Syn Addition to 4α-Epoxypyranosides: Synthesis of L-Idopyranosides Supporting Information

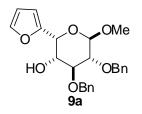
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General Methods. All starting materials and reagents were obtained from commercial sources and used as received unless otherwise noted. All solvents used were freshly distilled prior to use. Optical rotations were measured at room temperature with a Rudolph Research AUTOPOL® III polarimeter. ¹H and ¹³C spectra were recorded on a Varian Unity Inova NMR spectrometer operating at 300 MHz and 75 MHz, respectively, or a Bruker DRX 400 operating at 400 MHz and 100 MHz, respectively, and referenced to the solvent used (7.27 and 77.00 ppm for CDCl₃, 7.16 and 128.00 ppm for C₆D₆, 3.31 and 49.15 ppm for CD₃OD) unless otherwise stated. Mass spectra were acquired using either a Hewlett-Packard 5989B or a Finnigan 4000 mass spectrometer. Silica gel chromatography was performed with ICN SiliTech 32-63 D. Preparative TLC separation was performed with Silica G Prep TLC (Sorbent Tech, 500 µm).

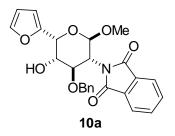
General procedure for ZnBr₂-mediated organozinc addition to 4 α -epoxypyranoside (4-EP). A solution of sublimed ZnBr₂ (232 mg, 1.02 mmol) in dry THF (2 mL) was treated at -78 °C with an organolithium or Grignard reagent (0.294 mmol), then stirred at 0 °C for 30 min before cooling again to -78 °C. A solution of 4-EP (**6**) (50 mg, 0.147 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) was cannulated dropwise to the reaction mixture, stirred for 15 min at -78 °C, then stirred to 0 °C in an ice bath and slowly allowed to warm up to rt over 2 h. The reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution (5 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 25 mL), washed with brine (5 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, then concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by silica gel chromatography yielded the corresponding L-idopyranoside in good yields (see Tables 1 and 2 in main text).

General procedure for ozonolysis: In the instance provided, a solution of **11e** (20 mg, 0.066 mmol) in a 1:1 mixture of MeOH and CH_2Cl_2 (8 mL) was cooled to -78 °C and treated with a stream of electrically generated ozone at a flow rate of 2 L/min. The flow was stopped after 10 min and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for another 30 min, then treated with Me₂S and warmed to rt over 2 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to afford the intermediate aldehyde as a pale yellow oil, which was used without further purification.

General procedure for catalytic dihydroxylation: In the instance provided, a solution of olefin **9m** (20 mg, 0.051 mmol) in a 1:8 mixture of water:acetone (4.5 mL) was treated at rt with *N*-methylmorpholine (13 mg, 0.11 mmol) and a 2.5% (w/v) solution of OsO₄ in *t*-BuOH (40 μ L, 5 mol%). The reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 12 h, quenched with a saturated Na₂S₂O₃ solution (3 mL) and stirred for 10 min, then extracted with EtOAc (3 × 15 mL), washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated. Purification by preparative TLC yielded the diol as colorless oil (18 mg, 83%).

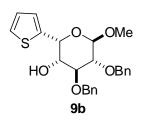


¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.43–7.29 (m, 11H), 6.56 (d, 1H, J = 3.6 Hz), 6.39 (dd, 1H, J = 1.8, 3.0 Hz), 5.23 (s, 1H), 4.86 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.64 (d, 1H, J = 12.9 Hz), 3.94 (bs, 1H), 3.88 (t, 1H, J = 3.0 Hz), 3.59 (bs, 1H), 3.51 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 152.1, 142.1, 137.7, 136.9, 128.5, , 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 110.3, 108.7, 100.4, 74.1, 74.0, 72.6, 72.0, 68.1, 63.9, 55.8; IR (thin film): 3467, 3064, 3034, 2920, 1452, 1259, 1101 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D} = -21.4$ (*c* 0.8, CH₂Cl₂); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₂₆O₆Na [M+Na]⁺ 433; found: 433.12.

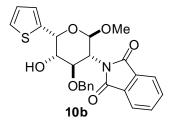


¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.79–7.70 (m, 4H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.11–7.01 (m, 5H), 6.66 (d, 1H, J = 3.6 Hz), 6.49 (bs, 1H), 5.30 (d, 1H, J = 5.7 Hz), 5.20 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 4.79 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.71 (dd, 1H, J = 9.0, 9.9 Hz), 4.58 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.31–4.20 (m, 2H), 3.30 (s, 3H), 2.4 (bs, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 168.0, 149.9, 14.0, 137.9, 133.9 131.7, 128.3, 127.8, 127.6, 123.4, 111.1, 110.6, 96.5, 74.11, 73.1, 69.7, 56.3, 55.0; IR (thin film): 3467, 3059, 3028, 2925, 2853, 1775, 1711, 1468, 1390, 1091, 1044,

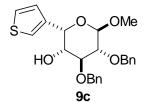
1013, 910; $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +11.7$ (*c* 1.67, CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₂₃NO₇Na $[M+Na]^+$ 472; found: 472.08.



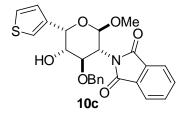
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.40–7.20 (m, 11H), 7.05 (d, 1H, J = 3.3 Hz), 6.99 (dd, 1H, J = 3.6, 4.2 Hz), 5.26 (s, 1H), 4.79 (s, 1H), 4.60–4.42 (m, 4H), 3.80-3.71 (m, 2H), 3.44 (s, 1H), 3.39 (s, 3H), 3.37 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 141.0, 137.7, 136.7, 128.5, 128.2, 127.9, 127.8, 126.1, 125.8, 125.7, 100.5, 73.7, 73.3, 72.4, 71.9, 69.2, 65.5, 55.8; IR (thin film): 3510, 3065, 3028, 2920, 1493, 1452, 1204, 1192, 1096, 1026 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D}$ = -51.4 (*c* 1.33 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₂₆O₅SNa [M+Na]⁺ 449; found: 448.95.



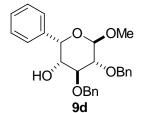
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.70–7.58 (m, 4H), 7.28 (d, 1H, J = 5.1 Hz), 7.20 (d, 1H, J = 3.6 Hz), 7.08–6.90 (m, 6H), 5.42 (d, 1H, J = 5.4 Hz), 5.19 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 4.70 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.51 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.42 (dd, 1H, J = 3.6, 10.5 Hz), 4.34 (dd, 1H, J = 8.1, 10.5 Hz), 4.17 (dd, 1H, J = 5.1, 5.4 Hz), 3.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 168.0, 138.9, 137.8, 134.0, 131.6, 128.2, 127.8, 127.6, 126.9, 126.6, 126.0, 123.4, 96.9, 74.2, 73.5, 70.9, 56.0, 54.3; IR (thin film): 3467, 3064, 3023, 2930, 1772, 1713, 1468, 1452, 1388, 1093, 1070, 1037 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +27.2 (*c* 1.33 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₂₃NO₆SNa [M+Na]⁺ 488; found: 487.98.



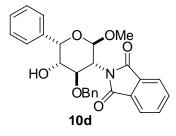
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.30–7.10 (m, 12H), 7.04 (d, 1H, J = 3.6 Hz), 5.13 (bs, 1H), 4.75 (bs, 1H), 4.59 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.46 (d, 1H, J = 12.9 Hz), 4.44 (bs, 2H), 3.75–3.68 (m, 2H), 3.47 (m, 1H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.12 (d, 1H, J = 7.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 139.6, 137.8, 128.5, 128.1, 127.9, 126.8, 125.3, 122.4, 100.4, 74.0, 73.6, 72.5, 72.0, 69.2, 65.7, 55.8; IR (thin film): 3519, 3059, 3018, 2920, 1493, 1452, 1192, 1145, 1099, 1026 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D}$ = -14.7 (*c* 0.67 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₂₆O₅SNa [M+Na]⁺ 449; found: 448.94.



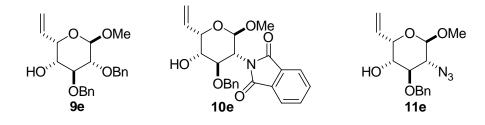
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.81–7.70 (m, 5H), 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.42 (dd, 1H, J = 2.7, 3.0 Hz), 7.23 (dd, 1H, J = 1.2, 5.4 Hz), 7.12–7.05 (m, 5H), 5.40 (d, 1H, J = 4.2 Hz), 5.22 (d, 1H, J = 6.9 Hz), 4.78 (d 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.59 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.44 (m, 2H), 4.21 (m, 1H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 2.38 (d, 1H, J = 5.1 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 168.0, 137,8, 137.1, 134.0, 131.6, 128.2, 127.7, 127.5, 126.7, 126.2, 123.4, 123.2, 97.2, 77.2, 74.6, 73.1, 70.9, 55.8, 54.1; IR (thin film): 3472, 3059, 3023, 2925, 1775, 1713, 1468, 1450, 1390, 1067, 1041, 972 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +33.9 (*c* 1.33 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₂₃NO₆SNa [M+Na]⁺ 488; found: 487.98.



¹H NMR (300 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 7.57 (bs, 1H), 7.54 (bs, 1H), 7.31–7.07 (m, 13H), 5.45 (bs, 1H), 4.95 (bs, 1H), 4.48 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.37 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.30 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.24 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.01–3.93 (m, 2H), 3.64 (m, 1H), 3.35 (d, 1H, J = 11.1 Hz), 3.15 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 139.8, 138.8, 137.7, 128.7, 128.6, 128.2, 128.1, 127.4, 101.0, 75.4, 74.0, 72,4, 71.9, 70.8, 69.2, 55.0; IR (thin film): 3525, 3059, 3023, 2904, 1599, 1496, 1452, 1204, 1194, 1142, 1098, 1023 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -52.8$ (*c* 1.67 CHCl₃); ESI-MS *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₈O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 443; found: 443.09.



¹H NMR (300 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 7.58–7.44 (m, 4H), 7.38–7.20 (m, 5H), 7.09–6.92 (m, 5H), 5.79 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 5.35 (d, 1H, J = 3.3 Hz), 5.17 (dd, 1H, J = 6.6, 6.9 Hz), 4.94, (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.84, (dd, 1H, J = 4.5, 4.8 Hz), 4.73 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.07 (dd, 1H, J = 3.3, 4.8 Hz), 3.21 (s, 3H), 1.89 (d, 1H, J = 4.2 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 167.9, 138.5, 136.7, 133.3, 131.8, 128.2, 127.5, 127.1, 126.9, 122.9, 98.7, 78.4, 75.8, 73.0, 72.3, 54.7, 53.6; IR (thin film): 3473, 3059, 3028, 2930, 1772, 1713, 1496, 1467, 1452, 1388, 1119, 1070, 1039 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +14.7 (*c* 1.67 CHCl₃); ESI-MS *m/z* calcd for C₂₇H₂₅NO₆Na [M+Na]⁺ 482; found: 482.04.



Compound **9e**:

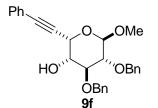
¹H NMR (300 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 7.26–7.05 (m, 10H), 6.28–6.17 (m, 1H), 5.47 (d, 1H, J = 11.1 Hz), 5.21 (d, 1H, J = 10.5 Hz), 4.83–4.78 (m, 2H), 4.46 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.34 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.26 (bs, 2H), 3.82 (m, 2H), 3.55 (bs, 1H), 3.25–3.20 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 138.9, 137.9, 136.1, 128.7, 128.6, 127.9, 127.8, 116.7, 100.4, 100.3, 75.6, 74.7, 72.6, 72.1, 70.1, 69.3, 55.0; IR (thin film): 3519, 3059, 3023, 2910, 1493, 1452, 1142, 1099, 1059, 1026 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -42.0$ (*c* 0.67 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₂₆O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 393; found: 393.09.

Compound 10e:

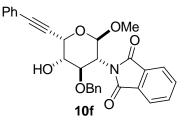
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.78–7.68 (m, 4H), 7.08–6.98 (m, 5H), 6.26–6.14 (m, 1H), 5.60–5.48 (m, 2H), 5.32 (d, 1H, J = 7.2 Hz), 4.76 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.69 (dd, 1H, J = 5.1, 6.0 Hz), 4.53 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.32–4.22 (m, 2H), 4.06–4.00 (m, 1H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 2.64 (d, 1H, J = 5.1 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 168.0, 137.9, 133.9, 131.9, 131.5, 128.1, 127.6, 127.4, 123.3, 120.1, 96.0, 77.1, 73.8, 73.6, 55.9, 54.9; IR (thin film): 3467, 2935, 1775, 1711, 1467, 1452, 1388, 1199, 1088 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = –8.8 (*c* 0.67 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₃NO₆Na [M+Na]⁺ 432; found: 432.08.

Compound 11e:

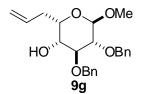
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.40 (m, 10H), 6.07–5.88 (m, 1H), 5.53–5.34 (m, 2H), 4.85 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.74 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.62 (m, 2H), 3.76 (m, 1H), 3.58 (m, 2H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 2.40 (d, 1H, J = 4.8 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 137.5, 132.6, 128.5, 128.0, 127.9, 118.6, 99.5, 78.0, 77.4, 70.4, 62.0, 56.0; IR (thin film): 3462, 3053, 3023, 2914, 2847, 2109, 1635, 1450, 1357, 1259, 1091, 1052 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = -101.8 (*c* 1.0 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₂₀N₃O₄ [M+H]⁺ 306; found: 306.21.



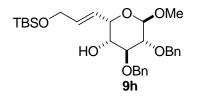
¹H NMR (300 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 3H), 7.20 (m, 7H), 6.93 (m, 3H), 5.12 (m, 2H), 4.97 (d, 1H, J = 12.0 Hz), 4.92 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.77 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.70 (d, 1H, J = 12.0 Hz), 4.27 (dd, 1H, J = 5.7, 9.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 138.9, 138.6, 132.0, 128.5, 128.3, 127.4, 122.6, 101.8, 88.7, 84.8, 80.1, 79.8, 74.2, 74.1, 71.0, 65.2, 56.2; IR (thin film): 3452, 3065, 3028, 2910, 2847, 1597, 1491, 1449, 1351, 1212, 1191, 1098, 1053 1026, 962 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = -45.2 (*c* 1.0 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₈H₂₈O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 467; found: 466.94.



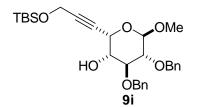
¹H NMR (300 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 7.83 (dd, 2H, J = 1.8, 8.1 Hz), 7.41 (dd, 2H, J = 5.1, 6.0 Hz), 7.08–6.78 (m, 10H), 6.15 (d, 1H, J = 8.7 Hz), 4.97–4.90 (m, 2H), 4.80 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.75 (dd, 1H, J = 8.7, 10.5 Hz), 4.56 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.23 (s 3H), 2.09 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 167.9, 138.6, 133.2, 132.3, 132.0, 128.7, 128.4, 127.1, 122.9, 122.6, 96.9, 90.5, 83.8, 76.8, 74.1, 73.4, 67.1, 56.0, 55.8; IR (thin film): 3473, 3065, 3028, 2935, 1775, 1711, 1497, 1388, 1091, 1044, 972 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +23.2 (*c* 2.0 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₂₅NO₆Na [M+Na]⁺ 506; found: 505.96.



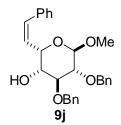
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.34–7.16 (m, 10H), 5.82 (m, 1H), 5.07–4.96 (m, 2H), 4.89 (dd, 2H, J = 11.1, 12.0 Hz), 4.62 (dd, 2H, J = 11.7, 12.3 Hz), 4.20 (m, 1H), 3.47 (s, 3H), 3.32–3.12 (m, 4H), 2.50 (m, 1H), 2.18 (m, 1H), 2.06 (bs, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 138.5, 138.4, 134.1, 128.6, 128.4, 128.1, 128.0, 127.7, 117.2, 104.7, 83.9, 82.1, 75.2, 74.5, 74.3, 73.0, 56.9, 35.8; IR (thin film): 3354, 3065, 3023, 2905, 2848, 1641, 1493, 1449, 1390, 1359, 1316, 1269 1210, 1108, 1088, 1073, 1049, 995, 980 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}}$ = -54.7 (*c* 0.53 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₈O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 407; found: 407.01.



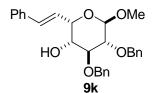
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.48–7.24 (m, 10H), 6.05–5.91 (m, 2H), 4.86 (bs, 1H), 4.73–4.61 (m, 5H), 4.30–4.29 (m, 2H), 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.68 (m, 1H), 3.59 (m, 1H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 3.13 (d, 1H, J = 10.8 Hz), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.08 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 137.8, 137.0, 132.8, 128.5, 128.4, 128.0, 127.9, 127.7, 126.6, 100.0, 74.0, 73.7, 72.4, 72.0, 69.1, 67.6, 63.4, 55.6, 25.9, 18.4, –5.20; IR (thin film): 3364, 3064, 3034, 2925, 2858, 1493, 1455, 1388, 1359, 1315, 1253, 1194, 1096, 1065, 967 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = –57.5 (*c* 0.80 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₄₂O₆SiNa [M+Na]⁺ 537; found: 537.17.



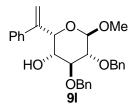
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.39–7.26 (m, 10H), 4.90 (m, 1H), 4.85–4.78 (m, 3H), 4.70 (dd, 2H, J = 11.4, 11.7 Hz), 4.41 (d, 2H, J = 1.8 Hz), 3.76 (m, 2H), 3.53 (s, 3H), 3.44 (m, 1H), 2.58 (m, 1H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.12 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 138.1, 137.9, 128.5, 128.4, 128.0, 127.9, 101.3, 87.4, 79.4, 78.9, 74.3, 73.9, 70.2, 63.7, 56.8, 51.7, 25.8, 18.3, -5.1; IR (thin film): 3411, 3059, 3023, 2915, 1496, 1452, 1357, 1272, 1094, 1055, 1026 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -44.4$ (*c* 1.0 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₄₀O₆SiNa [M+Na]⁺ 535; found: 534.91.



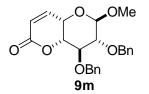
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.36–7.26 (m, 15H), 6.75 (d, 1H, J = 12.0 Hz), 6.03 (dd, 1H, J = 9.0, 12.0 Hz), 5.20 (d, 1H, J = 9.0 Hz), 4.76 (d, 1H, J = 1.8 Hz), 4.70–4.57 (m, 4H), 3.81–3.77 (m, 2H), 3.54 (m, 1H), 3.33 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 138.0, 137.1, 136.5, 133.1, 128.8, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 127.5, 127.3, 100.2, 75.0, 74.8, 72.8, 72.2, 69.3, 64.7, 55.9; IR (thin film): 3514, 3059, 3028, 2920, 1493, 1450, 1393, 1352, 1194, 1142, 1096, 1052, 1026 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{\rm D}$ = –5.2 (*c* 0.53 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₈H₃₀O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 469; found: 469.11.



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.44–7.21 (m, 15H), 6.76 (d, 1H, J = 15.9 Hz), 6.46 (dd, 1H, J = 6.6, 15.9 Hz), 4.85 (bs, 1H), 4.75 (bs, 1H), 4.73 (bs, 1H), 4.69 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.61 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.56 (bs, 2H), 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.72 (m, 1H), 3.56 (m, 2H), 3.47 (s, 3H), 3.20 (d, 1H, J = 10.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 137.8, 136.9, 136.7, 132.6, 128.5, 128.1, 127.9, 127.8, 127.6, 126.6, 126.1, 100.1, 74.0, 73.6, 72.5, 72.0, 69.3, 68.3, 55.7; IR (thin film):3504, 3054, 3023, 2915, 1496, 1450, 1362, 1315, 1269, 1194, 1145, 1096, 1026, 967 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -5.5$ (*c* 0.8 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₈H₃₀O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 469; found: 469.11.



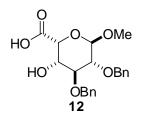
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.42–7.22 (m, 15H), 5.61 (t, 1H, J = 1.8 Hz), 5.49 (bs, 1H), 4.92 (bs, 1H), 4.62–4.50 (m, 4H), 3.80 (m, 1H), 3.65 (m, 1H), 3.58 (m, 1H), 3.47 (s, 3H), 3.01 (d 1H, J = 11.1 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 145.3, 139.5, 137.8, 137.0, 128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 126.9, 114.1, 100.9. 74.1, 73.9, 72.4, 71.9, 67.1, 66.5, 55.8; IR (thin film):3467, 3064, 3028, 2920, 1497, 1450, 1393, 1352, 1194, 1142, 1093, 1052, 1026 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -72$ (*c* 1.0 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₈H₃₀O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 469; found: 469.07.



A solution of 9i (51 mg, 0.1 mmol) in hexanes (6 mL) was treated with Lindlar catalyst (14 mg) and quinoline (13 mg) at rt and stirred for 2h, then exposed to a positive hydrogen atmosphere for 3h at rt with stirring. The reaction mixture was filtered, washed with 1 M HCl, saturated NaHCO₃, and brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated to afford *cis*-alkene 18 as light yellow oil in quantitative yield. Alkene 18 was dissolved in THF (2 mL) and treated with TBAF in THF (1 M, 0.12 mL) at room temperature for 5 min. The reaction mixture was then concentrated and the resulting oil was dissolved in EtOAc, washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to a vellow oil. The crude allylic alcohol was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL), followed by addition of bis-acetoxyiodobenzene (96 mg, 0.3 mmol) and 2,2,6,6,tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxide (3 mg, 20 mol%) at room temperature. After stirring for 3 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated solution of Na₂S₂O₃ and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated NaHCO₃, NH₄Cl, and brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, then filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (16.7% EtOAc in hexanes) to afford unsaturated lactone **9m** as a white solid (37 mg, 93% over three steps).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.40–7.28 (m, 10H), 6.83 (dd 1H, J = 4.8, 9.9 Hz), 6.23 (d, 1H, J = 9.9 Hz), 4.85–4.66 (m, 5H), 4.59-4.52 (m, 2H), 3.96 (dd, 1H, J = 4.5, 8.1 Hz), 3.57 (dd, 1H, J = 4.8, 8.1 Hz), 3.48 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.5, 140.8, 137.8, 137.6, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.8, 127.8, 124.4, 102.7, 79.0, 78.1, 77.8, 73.7, 59.2, 56.0; IR (thin film): 3467, 3025, 2924,1731, 1606, 1493, 1452, 1401, 1256, 1105, 1071, 1046 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = -45.0 (*c* 0.67 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₄O₆Na [M+Na]⁺ 419; found: 419.02.

Methyl 2,3-O-dibenzyl-α-L-iduronic acid (12)

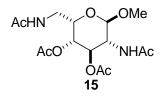


A solution of **9a** (80 mg, 0.195 mmol) in a 1:1 mixture of MeOH and CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was cooled to -78 °C and treated with a stream of electrically generated ozone at a flow rate of 2 L/min. The flow was stopped after 10 min and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for another 30 min, then treated with Me₂S and warmed to rt over 2 h. The mixture was concentrated and purified by silica gel chromatography (20% MeOH in CHCl₃) to yield L-iduronic acid **12** as a white solid (55 mg, 73%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 7.30 (m, 10H), 5.02 (bs, 1H), 4.64 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.60 (bs, 2H), 4.57 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.51 (bs, 1H), 4.04 (bs, 1H), 3.71 (t, 1H, J = 4.2 Hz), 3.48 (m, 1H), 3.42 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 178.0, 140.4, 139.9, 130.3, 130.2, 129.8, 129.6, 103.1, 78.3, 77.3, 74.8, 74.3, 72.3, 71.3, 57.2; IR (thin film): 3416, 3059, 3028, 2920, 1721, 1605, 1496, 1452, 1148, 1106, 1026, 949 cm⁻¹; [α]²⁰_D = -4.3 (*c* 1.0 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₁H₂₄O₇Na [M+Na]⁺ 411; found: 410.89.

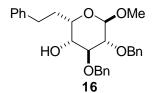
Methyl 6-(*N*-benzyl)amino-2-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-2,6-dideoxy- α -L-idopyranoside (13)

Ozonolysis of C5 vinyl adduct 11e (20 mg, 0.066 mmol) produced the corresponding aldehyde, which was dissolved in 1,2-dichloroethane (2 mL), treated with benzylamine (6.5 µL, 0.079 mmol), and stirred at rt for 3 h. The reaction mixture was then treated with a solution of NaCNBH₃ (41 mg, 0.66 mmol) in anhydrous MeOH (2 mL). The mixture was stirred for overnight at rt, then concentrated and redispersed in brine (5 mL), extracted with EtOAc (3×15 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated to a yellow oil. Purification with silica gel chromatography (1% MeOH in CHCl₃) yielded methyl 6-(Nbenzyl) amino-2-azido-3-O-benzyl-2,6-dideoxy- α -L-idopyranoside 13 as a pale yellow oil (17 mg, 66% over two steps). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.41–7.29 (m, 10H), 4.80 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.74 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.63 (d, 1H, J = 3.3 Hz), 4.17 (m, 1H), 3.97 (dd, 1H, J = 3.0, 3.3 Hz), 3.87 (d, 1H, J = 12.9 Hz), 3.81 (d, 1H, J = 12.9 Hz), 3.61 (dd, 1H, J = 3.6, 6.6 Hz), 3.50 (dd, 1H, J = 4.2, 6.6 Hz), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.21 (dd, 1H, J = 4.2, 12.3 Hz), 2.97 (dd, 1H, J = 2.7, 12.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 138.8, 137.8, 128.6, 128.4, 128.2, 127.8, 127.4, 100.7, 79.4, 73.0, 72.6, 66.4, 60.4, 55.7, 53.9, 50.4; IR (thin film): 3328, 3023, 2920, 2853, 2103, 1644, 1494, 1452, 1357, 1266, 1109, 1075, 1049, 967 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -55.8$ (c 0.67 CHCl₃); HRESI-MS: m/z calcd for $C_{21}H_{24}N_4O_4Na[M+H]^+$ 399; found: 398.96.

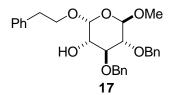
Neosamine B methyl glycoside peracetate (15)



The synthesis of 15 has been previously described (see Ref. 19 in the main text). Compound 13 (15 mg, 0.038 mmol) was treated with 20% Pd(OH)₂ on carbon (52 mg) in 80% AcOH (6 mL), and stirred at 60 °C under a positive hydrogen atmosphere for 12 h. The mixture was passed through Celite, which was washed thoroughly with H_2O (3 × 10 mL) and MeOH (3×20 mL). The combined filtrates were concentrated and azeotroped with toluene $(3 \times 10 \text{ mL})$ to yield neosamine B methyl glycoside 14 as a red-brown oil. The crude product was dissolved in 70% aqueous AcOH (5 mL) and stirred at 70 °C for 2 h, then concentrated and azeotroped with toluene (3 \times 10 mL). The crude 2,6-N,N²diacetate was further acetylated by treatment with Ac₂O (2 mL) in pyridine (4 mL) at rt for 12 h. The mixture was concentrated, azeotroped with toluene $(3 \times 10 \text{ mL})$, and purified by preparative TLC (10% MeOH in CHCl₃) to afford peracetate 15 as a white solid (7 mg, 52% over three steps). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.09 (d, 1H, J = 9.9 Hz), 5.87 (m, 1H), 4.94 (bs, 1H), 4.79 (m, 1H), 4.59 (bs 1H), 4.25 (m, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.48 (dd, 1H, J = 6.9, 14.1 Hz), 3.30 (dt, 1H, J = 14.1, 6.6 Hz), 2.21 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s, 3H),2.02 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.2, 169.4, 169.3, 168.8, 100.6, 67.8, 67.4, 64.0, 55.6, 46.8, 38.9, 23.4, 23.3, 20.9, 20.8; IR (thin film): 3287, 3091, 2925, 1739, 1659, 1556, 1434, 1370, 1246, 1034 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -15.8$ (*c* 0.47 CHCl₃); ESI-HRMS *m/z* calcd for $C_{15}H_{25}N_2O_8 [M+H]^+$ 361.1611; found: 361.1613.

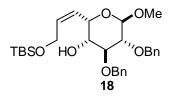


C5 phenethyl adduct **16** was prepared according to the general procedure described for ZnBr₂-mediated organozinc addition to 4-EPs, and isolated as a colorless oil in 43% yield. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.38–7.18 (m, 15H), 4.78 (bs, 1H), 4.65 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.57 (d, 1H, 12.3 Hz), 4.54 (bs, 2H), 4.13 (dd, 1H, J = 4.2, 9.6 Hz), 3.76 (m, 1H), 3.55 (m, 2H), 3.45 (s, 3H), 3.02 (d, 1H, J = 11.1 Hz), 2.92 (m, 1H), 2.71 (m, 1H), 2.17 (m, 1H), 1.92 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 142.1, 137.9, 137.0, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 127.9, 127.8, 125.8, 100.0, 73.9, 73.8, 72.4, 71.9, 68.6, 66.9, 55.6, 33.1, 32.1; IR (thin film): 3519, 3064, 3023, 2910, 2853, 1602, 1496, 1452, 1148, 1104, 1073, 1029 cm⁻¹; [α]²⁰_D = –5.2 (*c* 0.53 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₈H₃₂O₅Na [M+Na]⁺ 471; found:471.20.

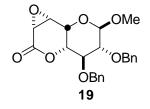


C5 phenethoxy adduct **17** was isolated as a byproduct of the reaction above, as a colorless oil in 24% yield. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.28–7.14 (m, 15H), 4.83 (d, 1H, J = 11.4 Hz), 4.82 (d, 1H, 11.1 Hz), 4.75 (d, 1H, J = 11.1 Hz), 4.66 (d, 1H, J = 11.1 Hz), 4.35 (m, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.73 (m, 1H), 3.56–3.38 (m, 6H), 2.95 (t, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 138.5, 138.3, 128.9, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.9, 127.7, 126.4, 101.6, 99.6, 81.8, 81.4, 75.0, 74.6, 73.9, 70.5, 56.8, 36.2.

Higher-order monosaccharides with L-ido configuration:



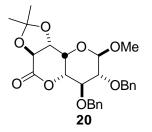
A solution of **9i** (51 mg, 0.1 mmol) in hexanes (6 mL) was treated with Lindlar catalyst (14 mg) and quinoline (13 mg) at rt and stirred for 2h, then exposed to a positive hydrogen atmosphere for 3h at rt with stirring. The reaction mixture was filtered, washed with 1 M HCl, saturated NaHCO₃, and brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated to afford *cis*-alkene **18** as a light yellow oil in quantitative yield. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.40–7.22 (m, 10H), 5.85–5.72 (m, 2H), 4.89 (dd, 1H, J = 1.8, 6.3 Hz), 4.75 (bs, 1H), 4.68 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.61 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.56 (s, 2H), 4.34 (m, 2H), 3.76 (m, 1H), 3.58 (m, 2H), 3.46 (s, 3H), 3.16 (d, 1H, J = 10.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 137.9, 137.0, 134.0, 128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 126.4, 100.1, 74.1, 72.6, 69.4, 64.1, 59.7, 56.0, 25.9, 18.3, –5.2.



Unsaturated lactone **9m** (20 mg, 0.051 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (2 mL) and treated with commercial bleach (5% NaOCl, 0.2 mL) at 0 °C. The resulting yellowish solution was warmed to rt and stirred for 4 h, then quenched with saturated Na₂S₂O₃ (3 mL), extracted with EtOAc (3 × 15 mL), washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by preparative TLC (25% EtOAc in hexanes) yielded 6,7-epoxide **19** as a single stereoisomer and a white solid (16 mg, 78%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ 7.30 (m, 10H), 4.72 (m, 1H), 4.68 (m, 1H), 4.60 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.57 (bs, 2H), 4.51 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.43 (t, 1H, J = 2.4 Hz), 3.78 (t, 1H, J = 3.3 Hz), 3.74 (t, 1H, J = 3.6 Hz), 3.61 (d, 1H, 3.6 Hz), 3.51 (m, 1H), 3.42 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 165.4, 137.4, 137.0, 128.5, 128.3, 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 101.3, 74.0, 73.8, 73.2, 72.4, 72.3, 60.0, 55.9, 52.7, 48.4; IR (thin film): 3028, 2915, 1749, 1496,

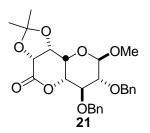
1452, 1365, 1323, 1261, 1117, 1104 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -101$ (*c* 1.0 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₄O₇Na [M+Na]⁺ 435; found: 434.95.

Methyl 2,3-di-O-benzyl-6,7-isopropylidene-D-threo-α-L-ido-octono-4,8-lactone (20)



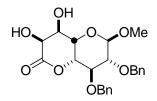
A solution of *trans*-alkene **9h** (50 mg, 0.097 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was treated with TBAF in THF (1 M, 100 μ L) at rt. After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was concentrated and redissolved in a 2:1 mixture of Ac₂O and pyridine (6 mL) and stirred for 12 h at rt. The mixture was concentrated and azeotroped with toluene $(3 \times 10 \text{ mL})$ and passed through a silica gel plug to afford the intermediate 4,8-diacetate as a colorless oil. This intermediate was subjected to the catalytic osmylation conditions previously described to yield the intermediate 6,7-diol as a 5:1 mixture of diastereoisomers, the major product having a D-threo-L-ido configuration. The crude diol was then dissolved in THF (3 mL) and treated with 2-methoxypropene (120 µL, 0.1 mmol) and d-CSA (4 mg, 0.017 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was warmed to rt and stirred for 4 h, then guenched with Et₃N at 0 °C and concentrated to give the crude acetonide as a yellow oil. This was redissolved in MeOH (3 mL), treated with K₂CO₃ (25 mg), and stirred for 1 h at rt. The resulting white suspension was filtered and washed with EtOAc (3 \times 25 mL). The combined organic washings were concentrated and the residue was dried in vacuo for 2 h, then dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) and treated with *bis*-acetoxyiodobenzene (96 mg, 0.3 mmol) and TEMPO (3 mg, 20 mol%) at rt. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h, then quenched with saturated Na₂S₂O₃, extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×15 mL), followed by a standard aqueous workup. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (33.3% EtOAc in hexanes) to afford D-threo-L-idooctopyranoside derivative 20 as a colorless oil (17 mg, 37% over six steps). The relative stereochemistry was confirmed by NOE difference spectroscopy (see spectra below). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, C_6D_6): δ 7.43 (d, 2H, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.35 (d, 2H, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.22 (m, 6H), 4.83 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.75 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.70 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.63 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.54 (d, 1H, J = 4.8 Hz), 4.50 (d, 1H, J = 11.1 Hz), 4.04 (dd, 1H, J = 1.2, 4.2 Hz), 3.94 (dd, 1H, J = 1.2, 6.0 Hz), 3.57 (dd, 1H, J = 3.6, 9.9 Hz), 3.43 (dd, 1H, J = 3.3, 11.1 Hz), 3.37 (dd, 1H, J = 4.8, 9.9 Hz), 3.10 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 165.3, 138.2, 130.5, 127.4, 112.7, 103.2, 83.9, 79.6, 79.2, 74.0, 73.7, 73.4, 70.0, 64.1, 54.4, 26.4, 26.2; IR (thin film): 2925, 1780, 1496, 1452, 1372, 1227, 1163, 1111, 1062, 1037, 1024 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = -52.5$ (*c* 0.67 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₃₀O₈Na [M+Na]⁺ 493; found:493.06.

Methyl 2,3-di-O-benzyl-6,7-isopropylidene-L-erythro-α-L-ido-octono-4,8-lactone (21)



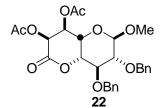
Compound **21** was obtained from *cis*-alkene **18** using the same synthetic sequence described above, and isolated as colorless oil (15 mg, 34% over six steps). The relative stereochemistry was confirmed by NOE difference spectroscopy (see spectra below). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 7.39 (d, 2H, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.27 (d, 2H, J = 6.9 Hz), 7.21 (m, 6 H), 4.78 (d, 1H, J = 2.7 Hz), 4.46 (m, 4H), 4.20 (m, 1H), 4.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.7 Hz), 3.94 (t, 1H, J = 3.9 Hz), 3.84 (m, 1H), 3.81 (dd, 1H, J = 3.9, 8.7 Hz), 3.53 (dd, 1H, J = 3.0, 3.6 Hz), 3.20 (s, 3H), 1.52 (s, 3H), 1.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, C₆D₆): δ 167.6, 137.7, 137.2, 128.6, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 127.8, 111.6, 100.7, 74.2, 73.9, 73.6, 72.5, 72.3, 71.5, 60.0, 55.5, 25.8, 25.4; IR (thin film): 2930, 1755, 1496, 1452, 1372, 1204, 1111, 1094, 1037, 962 cm⁻¹; [α]²⁰_D = -78.3 (*c* 0.67 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₃₀O₈Na [M+Na]⁺ 493; found:493.06.

Methyl 2,3-di-O-benzyl-D-erythro-α-L-ido-octono-4,8-lactone



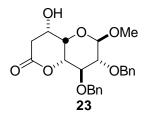
Unsaturated lactone **9m** (27 mg) was subjected to the catalytic osmylation previously described to yield the corresponding 6,7-diol as a single diastereomer and a colorless oil (26 mg, 87% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.41–7.24 (m, 10H), 4.79–4.63 (m, 5H), 4.55 (d, 1H, J = 12.3 Hz), 4.54 (d, 1H, J = 3.0 Hz), 4.41 (dd, 1H, J = 3.6, 4.2 Hz), 4.35 (dd, 1H, J = 3.0, 3.9 Hz), 3.85 (dd, 1H, J = 4.2, 6.3 Hz), 3.61 (bs, 1H), 3.54 (dd, 1H, J = 3.6, 6.3 Hz), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.22 (bs, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 172.8, 137.6, 137.4, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.8, 102.0, 78.9, 76.4, 76.1, 73.1, 73.0, 68.8, 67.9, 64.7, 55.7; IR (thin film): 3432, 3059, 3028, 2915, 1744, 1496, 1452, 1364, 1197, 1114, 1042, 946 cm⁻¹; [α]²⁰_D = -82.2 (*c* 0.67 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₆O₈Na [M+Na]⁺ 453; found:452.90.

Methyl 6,7-di-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-D-*erythro*-α-L-*ido*-octono-4,8-lactone (22)



Compound **22** was prepared from the diol above (4 mg, 91% yield), and its relative stereochemistry was confirmed by NOE difference spectroscopy (see spectra below). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.38–7.24 (m, 10H), 5.88 (d, 1H, J = 3.3 Hz), 5.54 (dd, 1H, J = 2.7, 3.6 Hz), 4.77 (d, 1H, J = 3.6 Hz), 4.72 (s, 2H), 4.66 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.59 (dd, 1H, J = 3.3, 3.6 Hz), 4.57 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.34 (dd, 1H, J = 3.3, 4.2 Hz), 3.87 (dd, 1H, J = 4.2, 6.6 Hz), 3.53 (dd, 1H, J = 3.6, 6.6 Hz), 3.44 (s, 3H); ESI-MS: *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₃₀O₈Na [M+Na]⁺ 537; found:537.03.

