

Action spectroscopy of gas-phase carboxylate anions by multiple photon

IR electron detachment/attachment

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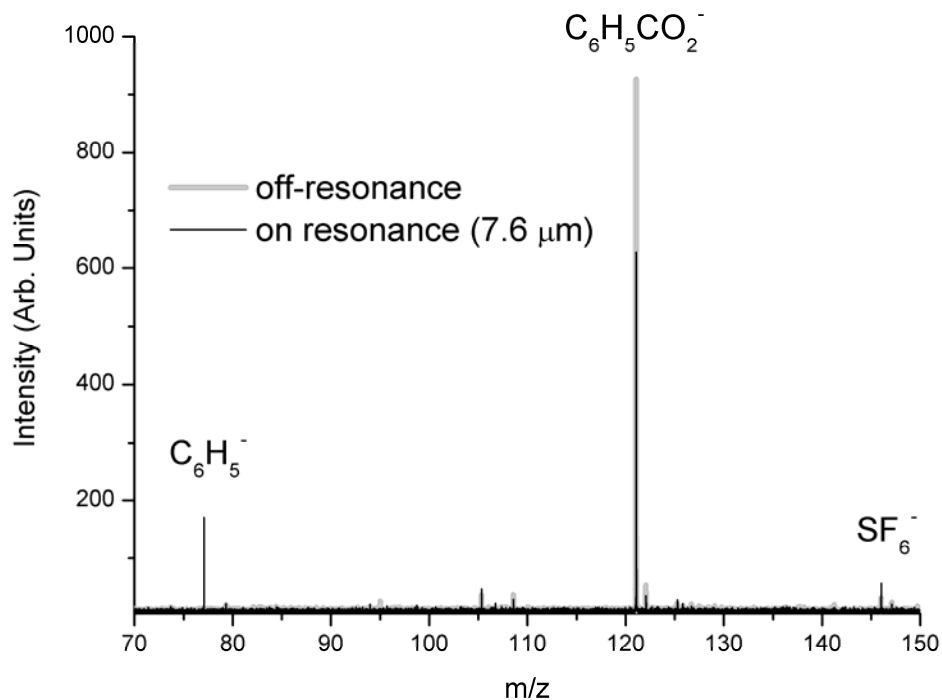
The Netherlands

Supplementary Information

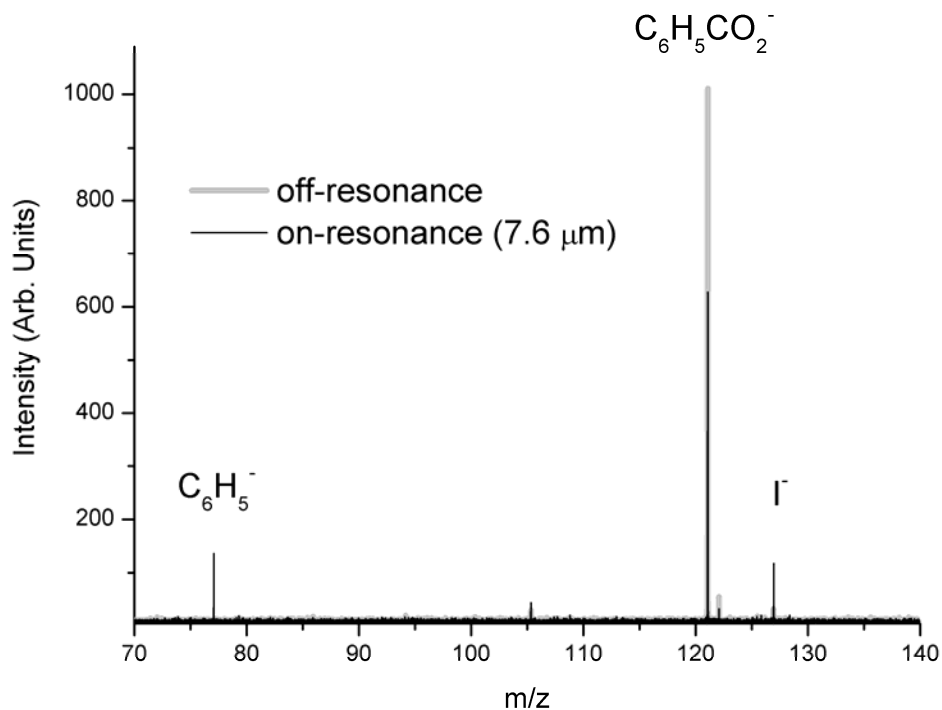
I. Mass Spectra

Benzoate mass spectra for the different scavengers while irradiated at the frequency of the symmetric stretch of the carboxylate group.

