

Anguinomycins C & D and Derivatives: Total Syntheses, Modelling and Biological Evaluation on CRM-1 mediated Nucleocytoplasmic Transport

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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

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1. General Methods and Materials

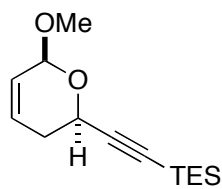
Unless otherwise stated, chemicals were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, ABCR, Acros or Lancaster and used without further purification. Solvents for work-up and chromatography were distilled from technical quality. Solvents used for chemical transformations were either puriss quality or dried by filtration through activated aluminium oxide under argon or nitrogen (H_2O content < 30 ppm, *Karl-Fisher* titration). All non-aqueous reactions were run in oven-dried or flame-dried glassware under a positive pressure of argon or nitrogen. Concentration under reduced pressure was performed by rotary evaporation at 40 °C (unless otherwise specified). Yields refer to purified, dried and spectroscopically pure compound. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Merck silica gel 60 F₂₅₄ plates (0.25 mm thickness) precoated with fluorescent indicator. The developed plates were examined under UV light and stained with ceric ammonium molybdate followed by heating. Flash chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 (230-240 mesh) from Fluka using a forced flow eluant at 0.3-0.5 bar pressure. Kugelrohr distillations were performed with a Büchi Glass Oven B-585. All ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded using either Varian Gemini 300 MHz (^1H) or 75 MHz (^{13}C), Varian Mercury 300 MHz (^1H) or 75 MHz (^{13}C), Bruker DRX 500 MHz (^1H) or 125 MHz (^{13}C), Bruker DPX 400 MHz (^1H) or 100 MHz (^{13}C), Bruker DRX 600 MHz (^1H) or 150 MHz (^{13}C), Bruker Advance 800 MHz (^1H) or 200 MHz (^{13}C) FT spectrometers at room temperature. Chemical shifts δ are reported in ppm, multiplicity is reported as follows: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, quint. = quintet, sext. = sextet, sept. = septet, m = multiplet or unresolved and coupling constant J in Hz. Analytical gas chromatography (GC) was performed on *Hewlett Packard, HP6810*. *Column*: supelco β dex 120, 30 m x 0.25 mm x 0.25 μm . *Carrier gas*: H_2 . *Temperature*: 120 °C isothermal. *Flow*: 2 mL/min. *Split ratio*: 40:1. *Detector*: FID. Analytical high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) was performed on a *Dionex Chromatography System* (Interface Chromeleon, ASI-100 automated sample injector, UV detector 170U or PDA-100 photodiode array detector, pump P680, TCC thermostated column compartment, degaser, MSQ-ESI mass spectrometric detector). The *flow rate* was 1 mL / min. *Column*: Phenomenex Gemini (5 μm) (C18 (150 x 4.6 mm)), solvent A: H_2O , solvent B: MeOH). Semi-preparative reversed-phase high-performance liquid chromatography (SP-HPLC) was performed on a *Dionex Chromatography System* (Interface Chromeleon, UV detector 170U or PDA-100 photodiode array detector, pump P680, TCC thermostated column compartment, degaser). The *flow rate* was 5 mL / min. *Column*: Phenomenex Gemini (5 μm) (C18 110A (150 x 10 mm)), solvent A: H_2O , solvent B: MeOH). All separations were performed at ambient temperature. IR spectra were recorded using a *Varian 2000 FT-IR ATR Spectrometer* or *Varian 800 FT-IR ATR Spectrometer*. The absorptions are reported in cm^{-1} and the IR bands were assigned as *s* (strong), *m* (medium) or *w* (weak). Optical rotations $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{\text{T}}$ were measured at the sodium D line using a 1 mL cell with a 1 dm path length on a Jasco

DIP 1000 digital polarimeter, Jasco P-1020 digital polarimeter, Jasco P-2000 digital polarimeter and the concentration c is given in g/100mL and the used solvent is CHCl_3 , MeOH or H_2O . Elemental analyses were performed by Mikroanalyse Labor of the Laboratorium für Organische Chemie der ETH Zürich or by Dr. *Euro Solari* in the Laboratory of Supramolecular Chemistry at the EPF Lausanne. All masses spectra were recorded by the Mass spectroscopy Service of Laboratorium für Organische Chemie der ETH Zürich on VG-TRIBRID (EI-MS) spectrometer and spectra measured at 70 eV, on TSQ 7000 ESI or by the Mass spectroscopy Service of EPF Lausanne on MICROMASS (ESI) Q-TOF Ultima API. Fragment ions are given in m/z with relative intensities (%) in parentheses. X-ray analyses were performed by Dr. *B. Schweizer* at the ETH Zürich or Dr. *R. Scopelliti* at the EPF Lausanne. UV spectra were measured on a *Varian Cary 1 Bio* UV-Visible spectrophotometer in a *Starna* quartz cell (10 mm path length). Lyophilisations were performed using a *Christ Freeze Dryer Alpha 1-2 LD plus*. Melting points (M.p.) were determined using a Büchi B-545 apparatus in open capillaries and are uncorrected.

2. Total Syntheses of Anguinomycins C & D

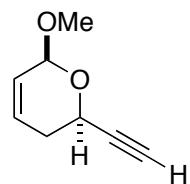
2.1. Synthesis of the C(1)-C(7) Fragment

Triethyl(((2*R*,6*S*)-6-methoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)ethynyl)silane (**9**)



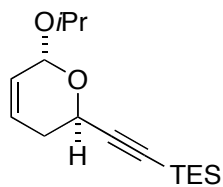
In a 10 mL flask under Ar was added 4 Å molecular sieves (1.26 g), **8** (0.30 g, 0.29 mmol, 0.02 equiv, 2.3 mol%), aldehyde **6** (2.12 g, 12.6 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and 1-methoxy-1,3-butadiene (**7**) (1.28 mL, 12.6 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and the mixture was stirred at RT for 18 hours. The reaction was diluted with pentane, filtered through Celite and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 100:0 → 98:2) to afford **9** (2.73 g, 10.8 mmol, 86%, *e.e.* = 96.2) as a colorless oil. *R_f* = 0.37 (pentane/Et₂O 9.5:0.5). Optical rotation [α]^{27.9}_D (*c* 0.92, CHCl₃) = +105.8°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.96-5.90 (m, 1 H), 5.66 (dq, *J*₁ = 10.3 Hz, *J*₂ = 1.9 Hz, 1 H), 5.01-4.98 (m, 1 H), 4.54 (dd, *J*₁ = 7.3 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.9 Hz, 1 H), 3.46 (s, 3 H), 2.42-2.20 (m, 2 H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 9 H), 0.56 (q, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 6 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 127.5, 126.6, 105.5, 97.2, 86.1, 61.5, 55.2, 31.3, 7.5, 4.3. GC (β -dex chiral column) (*T* = 120°C): *t*_{R1(minor)} = 42.08 minutes, *t*_{R2(major)} = 43.00 minutes and *e.e.* = 96.2. Elemental analysis calcd for C₁₄H₂₄O₂Si: [C] 66.61 %, [H] 9.58 %, [O] 12.68 %, [Si] 11.13 %; found [C] 66.61 %, [H] 9.67 %. LRMS-ESI 275.3 (100, [M+Na]⁺). FTIR ν 2956*m*, 2879*m*, 1982*w*, 1735*w*, 1336*w*, 1036*m*, 763*s*, 740*s* cm⁻¹.

(2*R*,6*S*)-2-ethynyl-6-methoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran (**10**)



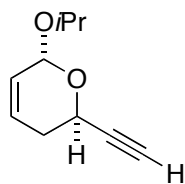
To a solution of **9** (200 mg, 0.79 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (6.30 mL) at 0°C was dropwise added TBAF (1 M in THF) (3.16 mL, 3.16 mmol, 4.00 equiv). The reaction was stirred for 15 min, warmed to RT, stirred for 1 h and quenched with water (20 mL). The mixture was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 30 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with brine (1 x 30 mL), dried (MgSO₄), filtered and carefully concentrated *in vacuo* at 0 °C. The deprotected alkyne **10** was dried over molecular sieves and used directly in the next step without further purification. *R_f* = 0.27 (pentane/Et₂O 9:1). ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.00 (dtd, *J*₁ = 10.3 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.0 Hz, *J*₃ = 1.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.74 (qd, *J*₁ = 10.3 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.01-4.99 (m, 1 H), 4.62 (dt, *J*₁ = 5.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.50 (s, 3 H), 2.40 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.37 (ddd, *J*₁ = 7.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.1 Hz, *J*₃ = 2.1 Hz, 2 H).

Triethyl(((2*R*,6*R*)-6-isopropoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)ethynyl)silane (11**)**



To a solution of *p*TsOH (76.0 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in *i*PrOH (0.4 M) (1.00 mL) was added **10** (100 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and the solution was stirred at RT for 2 hours. The reaction was quenched with dilute NaHCO₃ and extracted with Et₂O (3 x 20 mL). The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated to afford **11** (96.0 mg, 0.34 mmol, 86%) as a colorless oil, which was used without further purification. Optical rotation [α]^{28.7}_D (*c* 0.795, CHCl₃) = +33.7°. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.96 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.71 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.1 Hz, *J*₂ = 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.14 (br. s, 1 H), 4.71 (dd, *J*₁ = 11.1 Hz, *J*₂ = 3.7 Hz, 1 H), 4.07 (sept., *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.41 (dd, *J*₁ = 17.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 11.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.23 (dd, *J*₁ = 17.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.1 Hz, 1 H), 1.29 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 9 H), 0.63 (q, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 6 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 128.2, 126.3, 106.1, 93.4, 87.0, 70.3, 58.0, 32.1, 24.2, 24.4, 7.8, 4.7. LRMS-ESI 303.2 (100, [M+Na]⁺). FTIR ν 2957*m*, 2012*m*, 2877*m*, 2186*w*, 1697*w*, 1461*w*, 1380*w*, 1317*w*, 1182*w*, 1098*w*, 1059*w*, 1024*s*, 1000*s*, 799*w*, 726*s* cm⁻¹.

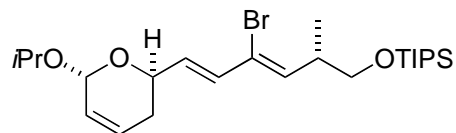
(2*R*,6*R*)-2-ethynyl-6-isopropoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran (12**)**



To a cooled (0 °C) solution of **11** (2.97 g, 10.6 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (26.0 mL) was added TBAF (1 M in THF) (10.6 mL, 10.6 mmol, 1.0 equiv). The reaction was stirred for 15 minutes, warmed to RT, stirred for 1 hour and quenched with water (50 mL). The mixture was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 40 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with brine (1 x 60 mL), dried (MgSO₄), filtered and carefully concentrated *in vacuo* at 0 °C. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 100:0 → 95:5) to give the deprotected alkyne **12** (1.68 g, 10.1 mmol, 95%) as a colorless volatile oil. *R*_f = 0.45 (cyclohexane/AcOEt 9:1). Optical rotation [α]^{26.9}_D (*c* 0.58, CHCl₃) = +80.6°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.93 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.1 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.7 Hz, 1 H), 5.68 (ddd, *J*₁ = 10.2 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.9 Hz, *J*₃ = 1.3 Hz, 1 H), 5.10 (br. s, 1 H), 4.67 (dddd, *J*₁ = 11.2 Hz, *J*₂ = 3.7 Hz, *J*₃ = 2.2 Hz, *J*₄ = 0.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.03 (sept., *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.44 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.37 (dddd, *J*₁ = 11.2 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.3 Hz, *J*₃ = 2.1 Hz, *J*₄ = 0.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.19 (dddd, *J*₁ = 17.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.2 Hz, *J*₃ = 3.8 Hz, *J*₄ = 1.3 Hz, 1 H), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 128.0, 126.4, 93.3, 83.2, 73.1, 70.3, 57.3, 32.4, 24.2, 22.4. FTIR ν 3306*m*, 2971*m*, 2928*m*, 2053*w*, 1736*w*, 1380*w*, 1184*w*, 1023*m*, 1002*w*, 784*s* cm⁻¹.

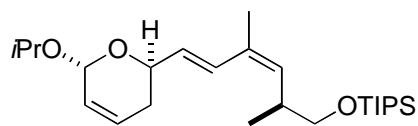
2.2. Synthesis of the Alkyl Iodides Fragments

((*S*,3*Z*,5*E*)-4-bromo-6-((2*R*,6*R*)-6-isopropoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)-2-methylhexa-3,5-dienyloxy)triisopropylsilane (**16**)



To a cooled (0 °C) solution of alkyne **12** (312 mg, 1.87 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (9.40 mL, 0.2 M vs **12**) was added Cp_2ZrHCl (374 mg, 1.44 mmol, 1.20 equiv). The flask was covered with an aluminium foil, stirred for 5 min at 0 °C and 1 hour at RT. In a separate flask ZnCl_2 (357 mg, 2.62 mmol, 1.40 equiv) was fused and dissolved in THF (11.2 mL). The solution was added to the solution of alkenylzirconocene at RT and the reaction stirred at RT for 30 minutes. In a separate flask, to a mixture of $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (109 mg, 0.09 mmol, 0.05 equiv, 5 mol %) in THF (9.40 mL, 0.2 M vs **15**) was added DIBAL-H (10% in hexane) (187 μL , 0.19 mmol, 0.10 equiv, 10 %) and the mixture was stirred 20 minutes at RT and then dibromo olefin **15** (750 mg, 1.87 mmol, 1.00 equiv) was added. The dibromoolefin solution was stirred for 5 minutes at RT and then was added to the organozinc solution. The mixture was stirred 5 minutes at RT and then 13 hours at 40 °C. The reaction was quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with Et_2O (3 x 40 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO_4), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO_2 ($\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{cyclohexane}$ 7:3) to give the coupled product **16** (756 mg, 1.55 mmol, 83%) as a pale yellow oil. R_f = 0.39 ($\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{cyclohexane}$ 7:3). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{25.0}_{\text{D}}$ (c 0.97, CHCl_3) = +50.0°. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.28 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.2$ Hz, 1 H), 6.07 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.3$ Hz, 1 H), 6.02-5.97 (m, 1 H), 5.88 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1 H), 5.72 (ddd, $J_1 = 10.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.3$ Hz, $J_3 = 2.6$ Hz, 1 H), 5.12 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1 H), 4.58-4.51 (m, 1 H), 4.00 (sept., $J = 6.2$ Hz, 1 H), 3.61 (ddd, $J_1 = 15.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 9.4$ Hz, $J_3 = 5.8$ Hz, 2 H), 2.99-2.86 (m, 1 H), 2.10-2.05 (m, 2 H), 1.22 (d, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 3 H), 1.17 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.05 (s, 24 H). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 137.3, 133.4, 129.3, 128.2, 126.0, 124.0, 93.1, 69.6, 66.8, 65.7, 39.5, 30.9, 24.0, 22.1, 18.1, 16.2, 12.1. HRMS-EI calcd for $\text{C}_{44}\text{H}_{43}\text{BrO}_3\text{Si}$: $[\text{M}-\text{C}_3\text{H}_7]^+$ 443.1612; found 443.1610. FTIR ν 2942m, 2893m, 2866m, 1463w, 1383w, 1180w, 1102m, 1028s, 1000m, 952w, 883w, 787m, 684m cm^{-1} .

((*S*,3*Z*,5*E*)-6-((2*R*,6*R*)-6-isopropoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)-2,4-dimethylhexa-3,5-dienyloxy)-triisopropylsilane (17**)**

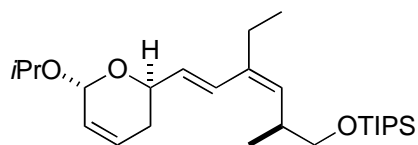


To a solution of **16** (100 mg, 0.23 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (1.00 mL, 0.23 M vs **16**) was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (24.0 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.10 equiv). The solution was stirred for 10 minutes at RT, treated with Me₂Zn (2.0 M in toluene) (0.21 mL, 0.42 mmol, 2.00 equiv) and the reaction was stirred at 45 °C for 24 hours. An additional portion of Me₂Zn (0.10 mL, 0.21 mmol, 1.00 equiv) was added and the solution was stirred at 45 °C for 14 hours. The reaction was quenched with dilute NH₄Cl and extracted with Et₂O (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (CH₂Cl₂/cyclohexane 7:3) to afford product **17** (66.3 mg, 0.16 mmol, 68%, *d.r.* > 97:3) as a colorless oil. *R*_f = 0.21 (CH₂Cl₂/cyclohexane 7:3). Optical rotation [α]^{28.2}_D (*c* 0.62, CHCl₃) = +37.9°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.69 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.01 (dddd, *J*₁ = 7.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.3 Hz, *J*₃ = 1.9 Hz, *J*₄ = 0.9 Hz, 1 H), 5.77-5.67 (m, 2 H), 5.19 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.13-5.12 (m, 1 H), 4.54-5.47 (m, 1 H), 4.02 (sept., *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.50 (ddd, *J*₁ = 16.9 Hz, *J*₂ = 9.4 Hz, *J*₃ = 6.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.87-2.74 (m, 1 H), 2.20-2.00 (m, 2 H), 1.82 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.05-1.04 (m, 24 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.2, 131.3, 129.3, 128.4, 128.1, 126.0, 93.0, 69.4, 68.0, 66.9, 34.9, 30.7, 23.8, 21.9, 20.4, 17.9, 17.5, 11.9. Elemental analysis calcd for C₂₅H₄₆O₃Si: [C] 71.03, [H] 10.97, [O] 11.35, [Si] 6.64; found [C] 71.11, [H] 10.99. HRMS-EI calcd for C₂₅H₄₆O₃Si: [M]⁺ 422.3211; found 422.3219. FTIR ν 2942*m*, 2867*m*, 1462*w*, 1382*w*, 1182*w*, 1122*w*, 1101*w*, 1029*m*, 1000*w*, 780*s*, 683*m* cm⁻¹.

Preparation of Cl₂Pd(DPEphos)

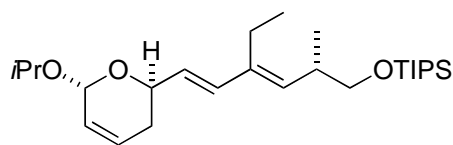
A mixture of PdCl₂ (200 mg, 1.12 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and LiCl (94.0 mg, 2.24 mmol, 2.00 equiv) in MeOH (2 mL) was heated to 50 °C for 10 minutes. DPE(phos) (638 mg, 1.18 mmol, 1.05 equiv) was added and the resulting mixture stirred at 50 °C for 8.5 hours, then cooled to RT, filtered, washed with MeOH and dried under high vacuum overnight affording Cl₂Pd(DPEphos) (755 mg, 1.05 mmol, 94%) as a yellow powder.

((*S*,3*Z*,5*E*)-4-ethyl-6-((2*R*,6*R*)-6-isopropoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)-2-methylhexa-3,5-dienyloxy)triisopropylsilane (18)



In a 5 mL flask containing $\text{Cl}_2\text{Pd}(\text{DPEphos})$ (2.20 mg, 0.003 mmol, 0.05 equiv) was added a solution of **16** (30.0 mg, 0.06 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in degassed¹ THF (0.75 mL). To the yellow mixture was slowly added Et_2Zn (1.5 M in toluene) (80 μL , 0.12 mmol, 2.00 equiv) and a pale yellow solution was obtained. The tube was sealed and stirred at 50 °C for 14 hours. The red-brown colored solution was quenched by slow addition of saturated NH_4Cl solution and extracted with Et_2O (3x). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO_4), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO_2 (hexane/acetone 99:1) to give product **18** (22.8 mg, 0.05 mmol, 84%, *d.r.* > 97:3) as a colorless oil. R_f = 0.65 (hexane/acetone 99.5:0.5). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{26.4}_D$ (*c* 0.28, CHCl_3) = +38.5°. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.61 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1 H), 6.04-5.99 (m, 1 H), 5.74 (dd, J_1 = 15.8 Hz, J_2 = 6.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.75-5.69 (m, 2 H), 5.19 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.13-5.12 (m, 1 H), 4.54-4.47 (m, 1 H), 4.02 (sept., J = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.51 (ddd, J_1 = 16.6 Hz, J_2 = 9.4 Hz, J_3 = 6.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.79 (dq, J_1 = 9.3 Hz, J_2 = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.20 (qd, J_1 = 7.4 Hz, J_2 = 0.9 Hz, 2 H), 2.14-2.00 (m, 2 H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3 H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.05-1.04 (m, 27 H). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 136.9, 132.1, 128.6, 128.4, 127.2, 126.0, 93.1, 69.5, 68.2, 67.1, 34.9, 30.9, 26.4, 23.9, 22.2, 18.1, 17.8, 17.7, 17.6, 13.3, 12.1, 12.0. Elemental analysis calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{46}\text{O}_3\text{Si}$: [C] 71.50, [H] 11.08, [O] 10.99, [Si] 6.43; found [C] 71.73, [H] 10.93. HRMS-EI calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{39}\text{O}_3\text{Si}$: $[\text{M}-\text{C}_3\text{H}_7]^+$ 393.2820; found 393.2830. FTIR ν 2961 m , 2867 m , 1463 w , 1381 w , 1181 w , 1100 m , 1029 m , 1002 m , 882 w , 785 s , 683 m cm^{-1} .

((*S*,3*E*,5*E*)-4-ethyl-6-((2*R*,6*R*)-6-isopropoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)-2-methylhexa-3,5-dienyloxy)triisopropylsilane (19)

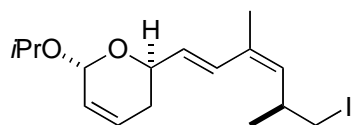


In a 5 mL flask containing $\text{Pd}(\text{tBu}_3\text{P})_2$ (0.60 mg, 0.001 mmol, 0.10 equiv) was added a solution of **16** (5.00 mg, 0.01 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in degassed THF (0.2 mL). To the mixture was slowly added Et_2Zn (1.5 M in toluene) (13 μL , 0.02 mmol, 2.00 equiv) and a pale yellow solution was obtained. The tube was sealed and stirred at 50 °C for 3.5 hours. The dark brown solution was quenched by addition of saturated NH_4Cl solution and extracted with Et_2O (3x). The combined organic layers were

¹ The solvent was degassed using three freeze/pump/thaw cycles.

dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (hexane/acetone 99:1 → 99:5) to give product **19** (3.25 mg, 0.008 mmol, 75%, *d.r.* > 97:3) as a colorless oil. *R_f* = 0.65 (hexane/acetone 99.5:0.5). Optical rotation [α]^{22.4}_D (*c* 0.47, CHCl₃) = +21.0°. ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.17 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1 H), 6.05-6.02 (m, 1 H), 5.77-5.74 (m, 1 H), 5.67 (dd, *J₁* = 15.9 Hz, *J₂* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.27 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.15-5.14 (m, 1 H), 4.52-4.48 (m, 1 H), 4.06 (sept., *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.61 (dd, *J₁* = 9.5 Hz, *J₂* = 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.48 (dd, *J₁* = 9.5 Hz, *J₂* = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 2.73-2.67 (m, 1 H), 2.34-2.25 (m, 2 H), 2.19-2.03 (m, 2 H), 1.28 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3 H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.10-1.07 (m, 24 H), 1.05 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.3, 135.6, 134.4, 128.6, 126.4, 126.1, 93.1, 69.4, 68.2, 67.0, 35.9, 31.0, 23.9, 22.1, 20.2, 18.1, 17.5, 14.2, 12.0. HRMS-ESI calcd for C₂₆H₄₈O₃SiNa: [M+Na]⁺ 459.3271; found 459.3282. FTIR ν 2963*m*, 2943*m*, 2916*m*, 2866*m*, 1462*w*, 1381*w*, 1180*w*, 1099*w*, 1030*s*, 999*m*, 883*w*, 779*s*, 683*m* cm⁻¹.

(2*R*,6*R*)-2-((*S*,1*E*,3*Z*)-6-iodo-3,5-dimethylhexa-1,3-dienyl)-6-isopropoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran (20**)**



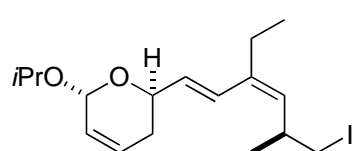
To a cooled (0 °C) solution of **17** (13.8 mg, 0.03 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (160 μ L) was added TBAF (1 M in THF) (64 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 2.00 equiv). The reaction was stirred 1 hour at 0 °C and then 1 hour at RT. The

reaction was quenched with water and extracted with Et₂O (3x). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (hexane/AcOEt 8:2) to give the corresponding alcohol (8.4 mg, 0.03 mmol, 99%) as a colorless oil. *R_f* = 0.19 (CH₂Cl₂/AcOEt 9:1). Optical rotation [α]^{28.9}_D (*c* 0.49, CHCl₃) = +29.2°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.69 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.01 (ddd, *J₁* = 10.0 Hz, *J₂* = 4.7 Hz, *J₃* = 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.77 (dd, *J₁* = 15.8 Hz, *J₂* = 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.76-5.70 (m, 1 H), 5.17-5.12 (m, 2 H), 4.52 (dt, *J₁* = 10.3 Hz, *J₂* = 5.3 Hz, 1 H), 4.01 (sept., *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.54-3.35 (m, 2 H), 2.94-2.79 (m, 1 H), 2.19-2.00 (m, 2 H), 1.86 (s, 3 H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3 H), 0.97 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 133.6, 130.5, 128.5, 127.9, 127.8, 126.3, 93.3, 69.8, 67.9, 66.9, 34.9, 30.9, 24.0, 22.2, 20.8, 17.3. HRMS-EI calcd for C₁₆H₂₆O₃: [M]⁺ 266.1877; found 266.1869. FTIR ν 3416*m*, 2970*m*, 2925*m*, 1455*w*, 1379*w*, 1317*w*, 1126*w*, 1100*m*, 1027*s*, 999*s*, 774*m*, 670*m* cm⁻¹.

To a cooled (0 °C) solution of the previously prepared alcohol (4.00 mg, 0.015 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in a mixture toluene/Et₂O (375 μ L/100 μ L) were added imidazole (14.4 mg, 0.21 mmol, 14.1 equiv) and PPh₃ (21.2 mg, 0.08 mmol, 5.4 equiv) and the resulting mixture stirred at 0 °C for 15 minutes. A solution of I₂ (19.8 mg, 0.078 mmol, 5.2 equiv) in Et₂O (375 μ L) was added dropwise and the resulting mixture covered by an aluminium foil, stirred for 10 minutes at 0 °C and then 2 hours at RT. The

mixture was directly filtered over cotton and concentrated. The residue was diluted in pentane, the precipitate filtered and the filtrate concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO₂ (hexane/EtOAc 100:0 → 99:1) afforded alkyl iodide **30** (4.2 mg, 0.011 mmol, 75%) as a colorless oil. $R_f = 0.48$ (hexane/AcOEt 8.5:1.5). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{25.0}_D$ (c 0.11, CHCl₃) = +6.4°. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.64 (d, $J = 15.7$ Hz, 1 H), 6.05-6.02 (m, 1 H), 5.80 (dd, $J_1 = 15.7$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.8$ Hz, 1 H), 5.77-5.75 (m, 1 H), 5.17 (d, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 1 H), 5.16 (s, 1 H), 4.58-4.53 (m, 1 H), 4.05 (sept., $J = 6.2$ Hz, 1 H), 3.17 (dd, $J_1 = 9.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.7$ Hz, 1 H), 3.09 (dd, $J_1 = 9.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.3$ Hz, 1 H), 2.92-2.82 (m, 1 H), 2.20-2.03 (m, 2 H), 1.87 (s, 3 H), 1.29 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.22 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.13 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.3, 132.7, 131.1, 128.6, 128.0, 126.7, 93.7, 70.1, 67.2, 34.4, 31.2, 24.3, 22.5, 21.9, 20.7, 15.2. HRMS-EI calcd for C₁₆H₂₅O₂NaI: $[M + Na]^+$ 399.0797; found 399.0801. FTIR ν 3322w, 2968w, 2924w, 1659w, 1377w, 1454w, 1377w, 1180w, 1099w, 1028m, 1000m, 785s cm⁻¹.

(2*R*,6*R*)-2-(((*S*,1*E*,3*Z*)-3-ethyl-6-iodo-5-methylhexa-1,3-dienyl)-6-isopropoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran (21)



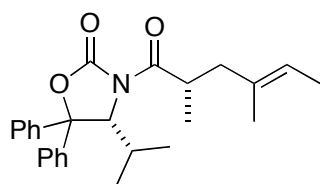
To a cooled (0 °C) solution of **18** (200 mg, 0.46 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (3.0 mL) was added TBAF (1 M in THF) (970 μ L, 0.97 mmol, 2.10 equiv).

The reaction was stirred 5 minutes at 0 °C and then 1.5 hour at RT. The reaction was cooled to 0°C, quenched with water and extracted with Et₂O (3x). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (hexane/AcOEt 8:2 → 7:3) to give the corresponding alcohol (126 mg, 0.45 mmol, 98%) as a colorless oil. $R_f = 0.25$ (hexane/AcOEt 8:2). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.7}_D$ (c 0.19, CHCl₃) = +21.2°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.62 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1 H), 6.03-5.99 (m, 1 H), 5.80 (dd, $J_1 = 16.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.1$ Hz, 1 H), 5.75-5.71 (m, 1 H), 5.14-5.12 (m, 2 H), 4.52 (m, 1 H), 4.02 (sept., $J = 6.1$ Hz, 1 H), 3.53-3.47 (m, 1 H), 3.41-3.36 (m, 1 H), 2.91-2.80 (m, 1 H), 2.25 (q, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2 H), 2.17-2.02 (m, 2 H), 1.35 (dd, $J_1 = 8.0$, $J_2 = 4.2$ Hz, 1 H), 1.25 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.18 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.08 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3 H), 0.98 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.7, 131.7, 130.2, 128.9, 127.2, 126.6, 93.7, 70.1, 68.4, 67.4, 35.1, 31.2, 26.9, 24.3, 22.6, 17.7, 13.8. HRMS-ESI calcd for C₁₇H₂₇O₃Na: $[M + Na]^+$ 303.1931; found 303.1934. FTIR ν 3426m, 2967m, 2924m, 2874m, 1462w, 1381w, 1315w, 1261w, 1180w, 1099m, 1030s, 1003m, 799w, 718w cm⁻¹.

To a cooled (0 °C) solution of the previously prepared alcohol (125 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in a mixture toluene/Et₂O (2:1) (20 mL), imidazole (425 mg, 6.24 mmol, 14. equiv) and PPh₃ (643 mg, 2.45 mmol, 5.5 equiv) were added and the resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 minutes. A solution of I₂ (599 mg, 2.36 mmol, 5.3 equiv) in Et₂O (6 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 15 minutes. The resulting mixture was covered by an aluminium foil and stirred 0 °C for 45 minutes. The mixture was filtered and the precipitate washed with Et₂O. The precipitate was triturated in EtOAc and filtered. The combined organic phase was concentrated and the residue diluted in a mixture hexane/EtOAc 7:3 and filtered over a pad of silica and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO₂ (hexane/EtOAc 99.5:0.5 → 98:2) afforded alkyl iodide **21** (156 mg, 0.40 mmol, 89%) as a colorless oil. *R*_f = 0.52 (hexane/AcOEt 9.5:0.5). Optical rotation [α]^{22.7}_D (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃) = −2.8°. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.53 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.03-6.00 (m, 1 H), 5.80 (dd, *J*₁ = 15.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 6.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.75-5.72 (m, 1 H), 5.14-5.12 (m, 2 H), 4.54-4.49 (m, 1 H), 4.03 (sept., *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.14 (dd, *J*₁ = 9.3 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.07 (dd, *J*₁ = 9.3 Hz, *J*₂ = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.88-2.79 (m, 1 H), 2.22 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 2.14-2.02 (m, 2 H), 1.27 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3 H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.11 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3 H), 1.07 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.5, 132.5, 130.3, 128.9, 127.2, 126.6, 93.7, 70.2, 67.4, 34.4, 31.2, 26.7, 24.4, 22.6, 22.0, 15.7, 13.7. HRMS-ESI calcd for C₁₇H₂₇O₂NaI: [M + Na]⁺ 413.0953; found 413.0941. FTIR ν 2967*m*, 2928*m*, 2878*w*, 1454*w*, 1377*w*, 1315*w*, 1180*w*, 1126*w*, 1099*w*, 1030*s*, 1003*m*, 964*w*, 718*w* cm^{−1}.

2.3. Synthesis of the Polyketidic Chain

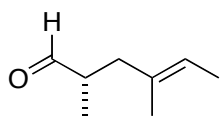
(*R*)-3-((*S,E*)-2,4-dimethylhex-4-enoyl)-4-isopropyl-5,5-diphenyloxazolidin-2-one (**24**)



In a 1L double-necked round bottom flask, a solution of DIPA (11.7 mL, 89.0 mmol, 1.25 equiv) in THF (200 mL) was cooled to 0 °C and *n*BuLi (1.6 M in hexane) (55.7 mL, 89.0 mmol, 1.25 equiv) was slowly added. The resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 30 minutes and then cooled to −78 °C. A precooled solution of **22** (24.0 g, 71.0 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (130 mL) was slowly added and the resulting mixture stirred at −78 °C for 30 minutes followed by the slow addition of a precooled solution of (*E*)-1-bromo-2-methylbut-2-ene (**23**) (22.2 g, 149 mmol, 2.10 equiv) in THF (60 mL). The reaction was stirred at −78 °C for 5 minutes and then allowed to warm up to −10 °C while stirring was continued for 26 hours. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated NH₄Cl solution and extracted with Et₂O (3x). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The crude

pale yellow solid was washed with a small amount of ice-cold pentane to afford product **24** (26.4 g, 65.0 mmol, 92%, *d.r.* > 97:3) as a white crystalline solid. R_f = 0.50 (cyclohexane/EtOAc 9:1). M.p. = 101-103 °C. Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{28.3}_D$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃) = +177.0°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48-7.44 (m, 2 H), 7.42-7.26 (m, 8 H), 5.40 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.30-5.22 (m, 1 H), 3.90 (sext., *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.54 (dd, *J*₁ = 13.4 Hz, *J*₂ = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.01-1.89 (m, 2 H), 1.65-1.64 (m, 3 H), 1.55 (dd, *J*₁ = 6.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 1.0 Hz, 3 H), 0.85 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 0.79 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 0.74 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.7, 152.7, 142.2, 138.0, 132.8, 128.6, 128.4, 128.2, 127.7, 125.7, 125.5, 120.9, 89.0, 64.2, 43.6, 35.3, 29.6, 21.5, 16.1, 16.0, 15.3, 13.2. Elemental analysis calcd for C₂₆H₃₁NO₃: [C] 77.01 %, [H] 7.70 %, [N] 3.45 %; found [C] 76.79 %, [H] 7.67 %, [N] 3.52 %. HRMS-EI calcd for C₂₆H₃₁NO₃: [M]⁺ 405.2299; found 405.2301. FTIR ν 2968w, 2934w, 2888w, 1776s, 1698s, 1495w, 1450m, 1385m, 1371m, 1348m, 1312m, 1246m, 1207s, 1174s, 1149m, 1123m, 1094m, 1056m, 1035w, 986s, 949m, 764s, 750s, 703s, 694s, 668s, 636m cm⁻¹.

(*S,E*)-2,4-dimethylhex-4-enal (25**)**

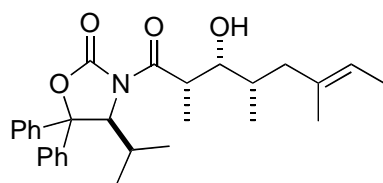


To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of LiAlH₄ (1.56 g, 41.2 mmol, 8.00 equiv) in Et₂O (20 mL) was slowly added a solution of **24** (2.09 g, 5.15 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in Et₂O (48 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 30 minutes at 0 °C and then 3 hours at RT. The reaction was cooled to 0 °C and quenched by addition of H₂O (3 mL), NaOH (15 %) (3 mL) and H₂O (9 mL). The white granular aluminium salts were filtered over Celite and washed with Et₂O (3x). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to afford the corresponding alcohol (0.66 g, 5.15 mmol, 100%) as a colorless oil. R_f = 0.19 (cyclohexane/EtOAc 8.5:1.5). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{24.6}_D$ (*c* 0.55, CHCl₃) = -4.7°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.24 (qd, *J*₁ = 6.6 Hz, *J*₂ = 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.52-3.39 (m, 2 H), 2.11-2.02 (m, 1 H), 1.89-1.77 (m, 2 H), 1.61-1.57 (m, 6 H), 0.86 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.3, 120.1, 68.5, 44.3, 33.7, 16.8, 15.7, 13.5. FTIR ν 3320m, 2917m, 1456w, 1037m, 786s, 668w cm⁻¹.

To a cooled (-78 °C) solution of oxalyl chloride (867 μL, 9.94 mmol, 2.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (10.5 mL) was added dropwise a solution of DMSO (1.41 mL, 20.0 mmol, 4.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (10.5 mL). After 5 minutes a solution of the previously prepared alcohol (637 mg, 4.97 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (10.0 mL) was slowly added. Stirring at -78 °C was continued for 15 minutes, followed by addition of a solution of NEt₃ (4.16 mL, 29.8 mmol, 6 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (10.5 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C for 20 minutes and then at 0 °C for 30 minutes. The reaction was quenched by addition of buffer phosphate (pH = 7) (32 mL) and the solution stirred at RT for 15 minutes. The organic phase was

separated and the aqueous phase extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3x). The combined organic layers were washed with water (2x) and brine (1x), dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO_2 ($\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{cyclohexane}$ 7:3) afforded aldehyde **25** (619 mg, 4.91 mmol, 99%) as a colorless oil. R_f = 0.42 (pentane/ Et_2O 9.5:0.5). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.0}_D$ (c 0.93, CHCl_3) = +9.9°. ^1H -NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.61 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.29-5.23 (m, 1 H), 2.57-2.45 (m, 1 H), 2.41 (dd, J_1 = 13.4 Hz, J_2 = 6.6, Hz, 1 H), 1.98 (dd, J_1 = 13.7 Hz, J_2 = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 1.59 (s, 3 H), 1.58 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.03 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3 H). ^{13}C -NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 205.5, 132.2, 121.6, 44.5, 40.9, 15.7, 13.5, 13.3. FTIR ν 2922m, 1708w, 1442w, 1378w, 777s cm^{-1} .