Methyl 2,3-di-O-benzyl-7-deoxy-L-glycero-α-L-ido-octono-4,8-lactone (23)

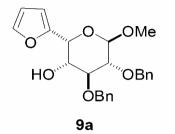


A solution of (PhSe)₂ (60 mg, 0.19 mmol) in EtOH (1 mL) was treated with NaBH₄ (14.5 mg, 0.38 mmol) under Ar at rt and stirred for 5 min before being cooled to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was then treated with the dropwise addition of AcOH (14 µL, 0.38 mmol), then stirred for 5 min at rt to generate the unstable phenylselenol. This was immediately treated with a solution of epoxide 19 (10 mg, 0.024 mmol) in EtOH (0.5 mL) and stirred for 15 min at rt, then diluted with EtOAc (3 mL). The reaction was quenched with NaCl solution (2 mL), extracted with EtOAc (2×15 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification with preparative TLC (50% EtOAc in hexanes) yielded C6 alcohol **23** as a colorless oil (9 mg, 90%). ¹H NMR $(300 \text{ MHz}, C_6D_6:CD_3OD = 5:1): \delta 7.31-7.03 \text{ (m, 10H)}, 4.70 \text{ (t, 1H, J = 3.6 Hz)}, 4.69 \text{ (d, })$ 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.62 (d, 1H, J = 3.6 Hz), 4.59 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.56 (d, 1H, J = 11.7Hz), 4.47 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz), 4.18 (dd, 1H, J = 3.6, 4.2 Hz), 4.09 (dd, 1H, J = 4.2, 8.4 Hz), 3.84 (dd, 1H, J = 3.0, 7.5 Hz), 3.52 (dd, 1H, J = 3.6, 7.8 Hz), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.85 (dd, 1H, J = 4.2, 17.1 Hz), 2.61 (dd, 1H, J = 4.5, 17.1 Hz); 13 C NMR (75 MHz, 5:1 C₆D₆:CD₃OD): δ 170.3, 138.5, 138.4, 102.6, 78.3, 77.4, 77.3, 73.3, 73.2, 65.8, 65.3, 55.0, 35.2; IR (thin film): 3432, 3065, 3028, 2920, 1731, 1496, 1452, 1365, 1235, 1114, 1070, 1042 cm⁻¹; $\left[\alpha\right]^{20}_{D} = -2.2$ (c 0.67 CHCl₃); ESI-MS: m/z calcd for C₂₃H₂₆O₇Na [M+Na]⁺ 426; found: 426.24.

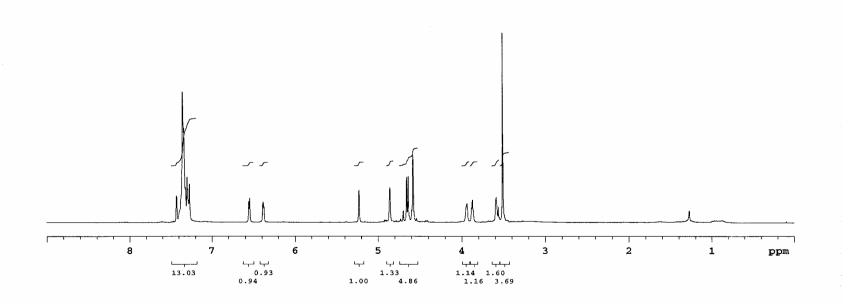
compd (C4 acetate)	δ (¹ H NMR, 300 MHz)	$J_{4,5}({ m Hz})$
9a ^{<i>a</i>}	5.16	4.2
10a ^{<i>a</i>}	5.32	6.6
9b ^{<i>a</i>}	5.11	2.4
10b ^{<i>a</i>}	5.43	5.4
9 c ^{<i>a</i>}	5.16	2.7
10c ^{<i>a</i>}	5.75	5.1
$\mathbf{9d}^b$	5.09	2.7
$\mathbf{10d}^{b}$	5.66	3.6
9e ^{<i>a</i>}	4.92	3.6
10e ^{<i>a</i>}	5.25	5.1
$\mathbf{9f}^b$	5.32	5.4
$10f^b$	5.08	4.2
9h ^a	4.95	3.6
9k ^{<i>a</i>}	5.02	1.2
91 ^{<i>a</i>}	4.91	3.0

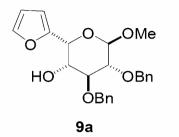
Table S1. Chemical Shifts and Coupling Constants of Select C4 acetates.

^{*a*} CDCl₃. ^{*b*} benzene- d_6 .

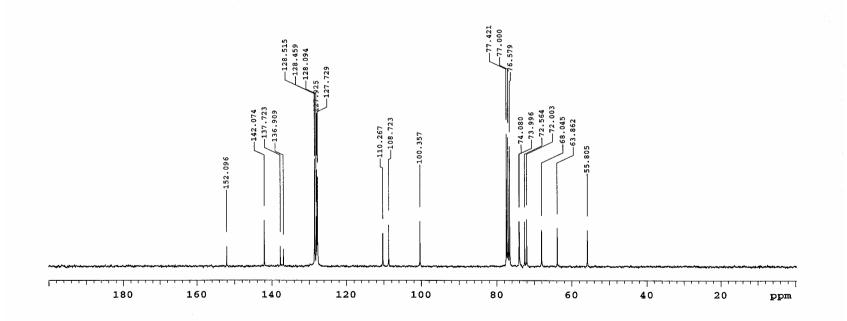


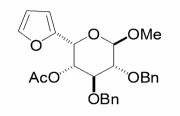
¹ H NMR, 300MHz, CDCl₃



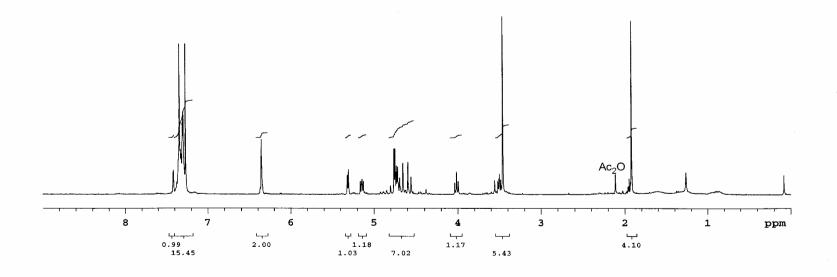


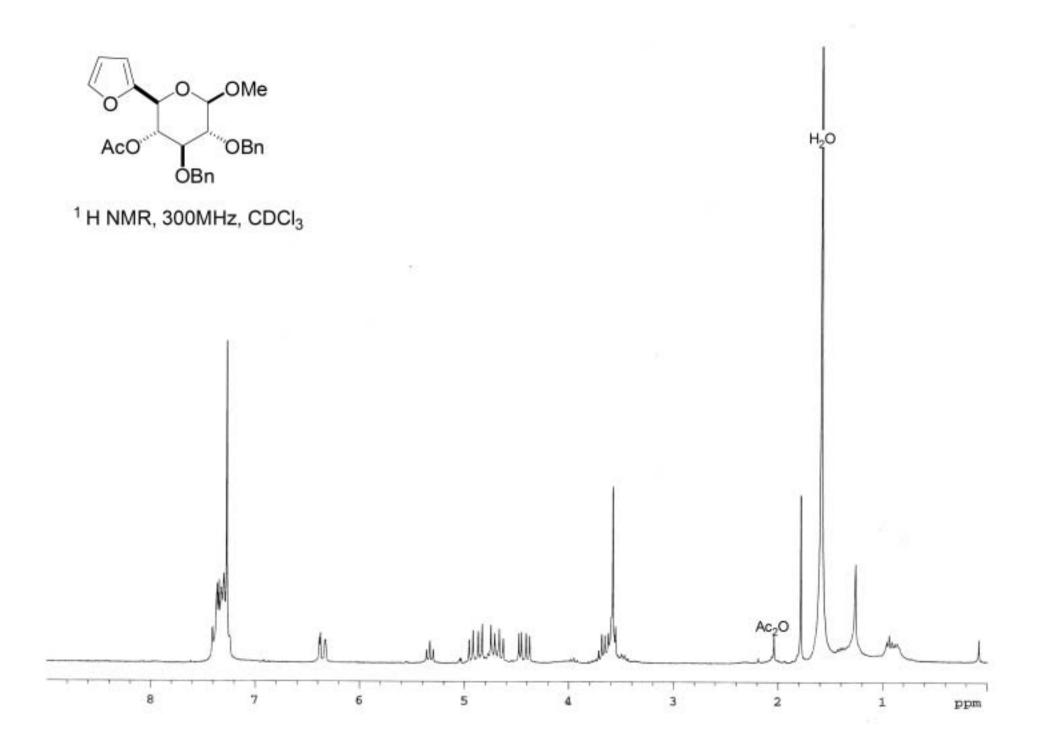


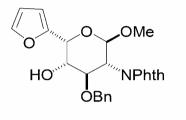




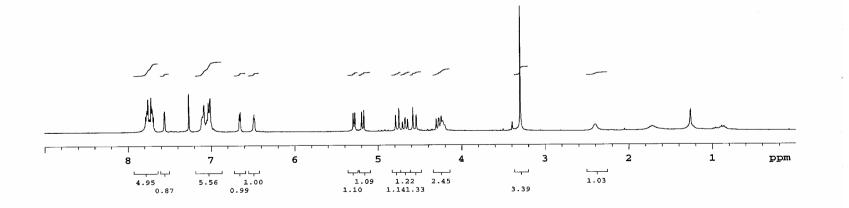
¹ H NMR, 300MHz, CDCl₃

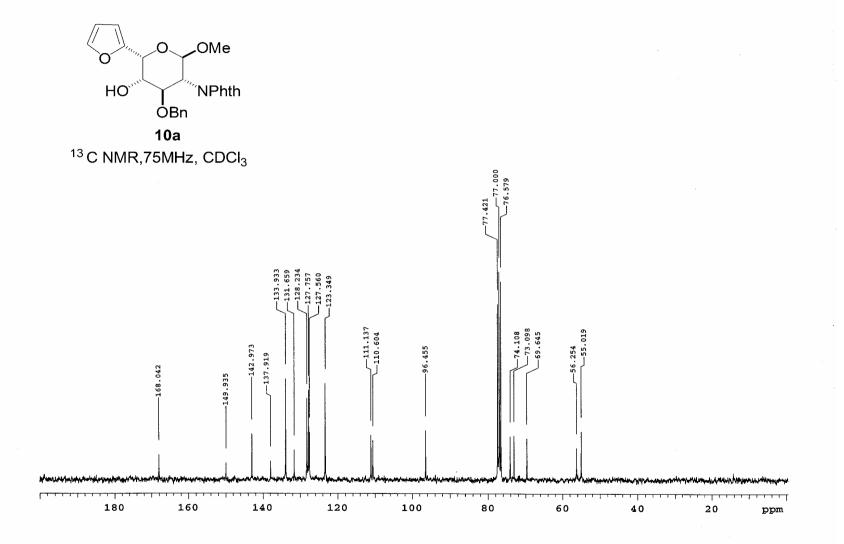


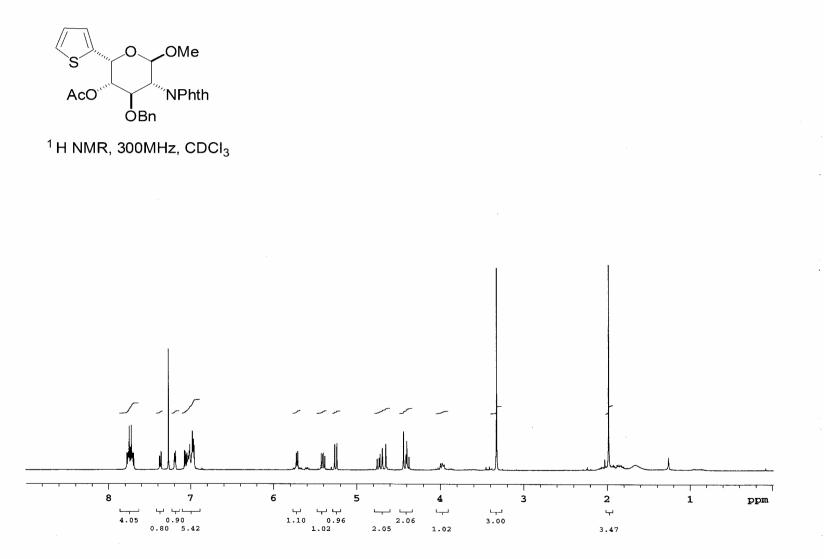


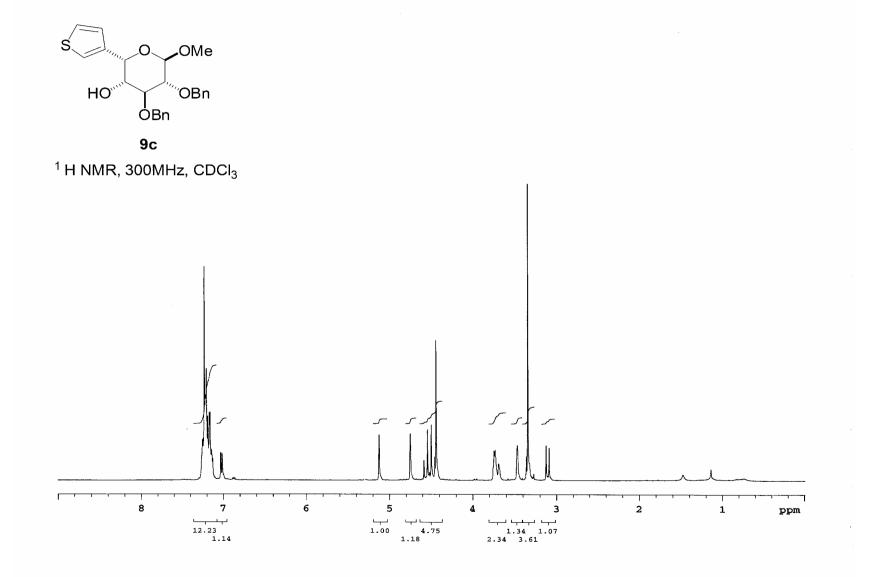


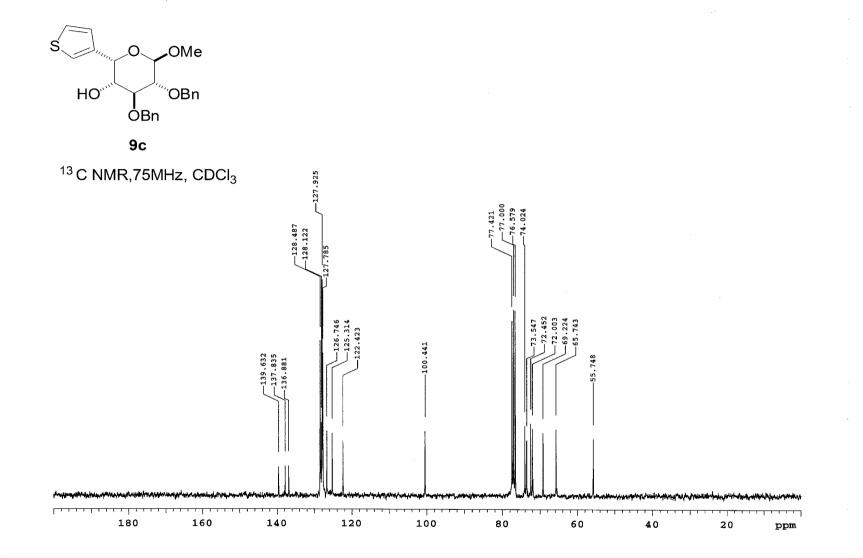


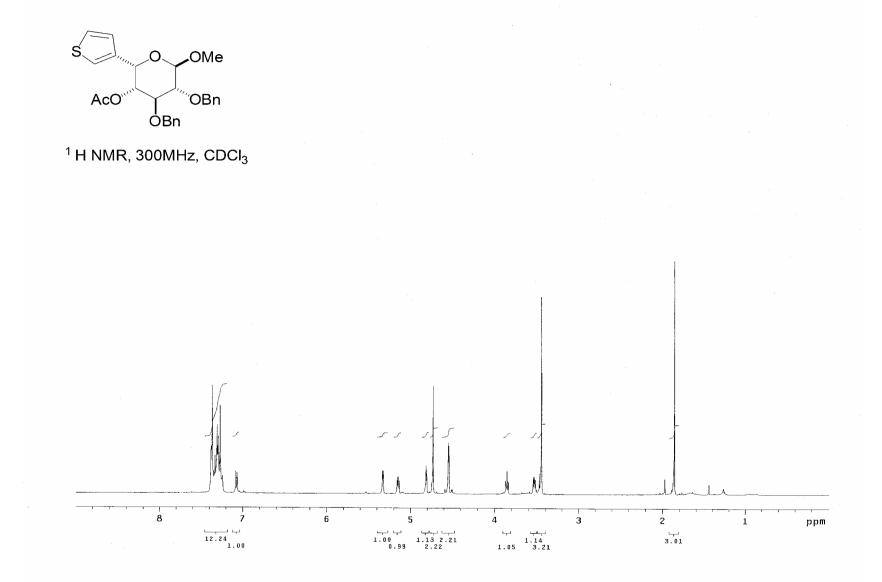


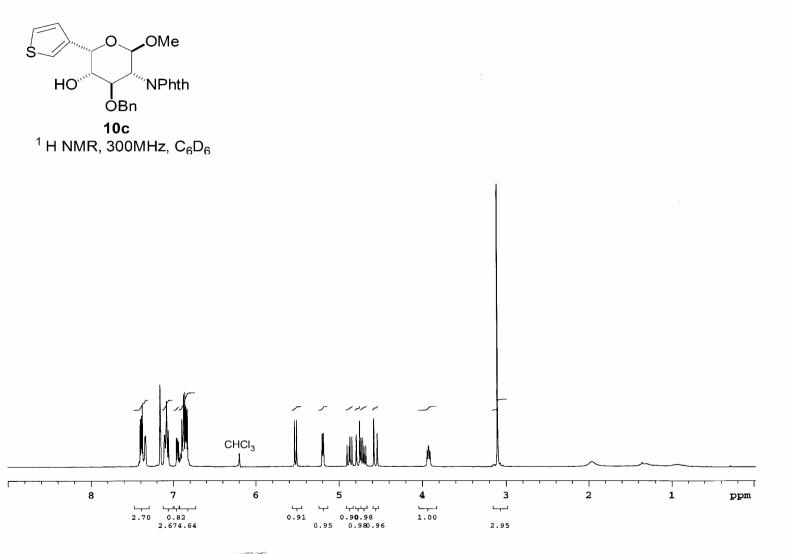




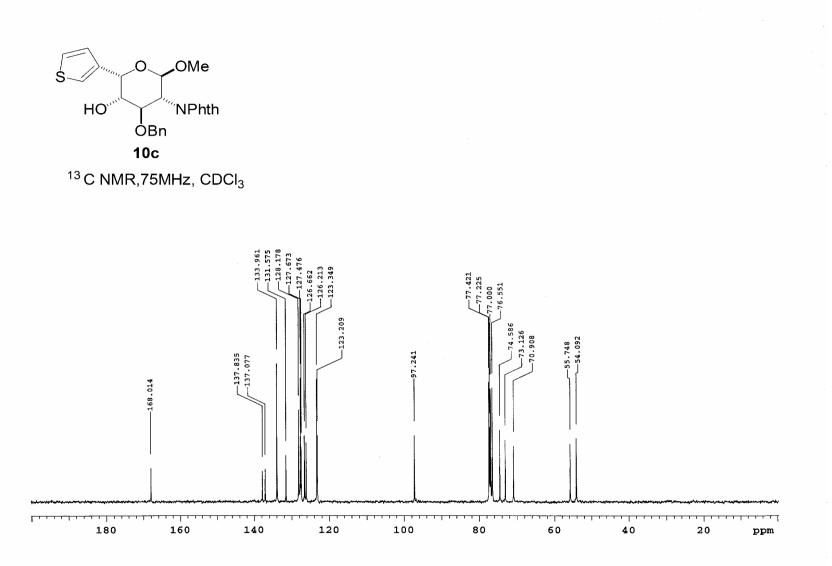


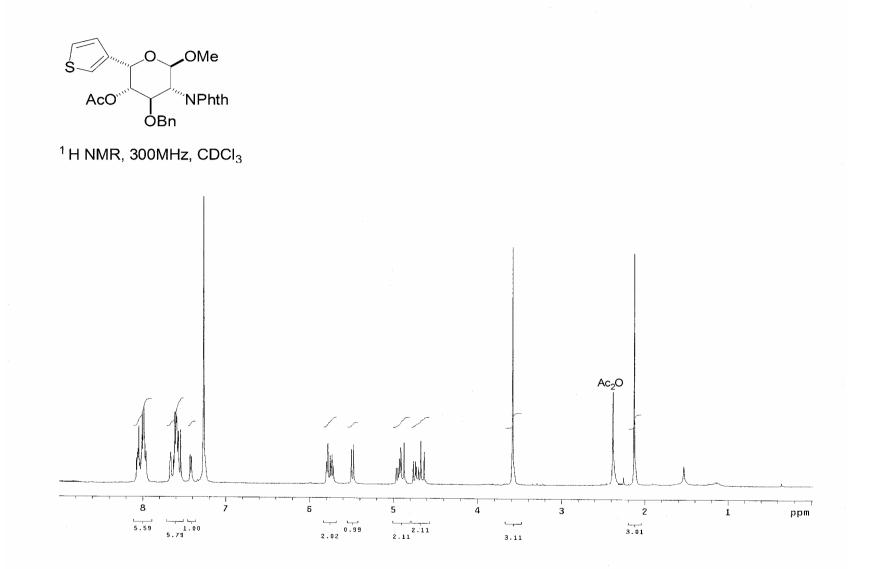


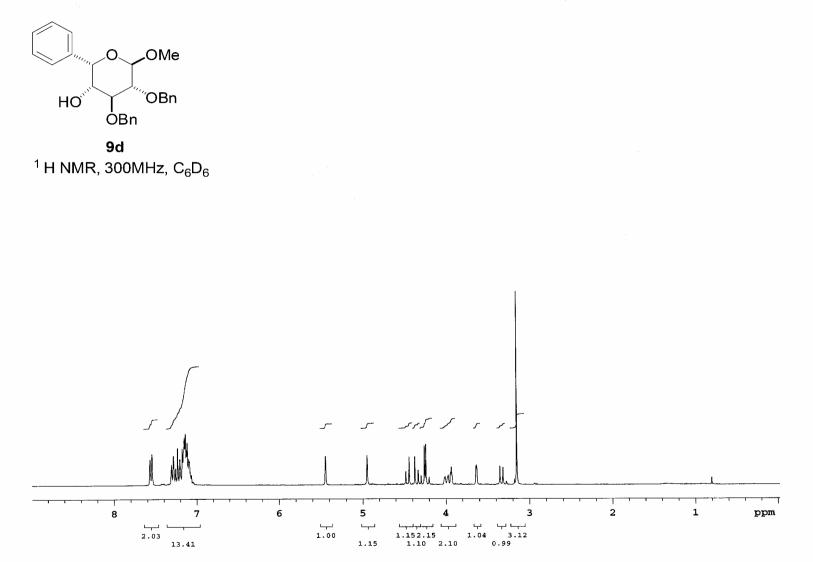


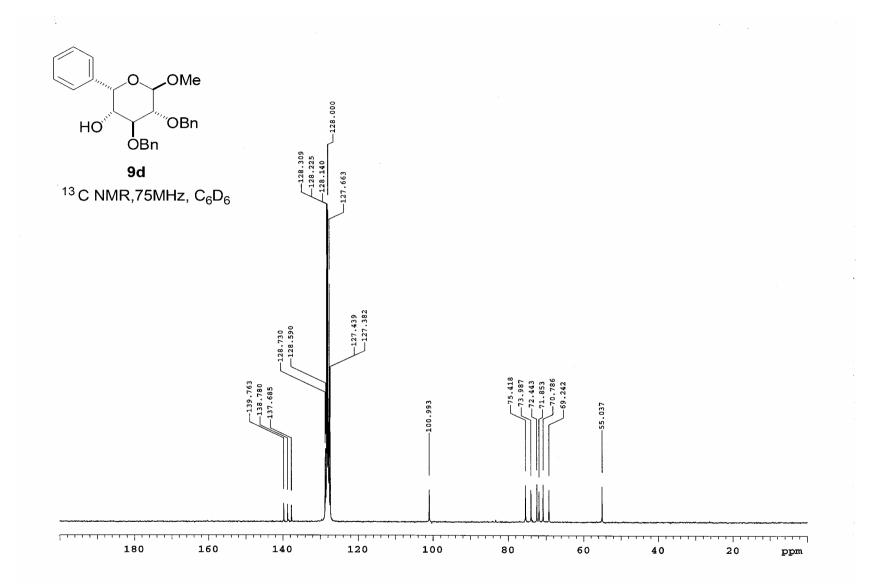


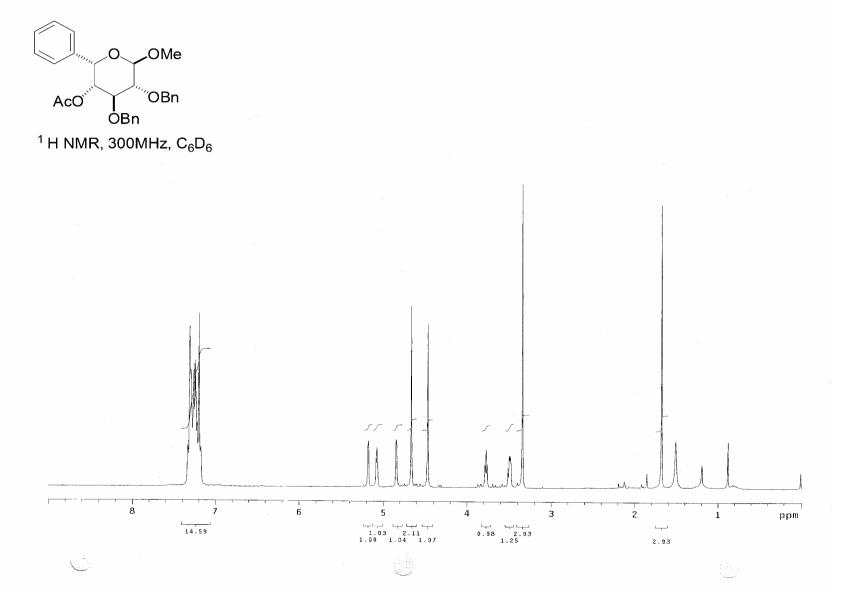
Constraint constraint

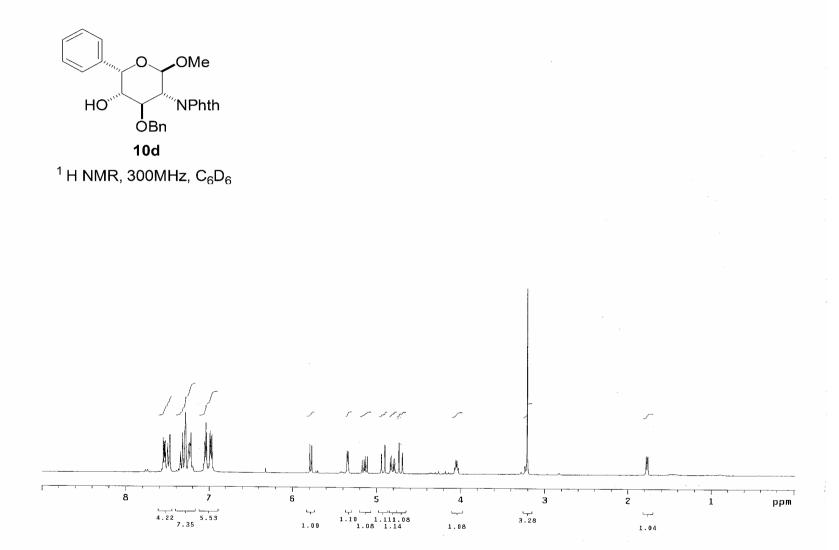


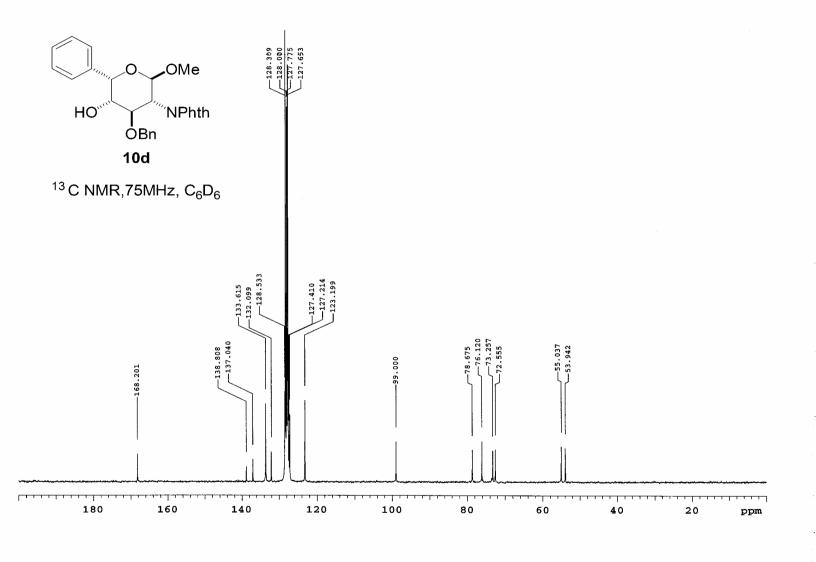


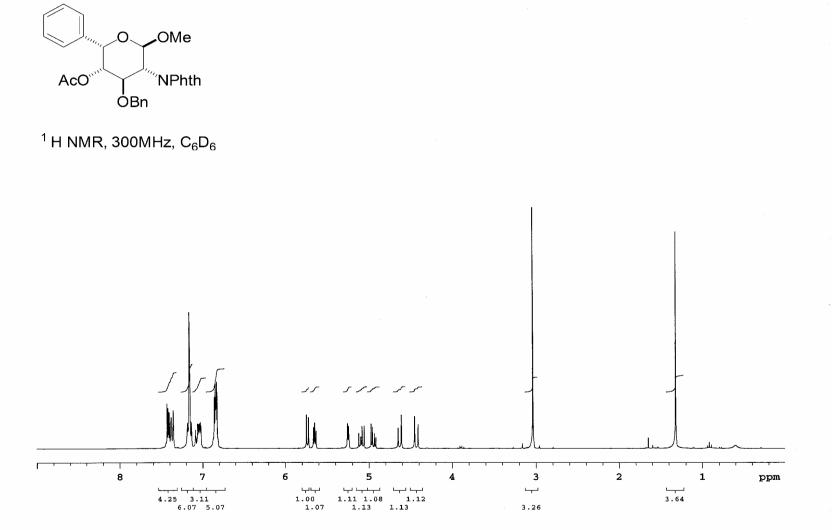






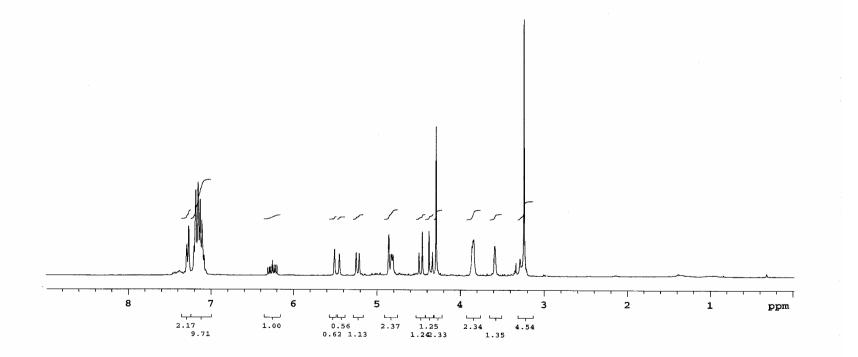


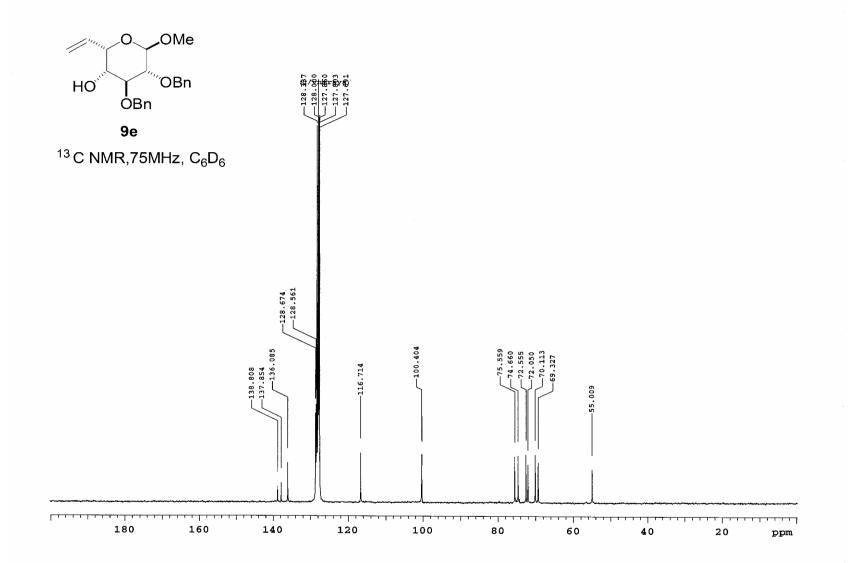


