## Supporting Information

# CATECHIN DEGRADATION WITH CONCURRENT FORMATION OF HOMO- 

# AND HETERO- CATECHIN DIMERS DURING IN VITRO DIGESTION. 

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#### Abstract

Figures S1-S19. CAD-MS/MS spectra (fragment ion relative abundance, \% RA, versus mass-to-charge ratio, $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ ) obtained for all species detected following simulated digestion of catechins individually and/or in combination: native catechins (EGCG, 1; ECG, 2; EGC, 3), catechin epimers (GC, 7; CG, 13), and homo- and hetero-catechin dimers ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ 913, 4 and 5; m/z 883, 6; m/z 609, 8 and 9; m/z 579, 10-12; m/z 761, 14 and 15; m/z 731, 16 and $17 ; \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z} 897,18$ and 19). Figure numbers refer to the corresponding compound numbers. Refer to Table 2 for compound identities and CAD parent ion collision energies. Note that the parent ion is not always observed in CAD-MS/MS spectra.


Figures S20-S25. HPLC-ECD elution profiles (response at 200 mV ) of undigested catechin raw material (———), the subsequent digesta extract (- - ), and a digestive blank extract (no RM added) (一 - - —) from EGCG (S20), EGC (S21), ECG (S22), combined EGCG-EGC (S23), combined EGCG-ECG (S24), and combined EGC-ECG (S25) raw material formulations. Peak scale is $-0.1-1.0 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. Refer to Table 2 for identities of numbered peaks.
