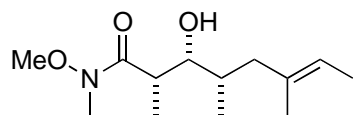
(S)-3-((2S,3R,4S,E)-3-hydroxy-2,4,6-trimethyloct-6-enoyl)-4-isopropyl-5,5-diphenyloxazolidin-2-one (26)



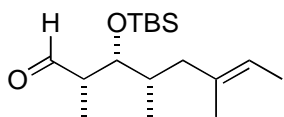
To a cooled (-5°C) solution of *ent*-**22** (84.4 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.30 mL), Bu_2BOTf (1 M in CH_2Cl_2) (263 μL , 0.26 mmol, 1.05 equiv) was slowly added and the solution turns from colorless to pale green. NEt_3 (42 μL , 0.30 mmol, 1.20 equiv) was slowly added over a period of 5 minutes and the solution turned to pale yellow. Stirring at 0°C was continued for 1 hour. The resulting solution was cooled to -78°C and aldehyde **25** (63 mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.00 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.20 mL) was slowly added and the mixture stirred for 1 hour at -78°C and finally for 1 hour at 0°C . The reaction was quenched at 0°C by sequentially addition of buffer phosphate (pH = 7) (0.3 mL), MeOH (0.9 mL) and MeOH/ H_2O_2 (2:1) (0.9 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1.5 hours at RT before dilution with Et_2O , washed with HCl (0.5 M) (1x), saturated NaHCO_3 solution (1x) and brine (1x), dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO_2 (Et_2O /pentane 8:2) to afford product **26** (89.2 mg, 0.19 mmol, 77%, *d.r.* > 87:13) as a white crystalline solid. R_f = 0.33 (pentane/ Et_2O 7:3). M.p. = $98-99^\circ\text{C}$. Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{24.5}_D$ (c 1.00, CHCl_3) = -103.6° . ^1H -NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.53-7.50 (m, 2 H), 7.43-7.28 (m, 8 H), 5.37 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.18-5.11 (m, 1 H), 3.83-3.74 (m, 1 H), 3.43 (td, J_1 = 6.7 Hz, J_2 = 4.9 Hz, 1 H), 2.06-1.90 (m, 2 H), 1.86 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1 H), 1.66-1.57 (m, 2 H), 1.56 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 1.51 (s, 3 H), 1.31 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 0.86 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 0.78 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 0.41 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3 H). ^{13}C -NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 176.1, 152.4, 142.2, 137.6, 133.6, 128.7, 128.4, 128.3, 127.8, 125.6, 125.2, 120.3, 89.4, 64.6, 44.0, 40.4, 33.0, 29.8, 21.7, 16.5, 15.4, 13.9, 13.5, 13.4. Elemental analysis calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{37}\text{NO}_4$: [C] 74.57 %, [H] 8.19 %, [N] 2.91 %; found [C] 74.68 %, [H] 8.03 %, [N] 2.91 %. HRMS-EI calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{35}\text{NO}_3$: $[\text{M}-\text{H}_2\text{O}]^+$

445.2611; found 445.2611. FTIR ν 3475 m , 2965 m , 2931 m , 1781 s , 1697 m , 1494 w , 1450 m , 1374 m , 1316 w , 1254 w , 1208 s , 1176 s , 1050 m , 987 m , 954 w , 760 m , 704 m , 668 m cm^{-1} .

(2*S*,3*R*,4*S*,*E*)-3-hydroxy-*N*-methoxy-*N*,2,4,6-tetramethyloct-6-enamide (27)



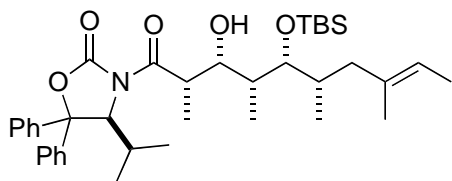
To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of MeONHMe•HCl (503 mg, 5.16 mmol, 6.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (5.2 mL) was added AlMe₃ (2 M in toluene) (2.10 mL, 5.16 mmol, 6.00 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 5 minutes, then at RT for 1 hour. The clear solution was cooled to 0 °C and **26** (400 mg, 0.86 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) was added by canula. Stirring at 0 °C was continued for 5 minutes, then at RT for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was slowly transferred in a diluted HCl solution (0.5 M) (27.0 mL), diluted with more CH₂Cl₂ and stirred at RT for 1 hour. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3x). The combined organic phases were washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (1x) and brine (1x), dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The residue was diluted in ice-cold Et₂O, the precipitated cleaved auxiliary was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 4:6) afforded product **27** (179 mg, 0.74 mmol, 86%) as white crystalline solid. An analytical sample was recrystallized (hexane) for X-ray analysis (crystallographic data are given at the end of the experimental part). R_f = 0.21 (pentane/Et₂O 4:6). M.p. = 54-55 °C. Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.4}_D$ (c 0.50, CHCl₃) = +6.7°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.23 (q, J = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.70 (s, 3 H), 3.57-3.53 (m, 1 H), 3.33 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1 H), 3.19 (s, 3 H), 3.12 (br. s, 1 H), 2.08 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1 H), 1.82-1.68 (m, 2 H), 1.60-1.58 (m, 6 H), 1.19 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 0.90 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.0, 133.8, 120.4, 75.3, 61.4, 43.7, 36.3, 33.0, 31.9, 15.2, 14.7, 13.2, 11.2. Elemental analysis calcd for C₁₃H₂₅NO₃: [C] 64.17 %, [H] 10.35 %, [N] 5.76 %, [O] 19.72 %; found: [C] 64.23 %, [H] 10.46 %, [N] 5.67 %. LRMS-ESI 266.2 (100, [M + Na]⁺). FTIR ν 3452 m , 2965 s , 2934 s , 1640 s , 1513 w , 1457 s , 1382 s , 1300 m , 1249 m , 1176 m , 1122 m , 993 s , 826 w cm^{-1} .

(2*S*,3*R*,4*S*,*E*)-3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-2,4,6-trimethyloct-6-enal (28**)**

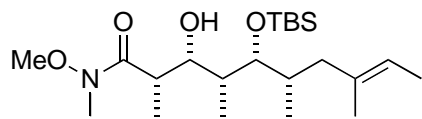
To a cooled ($-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) solution of **27** (467 mg, 1.92 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (4.0 mL) were sequentially added 2,6-lutidine (257 μL , 2.21 mmol, 1.15 equiv) and TBSOTf (354 μL , 2.02 mmol, 1.05 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 15 min at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; then at $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 45 min. The reaction mixture was diluted in more CH_2Cl_2 and washed with diluted citric acid ($\text{pH} = 4$) (1x), saturated NaHCO_3 (1x), brine (1x), dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO_2 (pentane/ Et_2O 9:1) afforded the corresponding TBS-protected product (680 mg, 1.90 mmol, 99%) as a clear oil. $R_f = 0.38$ (hexane/ EtOAc 9:1). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{24.3}_{\text{D}}$ (c 1.00, CHCl_3) = $+6.8^{\circ}$. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.17 (q, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 1 H), 3.85 (dd, $J_1 = 8.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.3$ Hz, 1 H), 3.69 (s, 3 H), 3.16 (s, 3 H), 3.06 (br. s, 1 H), 2.14 (d, $J = 12.4$ Hz, 1 H), 1.86-1.78 (m, 1 H), 1.71-1.61 (m, 1 H), 1.56 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 1.52 (s, 3 H), 1.14 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3 H), 0.92 (s, 9 H), 0.73 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3 H), 0.08 (s, 6 H). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 176.9, 134.3, 119.7, 77.3, 61.4, 44.2, 39.0, 35.9, 32.4, 26.3, 18.6, 15.9, 15.4, 13.4, 13.3, -3.4 , -3.5 . Elemental analysis calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{39}\text{NO}_3\text{Si}$: [C] 63.82 %, [H] 10.99 %, [N] 3.92 %, [O] 13.42 %, [Si] 7.85 %; found [C] 63.79 %, [H] 11.00 %, [N] 4.10 %. LRMS-ESI 380.2 (100, $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$). FTIR ν 3369s, 2959m, 2931m, 2857m, 1662s, 1461m, 1382m, 1252m, 1176w, 1108m, 1049s, 997s, 869m, 833s, 773s cm^{-1} .

To a cooled ($-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) solution of the previously prepared TBS-protected product (663 mg, 1.85 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (13.2 mL) was added DIBAL-H (1 M in hexane) (3.60 mL, 3.60 mmol, 2.00 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred at $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 1 hour; then quenched by addition of saturated Rochelle's salt, diluted in Et_2O and vigorously stirred at RT for 1 hour. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et_2O (3x) and the combined organic phase dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated (bath $T < 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$). Purification by chromatography on SiO_2 (hexane/ EtOAc 9.5:0.5) afforded aldehyde **28** (551 mg, 1.85 mmol, 100%) as a colorless oil. $R_f = 0.70$ (cyclohexane/ EtOAc 9:1). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{25.0}_{\text{D}}$ (c 0.20, CHCl_3) = $+53.5^{\circ}$. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.85 (s, 1 H), 5.22 (q, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1 H), 4.00-3.98 (m, 1 H), 2.59-2.53 (m, 1 H), 2.16-2.09 (m, 1 H), 1.85-1.78 (m, 2 H), 1.60 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H), 1.57 (s, 3 H), 1.10 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3 H), 0.92 (s, 9 H), 0.78 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 3 H), 0.11 (s, 3 H), 0.06 (s, 3 H). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 205.7, 134.2, 120.9, 75.9, 51.4, 44.7, 35.1, 26.3, 18.7, 15.8, 14.7, 13.7, 9.7, -3.5 , -3.7 . HRMS-ESI calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{35}\text{O}_2\text{Si}$: $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ 299.2406, found 299.2419.

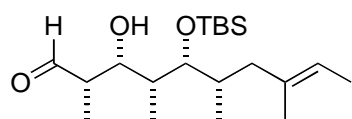
(S)-3-((2S,3R,4R,5R,6S,E)-5-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3-hydroxy-2,4,6,8-tetramethyldec-8-enoyl)-4-isopropyl-5,5-diphenyloxazolidin-2-one (29)



To a cooled (-5°C) solution of *ent*-**22** (81.0 mg, 0.24 mmol, 1.20 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.48 mL) were sequentially added Bu_2BOTf (1 M in CH_2Cl_2) (240 μL , 0.24 mmol, 1.20 equiv) and NEt_3 (39 μL , 0.28 mmol, 1.40 equiv). Stirring at 0°C was continued for 45 minutes; then the resulting solution was cooled to -78°C and aldehyde **28** (59 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.45 mL) was slowly added by canula. The reaction was stirred for 45 minutes at -78°C , then allowed to return to 0°C over 3 hours. The reaction was quenched at 0°C by sequentially addition of buffer phosphate ($\text{pH} = 7$) (0.24 mL), MeOH (0.72 mL) and MeOH/ H_2O_2 (2:1) (0.72 mL). The mixture was stirred at RT for 30 minutes before dilution with Et_2O , washed with HCl (0.5 M) (1x), saturated NaHCO_3 (1x) and brine (1x), dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO_2 (hexane/ EtOAc 9.5:0.5) to afford **29** (77.0 mg, 0.12 mmol, 61%, *d.r.* > 97:3) as a white crystalline solid. $R_f = 0.60$ (pentane/ Et_2O 7:3). M.p. = $105\text{--}107^{\circ}\text{C}$. Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{25.0}_{\text{D}}$ (c 0.29, CHCl_3) = -118.6° . $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.52–7.51 (m, 2 H), 7.43–7.41 (m, 2 H), 7.37–7.26 (m, 6 H), 5.44 (d, $J = 3.5$ Hz, 1 H), 5.24 (q, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 1 H), 3.79–3.78 (m, 2 H), 3.50 (t, $J = 3.8$ Hz, 1 H), 2.49 (br. s, 1 H), 2.12 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 1 H), 2.05–1.98 (m, 1 H), 1.82–1.76 (m, 1 H), 1.73–1.68 (m, 1 H), 1.62 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 1.58 (s, 3 H), 1.53–1.49 (m, 1 H), 1.36 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3 H), 0.89 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3 H), 0.87 (s, 9 H), 0.80 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3 H), 0.76 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 0.67 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H), 0.01 (s, 3 H), -0.24 (s, 3 H). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.3, 152.7, 142.6, 138.3, 134.8, 129.3, 129.0, 128.8, 128.4, 126.2, 125.8, 120.4, 89.7, 77.1, 74.0, 64.3, 44.2, 40.9, 38.4, 35.9, 30.3, 26.5, 22.1, 18.8, 16.7, 15.9, 15.3, 13.9, 13.8, 9.4, -3.0 , -3.9 . HRMS-ESI calcd for $\text{C}_{38}\text{H}_{57}\text{NO}_5\text{NaSi}$: $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 658.3904, found 658.3911. FTIR ν 3360w, 2928m, 2857m, 1786m, 1693w, 1458w, 1374w, 1253w, 1210w, 1044w, 892w, 766w, 689w cm^{-1} .

(2*S*,3*R*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*,*E*)-5-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3-hydroxy-*N*-methoxy-*N*,2,4,6,8--**pentamethyldec-8-enamide (30)**

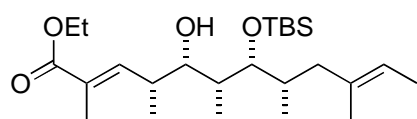
To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of MeONHMe·HCl (28.0 mg, 0.28 mmol, 6.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (140 μL) was added AlMe₃ (2 M in toluene) (142 μL, 0.28 mmol, 6.00 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 5 minutes, then at RT for 45 minutes. The clear solution was cooled to 0 °C and **29** (30.0 mg, 0.05 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (100 μL) was added. Stirring at 0 °C was continued for 5 minutes, then at RT for 68 hours. The reaction was quenched by slow addition of diluted HCl solution (0.5 M) and stirred at RT for 1 hour. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3x). The combined organic phases were washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (1x) and brine (1x), dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 6:4) afforded product **30** (8.1 mg, 0.02 mmol, 41%). *R_f* = 0.19 (pentane/Et₂O 1:1). Optical rotation [α]^{25.0}_D (*c* 0.12, CHCl₃) = −7.5°. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.19 (q, *J* = 6.21 Hz, 1 H), 3.83-3.79 (m, 1 H), 3.71 (s, 3 H), 3.54 (t, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1 H), 3.21 (br s, 1 H), 3.19 (s, 3 H), 3.14 (br s, 1 H), 2.15 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 1 H), 1.85-1.70 (m, 3 H), 1.57 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3 H), 1.55 (s, 3 H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 0.97 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 0.91 (s, 9 H), 0.78 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 0.07 (s, 3 H), 0.06 (s, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.4, 134.8, 120.5, 78.6, 74.5, 62.0, 44.6, 39.2, 38.1, 35.9, 26.6, 18.9, 15.9, 15.6, 13.8, 12.6, 10.7, −3.1, −3.5. HRMS-ESI calcd for C₂₂H₄₅NO₄SiNa: [M + Na]⁺ 438.3016, found 338.3010. FTIR ν 3456w, 2959m, 2931m, 2858w, 1642w, 1462w, 1384w, 1254w, 1095w, 1041m, 1001m, 834m, 776s, 677m, 630m cm^{−1}.

(2*S*,3*R*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*,*E*)-5-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3-hydroxy-2,4,6,8-tetramethyldec-8-enal (31)

To a cooled (−17 °C) solution of **29** (320 mg, 0.50 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in toluene (10 mL) was slowly added a solution of LiAlH₄ (1 M in Et₂O) (1.00 mL, 1.00 mmol, 2.00 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 20 minutes, then quenched at −17 °C by dropwise addition of saturated Rochelle's salt and diluted in Et₂O. The mixture was vigorously stirred at RT for 2 hours, then extracted with Et₂O (3x) and the combined organic phase dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated (bath T < 20 °C). The residue was diluted in Et₂O and the precipitated cleaved auxiliary recovered. The filtered was concentrated and the residue purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 9:1) to afford aldehyde **31** (149 mg, 0.42 mmol, 83%) as a colorless oil. *R_f* = 0.28 (pentane/Et₂O 7:3). Optical rotation [α]^{25.0}_D (*c* 0.08, CHCl₃) = −23.8°. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.73 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.21 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.03 (q, *J* = 5.2 Hz,

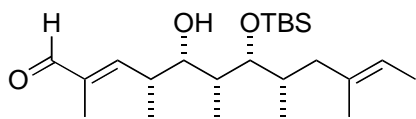
1 H), 3.58 (dd, $J_1 = 4.2$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.9$ Hz, 1 H), 2.68-2.62 (m, 1 H), 2.20 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 1 H), 1.97 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 1 H), 1.89-1.77 (m, 2 H), 1.76-1.67 (m, 1 H), 1.60 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3 H), 1.57 (s, 3 H), 1.17 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.00 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H), 0.94 (s, 9 H), 0.81 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H), 0.11 (s, 3 H), 0.09 (s, 3 H). ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 204.8, 134.5, 120.7, 78.2, 73.2, 50.1, 44.3, 39.3, 36.1, 26.5, 18.8, 15.8, 13.7, 10.0, 8.8, -2.8, -3.5. HRMS-ESI calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{40}\text{O}_3\text{SiNa}$: $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 379.2644, found 379.2639. FTIR ν 2957 m , 2931 m , 2859 m , 1727 w , 1462 w , 1384 w , 1255 w , 1096 w , 1032 w , 837 w , 775 w cm^{-1} .

(2E,4R,5S,6R,7R,8S,10E)-ethyl 7-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-hydroxy-2,4,6,8,10-pentamethyl-dodeca-2,10-dienoate (32)



To a solution of aldehyde **31** (61.1 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in toluene (1.7 mL) was added 1-carbethoxyethylidetriphenylphosphorane (123.2 mg, 0.34 mmol, 2.00 equiv) and the mixture was stirred at 35 °C for 5 hours. The reaction was diluted in pentane, filtered over cotton and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO_2 (pentane/ Et_2O 9:1) to afford **32** (73.8 mg, 0.17 mmol, 99%, $d.r.$ > 97:3). $R_f = 0.39$ (pentane/ Et_2O 8:2). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{25.0}_{\text{D}}$ (c 0.09, CHCl_3) = +24.7°. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.53 (dd, $J_1 = 10.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.2$ Hz, 1 H), 5.21 (q, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 1 H), 4.27-4.15 (m, 2 H), 3.65 (t, $J = 3.9$ Hz, 1 H), 3.53-3.49 (m, 1 H), 2.70-2.60 (m, 1 H), 2.17 (d, $J = 12.6$ Hz, 1 H), 1.93 (d, $J = 4.3$ Hz, 1 H), 1.89 (d, $J = 1.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.87-1.82 (m, 1 H), 1.80-1.74 (m, 1 H), 1.72-1.66 (m, 1 H), 1.59 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 1.57 (s, 3 H), 1.31 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.10 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 0.94 (s, 9 H), 0.87 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3 H), 0.77 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H), 0.12 (s, 3 H), 0.11 (s, 3 H). ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.5, 144.0, 134.7, 127.7, 120.5, 79.9, 78.6, 60.9, 44.1, 39.0, 38.0, 35.7, 26.5, 18.7, 16.9, 15.9, 15.0, 14.6, 13.7, 13.0, 8.8, -2.8, -3.7. HRMS-ESI calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{49}\text{O}_4\text{Si}$: $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ 441.3400, found 441.3404. FTIR ν 3519 w , 2959 m , 2923 m , 2858 m , 1712 m , 1650 w , 1462 w , 1369 w , 1252 m , 1094 m , 1038 m , 835 m , 773 m , 675 m cm^{-1} .

(2*E*,4*R*,5*S*,6*R*,7*R*,8*S*,10*E*)-7-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-hydroxy-2,4,6,8,10-pentamethyldodeca-2,10-dienal (33)

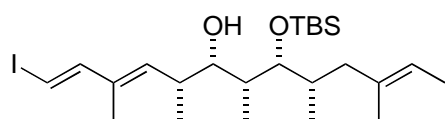


To a cooled ($-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) solution of **32** (67.0 mg, 0.15 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (1.6 mL) was slowly added DIBAL-H (1M in hexane) (800 μL , 0.80 mmol, 5.30 equiv). The resulting solution was allowed to return to $-15\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and stirred from $-15\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $-5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ over 1.5 hours. The reaction was quenched by addition of MeOH, diluted in saturated Rochelle's salt and Et₂O and vigorously stirred at RT for 1 hour. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3x) and the combined organic phase dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated (bath $T < 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$). Purification by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 9:1 \rightarrow 7:3) afforded the corresponding diol (56.3 mg, 0.14 mmol, 93%) as a colorless oil. $R_f = 0.15$ (pentane/Et₂O 7:3). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.5}_{\text{D}} (c\ 0.41, \text{CHCl}_3) = -1.0^{\circ}$. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.23-5.17 (m, 2 H), 4.01 (s, 2 H), 3.63-3.60 (m, 1 H), 3.39 (d, $J = 8.8\text{ Hz}$, 1 H), 2.59-2.49 (m, 1 H), 2.16 (d, $J = 12.2\text{ Hz}$, 1 H), 1.91-1.75 (m, 4 H), 1.71 (d, $J = 0.5\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 1.59 (d, $J = 7.0\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 1.57 (s, 3 H), 1.04 (d, $J = 6.6\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 0.93 (s, 9 H), 0.88 (d, $J = 7.0\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 0.76 (d, $J = 6.6\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 0.11 (s, 3 H), 0.10 (s, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.0, 134.8, 129.1, 120.4, 79.9, 78.9, 69.2, 44.3, 38.5, 36.8, 35.6, 26.5, 18.8, 17.8, 15.9, 14.9, 14.3, 13.8, 9.0, -2.8 , -3.6 . HRMS-ESI calcd for C₂₃H₄₆O₃NaSi: $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 421.3114, found 421.3116. FTIR ν 3349 m , 2956 m , 2930 m , 2860 m , 1459 w , 1383 w , 1253 m , 1070 m , 1035 m , 1011 m , 836 m , 775 m , 676 $m\text{ cm}^{-1}$.

To a solution of the previously prepared diol (121 mg, 0.30 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (3.0 mL), MnO₂ (396 mg, 4.50 mmol, 15.0 equiv) was added. The mixture was stirred at RT for 2.5 hours, then filtered over Celite, rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ and concentrated (bath $T < 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$). The α,β -unsaturated aldehyde **33** (103 mg, 0.26 mmol, 86%) crystallized under high vacuum. An analytical sample was recrystallized (hexane) for X-ray analysis and the rest directly used in the next step without further purification (crystallographic data are given at the end of the experimental part). $R_f = 0.37$ (pentane/Et₂O 7:3). M.p. = $75\text{--}77\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.5}_{\text{D}} (c\ 0.82, \text{CHCl}_3) = -10.9^{\circ}$. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.42 (s, 1 H), 6.27 (dd, $J_1 = 10.3\text{ Hz}$, $J_2 = 1.0\text{ Hz}$, 1 H), 5.21 (q, $J = 6.3\text{ Hz}$, 1 H), 3.65 (t, $J = 3.8\text{ Hz}$, 1 H), 3.59-3.56 (m, 1 H), 2.92-2.82 (m, 1 H), 2.18 (d, $J = 12.8\text{ Hz}$, 1 H), 2.00 (d, $J = 4.2\text{ Hz}$, 1 H), 1.92-1.83 (m, 1 H), 1.81 (d, $J = 0.9\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 1.79-1.73 (m, 1 H), 1.66-1.63 (m, 1 H), 1.60 (d, $J = 7.1\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 1.57 (s, 3 H), 1.16 (d, $J = 6.6\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 0.94 (s, 9 H), 0.90 (d, $J = 7.0\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 0.77 (d, $J = 6.8\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 0.13 (s, 3 H), 0.11 (s, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.6, 156.4, 139.1, 134.5, 120.6, 79.8, 78.1, 44.1, 39.3, 38.3, 35.7, 26.5, 18.7, 16.7, 15.9, 15.2, 13.8, 9.9, 8.9, -2.8 , -3.7 . HRMS-ESI calcd for

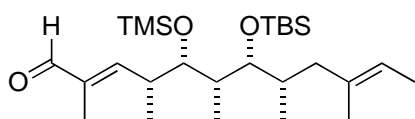
$C_{23}H_{44}O_3SiNa$: $[M + Na]^+$ 419.2957, found 419.2960. FTIR ν 3520w, 2961m, 2928m, 2889m, 2885m, 1667m, 1635w, 1459w, 1378w, 1251w, 1096w, 1073w, 1040w, 1011m, 974w, 883m, 772m, 681m cm^{-1} .

(1E,3E,5R,6S,7R,8R,9S,11E)-8-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1-iodo-3,5,7,9,11-pentamethyltrideca-1,3,11-trien-6-ol (34)



To a cooled ($-5\text{ }^{\circ}C$) suspension of $CrCl_2$ (446 mg, 3.63 mmol, 24.00 equiv) in dry THF (4.4 mL) was slowly added a solution of α,β -unsaturated aldehyde **33** (60.0 mg, 0.15 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and CHI_3 (358 mg, 0.91 mmol, 6.00 equiv) in THF (4.4 mL). The dark brown mixture was covered with an aluminium foil and stirred between -5 and $0\text{ }^{\circ}C$ for 2.5 hours. The mixture was quenched by addition of water and extracted with Et_2O (3x). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium thiosulfate (1x), water (1x), dried ($MgSO_4$) and concentrated (bath $T < 20\text{ }^{\circ}C$). Purification by chromatography on SiO_2 (pentane/ Et_2O 9:1) afforded vinyl iodide **34** (78.4 mg, 0.15 mmol, quant., *d.r.* > 97:3) as a colorless oil. $R_f = 0.68$ (pentane/ Et_2O 7:3). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.4}_D (c\ 0.60, CHCl_3) = +25.4^{\circ}$. 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.04 (d, $J = 14.6$ Hz, 1 H), 6.20 (d, $J = 14.6$ Hz, 1 H), 5.24-5.19 (m, 2 H), 3.63 (t, $J = 3.9$ Hz, 1 H), 3.43-3.40 (m, 1 H), 2.65-2.56 (m, 1 H), 2.17 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 1 H), 1.87 (d, $J = 4.3$ Hz, 1 H), 1.86-1.82 (m, 1 H), 1.77 (d, $J = 0.7$ Hz, 3 H), 1.76-1.70 (m, 2 H), 1.60 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H), 1.58 (s, 3 H), 1.06 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 0.94 (s, 9 H), 0.86 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3 H), 0.77 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 0.12 (s, 3 H), 0.11 (s, 3 H). ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 150.0, 137.0, 134.7, 134.3, 120.5, 80.0, 78.8, 74.1, 44.2, 38.8, 37.4, 35.7, 26.5, 18.8, 17.6, 15.9, 15.0, 13.8, 12.6, 8.8, -2.7 , -3.6 . HRMS-ESI calcd for $C_{24}H_{45}O_2SiNa$: $[M + Na]^+$ 543.2131, found 543.2133. FTIR ν 3482w, 2958m, 2929m, 2858m, 1461w, 1387w, 1254w, 1091w, 1039w, 980w, 950w, 836w, 774w, 678w cm^{-1} .

(2E,4R,5S,6S,7R,8S,10E)-7-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-2,4,6,8,10-pentamethyl-5-(trimethylsilyloxy)dodeca-2,10-dienal (35)



To a cooled ($-5\text{ }^{\circ}C$) solution of **32** (7.6 mg, 0.017 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (170 μL) were sequentially added DMAP (2.0 mg, 0.017 mmol, 1.00 equiv), NEt_3 (14 μL , 0.102 mmol, 6.00 equiv) and $TMSCl$ (6.6 μL , 0.052 mmol, 3.00 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred at $0\text{ }^{\circ}C$ for 1 hour; then quenched by addition of saturated NH_4Cl and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3x). The combined organic layers were dried

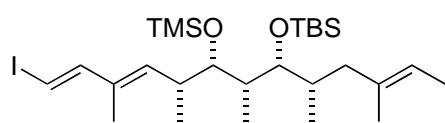
(MgSO₄) and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 9.75:0.25) afforded the protected α,β -unsaturated ester (6.7 mg, 0.13 mmol, 77%). R_f = 0.76 (pentane/Et₂O 9:1). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{25.0}_D$ (*c* 0.285, CHCl₃) = +14.4°. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.59 (dd, J_1 = 10.4 Hz, J_2 = 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.20-5.17 (m, 1 H), 4.26-4.10 (m, 2 H), 3.49 (dd, J_1 = 6.0 Hz, J_2 = 4.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.42 (dd, J_1 = 7.0 Hz, J_2 = 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.73-2.64 (m, 1 H), 2.03 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1 H), 1.91 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1 H), 1.85 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.82-1.76 (s, 1 H), 1.72-1.64 (s, 1 H), 1.59-1.56 (m, 6 H), 1.28 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3 H), 0.97 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3 H), 0.91 (s, 9 H), 0.85 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 0.70 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3 H), 0.15 (s, 9 H), 0.05 (s, 3 H), 0.02 (s, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.6, 145.2, 134.6, 127.0, 120.6, 77.5, 77.4, 60.8, 45.8, 40.6, 37.8, 35.0, 26.7, 19.0, 16.0, 15.9, 14.6, 13.8, 13.0, 12.6, 12.0, 1.3, -2.6, -2.9. HRMS-ESI calcd for C₂₈H₅₆O₄Si₂Na: [M + Na]⁺ 535.3615, found 535.3610. FTIR ν 2958*m*, 2932*m*, 2859*w*, 1714*m*, 1460*w*, 1384*w*, 1252*m*, 1096*m*, 1032*m*, 836*m*, 772*w*, 750*w*, 676*w*, 631*s* cm⁻¹.

To a cooled (-78 °C) solution of the previously prepared compound (5.5 mg, 0.01 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (100 μ L) was slowly added DIBAL-H (1 M in hexane) (20 μ L, 0.02 mmol, 2.00 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C for 1 hour, then quenched by addition of MeOH (0.1 mL), saturated Rochelle's salt (2 mL), diluted in more CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) and vigorously stirred at RT for 1 hour. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3x) and the combined organic layers dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated (bath T < 20 °C). Purification by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 9:1) afforded the corresponding primary alcohol (4.7 mg, 0.01 mmol, 100%) as a colorless oil. R_f = 0.19 (cyclohexane/EtOAc 9:1). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{25.0}_D$ (*c* 0.29, CHCl₃) = +1.7°. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.23-5.21 (m, 2 H), 4.02 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2 H), 3.45-3.41 (m, 2 H), 2.64-2.54 (s, 1 H), 2.03 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.94 (t, J = 11.8 Hz, 1 H), 1.86-1.78 (m, 1 H), 1.78-1.72 (m, 1 H), 1.70 (s, 3 H), 1.61-1.59 (m, 6 H), 0.95 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 0.93 (s, 9 H), 0.87 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 0.71 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 0.16 (s, 9 H), 0.08 (s, 3 H), 0.06 (s, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.7, 134.3, 130.1, 120.6, 78.1, 77.8, 69.3, 46.0, 40.2, 36.8, 34.7, 26.7, 19.0, 17.5, 16.0, 14.4, 13.8, 12.3, 11.9, 1.4, -2.5, -2.9. FTIR ν 3314*w*, 2958*m*, 2929*m*, 2858*w*, 1462*w*, 1381*w*, 1251*m*, 1127*w*, 1105*w*, 1061*w*, 1032*m*, 866*w*, 836*m*, 772*w* cm⁻¹.

To a solution of the previously prepared primary alcohol (5.2 mg, 0.011 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (110 μ L) was added MnO₂ (14.7 mg, 0.165 mmol, 15.0 equiv). The mixture was stirred at RT for 3.5 hours, then filtered over Celite, rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ and concentrated (bath T < 20 °C). The α,β -unsaturated aldehyde **35** was obtained in quantitative yield and directly used in the next step without further purification. R_f = 0.60 (pentane/Et₂O 9:1). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{25.0}_D$ (*c* 0.27, CHCl₃) = -1.9°. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.41 (s, 1 H), 6.32 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1 H), 5.23-5.22 (m, 1 H), 3.58 (dd, J_1 = 6.5 Hz, J_2 = 4.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.45 (dd, J_1 = 7.1 Hz, J_2 = 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.97-2.89 (m, 1 H), 2.05 (d, J =

12.5 Hz, 1 H), 1.93 (d, $J = 11.0$ Hz, 1 H), 1.84-1.82 (m, 1 H), 1.80 (d, $J = 0.7$ Hz, 3 H), 1.70-1.65 (m, 1 H), 1.62-1.60 (m, 6 H), 1.06 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H), 0.93 (s, 9 H), 0.89 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H), 0.72 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 0.18 (s, 9 H), 0.09 (s, 3 H), 0.08 (s, 3 H). ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 195.7, 157.5, 138.5, 134.5, 120.8, 77.5, 77.0, 45.8, 40.9, 38.3, 34.9, 26.7, 19.0, 16.1, 16.0, 13.8, 12.7, 12.0, 9.9, 1.4, -2.6, -2.9. HRMS-ESI calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{53}\text{O}_3\text{Si}_2$: $[\text{M}]^+$ 469.3533, found 469.3534. FTIR ν 2959 m , 2930 m , 2858 w , 1694 m , 1471 w , 1462 w , 1381 w , 1252 m , 1123 w , 1107 w , 1031 m , 837 m , 772 w , 631 s cm^{-1} .

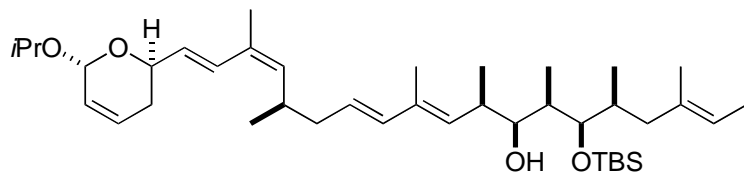
(4*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-4-((*R*,3*E*,5*E*)-6-iodo-4-methylhexa-3,5-dien-2-yl)-2,2,5,8,8,9,9-heptamethyl-6-((*S*,*E*)-4-methylhex-4-en-2-yl)-3,7-dioxa-2,8-disiladecane (36)



To a cooled (-5 °C) suspension of CrCl_2 (11.0 mg, 0.088 mmol, 8.00 equiv) in dry THF (300 μL) was added a solution of α,β -unsaturated aldehyde **35** (5.1 mg, 0.011 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and CHI_3 (9.0 mg, 0.022 mmol, 2.00 equiv) in THF (200 μL). The dark brown mixture was covered with an aluminium foil and stirred at 0 °C for 2.5 hours. The mixture was diluted with Et_2O (2 mL) and water (1.5 mL) and the aqueous phase extracted with Et_2O (3x). The combined organic layers were washed with water (2x), saturated sodium thiosulfate solution (1x), dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated (bath $T < 20$ °C). Purification by chromatography on SiO_2 (pentane 100%) afforded vinyl iodide **36** (5.7 mg, 0.010 mmol, 88%, $d.r. > 95:5$) as a colorless oil. $R_f = 0.16$ (pentane 100%). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{25.0}_{\text{D}}$ (c 0.105, CHCl_3) = $+24.8^\circ$. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.02 (d, $J = 14.6$ Hz, 1 H), 6.19 (d, $J = 14.6$ Hz, 1 H), 5.26 (d, $J = 10.2$ Hz, 1 H), 5.23 (dd, $J_1 = 12.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.7$ Hz, 1 H), 3.46-3.43 (m, 2 H), 2.70-2.61 (m, 1 H), 2.03 (d, $J = 11.9$ Hz, 1 H), 1.94 (t, $J = 11.8$ Hz, 1 H), 1.83-1.78 (m, 1 H), 1.76 (s, 3 H), 1.73-1.69 (m, 1 H), 1.62-1.61 (m, 6 H), 0.96 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H), 0.93 (s, 9 H), 0.85 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3 H), 0.71 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 0.16 (s, 9 H), 0.07 (s, 3 H), 0.04 (s, 3 H). ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 150.0, 138.1, 134.6, 133.8, 120.7, 77.8, 73.9, 46.0, 40.5, 37.4, 34.7, 30.1, 26.7, 19.0, 17.3, 16.0, 13.8, 12.6, 12.4, 11.9, 1.4, -2.6, -2.8. HRMS-ESI calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{53}\text{O}_2\text{Si}_2\text{Na}$: $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 615.2527, found 615.2536. FTIR ν 2958 m , 2928 m , 2857 w , 1461 w , 1381 w , 1253 w , 1105 w , 1032 w , 890 w , 836 w , 772 w , 631 s cm^{-1} .

2.4. The Suzuki sp^3 - sp^2 Cross Coupling and Synthesis Completion

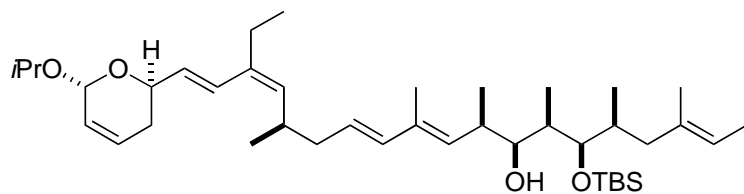
(2*E*,5*S*,6*R*,7*R*,8*S*,9*R*,10*E*,12*E*,15*R*,16*Z*,18*E*)-6-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-19-((2*R*,6*R*)-6-isopropoxy-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)-3,5,7,9,11,15,17-heptamethylnonadeca-2,10,12,16,18-pentaen-8-ol (39)



To a solution of alkyl iodide **20** (29.0 mg, 0.077 mmol, 1.30 equiv) in Et₂O (850 μ L) was added 9-MeO-9-BBN (1 M in hexane) (202 μ L, 0.202 mmol, 3.42 equiv). The

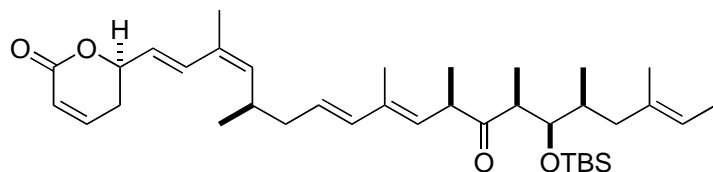
resulting solution was cooled to $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and treated with *t*BuLi (1.5 M in pentane) (118 μ L, 0.177 mmol, 3.00 equiv). After 5 minutes THF (850 μ L) was added and the solution allowed to return to RT; stirring was continued for 1 hour. Separately in another flask vinyl iodide **34** (30.7 mg, 0.059 mmol, 1.00 equiv) was taken up in DMF (850 μ L) to which Pd(dppf)Cl₂•CH₂Cl₂ (2.2 mg, 0.003 mmol, 0.05 equiv), AsPh₃ (2.8 mg, 0.009, 0.15 equiv), Cs₂CO₃ (77.0 mg, 0.236 mmol, 4.0 equiv) and H₂O (26 μ L, 1.416 mmol, 24 equiv) were sequentially added. The alkyl boronate solution was transferred in the DMF solution and the resulting red-brown mixture stirred at RT overnight. The reaction was diluted with water and extracted with Et₂O (3x). The combined organic layers were washed with water (1x) and brine (1x), dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 92.5:7.5) afforded **39** (30.2 mg, 0.047 mmol, 80%) as a pale yellow oil. R_f = 0.13 (pentane/Et₂O 9:1). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.0}_D$ (*c* 0.34, CHCl₃) = +52.1°. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.70 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.06-6.02 (m, 1 H), 6.02 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.77-5.70 (m, 2 H), 5.53 (dt, *J*₁ = 15.5 Hz, *J*₂ = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.24-5.18 (m, 2 H), 5.15 (s, 1 H), 5.09 (d, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1 H), 4.57-4.51 (m, 1 H), 4.05 (sept., *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.63-3.61 (m, 1 H), 3.39 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.86 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.57 Hz, 1 H), 2.75-2.68 (m, 1 H), 2.65-2.55 (m, 1 H), 2.20-2.02 (m, 5 H), 1.90-1.86 (m, 1 H), 1.84 (s, 3 H), 1.81-1.78 (m, 3 H), 1.75 (s, 3 H), 1.59 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 3 H), 1.57 (s, 3 H), 1.27 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.05 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3 H), 0.99 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 0.94 (s, 9 H), 0.86 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 0.76 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 0.11 (s, 3 H), 0.10 (s, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.9, 136.5, 134.8, 133.5, 133.4, 130.4, 129.6, 128.9, 128.6, 126.5, 126.3, 120.3, 93.7, 79.9, 79.1, 70.0, 67.4, 44.3, 41.2, 38.6, 37.3, 35.6, 32.5, 31.2, 26.6, 24.3, 22.5, 20.9, 20.8, 18.8, 18.0, 15.9, 14.9, 13.8, 13.2, 8.9, -2.8 , -3.6 . HRMS-ESI calcd for C₄₀H₇₀O₄SiNa: [M + Na]⁺ 665.4941, found 665.4946. FTIR ν 3503w, 2962m, 2928m, 2859m, 1459w, 1381w, 1317w, 1253w, 1181w, 1099m, 1029m, 1001m, 964m, 836w, 774w, 718w, 678w cm⁻¹.

(2E,5S,6R,7R,8S,9R,10E,12E,15R,16Z,18E)-6-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-17-ethyl-19-((2R,6R)-6-isopropoxy-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-3,5,7,9,11,15-hexamethylnonadeca-2,10,12,16,18-pentaen-8-ol (41)



To a solution of alkyl iodide **21** (49.0 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1.30 equiv) in Et₂O (1.3 mL) was added 9-MeO-9-BBN (1M in hexane) (330 μ L, 0.33 mmol, 3.42 equiv). The resulting solution was cooled to -78°C and treated with *t*BuLi (1.5 M in pentane) (192 μ L, 0.29 mmol, 3.00 equiv). After 5 minutes THF (1.3 mL) was added and the solution allowed to return to RT; stirring was continued for 1 hour. Separately in another flask vinyl iodide **34** (50.0 mg, 0.096 mmol, 1.00 equiv) was taken up in DMF (1.3 mL) to which Pd(dppf)Cl₂•CH₂Cl₂ (4.0 mg, 0.005 mmol, 0.05 equiv), AsPh₃ (4.4 mg, 0.014, 0.15 equiv), Cs₂CO₃ (125 mg, 0.384 mmol, 4.00 equiv) and H₂O (41 μ L, 2.30 mmol, 24 equiv) were sequentially added. The alkyl boronate solution was transferred in the DMF solution and the resulting red-brown mixture stirred at RT for 20 hours. The reaction was diluted with water and extracted with Et₂O (3x). The combined organic layers were washed with water (1x) and brine (1x), dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 98:2) afforded **41** (30.0 mg, 0.046 mmol, 48%) as a pale yellow oil and a second fraction (41.4 mg) containing a mixture of product and a side compound that was directly used in the next step without further purifications. $R_f = 0.71$ (hexane/EtOAc 8:2). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.2}_D (c\ 0.30, \text{CHCl}_3) = +50.5^{\circ}$. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.59 (d, $J = 15.7$ Hz, 1 H), 6.03-6.00 (m, 1 H), 5.99 (d, $J = 15.7$ Hz, 1 H), 5.76-5.70 (m, 2 H), 5.53-5.46 (m, 1 H), 5.19-5.16 (m, 2 H), 5.13 (s, 1 H), 5.06 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1 H), 4.53-4.48 (m, 1 H), 4.02 (sept., $J = 6.1$ Hz, 1 H), 3.61-3.59 (m, 1 H), 3.37-3.33 (m, 1 H), 2.71-2.63 (m, 1 H), 2.61-2.53 (m, 1 H), 2.22-2.01 (m, 7 H), 1.89-1.76 (m, 4 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H), 1.59-1.55 (m, 6 H), 1.25 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.19 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.04 (m, 6 H), 0.97 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3 H), 0.91 (m, 9 H), 0.84 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3 H), 0.74 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H), 0.09 (s, 6 H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.6, 136.2, 135.9, 134.9, 133.6, 133.4, 129.0, 128.9, 127.7, 126.6, 126.4, 120.4, 93.7, 80.0, 79.2, 70.1, 67.6, 44.4, 41.4, 38.7, 37.4, 35.7, 32.4, 31.3, 26.8, 26.6, 24.3, 22.6, 21.0, 18.8, 18.1, 16.0, 14.9, 13.9, 13.8, 13.3, 9.00, -2.9 , -3.6 . HRMS-ESI calcd for C₄₁H₇₂O₄SiNa: $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+ 679.5098$, found 679.5063. FTIR ν 3503w, 2963m, 2928m, 2858w, 1458w, 1381w, 1323w, 1254w, 1099w, 1030m, 1003m, 964w, 833w, 775s cm⁻¹.

(R)-6-((1E,3Z,5R,7E,9E,11R,13S,14R,15S,17E)-14-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3,5,9,11,13,15,17-heptamethyl-12-oxononadeca-1,3,7,9,17-pentaenyl)-5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-2-one (42)

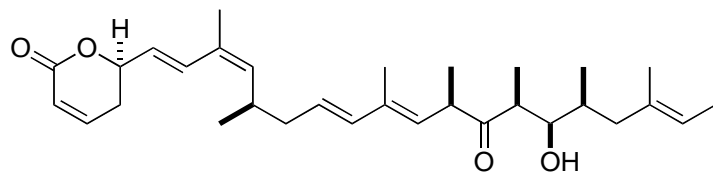


To a solution of **39** (6.8 mg, 0.011 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in a mixture acetone/water (3/1) (220 μ L), PPTS (1.3 mg, 0.005 mmol, 0.5 equiv) was added and the resulting solution stirred at

RT for 22 hours. The reaction was diluted with water, extracted with Et₂O (3x) and the combined organic layer dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 9:1 \rightarrow 7:3) afforded the corresponding lactol (6.3 mg, 0.010 mmol, 95%) as a pale yellow oil. R_f = 0.20 (pentane/Et₂O 7:3). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.8}_D$ (c 0.10, CHCl₃) = +53.1°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.73 (d, J = 15.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.11-6.07 (m, 1 H), 6.02 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.85 (dd, J_1 = 10.1 Hz, J_2 = 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.73 (dd, J_1 = 15.7 Hz, J_2 = 6.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.53 (dt, J_1 = 15.5 Hz, J_2 = 7.3 Hz, 1 H), 5.48 (br. s, 1 H), 5.24 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1 H), 5.23-5.18 (m, 1 H), 5.10 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1 H), 4.61-4.56 (m, 1 H), 3.63-3.61 (m, 1 H), 3.42-3.39 (m, 1 H), 2.79-2.69 (m, 2 H), 2.66-2.56 (m, 1 H), 2.21-2.01 (m, 5 H), 1.91-1.86 (m, 1 H), 1.84 (s, 3 H), 1.82-1.78 (m, 3 H), 1.75 (s, 3 H), 1.59-1.57 (m, 6 H), 1.05 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3 H), 0.98 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 0.94 (s, 9 H), 0.87 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 0.76 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 0.11 (s, 3 H), 0.10 (s, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.2, 136.5, 134.9, 133.6, 133.4, 130.2, 129.2, 129.1, 126.4, 126.3, 120.3, 89.7, 79.9, 79.1, 67.8, 44.3, 41.2, 38.6, 37.3, 35.6, 32.5, 31.2, 26.6, 21.0, 20.8, 18.8, 17.9, 15.9, 14.9, 13.8, 13.3, 9.0, -2.8, -3.6. HRMS-ESI calcd for C₃₇H₆₄O₄SiNa: [M + Na]⁺ 623.4472, found 623.4475. FTIR ν 3396w, 2959m, 2928m, 2859w, 1684w, 1457w, 1382w, 1253w, 1094w, 1033w, 964w, 835w, 772w, 680m cm⁻¹.

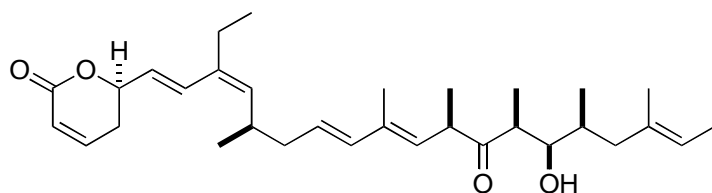
To a solution of the previously obtained lactol (3.2 mg, 0.005 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (100 μ L) was added DMP (5.6 mg, 0.013 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and the resulting mixture stirred at RT for 4 hours. The mixture was directly loaded over a pipette column of silica and eluted with pentane/Et₂O 9.5/0.5 \rightarrow 7/3. The mixture of lactol-ketone and lactone-ketone was concentrated and directly treated with MnO₂ (7.0 mg, 0.080 mmol, 15.0 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (300 μ L) at RT for 14 hours. The mixture was filtered over Celite, washed with CH₂Cl₂ and concentrated to afford α,β -unsaturated lactone **42** (1.5 mg, 0.003 mmol, 47%) as a pale yellow oil, which was directly used in the next step without further purification. R_f = 0.19 (pentane/Et₂O 7:3).

(R)-6-((1E,3Z,5R,7E,9E,11R,13S,14R,15S,17E)-14-hydroxy-3,5,9,11,13,15,17-heptamethyl-12-oxononadeca-1,3,7,9,17-pentaenyl)-5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-2-one (anguinomycin C) (1)



In a 10 ml plastic vial under Ar, a solution of α,β -unsaturated lactone **42** (1.4 mg, 0.002 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (300 μ L) was cooled to 0 °C and treated dropwise with a solution of HF-pyridine (120 μ L) and pyridine (60 μ L) in THF (200 μ L). After addition the resulting pale yellow solution was allowed to return to RT and stirred for 4.5 days. The reaction mixture was diluted in Et₂O and transferred by canula in a saturated NaHCO₃ solution and extracted with Et₂O (3x). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated NH₄Cl (1x), dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The crude mixture was directly purified by HPLC to afford anguinomycin C (**1**) (0.9 mg, 0.0019 mmol, 82%) as a colorless oil. Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{23.1}_{\text{D}}$ (c 0.012, CHCl₃) = -116.7°. Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.5}_{\text{D}}$ (c 0.0064, MeOH) = -101.2°. ¹H-NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.93 (dt, J_1 = 9.8 Hz, J_2 = 4.3 Hz, 1 H), 6.76 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1 H), 6.09 (td, J_1 = 9.7 Hz, J_2 = 1.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.04 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.75 (dd, J_1 = 15.6 Hz, J_2 = 6.9 Hz, 1 H), 5.61 (dt, J_1 = 15.5 Hz, J_2 = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.30 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.22 (qd, J_1 = 6.6 Hz, J_2 = 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.15 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.01 (dt, J_1 = 7.3 Hz, J_2 = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.69 (dq, J_1 = 10.1 Hz, J_2 = 6.7 Hz, 1 H), 3.59 (ddd, J_1 = 5.5 Hz, J_2 = 5.5 Hz, J_3 = 4.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.88 (qd, J_1 = 7.1 Hz, J_2 = 5.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.74-2.67 (m, 1 H), 2.51-2.49 (m, 2 H), 2.40 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.15-2.06 (m, 2 H), 2.02 (dd, J_1 = 13.0 Hz, J_2 = 6.1 Hz, 1 H), 1.85 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.84 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.74 (dd, J_1 = 13.0 Hz, J_2 = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 1.69-1.64 (m, 1 H), 1.60 (dd, J_1 = 6.8 Hz, J_2 = 0.5 Hz, 3 H), 1.58 (s, 3 H), 1.17 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.16 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 0.99 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3 H), 0.80 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.4, 163.7, 144.3, 138.7, 135.8, 135.1, 133.6, 130.4, 129.1, 128.1, 127.3, 125.0, 121.3, 120.1, 78.3, 74.0, 46.1, 45.3, 43.7, 40.4, 32.8, 31.9, 29.7, 20.3, 20.0, 15.8, 14.9, 13.8, 13.0, 12.7, 11.8. HRMS-ESI calcd for C₃₁H₄₆O₄Na: [M + Na]⁺ 505.3294, found 505.3281. FTIR ν 3440m, 2963m, 2927m, 2856w, 1709m, 1454w, 1381w, 1248w, 891m cm⁻¹. UV spectrum λ_{max} = 241 nm in MeOH. Analytical HPLC R_t = 32.35 minutes (C₁₈, 60%-100% MeOH in 50 minutes). Semi-preparative HPLC R_t = 38.82 minutes (C₁₈, 60%-80% MeOH in 50 minutes).

(R)-6-((1E,3Z,5R,7E,9E,11R,13S,14R,15S,17E)-3-ethyl-14-hydroxy-5,9,11,13,15,17-hexamethyl-12-oxononadeca-1,3,7,9,17-pentaenyl)-5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-2-one (anguinomycin D) (2)



To a solution of **41** (27.0 mg, 0.041 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in a mixture acetone/water (5/1) (830 μ L) was added PPTS (6.0 mg, 0.024 mmol, 0.4 equiv) and the resulting solution

stirred at RT for 43 hours. The reaction was transferred in a saturated NaHCO_3 solution, extracted with Et_2O (3x) and the combined organic layer washed with brine (1x), dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO_2 (pentane/ Et_2O 9:1 \rightarrow 1:1) afforded the lactol (23.0 mg, 0.037 mmol, 91%).

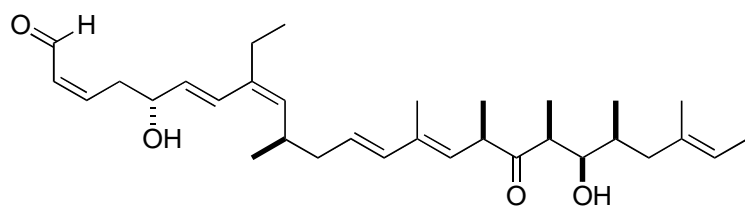
To a solution of lactol (1.30 mg, 0.002 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.5 mL), 4Å MS (50 mg), PCC (3.00 mg, 0.013 mmol, 6.00 equiv) and glacial acetic acid (12 μ L, 0.21 mmol, 100 equiv) were sequentially added and the resulting mixture stirred at RT for 1.5 hours. The mixture was directly loaded over a column of silicagel and eluted with hexane/ AcOEt 8.5/1.5 \rightarrow 1/1 to afford the ketolactone intermediate which was directly used in the last step.

In a 10 ml plastic tube a solution of the previous obtained ketolactone in THF (0.5 mL) was cooled to 0 °C. Pyridine (100 μ L) and $\text{HF}\cdot\text{pyridine}$ (100 μ L) were sequentially added and the tube sealed. After 5 minutes the solution was allowed to return to RT and stirred for 4.5 days. The solution was cooled to 0 °C and silicagel (100 mg) was added. After 5 minutes, the mixture was loaded on a pipette column of silicagel and eluted with hexane/ EtOAc 8:2 \rightarrow 1:1 affording anguinomycin D (**2**) (0.62 mg, 0.0013 mmol, 60%) as a colorless oil. An analytical sample of anguinomycin D was purified by HPLC. R_f = 0.17 (hexane/ EtOAc 6:4). Optical rotation $[\alpha]^{22.7}_D$ (c 0.014, MeOH) = -112.0° . $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (800 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.90 (dddd, $J_1 = 9.7$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.9$ Hz, $J_3 = 3.6$ Hz, $J_4 = 0.8$ Hz, 1 H), 6.63 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 1 H), 6.06 (dt, $J_1 = 9.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.8$ Hz, 1 H), 6.01 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1 H), 5.76 (dd, $J_1 = 15.7$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.9$ Hz, 1 H), 5.58 (dt, $J_1 = 15.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.3$ Hz, 1 H), 5.25 (d, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 1 H), 5.19 (qd, $J_1 = 6.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.2$ Hz, 1 H), 5.11 (d, $J = 10.1$ Hz, 1 H), 4.99-4.96 (m, 1 H) or 4.98 (dtd, $J_1 = 6.9$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.6$ Hz, $J_3 = 0.8$ Hz, 1 H), 3.66 (dq, $J_1 = 10.1$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.7$ Hz, 1 H), 3.55 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1 H), 2.87 (dt, $J_1 = 5.7$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.1$ Hz, 1 H), 2.68-2.64 (m, 1 H), 2.48-2.46 (m, 2 H), 2.22-2.15 (m, 2 H), 2.08 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2 H), 1.98 (dd, $J_1 = 13.1$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.2$ Hz, 1 H), 1.82 (d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 3 H), 1.70 (dd, $J_1 = 13.1$ Hz, $J_2 = 8.6$ Hz, 1 H), 1.65-1.61 (m, 1 H), 1.57 (dd, $J_1 = 6.7$ Hz, $J_2 = 0.8$ Hz, 3 H), 1.55 (s, 3 H), 1.14 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3 H), 1.13 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3 H), 1.04 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3 H), 0.96 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 0.77 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 215.8, 164.1, 144.7, 137.3, 136.2, 135.4, 135.3, 134.0, 130.0, 128.4, 127.7, 124.8,

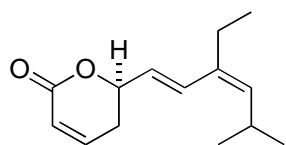
121.7, 120.5, 79.9, 74.4, 46.5, 45.6, 44.1, 40.8, 33.2, 32.2, 30.1, 26.4, 20.8, 16.3, 15.3, 14.2, 13.5, 13.4, 13.1, 12.2. HRMS-ESI calcd for $C_{32}H_{48}O_4Na$: $[M + Na]^+$ 519.3450; found 519.3429. UV spectrum λ_{max} = 242 nm in MeOH. Analytical HPLC R_t = 32.87 minutes (C_{18} , 60% \rightarrow 100% MeOH in 50 minutes).

The same three last steps procedure (i. PPTS, acetone/water; ii. PCC, 4 Å MS, AcOH, CH_2Cl_2 ; iii. HF•pyridine, pyridine) was applied using the mixed fraction obtained from the sp^3 - sp^2 Suzuki Cross-Coupling for the synthesis of product **41**. In addition to anguinomycin D (**2**), the following compounds were isolated:

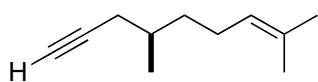
2Z,5R,6E,8Z,10R,12E,14E,16R,18S,19R,20S,22E)-8-ethyl-5,19-dihydroxy-10,14,16,18,20,22-hexamethyl-17-oxotetracos-2,6,8,12,14,22-hexaenal (44)



R_f = 0.11 (hexane/EtOAc 7:3). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.56 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 6.91 (dt, J_1 = 15.8 Hz, J_2 = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 6.56 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.23 (ddt, J_1 = 15.8 Hz, J_2 = 7.9 Hz, J_3 = 1.3 Hz, 1 H), 6.04 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1 H), 5.73 (dd, J_1 = 15.3 Hz, J_2 = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.64-5.59 (m, 1 H), 5.24-5.20 (m, 2 H), 5.16 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1 H), 4.41 (q, J = 6.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.70-3.65 (m, 1 H), 3.60 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.91-2.86 (m, 1 H), 2.70-2.66 (m, 1 H), 2.65-2.63 (m, 1 H), 2.22-2.18 (m, 1 H), 2.11 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.01 (dd, J_1 = 13.2 Hz, J_2 = 6.1 Hz, 1 H), 1.84 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 3 H), 1.76-1.73 (m, 1 H), 1.68-1.64 (m, 1 H), 1.61 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 1.58-1.57 (m, 3 H), 1.17 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.16 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 1.07 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H), 1.00 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 0.80 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H). HRMS-ESI calcd for $C_{32}H_{50}O_4Na$: $[M + Na]^+$ 521.3607; found 521.3607. Analytical HPLC R_t = 32.37 minutes (C_{18} , 60% \rightarrow 100% MeOH in 50 minutes). λ_{max} = 239 nm.

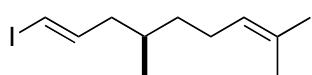
(R)-6-((1E,3Z)-3-ethyl-5-methylhexa-1,3-dienyl)-5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-2-one (4)

$R_f = 0.44$ (hexane/EtOAc 7:3). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.93 (dt, $J_1 = 9.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.1$ Hz, 1 H), 6.70 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 1 H), 6.09 (dt, $J_1 = 9.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.9$ Hz, 1 H), 5.78 (dd, $J_1 = 15.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.9$ Hz, 1 H), 5.29 (d, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 1 H), 5.05-4.99 (m, 1 H), 2.81-2.72 (m, 1 H), 2.52-2.48 (m, 2 H), 2.19 (q, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2 H), 1.07 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3 H), 1.00 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 3 H), 0.98 (d, $J = 1.4$ Hz, 3 H). HRMS-ESI calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$: $[\text{M}]^+$ 221.1542; found 221.1548. Analytical HPLC $R_t = 38.55$ minutes (C_{18} , 30% \rightarrow 80% MeOH in 50 minutes), $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 239$ nm.

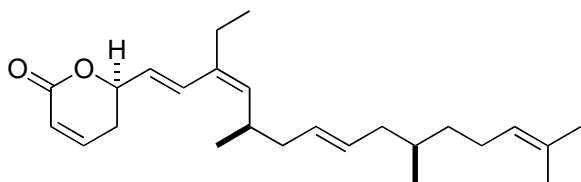
3. Synthesis of Anguinomycin/Terpene Hybrid**(E)-4,8-dimethylnona-3,7-dien-1-yne (46)**

To a cooled (0°C) solution of CBr_4 (292 mg, 0.88 mmol, 2.20 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (500 μL), PPh_3 (462 mg, 1.76 mmol, 4.40 equiv) was added in portion over 2 minutes. After 5 minutes stirring at 0°C a solution of citronelal (62 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and 2,6-lutidine (61 μL , 0.88 mmol, 2.20 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (500 μL) was added via syringe over 10 minutes. The resulting brown mixture was stirred at 0°C for 2 hours. The mixture was precipitated with pentane and the supernatant was filtered over Celite. The precipitate was dissolved in the minimum of CH_2Cl_2 and precipitated with pentane. The supernatant was filtered over Celite. This process was repeated 5 times. The combined supernatants were concentrated and purified by flash chromatography on SiO_2 (hexane/EtOAc 95:5) to afford the title compound (116 mg, 0.37 mmol, 92%) as a colorless oil. $R_f = 0.86$ (hexane/EtOAc 9:1). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.11 (d, $J = 10.5$ Hz, 1 H), 5.87-5.83 (m, 1 H), 5.10-5.05 (m, 1 H), 2.17-2.06 (m, 4 H), 1.75 (d, $J = 1.4$ Hz, 3 H), 1.69 (d, $J = 1.0$ Hz, 3 H), 1.61 (s, 3 H). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 144.9, 133.6, 132.2, 123.4, 121.8, 88.9, 40.0, 29.7, 26.3, 25.6, 17.78. FTIR ν 2967m, 2924s, 2855m, 1636w, 1443m, 1381m cm^{-1} .

To a cooled (-78°C) solution of (*E*)-1,1-dibromo-4,8-dimethylnona-1,3,7-triene (112 mg, 0.37 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in THF (600 μL) under Ar was added *n*BuLi (1.6 M in hexanes) (552 μL , 0.88 mmol, 2.40 equiv). The reaction was stirred during 10 minutes at -78°C and allowed to reach RT over 1 hour. The solution was further stirred at RT for 1 hour. A saturated solution of NH_4Cl (500 μL) was added and the mixture stirred at RT for 15 minutes. The mixture was diluted with H_2O (2 mL) and extracted with Et_2O (3x). The combined organic phase was washed with brine (1x), dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated to afford alkyne (**46**), which was directly used in the next step without further purification.

(1E,3E)-1-iodo-4,8-dimethylnona-1,3,7-triene (47)

To a cooled ($-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) solution of the previously obtained terminal alkyne in THF (1.5 mL) under Ar was added Cp_2ZrHCl (105 mg, 0.41 mmol, 1.10 equiv) in one portion. The reaction flask was covered with an aluminium foil and the suspension stirred at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 30 minutes. The resulting clear solution was cooled to $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ followed by addition of I_2 (36 mg, 0.28 mmol, 1.30 equiv) in THF (1.0 mL). The mixture was stirred at $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 30 minutes and then allowed to return to RT over 1 hour. The reaction was quenched by addition of HCl (1 M) and extracted with Et_2O (3x). The combined organic phase was washed with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ (1x), saturated NaHCO_3 (1x), brine (1x), dried (Na_2SO_3) and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on SiO_2 (pentane/ Et_2O 100:0 \rightarrow 98:2) to give the iodoolefin **47** (88 mg, 0.32 mmol, 87% over 2 steps) as a colorless oil. $R_f = 0.46$ (pentane/ Et_2O 9:1). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.48 (dt, $J_1 = 14.4\text{ Hz}$, $J_2 = 7.7\text{ Hz}$, 1 H), 5.96 (dt, $J_1 = 14.4\text{ Hz}$, $J_2 = 1.1\text{ Hz}$, 1 H), 5.11-5.05 (m, 1 H), 2.10-1.86 (m, 4 H), 1.68 (d, $J = 1.2\text{ Hz}$, 3 H), 1.60 (s, 3 H), 1.57-1.49 (m, 1 H), 1.28 (m, 1 H), 1.19-1.10 (m, 1 H), 0.88 (d, $J = 6.7\text{ Hz}$, 3 H). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 145.5, 124.5, 75.0, 43.4, 36.4, 32.1, 25.5, 25.7, 19.3, 17.7. FTIR ν 2963m, 2913s, 2870m, 2851m, 1605w, 1454m, 1377m, 1188w, 949s cm^{-1} .

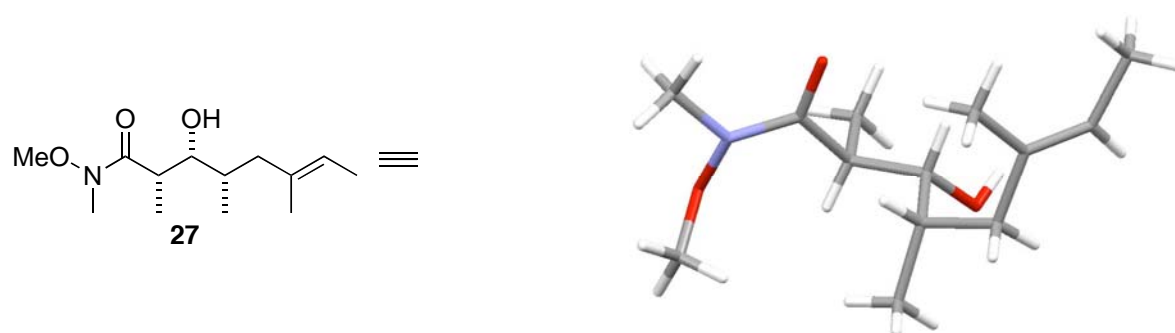
(R)-6-((R,1E,3Z,7E,9E)-3-ethyl-5,10,14-trimethylpentadeca-1,3,7,9,13-pentaenyl)-5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-2-one (3)

To a solution of alkyl iodine (**21**) (5.00 mg, 0.013 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in Et_2O (150 μL) under Ar, 9-MeO-9-BBN (1 M in hexane) (44 μL , 0.044 mmol, 3.40 equiv) was added. The resulting solution was cooled to $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and treated with $t\text{BuLi}$ (1.5 M in pentane) (26 μL , 0.038 mmol, 3.00 equiv). After 5 minutes THF (150 μL) was added and the solution allowed to return to RT. Stirring was continued for 1 hour. Separately in another flask the iodoolefin **47** (7.00 mg, 0.026 mmol, 2.00 equiv) was taken up in DMF (150 μL) to which $\text{Pd}(\text{dppf})\text{Cl}_2 \cdot \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ (1.10 mg, 0.001 mmol, 0.10 equiv), AsPh_3 (1.00 mg, 0.003, 0.25 equiv), Cs_2CO_3 (17.0 mg, 0.051 mmol, 4.00 equiv) and H_2O (6 μL , 0.307 mmol, 24 equiv) were sequentially added. The alkyl boronate solution was transferred in the DMF solution and the resulting red-brown mixture stirred at RT overnight. The reaction was diluted with water and extracted with Et_2O (3x). The combined organic layers were washed with water (1x) and brine (1x), dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on SiO_2 (pentane/ Et_2O 100:0 \rightarrow 98:2) afforded the coupled product (4.20 mg, 0.011 mmol, 74%) as a pale yellow oil.

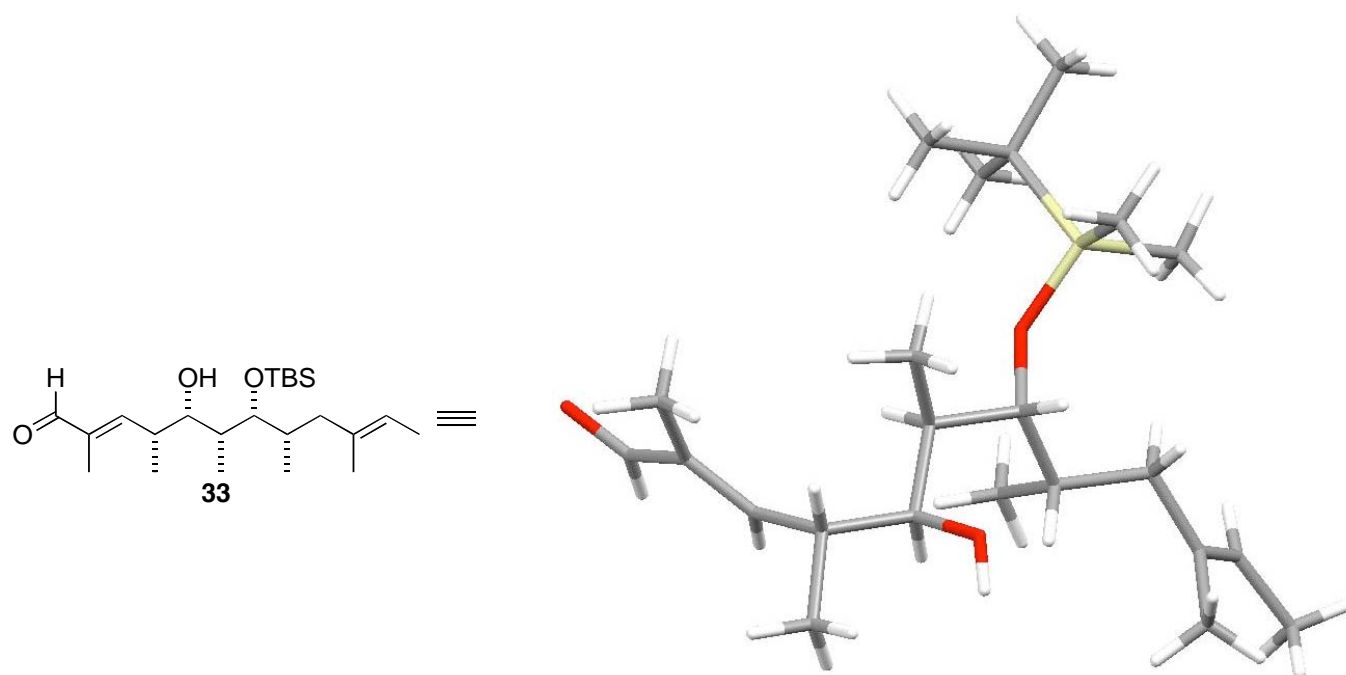
To a solution of the previously obtained coupled product (3.90 mg, 0.01 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in a mixture of acetone/water (3/1) (200 μ L) was added PPTS (2.4 mg, 0.01 mmol, 1.00 equiv). The reaction was stirred at RT for 4 hours, then quenched with water and extracted with Et₂O (3x). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to afford the crude lactol. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (1/0.025) (200 μ L) with 4 Å molecular sieves (50 mg), treated with PCC (6.1 mg, 0.028 mmol, 3.00 equiv) and the suspension was stirred for 3 hours. The mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered through Celite, washed with water (1x) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on SiO₂ (pentane/Et₂O 96:4) to give the α,β -unsaturated lactone (**3**) (1.84 mg, 0.005 mmol, 46%) as a colorless oil. R_f = 0.38 (pentane/Et₂O 9:1). ¹H-NMR (800 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.90 (ddd, J_1 = 10.5 Hz, J_2 = 4.4 Hz, J_3 = 3.9 Hz, 1 H), 6.64 (d, J = 15.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.07 (ddd, J_1 = 9.9 Hz, J_2 = 2.1 Hz, J_3 = 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.76 (dd, J_1 = 15.9 Hz, J_2 = 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.38-5.34 (m, 1H), 5.32-5.28 (m, 1 H), 5.25 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1 H), 5.10-5.07 (m, 1 H), 5.01-4.98 (m, 1 H), 2.64-2.59 (m, 1 H), 2.48-2.46 (m, 2 H), 2.21-2.14 (m, 2 H), 2.01-1.97 (m, 4 H), 1.95-1.91 (m, 1 H), 1.81-1.79 (m, 1 H), 1.68 (s, 3 H), 1.60 (s, 3 H), 1.47-1.41 (m, 1 H), 1.29-1.34 (m, 1 H), 1.08-1.13 (m, 1 H), 1.04 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3 H), 0.95 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 0.84 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C-NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.2, 144.8, 137.7, 134.8, 131.1, 130.7, 130.0, 129.2, 125.0, 124.6, 121.7, 79.0, 40.7, 40.1, 36.7, 32.8, 32.1, 30.1, 26.3, 25.8, 25.7, 20.8, 19.4, 17.7, 13.4. FTIR ν 2963 m , 2916 m , 2870 m , 2361 m , 2338 w , 1732 s , 1454 w , 1381 m , 1242 s , 1053 w , 1022 w , 964 m , 814 w cm⁻¹. HRMS-ESI-TOF calcd for C₂₅H₃₈O₂: [M + H]⁺ 371.2945; found 371.2950.

4. X-ray Cristallography

(2*S*,3*R*,4*S*,*E*)-3-hydroxy-*N*-methoxy-*N*,2,4,6-tetramethyloct-6-enamide (27) (CCDC674800)



(2*E*,4*R*,5*S*,6*R*,7*R*,8*S*,10*E*)-7-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-hydroxy-2,4,6,8,10-pentamethyldodeca-2,10-dienal (33) (CCDC674799)



5. Biological Evaluation: Cell Culture Techniques, Antibodies and Indirect Immunofluorescence

HeLa cells were cultured at 37 °C in Dulbecco's modified eagle's medium (DMEM), supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum, 100 units/ml penicillin and 100 µg/ml streptomycin. For studying the inhibition of CRM1-mediated nuclear export, HeLa cells were grown on coverslips for 24 h to about 75% confluency. Cells were then incubated with different concentrations of LMB (LC laboratories, USA) or anguinomycins C or D for 90 min at 37 °C. For detection of Rio2, cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 min and permeabilized for 5 minutes in 1 x detergent (0.1% Triton-X, 0.02% SDS in 1xPBS). Incubation with α -Rio2 antibody (polyclonal antibody, raised against recombinant full-length human Rio2 in rabbit, affinity-purified) and fluorescently labeled secondary antibody (a-rabbit, Alexa 488-labeled, Invitrogen). Pictures were acquired using a Leica TCS NT1 laser-scanning confocal microscope.

6. Modeling

LMB was modeled covalently bound to cysteine 528 of the CRM1-SNUPN structure from Dong *et al.* (PDB code 3GB8).² The structure of the protein, including the coordinates of the covalently modified cysteine 528, was kept rigid. Only the inhibitor and the sulfur atom of modified cysteine 528 were allowed to move. The program Coot³ was used in the modeling. The program Sketcher from the CCP4 suite⁴ was used to generate coordinates and bond restraints for the covalently modified cysteine 528. Initial inhibitor conformations were minimized using Phenix⁵ to remove clashes with the protein. Then the coordinates were subjected to an energy minimization using PLOP⁶ to generate the final LMB

² Dong, X.; Biswas, A.; Suel, K. E.; Jackson, L. K.; Martinez, R.; Gu, H.; Chook, Y. M. *Nature* **2009**, 458, 1136-1141.

³ Emsley, P.; Cowtan, K. *Acta Crystallogr D Biol Crystallogr* **2004**, 60, 2126-2132.

⁴ Collaborative Computational Project, N. *Acta Crystallogr D Biol Crystallogr* **1994**, 50, 760-763.

⁵ Adams, P. D.; Grosse-Kunstleve, R.W.; Hung, L.W.; Ioerger, T.R.; McCoy, A.J.; Moriarty, N.W.; Read, R.J.; Sacchettini, J.C.; Sauter, N.K.; Terwilliger, T.C. *Acta Crystallogr D Biol Crystallogr* **2002**, 58, 1948-1954.

⁶ Kalyanaraman, C.; Bernacki, K.; Jacobson, M.P. *Biochemistry* **2005**, 44, 2059-2071.

model. For the derivatives, we used the LMB conformation as a starting point and subjected to them also to an energy minimization. PyMOL⁷ was used to make the molecular pictures.

