SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Extinction Coefficients for Oligonucleotides. Millimolar extinction coefficients for ODNs were calculated according to the Beer-Lambert equation as described (*1*):

$$E = A (15.3) + G (11.9) + C (7.4) + T (9.3)$$

where *E* is the extinction coefficient in mmole/liter, A, G, C, and T are the number of each nucleotide, and the numbers in parentheses are the molar extinction coefficients for DNA mononucleotides.

ODN	Sequence (5'→3')	Extinction coefficient
ı	CGCGCTCCCGCCCTCTCCCCTCCCCGCGC	259.5
II	GCGCGGGAGGGGAGCGCG	360
III	GGGGAGGGGGGGGGGGA	270.9
IV	TCGGGCGCGCGGGAGGGGGAGCGCG	419.8
V	CAGGGGGCGAGGCGCGCTCGGGC	375.1
VI	CAGGGGGCGGCAAGGGCGGGGCGCGCGCGCGGGGGGGGG	735.1
VII	GCGCGGGAGGGAGAGGGGGGGGACGCG	360
VIII	GCGCGGCGAGCGGAGCGCG	342
IX	GCGCGGGAGGGCTCTCCGGGCGGAGCGCG	330
X	GCGCGGGAGGGTCTGGGGGGGGGAGCGCG	343.5
XI	GCGCGGGAGGGCTCTGGGGGGCGGAGCGCG	339
XII	GCGCGGGAGGGTCTCGGGGCGGAGCGCG	339
XIII	GCGCGGGAGGGTCTCCGGGCGGAGCGCG	334.5
XIV	GCGCGGGAGGGCTCTCGGGGCGGGAGCGCG	334.5
myc1245	TGGGGAGGTTTTTAGGGTGGGGA	277.6

Reference

(1) Sambrook, J. and Russell, D. W. (2001) *Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual* Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY.