## Aplaminal: A Novel Cytotoxic Aminal Isolated from the Sea Hare Aplysia kurodai

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## **List of Supporting Information**

## **Experimental Procedures**

<sup>1</sup>H NMR Data for aplaminal (1; 270 MHz, acetone-d<sub>6</sub>)

Chart 1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum of aplaminal (1; 270 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)

Chart 2. <sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum of aplaminal (1; 270 MHz, acetone-d<sub>6</sub>)

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Chart 6. HMBC Spectrum of aplaminal (1; 600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)

## **Experimental Procedures**

Material. The sea hare Aplysia kurodai was collected at the reef of Azurihama, Mie, Japan.

Extraction and isolation. Approximately 18 kg (wet weight) of sea hare was extracted with methanol (36 L) for 1 week. The extract was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate (3 × 1 L) and water (1 L). The ethyl acetate layer was washed with water (500 mL) and concentrated. The residue (21.9 g) was partitioned between 90% methanol (1 L) and hexane (2× 1 L). The 90% methanol layer was concentrated and partitioned between 60% methanol (1 L) and dichloromethane (2 × 1 L). The dichloromethane layer was concentrated. The residue (11.8 g) was loaded on a silica gel column (200 g) and eluted with benzene-ethyl acetate = 1:1  $\rightarrow$  ethyl acetate  $\rightarrow$  ethyl acetate-methanol = 4:1  $\rightarrow$  1:1  $\rightarrow$  methanol (1.2 L each). The concentrated fraction (0.7 g) eluted with ethyl acetate-methanol = 1:1 was loaded on an aluminum oxide column (0.7 g) and eluted with ethyl acetate  $\rightarrow$  ethyl acetate-methanol = 19:1  $\rightarrow$  9:1. The concentrated fraction (9.7 mg) eluted with ethyl acetate  $\rightarrow$  ethyl acetate-methanol = 19:1 was chromatographed by reversed-phase HPLC [1. Develosil ODS-HG-5,  $\phi$  20 × 250 mm, acetonitrile-0.02 M ammonium acetate = 65:35, 5 mL/min,  $t_R$  = 5 min; 2. Develosil ODS-HG-5,  $\phi$  20 × 250 mm, methanol-water = 50:50, 5 mL/min,  $t_R$  = 21 min] to give 1 (2.0 mg, 0.00001% based on wet wt).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR Data for aplaminal (1; 270 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  7.76 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (br s, 1H), 4.26 (ddd, J = 1.4, 5.7, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.85-3.75 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.66 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (m, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H).

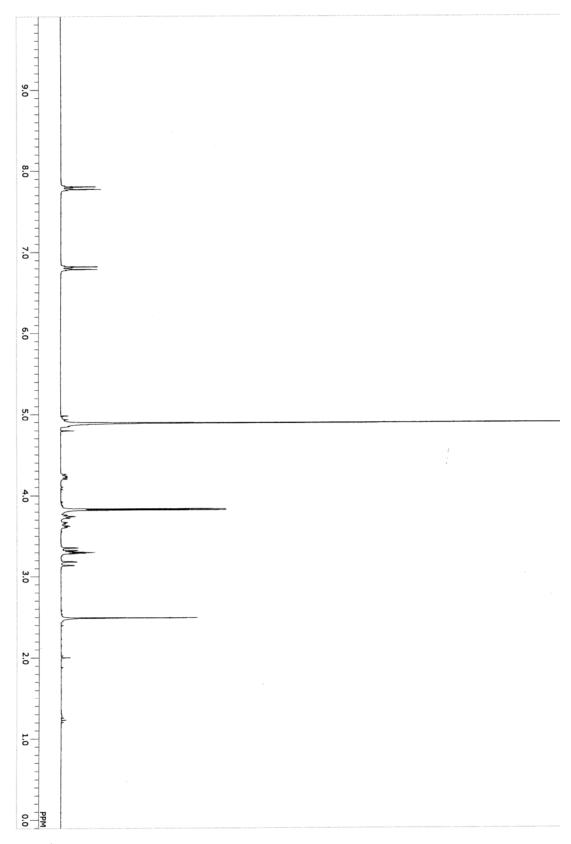
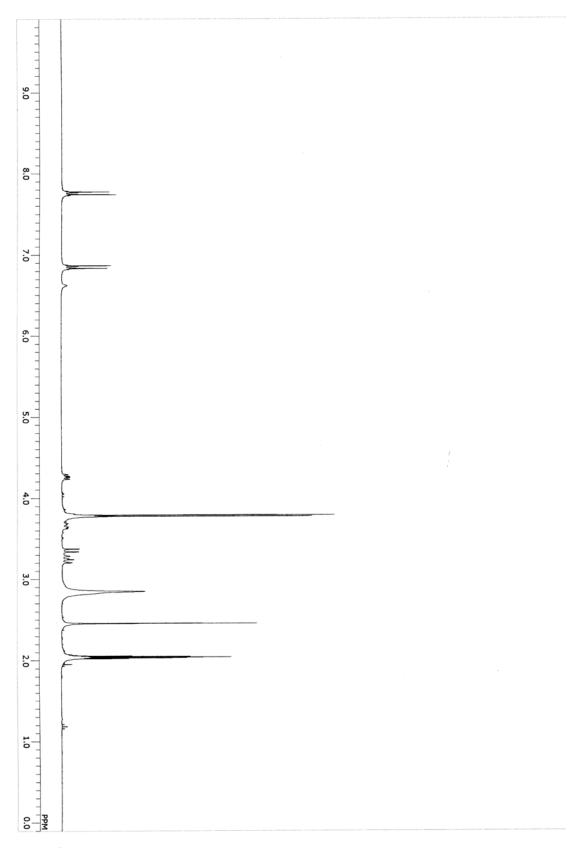


Chart 1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1 [270 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD].