A.) SF₆ associative electron attachment:



B.) CH₃I dissociative electron attachment:



II. Full table of calculated dissociation versus detachment energies (in eV)

	Benzoate			Acetate			Propionate		
	Diss.	AEA	VDE	Diss.	AEA	VDE	Diss.	AEA	VDE
<i>B3LYP/</i>									
6-31+G*	2.49	3.43	3.97	2.71	3.14	3.64	2.93	3.16	3.60
6-31+G**	2.49	3.44	3.97	2.67	3.14	3.64	2.90	3.17	3.60
6-311++G**	2.31	3.48	4.02	2.50	3.17	3.66	2.70	3.20	3.61
aug-cc-pVDZ	2.39	3.42	3.95	2.54	3.13	3.64	2.75	3.16	3.59
aug-cc-pVTZ	2.41	3.43	3.96	2.41	3.14	3.63	2.61	3.17	3.58
<i>CCSD(T)/</i>									
6-31+G*	2.55	3.28	3.80	2.86	2.94	3.37	3.11	2.98	3.49
6-31+G**	2.52	3.30	3.81	2.79	2.97	3.40	3.04	3.01	3.52
6-311+G*	2.31	3.30	3.78	2.63	2.93	3.35	2.87	2.98	3.47
6-311++G**	2.27	3.33	3.80	2.51	2.98	3.39	2.74	3.03	-
aug-cc-pVDZ	-	-	-	2.55	3.12	3.54	2.84	3.16	-

III. Full table of calculated electron affinities (in eV) for the radicals corresponding to the anionic dissociation products resulting from CO₂ loss from benzoate, acetate and propionate.

	Adiabatic Electron Affinities		
	C ₆ H ₅	CH ₃	C ₂ H ₅
<i>B3LYP/</i>			
6-31+G*	1.06	0.000	-0.32
6-31+G**	1.06	0.001	-0.30
6-311++G**	1.09	0.002	-0.24
aug-cc-pVDZ	1.09	-0.004	-0.19
aug-cc-pVTZ	0.94	-0.004	-0.20
<i>CCSD(T)/</i>			
6-31+G*	0.84	0.018	-0.73
6-31+G**	0.90	0.015	-0.64
6-311+G*	-	0.015	-0.64
6-311++G**	1.03	0.010	-0.48
aug-cc-pVDZ	-	0.002	-0.30

IV. Calculated Structures of Acetate and Propionate Ions: Rotamers.

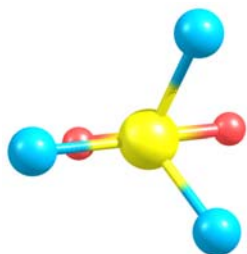
A. Acetate

Acetate Cs #1 (staggered) B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ



6	-0.000664000	-1.353269000	0.000000000
1	1.047099000	-1.697879000	0.000000000
1	-0.486897000	-1.749594000	0.903872000
1	-0.486897000	-1.749594000	-0.903872000
6	-0.009781000	0.207239000	0.000000000
8	-0.000664000	0.754578000	-1.136678000
8	-0.000664000	0.754578000	1.136678000

Acetate Cs #2 (eclipsed) B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ



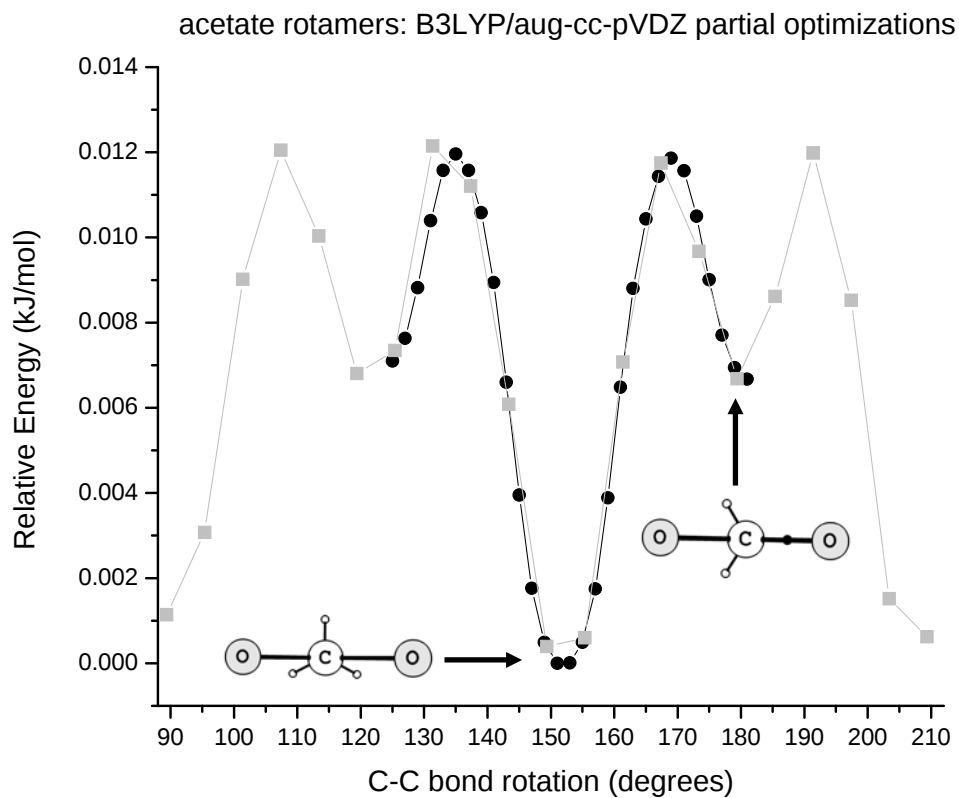
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6      0.035689000  -1.352495000  0.000000000
1     -0.496856000  -1.733837000  0.886248000
6      0.000000000   0.207171000  0.000000000
1     -0.496856000  -1.733837000 -0.886248000
1      1.068129000  -1.731456000  0.000000000
8      1.118018000   0.791713000  0.000000000
8     -1.154087000   0.717171000  0.000000000

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acetate rotamers	acet- E	acet- zpe	acet-	diff Cs1(kJ/mol)
<i>B3LYP/</i>				
aug-cc-pVDZ (Cs-1:staggered)	-228.5625069	0.047462	-228.51504	
aug-cc-pVDZ (Cs-2:eclipsed)	-228.5625044	0.047449	-228.51506	-0.0275677
<i>CCSD(T)/</i>				
<i>(@B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ opt)</i>				
6-31+G* (Cs-1:staggered)	-227.9198154			
6-31+G* (Cs-2:eclipsed)	-227.9198071			0.0217916
6-31+G** (Cs-1:staggered)	-227.9449106			
6-31+G** (Cs-2:eclipsed)	-227.9448899			0.0543478
6-311+G* (Cs-1:staggered)	-228.01879			
6-311+G* (Cs-2:eclipsed)	-228.0187648			0.0661626
6-311++G** (Cs-1:staggered)	-228.0433741			
6-311++G** (Cs-2:eclipsed)	-228.0433161			0.1522790
aug-cc-pVDZ(Cs-1:staggered)	-228.0082621			
aug-cc-pVDZ (Cs-2:eclipsed)	-228.0082907			-0.0750893

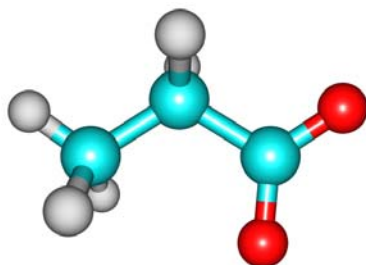
Calculated barrier to internal rotation for acetate



B. Propionate

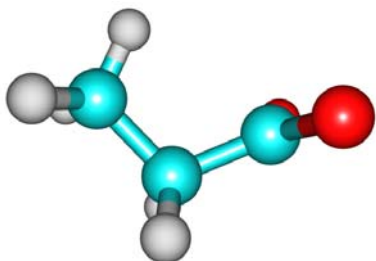
B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ

Cs1 E= -267.8805055 (0 imag. Freqs.)

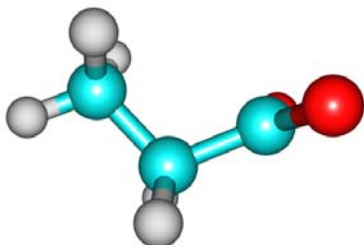


6	-0.262899000	-1.894691000	0.000000000
6	0.687453000	-0.694654000	0.000000000
1	0.290392000	-2.851320000	0.000000000
1	-0.919549000	-1.870920000	0.881149000
1	1.353040000	-0.730895000	0.878548000
1	-0.919549000	-1.870920000	-0.881149000
1	1.353040000	-0.730895000	-0.878548000
6	0.000000000	0.711177000	0.000000000
8	0.797932000	1.688350000	0.000000000
8	-1.261019000	0.727145000	0.000000000

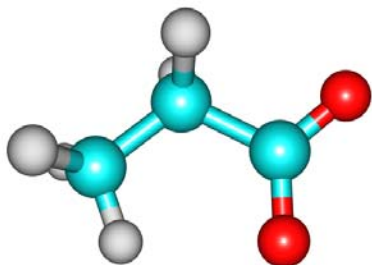
Cs2 E=-267.8742571 (2 imag. Freqs.)



