.25 (m, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.58–7.62 (m, 2H), 8.80–8.81 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –2.8, 40.5, 112.0, 119.8, 122.5, 126.7, 127.5, 129.3, 133.8, 145.7, 149.9, 150.4, 167.4. HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₂N₂Si: 282.1552, found: 282.1546.

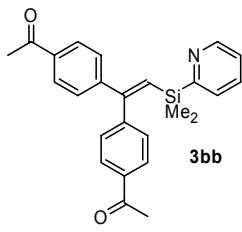
One-Pot Synthesis of Alkenyl(2-pyridyl)silanes 3 from 1 and Aryl Bromides.



A mixture of $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3 \cdot \text{CHCl}_3$ (9.8 mg, 9.5 μmol), $\text{P}(t\text{-Bu})_3$ (3.6 mg, 0.02 mmol), **1** (47.6 mg, 0.29 mmol), 4-bromoanisole (120.5 mg, 0.64 mmol), and Et_3N (121.4 mg, 1.20 mmol) in dioxane (1 mL) was stirred at 80 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 3 h. After cooling to room temperature, catalyst and salts were removed by filtration through a short gel pad ($\text{EtOAc}/\text{CHCl}_3$). The filtrate was evaporated, and the residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexane/ EtOAc = 5/2) to afford **3ee** (99.3 mg, 91%) as pale yellow oil.



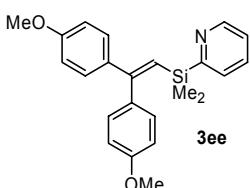
3aa: 99% yield from **1** and bromobenzene. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.16 (s, 6H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 7.10–7.19 (m, 3H), 7.22–7.36 (m, 8H), 7.37–7.45 (m, 1H), 7.53 (td, J = 7.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.78 (dm, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -2.0, 122.5, 126.34, 126.35, 127.3, 127.4, 127.8, 128.0, 129.3, 129.6, 133.9, 142.3, 142.9, 150.0, 158.8, 167.8. IR (neat) 3058, 2957, 1574, 1489, 1443, 1418, 1246 cm^{-1} . HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{21}\text{NSi}$: 315.1443, found 315.1444.



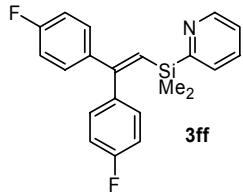
3bb: 79% yield from **1** and 4'-bromoacetophenone. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.22 (s, 6H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 2.61 (s, 3H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 7.17–7.21 (m, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32–7.36 (m, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.51–7.55 (m, 1H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.73–8.75 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -2.1, 26.57, 26.58, 122.7, 127.3, 128.0, 128.2, 129.2, 129.7, 130.6, 134.0, 136.22, 136.23, 146.4, 146.5, 150.0, 156.3, 166.7, 197.50, 197.55. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_2\text{Si}$: 399.1655, found: 399.1656.



3dd: 72% yield from **1** and 3-bromothiophene. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.19 (s, 6H), 6.46 (s, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, J = 2.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J = 3.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.15–7.26 (m, 3H), 7.31 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dt, J = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (td, J = 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.76 (dq, J = 4.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -2.2, 122.5, 123.6, 123.9, 124.9, 125.4, 125.5, 126.0, 129.0, 129.2, 133.9, 142.5, 144.9, 148.0, 150.0, 167.8. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{17}\text{NS}_2\text{Si}$: 327.0572, found: 327.0573.

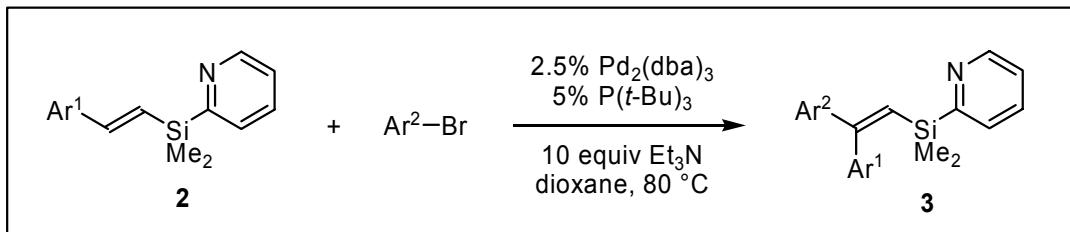


3ee: 91% yield from **1** and 4-bromoanisole. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.20 (s, 6H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 6.38 (s, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.11–7.14 (m, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 7.41–7.43 (m, 1H), 7.47–7.50 (m, 1H), 8.74–8.76 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -1.7, 55.0, 55.1, 112.9, 113.0, 122.1, 123.4, 128.4, 128.9, 130.5, 133.5, 134.7, 135.7, 149.6, 157.7, 158.7, 159.1, 167.9. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_2\text{Si}$: 375.1655, found: 375.1654.

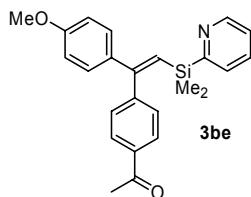


72% yield from **1** and 1-bromo-4-fluorobenzene. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.19 (s, 6H), 6.46 (s, 1H), 6.88–6.97 (m, 4H), 7.02–7.07 (m, 2H), 7.15–7.27 (m, 3H), 7.35–7.38 (m, 1H), 7.51–7.56 (m, 1H), 8.74–8.76 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ –2.0, 114.8 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 21.6$ Hz), 114.9 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 21.7$ Hz), 122.7, 126.8, 129.0, 129.2 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 9.2$ Hz), 131.2 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 8.0$ Hz), 134.1, 138.0 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 3.5$ Hz), 139.0 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 3.5$ Hz), 150.0, 156.6, 162.3 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 244.9$ Hz), 162.7 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 247.1$ Hz), 167.4. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{19}\text{F}_2\text{NSi}$: 351.1255, found: 351.1255.

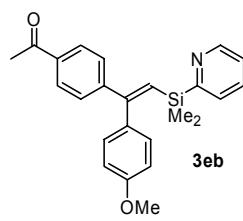
Synthesis of Alkenyl(2-pyridyl)silanes **3** from **2** and Aryl Bromides.



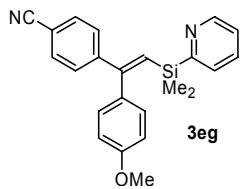
A mixture of **2b** (279.6 mg, 1.00 mmol), 4-bromoanisole (96.4 mg, 1.05 mmol), triethylamine (1.01 g, 10.0 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3 \cdot \text{CHCl}_3$ (26.0 mg, 0.025 mmol), and $\text{P}(t\text{-Bu})_3$ (11.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) in dry dioxane (1.5 mL) was stirred at 80 °C for 2 h under argon. After cooling the reaction mixture to room temperature, the catalyst and salts were removed by filtration through a short silica gel pad (EtOAc). The filtrate was evaporated, and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel (hexane/ EtOAc) to afford **3be** (272.7 mg, 73%) as pale yellow oil.



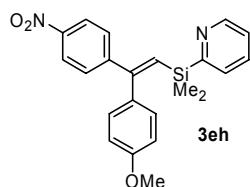
73% yield from **2b** and 4-bromoanisole. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.16 (s, 6H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 6.73 (d, $J = 9.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.13–7.22 (m, 1H), 7.34–7.37 (m, 1H), 7.40–7.53 (m, 1H), 7.81 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 8.72–8.74 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ –1.9, 26.6, 52.2, 113.4, 122.6, 125.0, 127.9, 128.5, 129.2, 129.8, 134.0, 134.9, 136.0, 147.6, 149.9, 157.0, 159.6, 167.4, 197.7. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_2\text{Si}$: 387.1655, found: 387.1655.



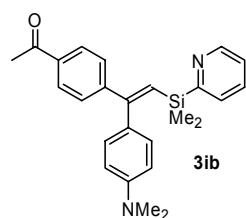
63% yield from **2e** and 4'-bromoacetophenone. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.21 (s, 6H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.16–7.19 (m, 1H), 7.37 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.36–7.42 (m, 1H), 7.52–7.56 (m, 1H), 7.84 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 8.75–8.76 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ –1.8, 26.7, 55.3, 113.3, 122.5, 127.5, 127.9, 129.0, 129.1, 130.6, 133.8, 133.9, 136.0, 147.6, 149.9, 157.3, 159.1, 167.3, 197.3. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_2\text{Si}$: 387.1655, found: 387.1656.



61% yield from **2e** and 4-bromobenzonitrile. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.21 (s, 6H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.17–7.20 (m, 1H), 7.38 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.37–7.40 (m, 1H), 7.53 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.52–7.57 (m, 1H), 8.74–8.76 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ –1.8, 55.3, 111.0, 113.4, 118.8, 122.6, 127.9, 129.1, 130.2, 130.6, 131.7, 133.3, 133.9, 147.4, 149.8, 156.5, 159.2, 167.0. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{OSi}$: 370.1501, found: 370.1495.

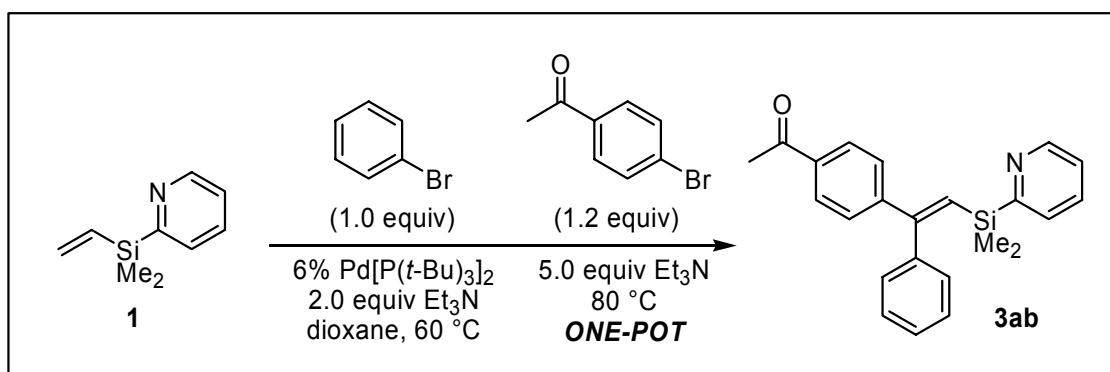


39% yield from **2e** and 1-bromo-4-nitrobenzene. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.23 (s, 6H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 6.64 (s, 1H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.18–7.21 (m, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.38–7.45 (m, 1H), 7.53–7.58 (m, 1H), 8.10 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 8.75–8.77 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -1.8, 55.3, 113.4, 122.6, 123.1, 128.0, 129.1, 130.6, 131.2, 133.2, 134.0, 146.9, 149.3, 149.8, 156.2, 159.3, 166.9. HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₂₂N₂O₃Si: 390.1400, found: 390.1401.



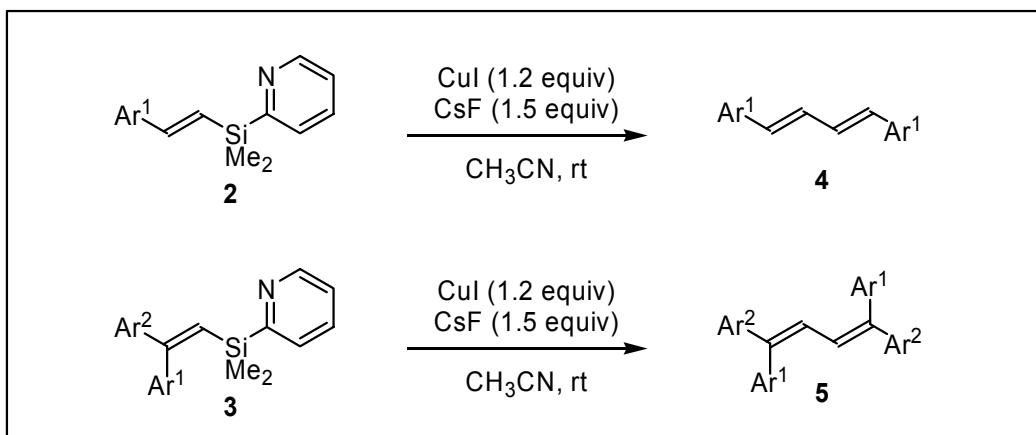
86% yield from **2i** and 4'-bromoacetophenone. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.23 (s, 6H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.12–7.16 (m, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43–7.45 (m, 1H), 7.50–7.54 (m, 1H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.75–8.76 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -1.7, 26.6, 40.4, 111.4, 122.3, 127.5, 127.6, 127.7, 129.0, 129.3, 130.2, 133.6, 135.7, 148.3, 149.7, 149.8, 158.0, 167.7, 197.2. HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₂₈N₂OSi: 400.1971, found: 400.1972.

Synthesis of Alkenyl(2-pyridyl)silane **3ab**.

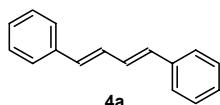


A mixture of Pd[P(t-Bu)₃]₂ (30.7 mg, 0.06 mmol), triethylamine (202.4 mg, 2.0 mmol), **1** (167.4 mg, 1.03 mmol), and bromobenzene (158.5 mg, 1.01 mmol) in dioxane (1.2 mL) was stirred at 60 °C for 5 h under argon. To this mixture were added 4'-bromoacetophenone (236.2 mg, 1.19 mmol), triethylamine (506.0 mg, 5.0 mmol), and dioxane (1.2 mL) the resultant mixture was further stirred at 80 °C for 2 h. After cooling the reaction mixture to room temperature, the catalyst and salts were removed by filtration through a short silica gel pad (EtOAc). The subjection of the crude mixture to silica gel chromatography (hexane/EtOAc = 5/2) afforded **3ab** (241.3 mg, 68%) as pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.18 (s, 6H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 6.66 (s, 1H), 7.08–7.10 (m, 2H), 7.16–7.20 (m, 1H), 7.23–7.32 (m, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.36–7.40 (m, 3H), 7.52–7.56 (m, 1H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.75–8.77 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -2.2, 26.4, 122.5, 127.3, 127.6, 127.9, 128.0, 129.1, 129.35, 129.38, 133.8, 136.0, 141.4, 147.1, 149.9, 157.5, 167.2, 197.4. HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₃NOSi: 357.1549, found: 357.1548.

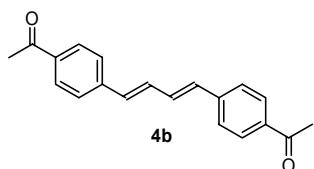
Typical Procedure for CuI/CsF-Mediated Homo-Coupling Reaction of Alkenyl(2-pyridyl)silanes (2** and **3**).**



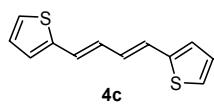
A mixture of **3bb** (120.5 mg, 0.30 mmol), CuI (69.1 mg, 0.36 mmol), and CsF (68.7 mg, 0.45 mmol) in dry CH₃CN (3.0 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 h under argon. Catalyst and salts were removed by filtration through a short gel pad (EtOAc/CHCl₃). The filtrate was evaporated, and the residue was subjected to gel permeation chromatography (CHCl₃) to afford **5bb** as pale yellow solid (49.3 mg, 62%).



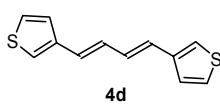
4a:² >99% yield from **2a**. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.68 (dd, *J* = 18.9, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (dd, *J* = 18.9, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.20–7.50 (m, 10H). UV/Vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} = 333 nm. FL (CHCl₃): λ_{max} = 381 nm.



4b:³ 47% yield from **2b**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.61 (s, 6H), 6.76 (dd, *J* = 18.9, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (dd, *J* = 18.9, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H). UV/Vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} = 368 nm. FL (CHCl₃): λ_{max} = 425 nm.



4c:⁴ 70% yield from **2c**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.67–6.80 (m, 4H), 6.95–7.05 (m, 4H), 7.17 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 1.6 Hz, 2H). UV/Vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} = 363 nm. FL (CHCl₃): λ_{max} = 430 nm.



