Supporting Information

Electronic Spectra of Pure Uranyl(V) Complexes: Characteristic Absorption Bands due to UVO₂⁺ Core in Visible and Near-Infrared Region

Koichiro Mizuoka[†], Satoru Tsushima[‡], Miki Hasegawa[§], Toshihiko Hoshi[§], and Yasuhisa Ikeda[†]*

†Research Laboratory for Nuclear Reactors, Tokyo Institute of Technology, 2-12-1-N1-34, O-okayama, Meguro-ku, Tokyo, Japan.

†Institute of Physics, Stockholm University, The Albanova University Center, S-106 91, Stockholm, Sweden. *Department of Chemistry and Biological Science, College of Science and Engineering, Aoyama-Gakuin University, Fuchinobe, Sagamihara, Kanagawa, Japan.

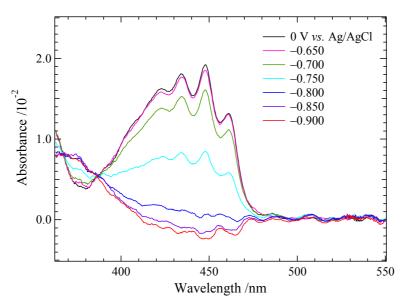


Figure S1. UV-visible absorption spectra measured at the applied potentials in the range from 0 to -0.900 V vs. Ag/AgCl for the redox couple of $[\text{U}^{\text{V}}\text{O}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3]^{\text{s-/[U}^{\text{VI}}\text{O}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3]^{\text{4-}}}$ (4.38 × 10⁻² M) in D₂O containing 1 M Na₂CO₃. Isosbestic points: 367 and 387 nm. Optical path length: 1.89×10^{-2} cm.

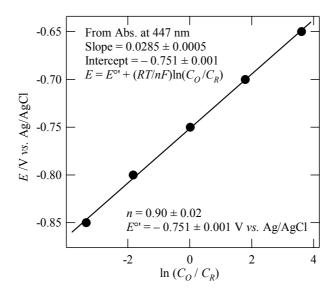


Figure S2. Nernstian plot for the absorbancies at 447 nm in Figure S1.