

Supporting Information

Upper Rim Allyl and Arylazo Coupled Calix[4]arenes as Highly Sensitive Chromogenic Sensors for Hg⁺² Ion

Tsui-Lien Kao,^a Chiung-Chiu Wang,^a Yu-Ting Pan,^{a,b} Ya-Jiun Shiao,^a Jhy-Yuan Yen,^a Chun-Mei Shu,^a Gene-Hsiang Lee,^c Shie-Ming Peng,^c and Wen-Sheng Chung^{a,b,*}

^a Department of Applied Chemistry, ^b Center for Interdisciplinary Molecular Science, National Chiao Tung University, Hsinchu, Taiwan 30050, R. O. C.

^c Department of Chemistry, National Taiwan University, Taipei, Taiwan 106, R. O. C.

E-mail: wschung@cc.nctu.edu.tw

Table of Contents

- S-1. Table of Contents
- S-2. **Figure S-1.** Job's Plots of **3b** with transition metal perchlorates: (a) Ni²⁺ and (b) Cu²⁺.
- S-3-S5. **Figures S-2 to S-4.** UV/vis titration spectra of **3b** with Cr(ClO₄)₃, Ni(ClO₄)₂, and Cu(ClO₄)₂ in methanol–chloroform (v/v = 1/399) co-solvent.
- S-6. **Figure S-5.** Benesi-Hilderbrand plots of **3b** with transition metal perchlorates: (a) Cr³⁺, (b) Ni²⁺, and (c) Cu²⁺.
- S-7. **Figure S-6.** UV/vis titration spectra of **6b** with Hg(ClO₄)₂, in methanol–chloroform (v/v = 1/399) co-solvent, where [6b] = 10 μM.
- S-8. **Figure S-7.** Job's Plot and Benesi-Hilderbrand Plot of **6b** with Hg(ClO₄)₂.
- S-9. **Figure S-8.** UV/vis titration spectra of **6c** with LiClO₄, in methanol- chloroform (v/v = 1/399) co-solvent, where [6c] = 10 μM.
- S-10. **Figure S-9.** UV/vis titration spectra of **6c** with NaClO₄, in methanol- chloroform (v/v = 1/399) co-solvent, where [6c] = 10 μM.
- S-11 - S-17 Selective bond lengths and angles for X-ray crystal structures of **3a** and **3c**.
- S-18 – S-20 **Figures S-10 ~ S-12.** ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectra of compounds **3a-c**.
- S-21, S-22 **Figures S-13, S-14.** ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectra of compounds **5a,b**.
- S-23, S-24 **Figures S-15, S-16.** ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectra of compounds **6b,c**.
- S-25 **Figure S-17.** ¹H NMR spectra of compound **3b** (8.35 mM) in CD₃OH/CDCl₃ (1:3) solution in the presence of different amounts of Hg(ClO₄)₂: (a) 0, (b) 10.14 mM (1.2 equiv.), and (c) 15.77 mM (1.9 equiv.).
- S-26 **Figure S-18.** IR (KBr) spectra of compound **3b** in the presence of Hg(ClO₄)₂: (a) 0, and (b) 2 equiv.

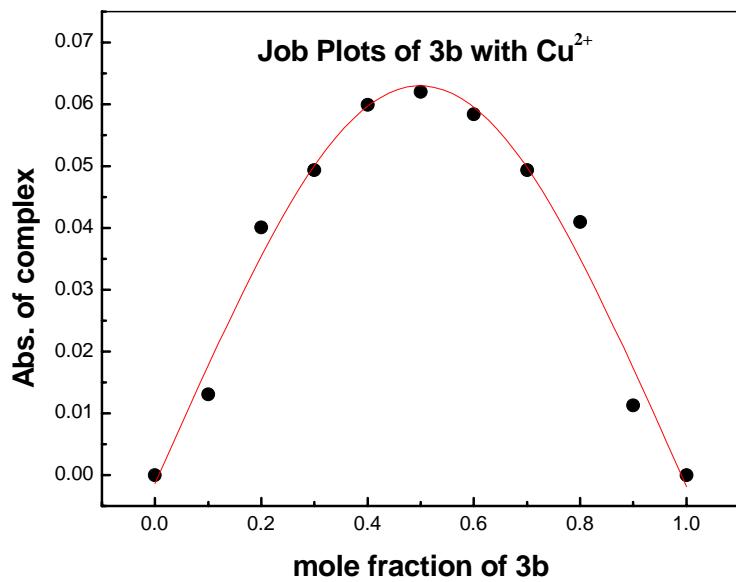
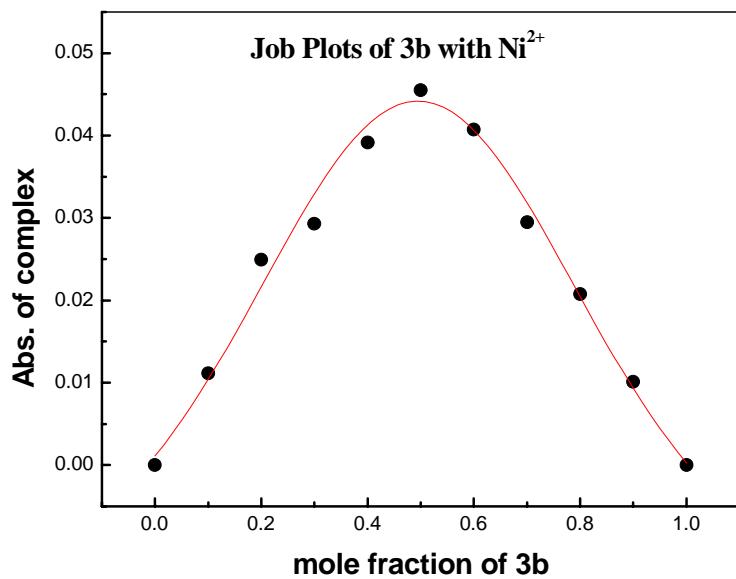


Figure S-1. Job's Plots of **3b** with transition metal perchlorates: (a) Ni^{2+} , and (b) Cu^{2+} .

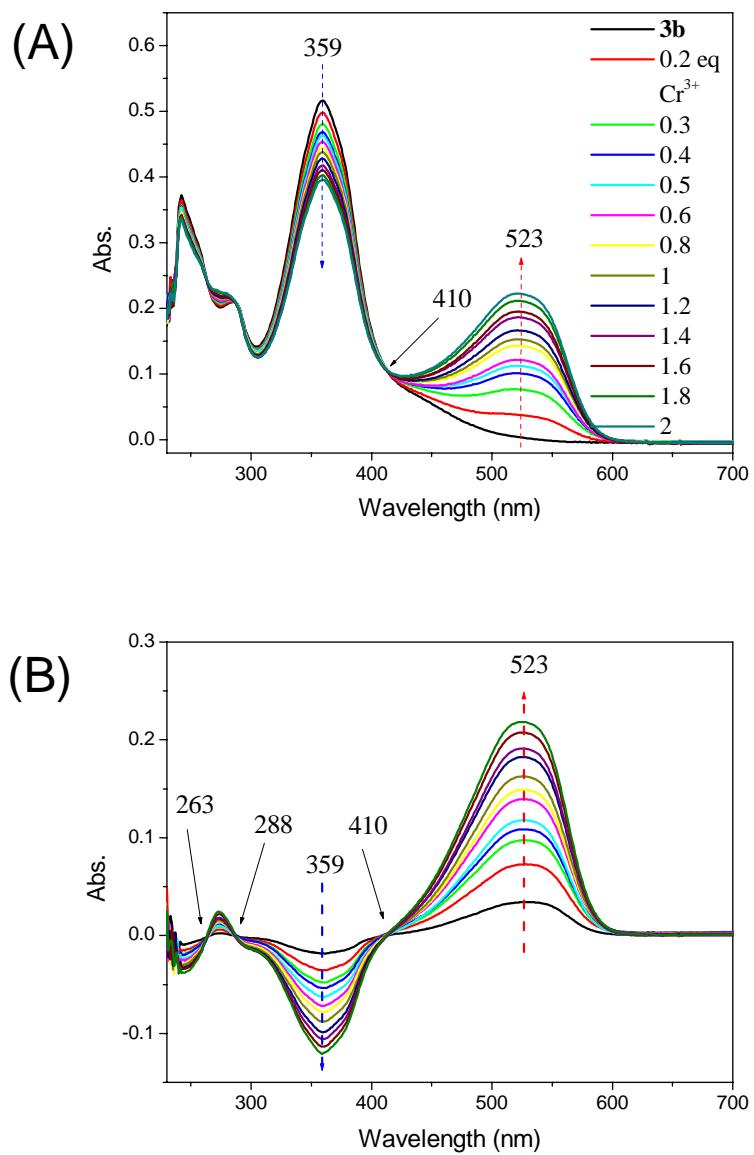


Figure S-2. (A) UV/vis titration spectra of **3b** with $\text{Cr}(\text{ClO}_4)_3$ in methanol–chloroform ($\text{v/v} = 1/399$) co-solvent. $[\mathbf{3b}] = 0.01 \text{ mM}$, $[\text{Cr}^{3+}] = 0\text{--}2 \text{ equiv. of } \mathbf{3b}$. (B) Delta absorption plot of (A).

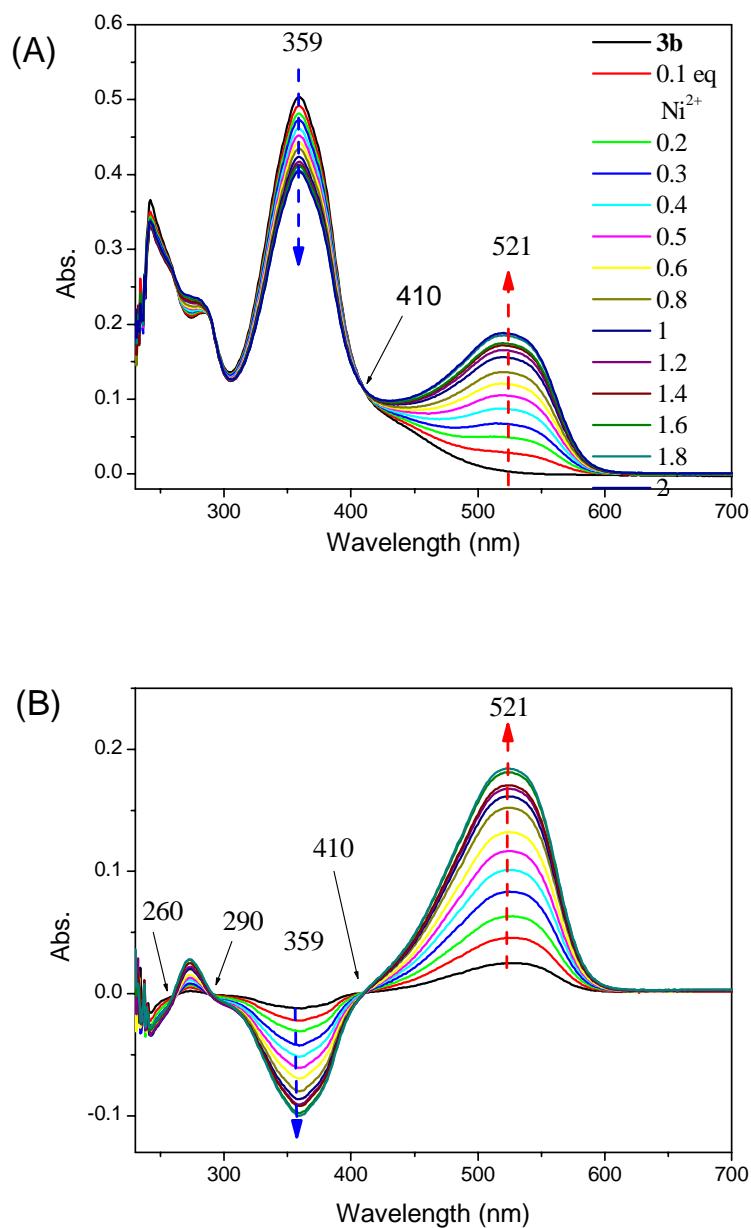


Figure S-3. (A) UV/vis titration spectra of **3b** with $\text{Ni}(\text{ClO}_4)_2$ in methanol–chloroform (v/v = 1/399) co-solvent. $[\mathbf{3b}] = 0.01 \text{ mM}$, $[\text{Ni}^{2+}] = 0\text{--}2 \text{ equiv. of } \mathbf{3b}$. (B) Delta absorption plot of (A).