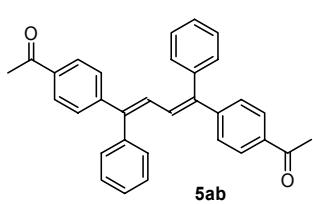
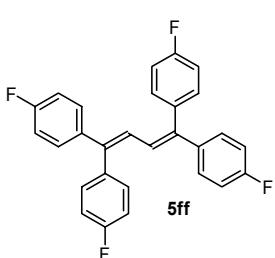
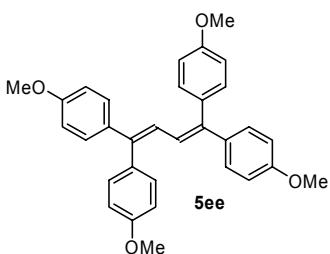
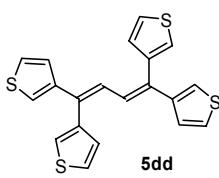
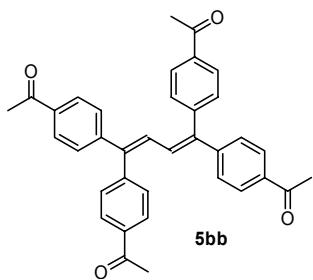
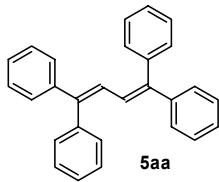
4d:⁵ 46% yield from **2d**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.60–6.80 (m, 4H), 7.18 (dd, *J* = 4.0, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25–7.30 (m, 4H). UV/Vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} = 322 nm. FL (CHCl₃): λ_{max} = 394 nm.

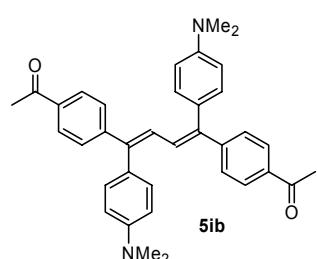
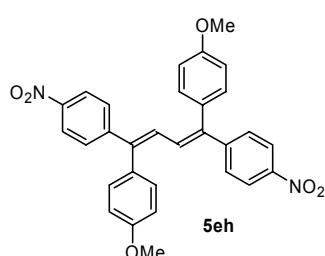
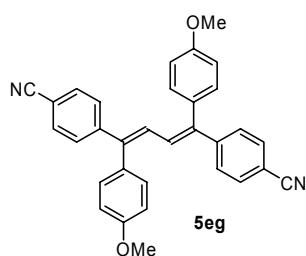
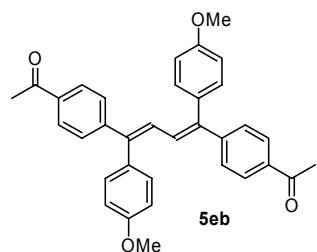
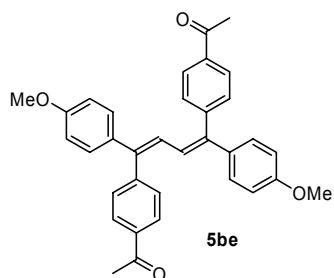
(2) Wang, Z.; Zhang, G.; Guzei, I.; Verkade, J. G. *J. Org. Chem.* **2001**, *66*, 3521.

(3) Mitsudo, T.; Fischetti, W.; Heck, R. F. *J. Org. Chem.* **1984**, *49*, 1640.

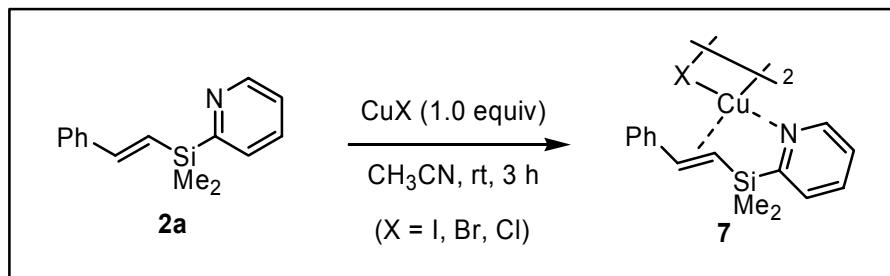
(4) Frère, P.; Raimundo, J.-M.; Blanchard, P.; Delaunay, J.; Richomme, P.; Sauvajol, J.-L.; Orduna, J.; Garin, J.; Roncali, J. *J. Org. Chem.* **2003**, *68*, 7254.

(5) Leznoff, C. C.; Lilie, W.; Manning, C. *Can. J. Chem.* **1974**, *52*, 132.





Typical Procedure for the Stoichiometric Reaction of **2a and CuX (X = I, Br, Cl).**



To a solution of CuI (193 mg, 1.01 mmol) in dry CH₃CN (10 mL) was added **2a** (239.4 mg, 1.00 mmol) at room temperature. After stirring the resultant mixture at room temperature for 3 h (yellow solid gradually deposited), the mixture was filtered. The resultant solid was washed with CH₃CN (10 mL) and dried under reduced pressure to afford **7 (X = I)** (436.6 mg, >99% yield) as yellow solid.

7 (X = I): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.49 (s, 6H), 5.81 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (ddd, *J* = 7.2, 4.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34–7.42 (m, 3H), 7.46 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (br, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -2.6, 124.1, 127.6, 127.8, 128.2, 128.4, 128.9, 134.9, 137.3, 150.4, 167.2. LRMS (FAB) *m/z* 733 (bridged dimer – I), 541 (bridged dimer – CuI₂), 302 (monomer – I).

7 (X = Br): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.49 (s, 6H), 5.37 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 6.95–7.20 (br, 1H), 7.30–7.45 (m, 4H), 7.50–7.70 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -3.0, 92.0, 120.8, 124.8, 127.7, 127.9, 128.1, 128.6, 129.1, 135.5, 137.8, 150.4. LRMS (FAB) *m/z* 685 (bridged dimer – Br), 541 (bridged dimer – CuBr₂), 302 (monomer – Br).

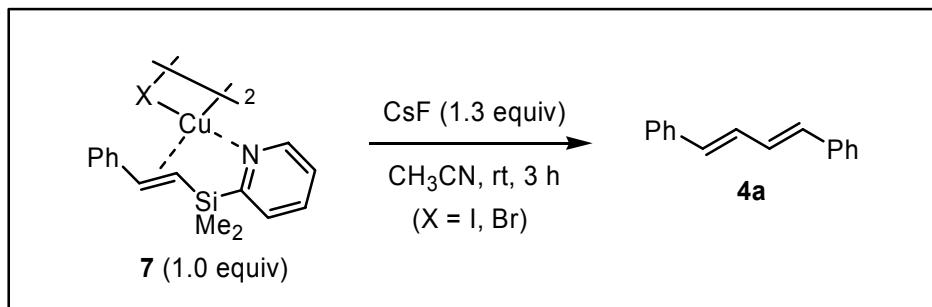
7 (X = Cl): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.62 (brs, 6H), 3.00–5.00 (br, 1H), 6.20–6.80 (m, 2H), 6.80–8.00 (m, 7H), 8.20–9.20 (br, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -3.9, 119.6 (br), 125.8, 126.0, 127.5, 127.8, 137.4, 141.4 (br). LRMS (FAB) *m/z* 541 (bridged dimer – CuCl₂).

Copper complex **8** was obtained in quantitative yield using the similar procedure.

8: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.47 (s, 6H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 5.73 (d, *J* = 18.4 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 18.4 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (ddd, *J* = 7.6, 5.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (br, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -2.8, 21.5, 101.5 (br), 124.0, 127.9, 128.8, 129.2, 131.8 (br), 134.7, 134.9, 138.1, 150.7, 167.5. LRMS (FAB) *m/z* 886 (M for bridged dimer), 759 (bridged dimer – I), 569 (bridged dimer – CuI₂).

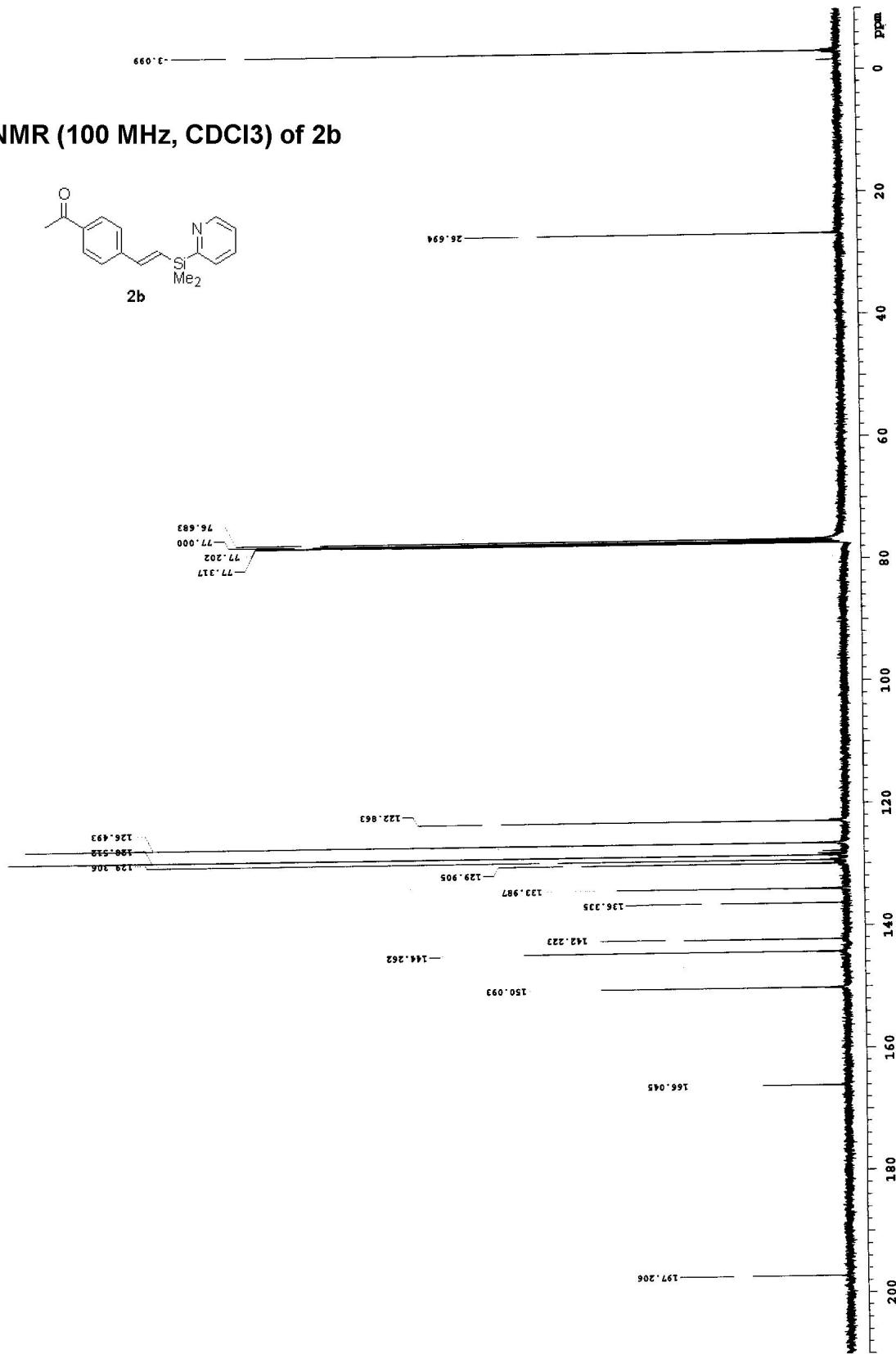
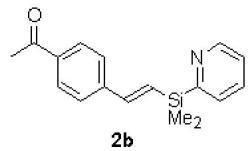
X-ray data for **8**: C₁₆H₁₉NSiCu (monomer unit), *M* = 443.87, triclinic, space group *P*-1 (No. 2), *a* = 8.5498(5) Å, *b* = 14.413(1) Å, *c* = 14.731(2) Å, α = 89.934(4) $^\circ$, β = 90.007(6) $^\circ$, γ = 82.093(2) $^\circ$, *V* = 1797.9(2) Å³, *Z* = 5, *D_c* = 2.050 g/cm³, μ = 37.37 cm⁻¹. Intensity data were measured on a Rigaku RAXIS imaging plate area detector with graphite-monochromated Mo-K α radiation. The data were collected at 23 ± 1 °C to a maximum 2 θ value of 54.8°. A total of 15634 reflections were collected. The structure was solved by direct methods and expanded using Fourier techniques. The non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Hydrogen atoms were refined isotropically. The final cycle of full-matrix least-squares refinement on F was based on 6446 observed reflections (*I* > 3.00 σ (*I*)) and 400 variable parameters and converged (largest parameter shift was 0.00 times its esd) with unweighted and weighted agreement factors of *R* = 0.041 (*R*_w = 0.068). All calculations were performed using the CrystalStructure crystallographic software package.

Typical Procedure for the Stoichiometric Reaction of 7 and CsF.

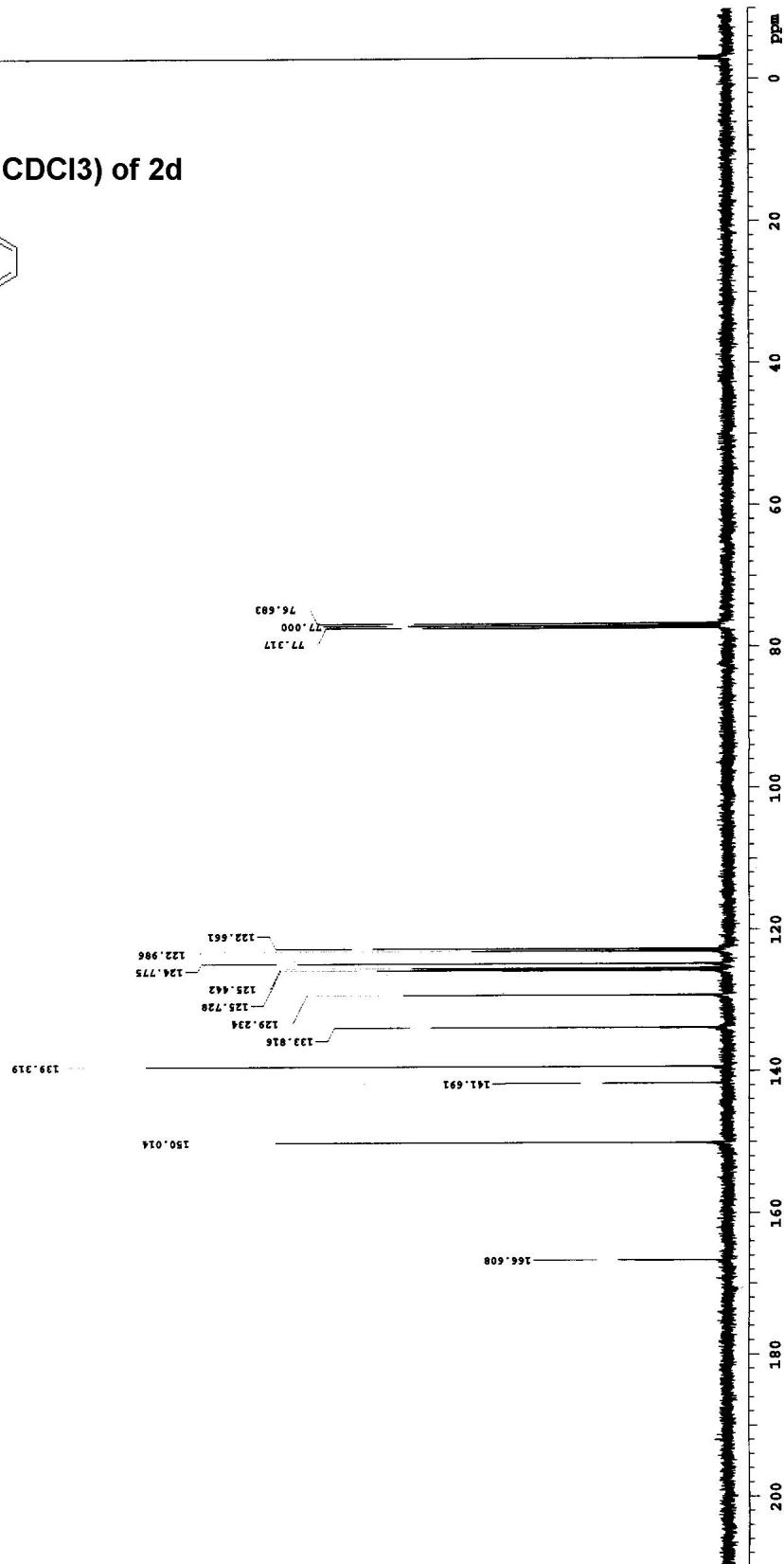
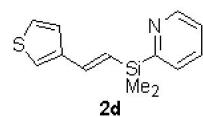


A mixture of 7 ($X = I$) (218.6 mg, 0.51 mmol) and CsF (93.3 mg, 0.61 mmol) in dry CH₃CN (3 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. Salts were removed by filtration through a short gel pad (EtOAc). Removal of the solvent under reduced pressure afforded the crude 4a. The yield of 4a was determined to be >99% by GC analysis using *n*-pentadecane as an internal standard.

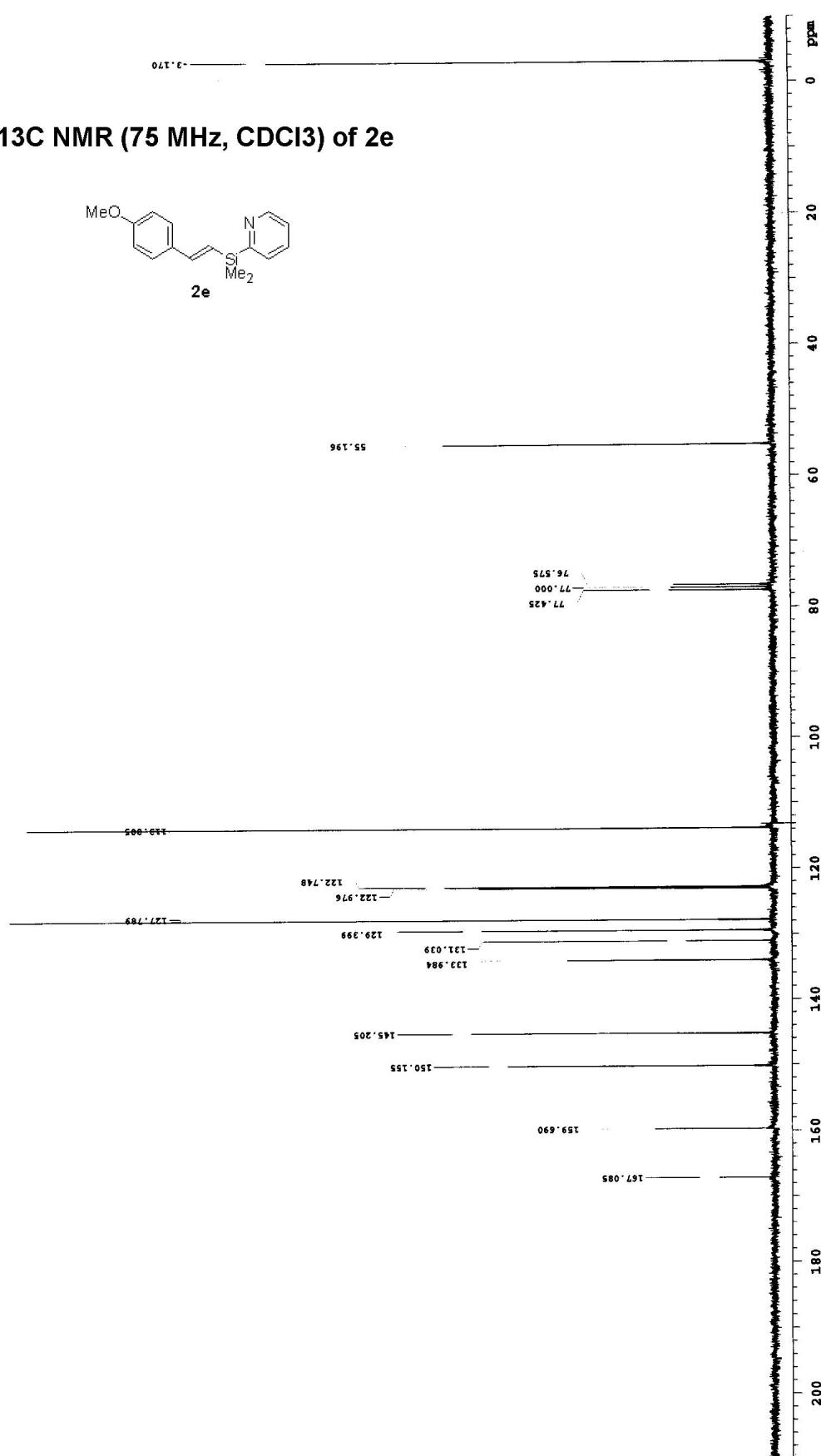
13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 2b



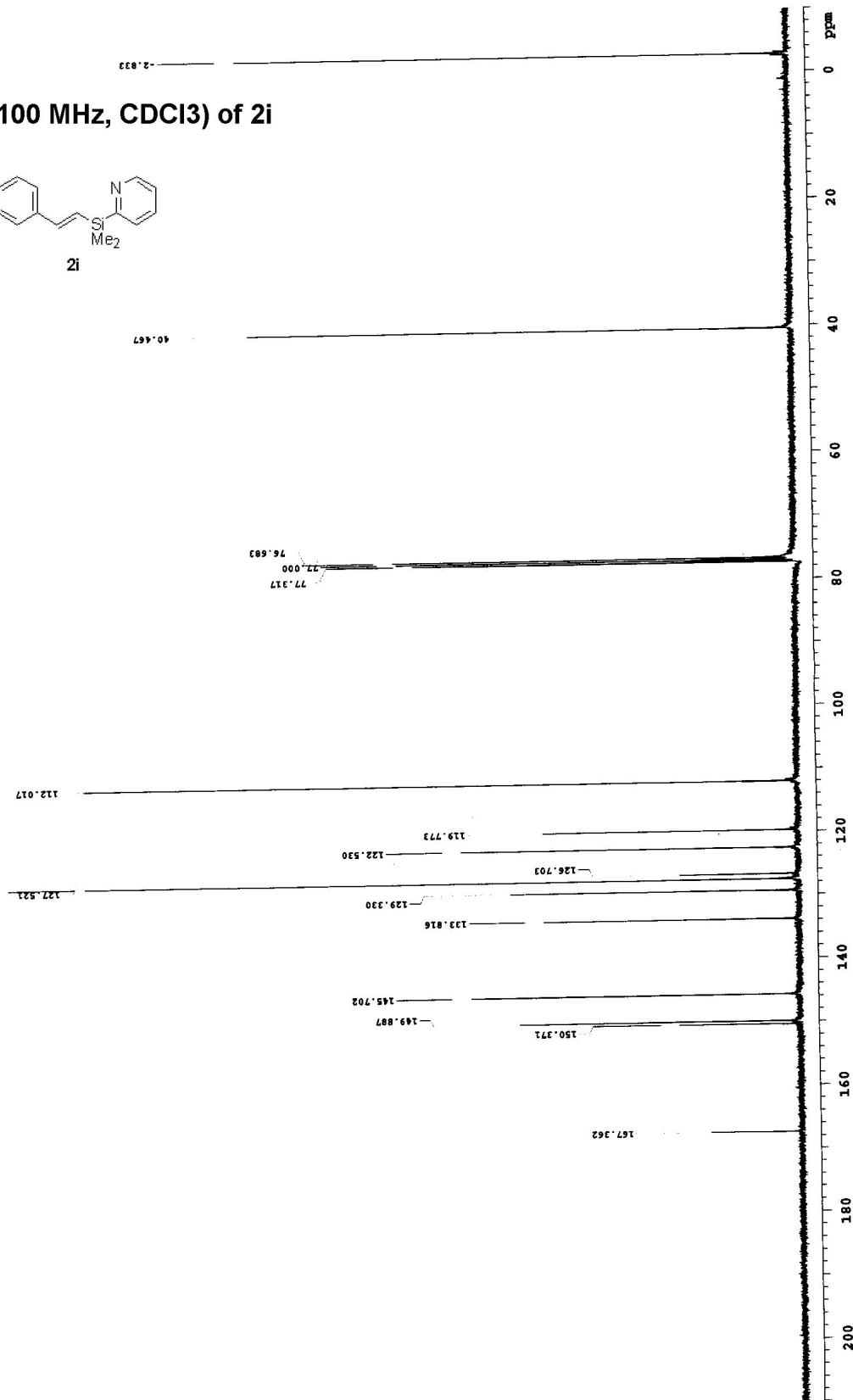
13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) of 2d



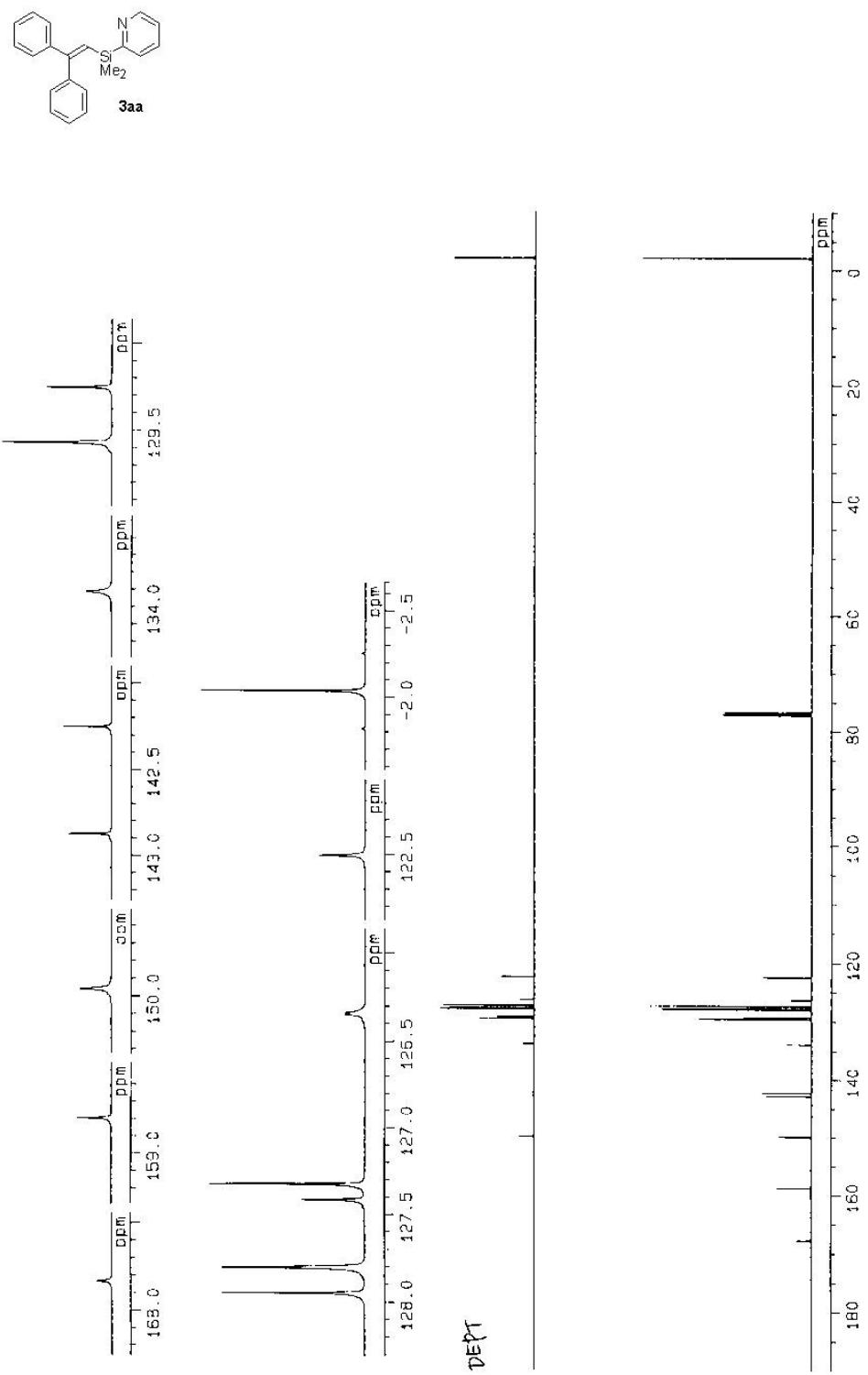
13C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) of 2e



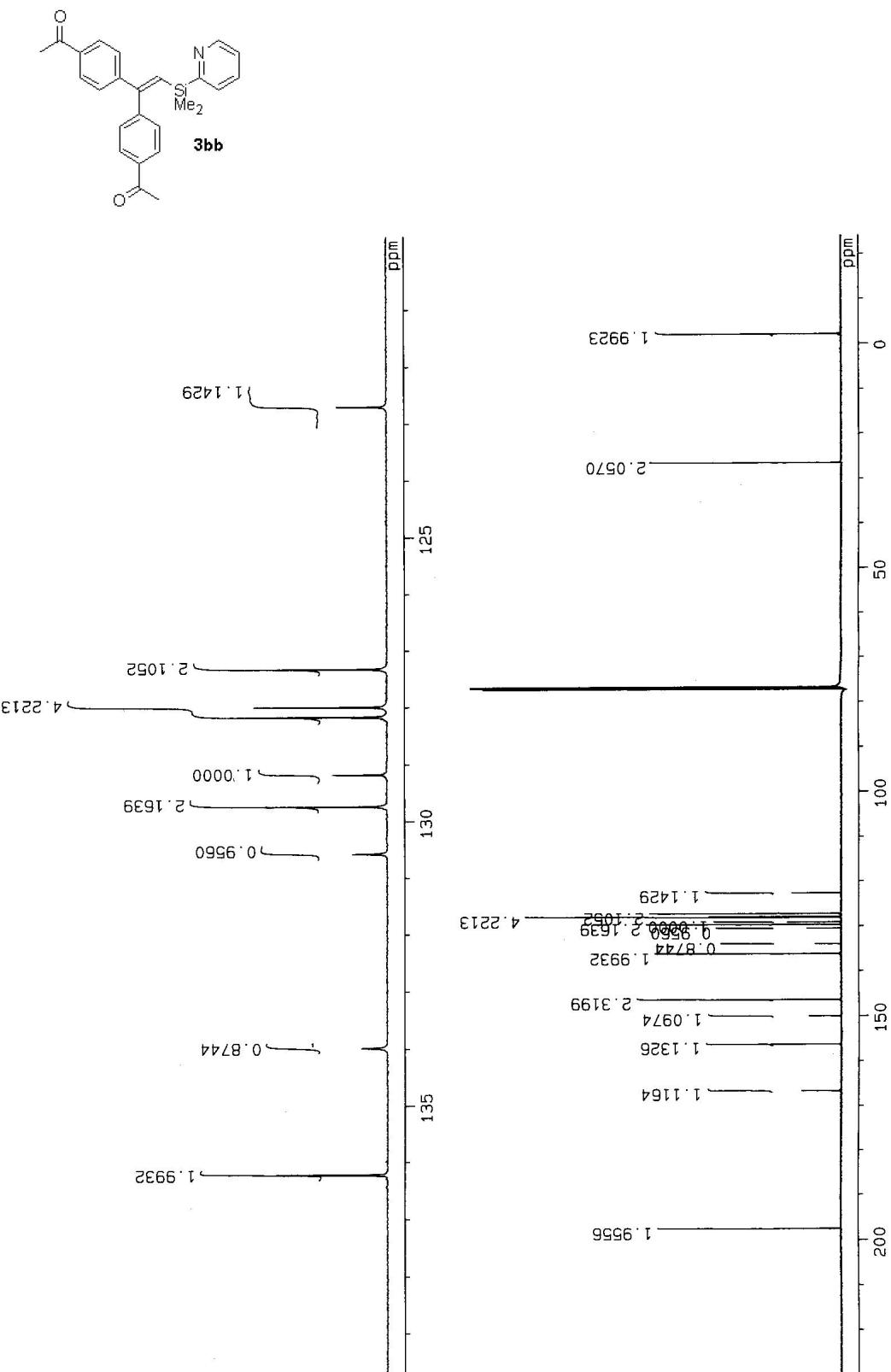
13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 2i



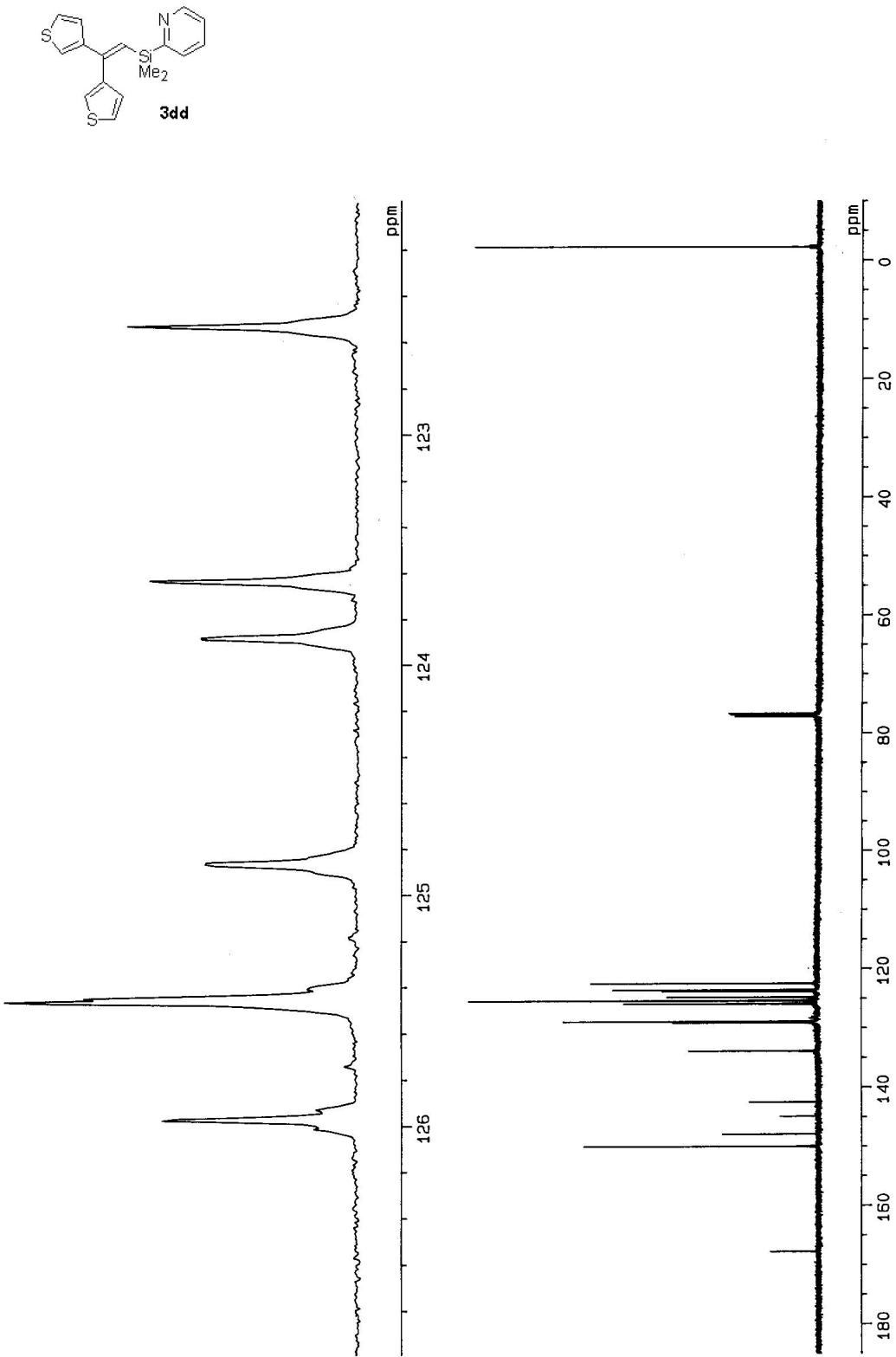
¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3aa



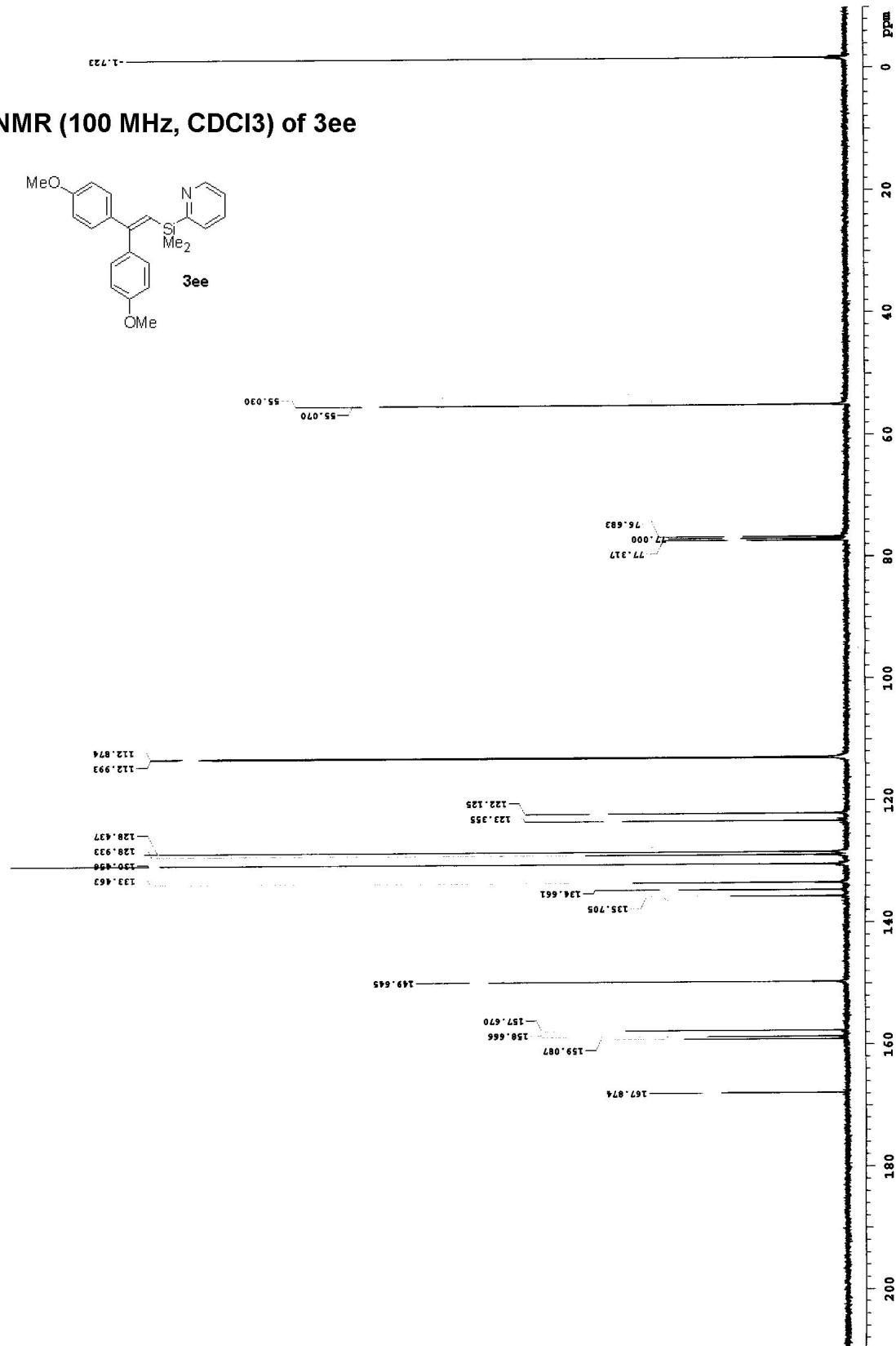
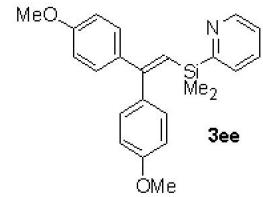
13C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3bb



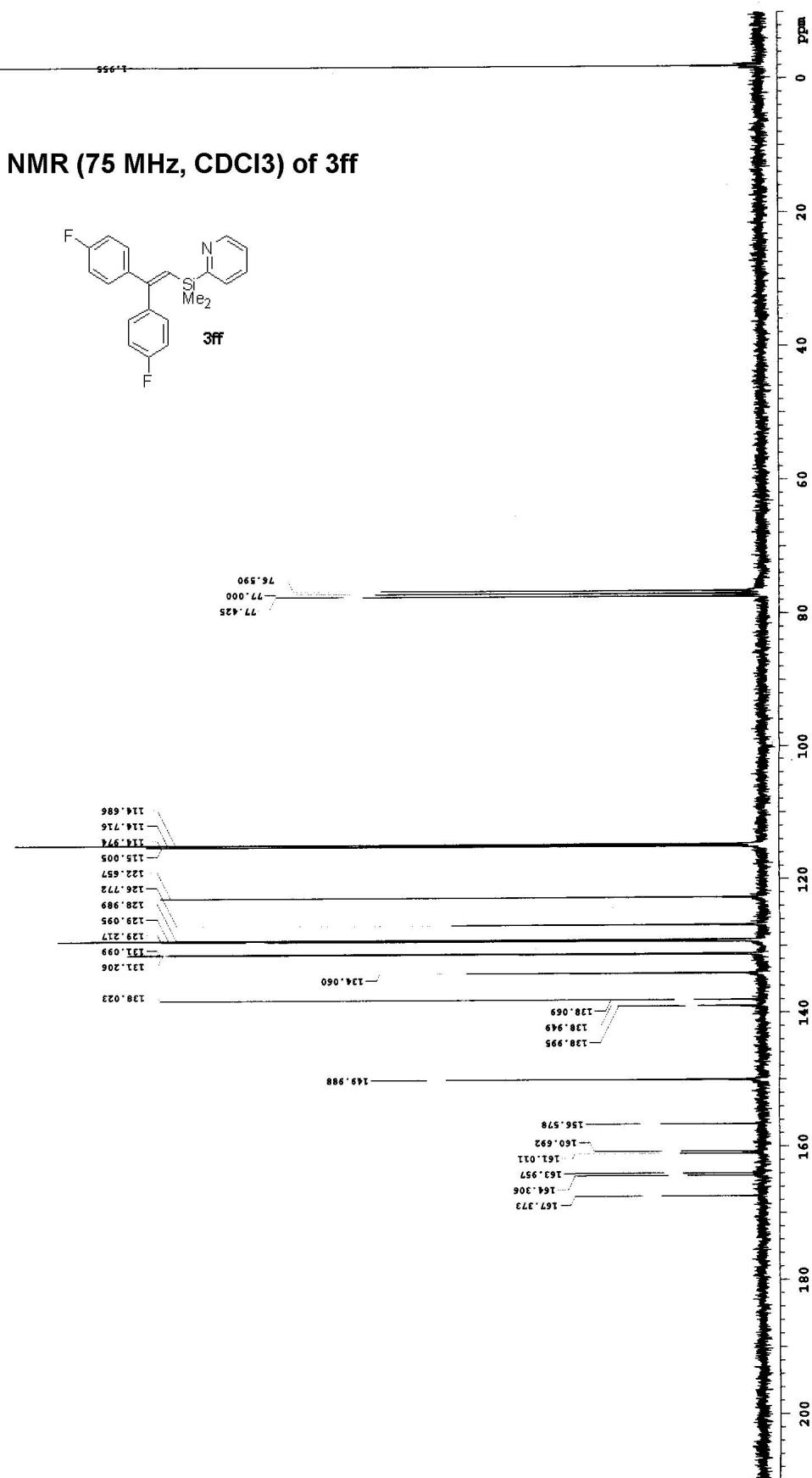
13C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3dd



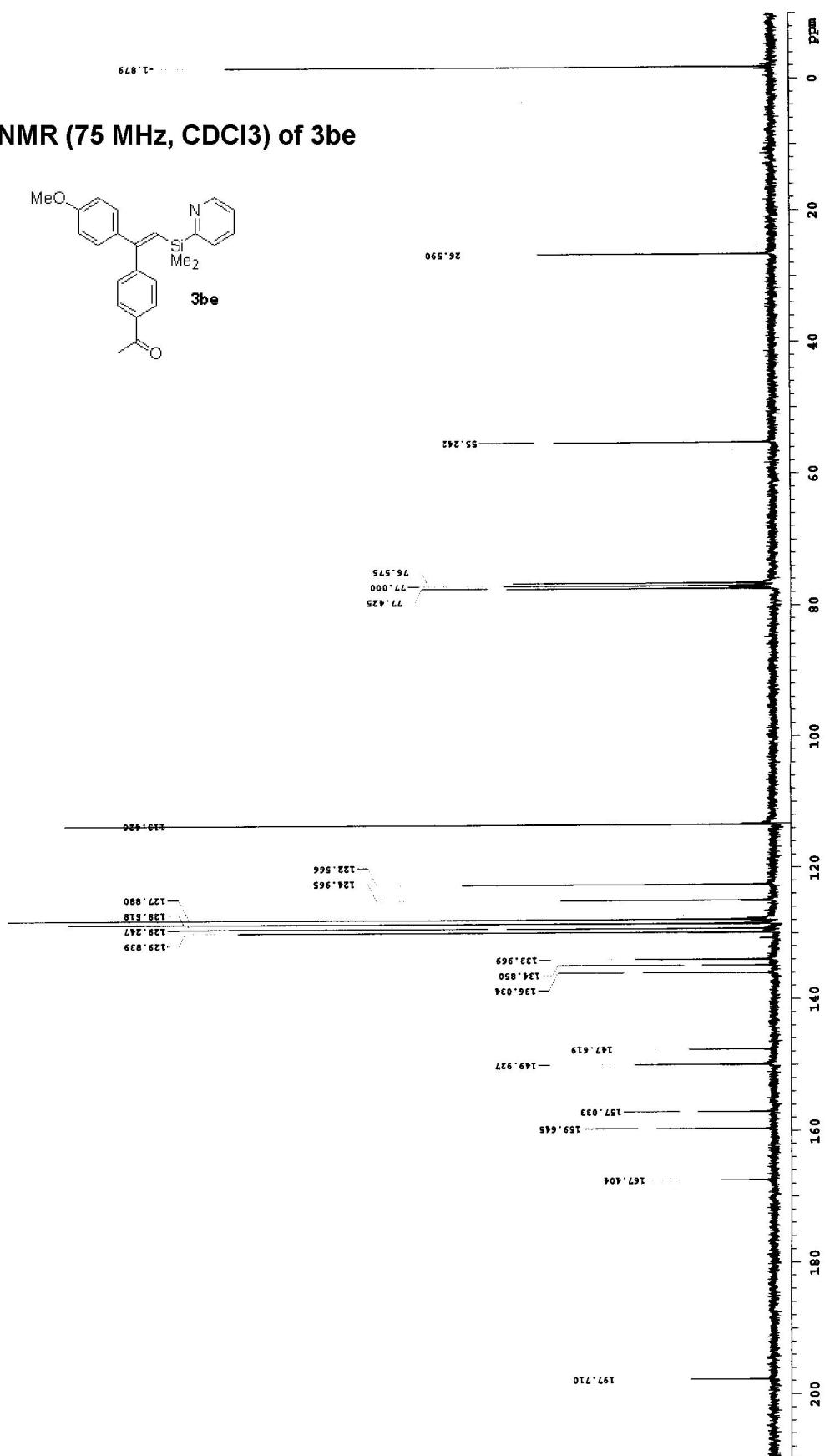
13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) of 3ee



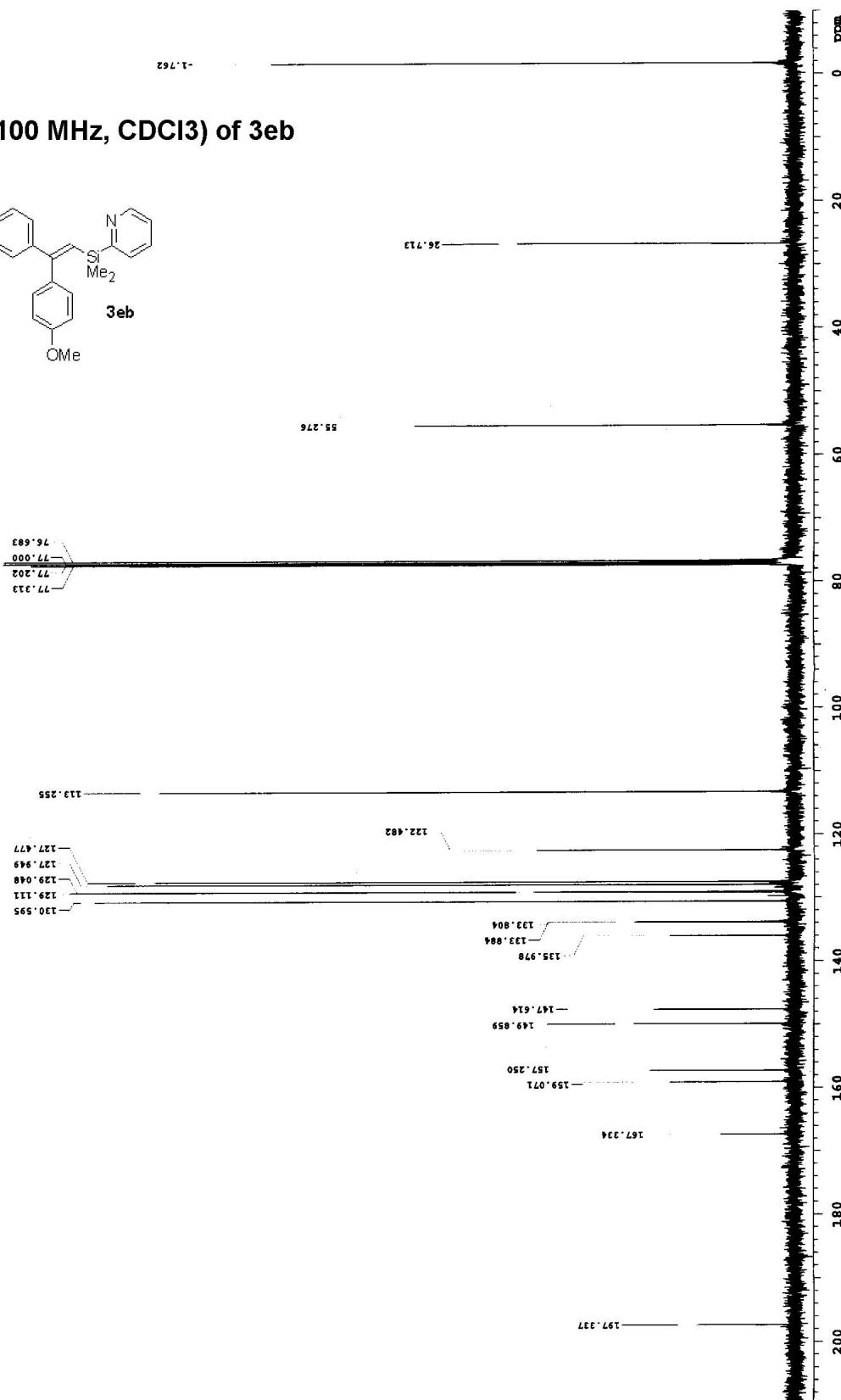
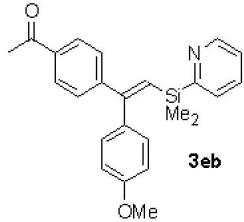
13C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3ff