Supplementary figure

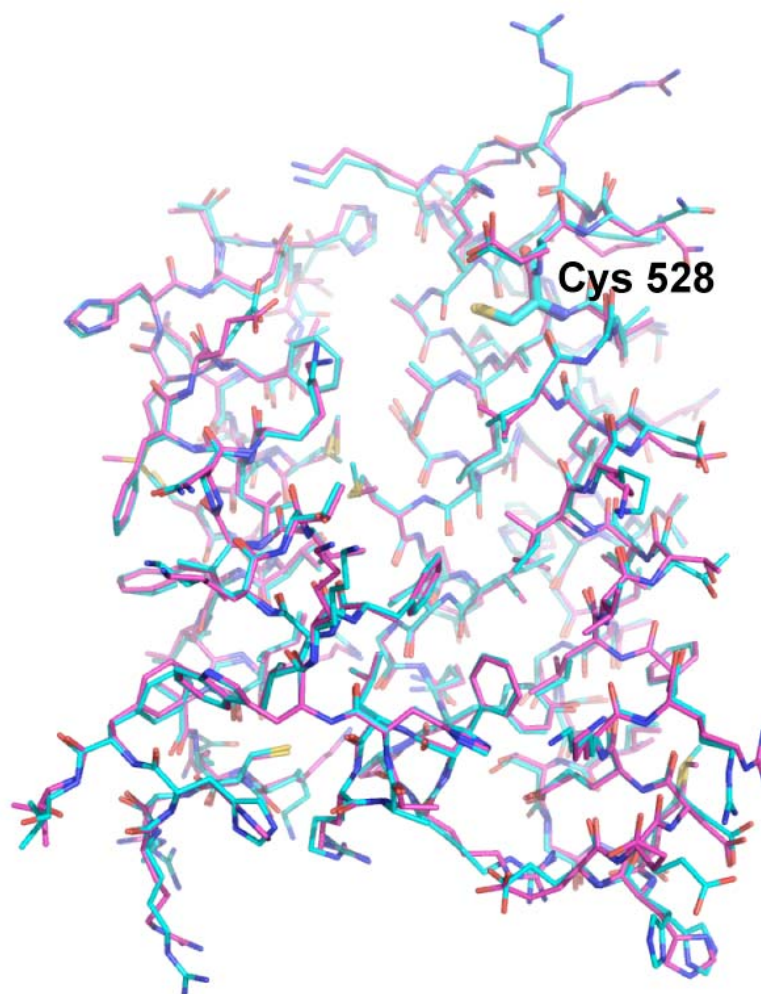
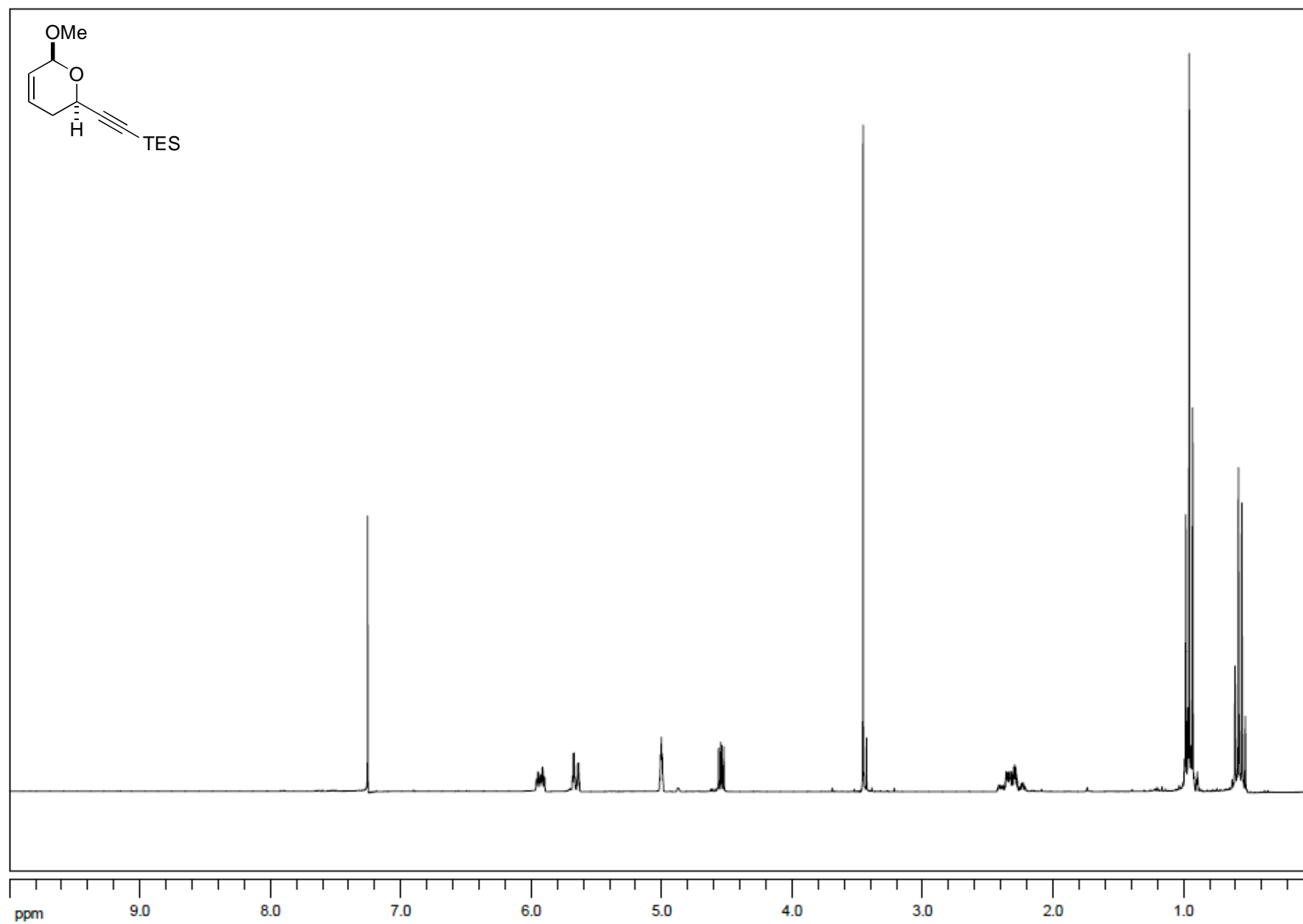


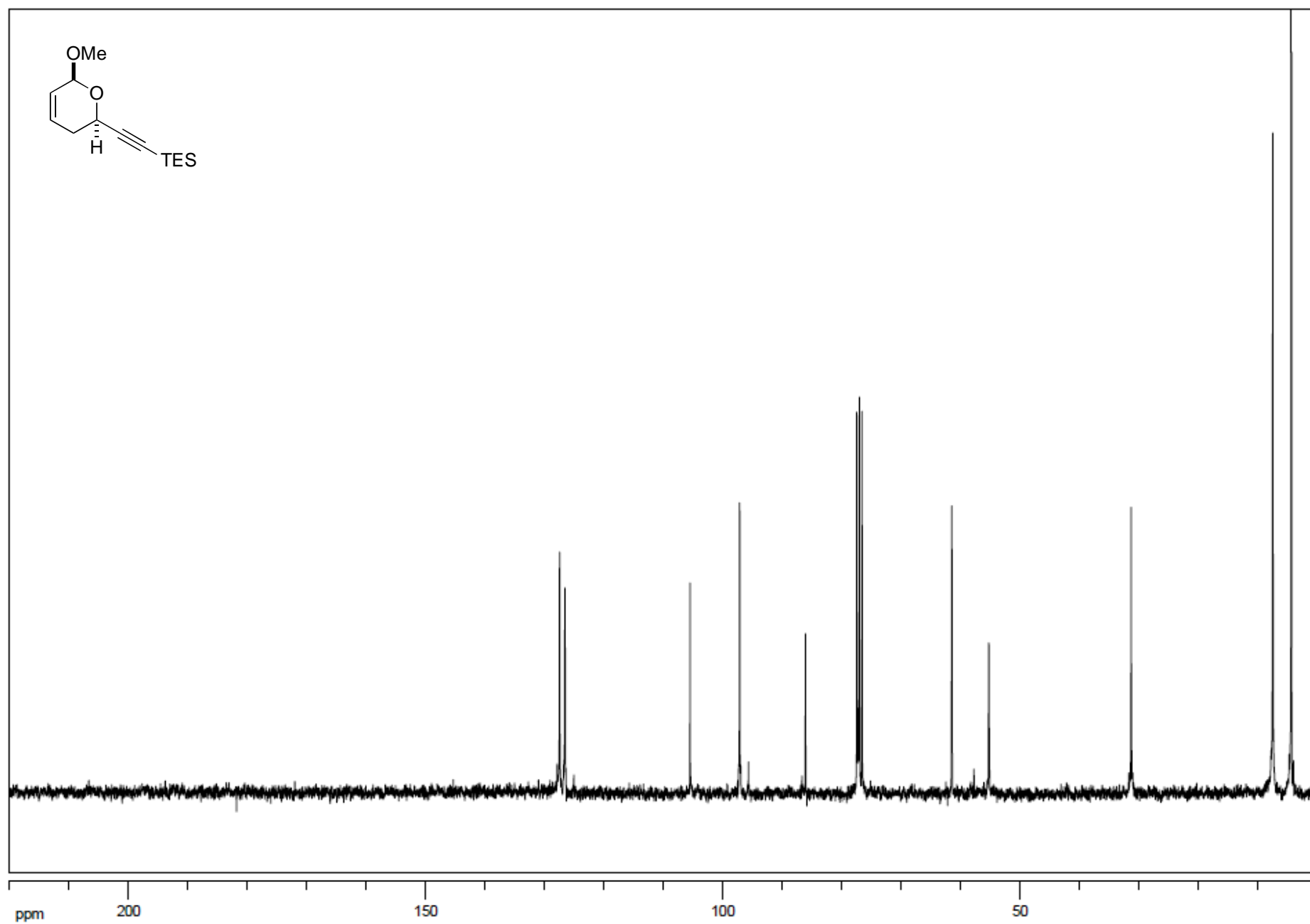
Figure S1: Superposition of two CRM1 structures,^{2,8} focusing on the nuclear export signal (NES) binding sites. The structures are almost identical in this region with a RMSD of 0.31 Å for residues 490-600.

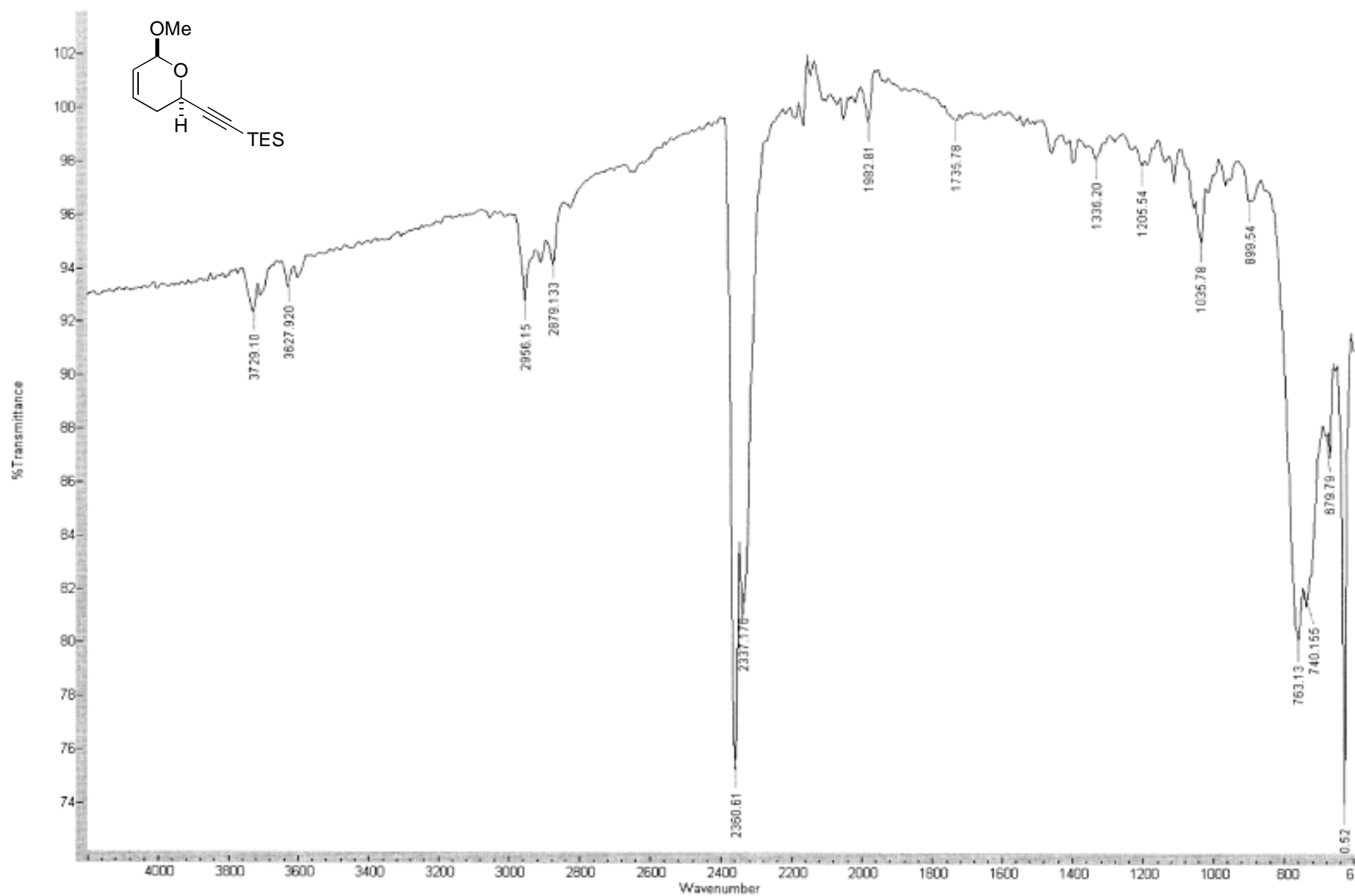
⁷ DeLano, W.L.; *The PyMOL Molecular Graphics System*, DeLano Scientific, Palo Alto, CA, USA, **2002**.

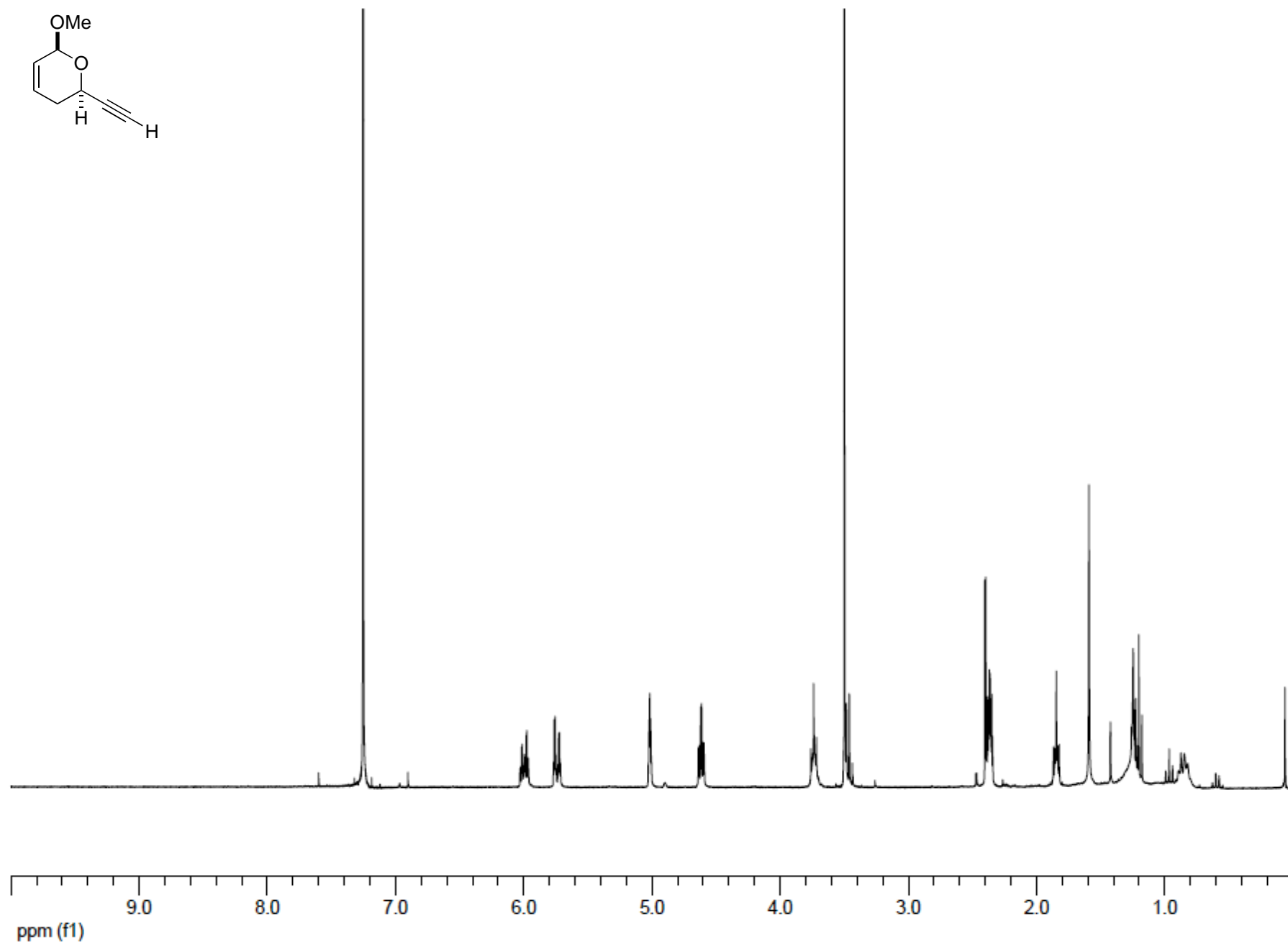
⁸ Monecke, T.; Guttler, T.; Neumann, P.; Dickmanns, A.; Gorlich, D.; Ficner, R. *Science* **2009**, 324, 1087-1091.

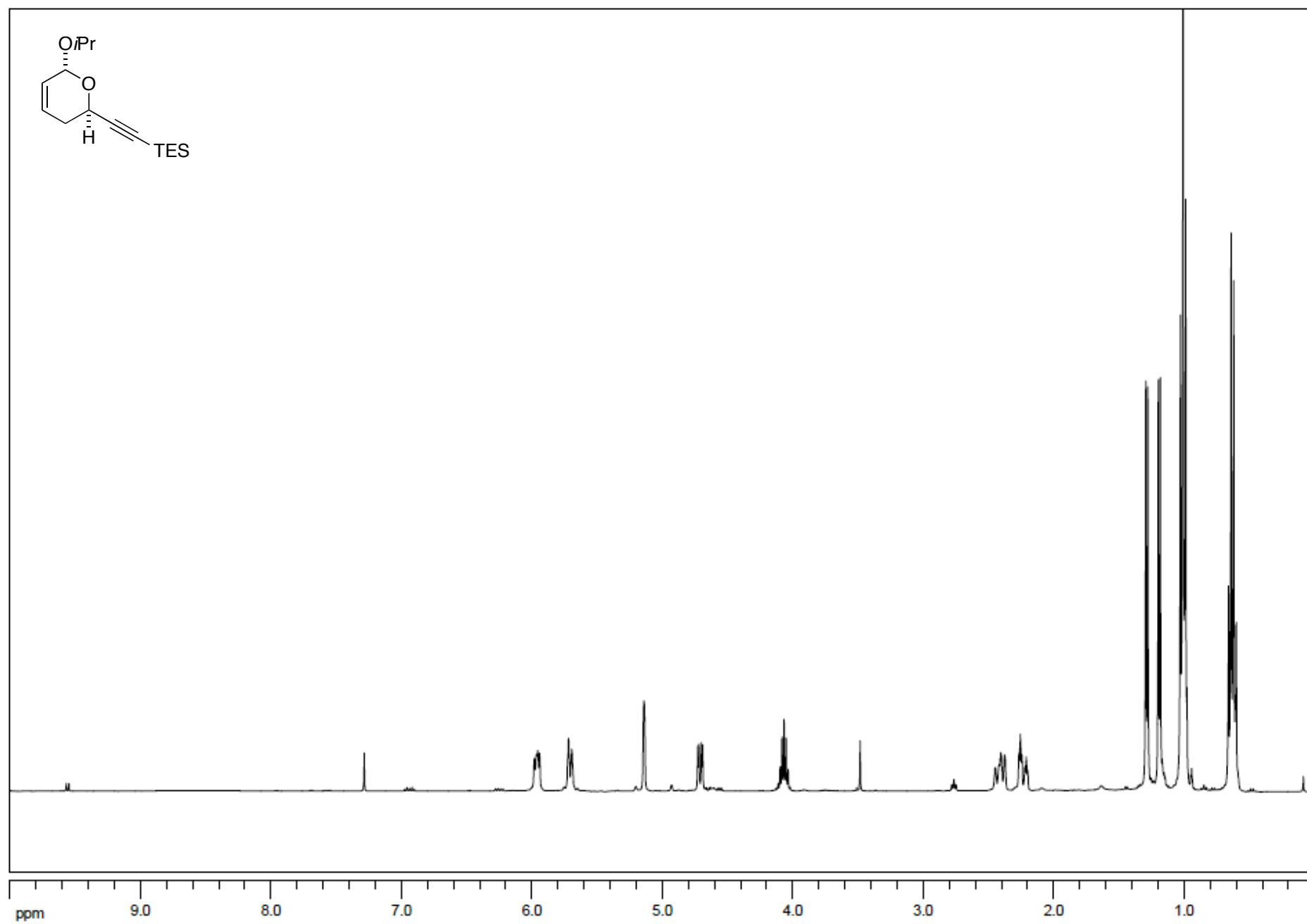
7. Spectra

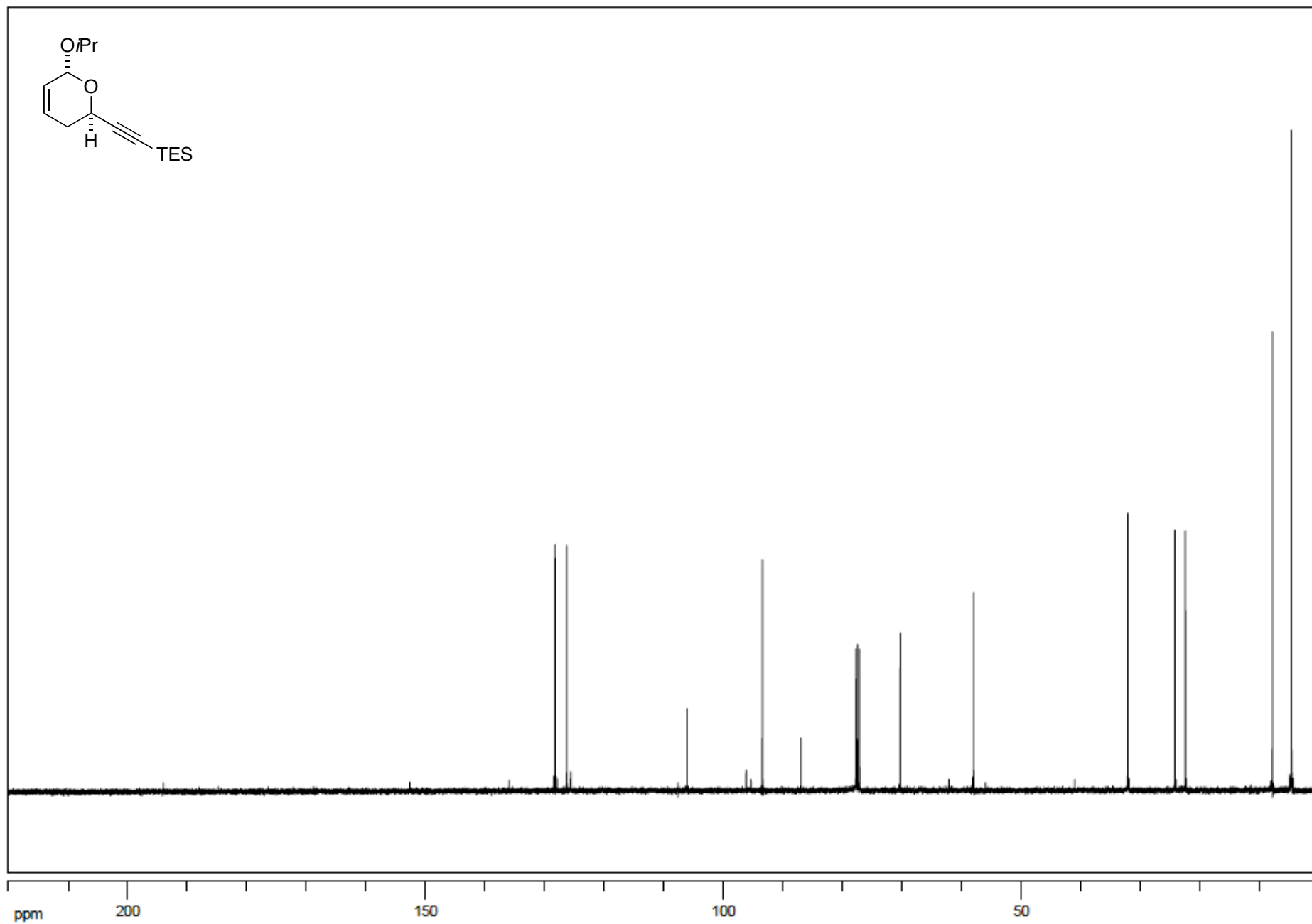


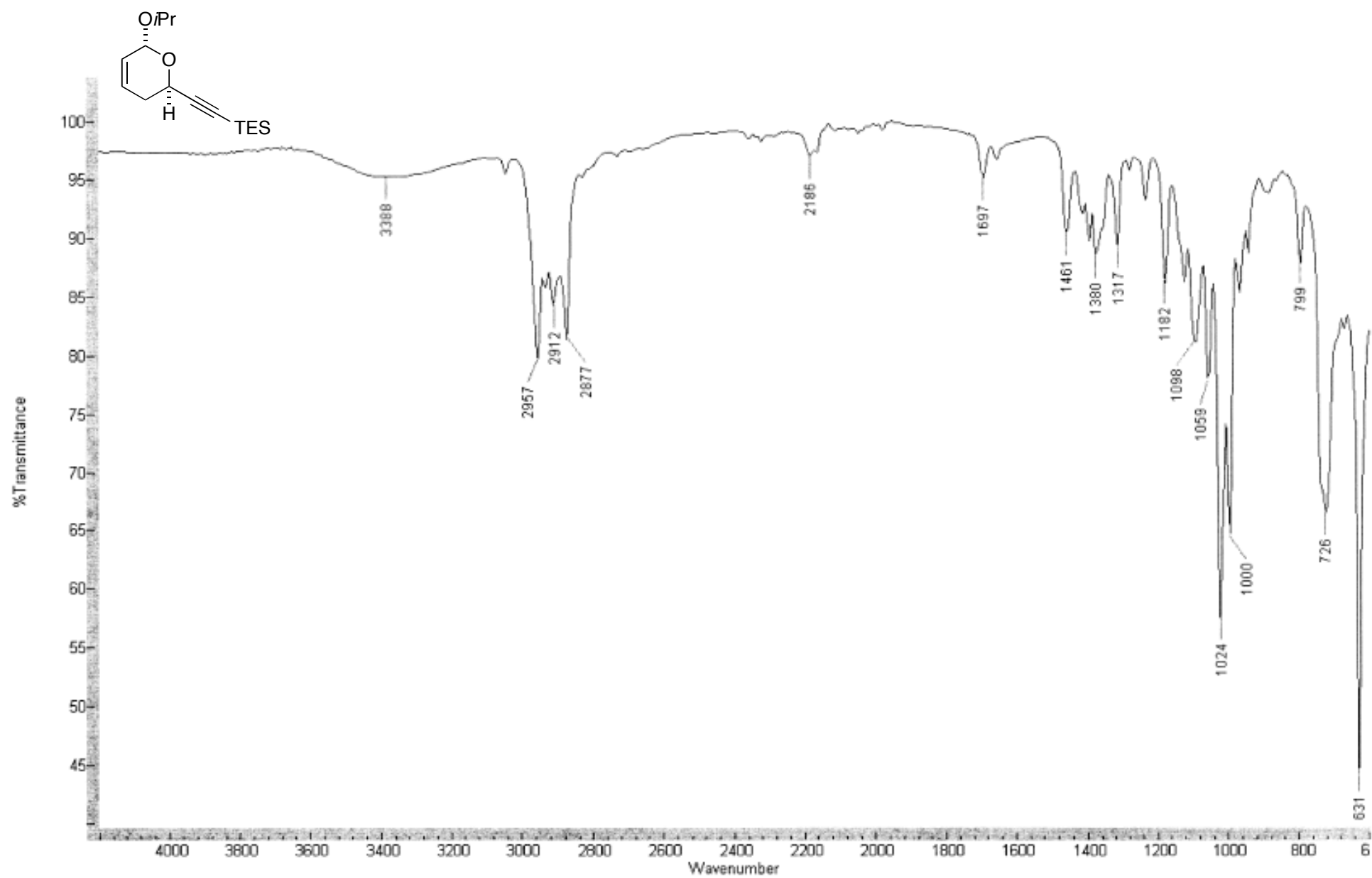


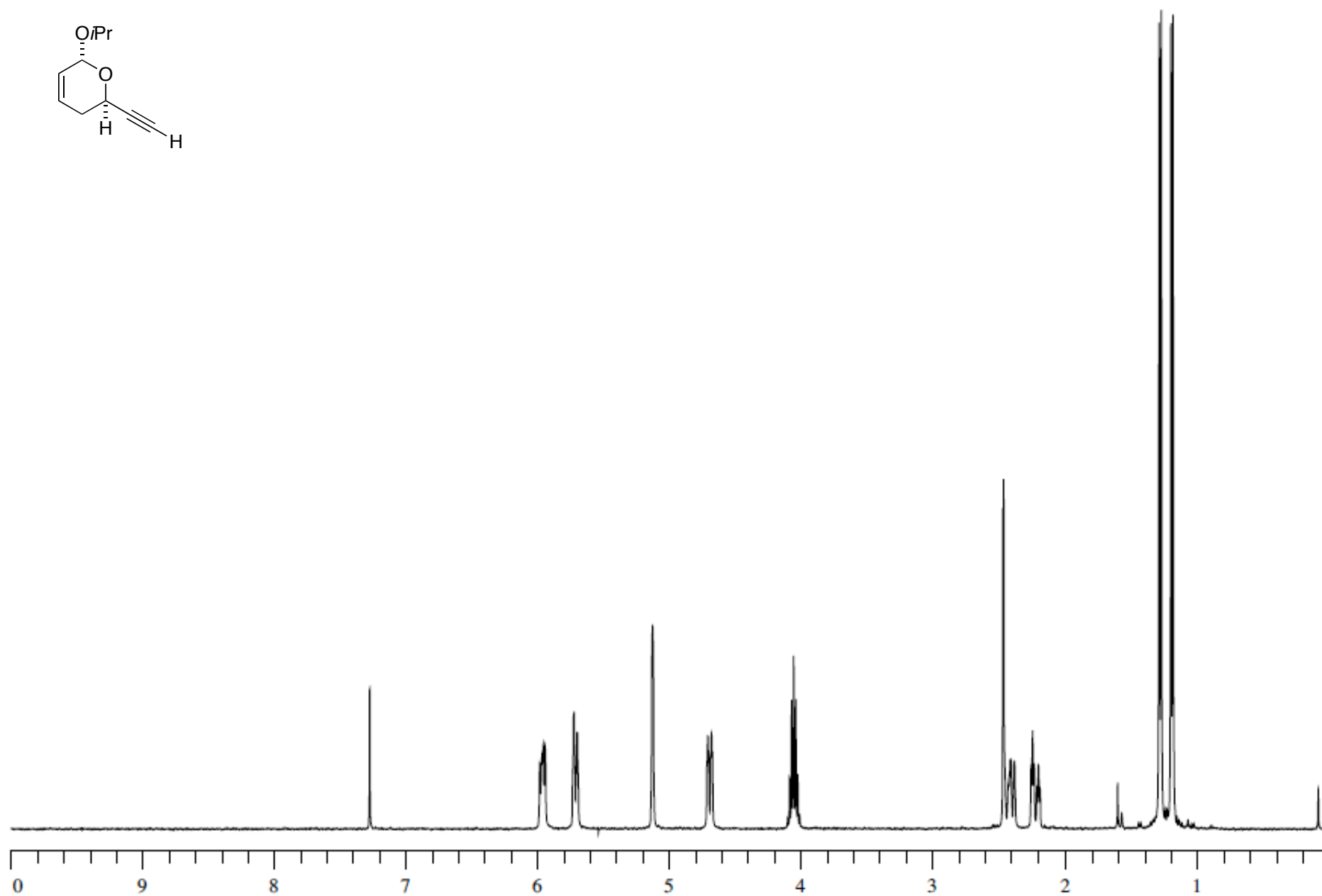
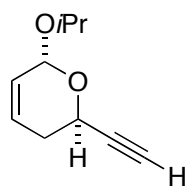


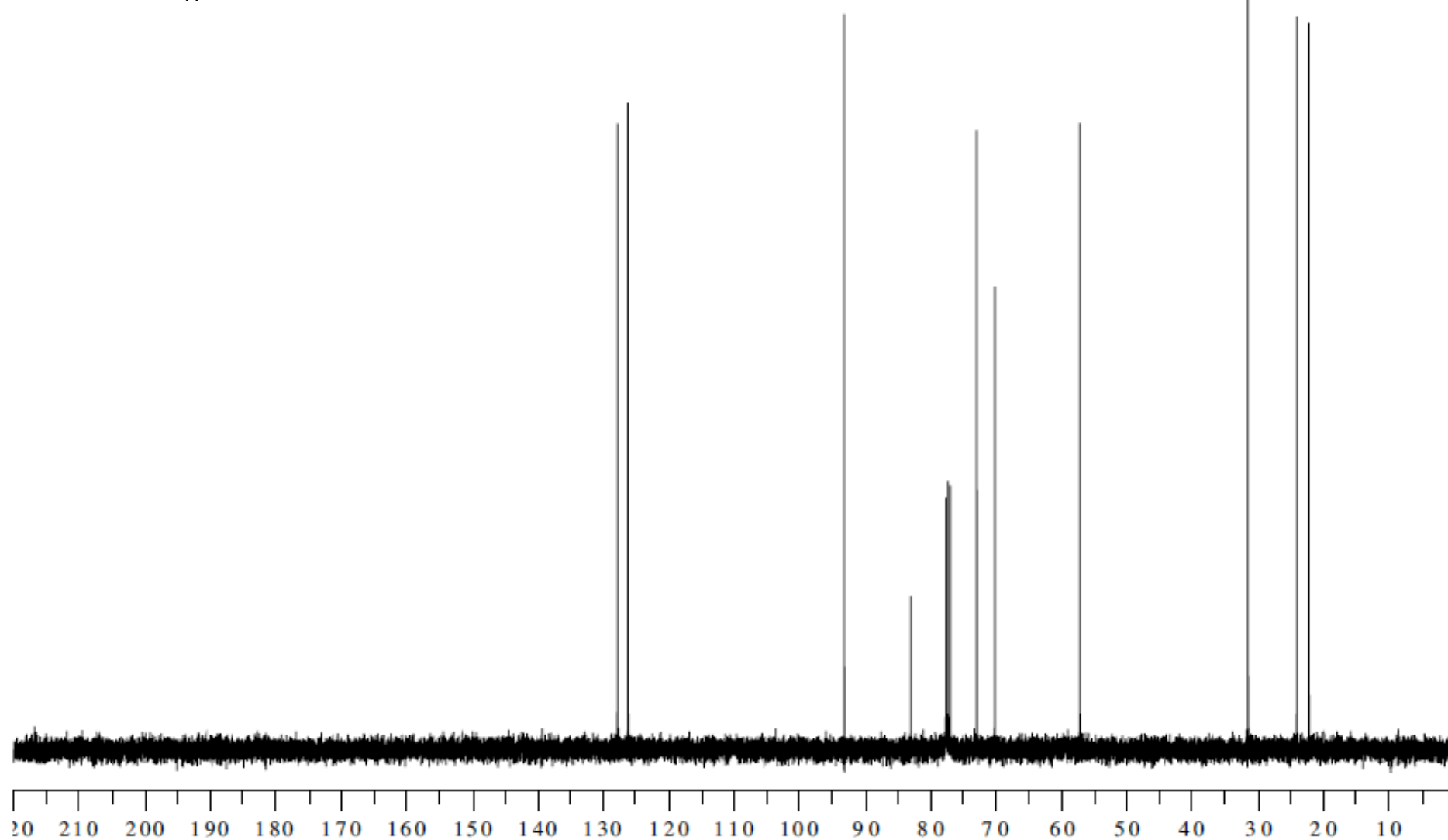
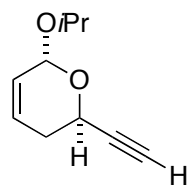