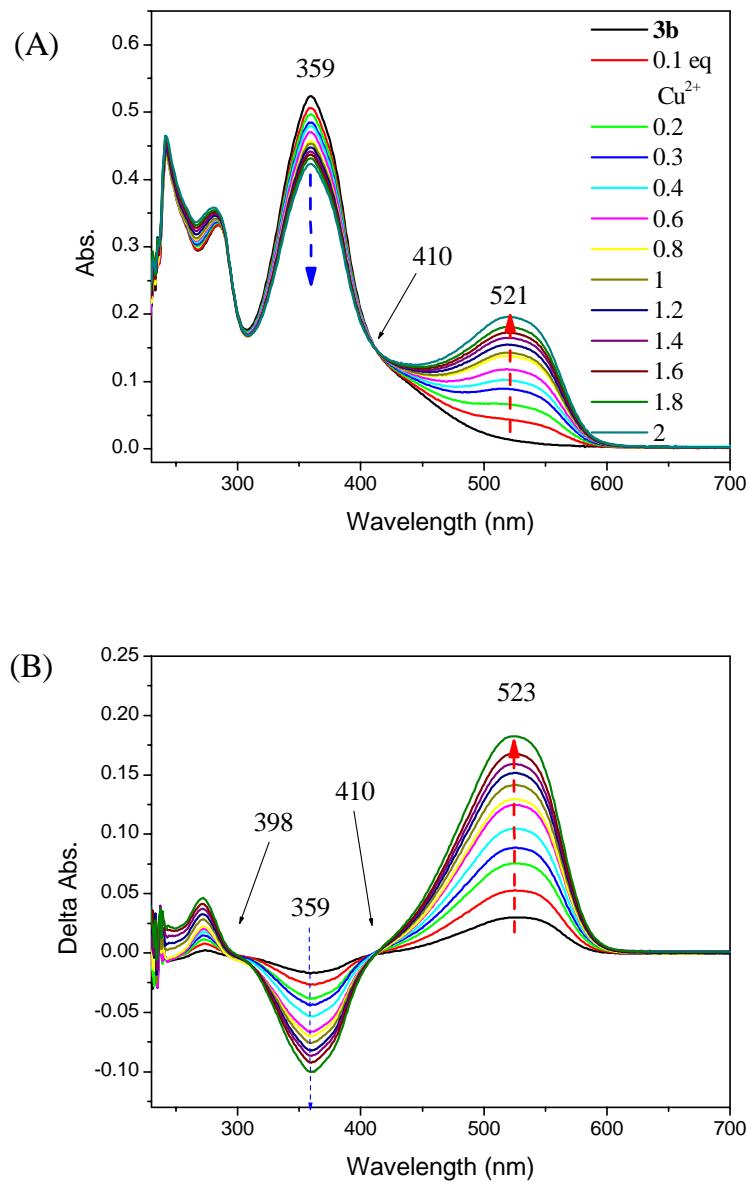


Figure S-4. (A) UV-vis titration spectra of **3b** with $\text{Cu}(\text{ClO}_4)_2$ in methanol–chloroform (v/v = 1/399) co-solvent. $[\mathbf{3b}] = 0.01 \text{ mM}$, $[\text{Cu}^{2+}] = 0\text{--}2$ equiv. of **3b**. (B) Delta absorption plot of (A).

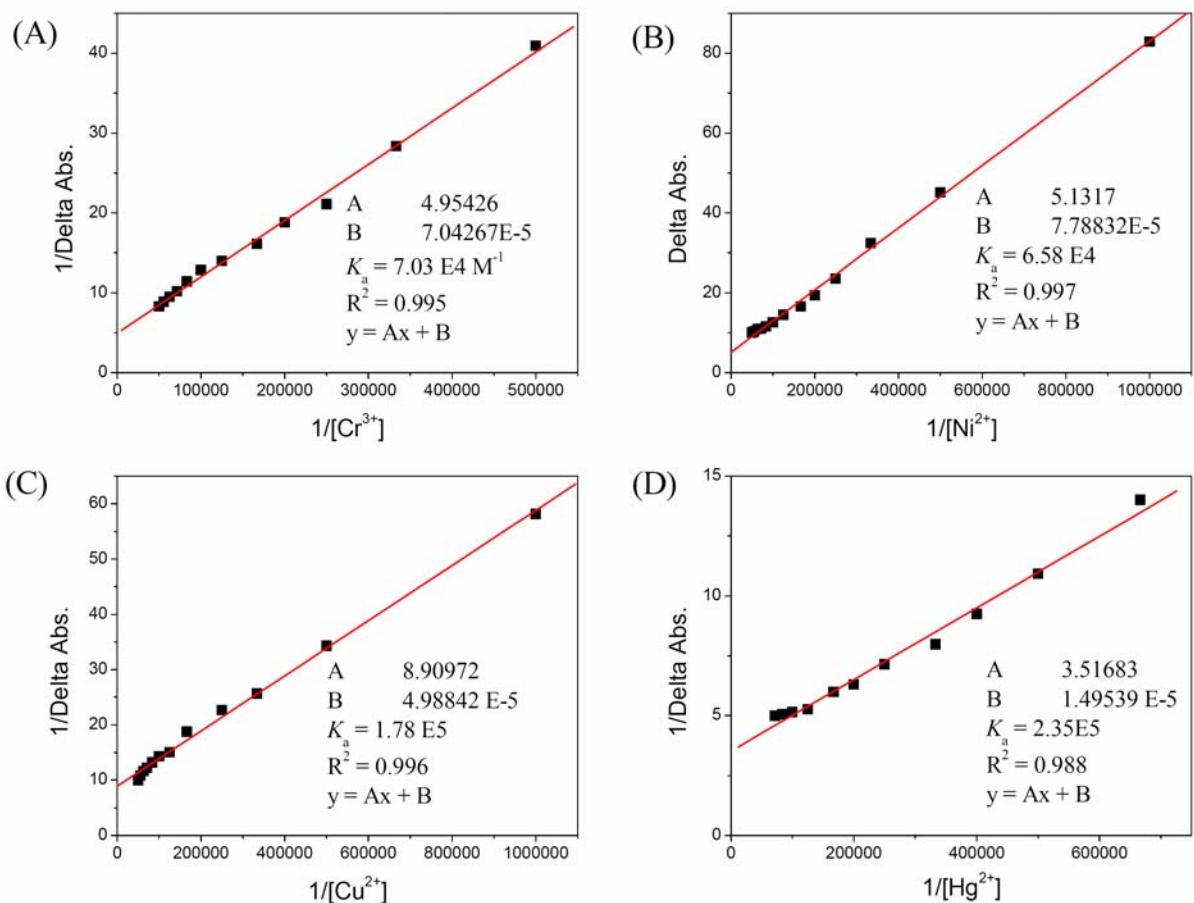


Figure S-5. Benesi-Hilderbrand plots of **3b** with transition metal perchlorates: (a) Cr^{3+} , (b) Ni^{2+} , (c) Cu^{2+} and (d) Hg^{2+} .

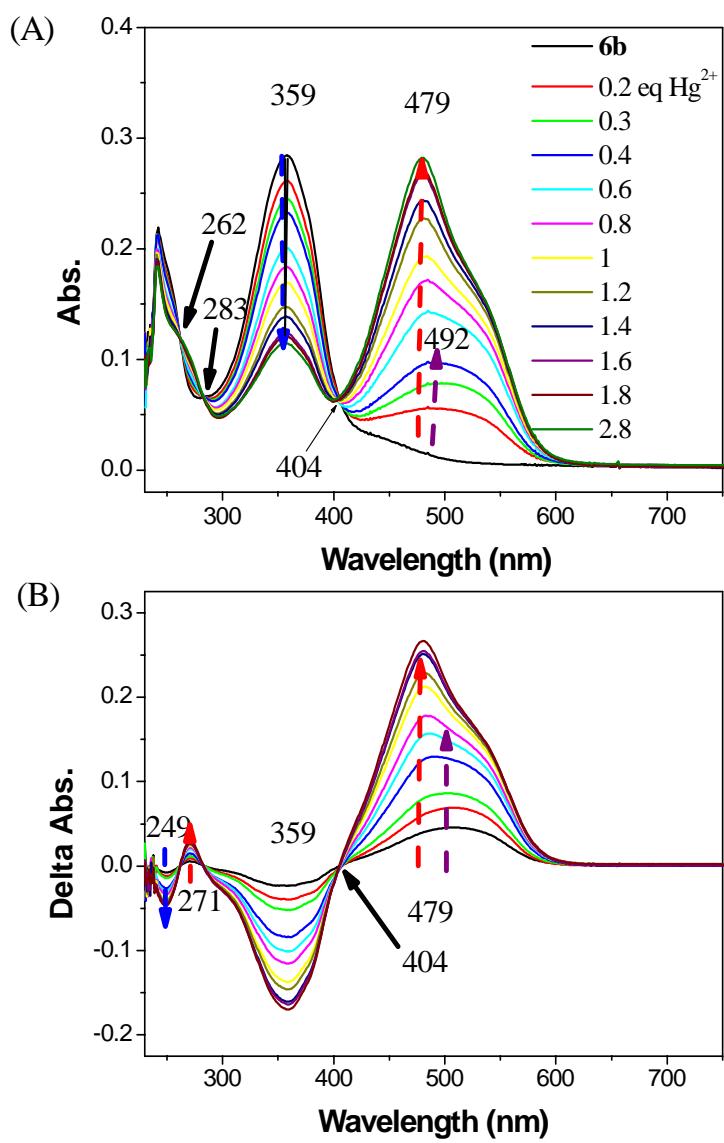


Figure S-6. UV/vis titration spectra of **6b** with $\text{Hg}(\text{ClO}_4)_2$, in methanol–chloroform (v/v = 1/399) co-solvent. $[\mathbf{6b}] = 10 \mu\text{M}$.

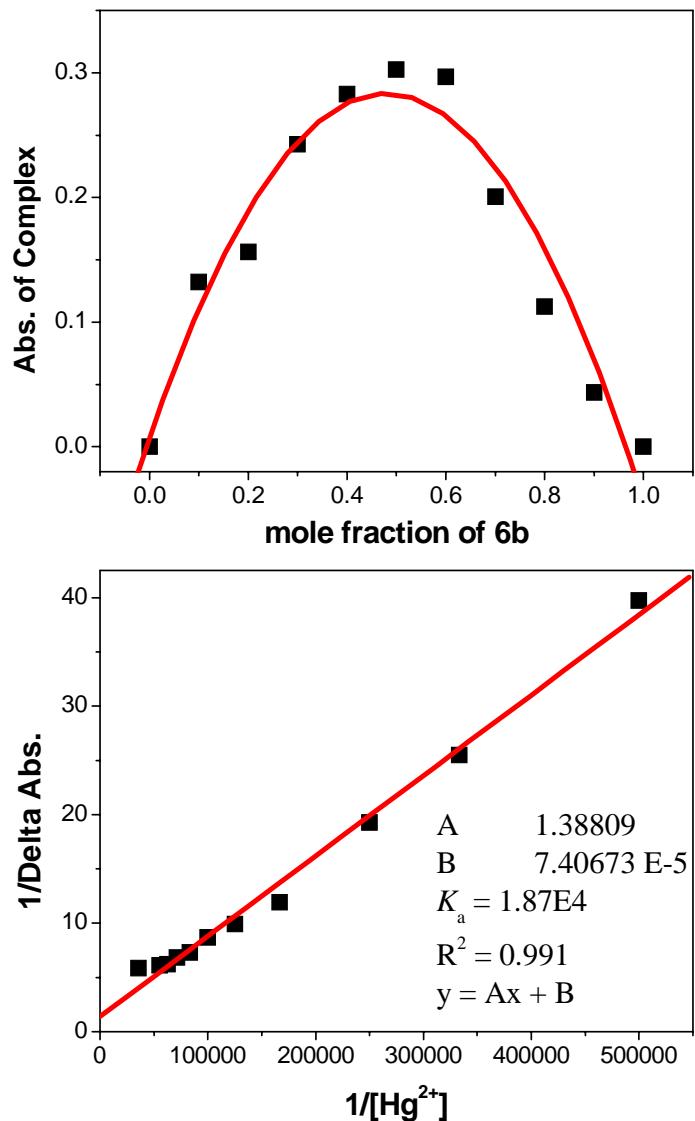


Figure S-7. Job's Plot and Benesi-Hilderbrand Plot of **6b** with $\text{Hg}(\text{ClO}_4)_2$. Where the absorption at 479 nm was plotted against mole fraction of **6b** at an invariant total concentration of 2×10^{-5} M in MeOH/CHCl₃ (v/v = 1/19).

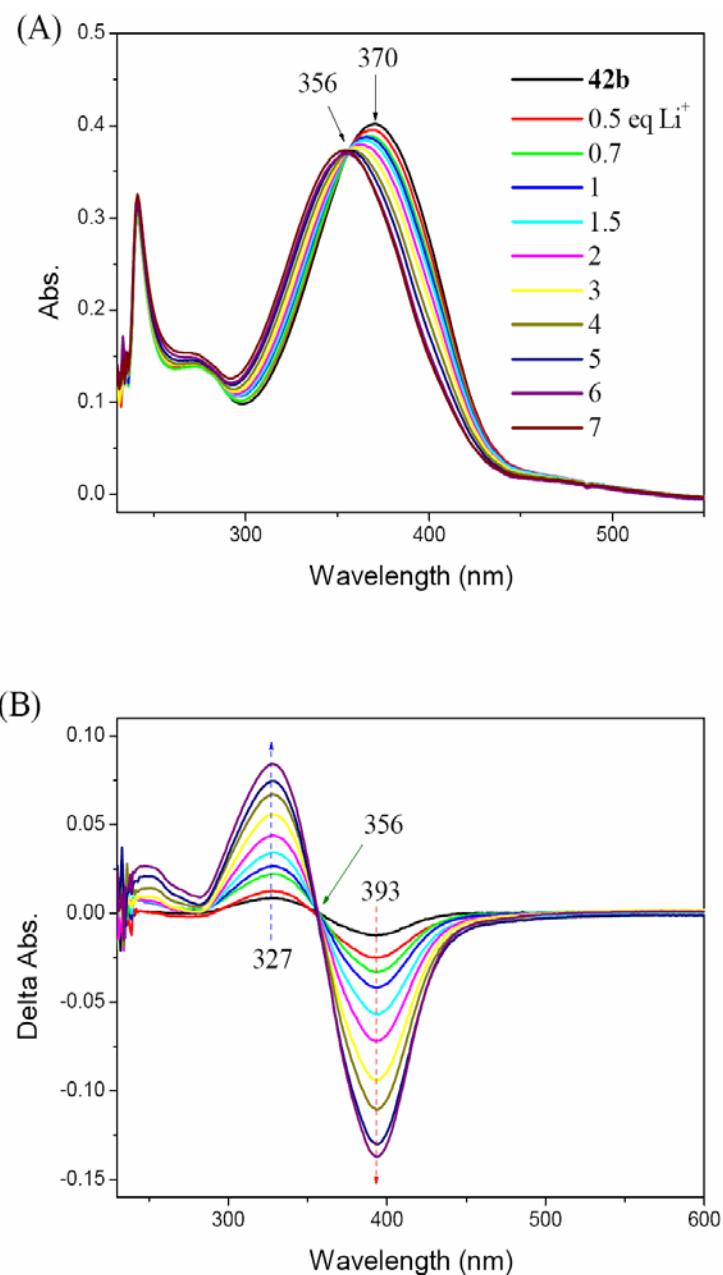


Figure S-8. UV-vis titration spectra of **6c** with LiClO_4 , in methanol–chloroform (v/v = 1/399) co-solvent, where $[\mathbf{6c}] = 10 \mu\text{M}$.

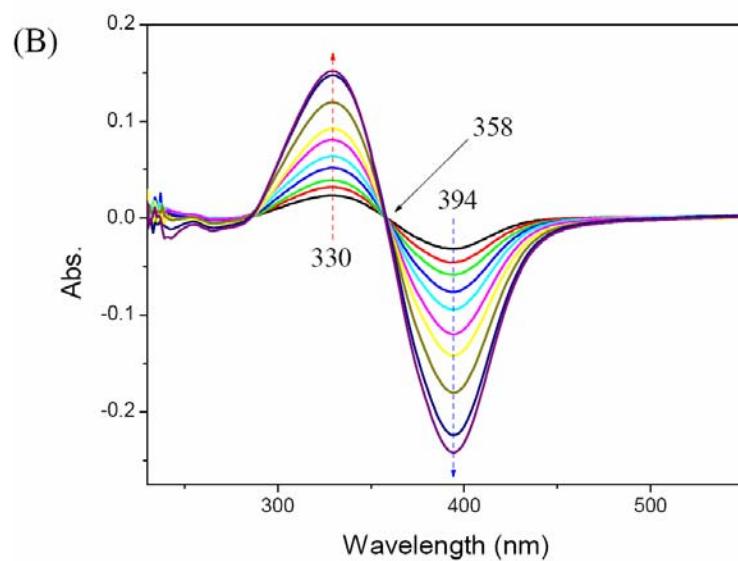
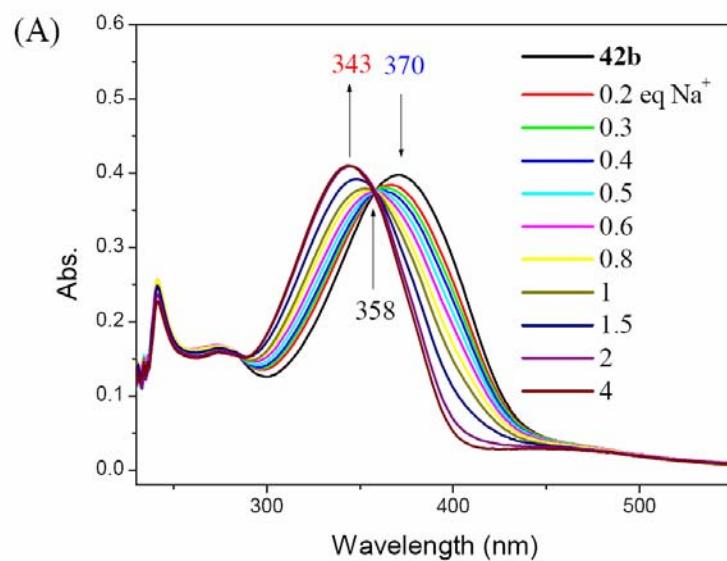
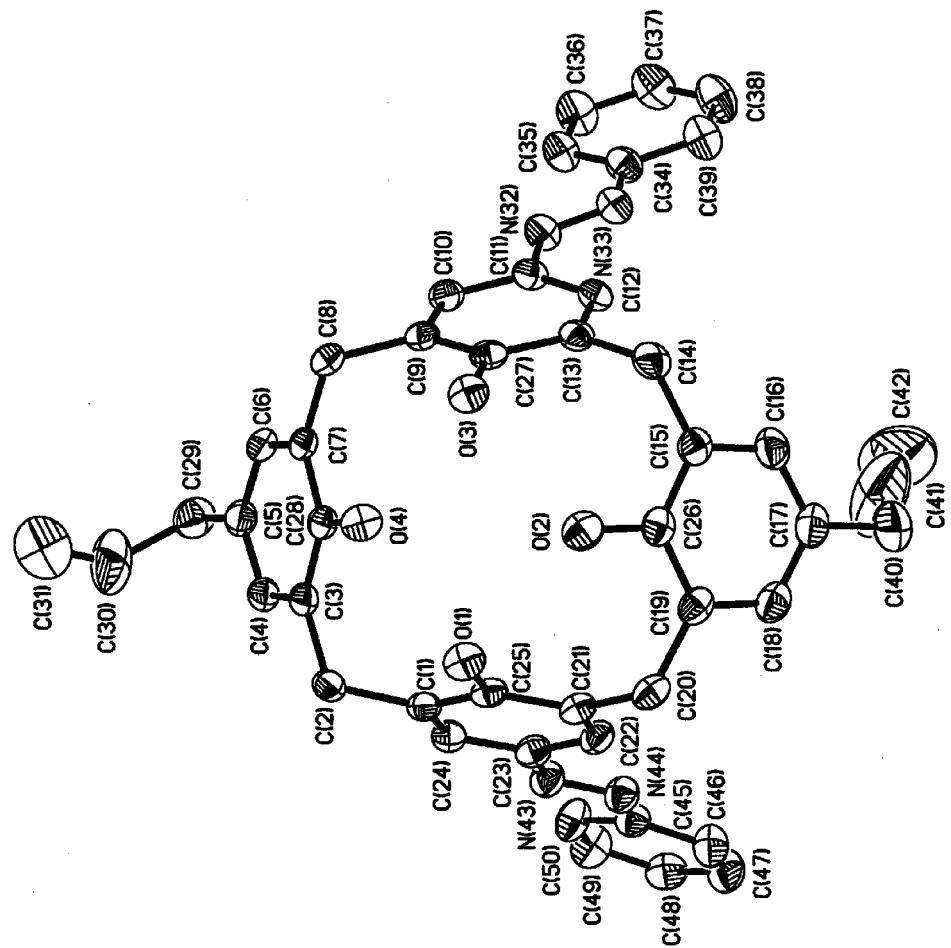


Figure S-9. UV/vis titration spectra of **6c** with NaClO_4 , in methanol–chloroform (v/v = 1/399) co-solvent, where $[\mathbf{6c}] = 10 \mu\text{M}$.



30

S-11

S-11

Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement for 5461.

Identification code

ic5461

Empirical formula

C₄₆H₄₀N₄O₄

Formula weight

712.82

Temperature

295(2) K

Wavelength

0.71073 Å

Crystal system

Triclinic

Space group

P\bar{1}

Unit cell dimensions

a = 10.9387(2) Å alpha = 78.588(1)°

b = 11.7439(3) Å beta = 85.163(1)°

c = 14.5756(3) Å gamma = 89.702(1)°

Volume, Z

1828.74(7) Å³, 2

Density (calculated)

1.295 Mg/m³

Absorption coefficient

0.083 mm⁻¹

F(000)

752

Crystal size

0.50 x 0.20 x 0.07 mm

θ range for data collection

1.43 to 25.02°

Limiting indices

-13 ≤ h ≤ 13, -13 ≤ k ≤ 13, -17 ≤ l ≤ 17

Reflections collected

18793

Independent reflections

6425 (R_{int} = 0.0368)

Absorption correction

Sadabs

Max. and min. transmission

0.9280 and 0.7371

Refinement method

Full-matrix least-squares on F²

Data / restraints / parameters

6425 / 0 / 488

Goodness-of-fit on F²

1.022

Final R indices [I>2σ(I)]

R1 = 0.0601, wR2 = 0.1584

R indices (all data)

R1 = 0.0925, wR2 = 0.1818

Extinction coefficient

0.005(2)

Largest diff. peak and hole

0.402 and -0.323 eÅ⁻³

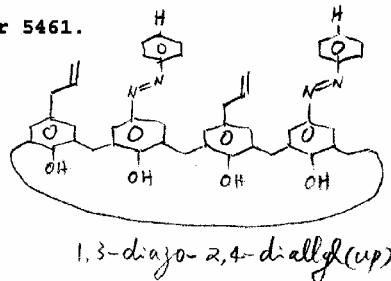


Table 2. Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for 5461.

O(1) -C(25)	1.386 (3)	O(2) -C(26)	1.378 (3)
O(3) -C(27)	1.378 (3)	O(4) -C(28)	1.374 (3)
C(1) -C(25)	1.390 (4)	C(1) -C(24)	1.392 (4)
C(1) -C(2)	1.517 (3)	C(2) -C(3)	1.516 (4)
C(3) -C(4)	1.382 (4)	C(3) -C(28)	1.397 (4)
C(4) -C(5)	1.391 (4)	C(5) -C(6)	1.381 (4)
C(5) -C(29)	1.515 (4)	C(6) -C(7)	1.396 (4)
C(7) -C(28)	1.389 (4)	C(7) -C(8)	1.519 (4)
C(8) -C(9)	1.516 (4)	C(9) -C(10)	1.383 (4)
C(9) -C(27)	1.402 (4)	C(10) -C(11)	1.382 (4)
C(11) -C(12)	1.392 (4)	C(11) -N(32)	1.433 (4)
C(12) -C(13)	1.379 (4)	C(13) -C(27)	1.400 (4)
C(13) -C(14)	1.534 (4)	C(14) -C(15)	1.515 (4)
C(15) -C(26)	1.390 (4)	C(15) -C(16)	1.394 (4)
C(16) -C(17)	1.397 (5)	C(17) -C(18)	1.379 (5)
C(17) -C(40)	1.518 (5)	C(18) -C(19)	1.383 (4)
C(19) -C(26)	1.403 (4)	C(19) -C(20)	1.513 (4)
C(20) -C(21)	1.522 (4)	C(21) -C(22)	1.390 (4)
C(21) -C(25)	1.402 (4)	C(22) -C(23)	1.389 (4)
C(23) -C(24)	1.383 (4)	C(23) -N(43)	1.436 (3)
C(29) -C(30)	1.509 (6)	C(30) -C(31)	1.114 (7)
N(32) -N(33)	1.239 (3)	N(33) -C(34)	1.433 (4)
C(34) -C(39)	1.380 (4)	C(34) -C(35)	1.388 (4)
C(35) -C(36)	1.374 (5)	C(36) -C(37)	1.383 (5)
C(37) -C(38)	1.365 (5)	C(38) -C(39)	1.395 (5)
C(40) -C(41)	1.377 (8)	C(41) -C(42)	1.106 (8)
N(43) -N(44)	1.249 (3)	N(44) -C(45)	1.434 (3)
C(45) -C(46)	1.376 (4)	C(45) -C(50)	1.384 (4)
C(46) -C(47)	1.391 (4)	C(47) -C(48)	1.358 (4)
C(48) -C(49)	1.367 (5)	C(49) -C(50)	1.382 (4)
C(25) -C(1) -C(24)	117.8 (2)	C(25) -C(1) -C(2)	122.3 (2)
C(24) -C(1) -C(2)	119.8 (2)	C(3) -C(2) -C(1)	112.3 (2)
C(4) -C(3) -C(28)	117.7 (2)	C(4) -C(3) -C(2)	120.7 (2)
C(28) -C(3) -C(2)	121.6 (2)	C(3) -C(4) -C(5)	122.4 (3)
C(6) -C(5) -C(4)	117.6 (3)	C(6) -C(5) -C(29)	122.5 (3)
C(4) -C(5) -C(29)	119.9 (3)	C(5) -C(6) -C(7)	122.9 (3)
C(28) -C(7) -C(6)	117.0 (2)	C(28) -C(7) -C(8)	121.5 (2)
C(6) -C(7) -C(8)	121.5 (2)	C(9) -C(8) -C(7)	113.5 (2)
C(10) -C(9) -C(27)	117.1 (2)	C(10) -C(9) -C(8)	120.0 (2)
C(27) -C(9) -C(8)	122.9 (2)	C(11) -C(10) -C(9)	121.9 (3)
C(10) -C(11) -C(12)	119.7 (3)	C(10) -C(11) -N(32)	115.2 (2)
C(12) -C(11) -N(32)	125.2 (2)	C(13) -C(12) -C(11)	120.6 (3)
C(12) -C(13) -C(27)	118.4 (2)	C(12) -C(13) -C(14)	120.0 (2)
C(27) -C(13) -C(14)	121.6 (2)	C(15) -C(14) -C(13)	113.5 (2)
C(26) -C(15) -C(16)	117.4 (3)	C(26) -C(15) -C(14)	121.8 (3)
C(16) -C(15) -C(14)	120.8 (3)	C(15) -C(16) -C(17)	122.3 (3)
C(18) -C(17) -C(16)	117.8 (3)	C(18) -C(17) -C(40)	120.3 (3)
C(16) -C(17) -C(40)	121.8 (3)	C(17) -C(18) -C(19)	122.7 (3)
C(18) -C(19) -C(26)	117.7 (3)	C(18) -C(19) -C(20)	121.2 (3)
C(26) -C(19) -C(20)	121.1 (2)	C(19) -C(20) -C(21)	112.0 (2)
C(22) -C(21) -C(25)	117.3 (2)	C(22) -C(21) -C(20)	120.5 (2)
C(25) -C(21) -C(20)	122.2 (2)	C(23) -C(22) -C(21)	121.4 (2)
C(24) -C(23) -C(22)	119.6 (2)	C(24) -C(23) -N(43)	115.0 (2)
C(22) -C(23) -N(43)	125.4 (2)	C(23) -C(24) -C(1)	121.2 (3)
O(1) -C(25) -C(1)	117.8 (2)	O(1) -C(25) -C(21)	119.6 (2)
C(1) -C(25) -C(21)	122.6 (2)	O(2) -C(26) -C(15)	120.7 (2)
O(2) -C(26) -C(19)	117.1 (2)	C(15) -C(26) -C(19)	122.1 (3)
O(3) -C(27) -C(13)	117.8 (2)	O(3) -C(27) -C(9)	120.0 (2)

C(13)-C(27)-C(9)	122.2 (2)	O(4)-C(28)-C(7)	117.3 (2)
O(4)-C(28)-C(3)	120.3 (2)	C(7)-C(28)-C(3)	122.4 (2)
C(30)-C(29)-C(5)	111.7 (3)	C(31)-C(30)-C(29)	139.3 (7)
N(33)-N(32)-C(11)	114.4 (2)	N(32)-N(33)-C(34)	113.8 (2)
C(39)-C(34)-C(35)	119.6 (3)	C(39)-C(34)-N(33)	116.0 (3)
C(35)-C(34)-N(33)	124.4 (3)	C(36)-C(35)-C(34)	120.2 (3)
C(35)-C(36)-C(37)	120.0 (3)	C(38)-C(37)-C(36)	120.3 (3)
C(37)-C(38)-C(39)	120.0 (3)	C(34)-C(39)-C(38)	119.9 (3)
C(41)-C(40)-C(17)	115.6 (4)	C(42)-C(41)-C(40)	154.9 (13)
N(44)-N(43)-C(23)	114.2 (2)	N(43)-N(44)-C(45)	113.3 (2)
C(46)-C(45)-C(50)	119.2 (3)	C(46)-C(45)-N(44)	115.8 (3)
C(50)-C(45)-N(44)	125.0 (3)	C(45)-C(46)-C(47)	120.0 (3)
C(48)-C(47)-C(46)	120.6 (3)	C(47)-C(48)-C(49)	119.6 (3)
C(48)-C(49)-C(50)	121.0 (3)	C(49)-C(50)-C(45)	119.7 (3)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

