

Supporting information for

The Design, Synthesis and Anti-viral Activity of Monofluoro and Difluoro Analogues of 4'-Azidocytidine Against Hepatitis C Virus

Replication: The Discovery of 4'-Azido-2'-deoxy-2'-

fluoroarabinocytidine and 4'-Azido-2'-dideoxy-2',2'-difluorocytidine.

*David B. Smith,[†] Genadiy Kalayanov,[§] Christian Sund,[§] Anna Winqvist,[§] Tatiana Maltseva,[§]
Vincent J-P. Leveque,[†] Sonal Rajyaguru,[†] Sophie Le Pogam,[†] Isabel Najera,[†] Kurt Benkestock,[§]
Xiao-Xiong Zhou,[§] Ann C. Kaiser,[†] Hans Maag,[†] Nick Cammack,[†] Joseph A. Martin,[†] Steven
Swallow,[†] Nils Gunnar Johansson,[§] Klaus Klumpp,[†] and Mark Smith^{*†}*

[†]Roche Palo Alto LLC, 3431 Hillview Avenue, Palo Alto, CA 94304, USA.

[§]Medivir AB, Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Lunastigen 7, SE-141, 44 Huddinge,
Sweden.

*Corresponding author. Tel.: +1 650 855 5076; fax: +1 650 852 1132; e-mail Mark.Smith@Roche.com

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Biological methods

The HCV replicon assay was performed in the stable replicon cell line 2209-23 derived from Huh-7 cells stably transfected with a bicistronic HCV replicon (genotype 1b) expressing the Renilla luciferase reporter gene, as described.^{1,2}

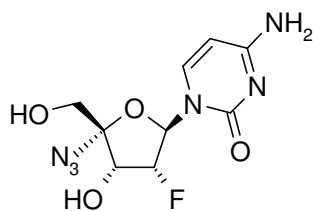
Analytical methods.

The analytical RP-HPLC system consisted of Waters 2695 Alliance separation module, Waters 996 photodiode array detector, and Micromass ZQ2000 mass detector (operated in +ESI). The columns used were an Atlantis dC18, 3 × 150 mm, 3 μm, 100A from Waters and Hypercarb, 50 × 3, 3 μm, from Thermo Electron Corporation. The mobile phases were based on water/acetonitrile containing 5 mM ammonium acetate. LC-MS accurate mass measurements were performed using a HDMS Synapt instrument from Waters (UK) equipped with a lockspray interface, connected to a Waters Aquity system. The acquisition range was m/z 100 to 1000 with an acquisition time of 0.15 s (+ESI). Leucine enkephalin was used as lock mass. The reversed phase column was an YMC-UltraHT Pro C₁₈, 2.1 × 50 mm, 2μm, 120A from YMC (U.S.A) and the mobile phases were based on water/acetonitrile containing 0.2% formic acid. ¹H - and ¹³C - NMR experiments were carried out on Varian spectrometer (UNITY INOVA) at magnetic field strength of 11.7 T operating at 499.84 MHz for ¹H and 125.67 MHz for ¹³C, unless otherwise stated. The spectrometer was equipped with ¹H, ¹³C, ¹⁵N 5 mm Indirect detected Cryo Probe. ¹H and ¹³C pulses were applied with 36.8 kHz and 15.7 kHz field, respectively. ¹³C decoupling was performed using GARP with 8.8 kHz field strength. To avoid the spinning artifacts, all spectra were measured on non-spinning samples. All experiments have been done at temperature 25 °C. The assignment of the ¹H - and ¹³C resonances have been based on homonuclear 2D COSY and NOESY experiments as well as on inverse heteronuclear experiments, gHSQC and gHMBC. For COSY and NOESY experiments, the data sets were recorded as 2 K × 256 real matrix with 4 (and 16) scans for each t_1 value and a spectral width of 14 ppm. For gHSQC and gHMBC, the

data sets were recorded as $2\text{ K} \times 256$ real matrix with 4 scans for each t_1 value and a spectral width of 14 ppm in F2 and 230 ppm in F1 with the carrier 6 and 125 ppm, respectively. In all cases the recycle delay used was 2.0 s.

Compound	Mw (Da)	Purity (%)
10	286.1	98.9
17	286.1	99.6
20	286.1	94.2
28	286.1	97.6
34	305.1	99.8

1-(4'-Azido-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-β-D-ribofuranosyl)cytosine (10).



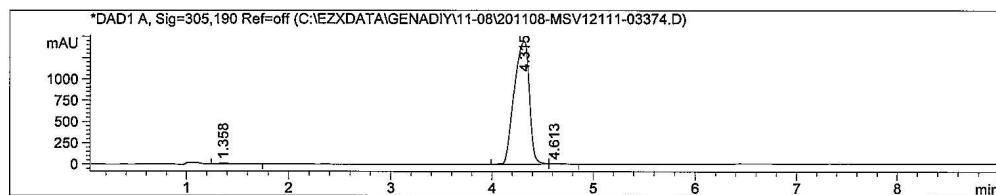
10

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Acq. Instrument : MIKI
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Location       : Vial 5
Inj            : 1
Inj Volume     : 5 µl

Acq. Method    : C:\Chem32\1\METHODS\ROCHE5.M
Last changed   : 2008-11-20 12:47:10 by Genadiy Kalayanov
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Analysis Method: C:\Chem32\1\METHODS\PN0599A3.M
Last changed   : 2008-11-18 11:26:26 by Christian Sund
                (modified after loading)
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                Flow: 0.8 ml/min. UV=210-400 nm, ACE C8 3 * 50 mm
                Mobile phase A: 10 mM NH4Ac in 90% H2O, B: 10 mM NH4Ac in 90% ACN

Sample Info    : a
                Agilent Easy-Access Method: 'Roche 5 min'
                *** No target masses specified ***
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Sample Name: MSV121

Area Percent Report

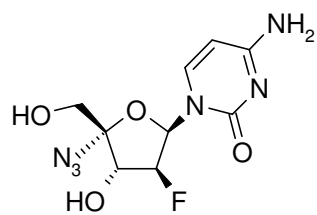
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Multiplier     : 1.0000
Dilution       : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs
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Signal has been modified after loading from rawdata file!

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	1.358	BB	0.0903	67.67107	11.22322	0.4451
2	4.315	BV	0.1754	1.50299e4	1444.23279	98.8579
3	4.613	VB	0.1209	105.97323	11.56340	0.6970