**Chart 2.**  $^{1}$ H NMR spectrum of **1** [270 MHz, acetone- $d_{6}$ ].

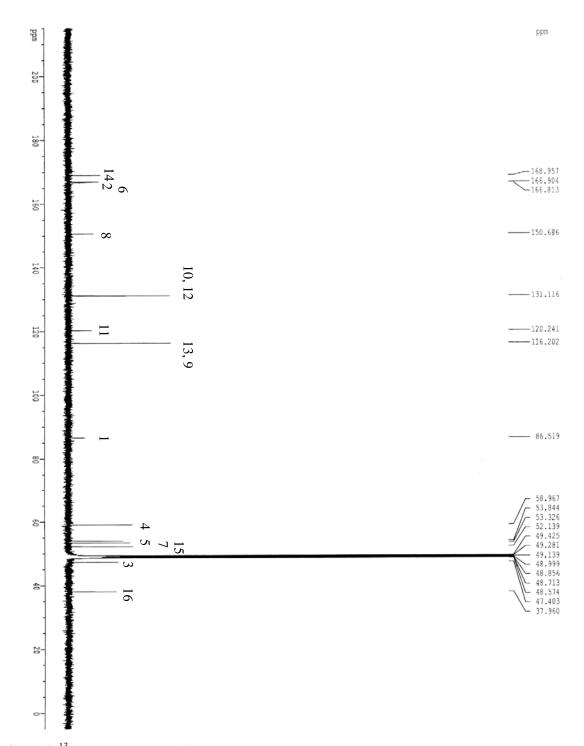


Chart 3. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 1 [151 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD].

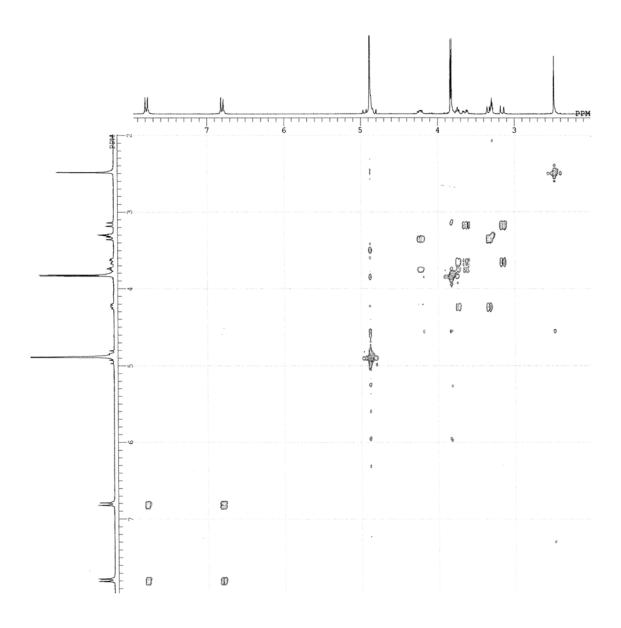


Chart 4. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY spectrum of 1 [270 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD].

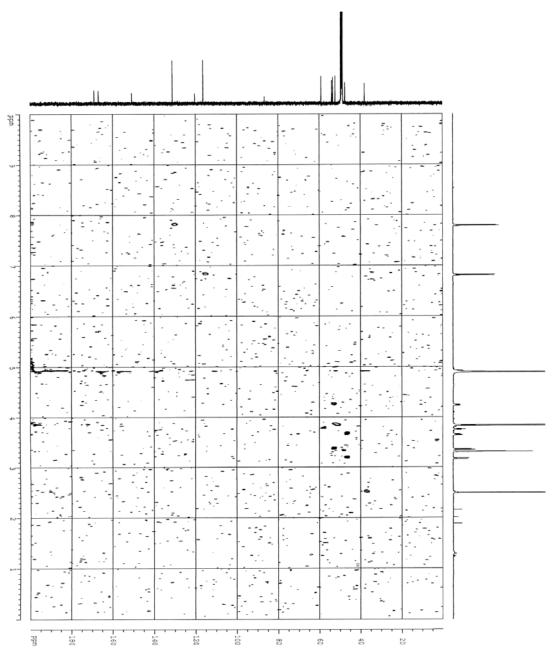


Chart 5. HMQC spectrum of 1 [600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD].

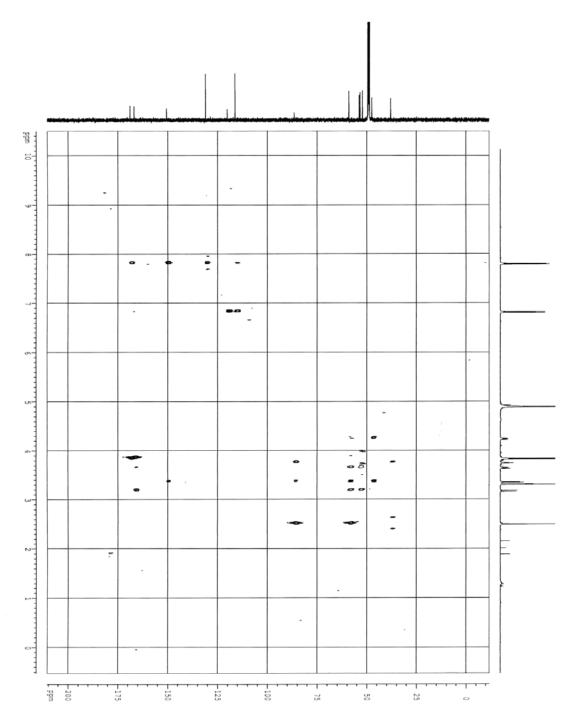


Chart 6. HMBC spectrum of 1 [600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD].