# Cross-bridging Reaction of 5,20-Diethynyl Substituted Hexaphyrins to Vinylene-bridged Hexaphyrins

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#### Supporting Information

- I. General Information
- II. Experimental Section
- III. Figures

## I. General Information

All reagents and solvents were of the commercial reagent grade and were used without further purification except where noted. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were recorded on a JEOL ECA-600 spectrometer, (operating as 600.17 MHz for <sup>1</sup>H and 564.73 MHz for <sup>19</sup>F) using the residual solvent in CDCl<sub>3</sub> and THF-d<sub>8</sub> as the internal reference for <sup>1</sup>H ( $\delta$  = 7.26 and 3.70 ppm, respectively) and hexafluorobenzene as external reference for <sup>19</sup>F ( $\delta$  = –162.9 ppm). The spectroscopic grade CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was used as solvents for all spectroscopic studies. UV/visible absorption was recorded on a Shimadzu UV-3100 spectrometer. Mass spectra were recorded on a BRUKER microTOF using positive mode ESI-TOF method of acetonitrile solutions. Preparative separations were performed by silica gel gravity column chromatography (Wako gel C-400).

## **Experimental Section**

## Compound 2:

То а solution of **TIPS-propynal** (105)0.50 mmol) and μg, 5,10-bis(pentafluorophenyl)tripyrrane (T) (278 mg, 0.5 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (22.2 mL) was added methanesulfonic acid (2.5 M diluted with CH2Cl2, 12.5 µL) at 0 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h and then DDQ (500 mg) was added. After further stirring for 1 h at room temperature, the resulting solution was passed through a short basic-alumina column with  $MeOH/CH_2Cl_2$  (1:9) as an eluent and the solvent was removed by a rotary evaporator. The residual mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography with  $CH_2Cl_2$ /hexane (3:7) as an eluent. Appropriate fractions were collected and evaporated to dryness. Recrystallization from CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH afforded **2** (43 mg, 12%). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta =$ -2.23 (s, 4H, inner β-H), -1.92 (br, 2H, NH), 1.51 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 36H, TIPS-primary), 1.58 (m, 6H, TIPS-tertiary), 9.37 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 4H, outer  $\beta$ -H), and 9.91 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 4H, outer  $\beta$ -H) ppm; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = -163.14 (m, 8F, meta-F), -153.14 (m, 4F, para-F), and -136.95 (d, J = 26.3 Hz, 8F, ortho-F) ppm; UV/vis (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>):  $\lambda_{max}$  ( $\epsilon$  [M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>]): 1066 (25000), 925 (6200), 812 (22000), 744 (22000), 645 (46000) and 579 (260000) nm; HR-ESI-TOF-Mass (positive-mode) (% intensity):  $C_{76}H_{57}F_{20}N_6Si_2$  ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>), calcd: 1498.3858, found: 1498.3859 (100%); Crystal data:  $C_{76}H_{56}F_{20}N_6Si_2 = 1489$ , triclinic, space group *P*-1 (No. 2), a = 8.390 (5), b = 13.865 (9), c = 15.169 (7) Å,  $\alpha = 95.39$  (2),  $\beta = 103.75$ (2),  $\gamma = 96.10$  (2) °, V = 1691 (2) Å<sup>3</sup>, Z = 1,  $D_{calcd} = 1.462$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>, T = -150 °C,  $R_1 = 0.073$  (I > 100 $2\sigma(I)$ ,  $R_W = 0.222$  (all data), GOF = 1.072. CCDC, 622031.

## Compound 3:

A solution of **2** (30 mg, 0.020 mmol) in AcOEt (5 mL) was heated at reflux for 1.5 d, followed by evaporation to dryness. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography with  $CH_2Cl_2$ /hexane (1:4) as an eluent to give **3** (27mg, 90%).