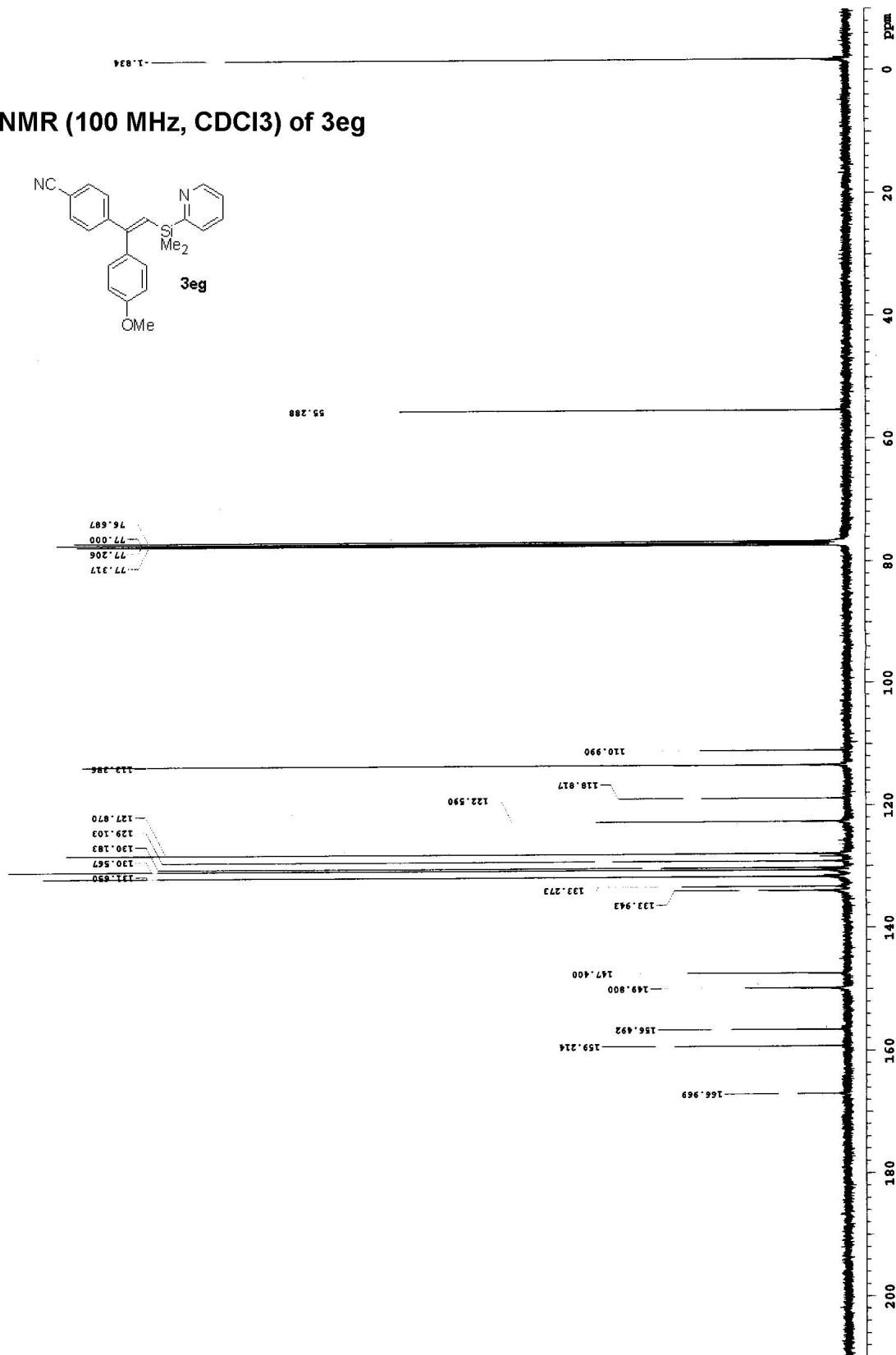
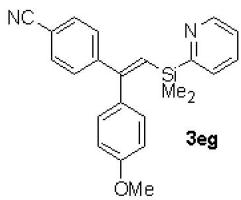
¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3be



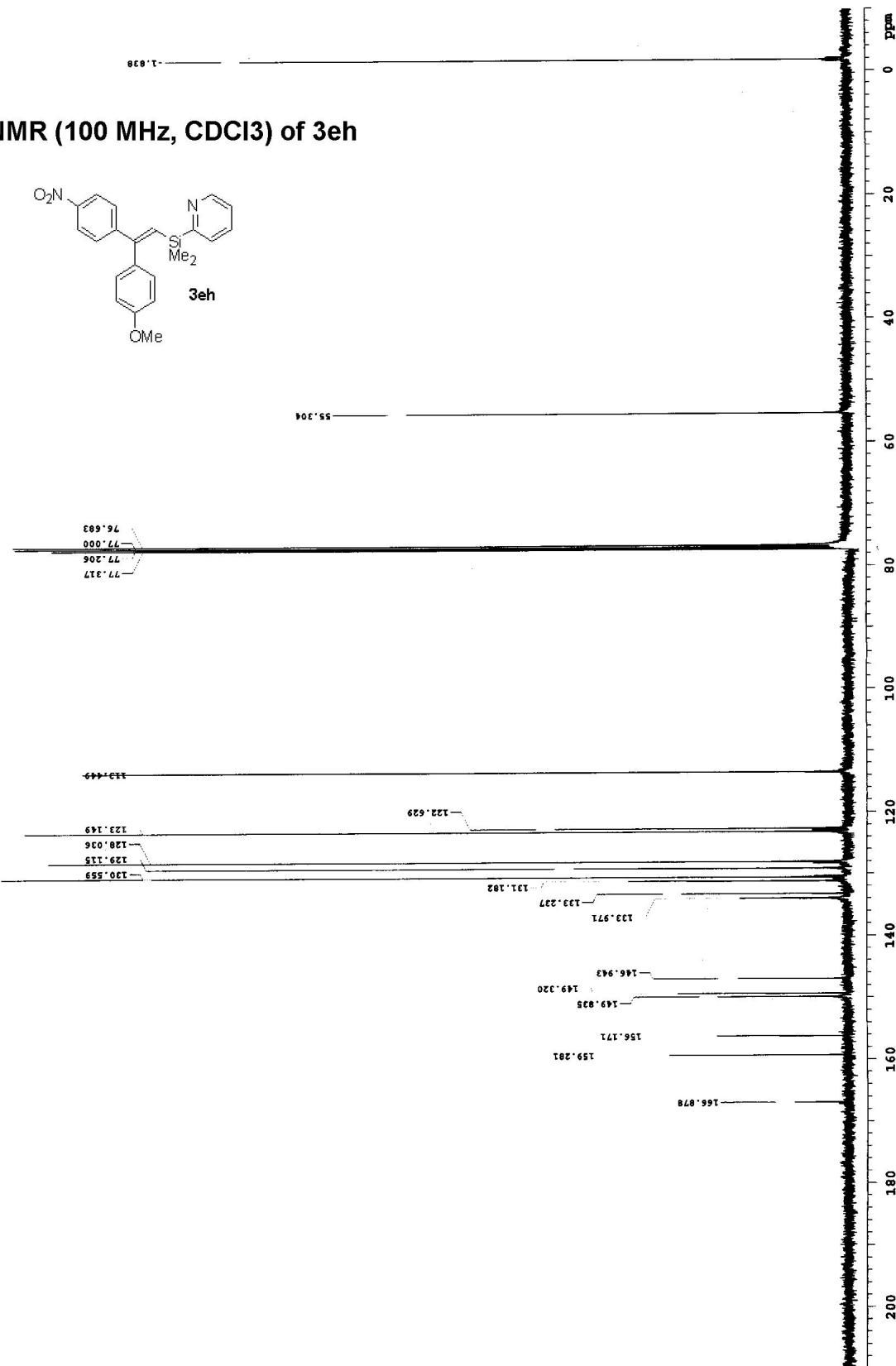
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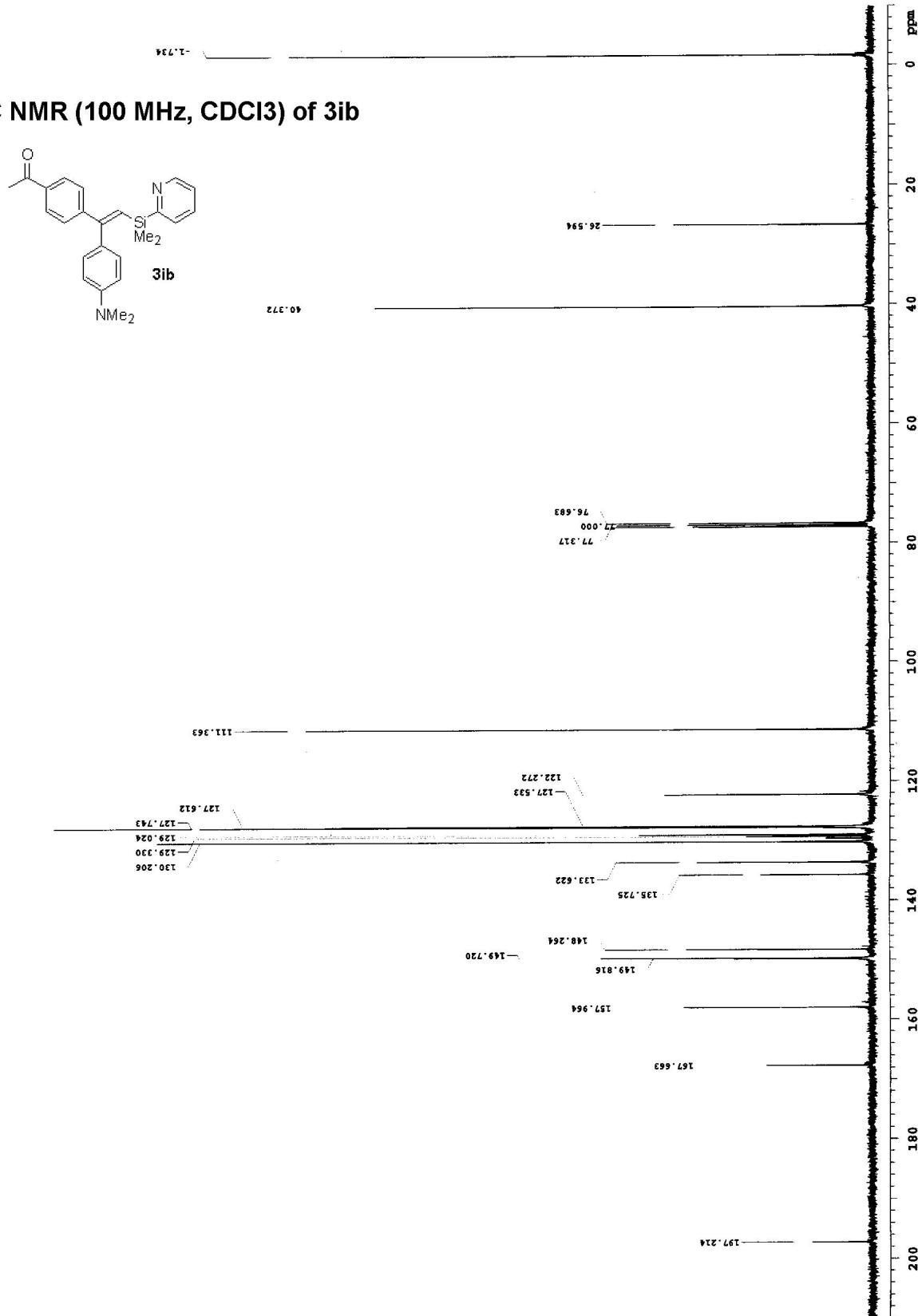
13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3eg



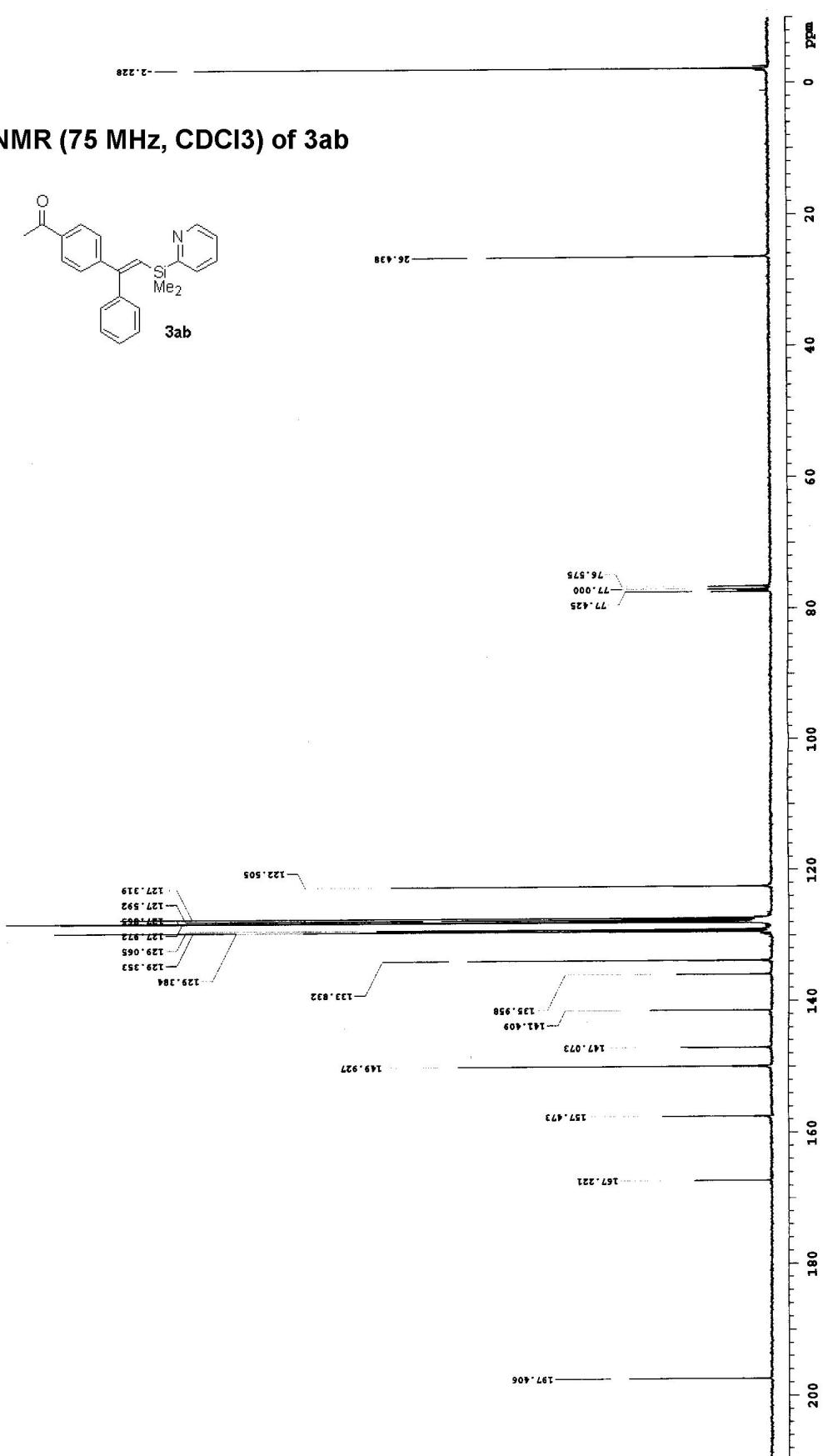
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3eh