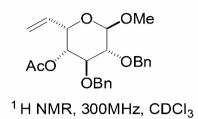


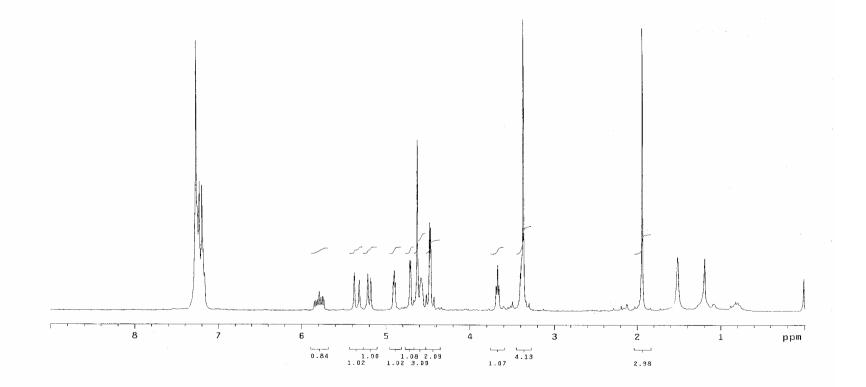


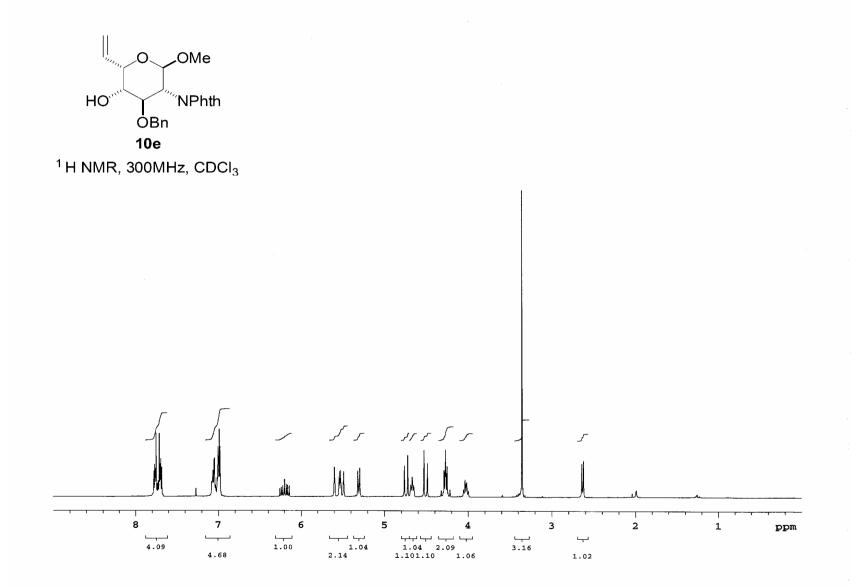


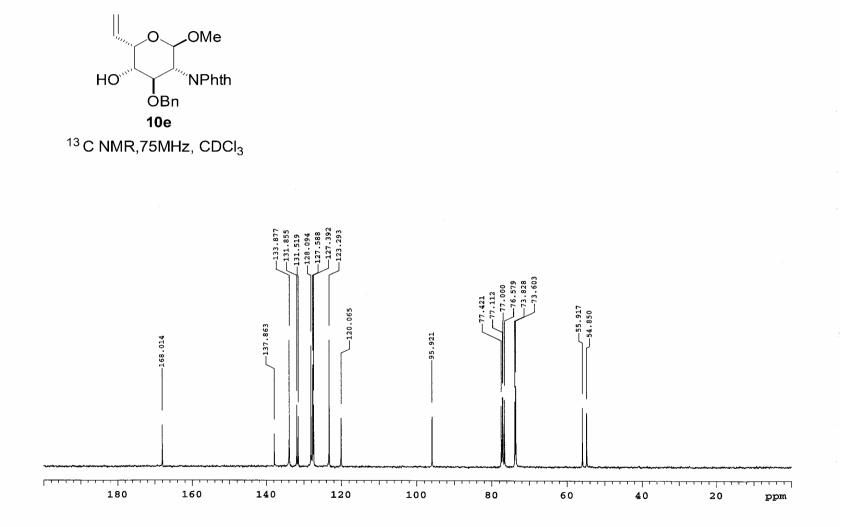


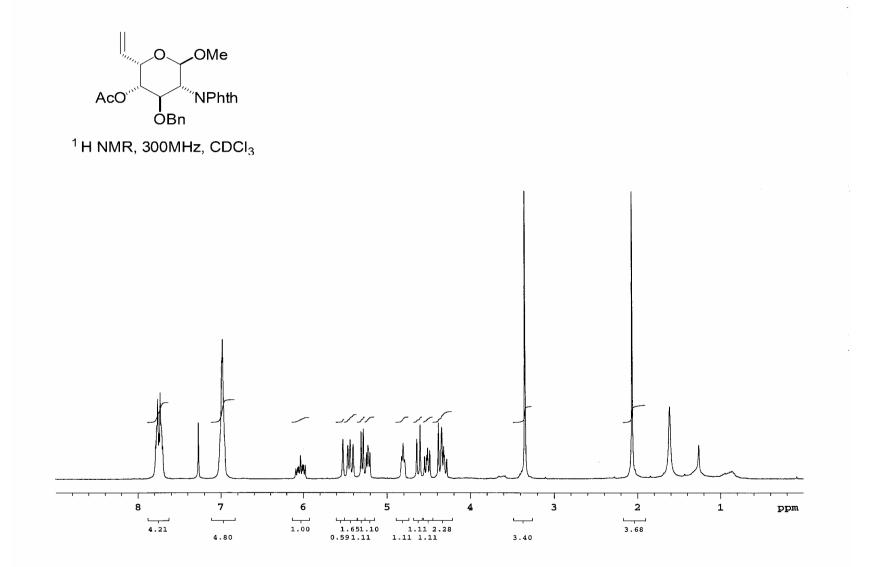


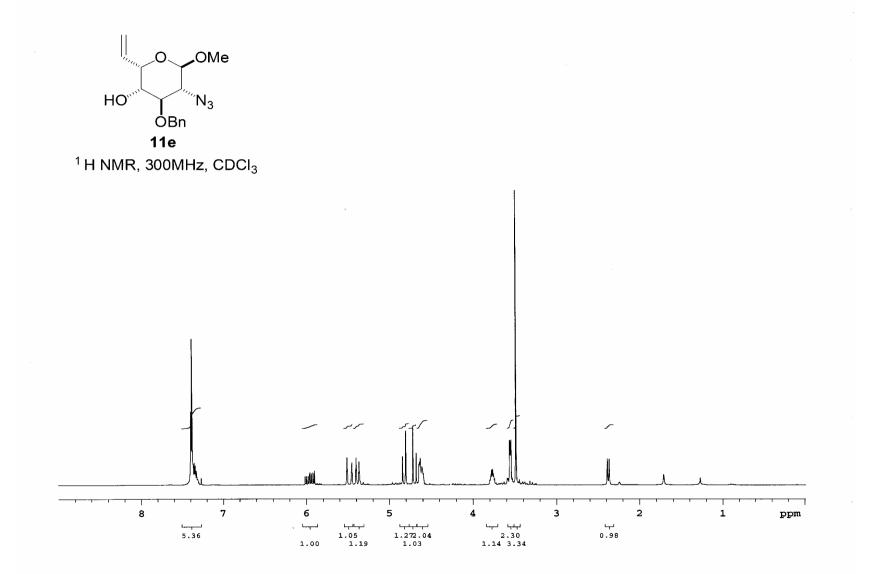


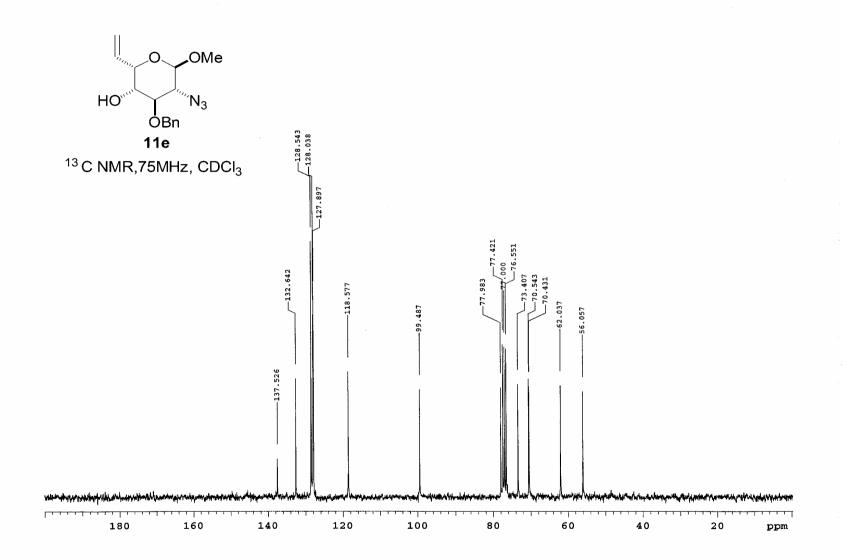


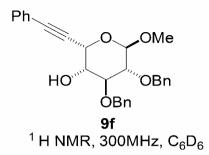


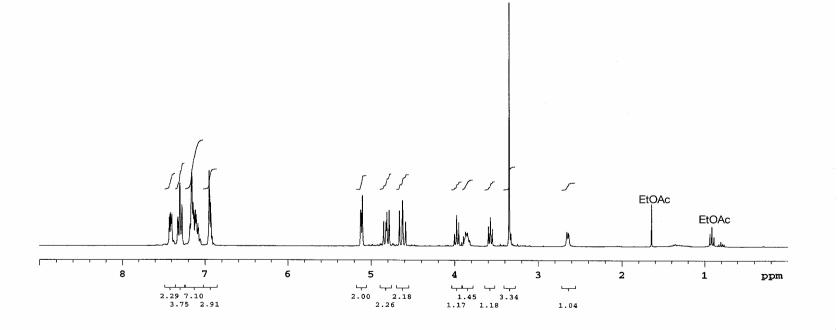


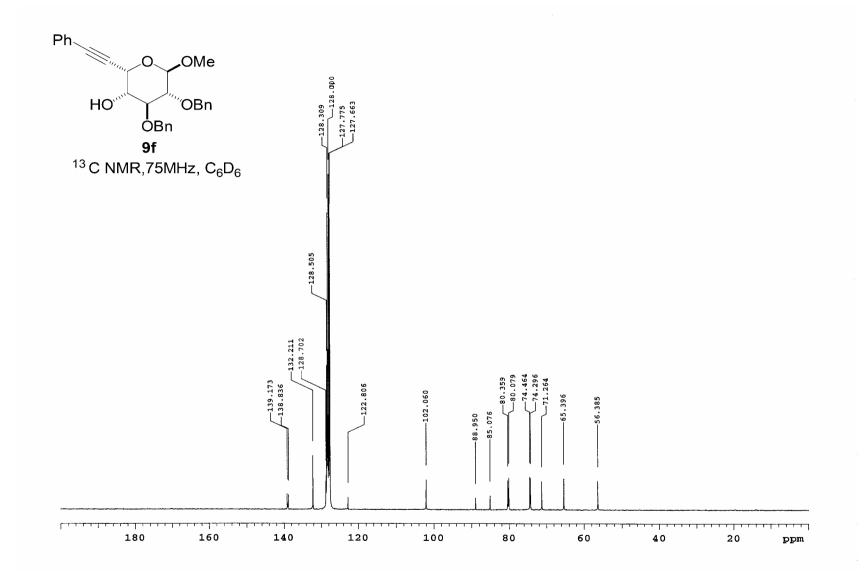


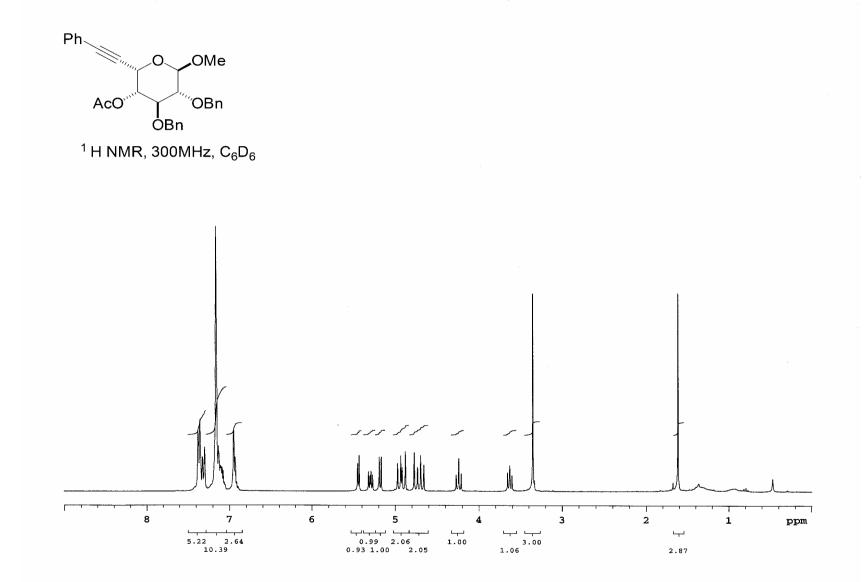


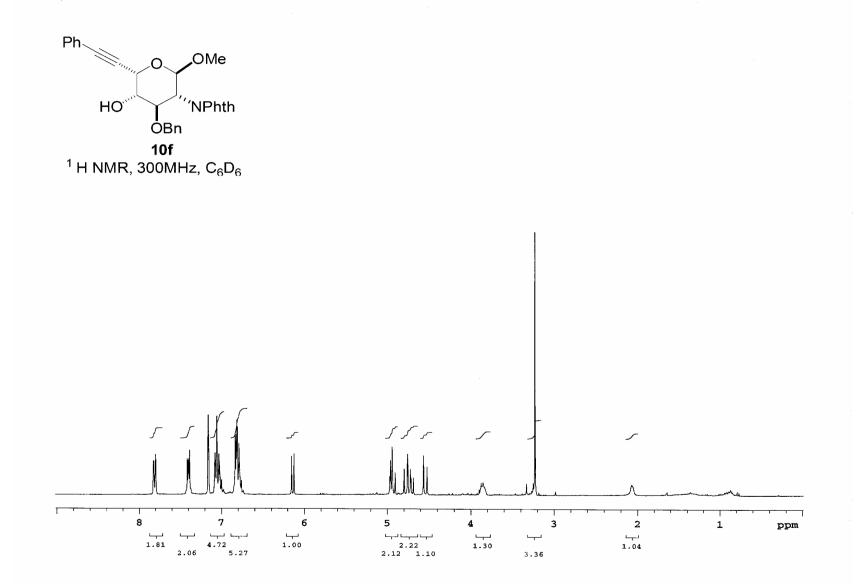


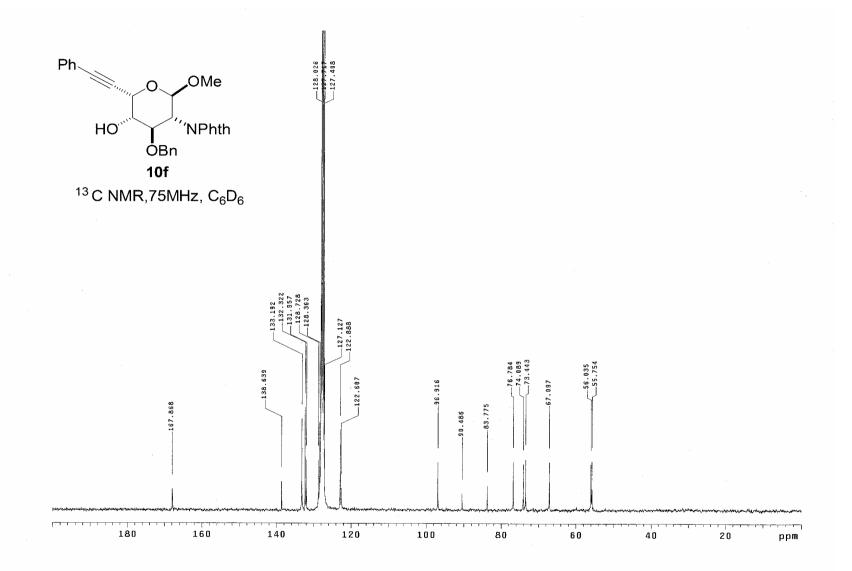


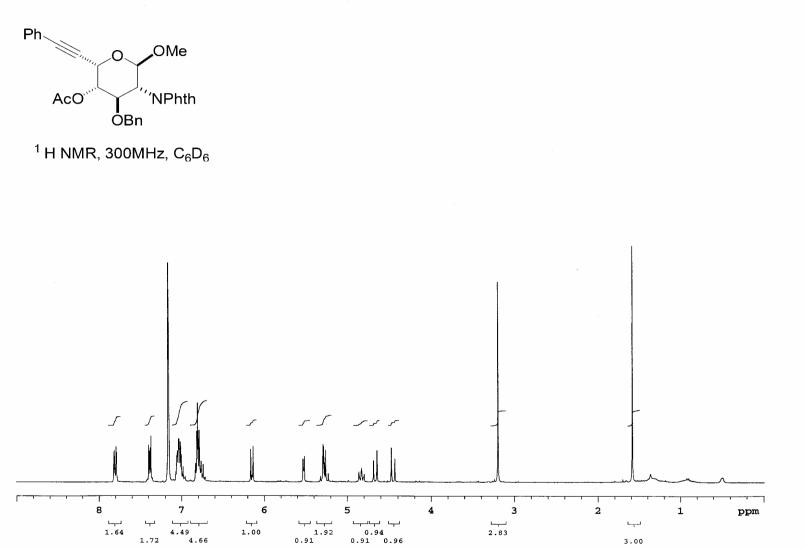


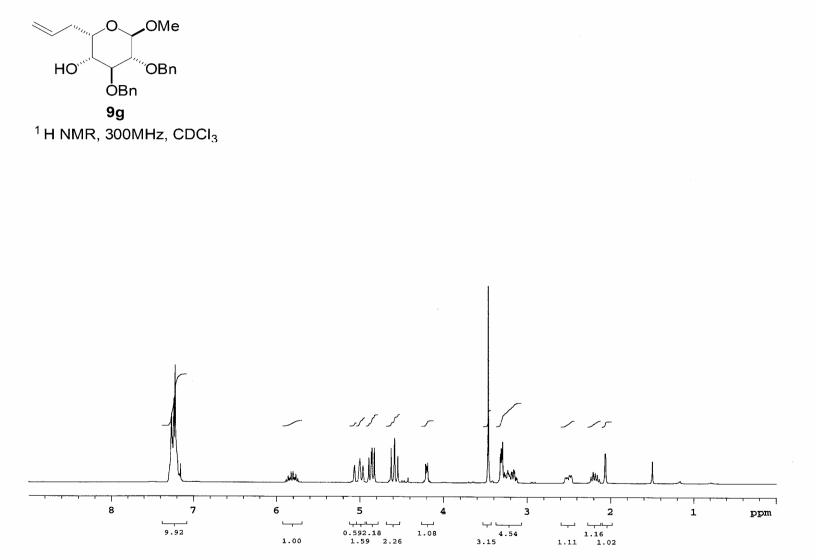




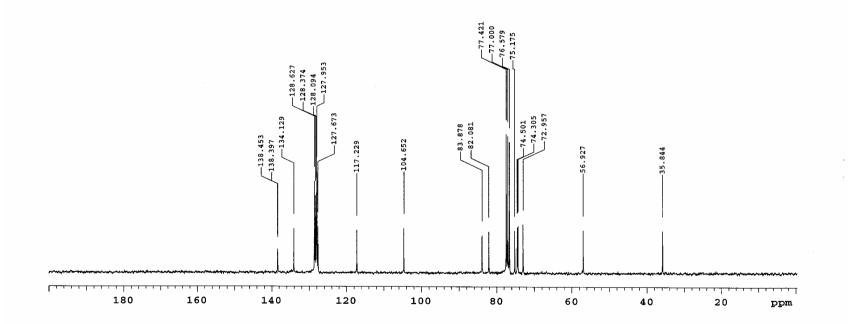


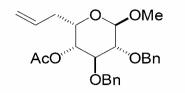




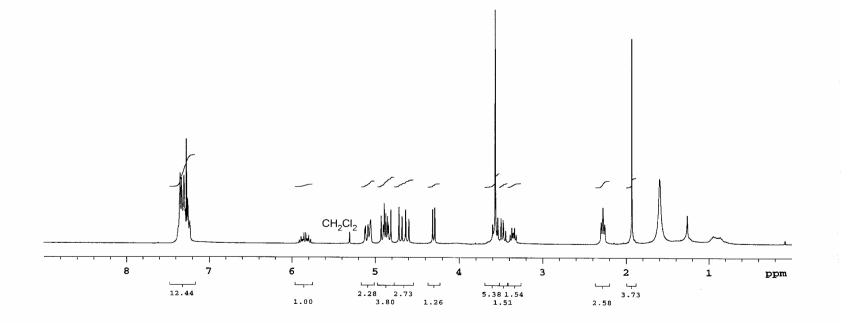


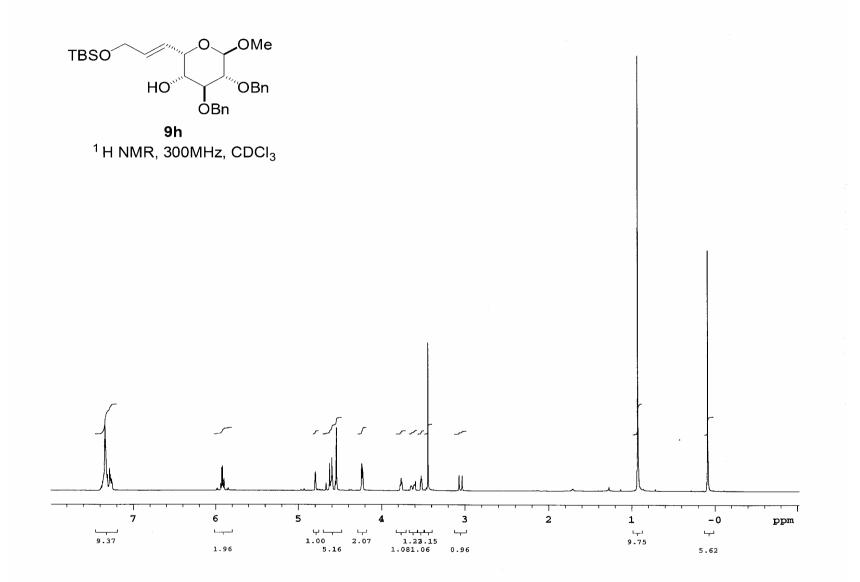


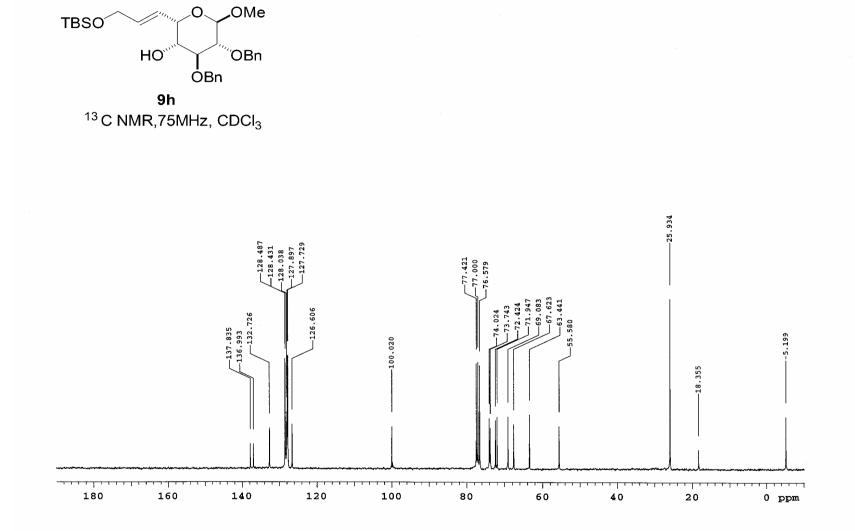


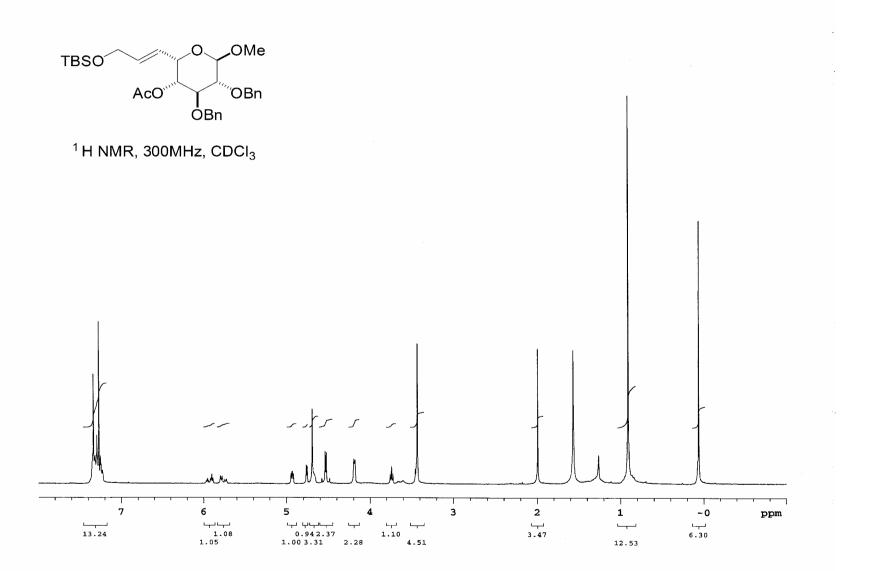


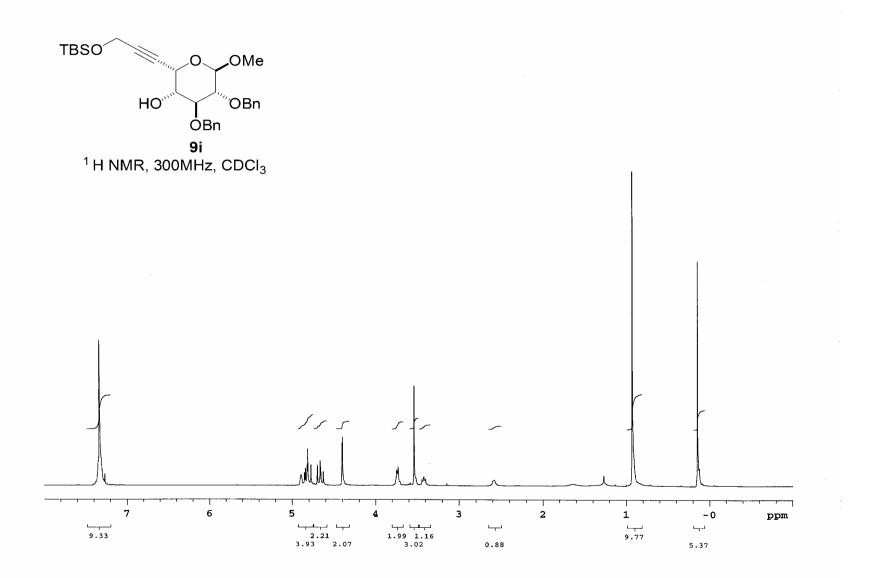
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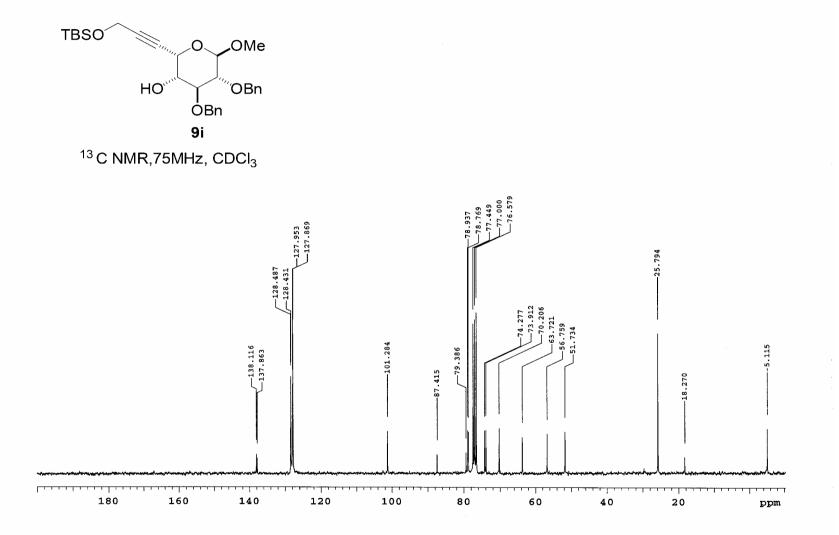


