## SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Assessment of the halogen content of Brazilian inhalable particulate matter (PM<sub>10</sub>) using high resolution molecular absorption spectrometry and electrothermal vaporization inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry, with direct solid sample analysis

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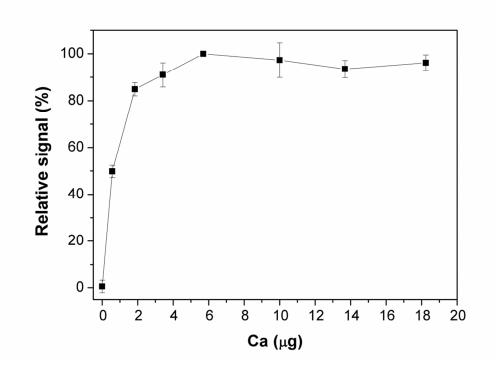
<sup>1</sup>This study is part of Jefferson S. de Gois' PhD thesis.

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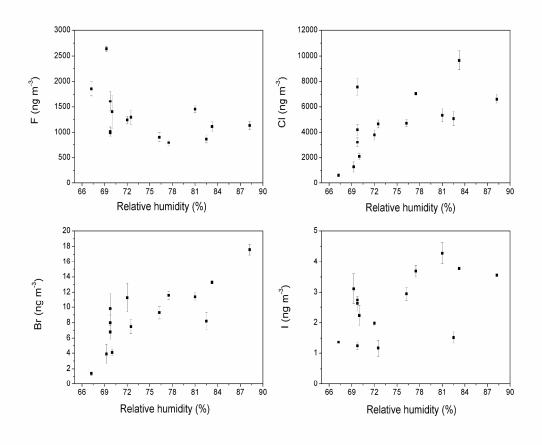
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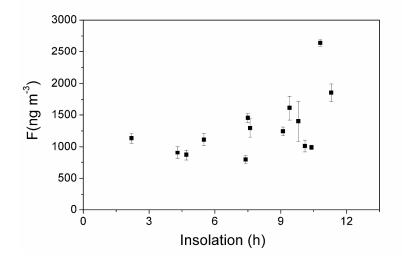
This supporting information file contains four pages and three figures, numbered from S1 to S3.



**Figure S1.** Effect of Ca mass on the signal obtained for the CaF molecule by SS-HR-CS GF MAS at 606.4322 nm using 100 ng F as an aqueous solution. Pyrolysis and vaporization temperatures were set at 1100 °C and 2200 °C, respectively. Relative signal refers to the percent ratio between individual values and the maximum value in the series.



**Figure S2**. Effect of relative air humidity on the determined concentrations of F (obtained by SS-HR-CS GF MAS), Br, Cl and I (obtained by SS-ETV-ICP-MS) in airborne inhalable particulate matter ( $PM_{10}$ ) samples. The  $PM_{10}$  samples were collected in the coastal city of Aracaju, Sergipe, Brazil, between February and June, 2013.



**Figure S3.** Effect of sunlight irradiation (insolation) on the determined concentration of F obtained by SS-HR-CS GF MAS in airborne inhalable particulate matter (PM<sub>10</sub>) samples collected in the coastal city of Aracaju, Sergipe, Brazil.