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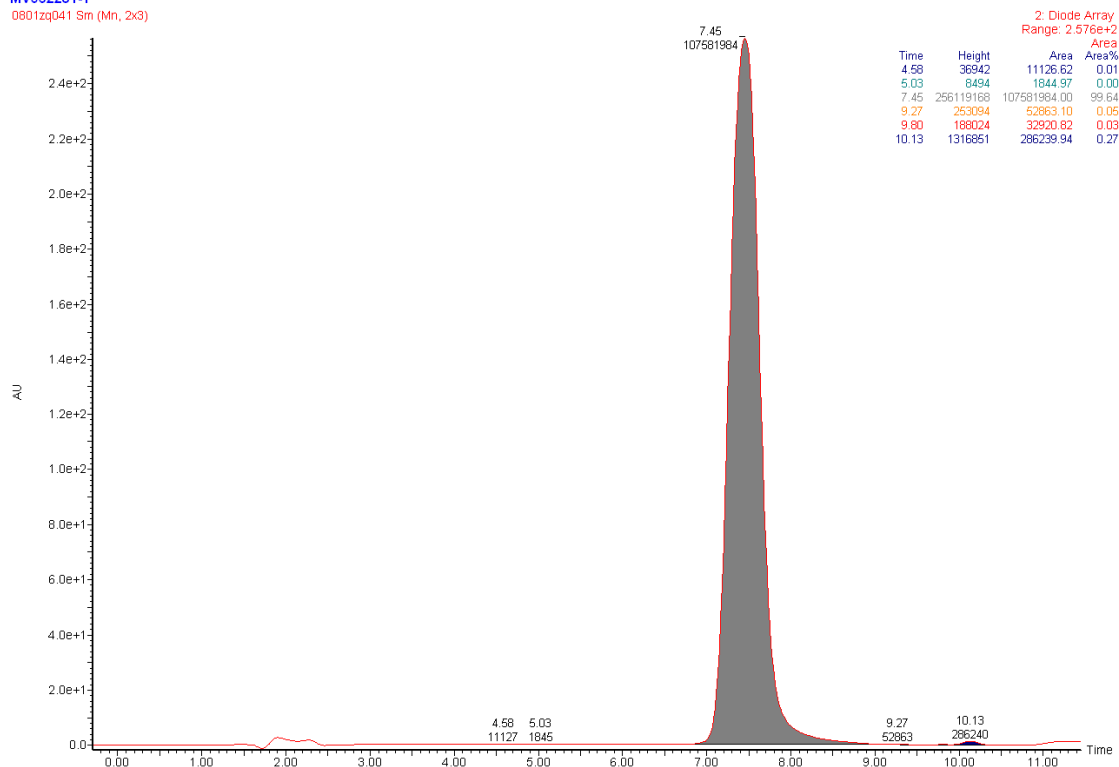
1-(4'-Azido-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro- β -D-arabinofuranosyl)cytosine (17).



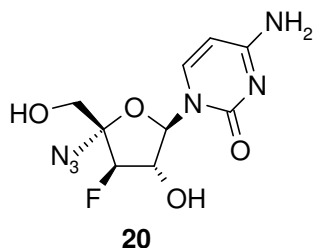
17

MV062281-1

0801zq041 Sm (Mn, 2x3)



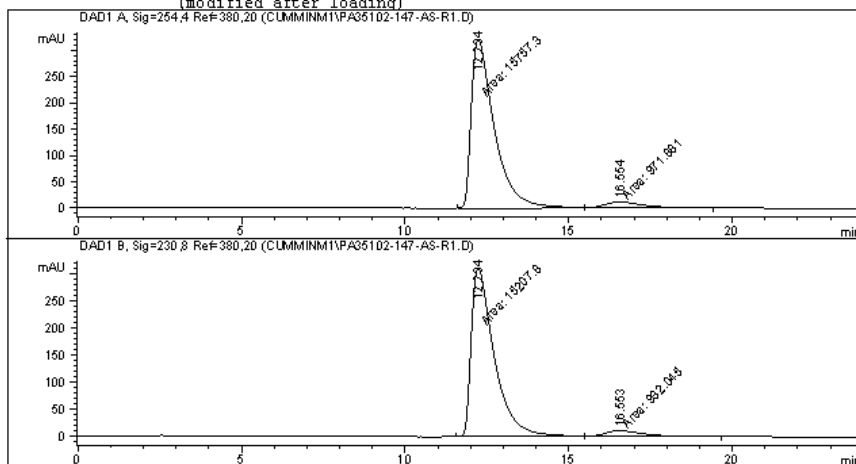
1-(4'-Azido-3'-deoxy-3'-fluoro-β-D-xylofuranosyl)cytosine (20).



Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\CUMMINM1\PA35102-147-AS-R1.D
Sample Name: PA35102-147

Chiralpak AS-H 85/15 Hexanes/EtOH @ 1.2 ml/min

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=====
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Sample Name    : PA35102-147              Location : Vial 33
Acq. Operator  : Marquis Cummings
Acq. Instrument: 1100HPLC                 Inj Volume : 5 µl
Acq. Method    : C:\CHEM32\1\METHODS\25 AS AN.M
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Analysis Method: C:\CHEM32\1\METHODS\25 OJ AN.M
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Area Percent Report

