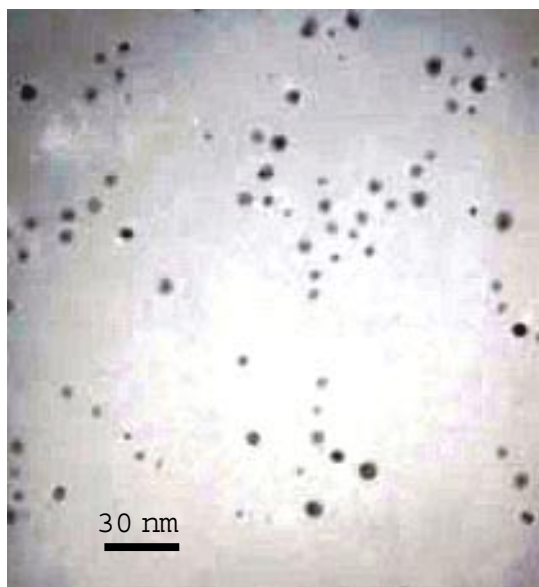# Epitope Presentation on Monolayer-Protected Clusters

for Multi-component Functional Nanostructures
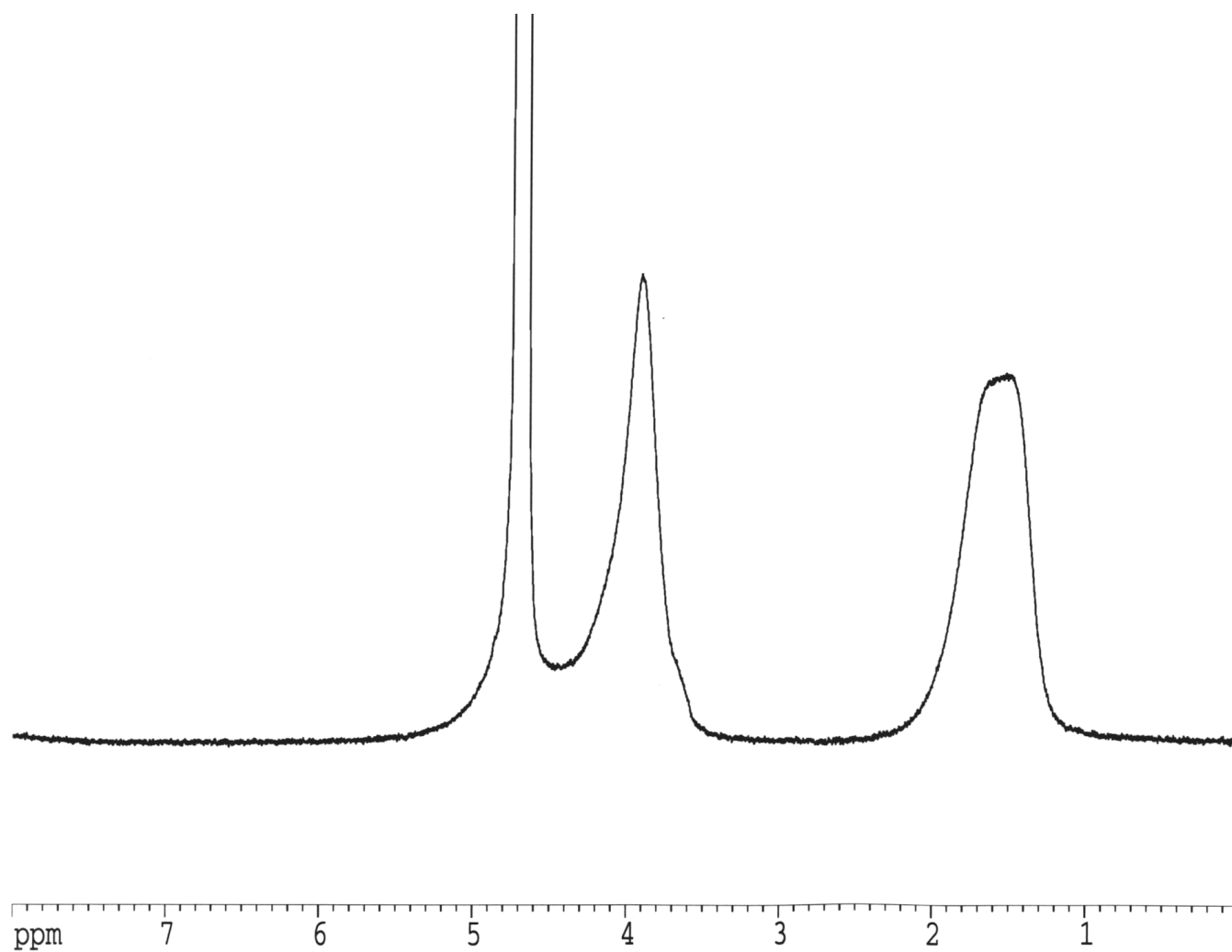
Aren E. Gerdon, David W. Wright, and David E. Cliffel*