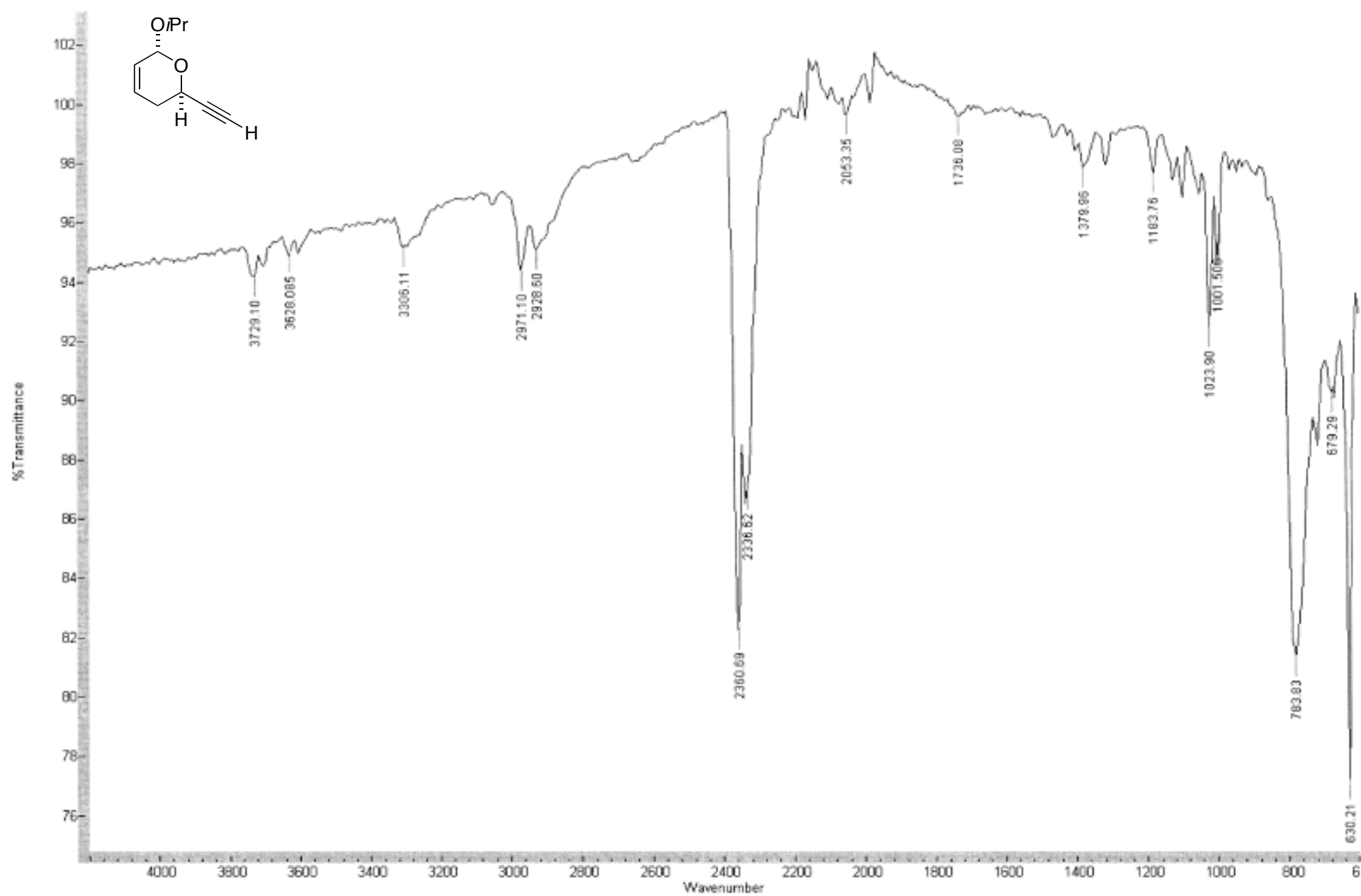












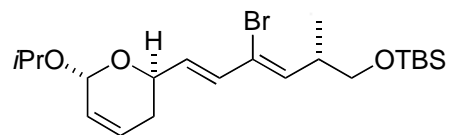
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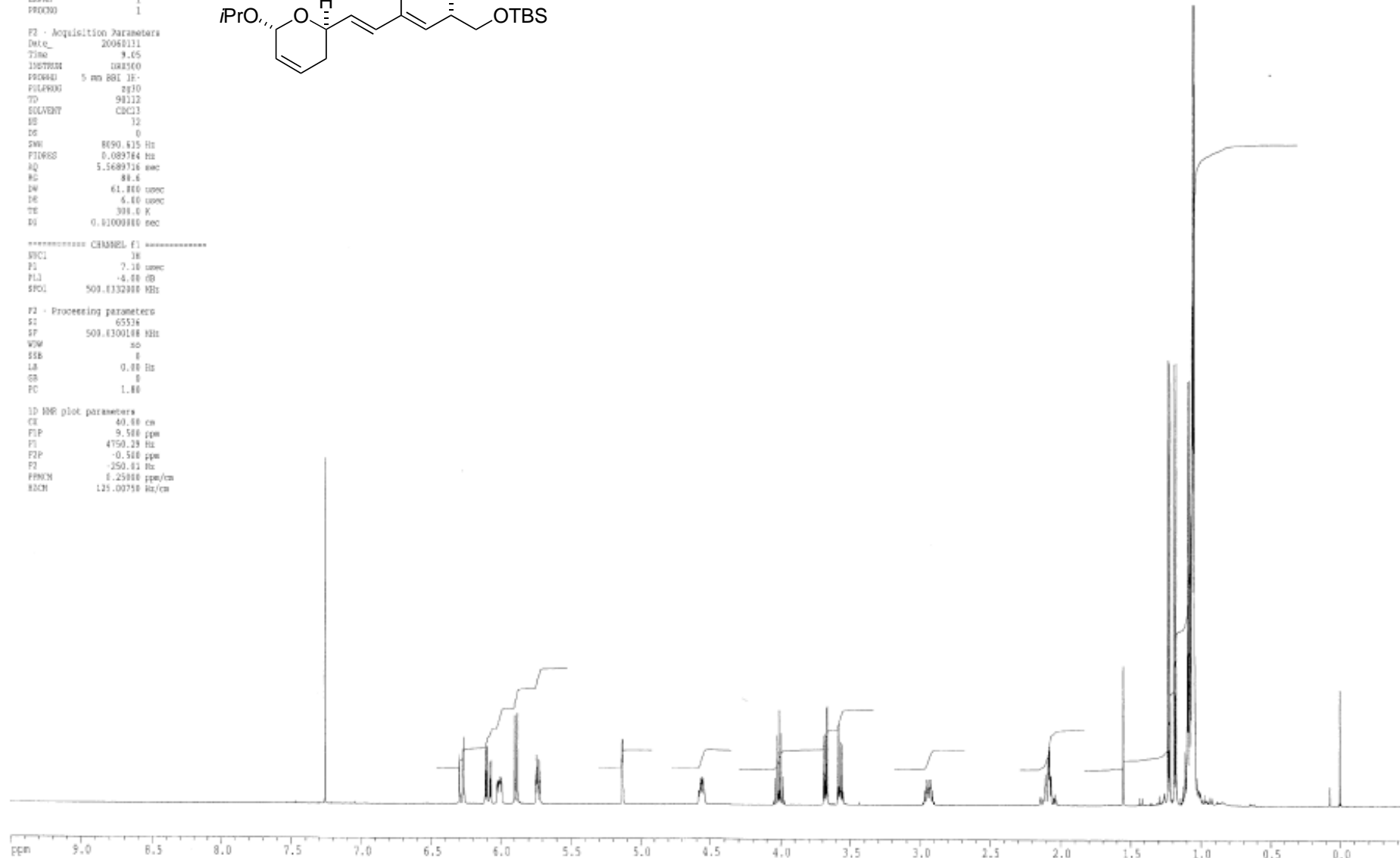
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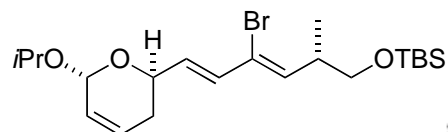
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S. Bonazzi/Carreira SB 77 Opr:Br
500MHz 1H-NMR



S. Bonazzi/Carreira SB 77 Opr: Br
125 MHz BB 13C NMR



Current Data Parameters
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EXPNO 2
PROCNO 1

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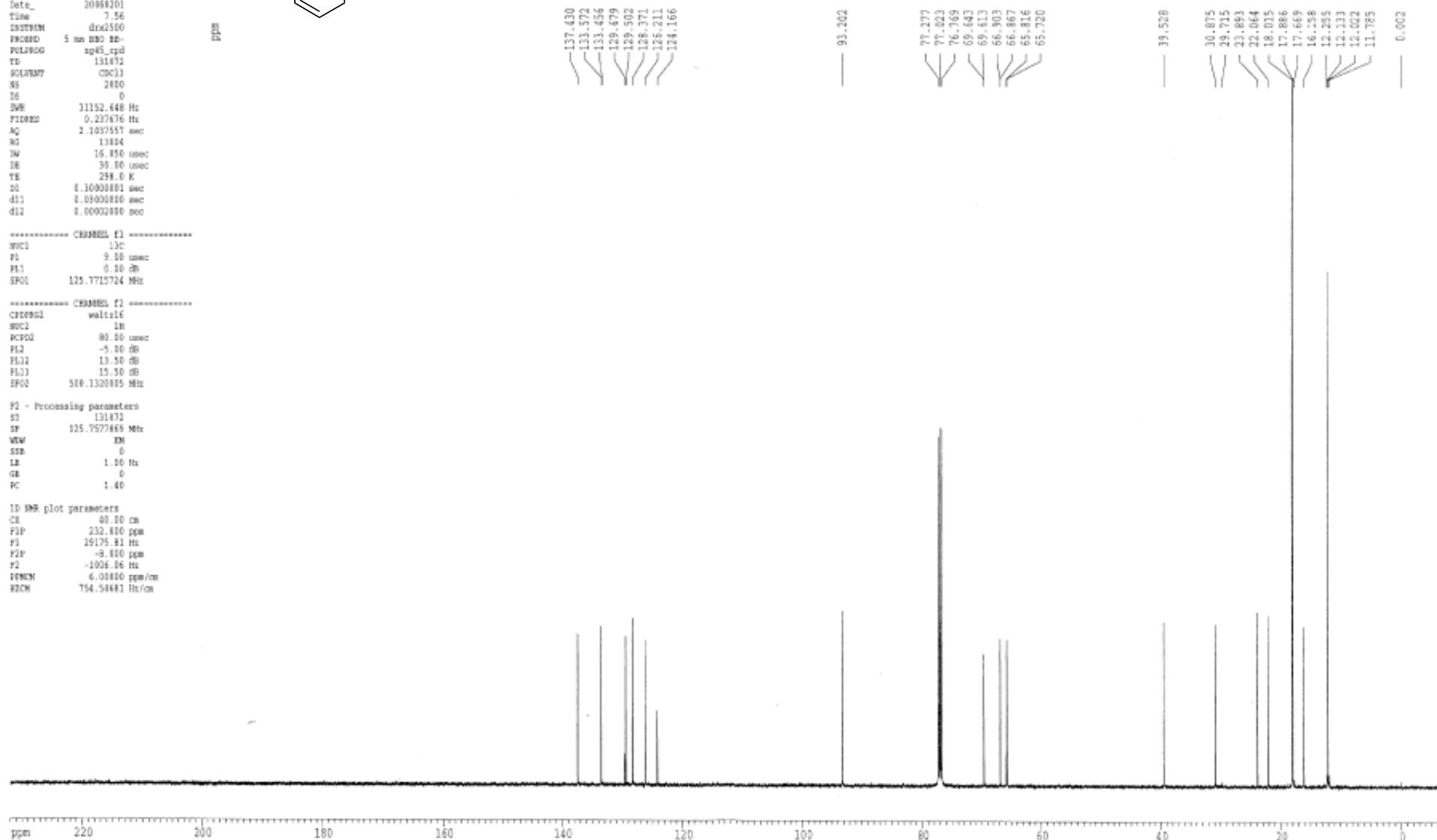
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1D NMR plot parameters
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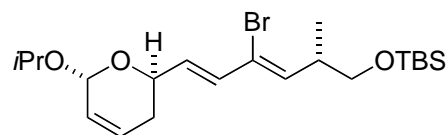
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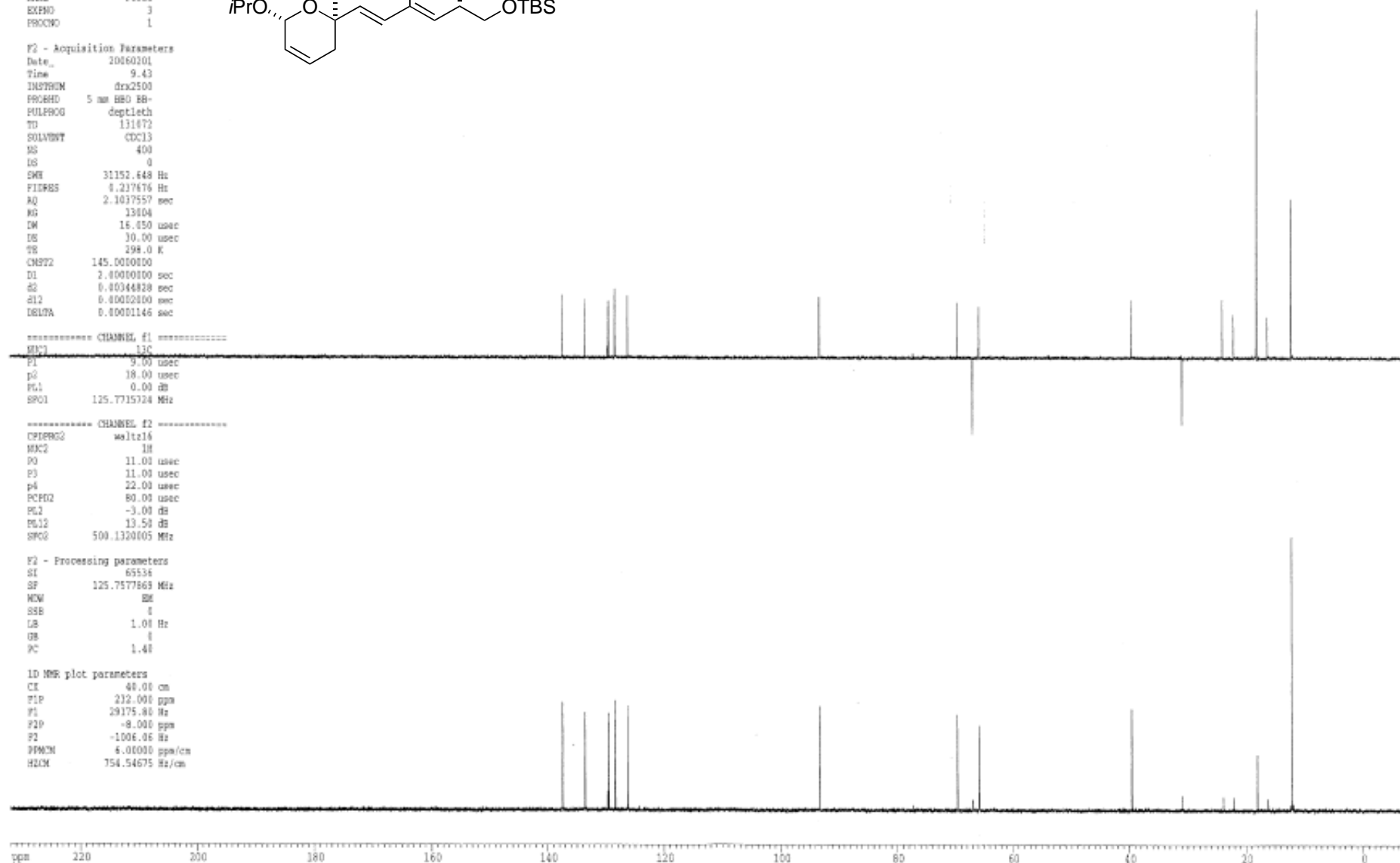
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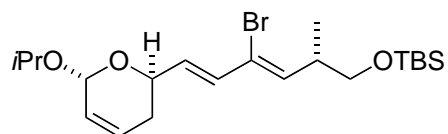
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S. Bonazzi/Carrreira SB 77 Opy:Br
 125 MHz 13C DEPT 90+135 NMR



S.Bonazzi/Carreira SB 77 Opr:Br
500 MHz 1H NMR difference spectrum



Current Data Parameters
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EXPNO 12
PROCNO 1

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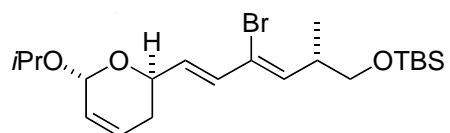
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S. Bonazzi/Cerreira SD 77 Opr:Br
500 MHz 1H NOE difference spectrum



Current Data Parameters
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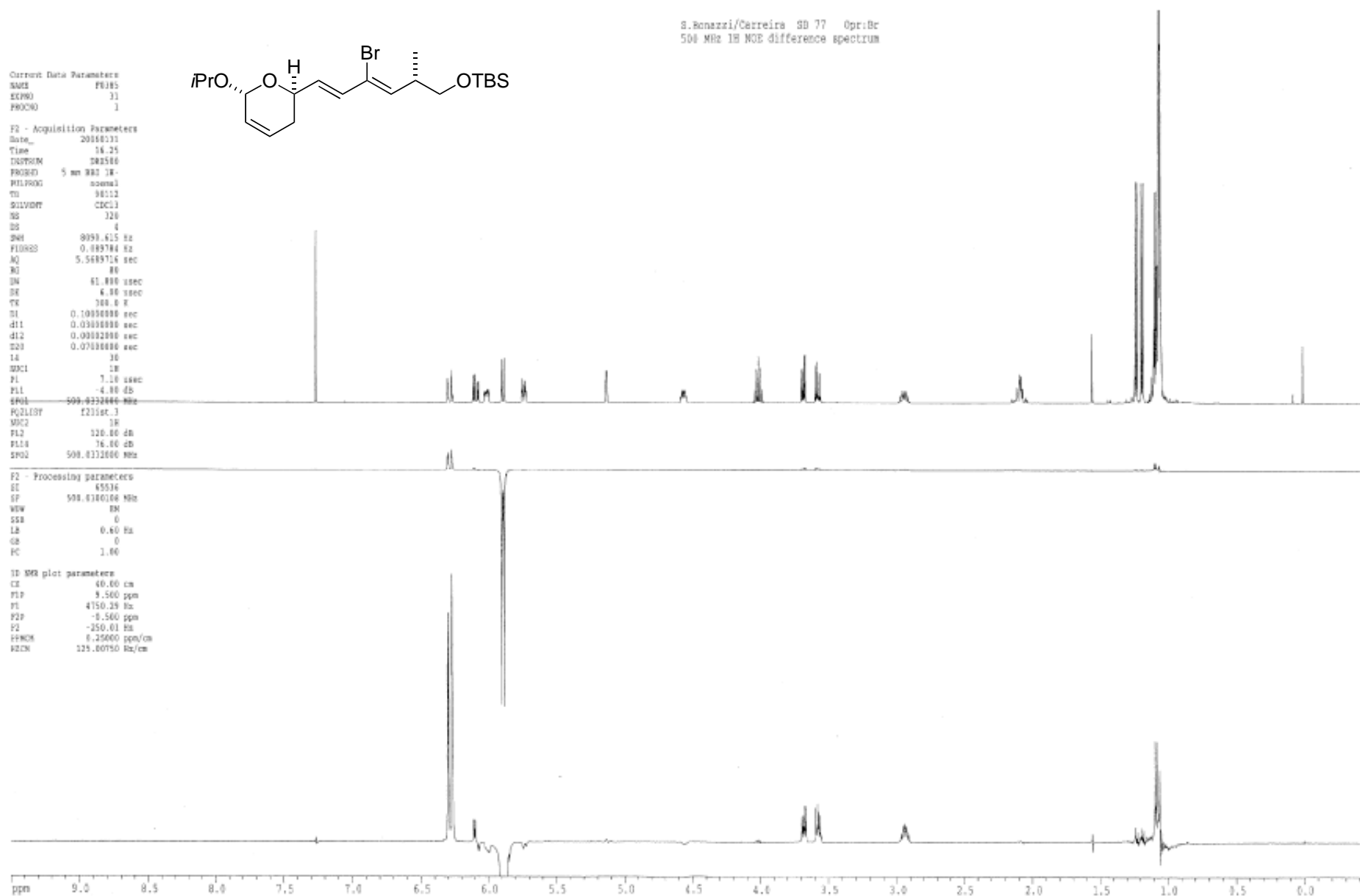
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WDC1 10
P1 7.10 usec
PL1 -4.00 dB
SFO1 500.032000 MHz
PCOLIST f2f1et.3
SFO2 100.628150 MHz
PL2 120.00 dB
PL14 16.00 dB
SFO2 500.032000 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters

SE 65536
SF 500.032000 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 0.60 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.00

1D 1H plot parameters

CE 40.00 cm
F1P 9.560 ppm
F1 4750.29 Hz
F2P -0.560 ppm
F2 -250.01 Hz
FREQH 500.032000 MHz/cm
NUC1 125.00750 Hz/cm



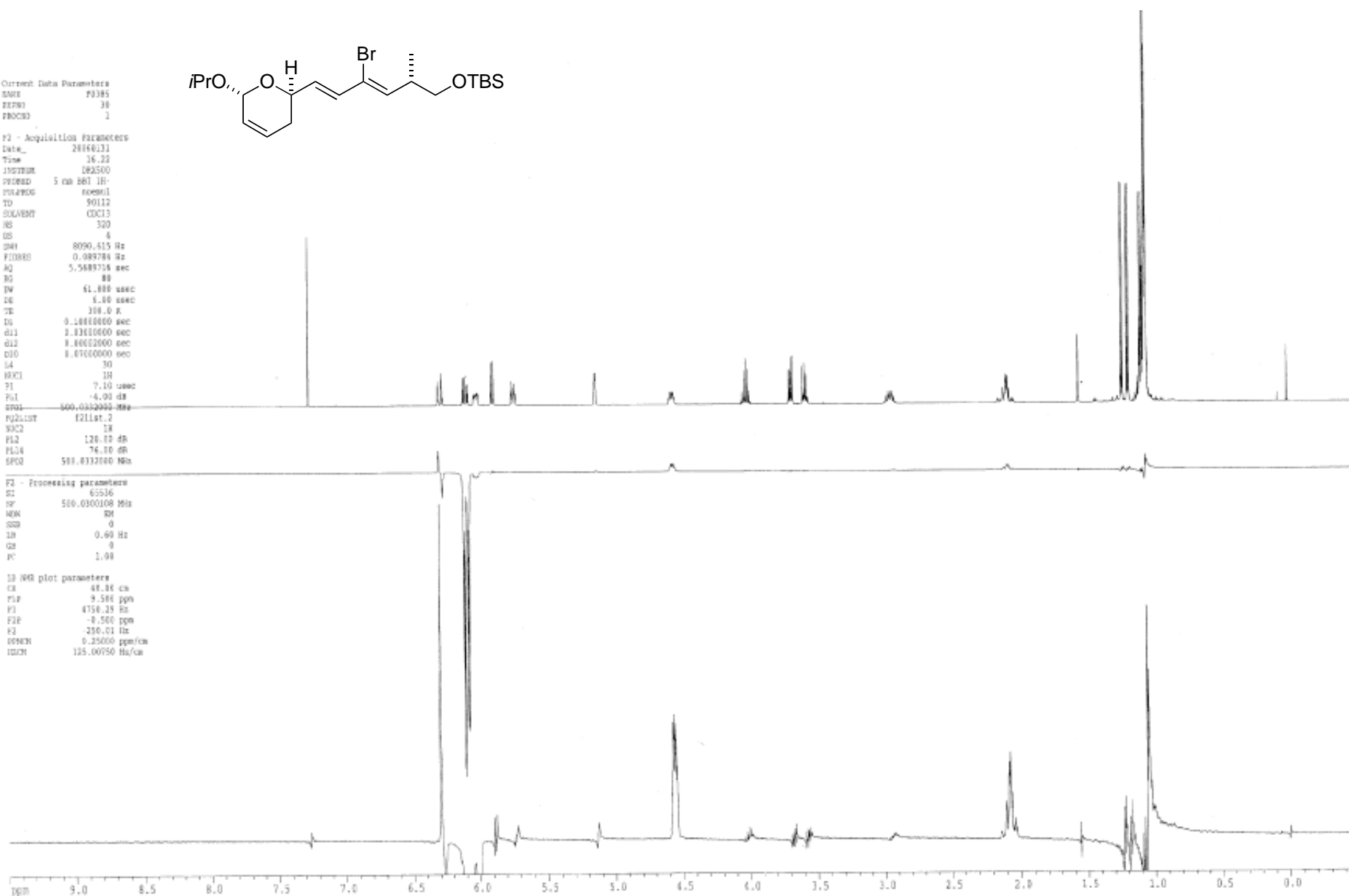
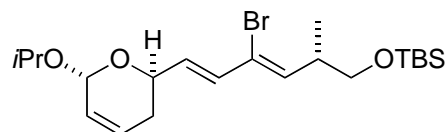
Current Data Parameters
NAME P3385
EXTR0 30
PROC00 1

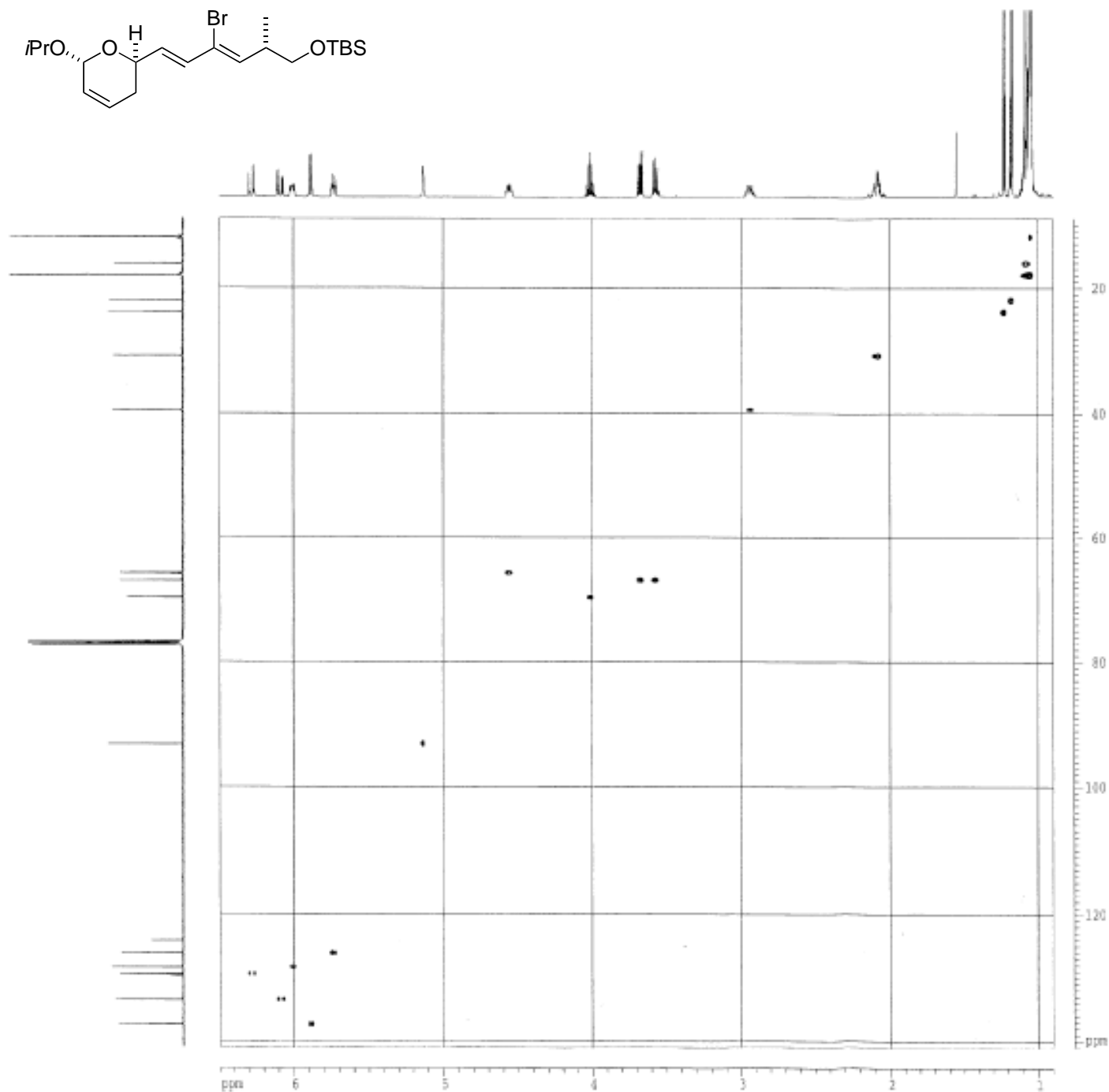
F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_ 20160131
Time 16.22
INSTRUM spect
PUSHD 5 cm BBO 1H
PUSHDG 60cm1
TD 90112
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 320
DS 4

Q4H 8090.615 Hz
FIDH80 0.989784 Hz
AQ 5.5689714 sec
RG 80
RW 61.888 usec
DE 5.86 usec
TE 300.0 K
D0 0.18000000 sec
d11 1.83000000 sec
d12 1.86000000 sec
d10 1.07000000 sec
S4 30
HXC1 1H
P1 7.10 usec
PL1 -4.00 dB
SFO1 500.0332000 MHz
P2LIST P2List.2
SVC2 1H
PL2 120.10 dB
PL3 74.10 dB
SFO2 500.0332000 MHz

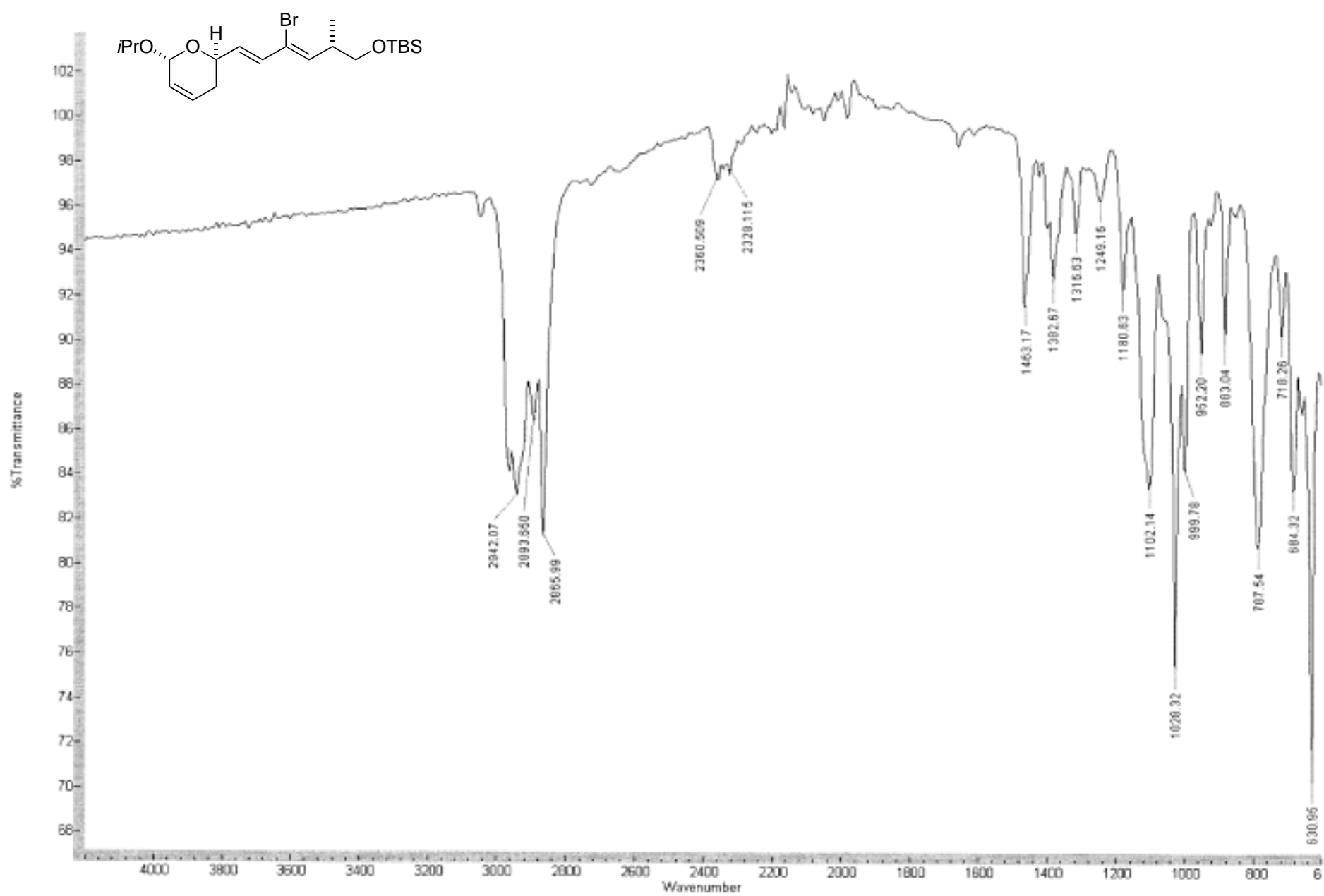
F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 500.0300108 MHz
NMR 8H
SFO 0
IN 0.60 Hz
G0 0
PC 1.00

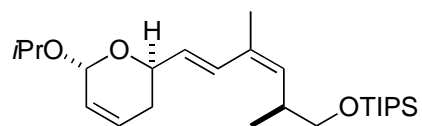
1D 1H plot parameters
CH 48.86 cm
F1P 9.586 ppm
F1 4750.25 Hz
F2P -0.500 ppm
F2 -250.01 Hz
SFOHCH 0.25000 ppm/cm
GUCH 125.00750 Hz/cm





7217405	0.28000	page/cm
7217406	140.00000	file/cm
7217407	4.00000	row/cm





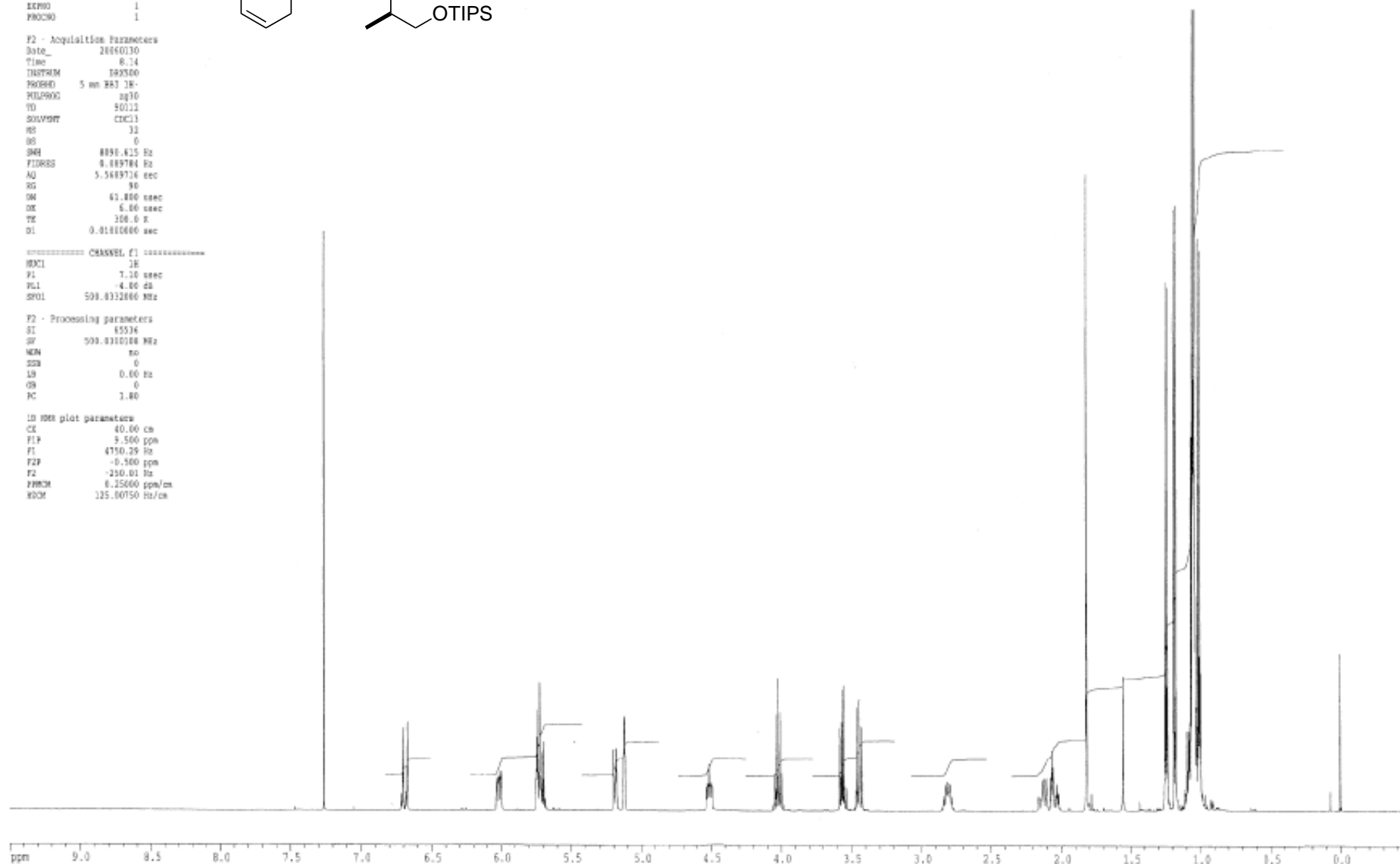
Current Data Parameters
NAME P0304
EXPNO 1
PROCNO 1

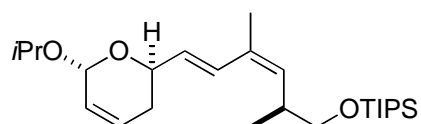
F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_ 20060130
Time 8:14
INSTRUM spect
PROBHD 5 mm BBO 1H-
PULPROG zgpg30
TD 50112
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 32
DS 0
SHE 8890.615 Hz
FIDRES 0.189784 Hz
AQ 5.5689716 sec
RG 96
RM 61.800 nsec
DE 6.00 nsec
TE 300.0 K
D1 0.01800000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 1H
P1 7.10 nsec
PL1 -4.00 dB
SFO1 500.1310100 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 500.1310100 MHz
WDW no
SSB 0
LB 0.00 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.80

1D 1H plot parameters
CX 40.00 cm
FLP 9.500 ppm
FI 4750.29 Hz
F2P -0.300 ppm
F2 -250.01 Hz
PRCM 8.25000 ppm/cm
KDC 125.00750 Hz/cm





Current Data Parameters
NAME P0384
EXPNO 2
PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters

Date_ 20061111
Time 11.58
INSTRUM drz2500
PROBHD 5 mm HNP ss-
PULPROG zgpg30
TD 131072
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 2048
DS 8
SWH 31152.648 Hz
FIDRES 0.237676 Hz
AQ 2.1037557 sec
RG 13004
SN 16.050 usec
DE 30.00 usec
TE 298.0 K
D1 0.30000001 sec
d11 0.03000000 sec
d12 0.00000000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====

NUC1 13C
P1 9.00 usec
PL1 0.00 dB
SFO1 125.7715724 MHz

===== CHANNEL f2 =====

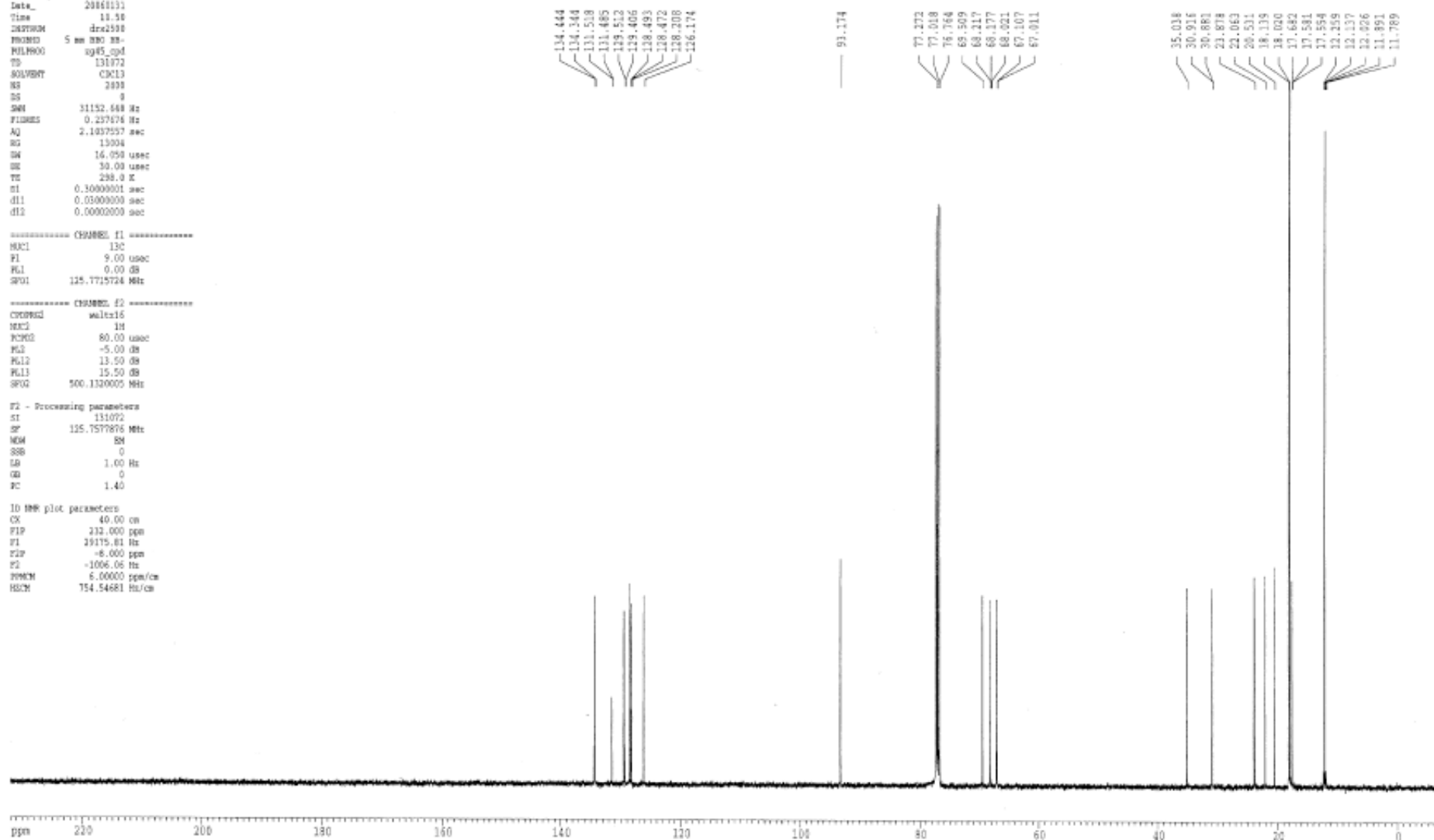
CPDPRG2 waltz16
NUC2 1H
PCPD2 80.00 usec
PL2 -5.00 dB
PL12 13.50 dB
PL13 15.50 dB
SFO2 500.1320005 MHz

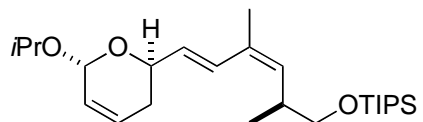
F2 - Processing parameters

SI 131072
SF 125.7577876 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 1.00 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.40

1D 1H NMR plot parameters

CK 40.00 cm
FIP 232.000 ppm
FI 29175.81 Hz
F2P -6.000 ppm
F2 -1006.06 Hz
PPMCH 6.00000 ppm/cm
HSCN 754.54681 Hz/cm





Current Data Parameters
NAME P0184
EXPNO 3
PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_ 20160131
Time 11.25
INSTRUM drx250i
PROBHD 5 mm BBO BB-
PULPROG zgpg30
TD 131072
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 512
DS 0
SWH 31152.648 Hz
FIDRES 0.237676 Hz
AQ 2.1037557 sec
RG 13804
RW 16.850 usec
DE 30.00 usec
TE 298.0 K
CMST2 145.000000
D1 2.0000000 sec
d2 0.00344828 sec
d12 0.0002000 sec
DELTA 0.0001146 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====

NUC1 13C
P1 9.00 usec
p2 18.00 usec
PL1 0.00 dB
SFO1 125.7615724 MHz

===== CHANNEL f2 =====

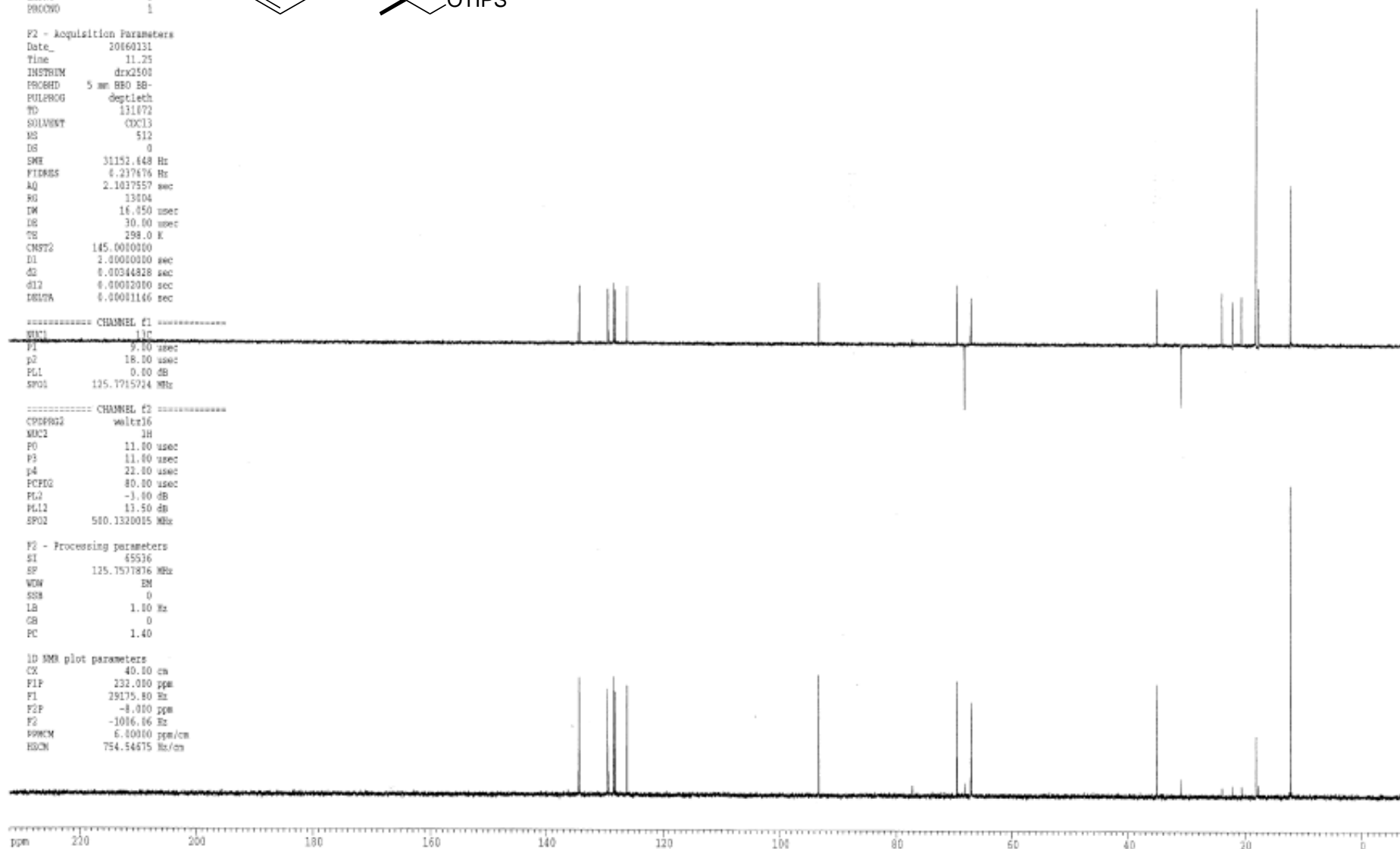
CPDPRG2 waltz16
MPC1 1H
P0 11.00 usec
P3 11.00 usec
p4 22.00 usec
PCPD2 80.00 usec
PL2 -3.00 dB
PL12 13.50 dB
SFO2 500.1320015 MHz

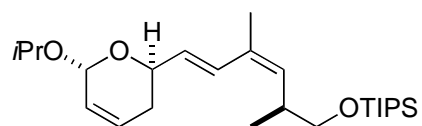
F2 - Processing parameters

SF 65536
SP 125.7577876 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 1.00 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.40

1D 2D plot parameters

CX 40.00 cm
F1P 232.000 ppm
F1 29175.80 Hz
F2P -8.000 ppm
F2 -1016.66 Hz
SFOCM 6.00000 ppm/cm
HSCN 754.54675 Hz/cm



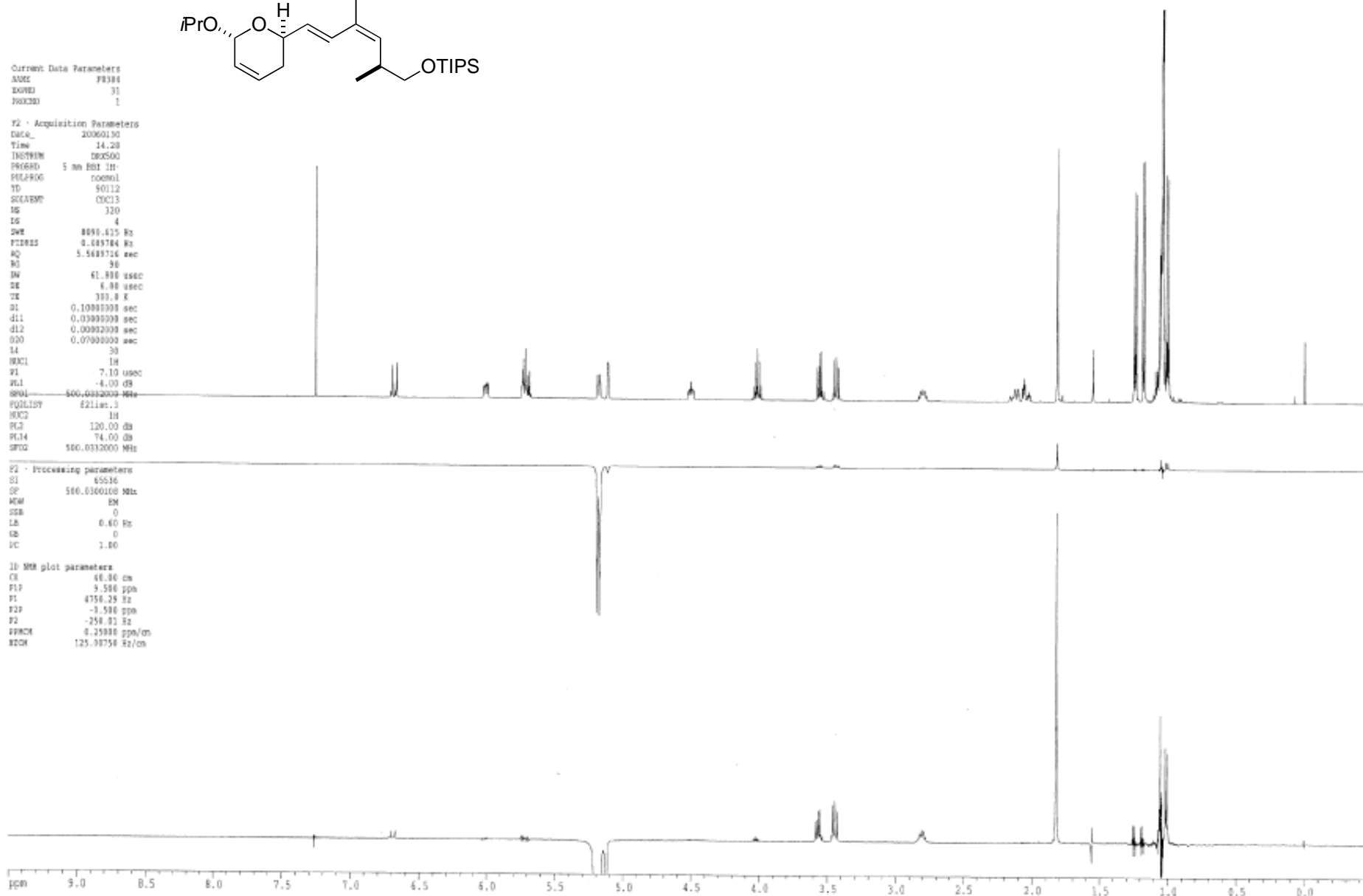


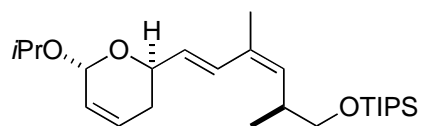
Current Data Parameters
NAME PR384
EXPNO 31
PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_ 20060130
Time 14.28
INSTRUM spect
PROBHD 5 mm BBI 1H-
PULPROG zgpg30
TD 50112
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 320
DS 4
SWH 8090.625 Hz
FIDRES 0.000784 Hz
AQ 5.568716 sec
RG 360
AW 61.886 usec
DE 6.86 usec
TE 300.2 K
d1 0.1000000 sec
d11 0.0300000 sec
d12 0.0000000 sec
d20 0.0700000 sec
t4 30
WAC1 1H
P1 7.10 usec
PL1 -4.00 dB
SFO1 500.000000 MHz
FQ1LIST 8211at.3
RG2 1H
RG2 120.00 dB
PL14 74.00 dB
SFO2 500.000000 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 500.000000 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 0.60 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.00

1D NMR plot parameters
CH 40.86 cm
P17 9.580 ppm
P1 4750.29 Hz
P27 -9.580 ppm
P2 -258.01 Hz
PPM0 0.25000 ppm/cm
RDCM 125.00750 Hz/cm





Current Data Parameters
NAME F0304
EXPNO 32
PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters

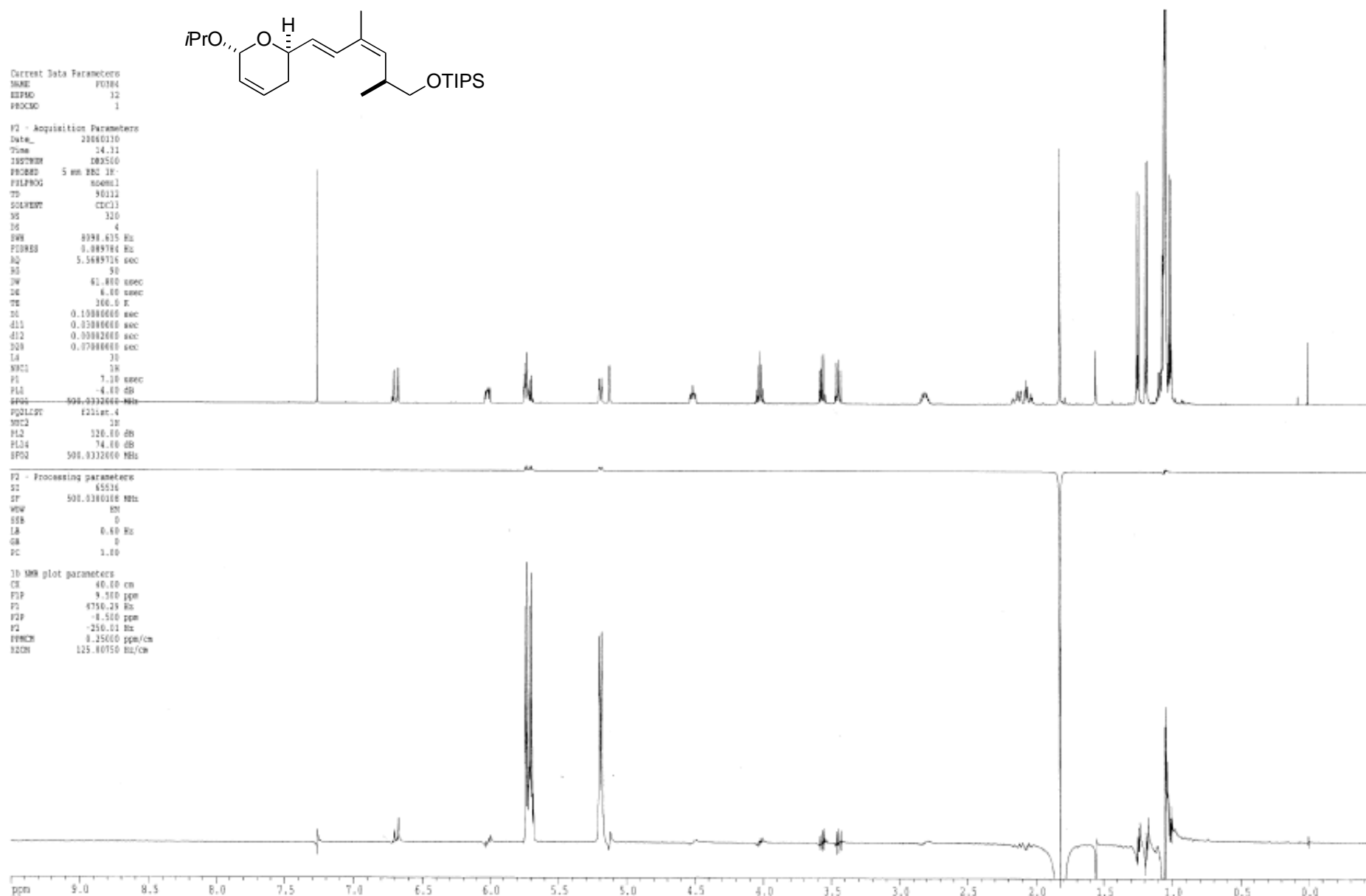
Date_ 20060110
Time 14.11
INSTRUM spect
PROBHD 5 mm BBO 1H-
PULPROG zgpg30
TD 65536
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 320
DS 4
SWH 8998.615 Hz
FIDRES 0.089784 Hz
AQ 5.5689716 sec
RG 50
DW 61.800 nsec
DE 6.00 nsec
TE 300.2 K
DQ 0.10000000 sec
d11 0.03000000 sec
d12 0.03000000 sec
D20 0.07000000 sec
LA 30
NUC1 1H
P1 7.10 nsec
PL1 -4.00 dB
PRF 500.0332000 MHz
PQ2LST F231st.4
RG2 30
RG2 320.00 dB
RG2 74.00 dB
RG2 500.0332000 MHz

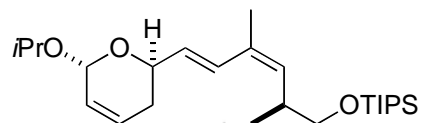
F2 - Processing parameters

SI 65536
SF 500.0300100 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 0.60 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.00

1b MMR plot parameters

CS 40.00 cm
F1P 9.500 ppm
F2 4750.29 Hz
F3P -0.500 ppm
F2 -250.01 Hz
FPMCH 0.25000 ppm/cm
HZCH 125.80750 Hz/cm



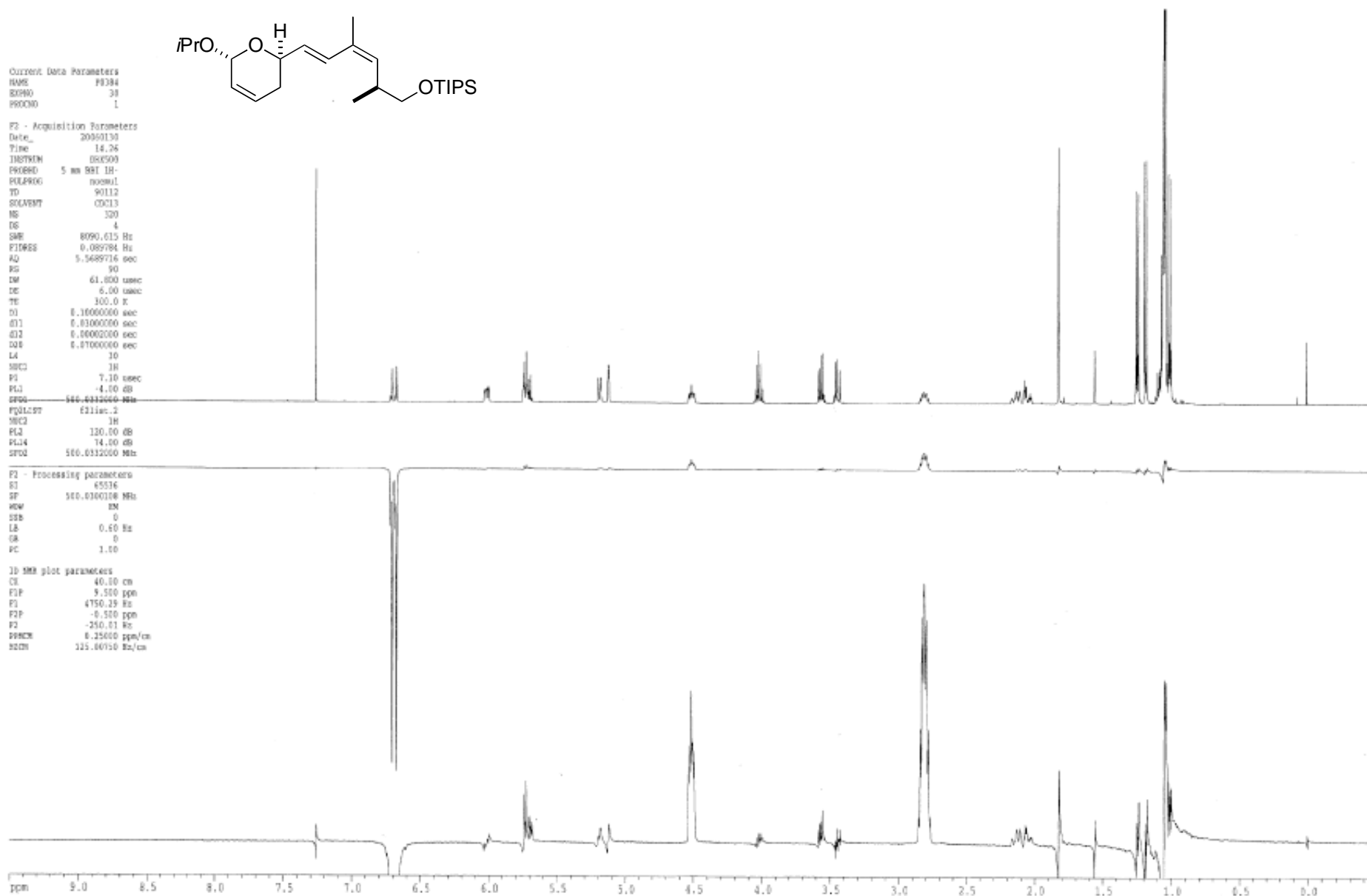


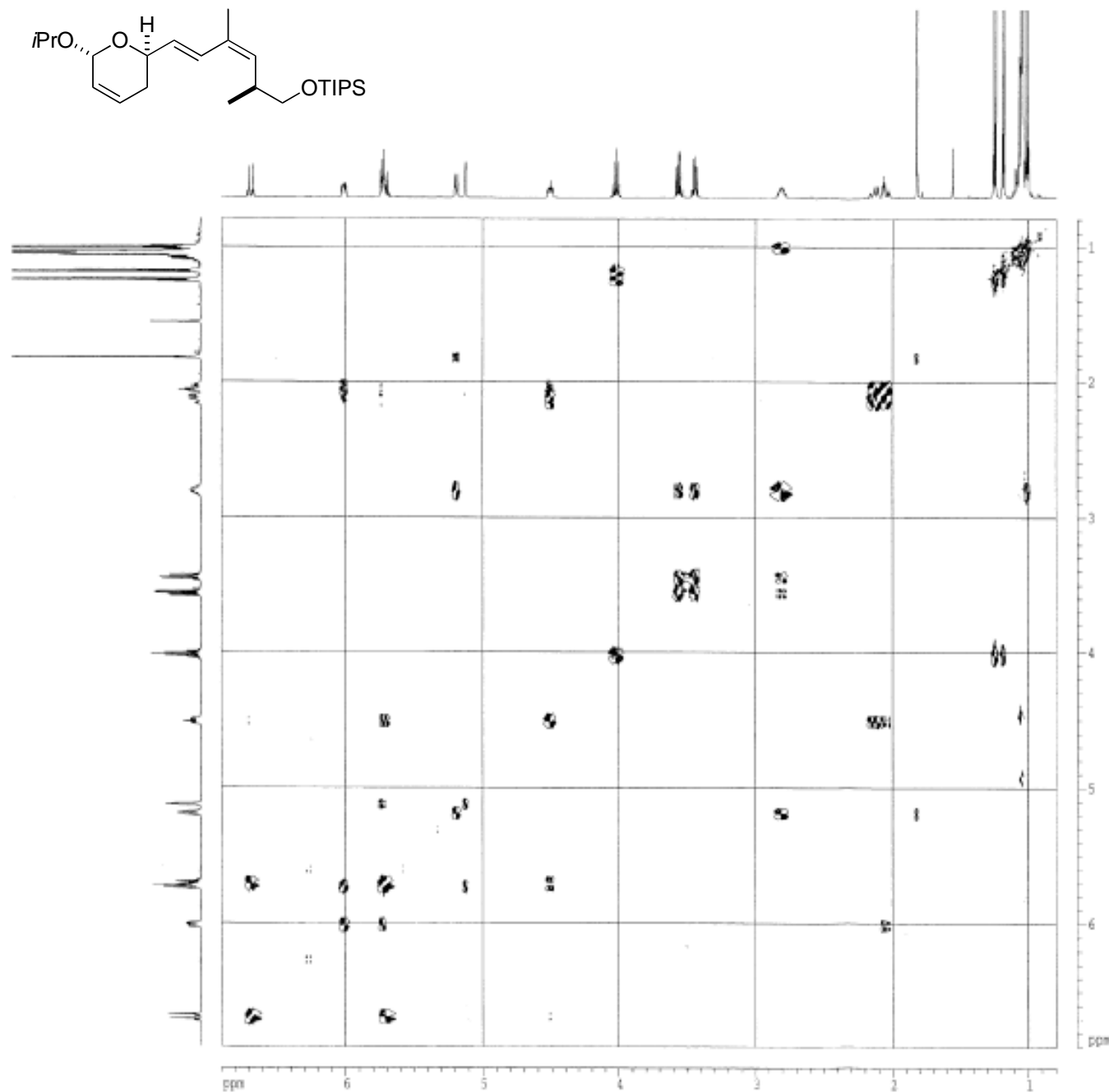
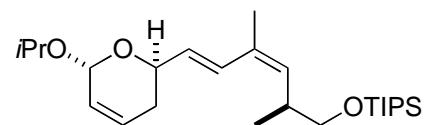
Current Data Parameters
NAME PR384
EXPNO 38
PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_ 20060130
Time 14.26
INSTRUM spect
PROBHD 5 mm BBI 1H-
PULPROG zgpg30
TD 90112
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 320
DS 4
SWH 8090.615 Hz
FIDRES 0.089784 Hz
AQ 5.5689716 sec
RG 90
DM 61.800 cmec
DE 6.00 cmec
TE 300.0 K
D1 0.10000000 sec
D11 0.01000000 sec
D12 0.00000000 sec
D13 0.07000000 sec
L4 10
SFO 1H
P1 7.10 cmec
PL1 -4.00 dB
PR2 560.012000 MHz
RG2 2
SFO2 1H
PL2 120.00 dB
PL14 14.00 dB
SFO2 560.012000 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 560.012000 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 0.60 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.00

1D 1H plot parameters
CE 40.00 cm
F1P 9.500 ppm
F1 4750.29 Hz
F2P -0.500 ppm
F2 -250.01 Hz
P1PCW 0.25000 ppm/cm
PCW 125.00710 Hz/cm





Current Data Parameters

NAME: P1564
EXPNO: 18
PROCNO: 3

F2 - Acquisition Parameters

Date_: 2008118
Time: 8.35
INSTRUM: QNP500
PROBHD: 5 mm BBO 1H-
PULPROG: zgpg30
TD: 2048
SOLVENT: DMSO
NS: 4
DS: 16
SWH: 4456.403 Hz
FIDRES: 2.195569 Hz
AQ: 0.2277876 sec
RG: 6096
DM: 111.388 cm/s
DE: 8.83 cm/s
TE: 300.2 K
DQ: 0.8060161 sec
DT: 2.8060000 sec
d11: 0.8160000 sec
d12: 0.8060000 sec
d13: 0.8060161 sec
d16: 0.8061500 sec
d20: 0.8021510 sec
IM0: 0.8061113 sec

===== CHANNEL F1 =====

NUC1: 13
P1: 7.10 cm/s
PC1: 16.38 cm/s
PL1: -4.00 dB
RG1: 8.00 cm
SFO1: 500.013918 MHz

===== CHANNEL F2 =====

CHM01: sine,100
CHM02: sine,100
GPR1: 8.00 %
GPR2: 8.00 %
GPR3: 8.00 %
GPR4: 8.00 %
GPR5: 15.00 %
GPR6: 18.00 %
P16: 2000.00 cm/s

F1 - Acquisition parameters

NS0: 2
DS: 512
SFO1: 500.8318 MHz
FIDRES: 8.782017 Hz
AQ: 8.992 sec

F2 - Processing parameters

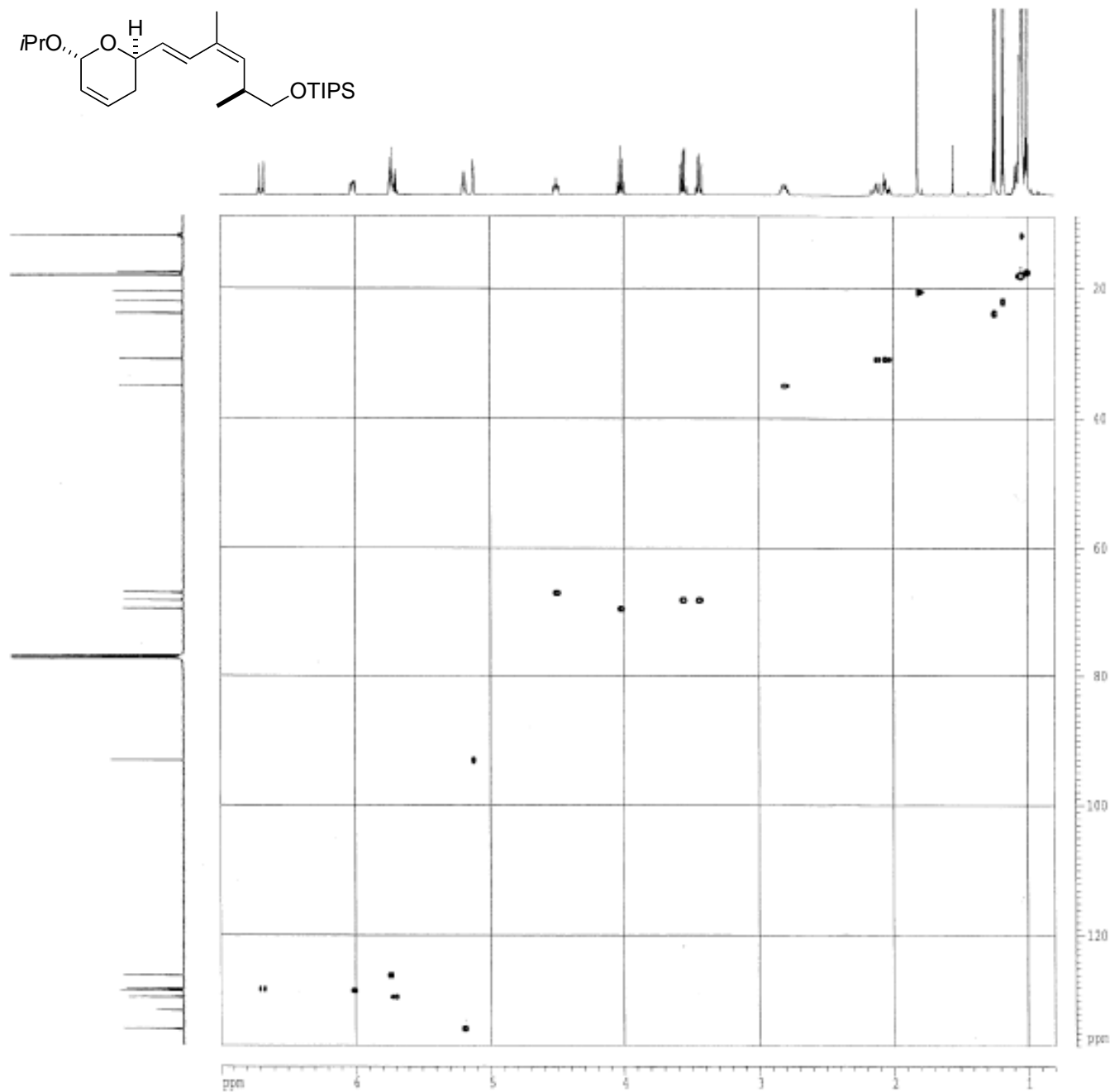
SI: 32768
SF: 500.8308108 MHz
WDW: EM
SSB: 1
LB: 8.00 Hz
GB: 0
PC: 1.00

F1 - Processing parameters

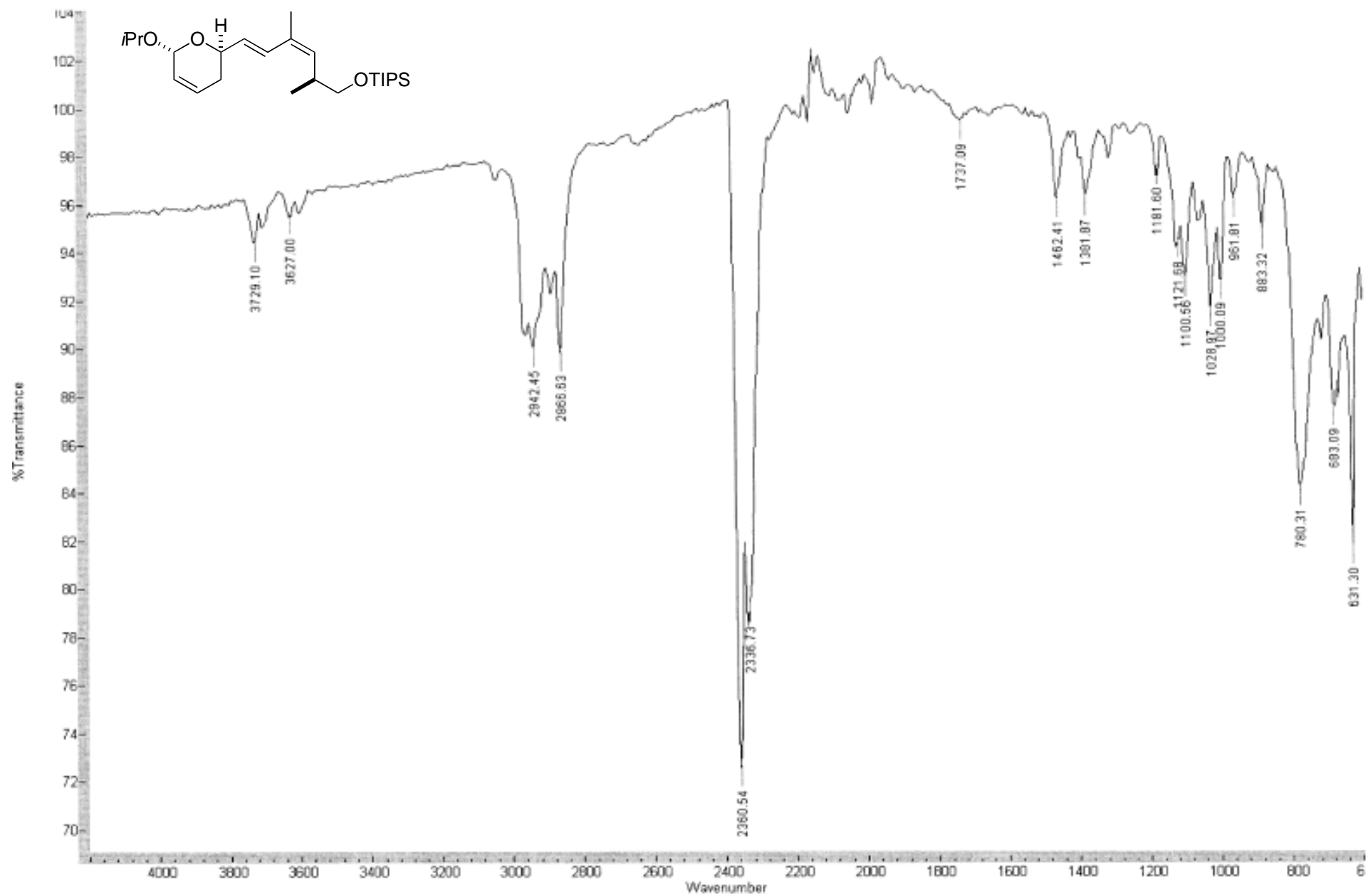
SI: 32768
SF: 500.8308108 MHz
WDW: EM
SSB: 2
LB: 8.00 Hz
GB: 0

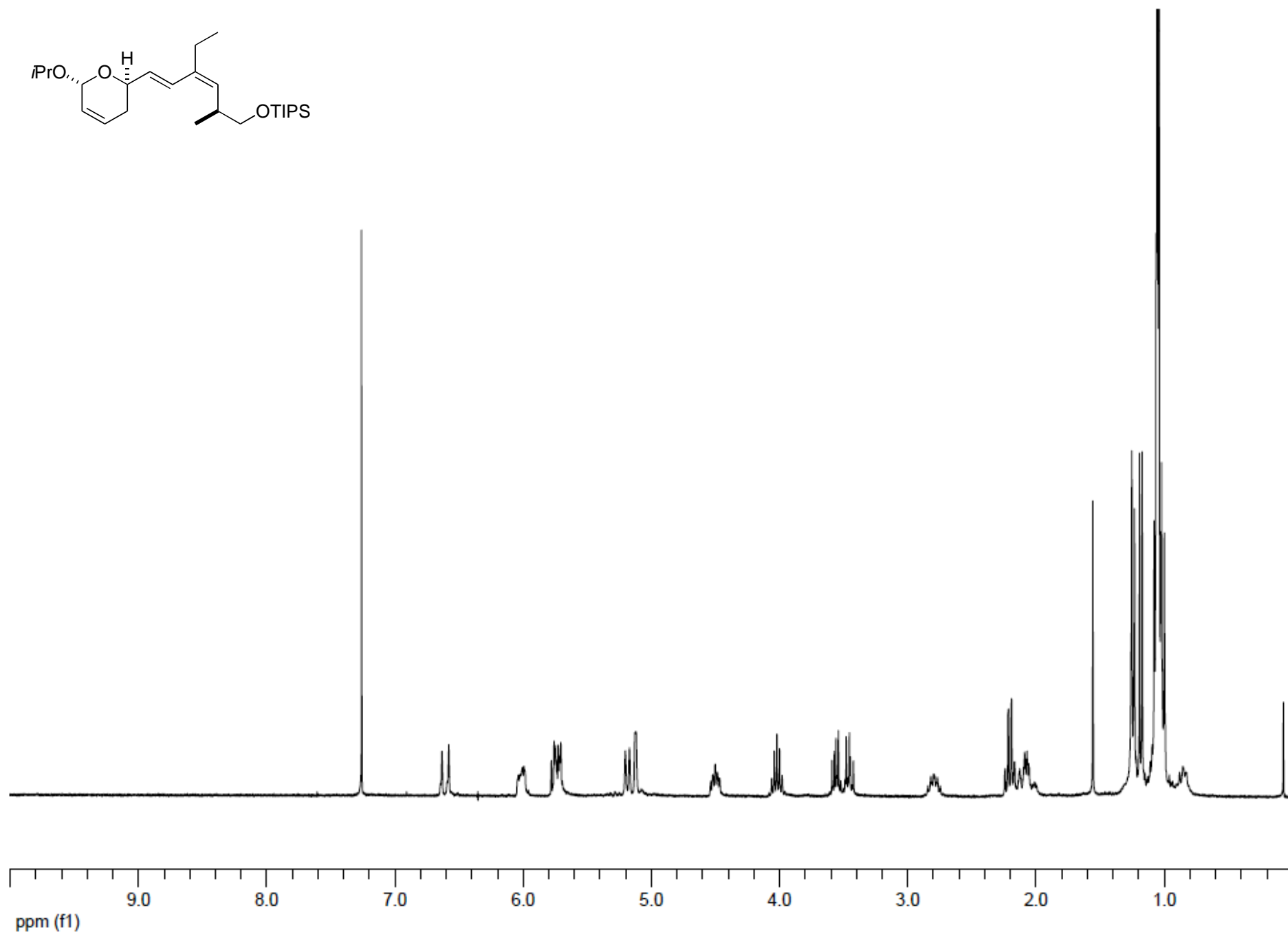
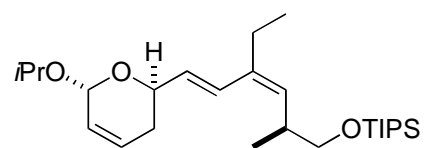
2D 1H/13C plot parameters