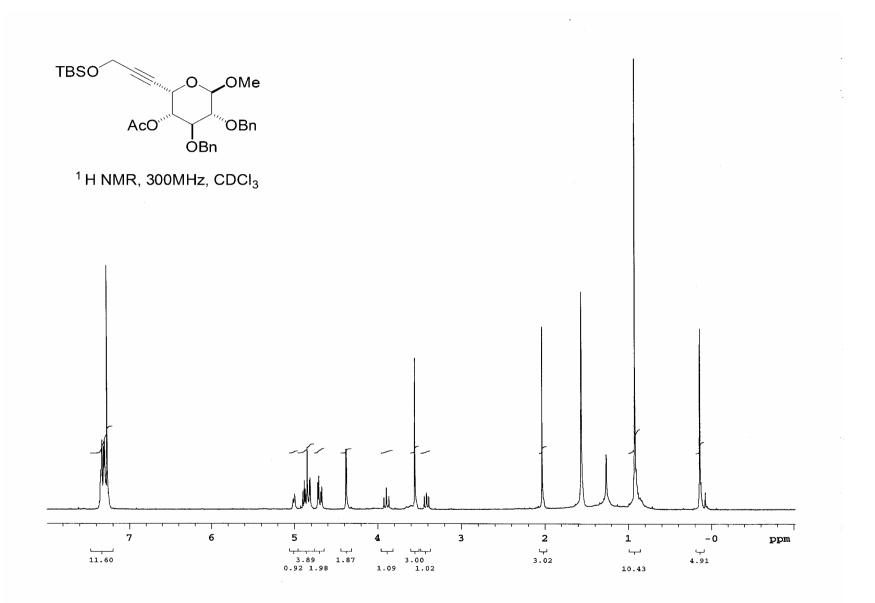


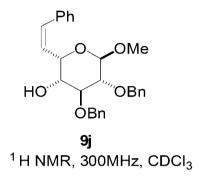


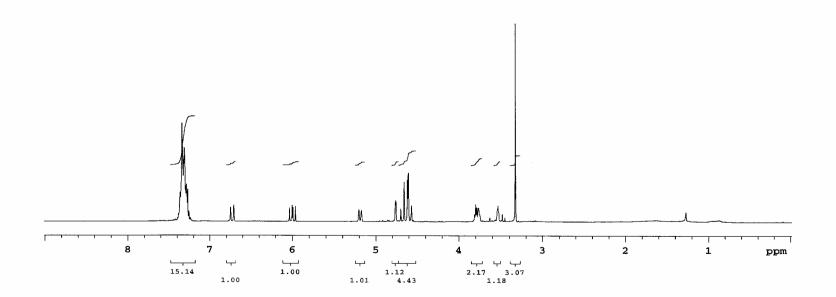


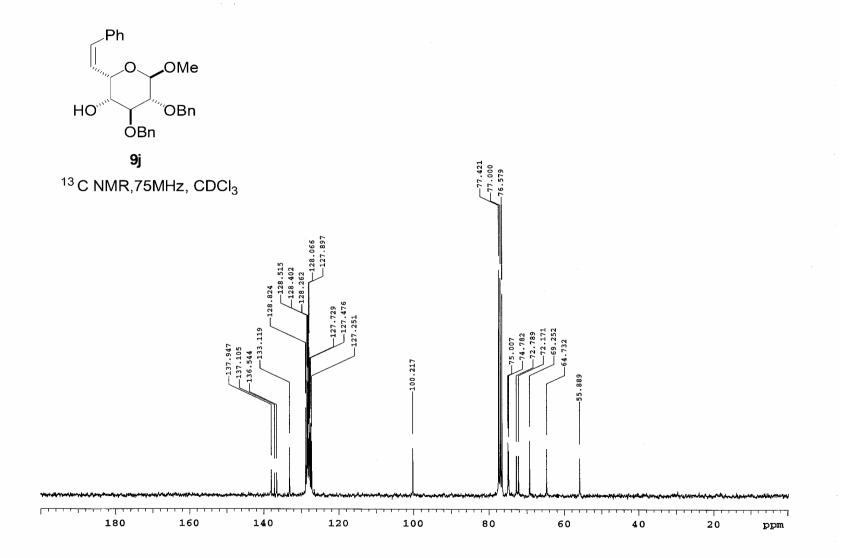


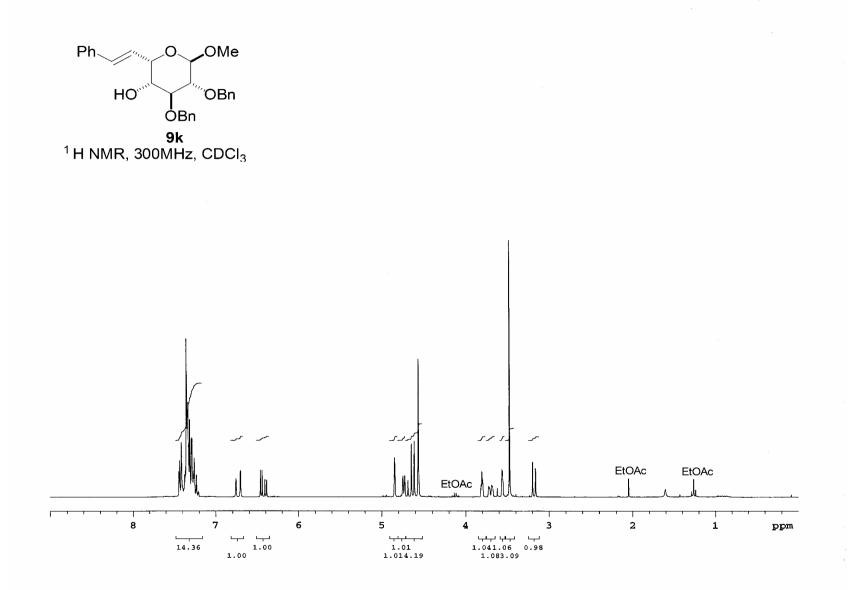


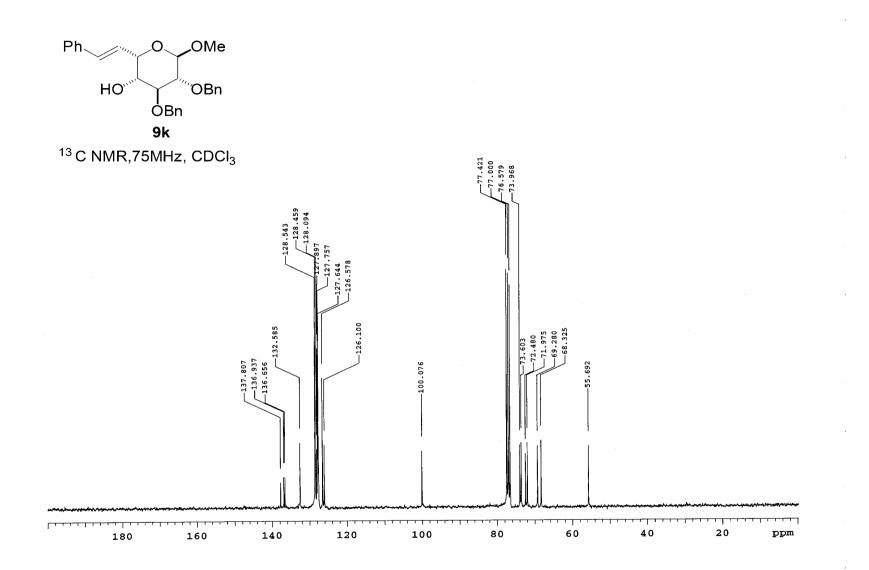


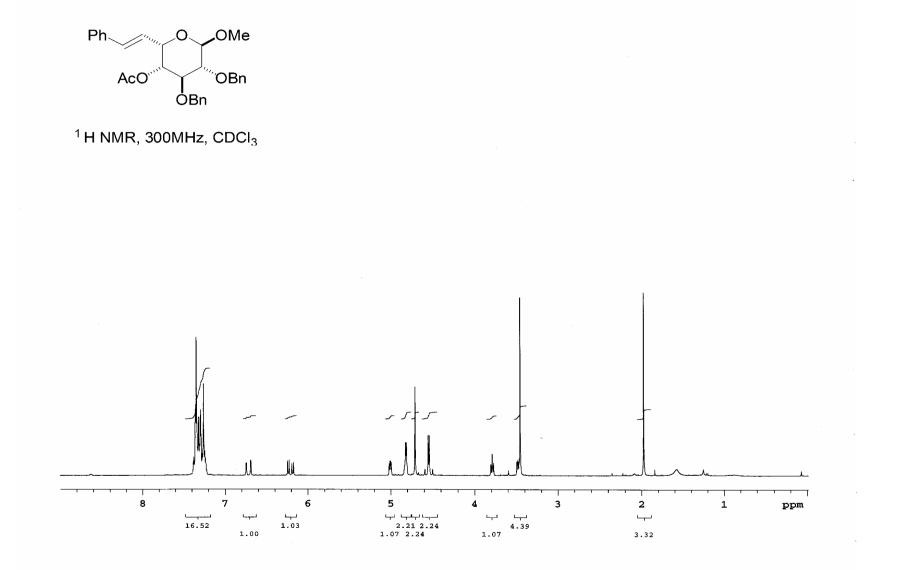






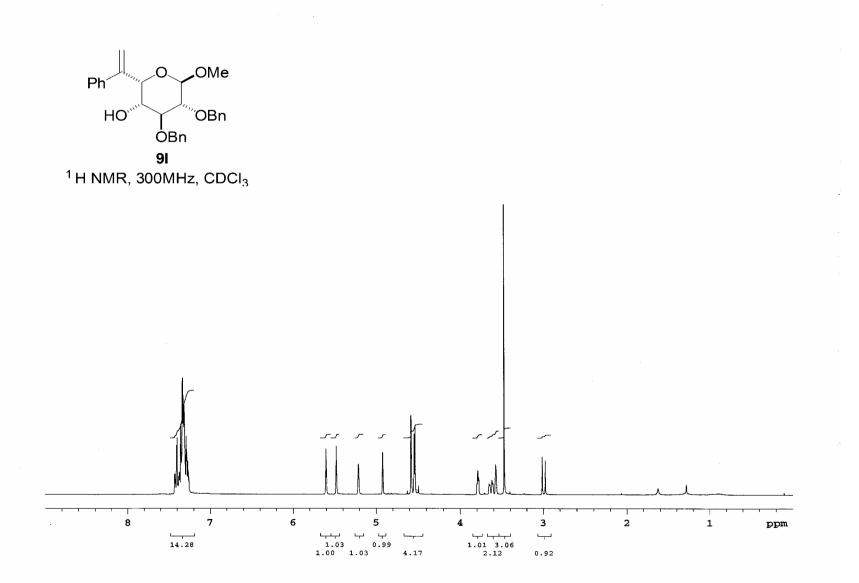


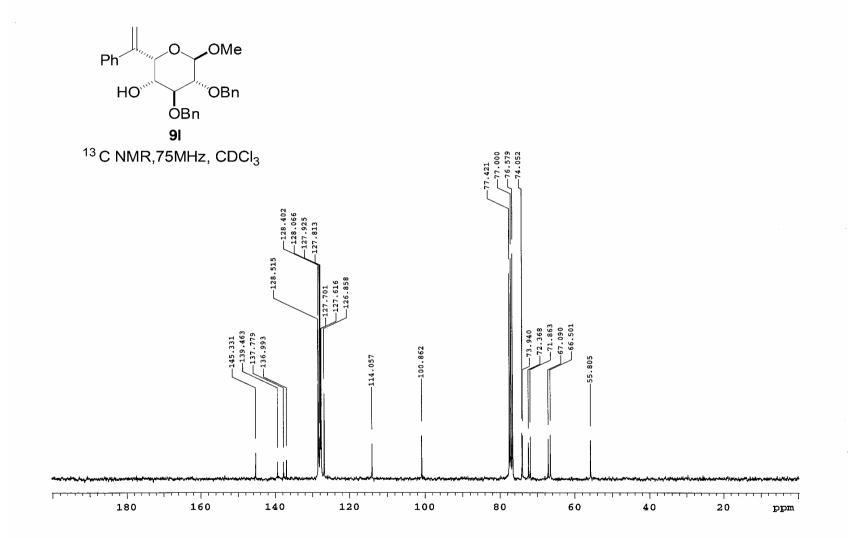


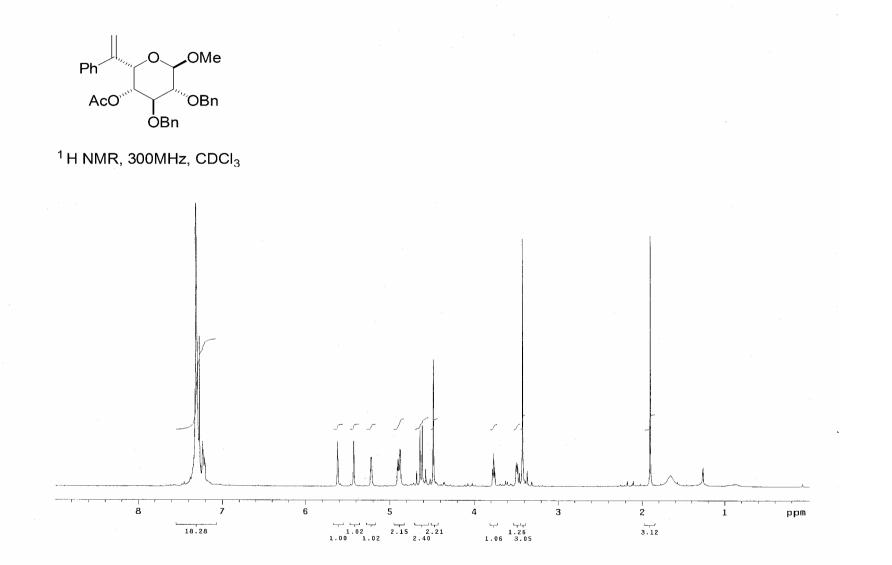


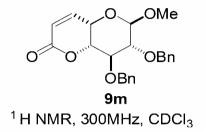
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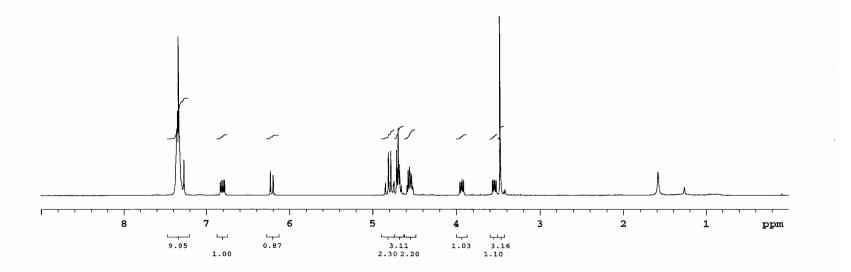
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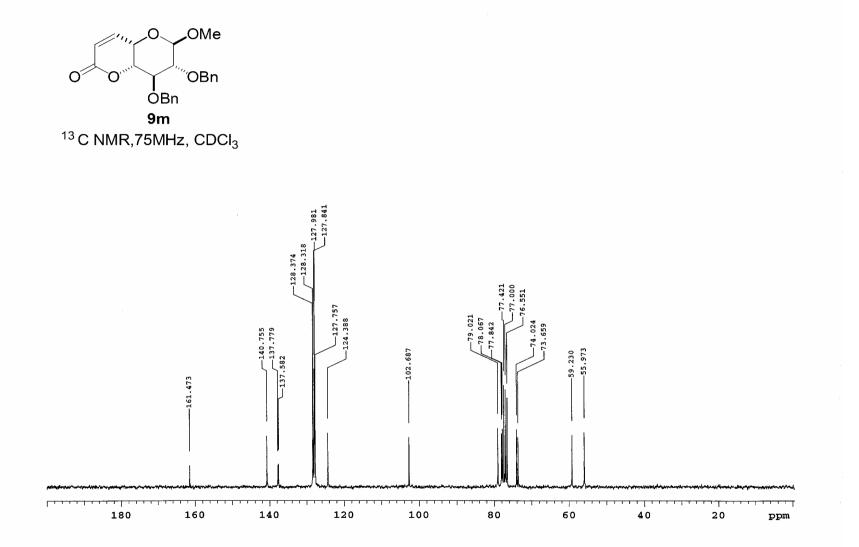


