

Reactivity of Monolayer-Protected Gold Nanoclusters at Dye-Sensitized Liquid|Liquid Interfaces

Bin Su, Nicolas Eugster, and Hubert H. Girault

Supporting Information

Mathematical development of photocurrent density as a function of time (Equation 16)

The photocurrent responses involve contributions from the electron transfer, charge recombination and back electron transfer processes, i.e., equations 3-11, can be described as:

$$\frac{j}{F} = -k_1^{\text{et}} \Gamma_{S^*} + k_2^{\text{et}} \Gamma_{S^*} + k_1^{\text{rec}} \Gamma_{[S^+ \cdots MPC^{Z-1}]} - k_2^{\text{rec}} \Gamma_{[S^- \cdots MPC^{Z+1}]} + k_1^b \Gamma_{S^+} + k_2^b \Gamma_{S^-} \quad (\text{s1})$$

where Γ_X ($X = S^*$, $[S^+ \cdots MPC^{Z-1}]$, $[S^- \cdots MPC^{Z+1}]$, $[S^+]$ and $[S^-]$) denote surface concentrations.

Equation s1 can be expressed in the Laplace plane:

$$\overline{\frac{j}{F}} = -k_1^{\text{et}} \overline{\Gamma_{S^*}} + k_2^{\text{et}} \overline{\Gamma_{S^*}} + k_1^{\text{rec}} \overline{\Gamma_{[S^+ \cdots MPC^{Z-1}]}} - k_2^{\text{rec}} \overline{\Gamma_{[S^- \cdots MPC^{Z+1}]}} + k_1^b \overline{\Gamma_{S^+}} + k_2^b \overline{\Gamma_{S^-}} \quad (\text{s2})$$

The differential equations for the concentrations of species involved in the heterogeneous electron transfer process can be written as follows:

$$\frac{d\Gamma_{S^*}}{dt} = I_0 \sigma \Gamma_S - k_d \Gamma_{S^*} - k_1^{\text{et}} \Gamma_{S^*} - k_2^{\text{et}} \Gamma_{S^*} = 0 \quad (\text{s3})$$

$$\frac{d\Gamma_{[S^+ \cdots MPC^{Z-1}]}}{dt} = k_1^{\text{et}} \Gamma_{S^*} - k_1^{\text{rec}} \Gamma_{[S^+ \cdots MPC^{Z-1}]} - k_1^{\text{ps}} \Gamma_{[S^+ \cdots MPC^{Z-1}]} \quad (\text{s4})$$

$$\frac{d\Gamma_{[S^- \cdots MPC^{Z+1}]}}{dt} = k_2^{\text{et}} \Gamma_{S^*} - k_2^{\text{rec}} \Gamma_{[S^- \cdots MPC^{Z+1}]} - k_2^{\text{ps}} \Gamma_{[S^- \cdots MPC^{Z+1}]} \quad (\text{s5})$$

$$\frac{d\Gamma_{S^+}}{dt} = k_1^{\text{ps}} \Gamma_{[S^+ \cdots MPC^{Z-1}]} - k_1^b \Gamma_{S^+} \quad (\text{s6})$$

$$\frac{d\Gamma_{S^-}}{dt} = k_1^{\text{ps}} \Gamma_{[S^- \cdots MPC^{Z+1}]} - k_2^b \Gamma_{S^-} \quad (\text{s7})$$

Laplace transformation of equations s3-s7 yields:

$$\overline{\Gamma_{S^*}} = \frac{I_0 \sigma \Gamma_S}{s(k_d + k_1^{\text{et}} + k_2^{\text{et}})} \quad (\text{s8})$$

$$\overline{\Gamma_{[S^+ \dots MPC^{Z-1}]}} = \frac{k_1^{\text{et}} \overline{\Gamma_{S^*}}}{s + k_1^{\text{rec}} + k_1^{\text{ps}}} = \frac{I_0 \sigma \Gamma_S}{s(k_d + k_1^{\text{et}} + k_2^{\text{et}})} \cdot \frac{k_1^{\text{et}}}{(s + k_1^{\text{rec}} + k_1^{\text{ps}})} \quad (\text{s9})$$

$$\overline{\Gamma_{[S^- \dots MPC^{Z+1}]}} = \frac{k_2^{\text{et}} \overline{\Gamma_{S^*}}}{s + k_2^{\text{rec}} + k_2^{\text{ps}}} = \frac{I_0 \sigma \Gamma_S}{s(k_d + k_1^{\text{et}} + k_2^{\text{et}})} \cdot \frac{k_2^{\text{et}}}{(s + k_2^{\text{rec}} + k_2^{\text{ps}})} \quad (\text{s10})$$

$$\overline{\Gamma_{S^+}} = \frac{k_1^{\text{ps}} \overline{\Gamma_{[S^+ \dots MPC^{Z-1}]}}}{s + k_1^{\text{b}}} = \frac{I_0 \sigma \Gamma_S}{s(k_d + k_1^{\text{et}} + k_2^{\text{et}})} \cdot \frac{k_1^{\text{et}}}{(s + k_1^{\text{rec}} + k_1^{\text{ps}})} \frac{k_1^{\text{ps}}}{(s + k_1^{\text{b}})} \quad (\text{s11})$$

$$\overline{\Gamma_{S^-}} = \frac{k_2^{\text{ps}} \overline{\Gamma_{[S^- \dots MPC^{Z+1}]}}}{s + k_2^{\text{b}}} = \frac{I_0 \sigma \Gamma_S}{s(k_d + k_1^{\text{et}} + k_2^{\text{et}})} \cdot \frac{k_2^{\text{et}}}{(s + k_2^{\text{rec}} + k_2^{\text{ps}})} \frac{k_2^{\text{ps}}}{(s + k_2^{\text{b}})} \quad (\text{s12})$$

where s is the Laplace variable. Then equation s2 can be rewritten as:

$$\frac{\overline{j}}{F} = \left(-\frac{k_1^{\text{et}} I_0 \sigma \Gamma_S}{k_d + k_1^{\text{et}} + k_2^{\text{et}}} \right) \frac{(s + k_1^{\text{b}} + k_1^{\text{ps}})}{(s + k_1^{\text{rec}} + k_1^{\text{ps}})(s + k_1^{\text{b}})} + \left(\frac{k_2^{\text{et}} I_0 \sigma \Gamma_S}{k_d + k_1^{\text{et}} + k_2^{\text{et}}} \right) \frac{(s + k_2^{\text{b}} + k_2^{\text{ps}})}{(s + k_2^{\text{rec}} + k_2^{\text{ps}})(s + k_2^{\text{b}})} \quad (\text{s13})$$

The inverse Laplace transform of equation s13 gives **equation 16** describing the photocurrent density as a function of time:

$$j = g_1 F \cdot \left\{ \frac{k_1^{\text{ps}} \exp(-k_1^{\text{b}} t) + (k_1^{\text{rec}} - k_1^{\text{b}}) \exp[-(k_1^{\text{rec}} + k_1^{\text{ps}})t]}{(k_1^{\text{rec}} + k_1^{\text{ps}} - k_1^{\text{b}})} \right\} + \\ + g_2 F \cdot \left\{ \frac{k_2^{\text{ps}} \exp(-k_2^{\text{b}} t) + (k_2^{\text{rec}} - k_2^{\text{b}}) \exp[-(k_2^{\text{rec}} + k_2^{\text{ps}})t]}{(k_2^{\text{rec}} + k_2^{\text{ps}} - k_2^{\text{b}})} \right\}$$