Cs3 E=-267.8793643 (1 imag. Freq.)



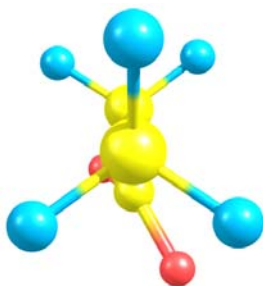
Cs4 E=-267.8779313 (1 imag. Freq.)



Cs#1 vs other Cs symmetry rotamers

B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ	prop- E	zpe	prop-	diff(kJ/mol)
Cs1	-267.88049	0.076	-267.8046	
Cs2	-267.87426	imag		16.36
Cs3	-267.87936	imag		2.95
Cs4	-267.87793	imag		6.72

C1: no symmetry



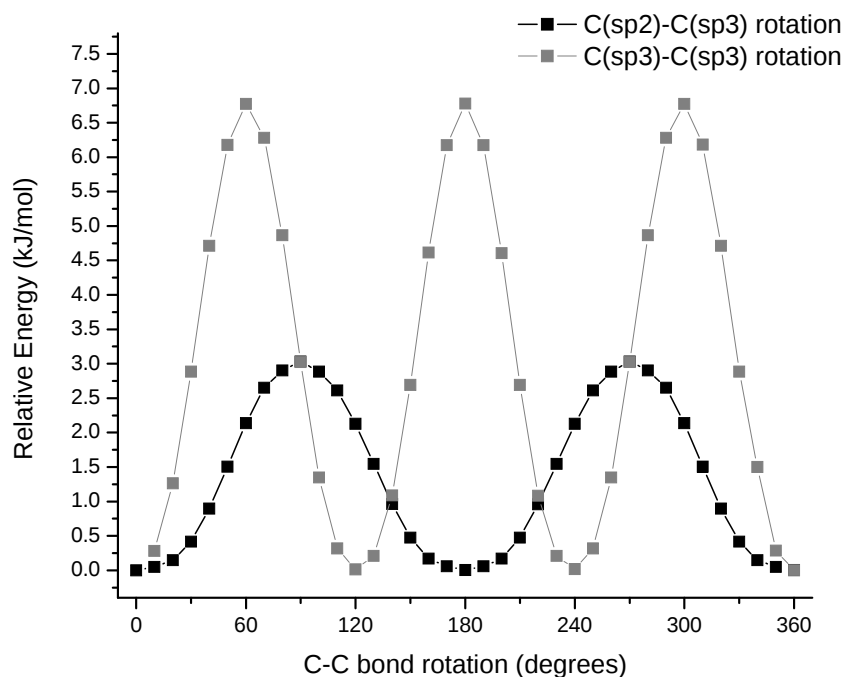
propionate C1 symmetry vs. Cs#1 symmetry

	prop- E	Zpe	prop-	diff(kJ/mol)
<i>B3LYP/</i>				
6-311++G** (Cs #1)	-267.9277	0.076	-267.8516	
6-311++G** (C1:no symmetry)	-267.92773	0.076	-267.8515	-0.06
aug-cc-pVDZ (Cs #1)	-267.88051	0.076	-267.8046	
aug-cc-pVDZ (C1:no symmetry)	-267.88049	0.076	-267.8046	0.04
<i>CCSD(T)/(@B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ opt)</i>				
6-31+G* (Cs1)	-267.10429			
6-31+G* (C1:no symmetry)	-267.10359			1.83
6-31+G** (Cs1)	-267.14617			
6-31+G** (C1:no symmetry)	-267.14569			1.27
6-311++G** (Cs1)	-267.25822			
6-311++G** (C1:no symmetry)	-267.25821			0.01
aug-cc-pVDZ (Cs1)	-267.2155			
aug-cc-pVDZ (C1:no symmetry)	-267.21437			2.96

The above calculations compare the energy of the optimized “staggered” propionate structure with no symmetry (C1) to the lowest energy optimized structure of Cs symmetry, for each of the given levels of theory. For most calculations, the symmetric structure is slightly lower in energy, as is also shown by the torsional barrier calculations below.

Calculated barriers to internal rotation for propionate

propionate internal rotation: B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ partial optimizations



C. Comparison to Internal Rotation for Benzoate