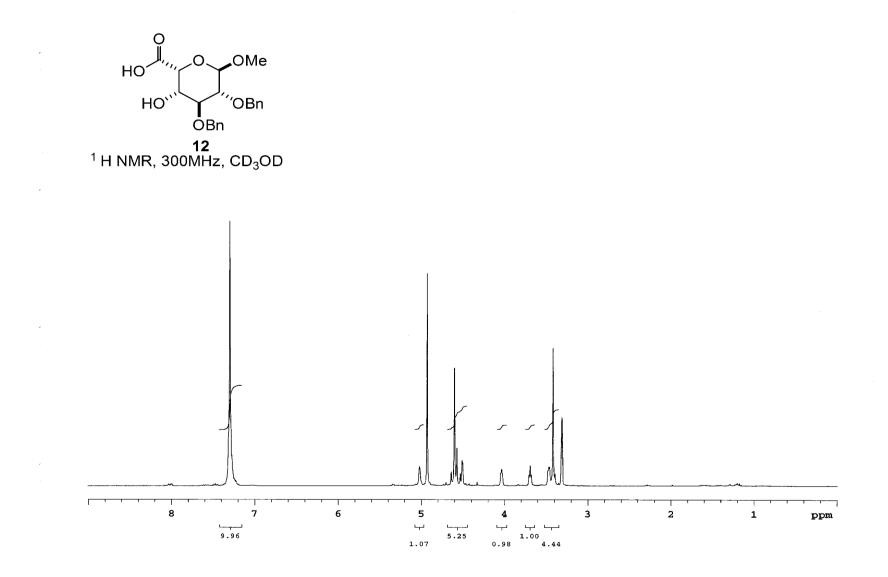


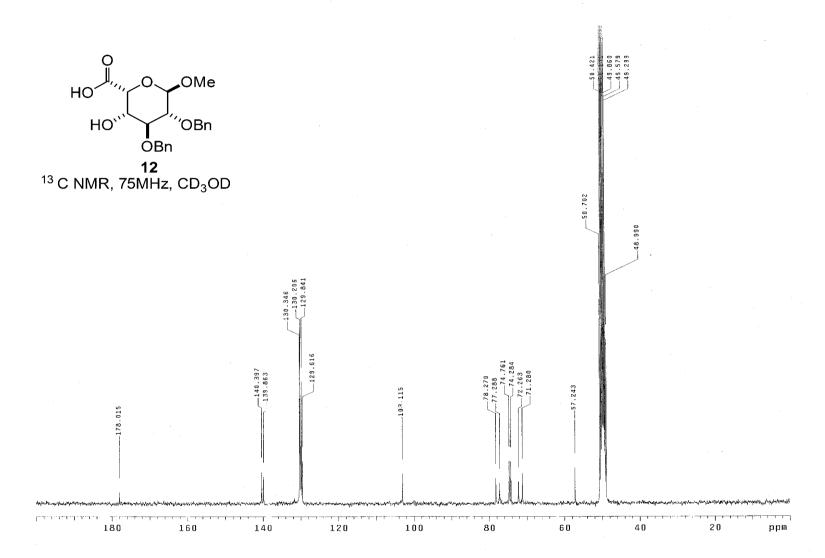


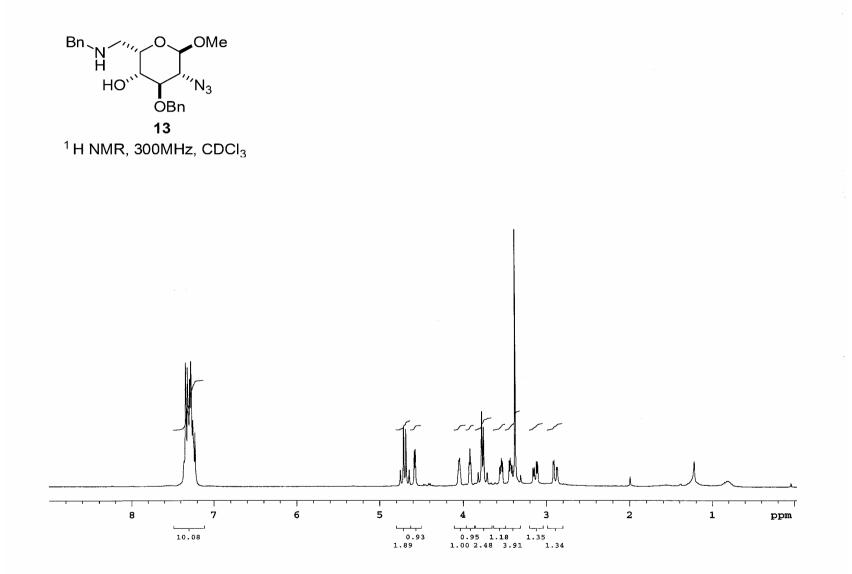




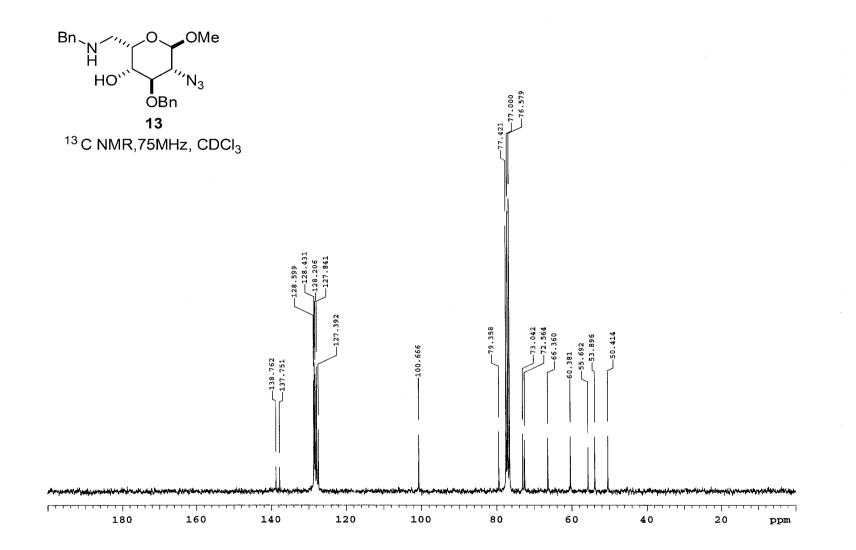


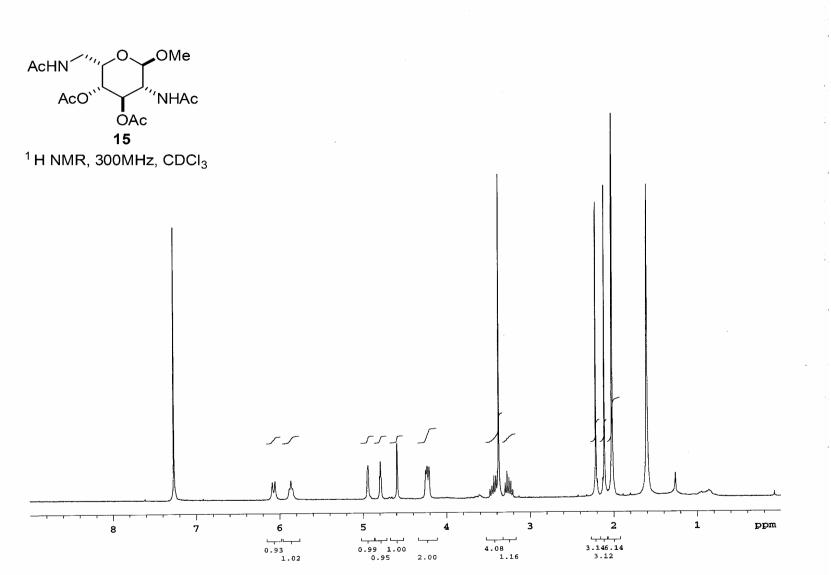


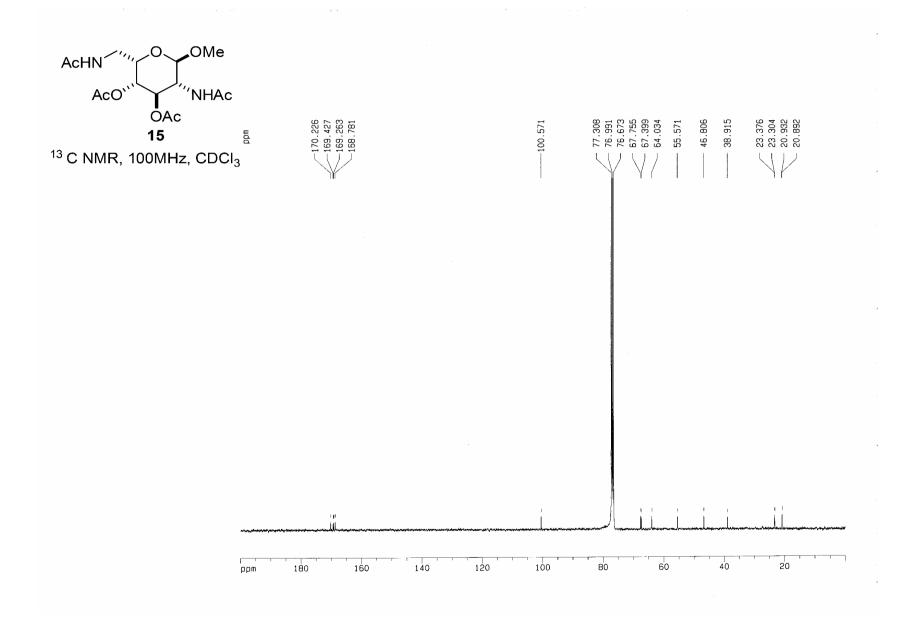


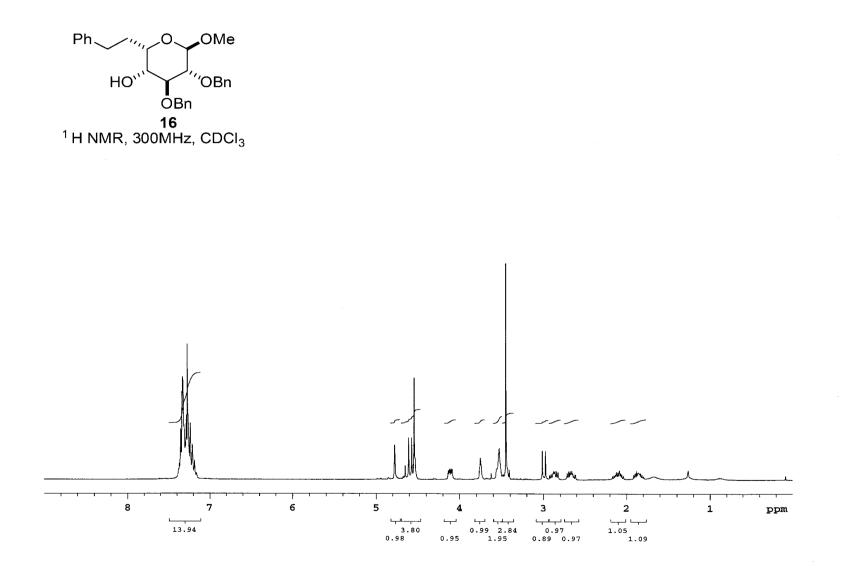


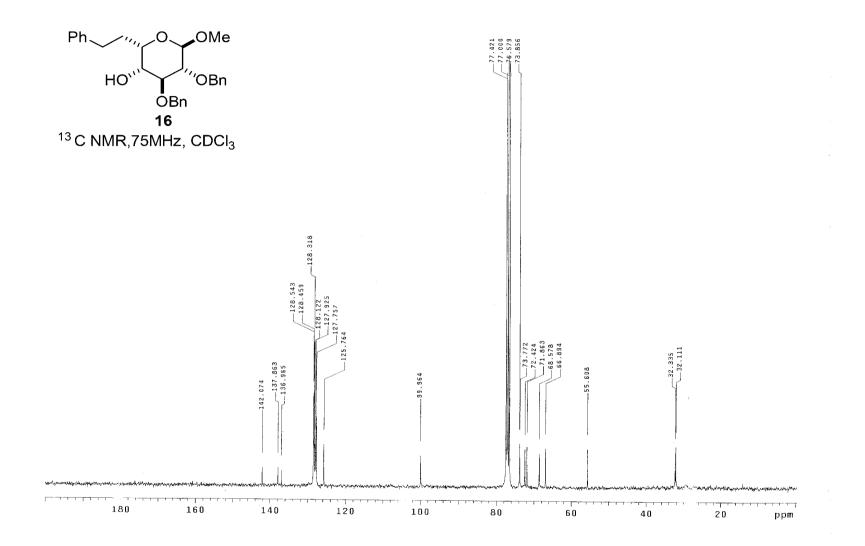
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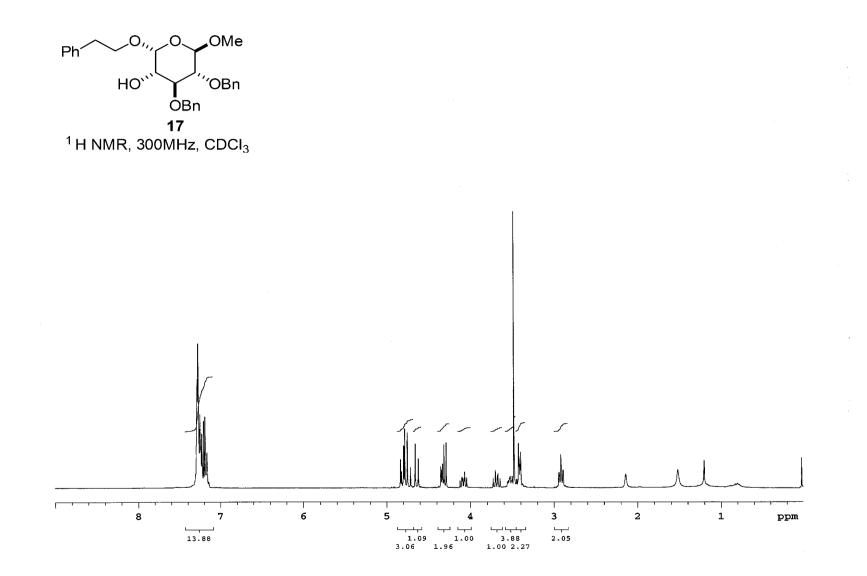




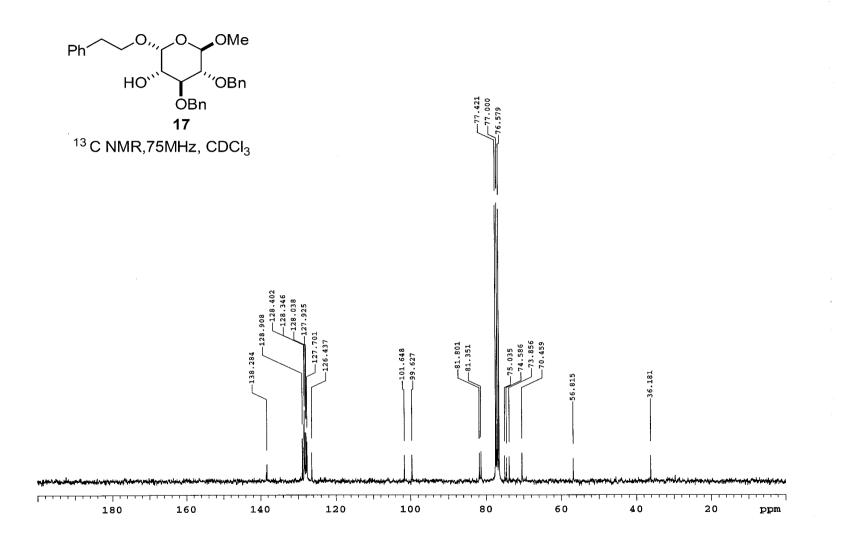


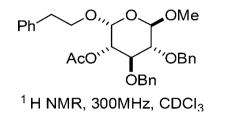


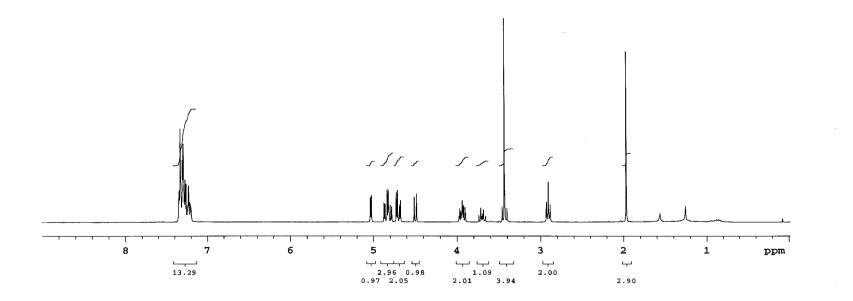


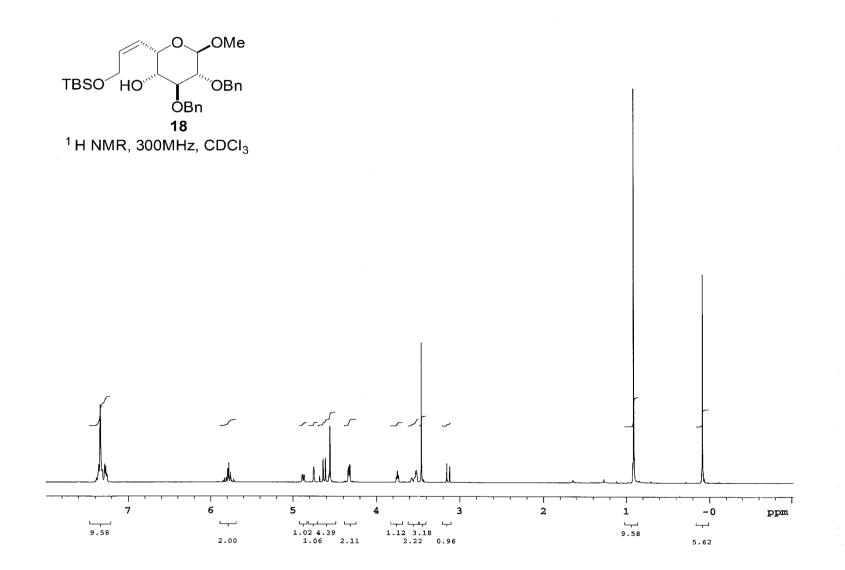


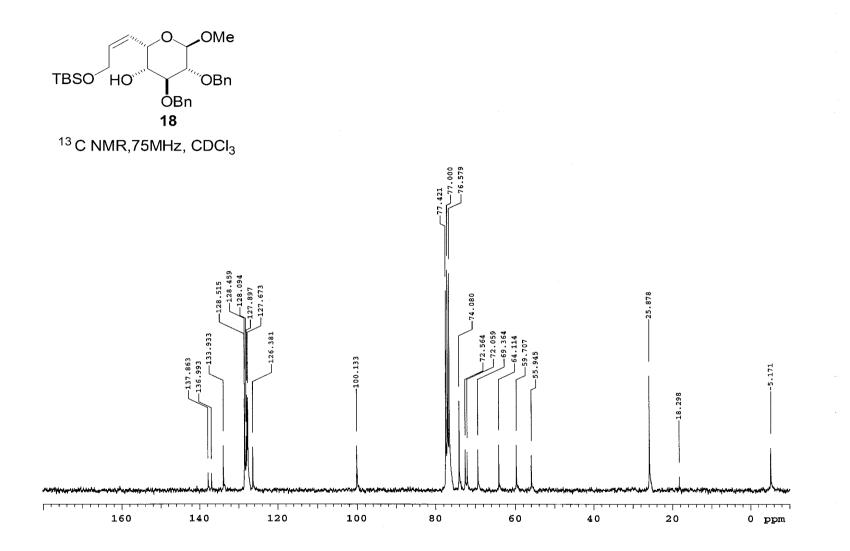
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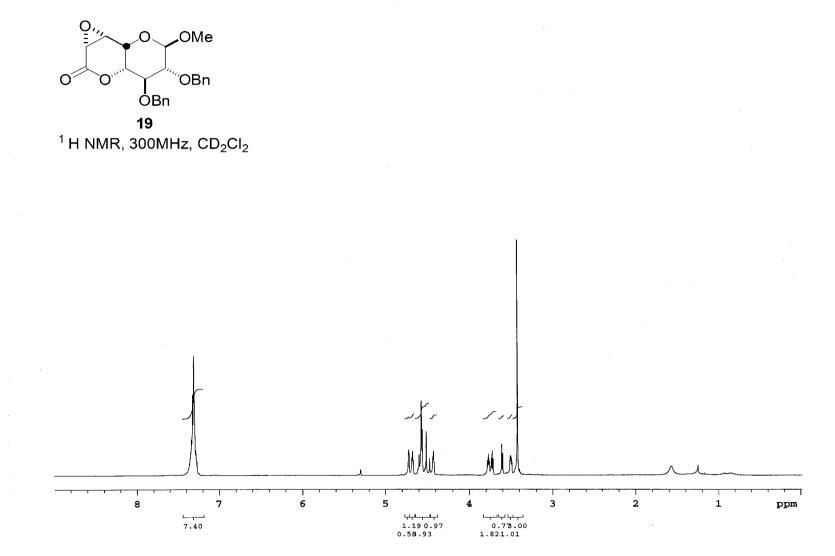