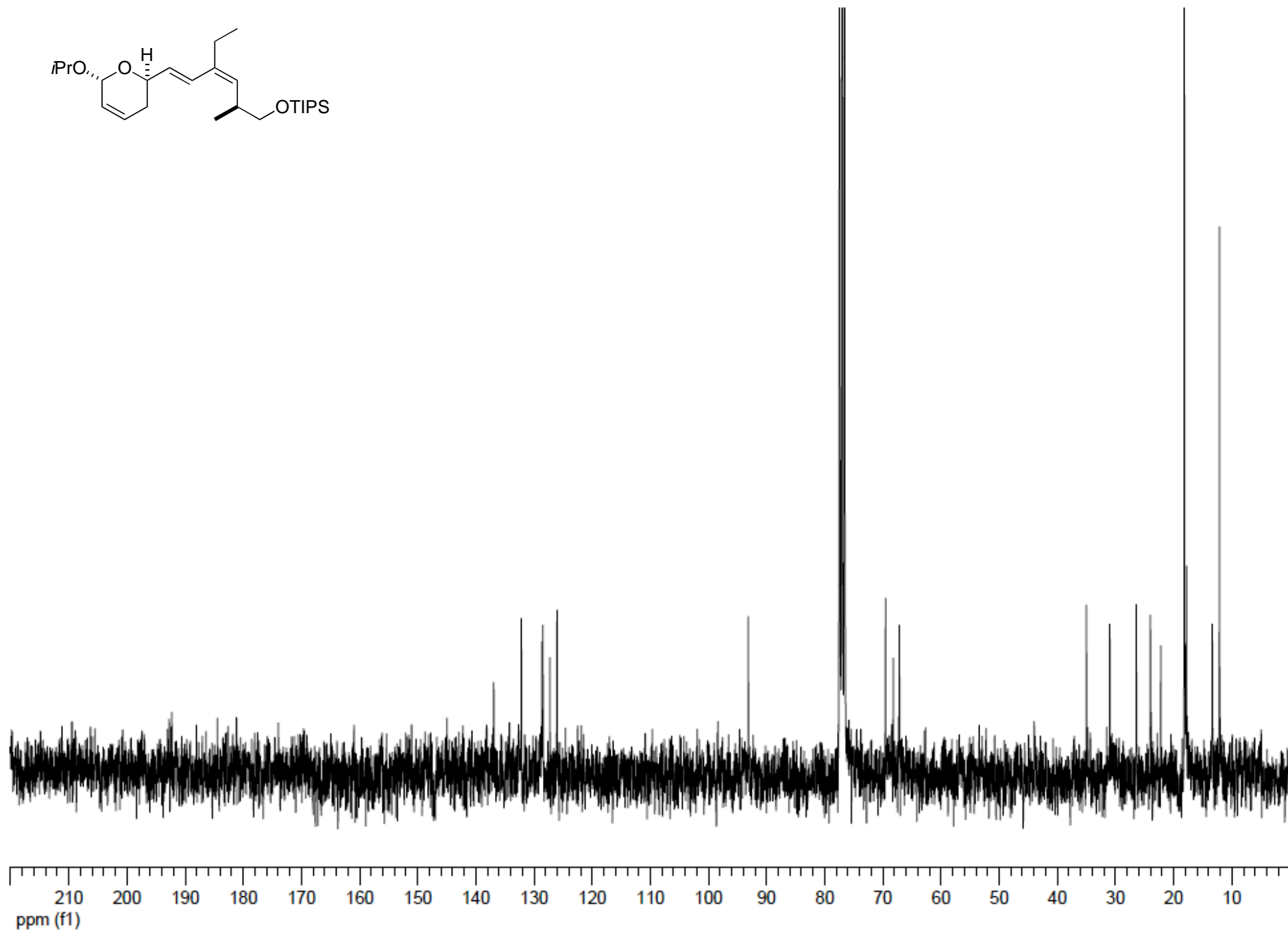
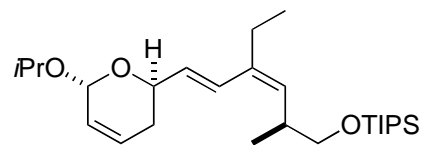
CE1: 16.00 cm
CE2: 16.00 cm
F2P10: 6.907 ppm
F2P11: 3851.67 Hz
F2P12: 0.795 ppm
F2P13: 397.32 Hz
F2P14: 6.907 ppm
F2P15: 3851.67 Hz
F2P16: 0.795 ppm
F2P17: 397.32 Hz
F2P18: 6.9060 ppm/cm
F2P19: 112.80763 Hz/cm
F2P20: 6.9060 ppm/cm

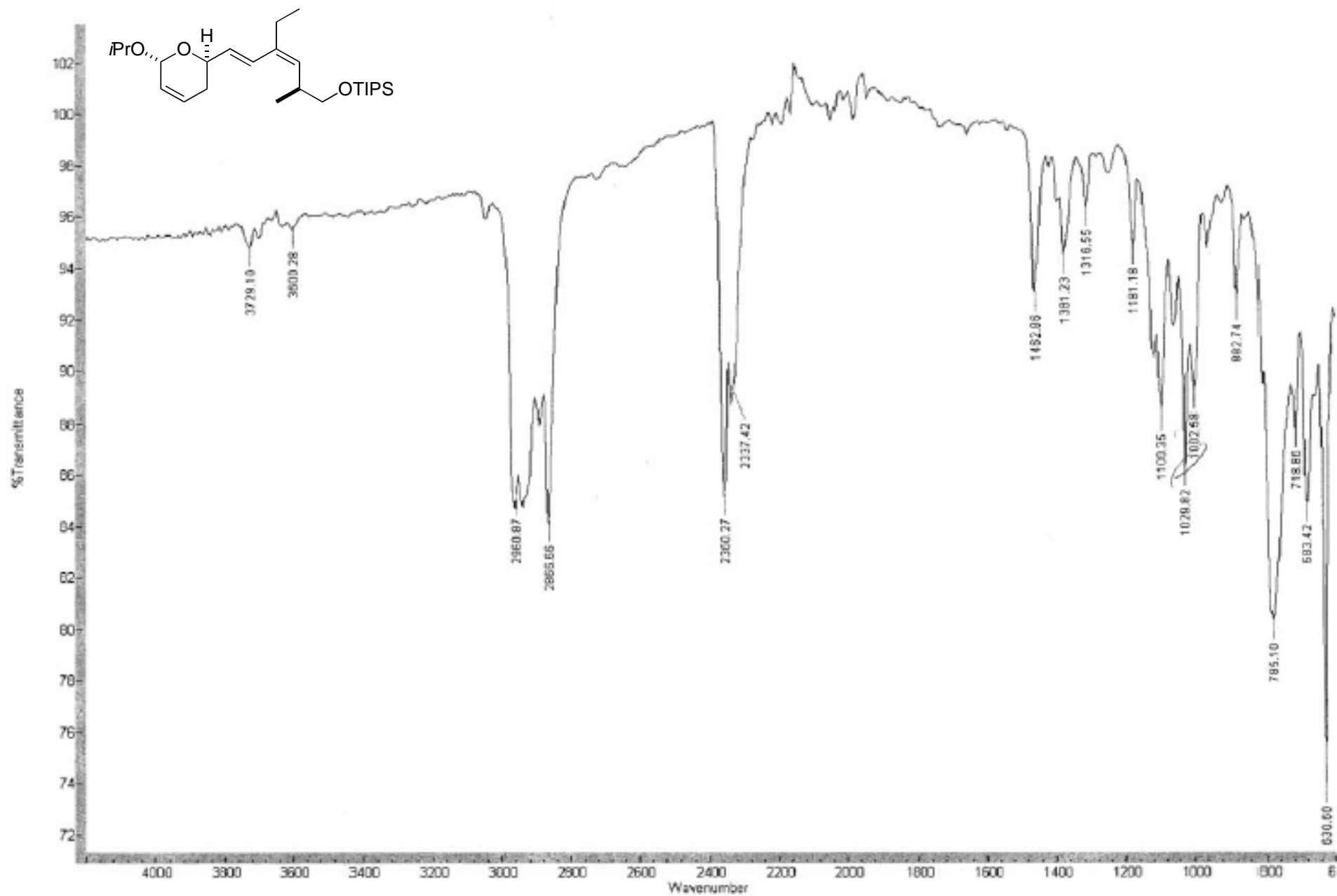


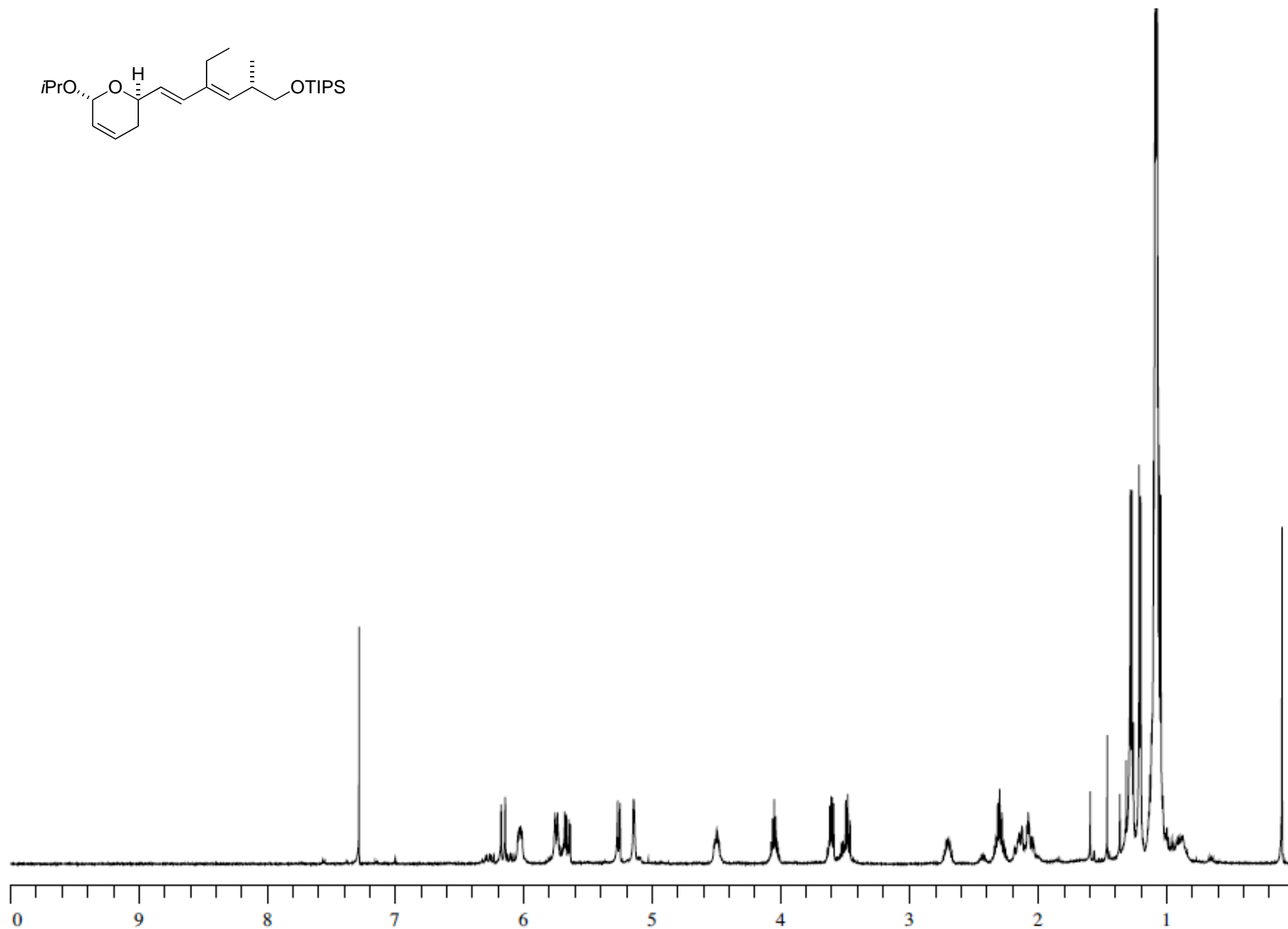
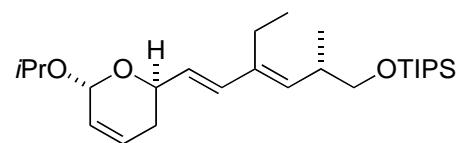
20 000 plot parameters	
CSE	20.00 cm
CEI	20.00 cm
FIB01	7.400 ppm
FIB2	35.00-21.00
FIB3	8.400 ppm
FIB4	4.00-12.00
FIB5	157.000 ppm
FIB6	17.228.37 kg
FIB7	9.200 ppm
FIB8	11.71.55 kg
FIB9C01	6.21000 ppm/cm
FIB9C2	156.0000 kg/cm
FIB9C3	4.00000 mm/cm

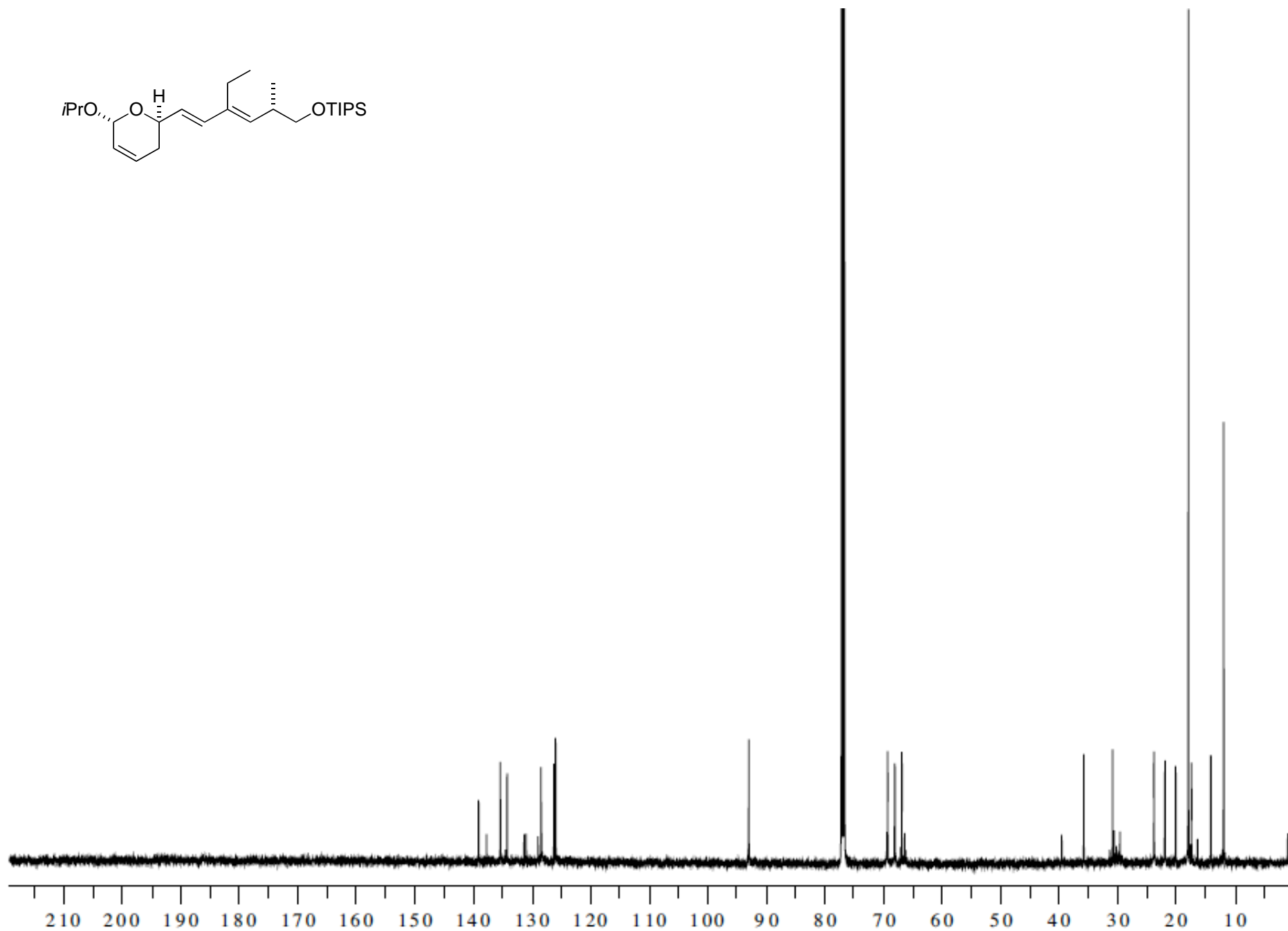
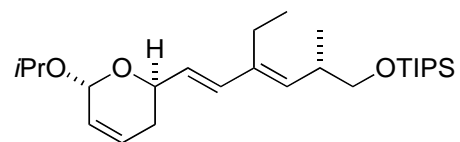


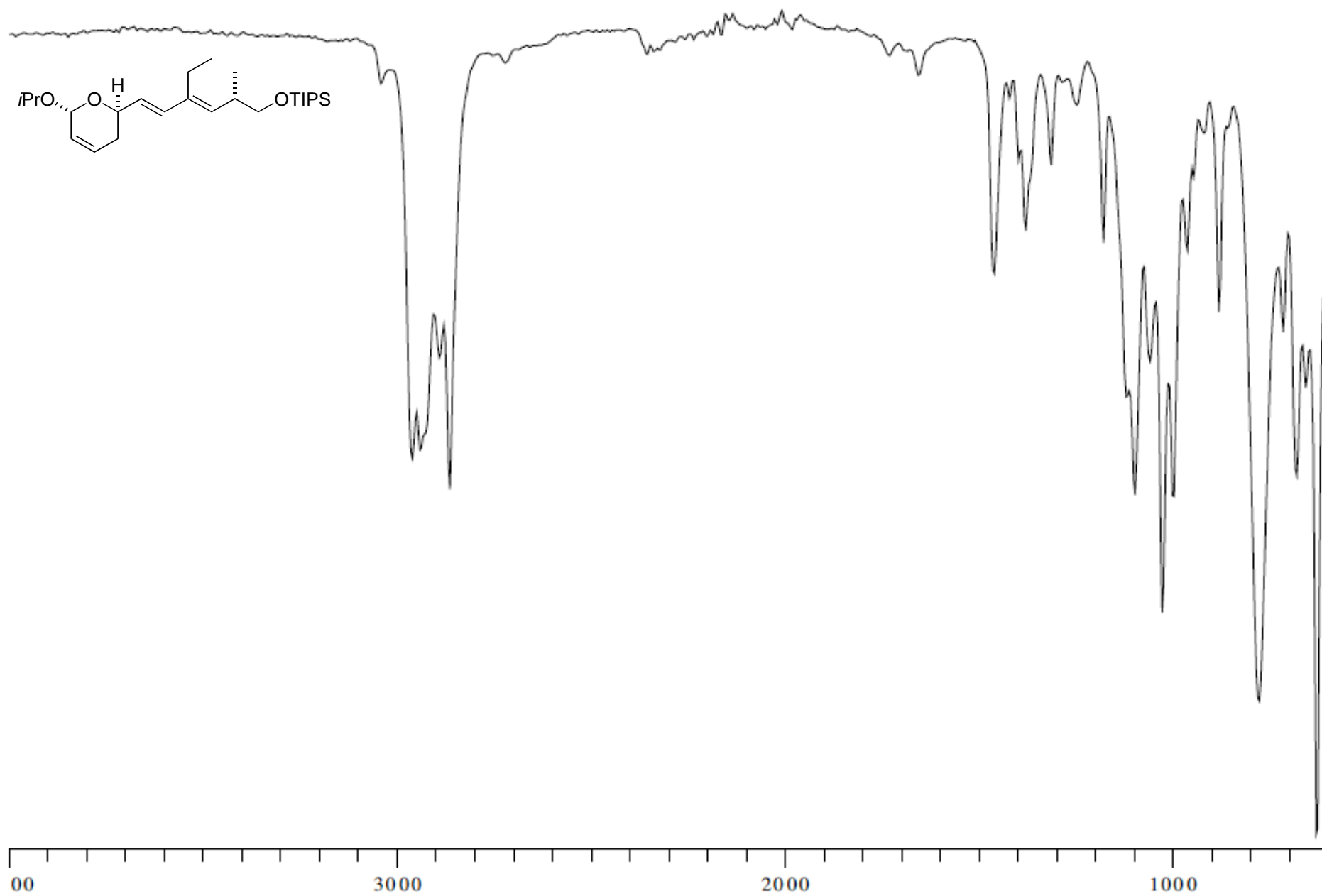


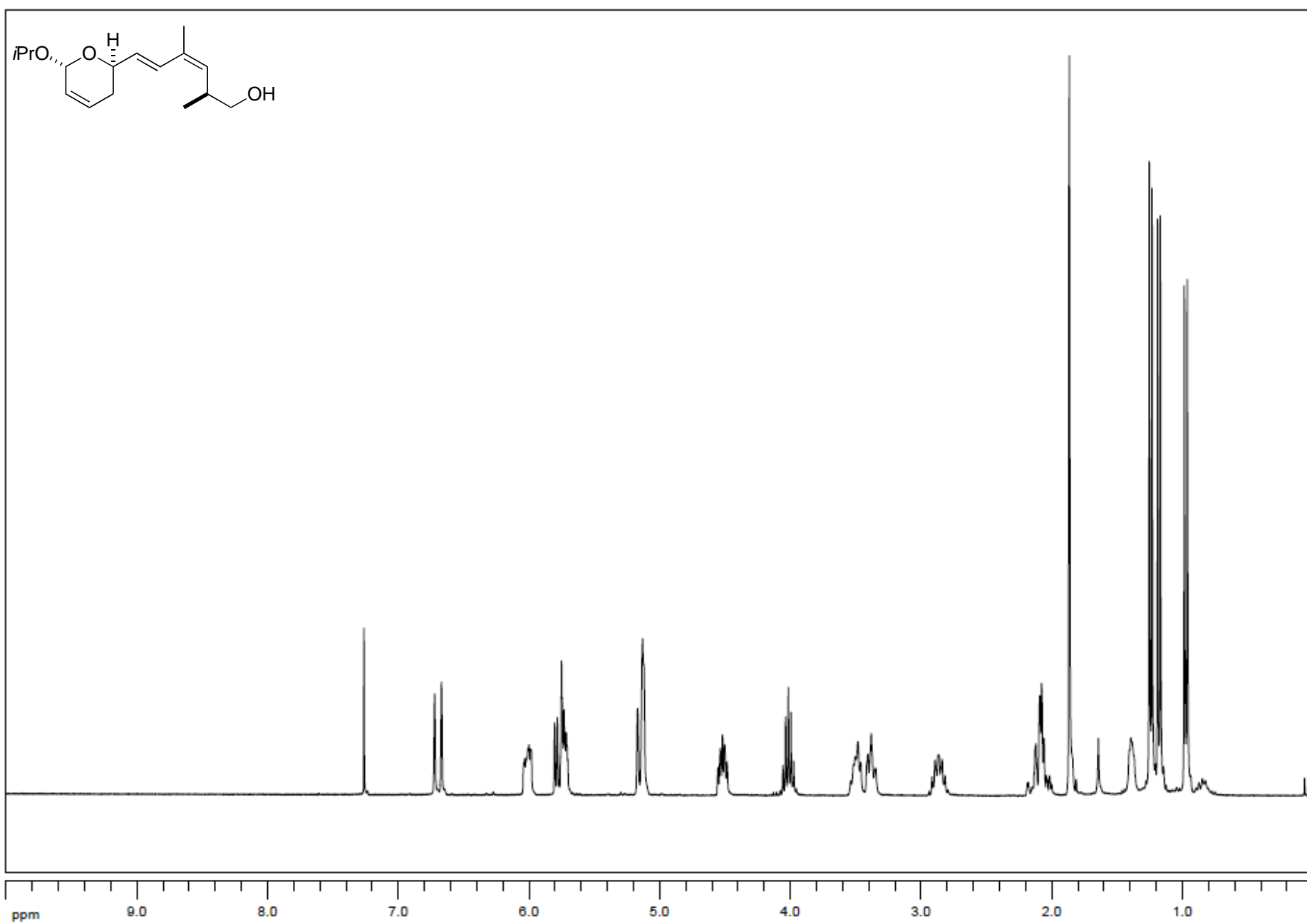


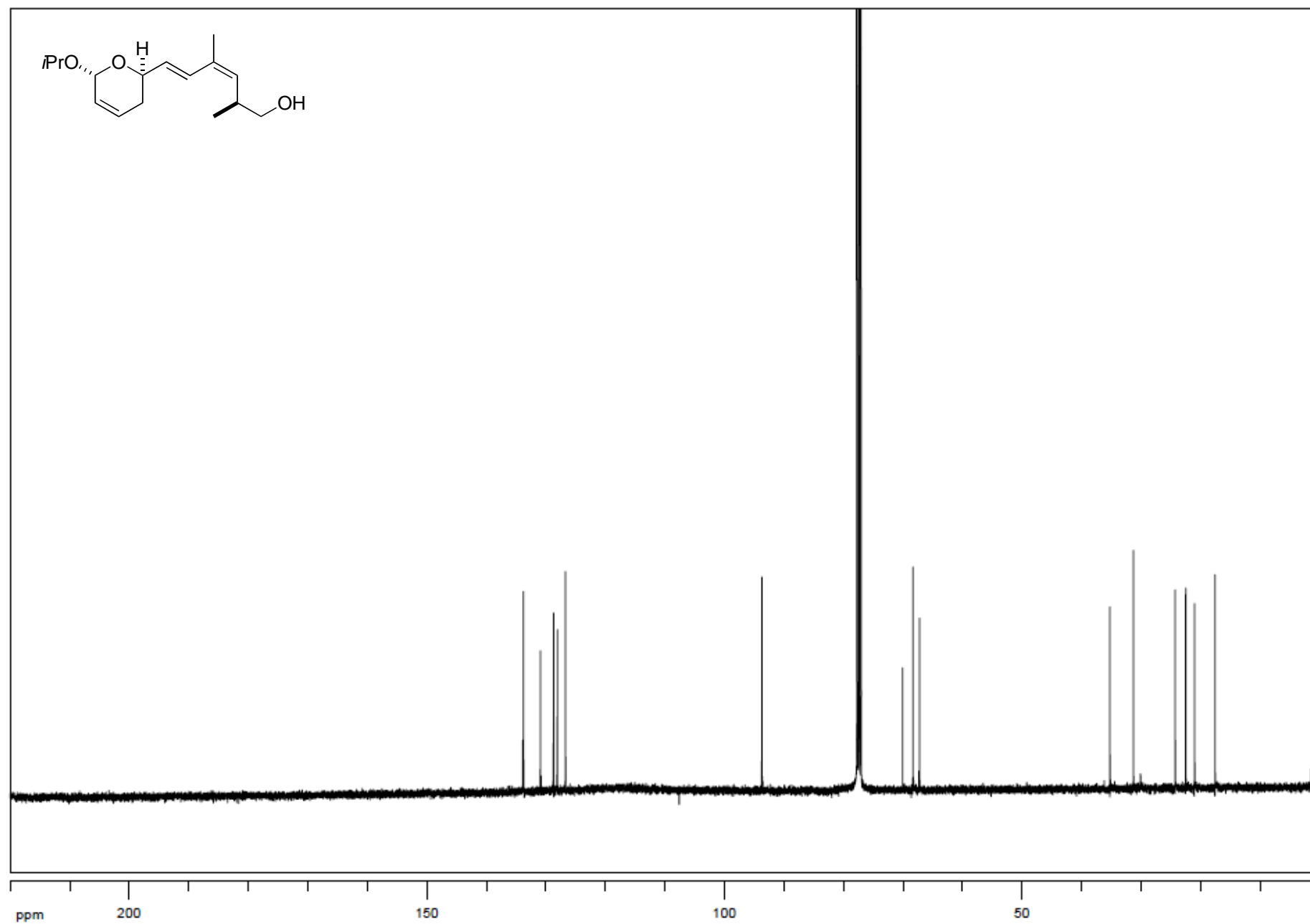


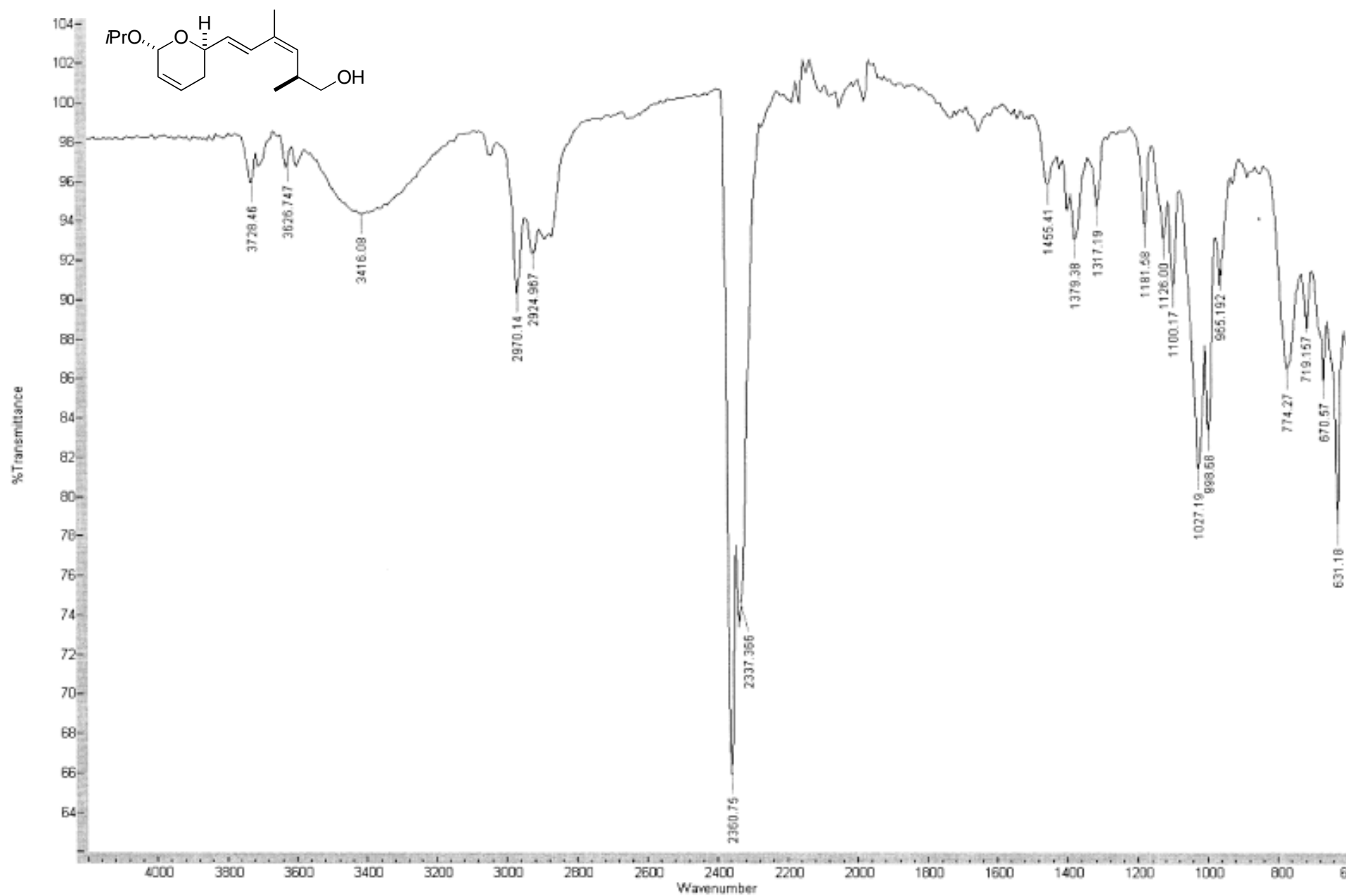


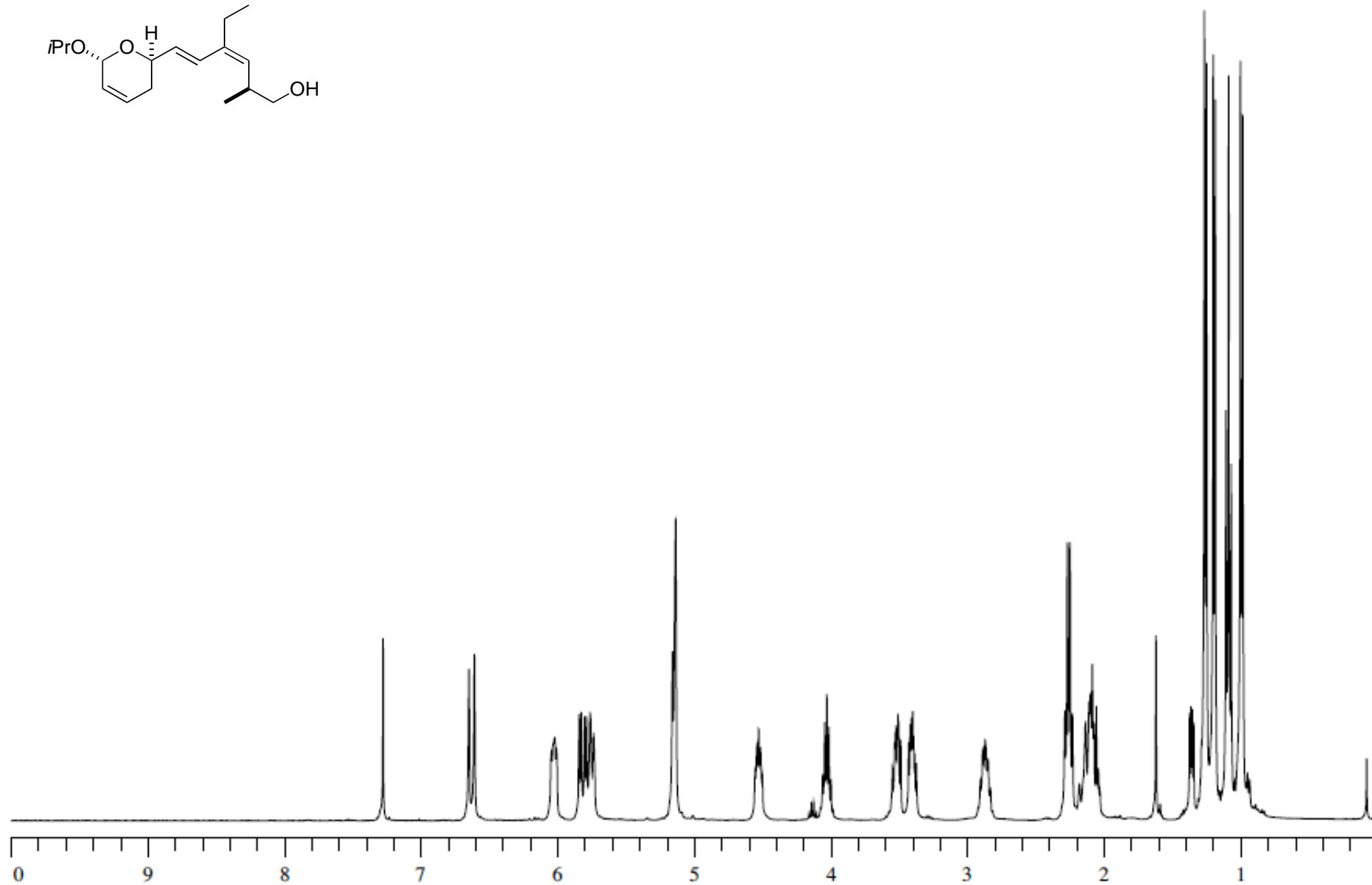
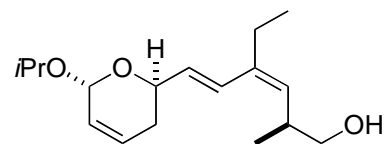


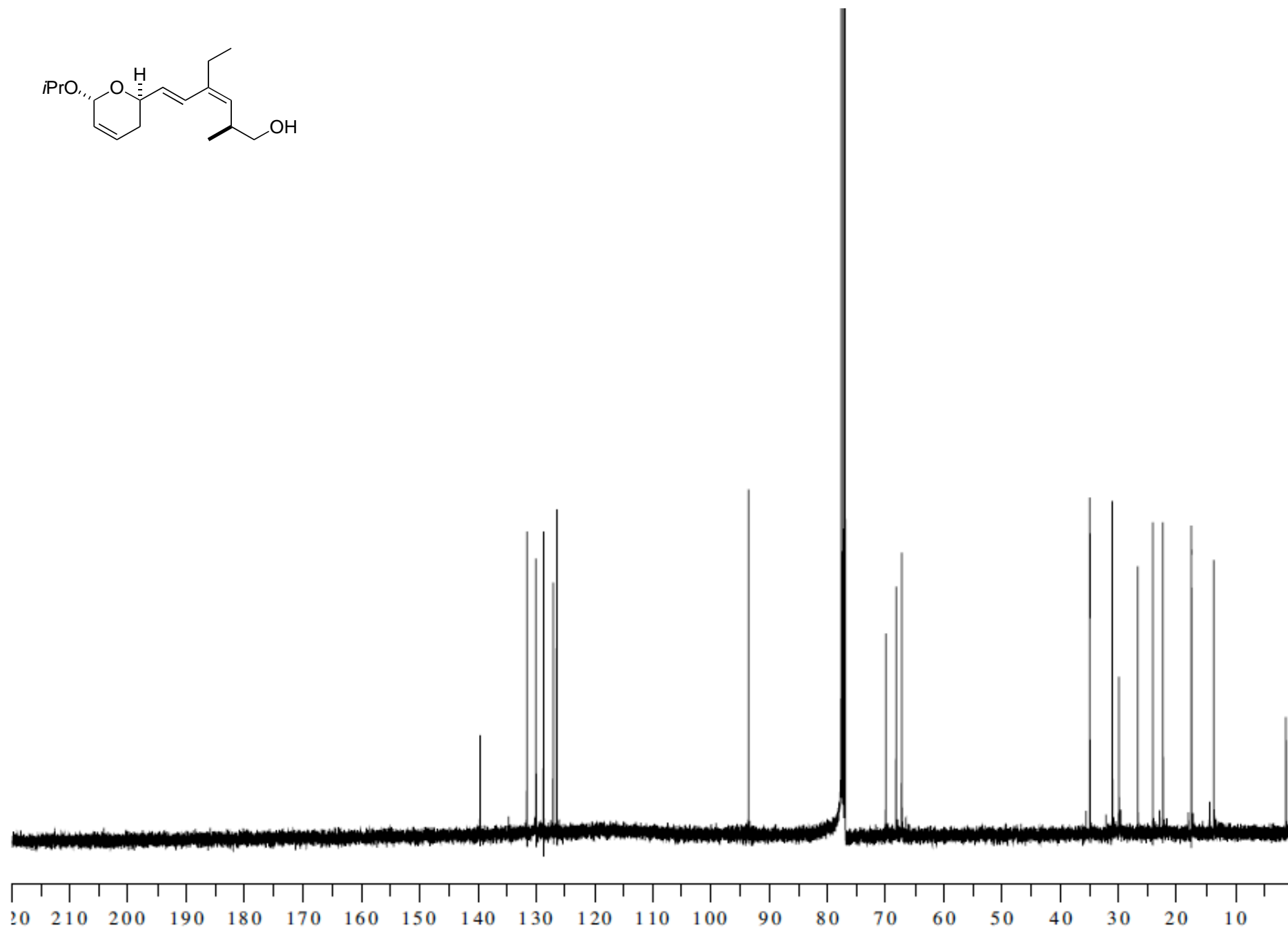
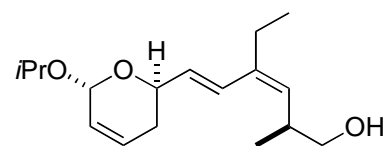


