Synthesis and Device Performances of Highly Efficient Fluorene-based Blue Emission Polymers Containing Bulky 9,9-Dialkylfluorene Substitutes

Jae-Kyu Jin,¹ Soon-Ki Kwon^{2,*}, Yun-Hi Kim², Dong-Cheol Shin,³ Hong You³ and Hee-Tae Jung^{1,*}

Supporting Information

¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR Spectra of Monomers and Polymers

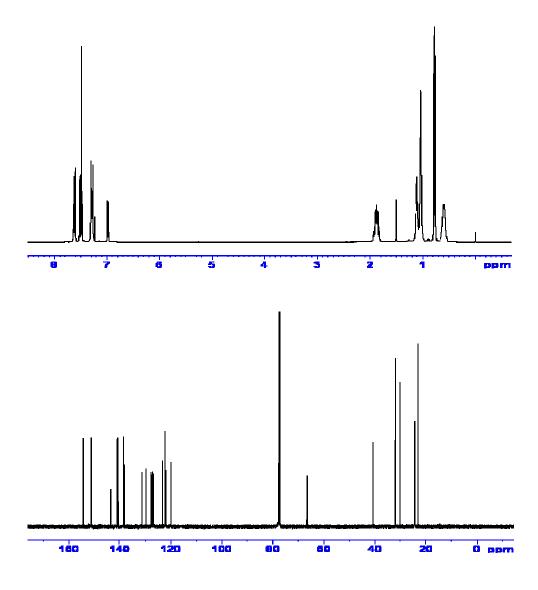


Figure S1. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 9,9-di(9,9-dihexylfluoren-2-yl)-2,7-dibromofluorene) (MDFF). (The ¹H NMR peak at 7.2 ppm and 1.5 ppm correspond to chloroform and water, respectively and the ¹³C NMR peak at 77.3 ppm correspond to chloroform.)

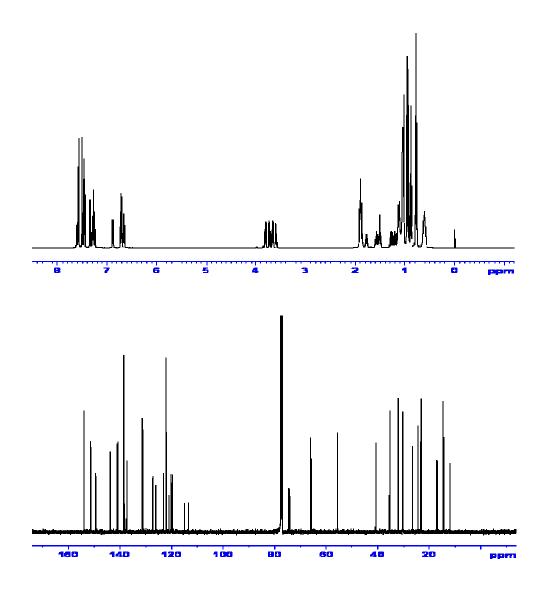


Figure S2. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 9-(9,9-dihexylfluoren-2-yl)-9-(3,4-di(2-methyl)butyloxyphenyl)-2,7-dibromofluorene (MFCF). (The ¹H NMR peak at 7.2 ppm and 1.5 ppm correspond to chloroform and water, respectively and the ¹³C NMR peak at 77.3 ppm correspond to chloroform.)

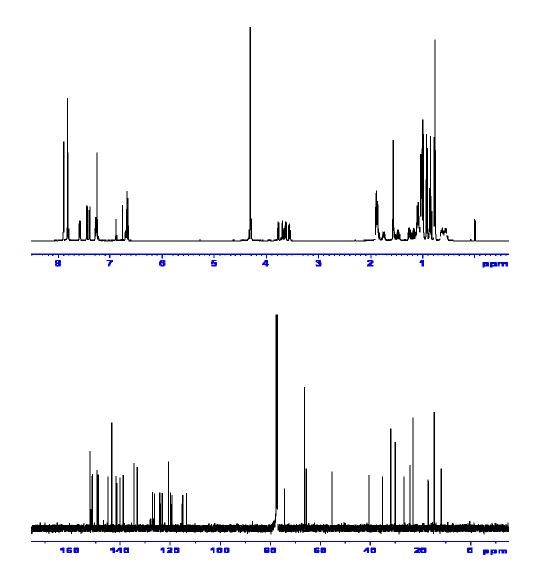


Figure S3. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 9-(9,9-dihexylfluoren-2-yl)-9-(3,4-di(2-methyl)butyloxyphenyl)fluorene-2,7-bisboronic glycol ester (MFCFB). (The ¹H NMR peak at 7.2 ppm and 1.5 ppm correspond to chloroform and water, respectively and the ¹³C NMR peak at 77.3 ppm correspond to chloroform.)

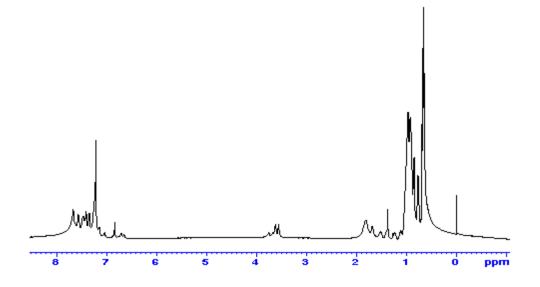


Figure S4. ¹H NMR Spectra of DFF-FCF (The ¹H NMR peak at 7.2 ppm and 1.5 ppm correspond to chloroform and water, respectively)

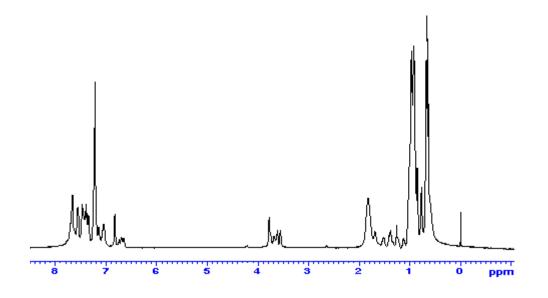


Figure S5. ¹H NMR Spectra of DFF-FCF-TPD (The ¹H NMR peak at 7.2 ppm and 1.5 ppm correspond to chloroform and water, respectively)