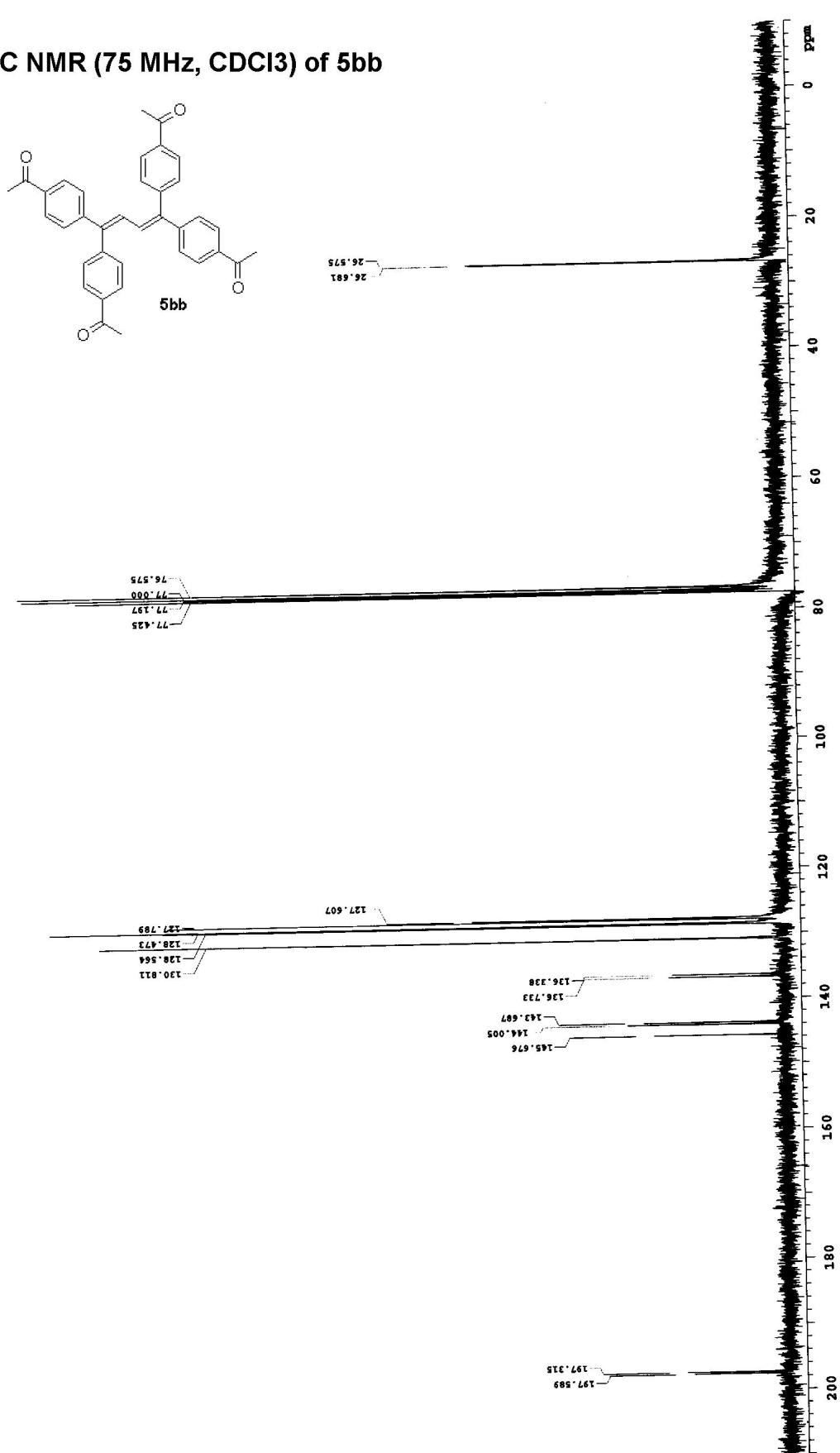
13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3ib



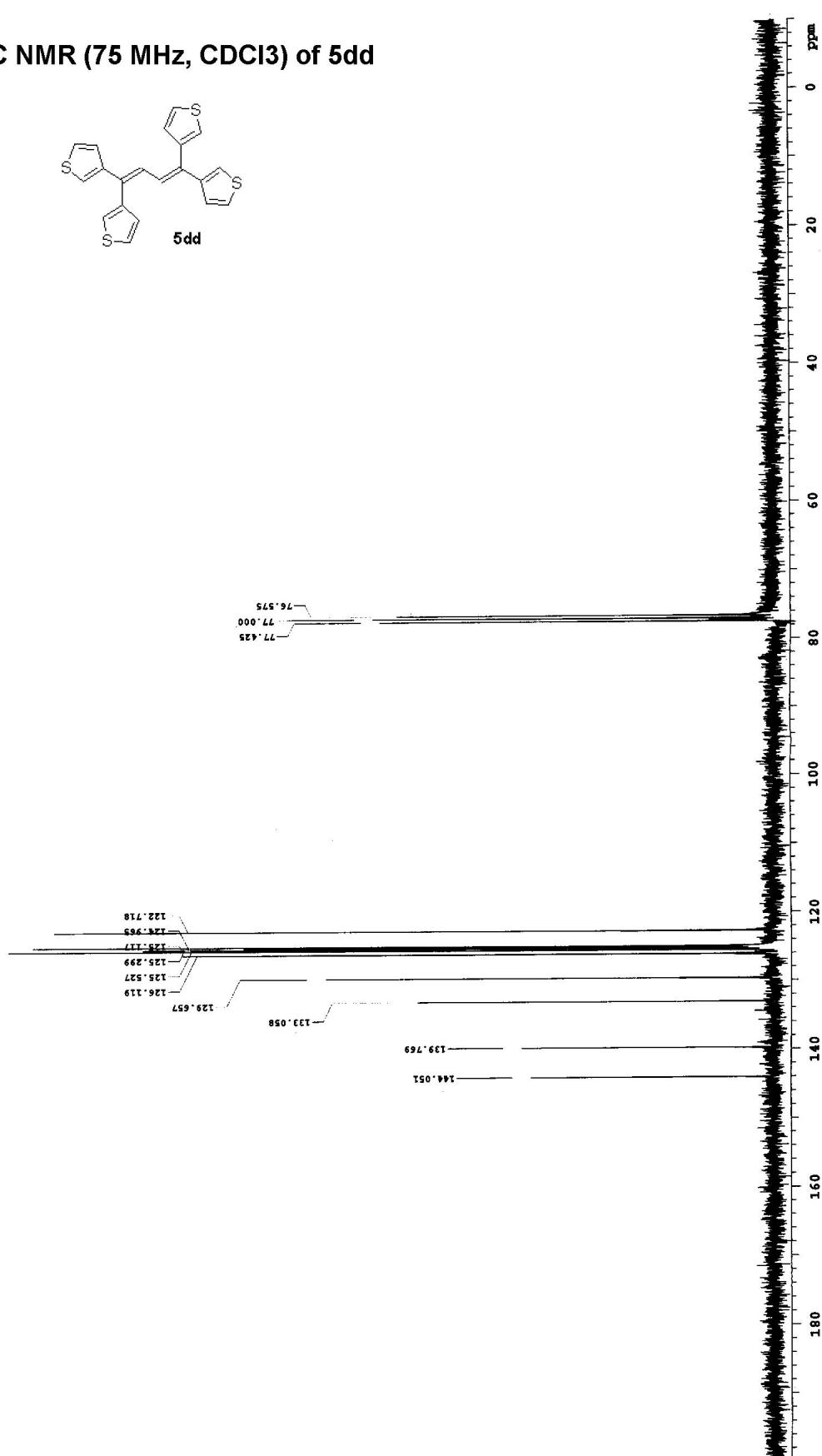
¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3ab



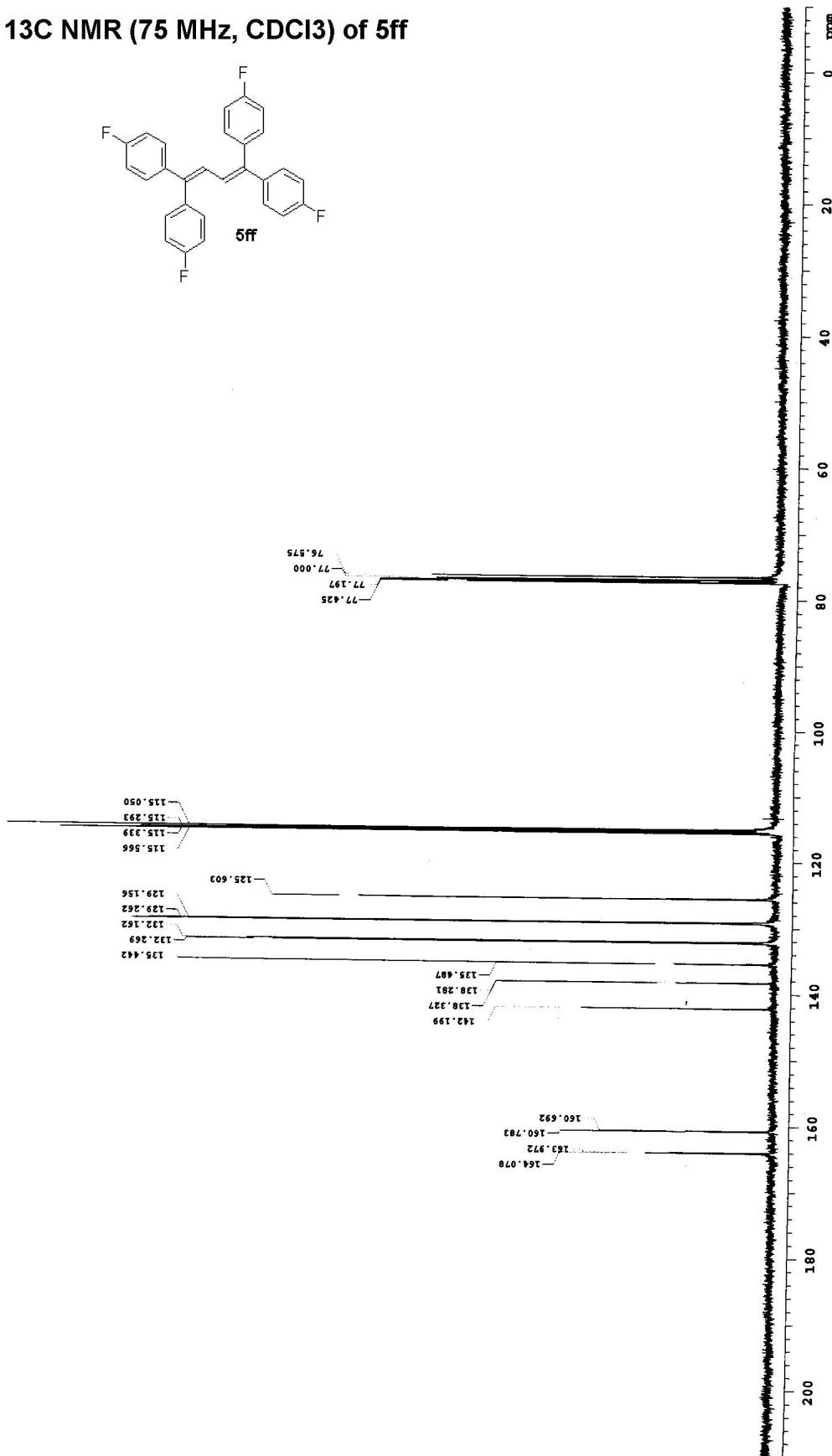
13C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) of 5bb



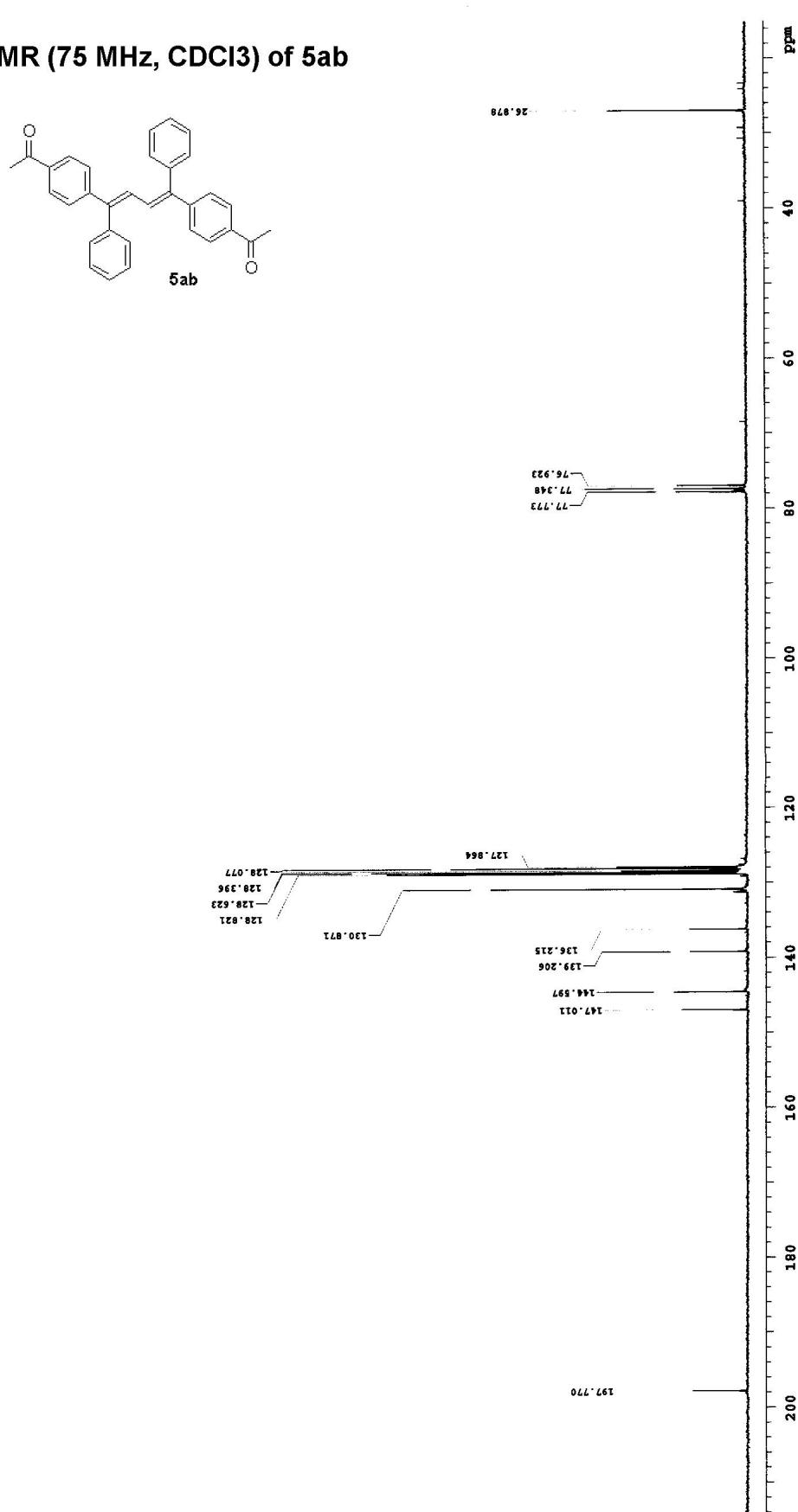
¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) of 5dd