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = -2.63 (m, 3H, TIPS-tertiary), -1.67 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 18H, TIPS-primary), -1.20 (s, 21H, TIPS), 8.56 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 8.72 (m, 6H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 9.92 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H, outer  $\beta$ -H), and 10.01 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H, outer  $\beta$ -H) ppm; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = -161.14 (m, 8F, meta-F), -151.47 (m, 4F, para-F), -137.14 (d, *J* = 26.3 Hz, 2F, ortho-F), -136.96 (d, *J* = 26.3 Hz, 2F, ortho-F), -136.78 (d, *J* = 26.3 Hz, 2F, ortho-F), and -136.70 (d, *J* = 26.3 Hz, 4F, ortho-F) ppm; UV/vis (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>):  $\lambda_{max}$  ( $\epsilon$  [M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>]): 974 (5600), 852 (5000), 753 (12000), 695 (29000), 586 (120000), and 556 (290000) nm; HR-ESI-TOF-Mass (positive-mode) (%intensity): C<sub>76</sub>H<sub>57</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> ([*M*+H]<sup>+</sup>), calcd: 1489.58, found: 1489.3859 (100%); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>76</sub>H<sub>56</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>: C 61.29, H 3.79, N 5.64, F 25.51; found: C 61.29, H 3.66, N 5.70, F 25.55.

#### Compound 4:

To a suspension of **3** and excess NaBH<sub>4</sub> in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was added MeOH. Resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h and quenched with water. The organic phase was successively washed with water and brine, then dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Removal of solvent gave **4** in an almost quantitative yield. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 3.26 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 18H, TIPS-primary), 3.19-3.74 (12H,  $\beta$ -H), 3.46 (m, 3H, TIPS-tertiary), 4.34 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 18H, TIPS-primary), 5.33 (m, 3H, TIPS-tertiary), 26.96 (s, 2H, NH), and 27.32 (s, 2H, NH) ppm; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = -163.38 (s, 8F, *meta*-F), -154.40 (m, 2F, *para*-F), -154.23 (m, 2F, *para*-F), -139.63 (s, 2F, *ortho*-F), and -139.78 (m, 6F, *ortho*-F) ppm; UV/vis (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>):  $\lambda_{max}$  ( $\epsilon$  [M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>]): 589 (37000), 506 (93000), and 308 (25000) nm; HR-ESI-TOF-Mass (negative-mode) (%intensity): C<sub>76</sub>H<sub>57</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub> ([*M*-H]<sup>-</sup>), calcd: 1489.3869, found: 1489.3860 (100%); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>76</sub>H<sub>58</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub>: C 61.20, H 3.92, N 5.63, F 25.48; found: C 61.35, H 3.82, N 5.56, F 25.52.

## Compound 6:

To a solution of phenylpropynal (61 µl, 0.50 mmol) and

3

5,10-bis(pentafluorophenyl)tripyrrane (T) (278 g, 0.50 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (22 mL) was added methanesulfonic acid (2.5 M diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 12.5 µL) at 0 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h and then DDQ (500 mg) was added. After further stirring for 1 h at room temperature, the resulting solution was passed through a short basic-alumina column with  $MeOH/CH_2Cl_2$  (1:9) and solvent was removed by a rotary evaporator. The residual mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography with  $CH_2Cl_2/hexane$  (1:4) as an eluent. Appropriate fractions were collected and evaporated to dryness. Recrystallization from hexane afforded 6 (15 mg, 4.5%). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 1.17 (s, 2H, inner NH), 1.31 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H, phenyl-ortho), 4.61 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H, phenyl-meta), 4.71 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H, phenyl-ortho), 5.25 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H, phenyl-para), 6.09 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H, phenyl-meta), 6.30 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H, phenyl-*para*), 8.68 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H, outer β-H), 8.74 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 2H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 8.84 (s, 4H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 10.00 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H, outer  $\beta$ -H), and 10.14 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H, outer  $\beta$ -H) ppm; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = -160.88$  (m, 8F, *meta*-F), -151.06 (s, 4F, *para*-F), -136.68 (d, *J* = 26.3 Hz, 2F, *ortho*-F), -136.42 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 2F, ortho-F), -136.34 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 2F, ortho-F), and -136.15 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 2F, ortho-F) ppm; UV/vis (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>):  $\lambda_{max}$  ( $\epsilon$  [M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>]): 962 (3700), 845 (5100), 743 (6000), 691 (30000), and 553 (320000) nm; HR-ESI-TOF-Mass (positive-mode) (%intensity): C<sub>70</sub>H<sub>25</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>), calcd: 1329.1816, found: 1329.1818 (100%); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>70</sub>H<sub>24</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub>: C 63.26, H 1.82, N 6.32, F 28.59; found: C 63.54, H 1.66, N 6.39, F 28.54.

## Compound 7:

To a suspension of **6** and excess NaBH<sub>4</sub> in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was added MeOH. Resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h and quenched with water. The organic phase was successively washed with water and brine, then dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Removal of solvent gave **7** in an almost quantitative yield. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 2.16-2.94 (12H,  $\beta$ -H), 8.71 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, phenyl-*para*), 9.06 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H, phenyl-*meta*), 9.97 (t, *J* 

4

= 7.8 Hz, 1H, phenyl-*para*) 10.78 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H, phenyl-*meta*), 11.71 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H, phenyl-*ortho*), 15.86 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H, phenyl-*ortho*), 31.61 (br, 4H, NH) ppm; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = -160.26 (m, 8F, *meta*-F), -154.09 (m, 4F, *para*-F), -139.42 (s, 2F, *ortho*-F), -138.64 (s, 2F, *ortho*-F), and -138.48 (s, 4F, *ortho*-F) ppm; UV/vis (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>):  $\lambda_{max}$  (ε [M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>]): 567 (5900, sh), 508 (120000), and 304 (48000) nm; HR-ESI-TOF-Mass (negative-mode) (% intensity): C<sub>70</sub>H<sub>25</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub> ([*M*-H]<sup>-</sup>), calcd: 1329.1827, found: 1329.1822 (100%); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>70</sub>H<sub>26</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub>: C 63.17, H 1.97, N 6.31, F 28.55; found: C 62.91, H 1.86, N 6.11, F 28.60.

#### Compound 8:

To a solution of 6 (20.5 mg, 0.0154 mmol) and  $ZnCl_2$  (1 g) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (7 mL) was added MeOH (3 mL) and the resulting solution was stirred for 5 h at room temperature under nitrogen atmosphere. Reaction mixture was diluted with 20 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and passed through silica gel column with MeOH in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (5%) as an eluent. After removal of solvent, the residual mixture was recrystallized from CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to get Zn-complex **8** (17.4 mg, 74%). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (THF-d<sub>8</sub>):  $\delta$  = 2.21 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H, phenyl-*ortho*), 3.43 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H, phenyl-*ortho*), 4.58 (t, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H, phenyl-*meta*), 5.08 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H, phenyl-*para*), 5.71 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H, phenyl-*meta*), 6.10 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H, phenyl-*para*), 9.22 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 9.26 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 9.28 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 9.33 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 9.54 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 9.75 (m, 2H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 9.87 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H, outer  $\beta$ -H), 11.18 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, outer  $\beta$ -H) 11.24 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H, outer  $\beta$ -H) 11.28 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H, outer  $\beta$ -H) and 11.37 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, outer  $\beta$ -H) ppm; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (THF-d<sub>8</sub>):  $\delta = -163.95$  (m, 8F, meta-F), -154.23 (m, 4F, para-F), -139.50 (d, J = 26.3 Hz, 1F, ortho-F), -138.91 (d, J = 26.3 Hz, 1F, ortho-F), -138.70 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 2F, ortho-F), -138.39 (d, J = 17.5 Hz, 1F, ortho-F), -138.25 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1F, ortho-F) and -138.07 (s, 2F, ortho-F) ppm; UV/vis (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>):  $\lambda_{max}$  ( $\epsilon$ [M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>]): 902 (4800), 821 (22000), 625 (72000), 581 (390000), and 399 (230000) nm; HR-ESI-TOF-Mass (negative-mode) (%intensity):  $C_{70}H_{22}F_{20}N_6Zn_2Cl_2$  ([*M*]<sup>-</sup>), calcd: 1527.9520, found: 1527.9590 (100%); Elemental analysis calcd for  $C_{70}H_{22}F_{20}N_6Zn_2Cl_2 \cdot H_2O$ : C 54.36, H 1.56, N 5.43; found: C 54.25, H 1.65, N 5.35.

## Compound 10:

To a solution of TIPS-propynal (210 mg, 1.0 mmol), phenylpropynal (122 µl, 1.0 mmol) and 5,10-bis(pentafluorophenyl) tripyrrane (1.12 g, 2.0 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (90 ml) was added methanesulfonic acid (2.5 M diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 50 µL) at 0 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h and then DDQ (2.0 g) was added. After further stirring for 1 h at room temperature, the resulting solution was passed through a short basic-alumina column with MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1:9) and the solvent was removed by a rotary evaporator. The residual mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography with  $CH_2Cl_2$ /hexane (1:4) as an eluent. **10** (47 mg, 3.4%), 6 (41 mg, 3.1%), and 2 (25 mg, 1.7%) were obtained in this order. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): -1.00 (m, 21H, TIPS), 1.41 (s, 2H, NH), 1.53 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H, phenyl-ortho), 4.68 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H, phenyl-meta), 5.29 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H, phenyl-para), 8.62 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H, outer β-H), 8.68 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H, outer β-H), 8.81 (s, 4H, outer β-H), 9.89 (d, J= 4.1 Hz, 2H, outer  $\beta$ -H), and 10.03 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H, outer  $\beta$ -H) ppm; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR  $(CDCl_3)$ :  $\delta = -160.89$  (m, 8F, meta-F), -151.14 (m, 4F, para-F), -136.71 (m, 4F, ortho-F), and -136.50 (m, 4F, ortho-F) ppm; UV/vis (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>):  $\lambda_{max}$  ( $\epsilon$  [M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>]): 962 (2900), 846 (4500), 737 (6300), 689 (21000), and 556 (290000) nm; HR-ESI-TOF-Mass (positive-mode) (% intensity):  $C_{73}H_{41}F_{20}N_6Si$  ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>), calcd: 1409.2837, found: 1409.2830 (100%).

#### Compound 11:

To a suspension of **10** and excess  $NaBH_4$  in  $CH_2Cl_2$  was added MeOH. Resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h and quenched with water. The organic phase was successively washed with water and brine, then dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ . Removal of

solvent gave **11** in an almost quantitative yield. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 3.26 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 18H, TIPS-primary), 2.18-2.91 (12H, β-H), 4.06 (m, 3H, TIPS-tertiary), 9.99 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, phenyl-*para*), 10.77 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H, phenyl-meta), 15.71 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H, phenyl-*ortho*), 31.89 (br, 2H, NH), and 31.97 (br, 2H, NH) ppm; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = -160.38 (s, 8F, *meta*-F), -154.40 (m, 2F, *para*-F), -154.23 (m, 2F, *para*-F), -139.63 (s, 2F, *ortho*-F), -138.87 (s, 2F, *ortho*-F) -138.78 (s, 2F, *ortho*-F) and -138.64 (s, 2F, *ortho*-F) ppm; UV/vis (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>):  $\lambda_{max}$  (ε [M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>]): 687 (18000), 552 (90000), and 508 (110000) nm; HR-ESI-TOF-Mass (positive-mode) (%intensity): C<sub>73</sub>H<sub>42</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub> ([M]<sup>+</sup>), calcd: 1410.2915, found: 1410.2918 (100%).