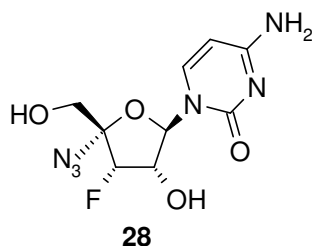
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Dilution       : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs
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Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254.4 Ref=380.20

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	12.234	MF	0.8174	1.57573e4	321.27060	94.1905
2	16.554	FM	1.4087	971.88129	11.49824	5.8095

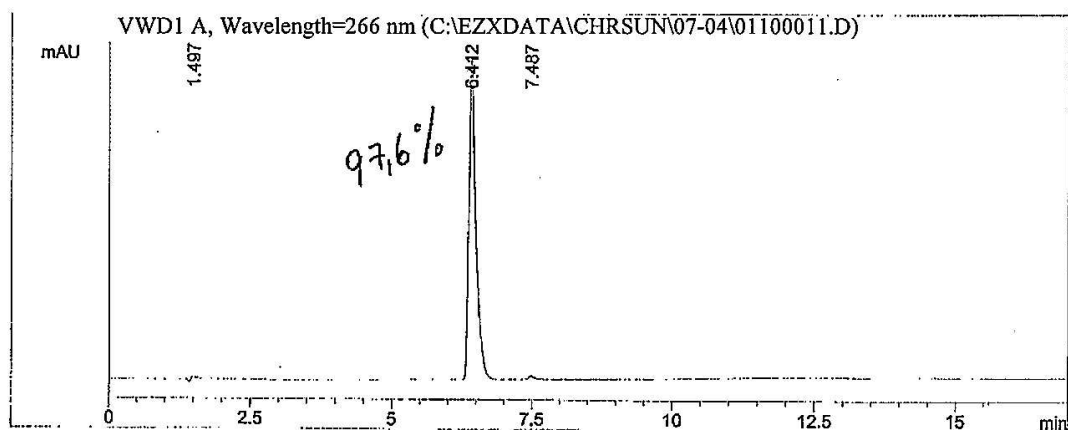
Totals : 1.67292e4 332.76884

1-(4'-Azido-3'-deoxy-3'-fluoro-β-D-ribofuranosyl)cytosine (28)