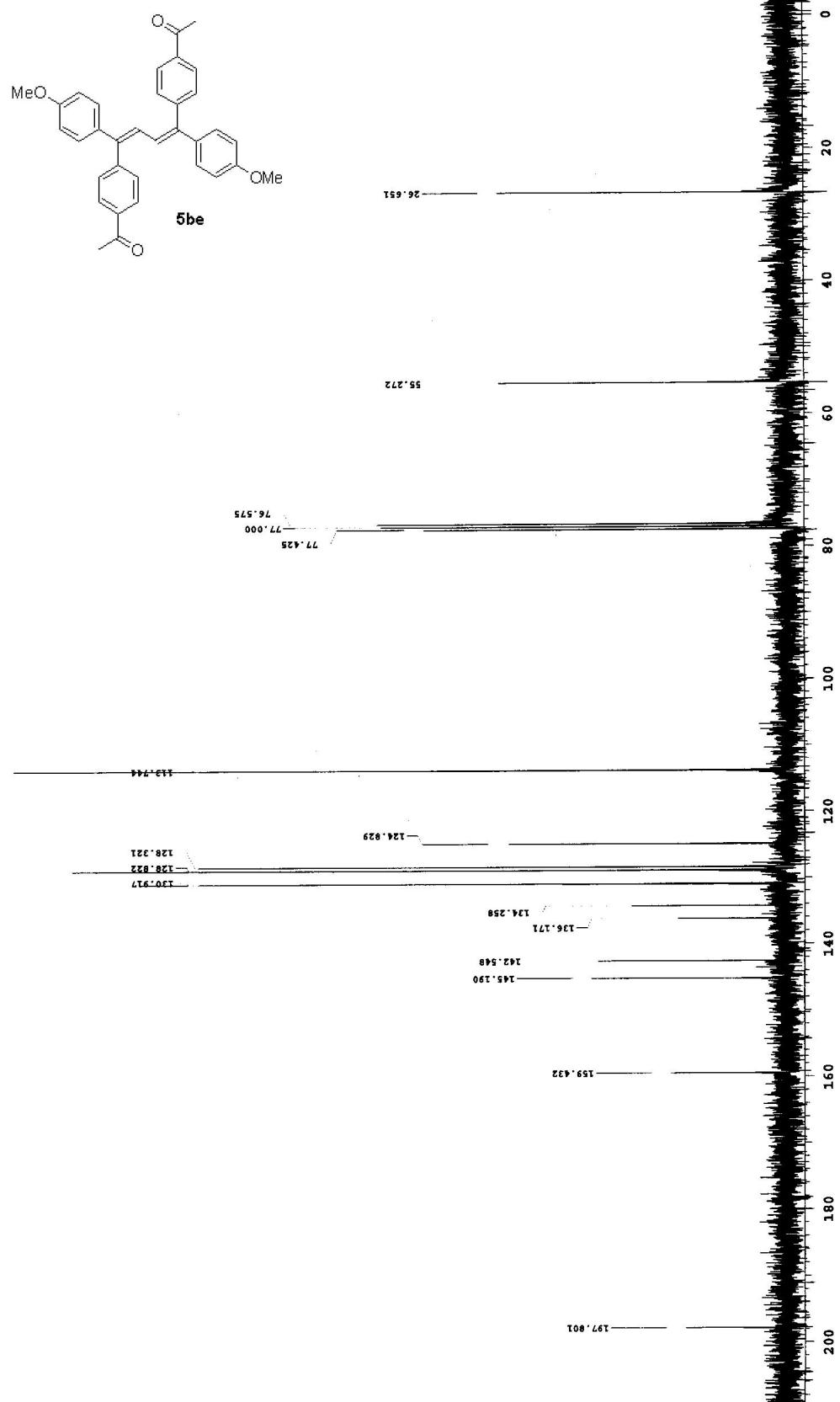
13C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) of 5ff



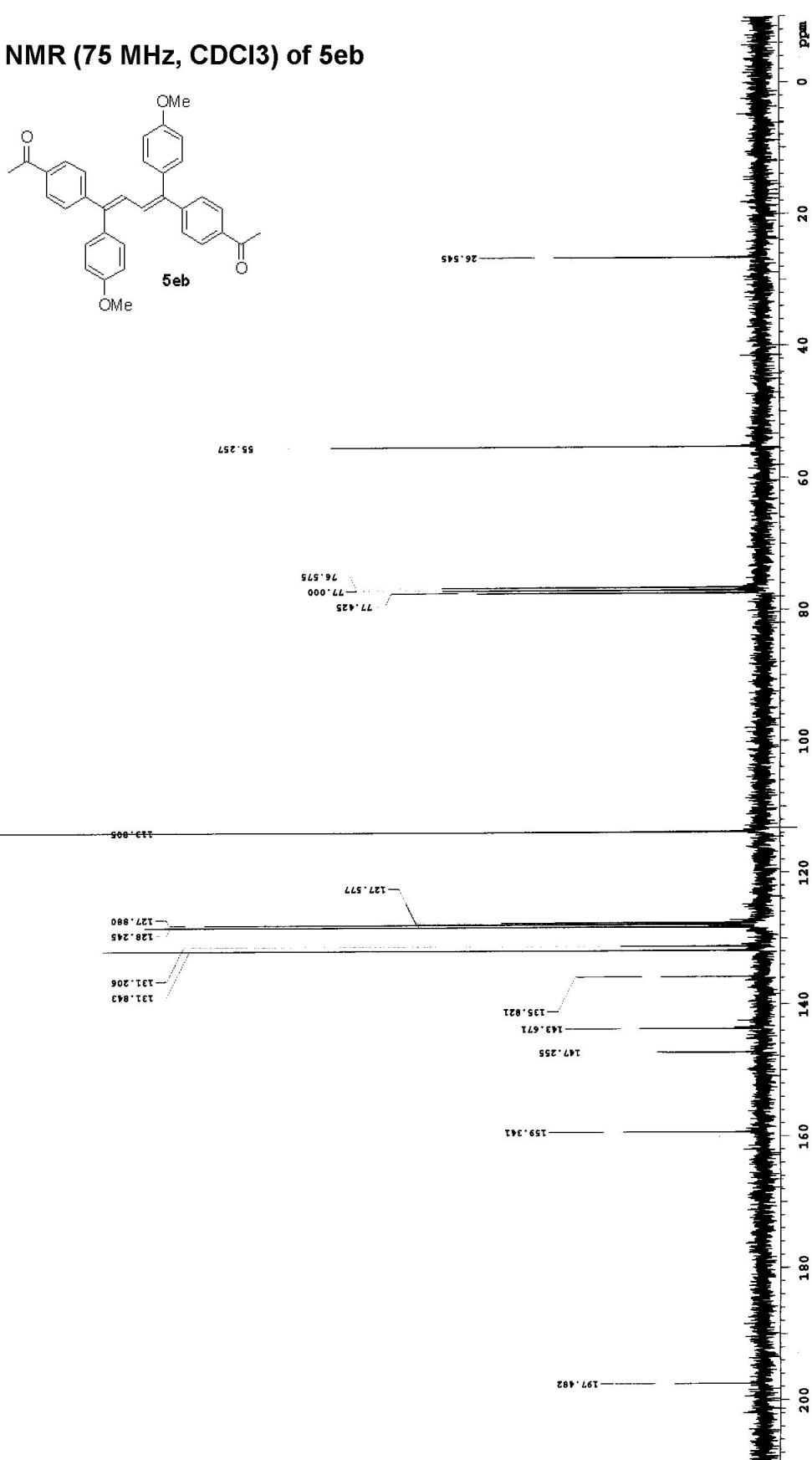
13C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) of 5ab



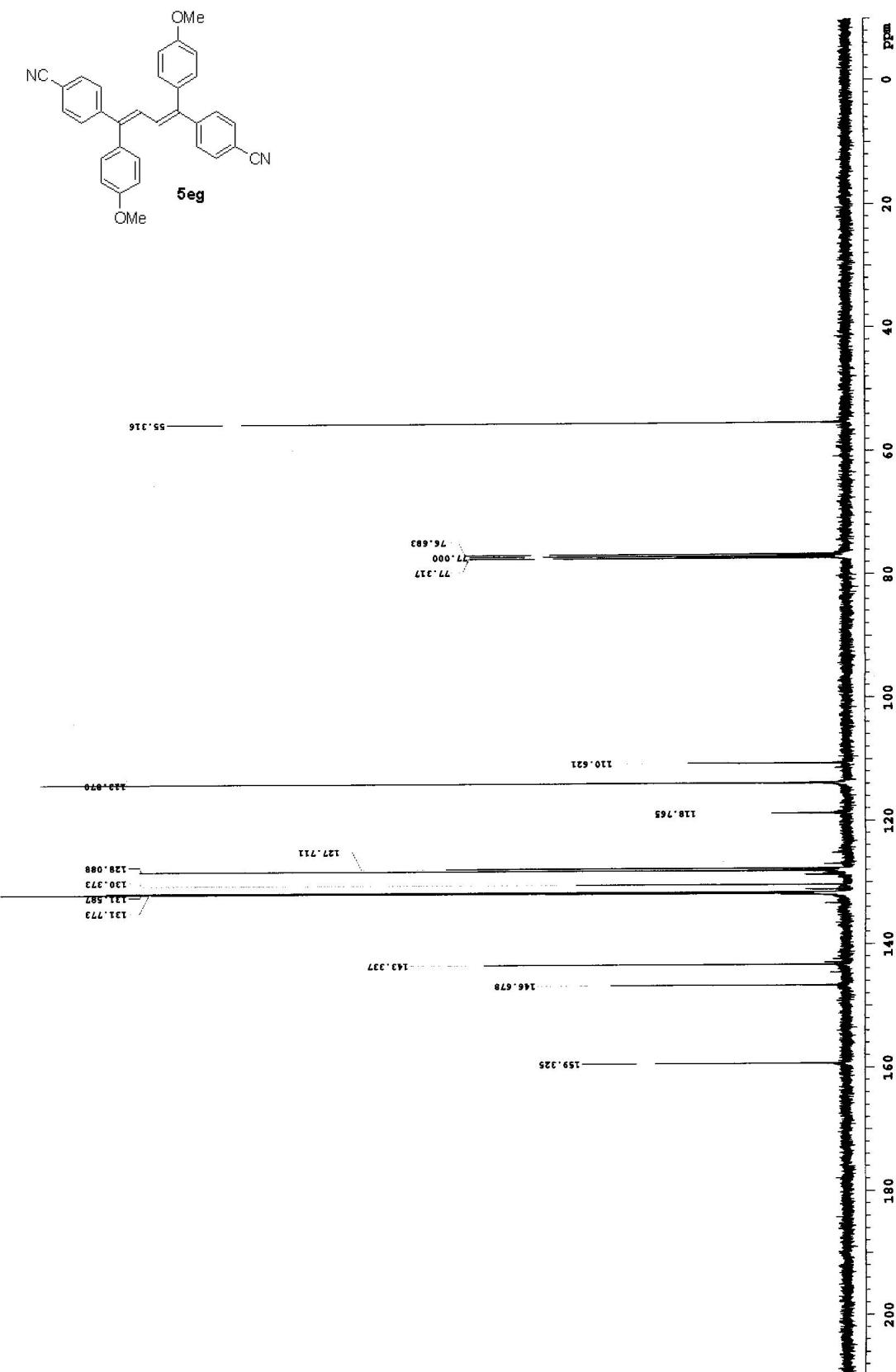
13C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) of 5be



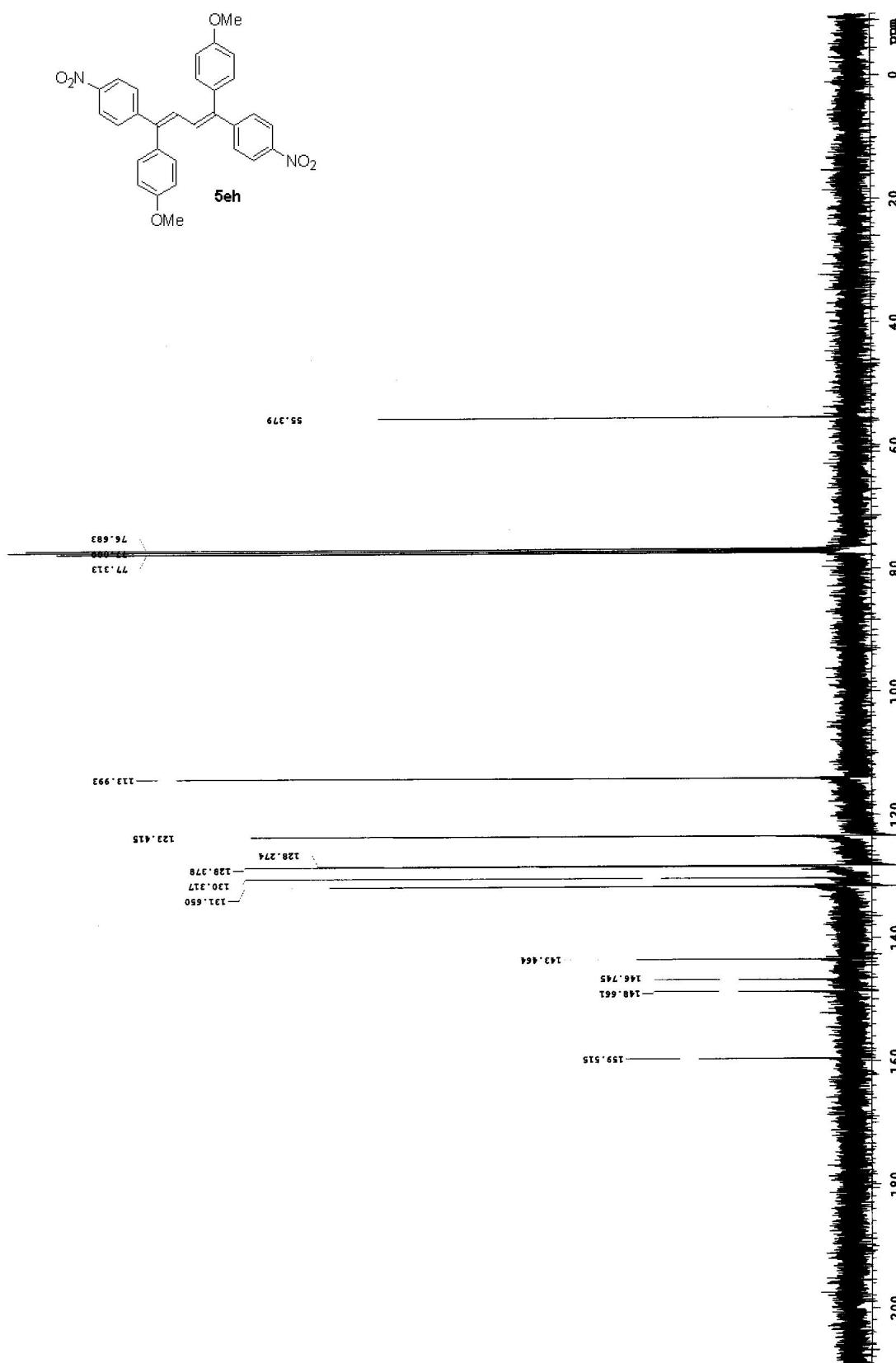
¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) of 5eb



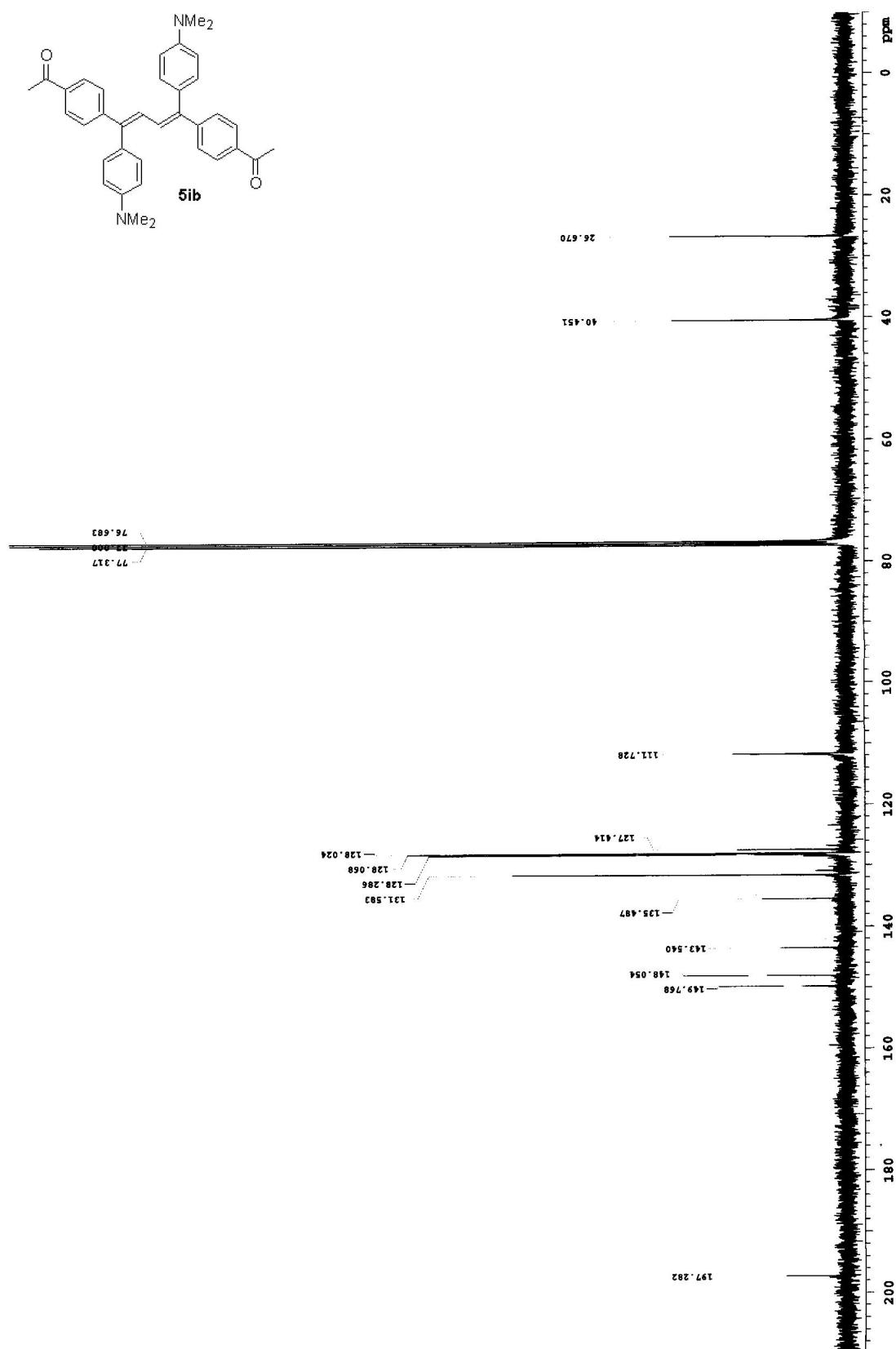
13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 5eg