## Compound 12:

To a suspension of **2** and excess NaBH<sub>4</sub> in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was added MeOH. Resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h and quenched with water. The organic phase was successively washed with water and brine, then dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Removal of solvent gave **12**, respectively, in an almost quantitative yield. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 2.08 (br, 2H,  $\beta$ -H), 2.78 (br, 2H,  $\beta$ -H), 3.90 (s, 2H, NH), 7.61 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H,  $\beta$ -H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H,  $\beta$ -H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H,  $\beta$ -H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H,  $\beta$ -H), and 8.26 (br, 2H, NH) ppm; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = -161.40 (m, 4F, *meta*-F), -160.63 (m, 4F, *meta*-F), -152.88 (m, 2F, *para*-F), -151.73 (m, 2F, *para*-F), -137.70 (d, *J* = 26.3 Hz, 4F, *ortho*-F), and -136.93 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 4F, *ortho*-F) ppm; UV/vis (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>):  $\lambda_{max}$  ( $\epsilon$  [M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>]): 1052 (1800), 922 (6200), 869 (10000), 781 (16000), 617 (220000), 452 (29000), 403 (39000), and 314 (30000) nm; HR-ESI-TOF-Mass (negative-mode) (%intensity): C<sub>76</sub>H<sub>57</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub> ([M-H]<sup>-</sup>), calcd: 1489.3869, found: 1489.3875 (100%); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>76</sub>H<sub>58</sub>F<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub>: C 61.20, H 3.92, N 5.63, F 25.48; found: C 61.39, H 4.06, N 5.57, F 25.75.









*Figure S2.* <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 3 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



*Figure S3.* <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **4** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



*Figure S4.* <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **6** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



*Figure S5.* <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 7 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



*Figure S6.* <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 8 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



*Figure S7.* <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **10** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



*Figure S8.* <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **11** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



*Figure S9.* <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **12** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.















*Figure S10.* Comparison of chemical shifts of [26]hexaphyrins **3**, **6**, and **10**, and [28]hexaphyrins **4**, **7**, and **11**. The former exhibit diatropic ring currents and the latter exhibit paratropic ring currents.



*Figure S11.* UV-visible absorption spectra of **2**, **3**, **4**, and **12** in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



*Figure S12.* Crystal structures of **2**. Upper: top view, lower: side view. Pentafluorophenyl groups and hydrogen atoms in the side view are omitted. Thermal ellipsoids are scaled to the 50% probability level.



Figure S13. Distances between zinc(II) ions and vinylene bridge of 8.



*Figure S14.* Preliminary crystal structure of **12**. Thermal ellipsoids are scaled to the 50% probability level. Crystal data: monoclinic, space group  $P2_1/n$  (No. 14), a = 16.210(4), b = 20.391(5), c = 23.229(6) Å,  $\beta = 98.095(12)$ °, Z = 4,  $R_1 = 0.152$  ( $I > 2\sigma(I)$ ).



*Figure S15.* ESI TOS-mass spectrum of **2**. Upper: calcd; lower: found.



*Figure S16.* ESI TOS-mass spectrum of **3**. Upper: calcd; lower: found.



*Figure S17.* ESI TOS-mass spectrum of 4. Upper: calcd; lower: found.



*Figure S18.* ESI TOS-mass spectrum of 6. Upper: calcd; lower: found.



*Figure S19.* ESI TOS-mass spectrum of 7. Upper: found; lower: calcd.



*Figure S20.* ESI TOS-mass spectrum of 8. Upper: calcd; lower: found.



*Figure S21*. ESI TOS-mass spectrum of **10**. Upper: calcd; lower: found.



*Figure S22*. ESI TOS-mass spectrum of **11**. Upper: found; lower: calcd.



*Figure S23.* ESI TOS-mass spectrum of **12**. Upper: calcd; lower: found.



Scheme S1. A possible reaction mechanism of the cross bridging reaction.