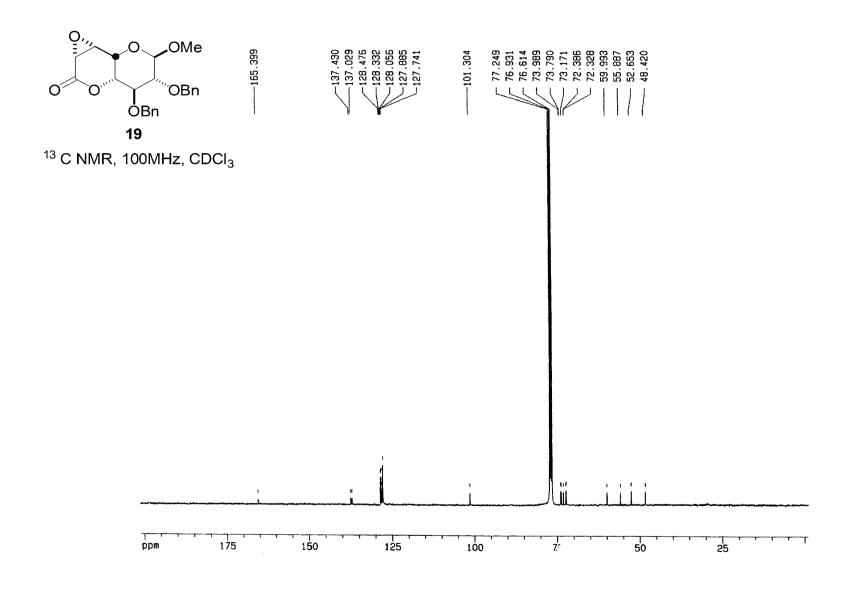


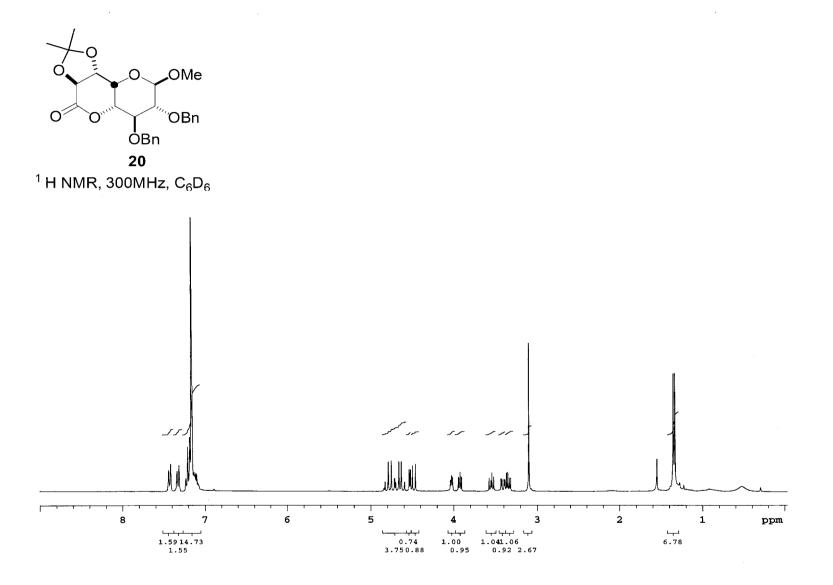


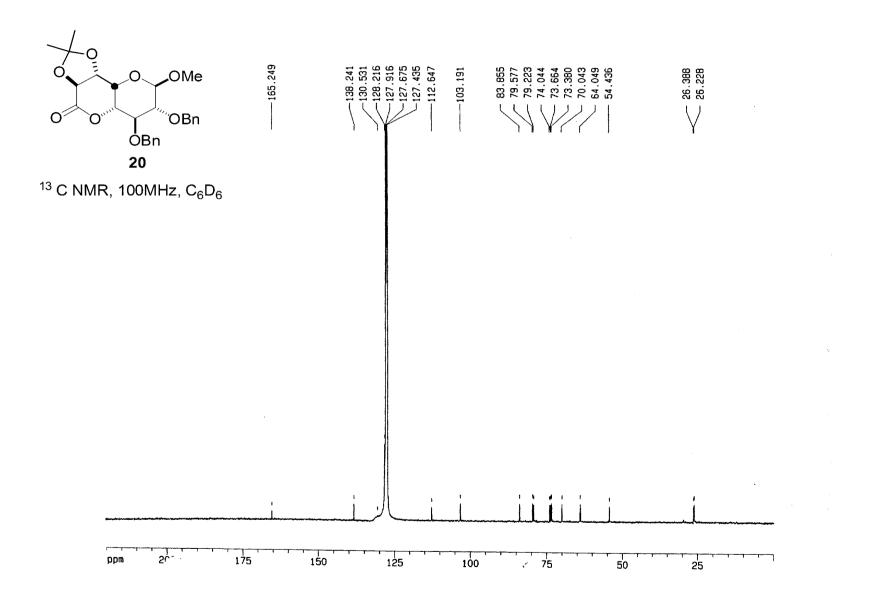


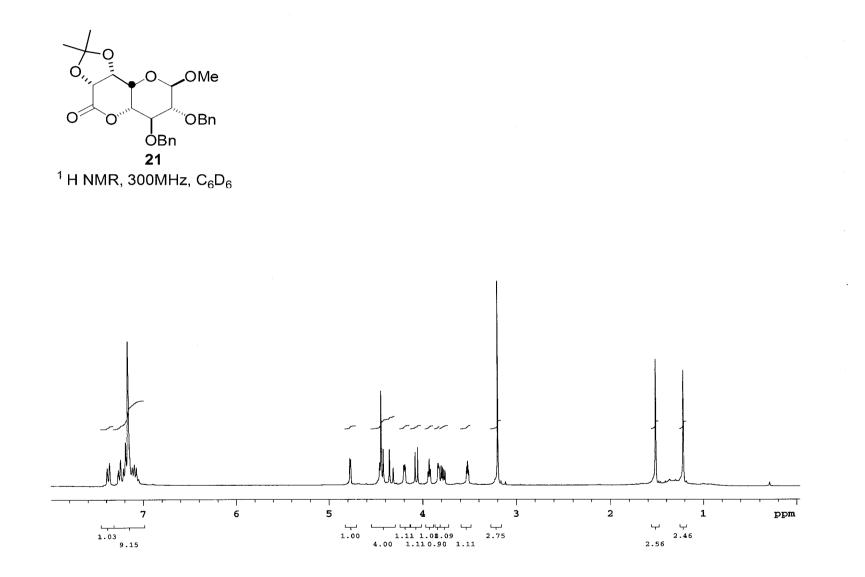


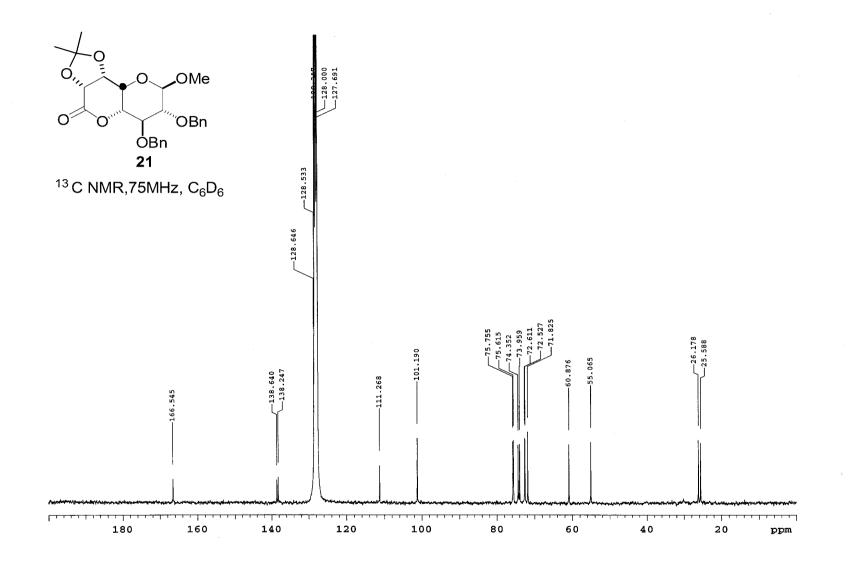


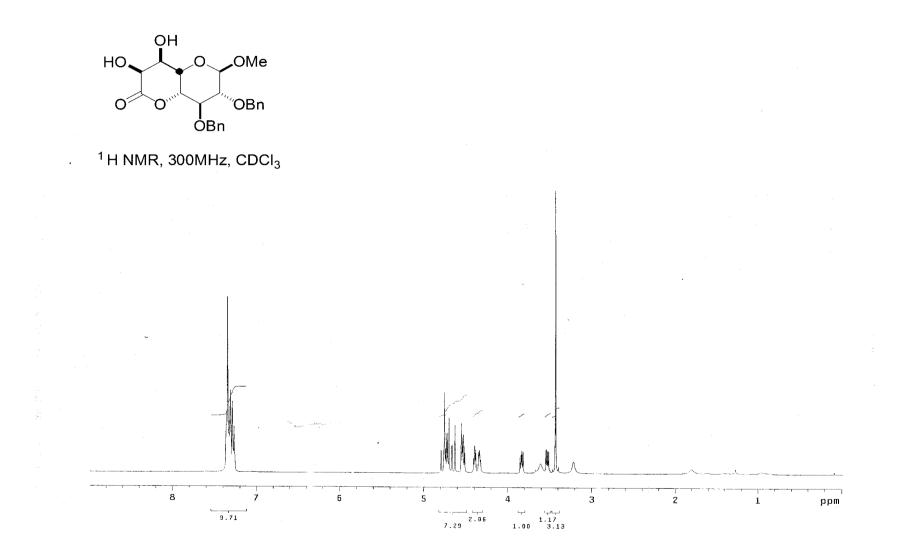


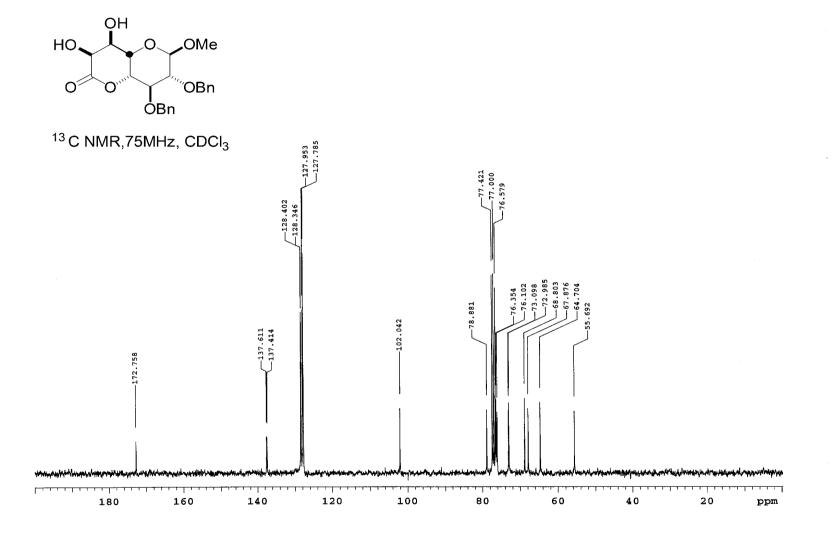


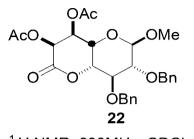


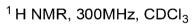


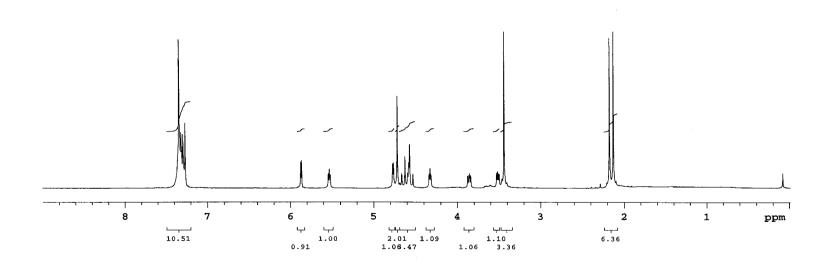


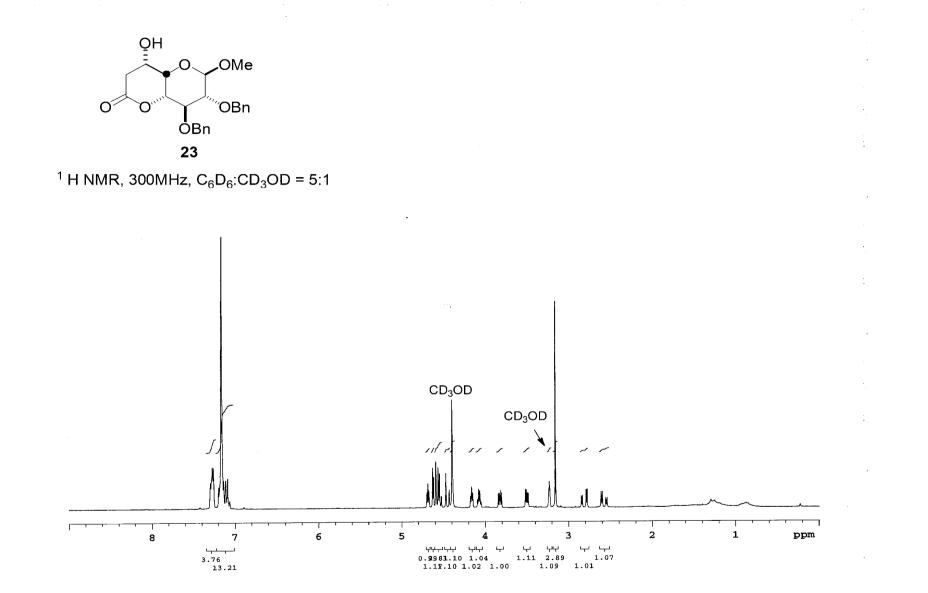




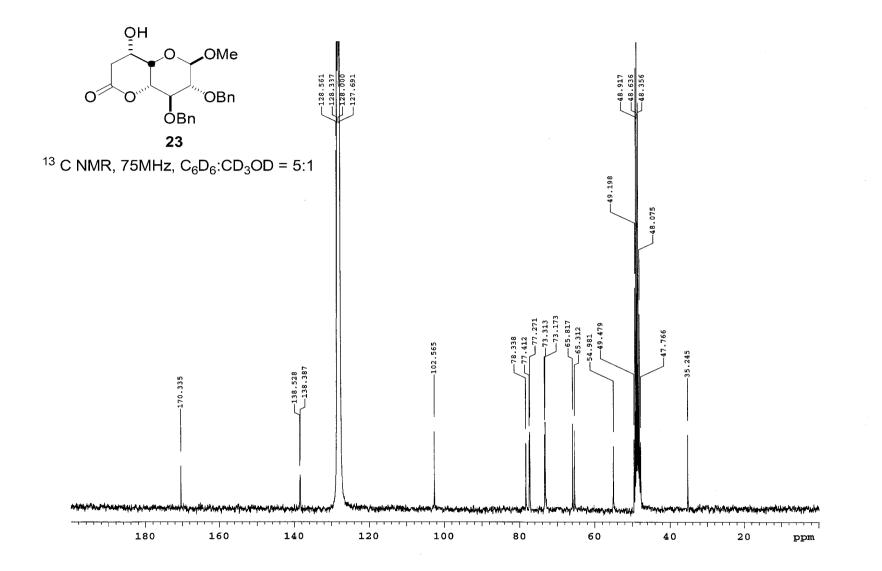


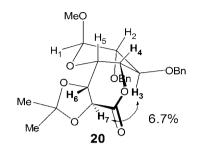


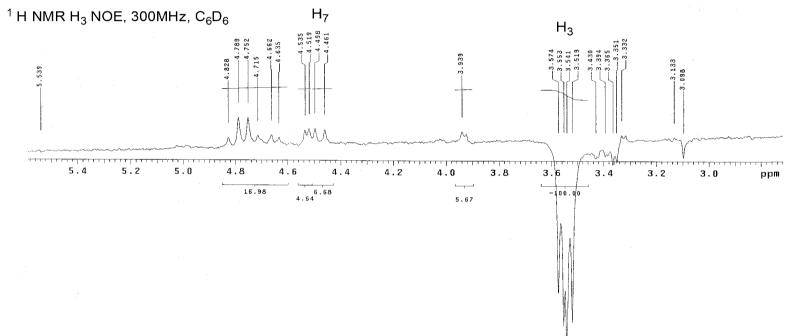


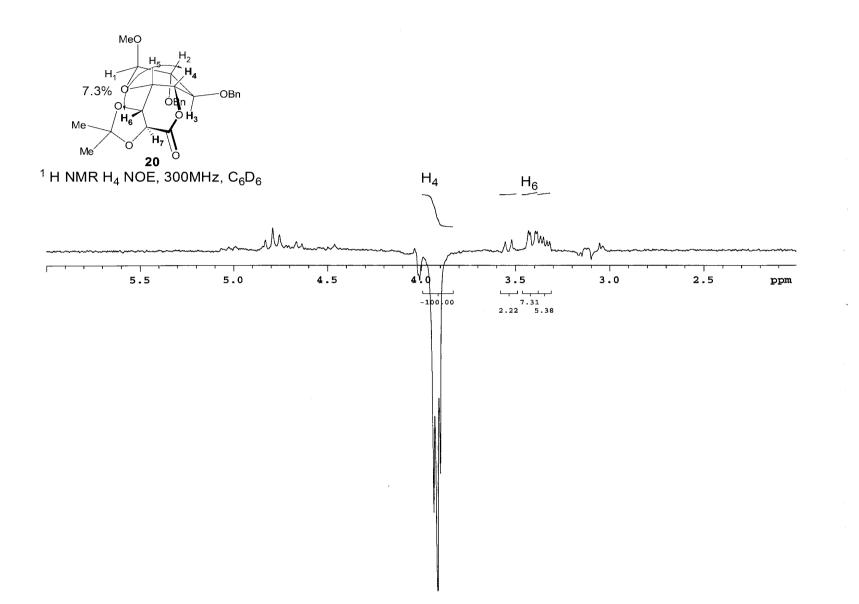


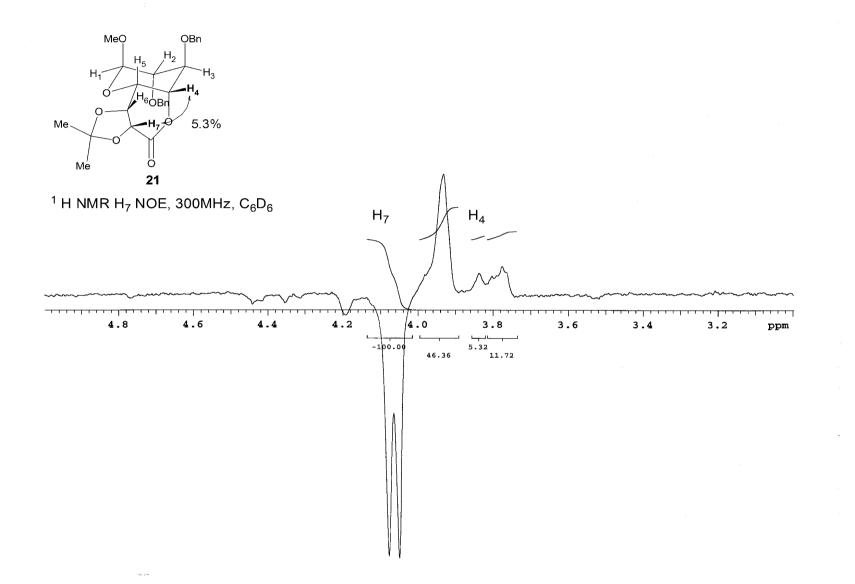
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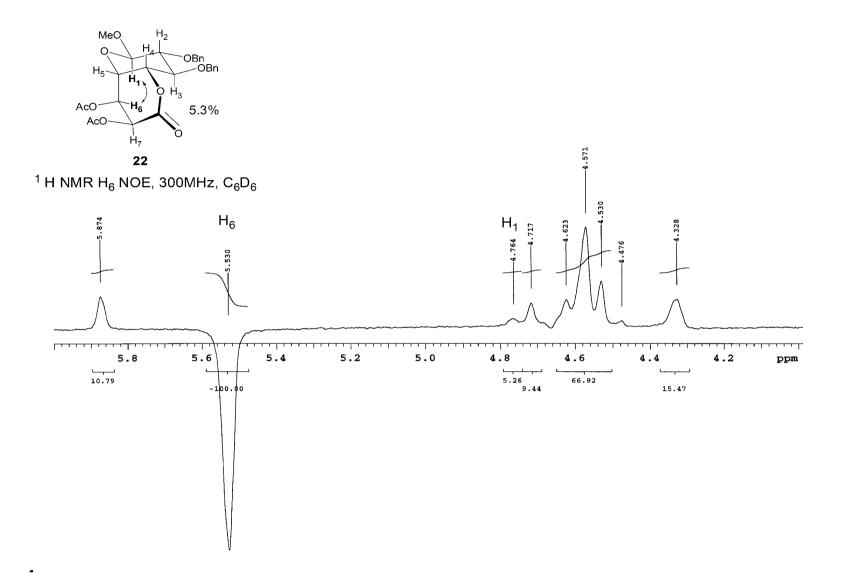


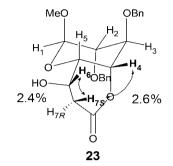


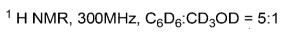












H_{7R} H_{7s}