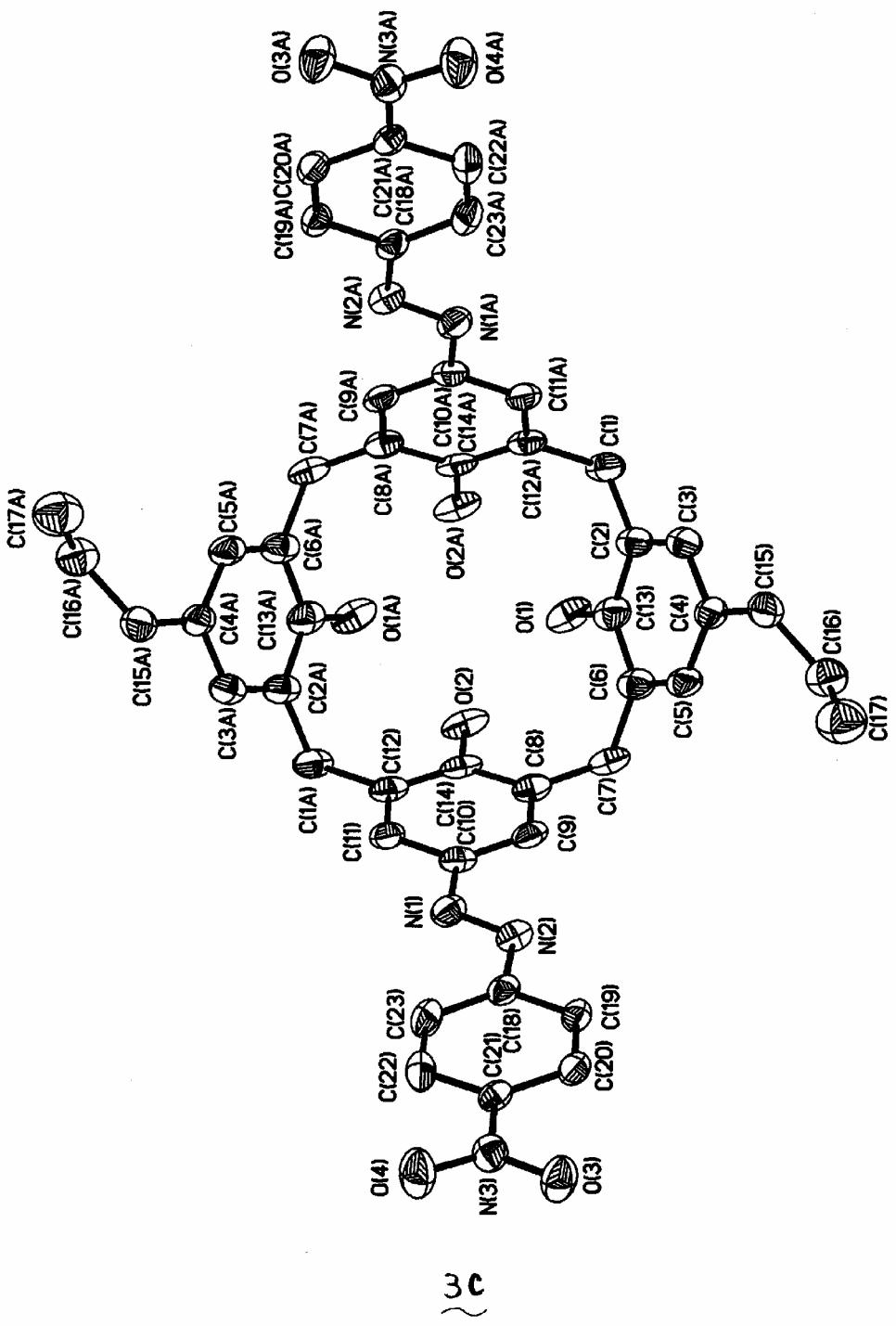


Fig. 1: The molecular structure of IC7695, thermal ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

3C

S-15

Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement for ic7695.

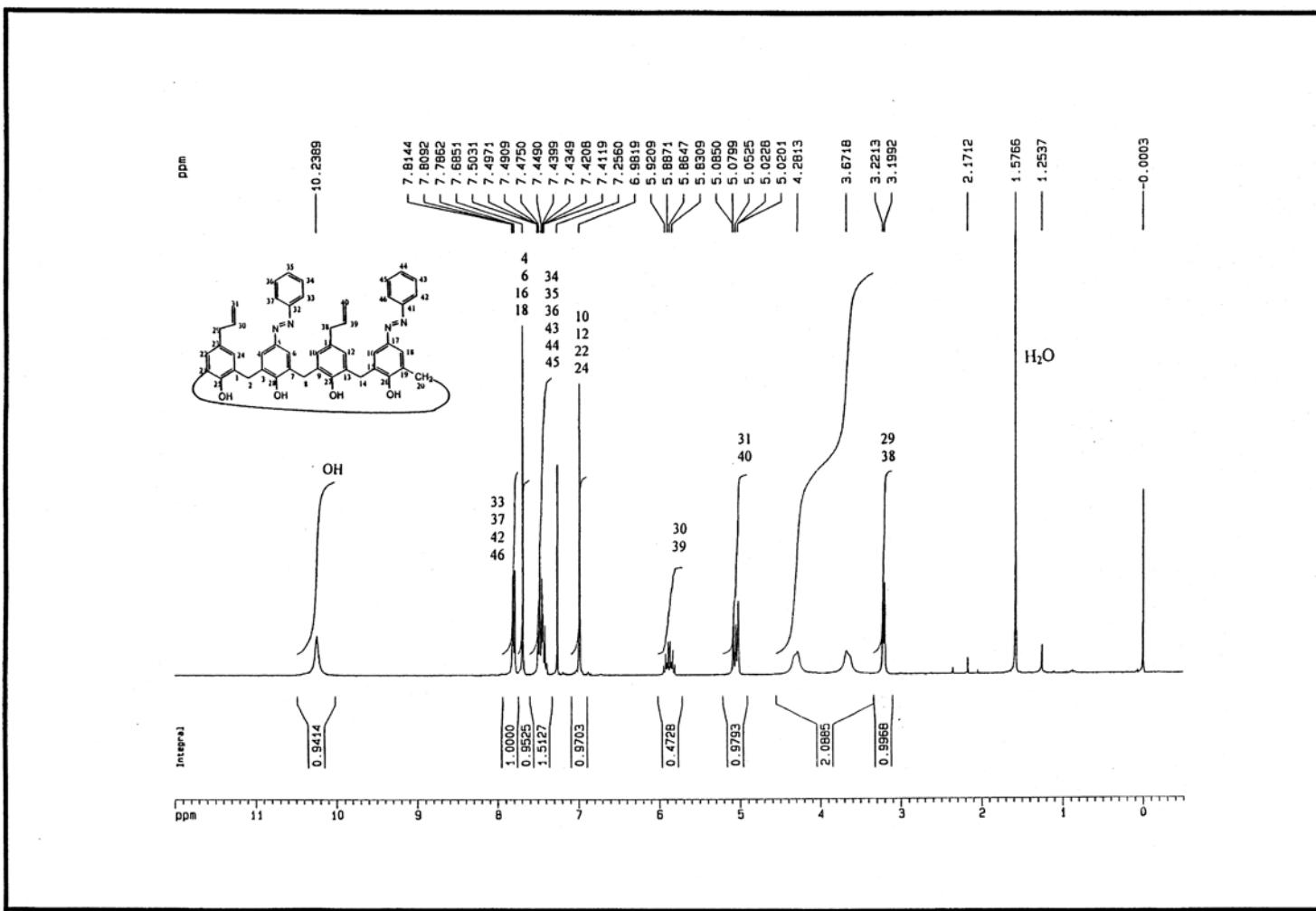
Identification code	ic7695
Empirical formula	C ₄₈ H ₄₂ Cl ₆ N ₆ O ₉
Formula weight	1059.58
Temperature	150(1) K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal system	Monoclinic
Space group	C2/c
Unit cell dimensions	a = 34.8369(19) Å alpha = 90° b = 6.1717(3) Å beta = 91.510(1)° c = 22.3919(12) Å gamma = 90°
Volume, Z	4812.7(4) Å ³ , 4
Density (calculated)	1.462 Mg/m ³
Absorption coefficient	0.420 mm ⁻¹
F(000)	2184
Crystal size	0.40 x 0.15 x 0.01 mm
θ range for data collection	1.17 to 25.00°
Limiting indices	-41 ≤ h ≤ 41, -7 ≤ k ≤ 7, -26 ≤ l ≤ 26
Reflections collected	19651
Independent reflections	4246 (R _{int} = 0.0816)
Completeness to θ = 25.00°	100.0 %
Absorption correction	None
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data / restraints / parameters	4246 / 0 / 309
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.113
Final R indices [I>2σ(I)]	R1 = 0.0464, wR2 = 0.0887
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1101, wR2 = 0.1175
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.582 and -0.323 eÅ ⁻³

Table 2. Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for ic7695.

O(1)-C(13)	1.383(5)	O(2)-C(14)	1.378(4)
O(3)-N(3)	1.228(4)	O(4)-N(3)	1.226(3)
N(1)-N(2)	1.257(4)	N(1)-C(10)	1.419(5)
N(2)-C(18)	1.430(4)	N(3)-C(21)	1.471(4)
C(1)-C(2)	1.505(5)	C(1)-C(12) #1	1.522(5)
C(2)-C(3)	1.386(5)	C(2)-C(13)	1.400(5)
C(3)-C(4)	1.395(5)	C(4)-C(5)	1.382(5)
C(4)-C(15)	1.508(5)	C(5)-C(6)	1.387(5)
C(6)-C(13)	1.400(5)	C(6)-C(7)	1.536(5)
C(7)-C(8)	1.515(5)	C(8)-C(9)	1.388(5)
C(8)-C(14)	1.398(5)	C(9)-C(10)	1.387(5)
C(10)-C(11)	1.396(5)	C(11)-C(12)	1.385(5)
C(12)-C(14)	1.402(5)	C(12)-C(1) #1	1.522(5)
C(15)-C(16)	1.498(5)	C(16)-C(17)	1.302(5)
C(18)-C(23)	1.387(5)	C(18)-C(19)	1.388(5)
C(19)-C(20)	1.378(5)	C(20)-C(21)	1.377(5)
C(21)-C(22)	1.387(5)	C(22)-C(23)	1.374(5)
C(24)-Cl(3)	1.753(4)	C(24)-Cl(2)	1.758(4)
C(24)-Cl(1)	1.761(4)		
N(2)-N(1)-C(10)	114.8(3)	N(1)-N(2)-C(18)	113.2(3)
O(4)-N(3)-O(3)	123.0(3)	O(4)-N(3)-C(21)	118.4(3)
O(3)-N(3)-C(21)	118.6(3)	C(2)-C(1)-C(12) #1	112.1(3)
C(3)-C(2)-C(13)	117.8(4)	C(3)-C(2)-C(1)	120.4(4)
C(13)-C(2)-C(1)	121.8(4)	C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	122.8(4)
C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	117.0(4)	C(5)-C(4)-C(15)	123.3(4)
C(3)-C(4)-C(15)	119.7(4)	C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	123.4(4)
C(5)-C(6)-C(13)	117.5(4)	C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	120.8(4)
C(13)-C(6)-C(7)	121.7(4)	C(8)-C(7)-C(6)	111.9(3)
C(9)-C(8)-C(14)	117.9(4)	C(9)-C(8)-C(7)	120.0(4)
C(14)-C(8)-C(7)	122.0(4)	C(10)-C(9)-C(8)	121.2(4)
C(9)-C(10)-C(11)	119.6(4)	C(9)-C(10)-N(1)	125.1(3)
C(11)-C(10)-N(1)	115.4(4)	C(12)-C(11)-C(10)	121.2(4)
C(11)-C(12)-C(14)	117.8(4)	C(11)-C(12)-C(1) #1	120.0(4)
C(14)-C(12)-C(1) #1	122.2(4)	O(1)-C(13)-C(6)	118.5(4)
O(1)-C(13)-C(2)	119.8(4)	C(6)-C(13)-C(2)	121.6(4)
O(2)-C(14)-C(8)	117.4(4)	O(2)-C(14)-C(12)	120.3(4)
C(8)-C(14)-C(12)	122.3(4)	C(16)-C(15)-C(4)	115.4(4)
C(17)-C(16)-C(15)	125.0(4)	C(23)-C(18)-C(19)	120.1(4)
C(23)-C(18)-N(2)	124.1(3)	C(19)-C(18)-N(2)	115.7(3)
C(20)-C(19)-C(18)	120.8(3)	C(21)-C(20)-C(19)	118.0(3)
C(20)-C(21)-C(22)	122.4(4)	C(20)-C(21)-N(3)	118.6(3)
C(22)-C(21)-N(3)	119.0(3)	C(23)-C(22)-C(21)	118.9(4)
C(22)-C(23)-C(18)	119.8(3)	Cl(3)-C(24)-Cl(2)	110.9(2)
Cl(3)-C(24)-Cl(1)	110.7(2)	Cl(2)-C(24)-Cl(1)	110.1(2)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 -x+1,y,-z+1/2