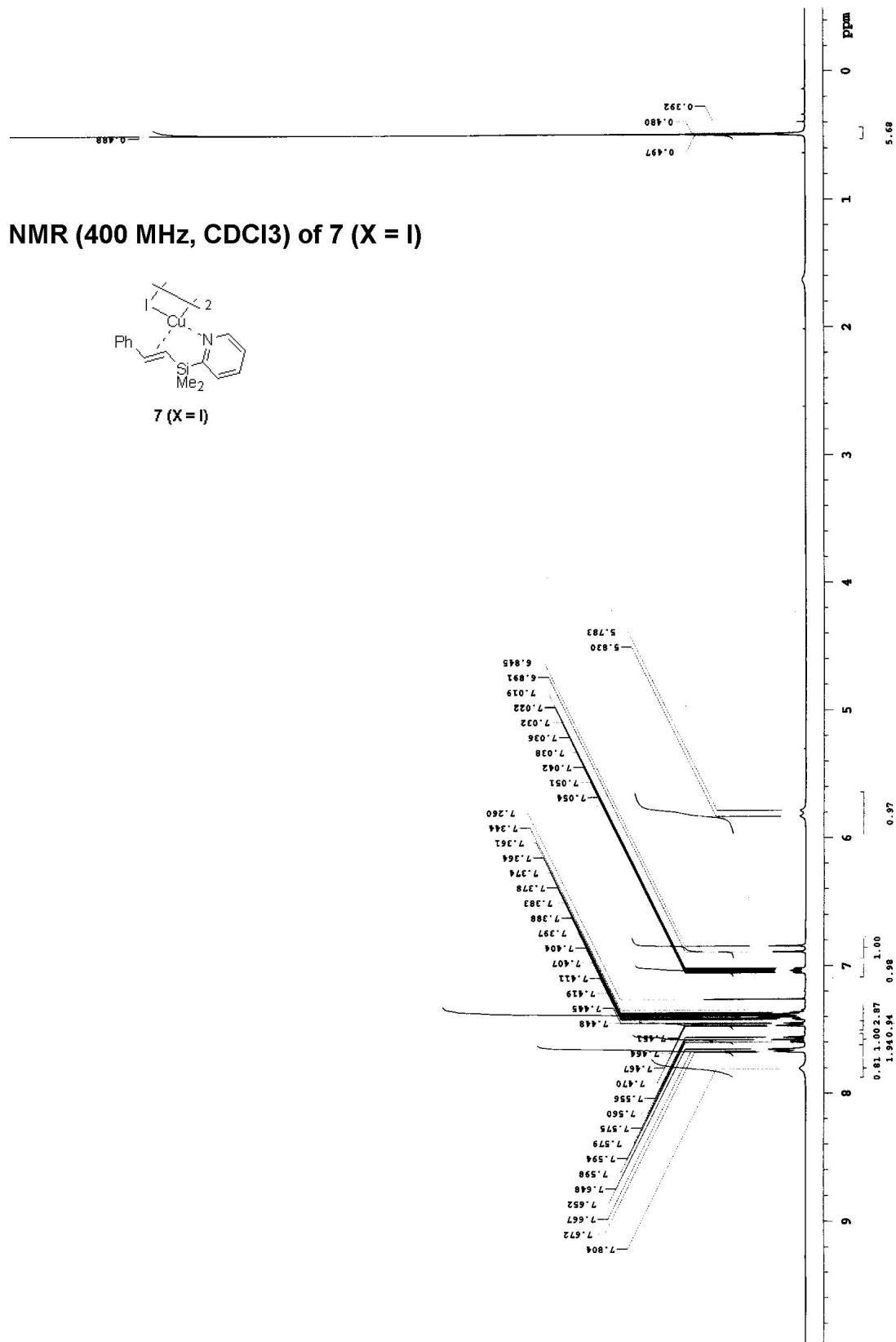


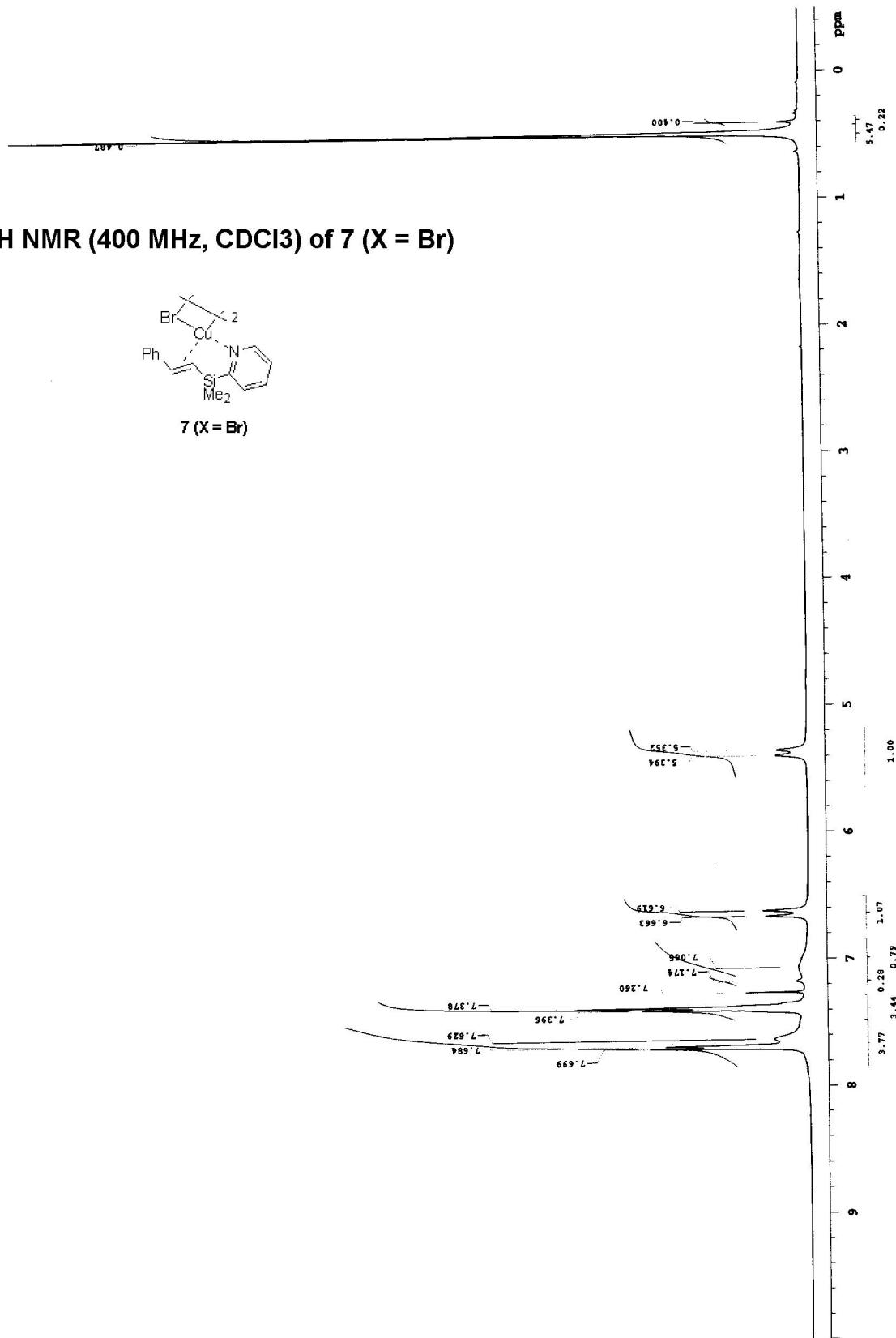
13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) of 5eh



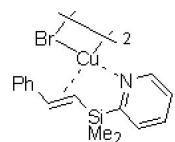
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 5ib



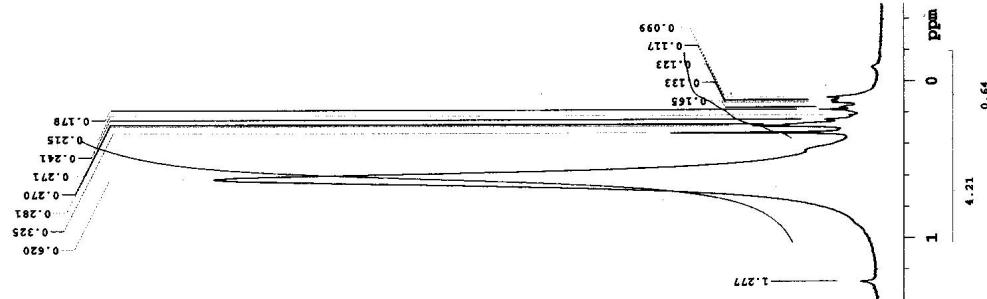




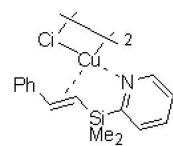
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of 7 (X = Br)



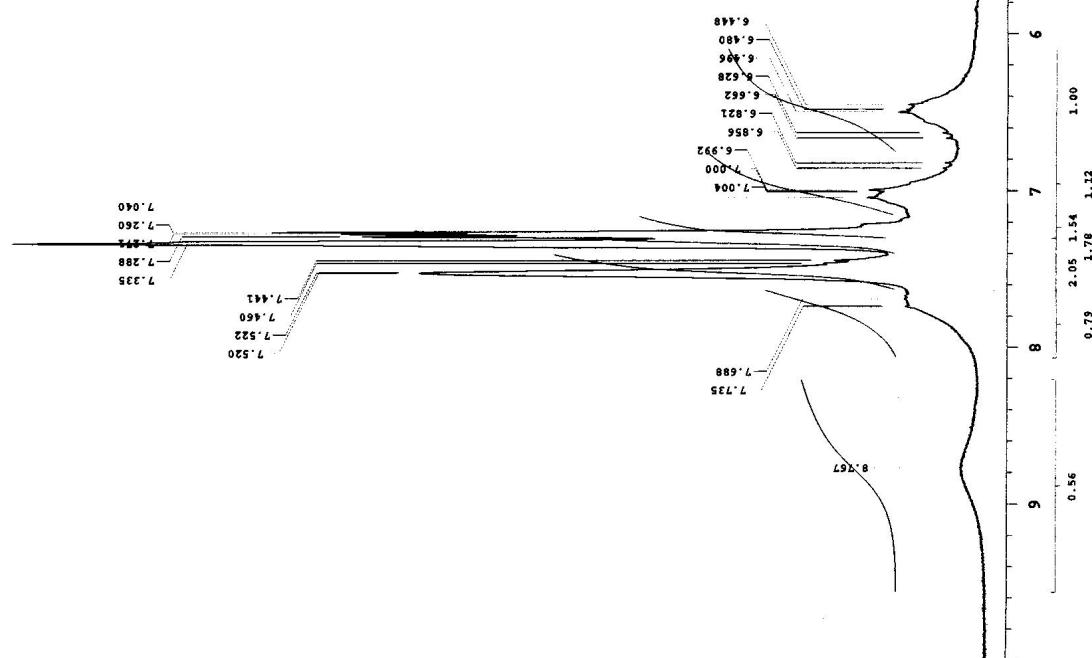
7 (X = Br)

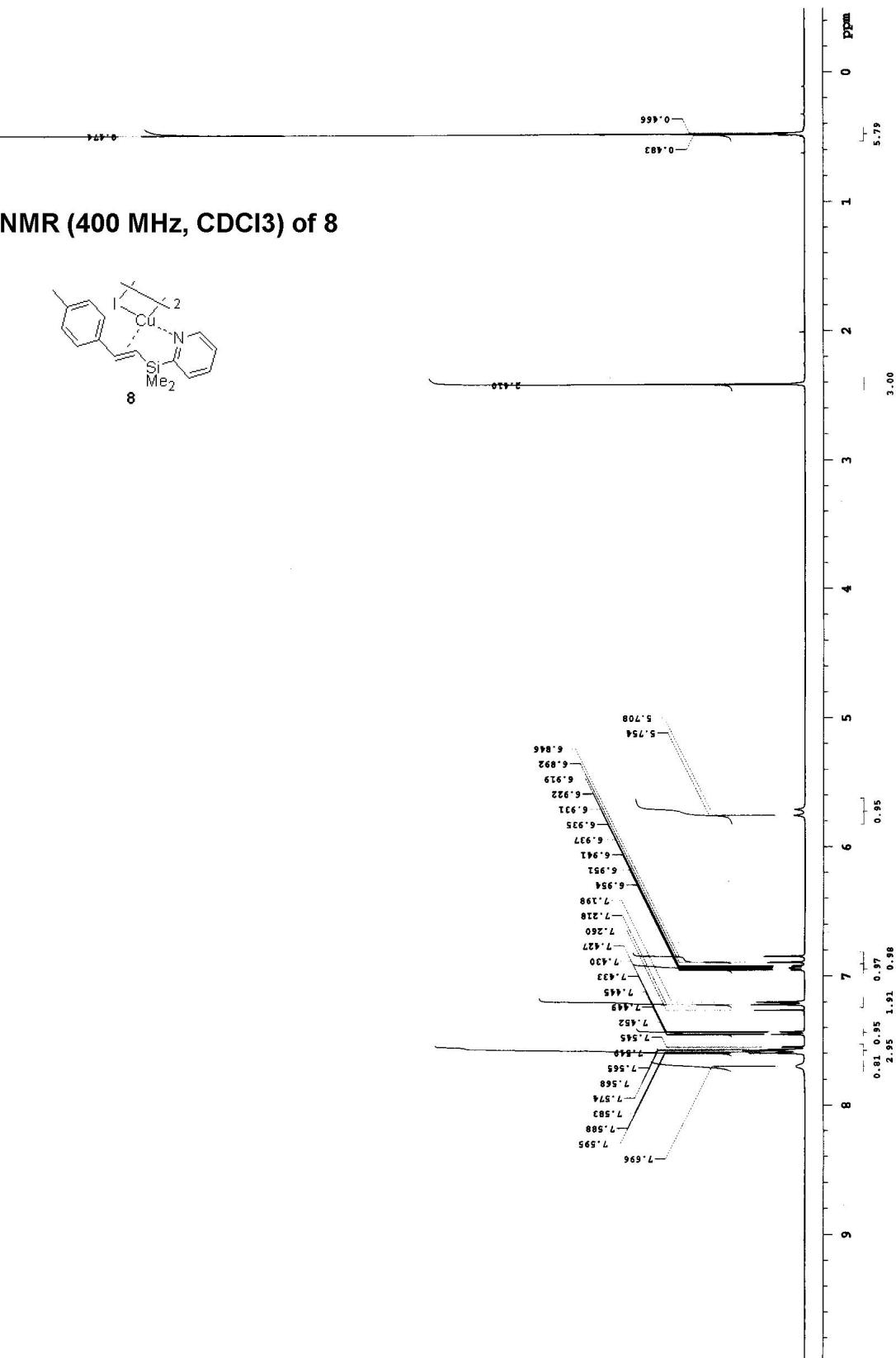


1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of 7 (X = Cl)



7 (X = Cl)





1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of 8