Print of window 38: Current Chromatogram(s)
 Bpure12
 Agilent Easy-Access Method: 'Roche Method'
 *** No target masses specified ***

```
=====
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Acq. Operator    : Christian Sund
Acq. Instrument  : INSTRUMENT1                  Inj Volume : 5 µl
Acq. Method      : C:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\ROCHE_GR.M
Last changed     : 2004-07-01 13:04:25 PM by Christian Sund
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Analysis Method  : C:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\ROCHE_GR.M
Last changed     : 2004-07-01 14:32:20 PM by Genadiy Kalayanov
                  (modified after loading)
Gradient ACN/H2O: 10/90 --> 90/10 in 10 min
Flow: 1.0 ml/min, 266 nm
HyperCarb 4.6 * 100 mm
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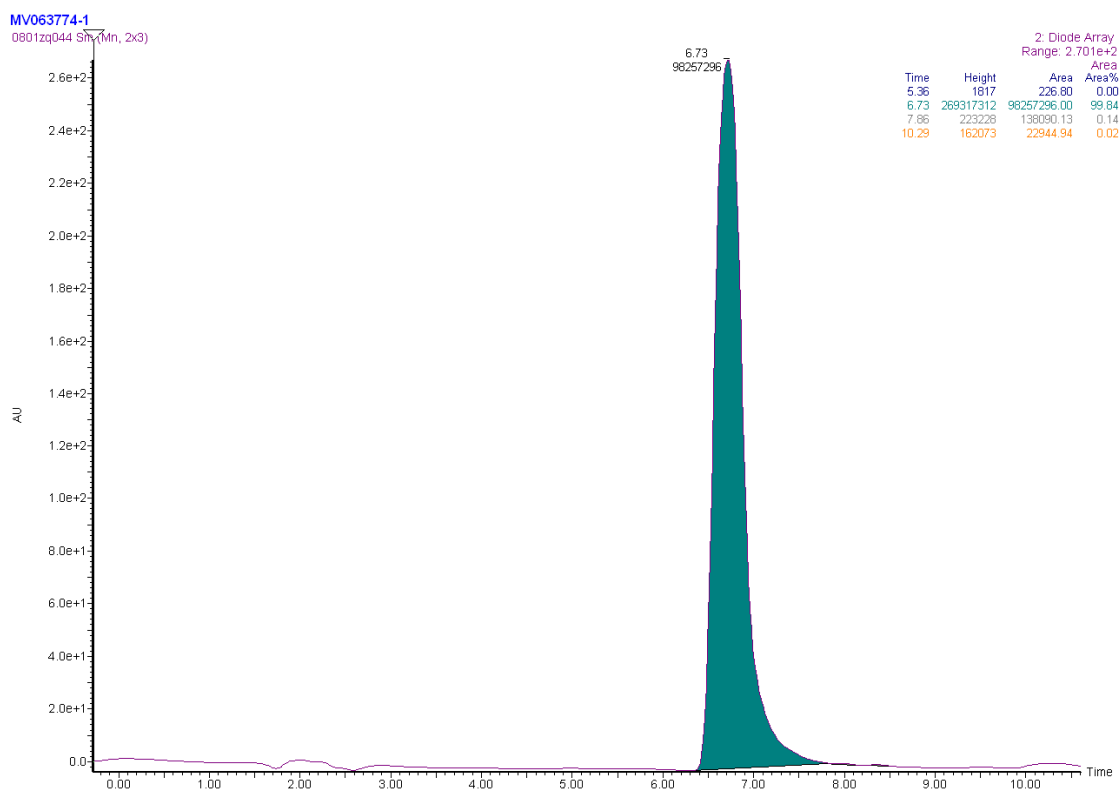
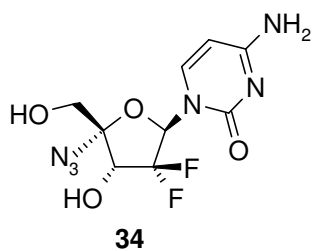
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Area Percent Report

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=266 nm

Peak #	Time [min]	Type	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	1.497	PB	27.44311	2.81430	1.4286
2	6.412	BB	1874.70911	212.52504	97.5971
3	7.487	VB	18.71299	2.19273	0.9742

1-(4'-Azido-2'-dideoxy-2',2'-difluoro-β-D-ribofuranosyl)cytosine (34).



References.

(1) Klumpp, K.; Leveque, V.; Le Pogam, S.; Ma, H.; Jiang, W-R.; Kang, H.; Granycome, C.; Singer, M.; Laxton, C.; Hang, J. Q.; Sarma, K.; Smith, D. B.; Heindl, D.; Hobbs, C. J.; Merrett, J. H.; Symons, J.; Cammack, N.; Martin, J. A.; Devos, R. and Najera, I. The Novel Nucleoside

Analog R1479 (4'-Azidocytidine) Is a Potent Inhibitor of NS5B-dependent RNA Synthesis and Hepatitis C Virus Replication in Cell Culture. *J. Biol. Chem.* **2006**, 281, 3793–3799.

(2) Klumpp, K.; Kalayanov, G.; Ma, H.; Le Pogam, S.; Leveque, V.; Jiang, W-R.; Inocencio, N.; De Witte.; Rajyaguru, S.; Tai, E.; Chanda, S.; Irwin, M. R.; Sund, C.; Winkvist, A.; Maltseva, T.; Eriksson, S.; Usova, E.; Smith, M.; Alker, A.; Najera, I.; Cammack, N.; Martin, J. A.; Johansson, N. G. and Smith, D. B. 2'-deoxy-4'-azido nucleoside analogs are highly potent inhibitors of HCV replication despite the lack of 2'-alpha hydroxyl groups. *J. Biol. Chem.* **2008**, 283, 2167–2175.