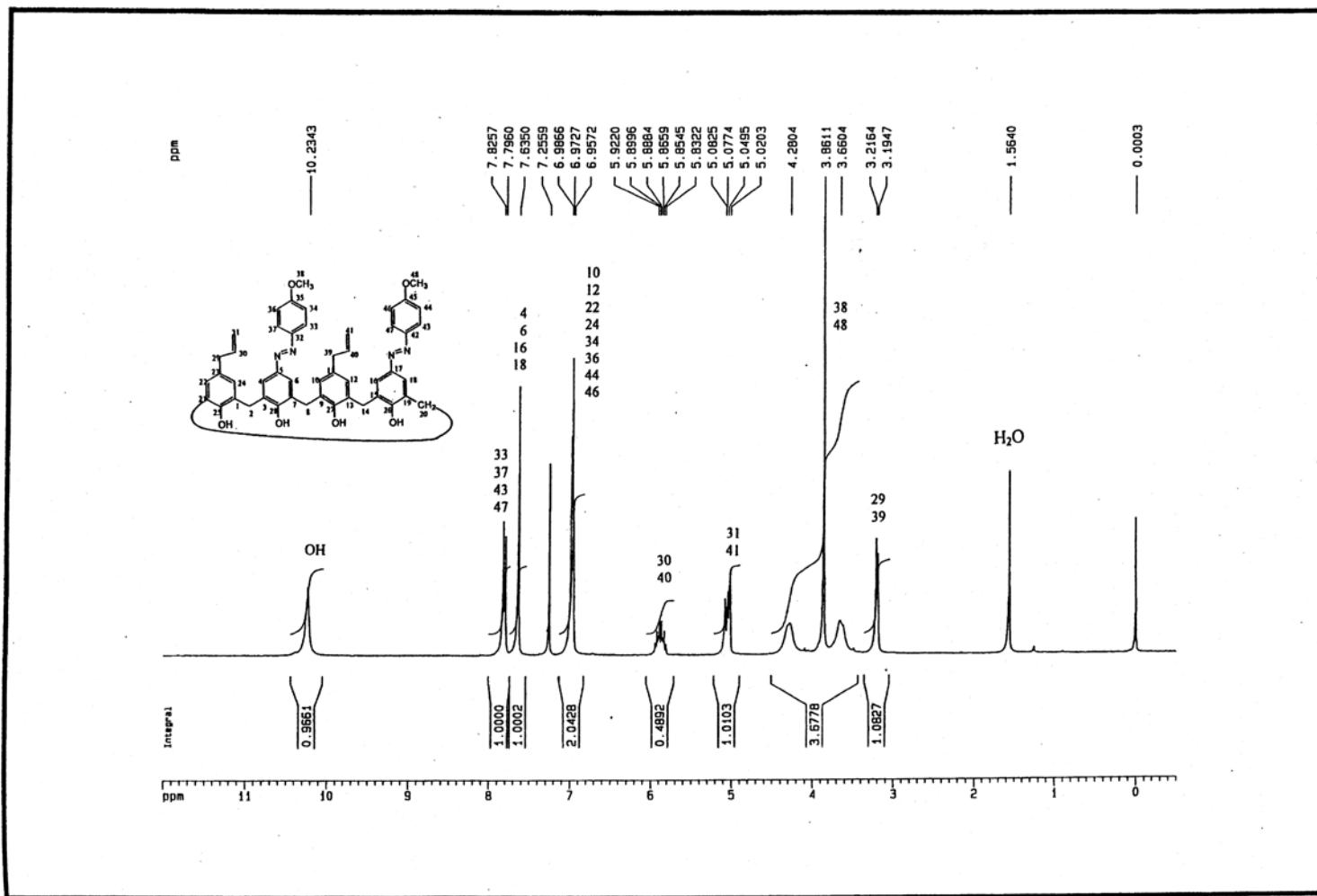


Figure S-11. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of compound **3b**.

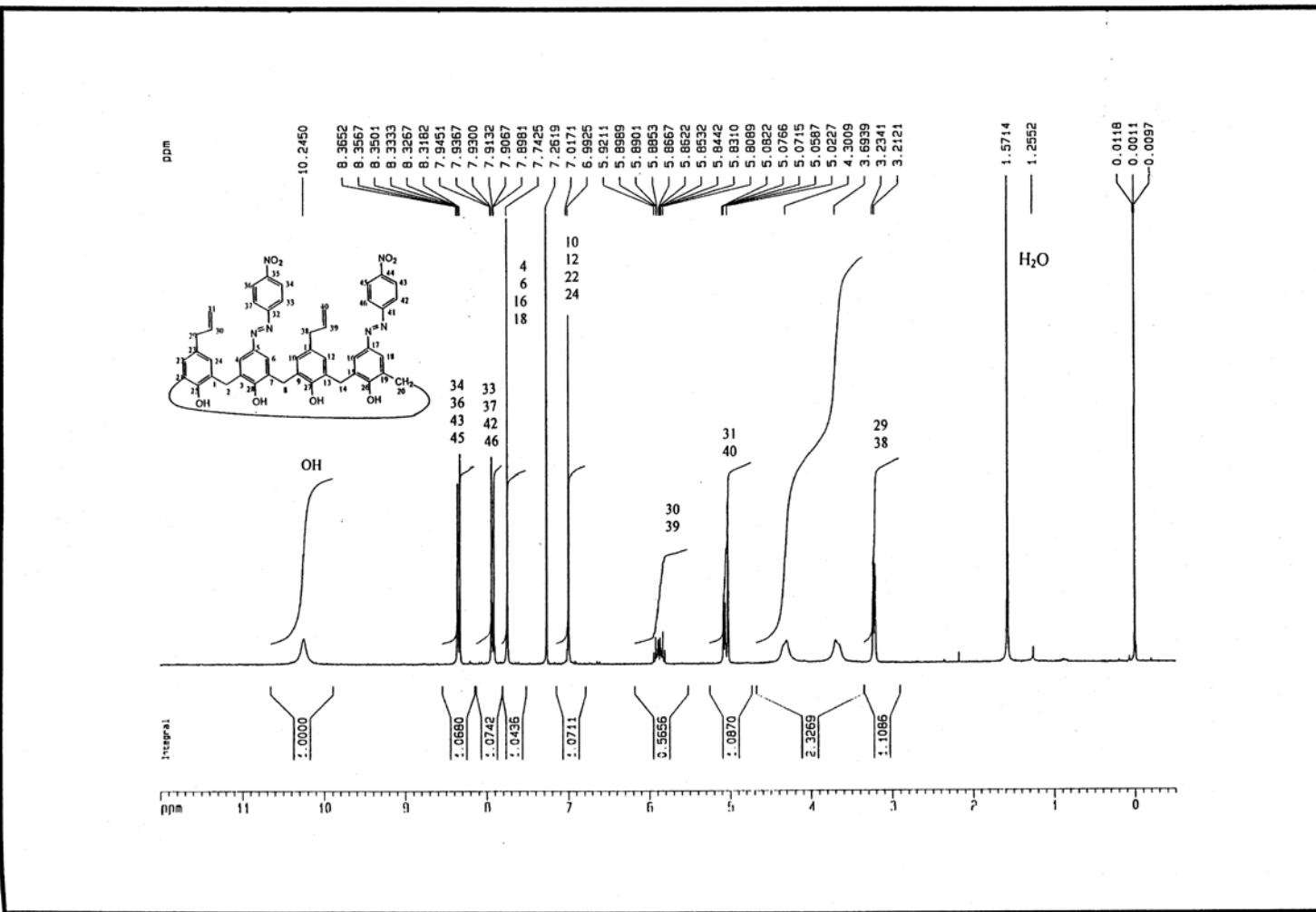


Figure S-12. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of compound 3c.

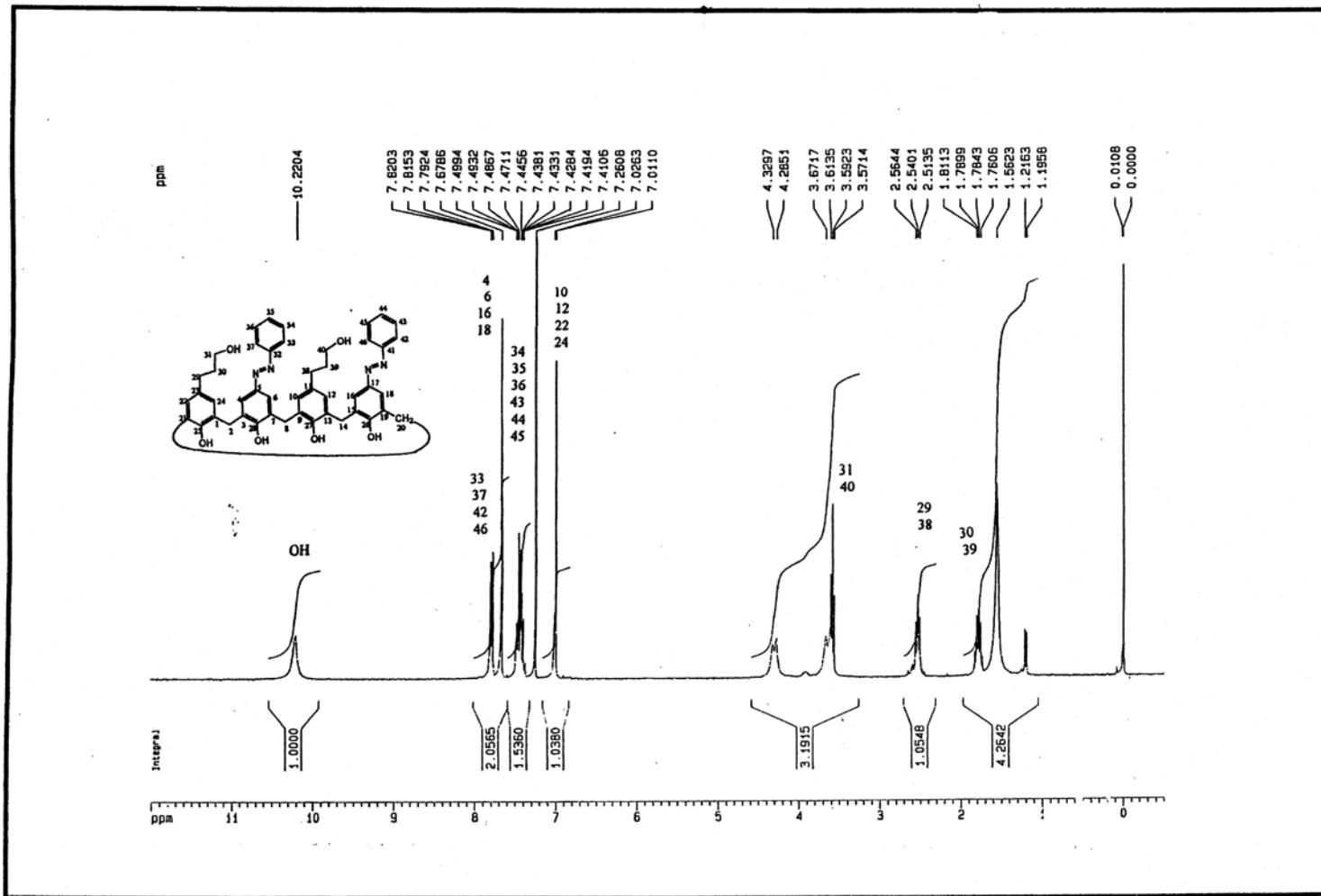
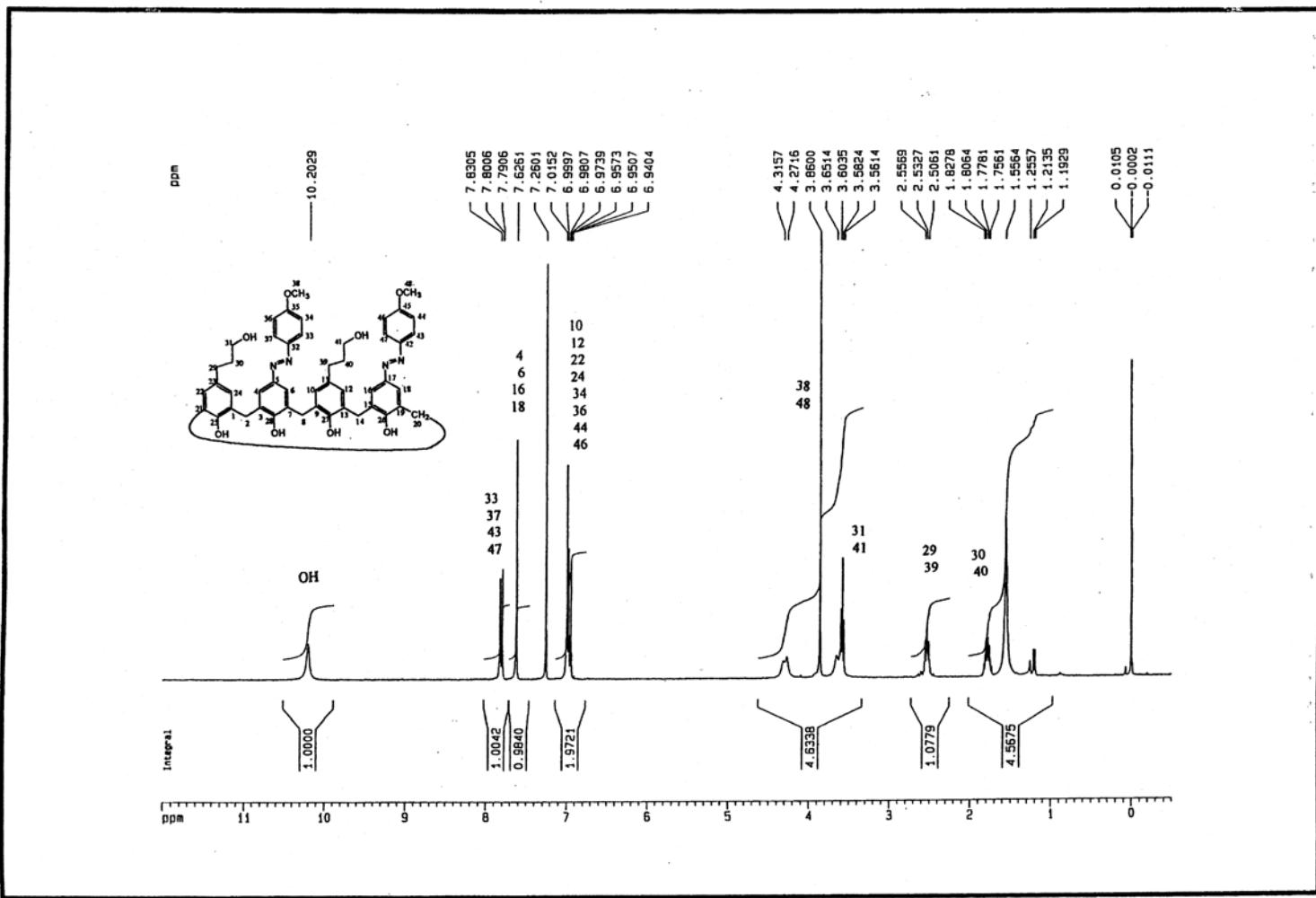


Figure S-13. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of compound **5a**.



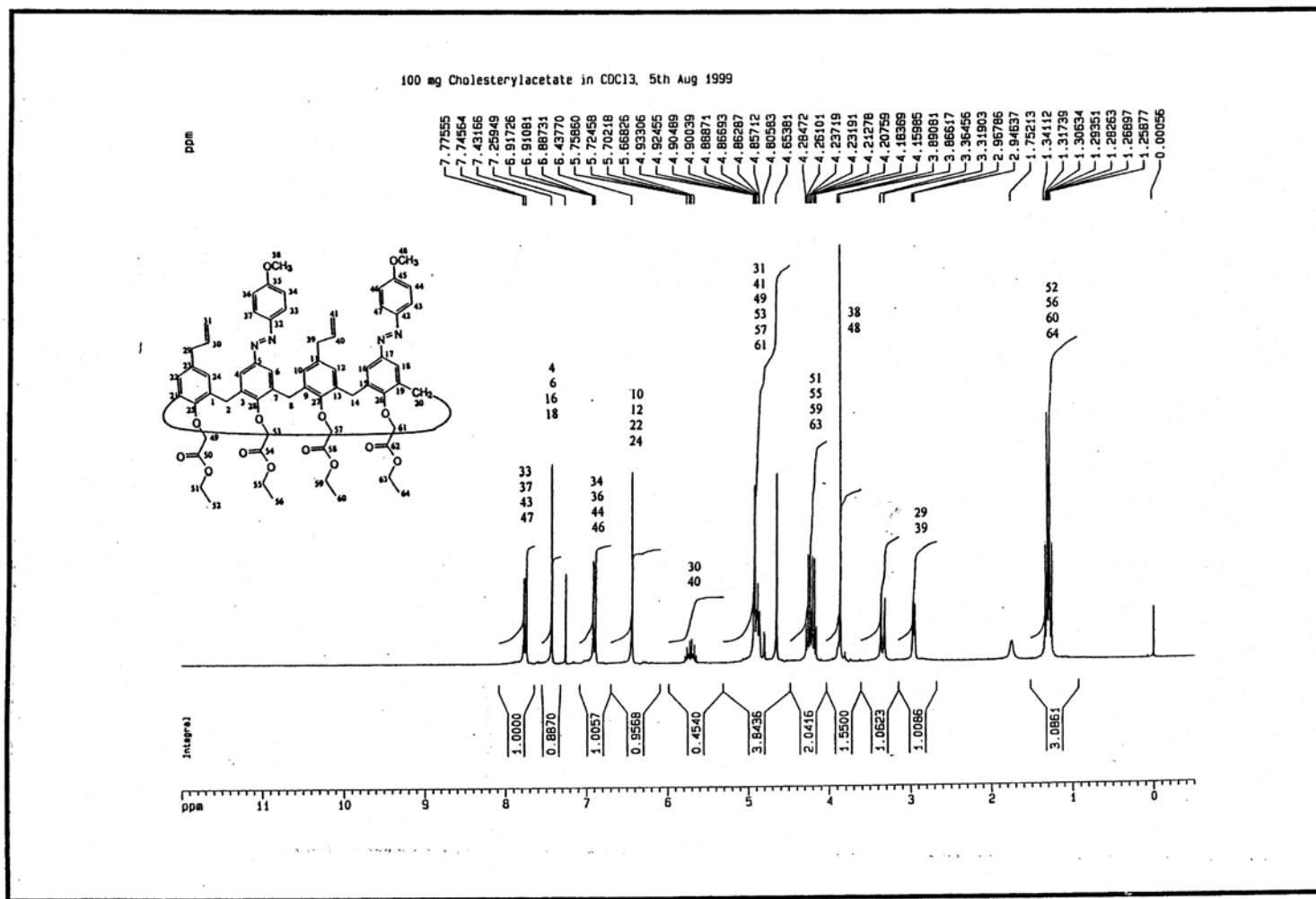
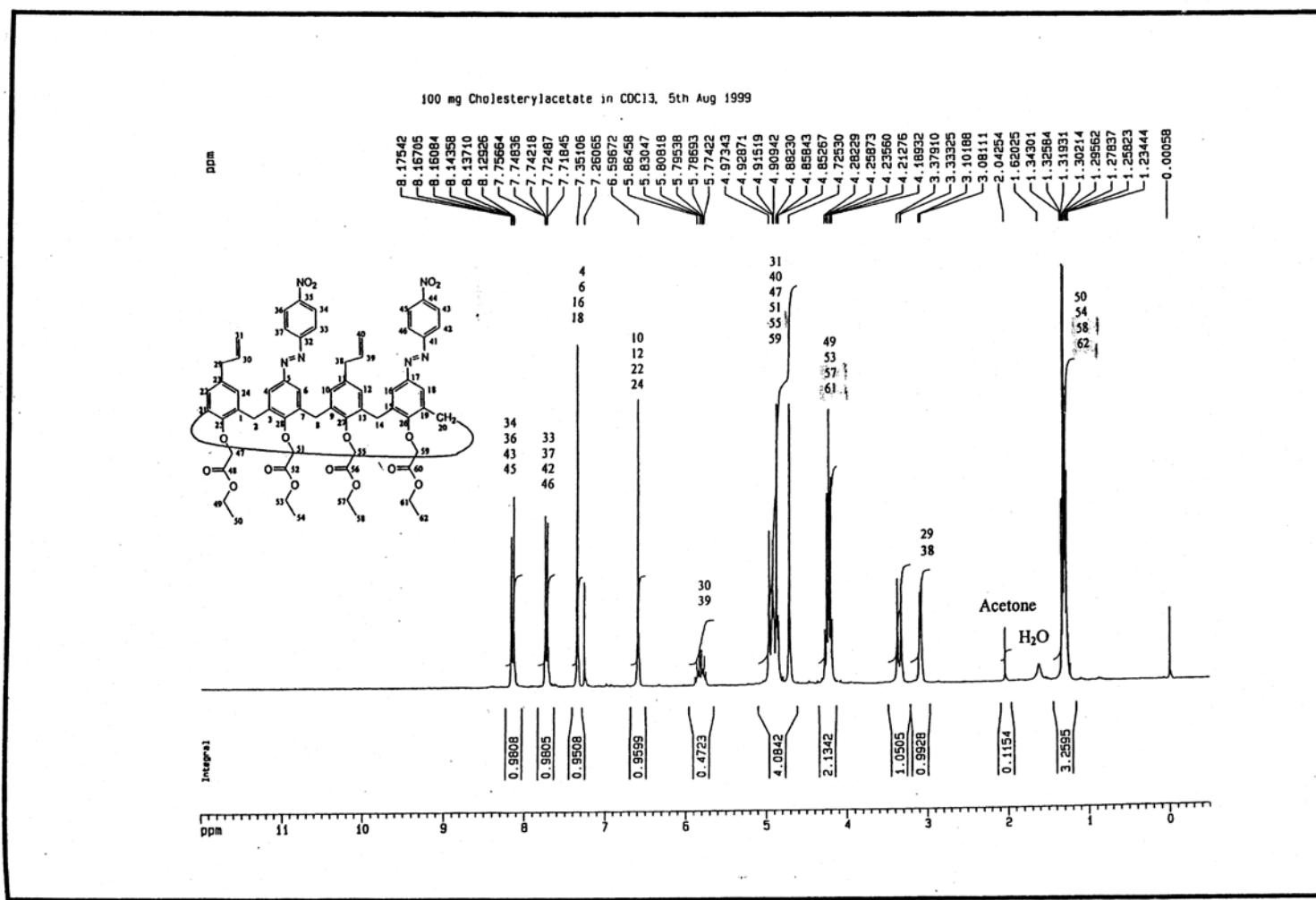


Figure S-15. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of compound **6b**.