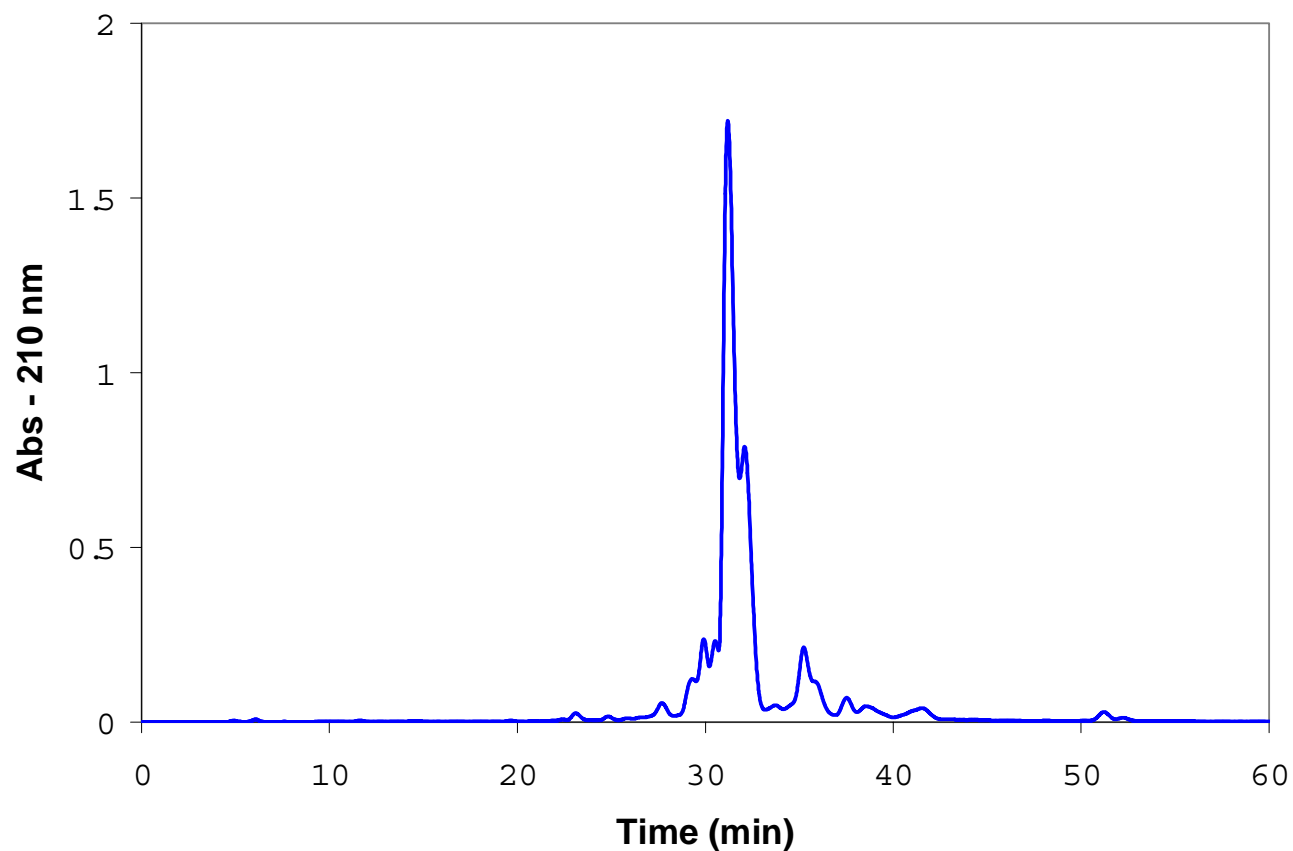Department of Chemistry, Vanderbilt University, VU Station B, Nashville, Tennessee 37235-1822
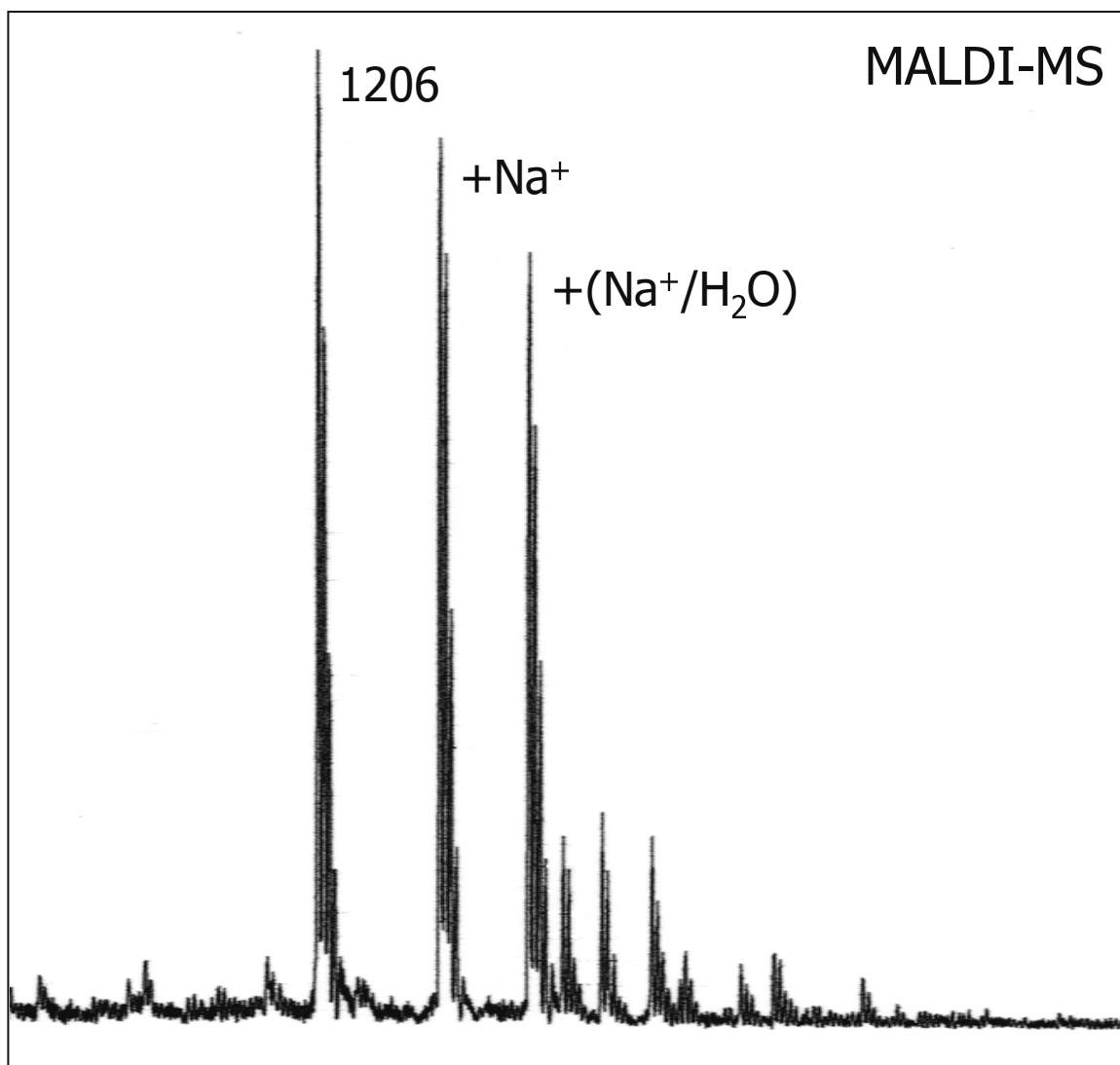
S-2. TEM image of Tiop-MPC, showing spherical cluster.

S-3. ^{1}H NMR of Tiopronin MPC. Broad peaks are indicative of nanocluster formation. A lack of sharp peaks indicates purity.

S-4. Chromatogram from the purification of the crude HA peptide using semi-preparative HPLC. The relatively sharp peak and lack of other major peaks indicates a homogenous sample.

S-5. MALDI-MS of HA peptide collected from the major peak of HPLC (**S-4**). Major peak (1206) is indicative of the pure peptide + H$^+$. Other peaks are listed according to their adducts.
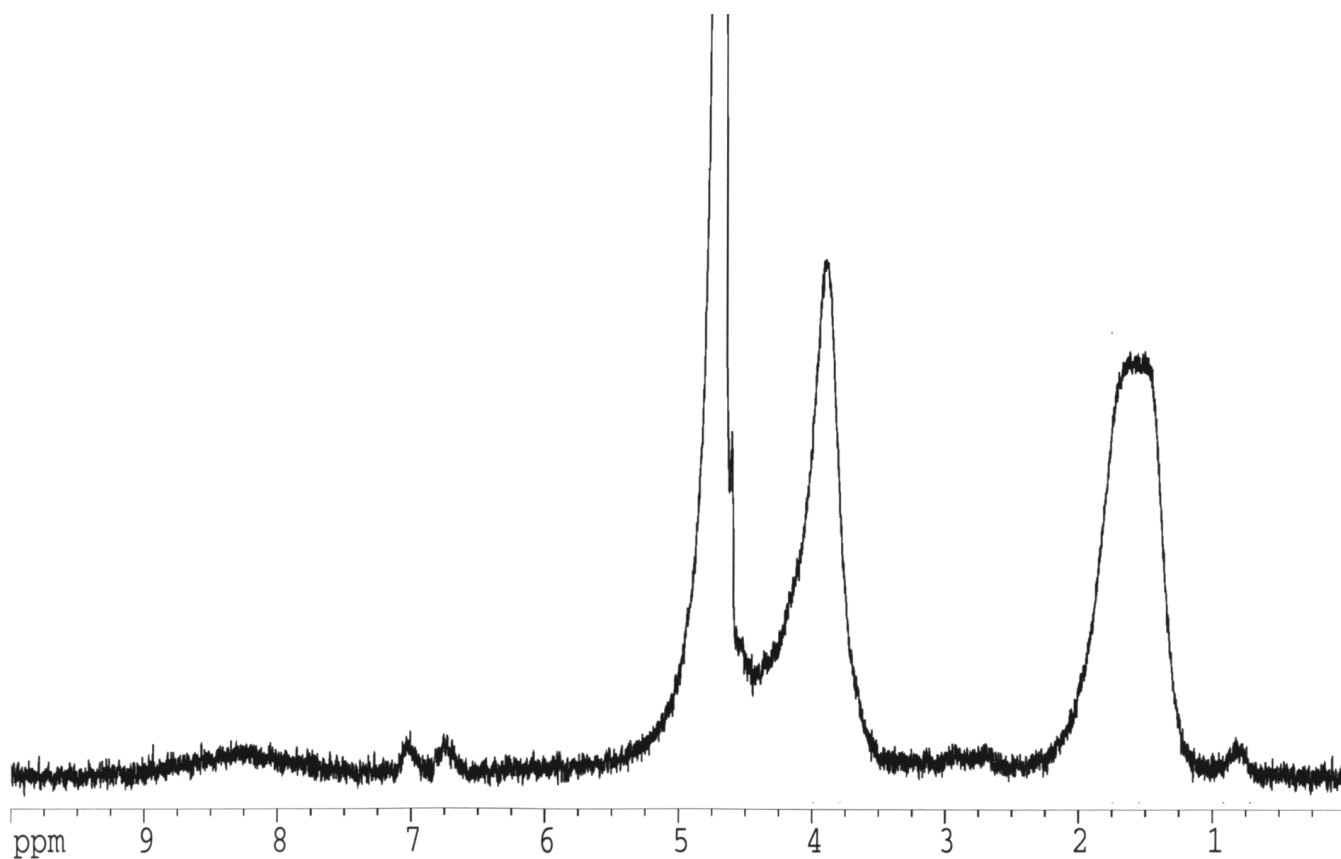
S-6. ^{1}H NMR of tiopronin-MPC after place exchange with HA peptide epitope. Tiopronin peaks are still present. Peptide peaks are visible at approximately 0.8, 2.8, 6.8, and 7.0 ppm. The number of peptides per cluster is determined through NMR integration values and the following equation:

[Normalized Peak Area]$_{\text{Tiop}}$/[H per Ligand]$_{\text{Tiop}}$ **:** [Normalized Peak Area]$_{\text{peptide}}$/[H per ligand]$_{\text{peptide}}$