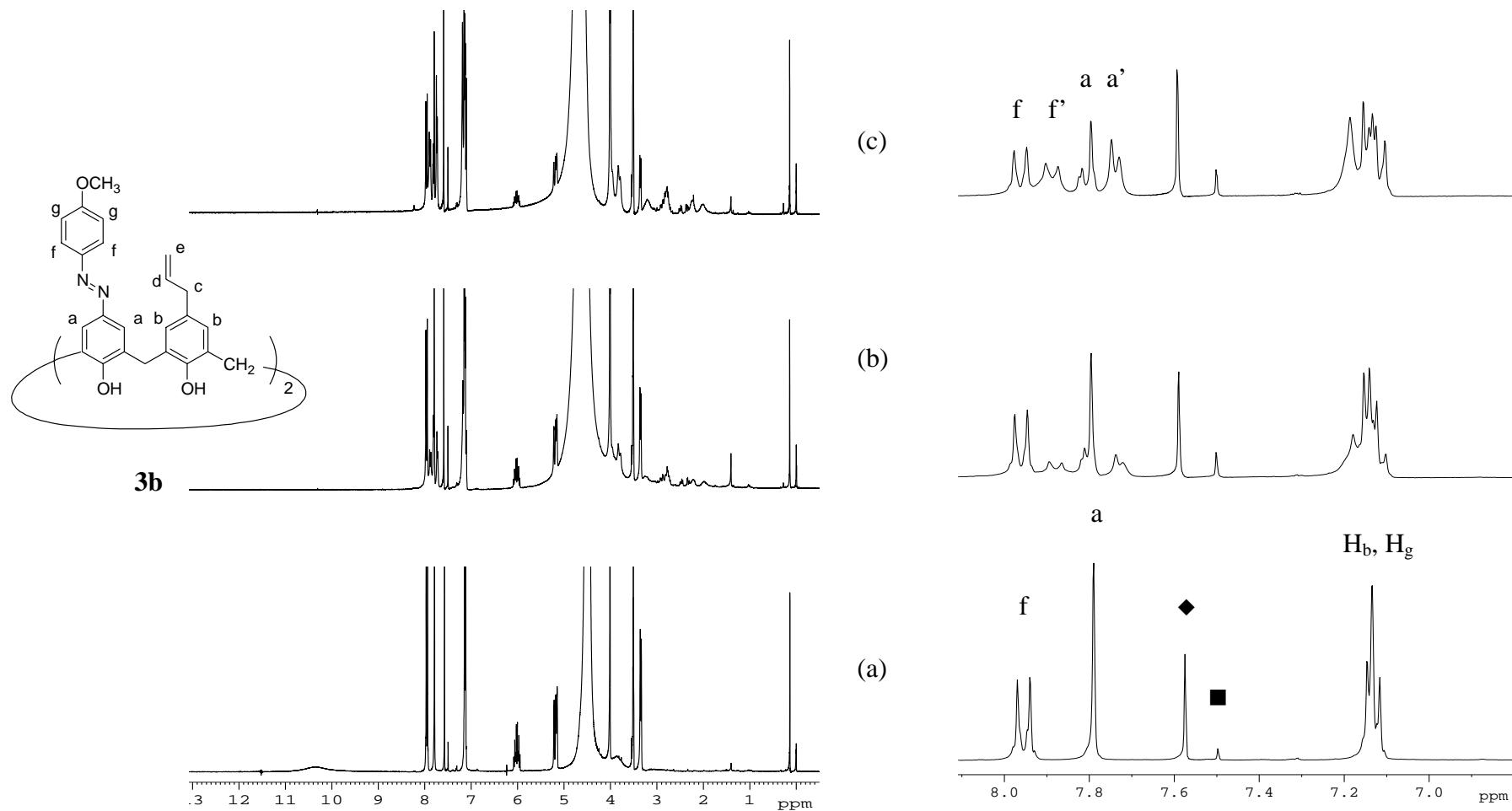
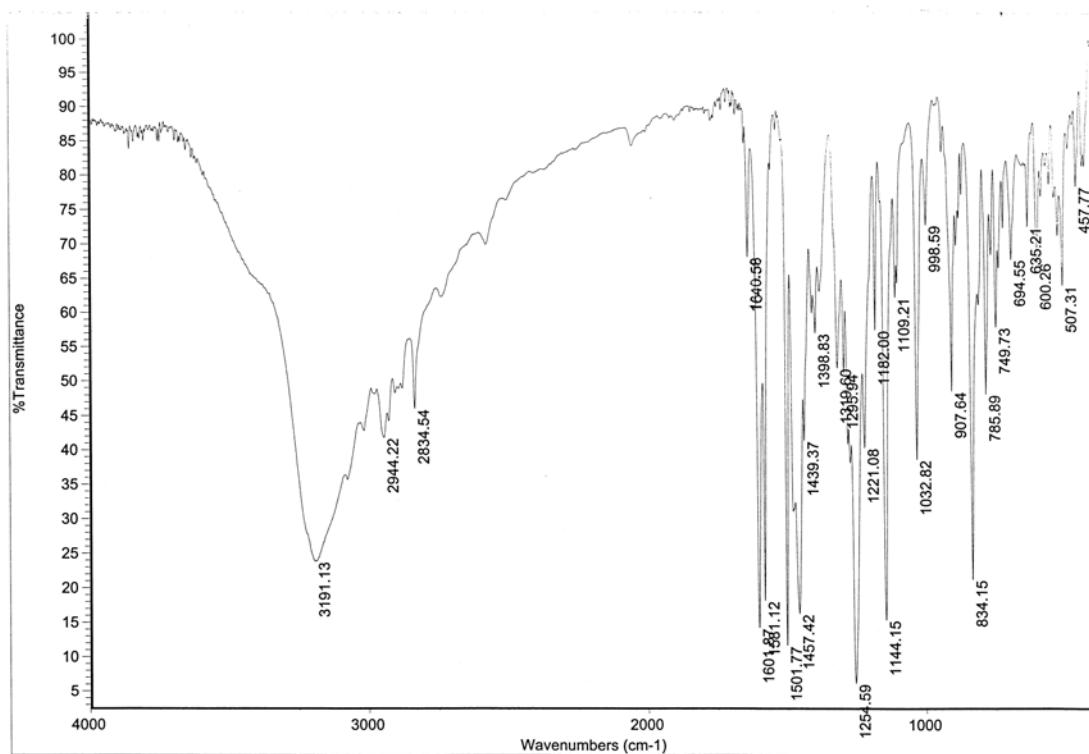


Figure S -17. ^1H NMR spectra of compound **3b** (8.35 mM) in $\text{CD}_3\text{OH}/\text{CDCl}_3$ (1:3) solution in the presence of different amounts of $\text{Hg}(\text{ClO}_4)_2$: (a) 0, (b) 10.14 mM (1.2 equiv.), and (c) 15.77 mM (1.9 equiv.). Spectra on the right are expanded regions of δ 6.8 to δ 8.2, and there were two new signals appeared flanking H_a and $\text{H}_{a'}$ when Hg^{2+} ion was added in $\text{CD}_3\text{OH}/\text{CDCl}_3$ (1:3) compared to those in $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}/\text{CDCl}_3$ (Figure 8).

(a)



(b)

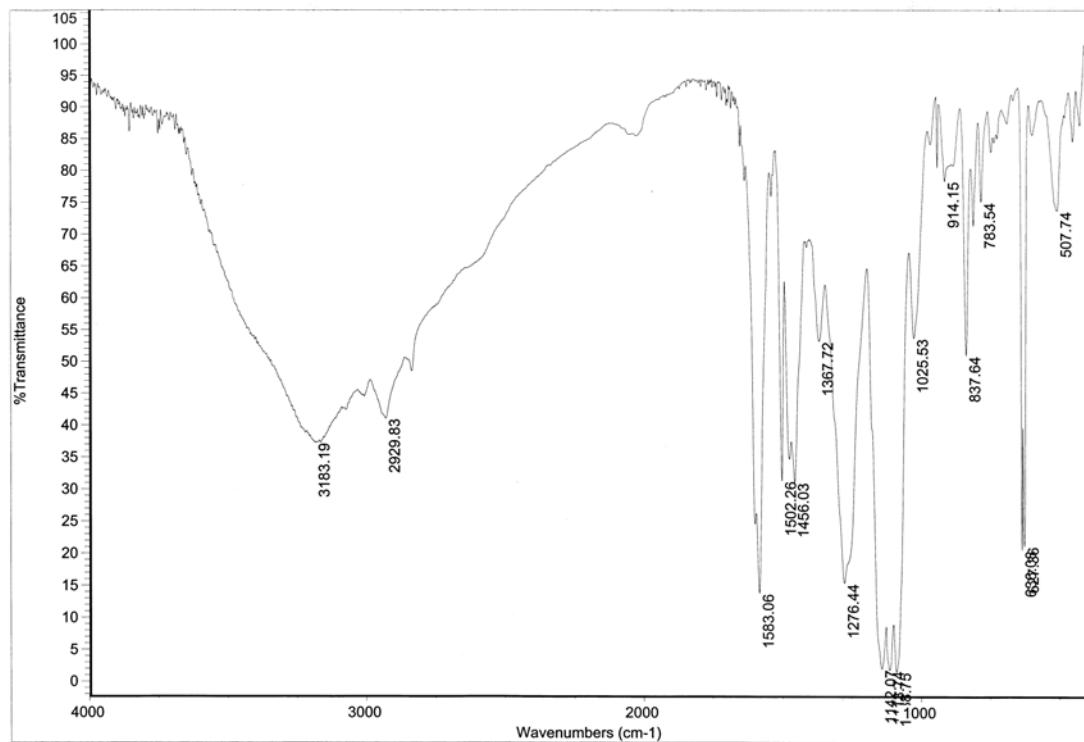


Figure S18. IR (KBr) spectra of compound **3b** in the presence of $\text{Hg}(\text{ClO}_4)_2$: (a) 0, and (b) 2 equiv.