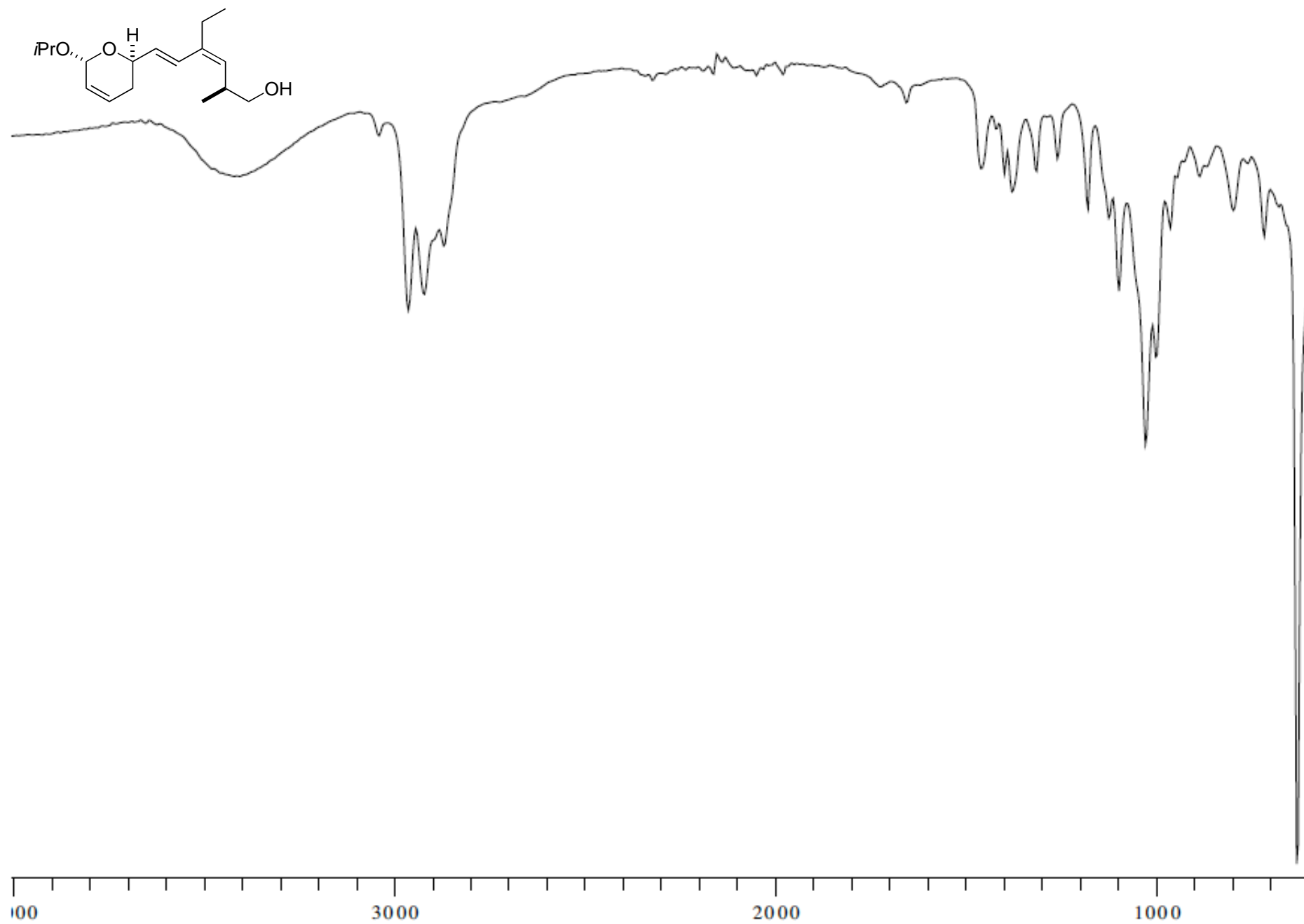


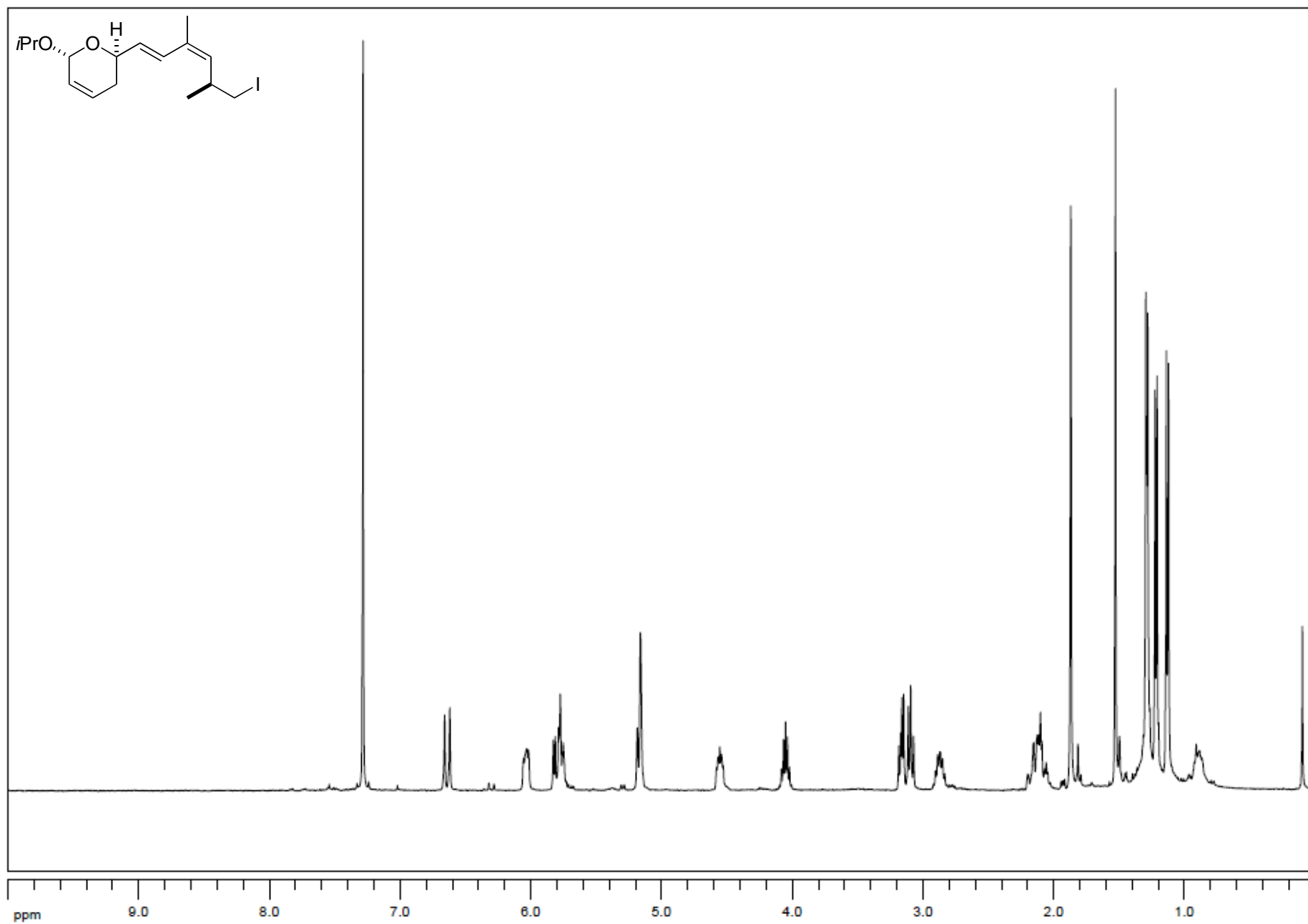


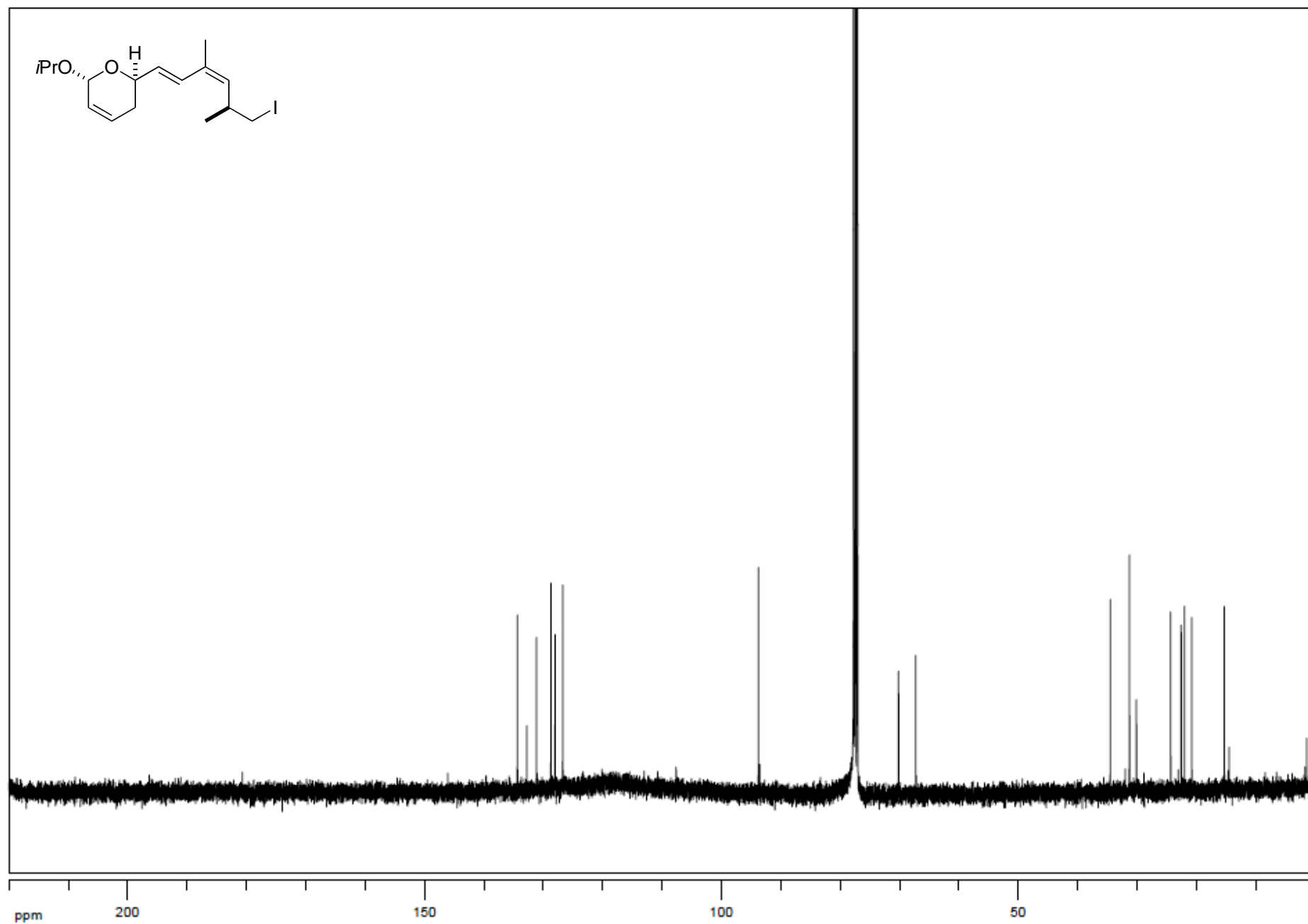


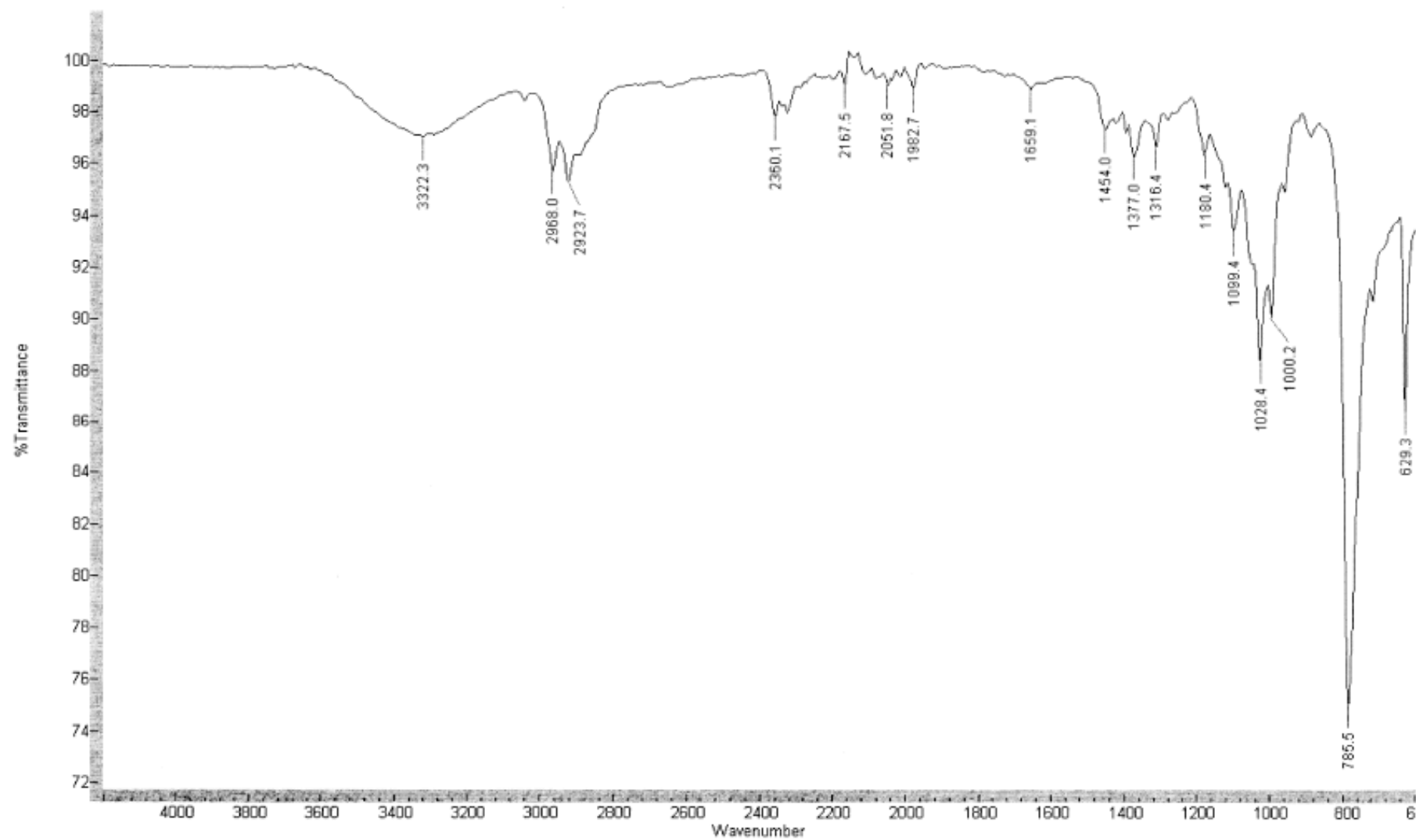
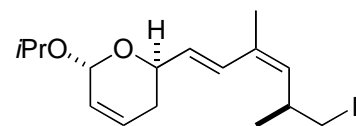


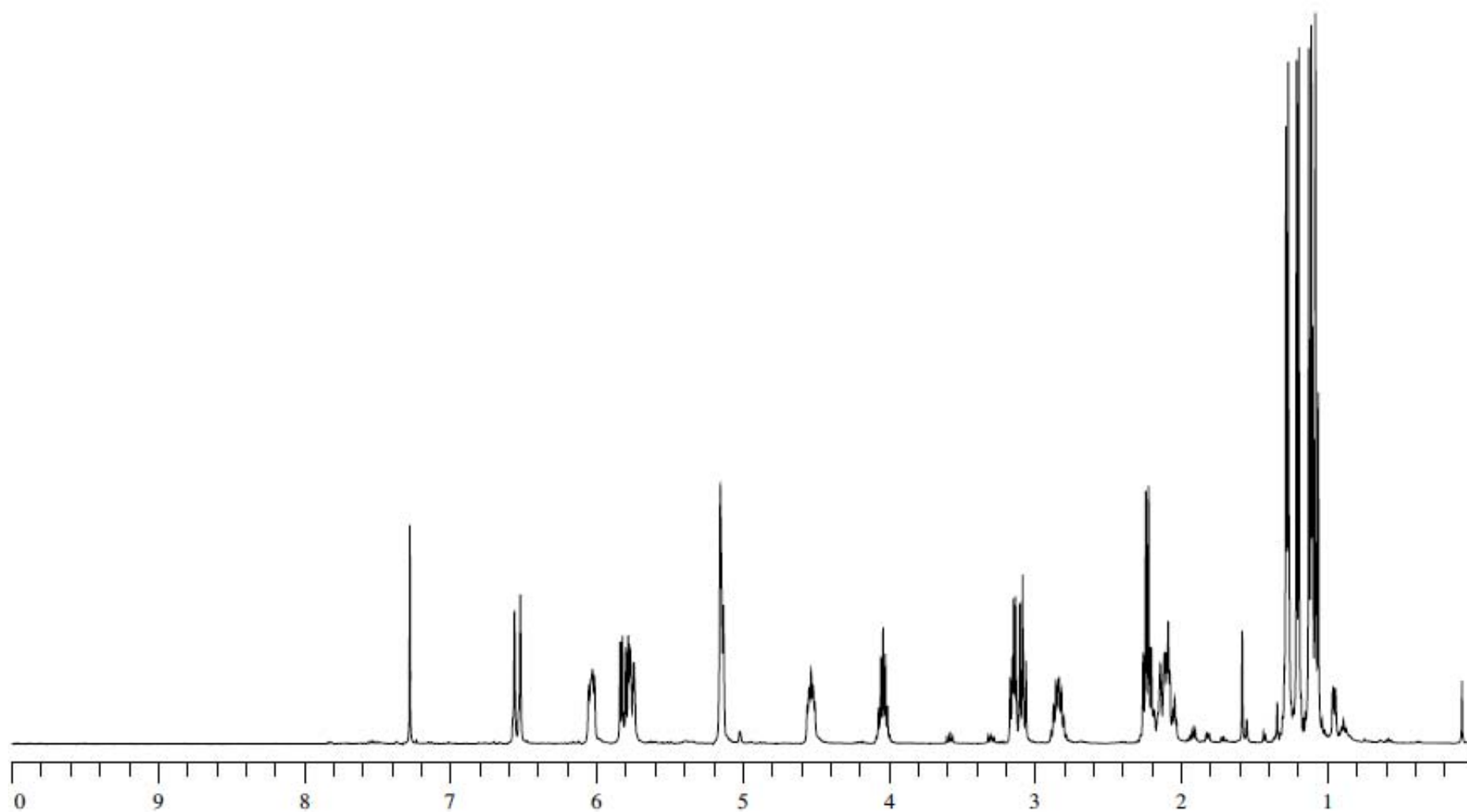
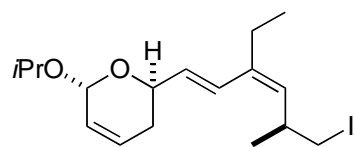


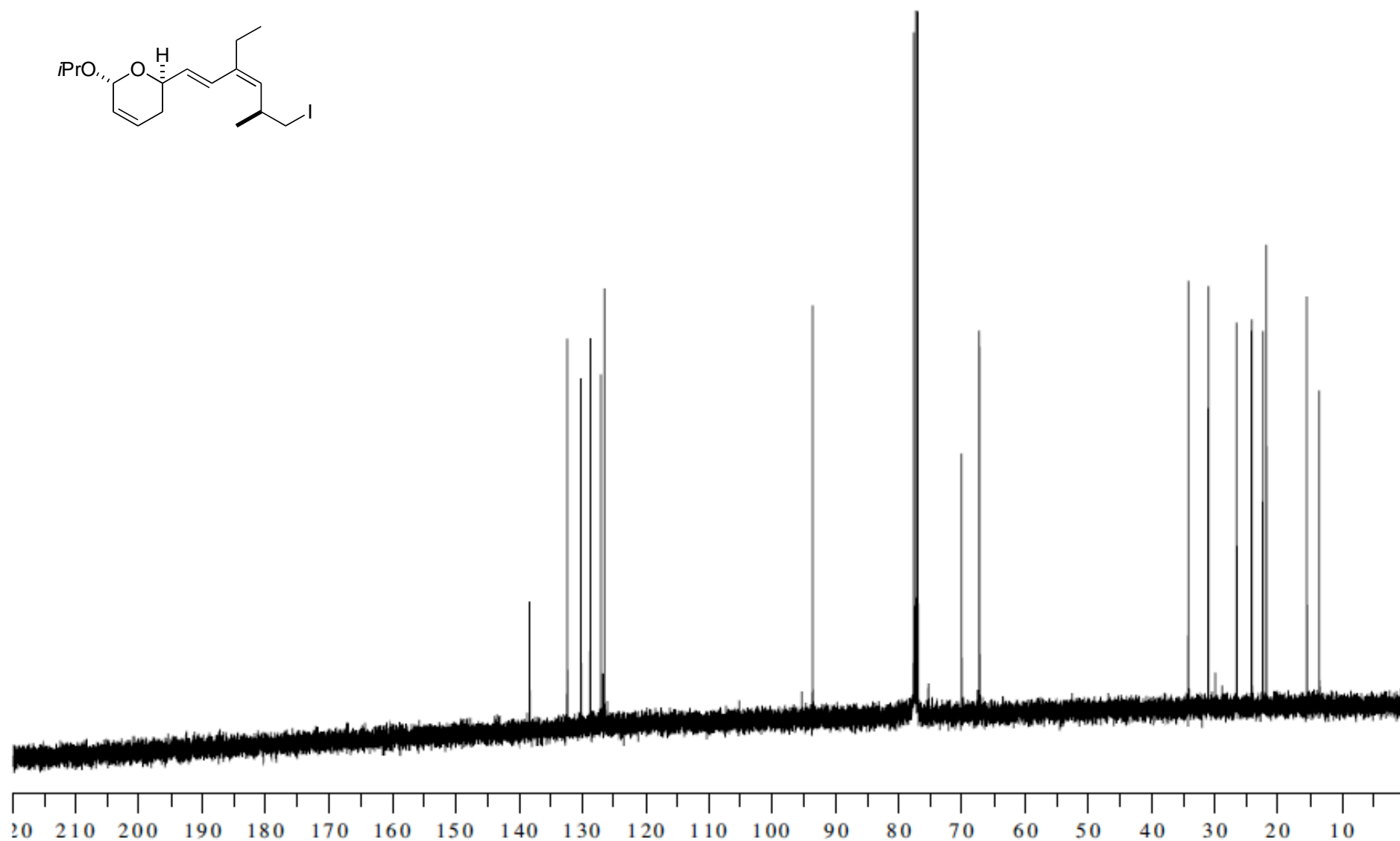
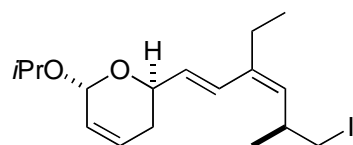


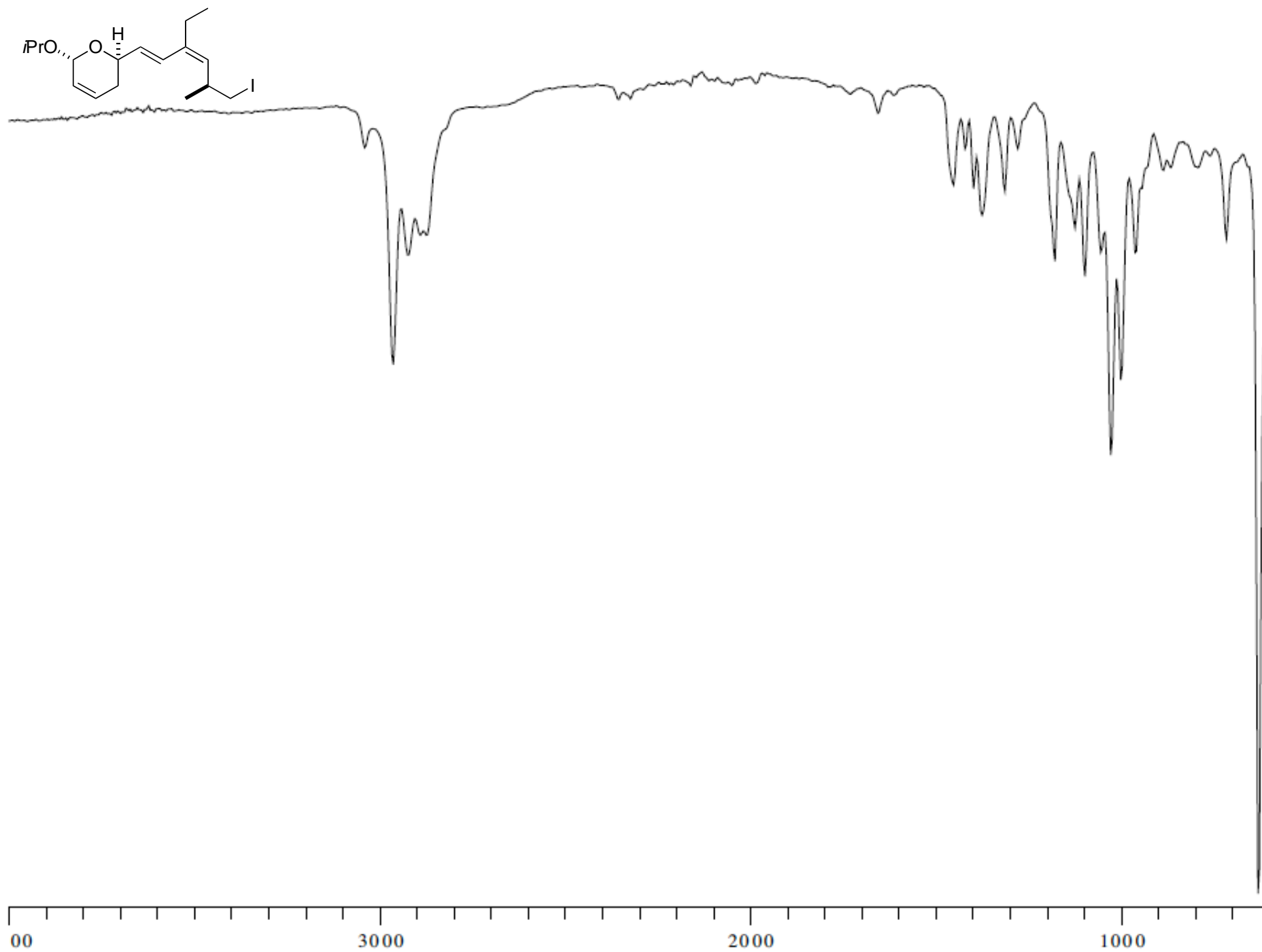


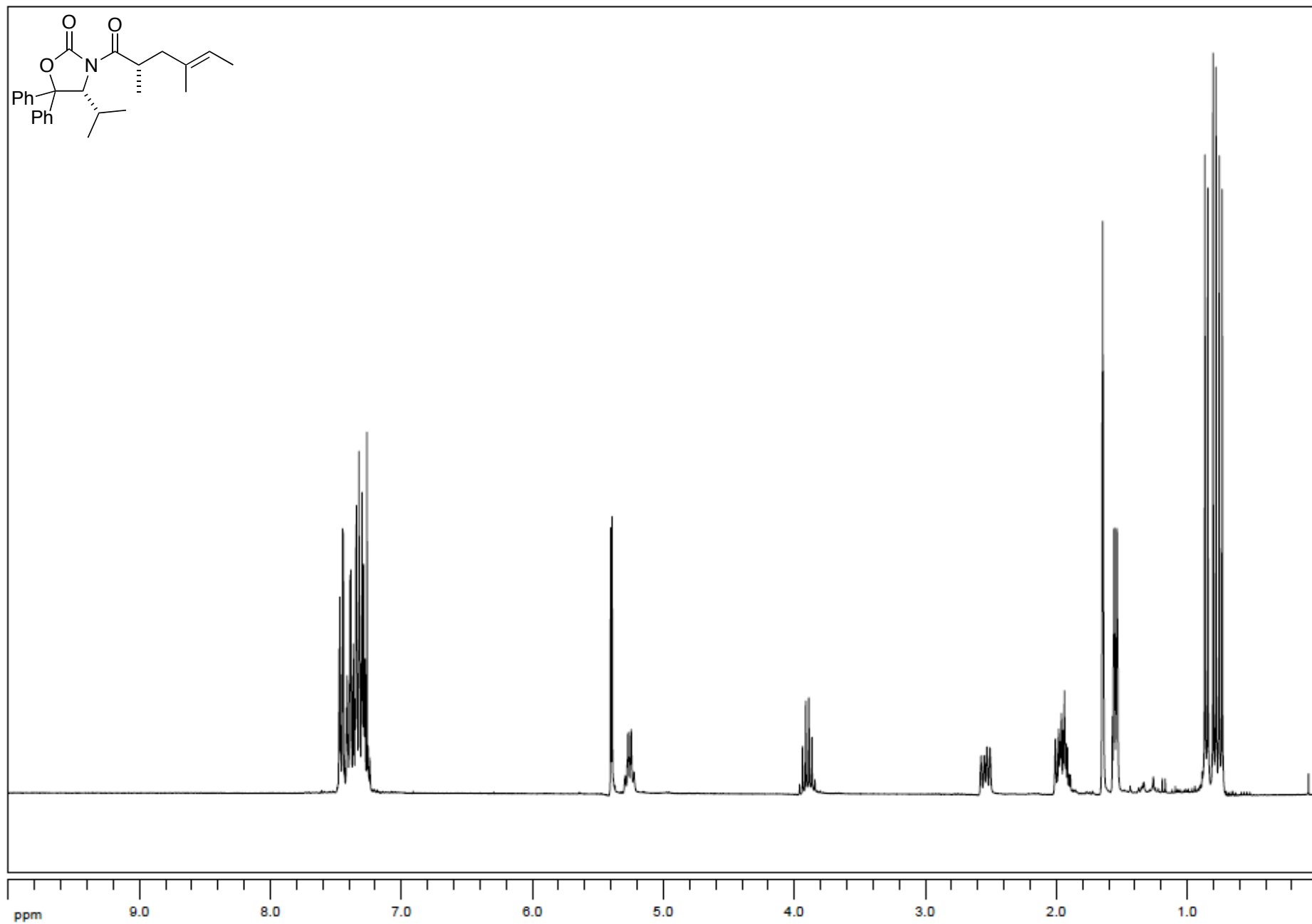


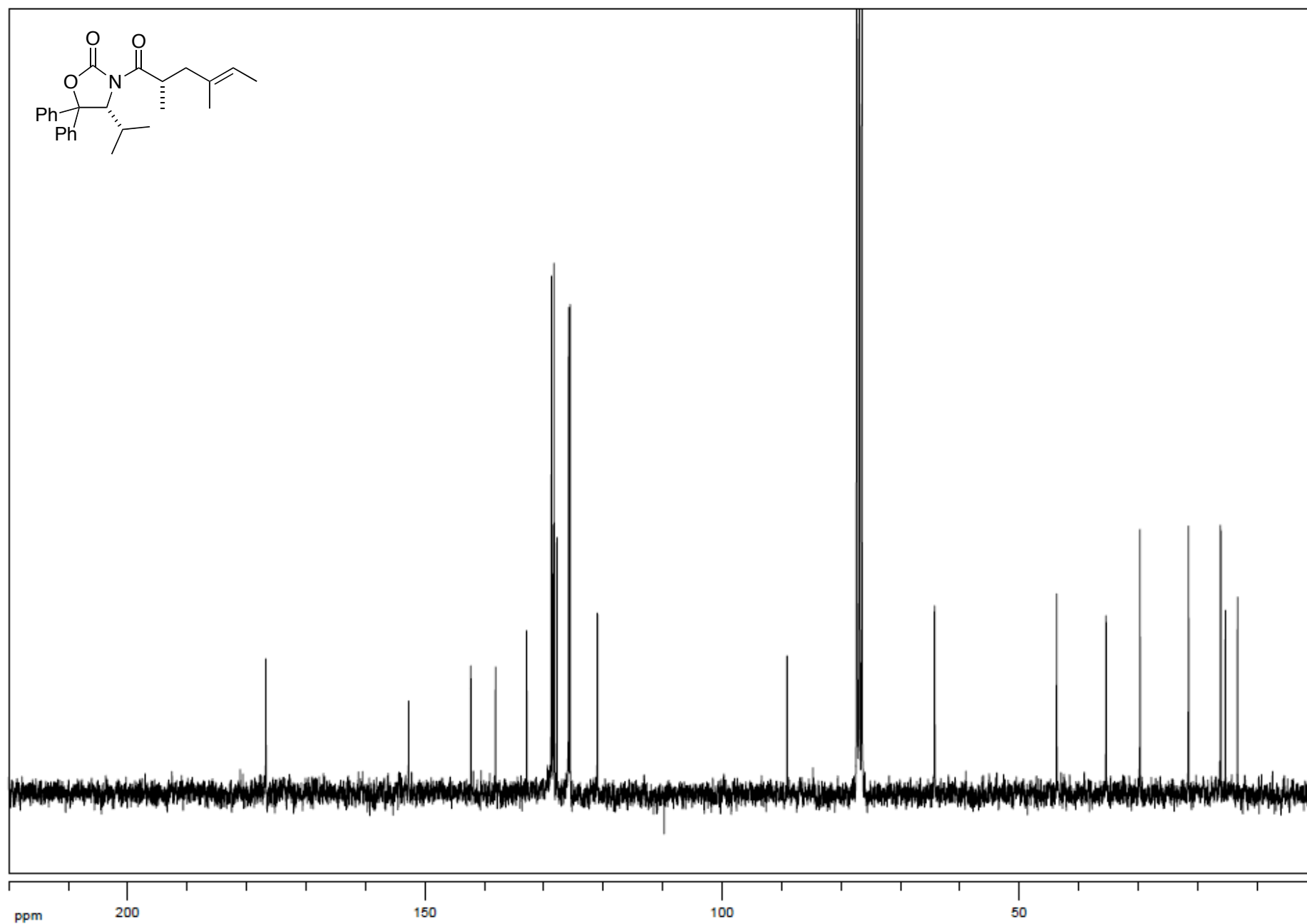


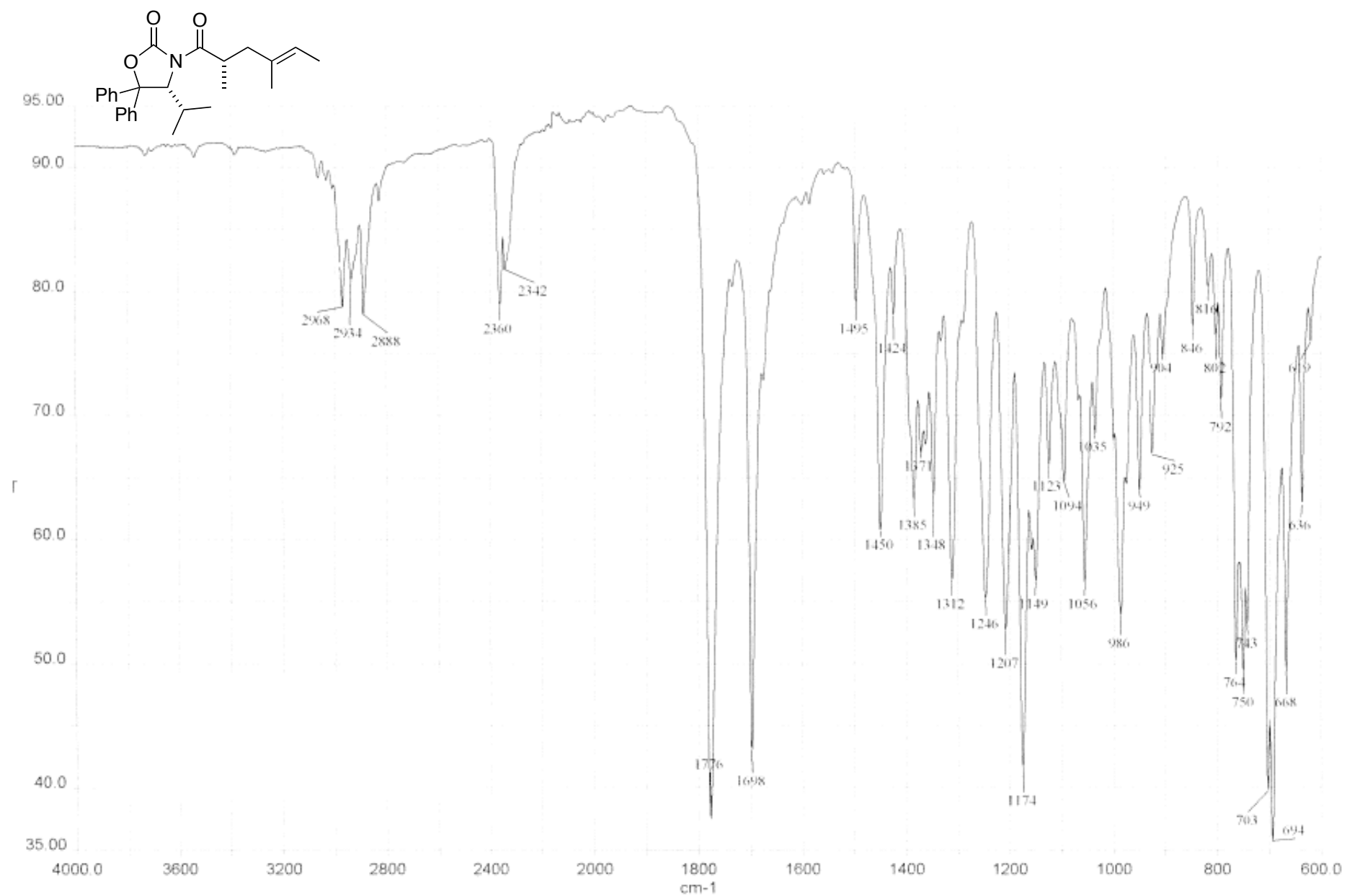


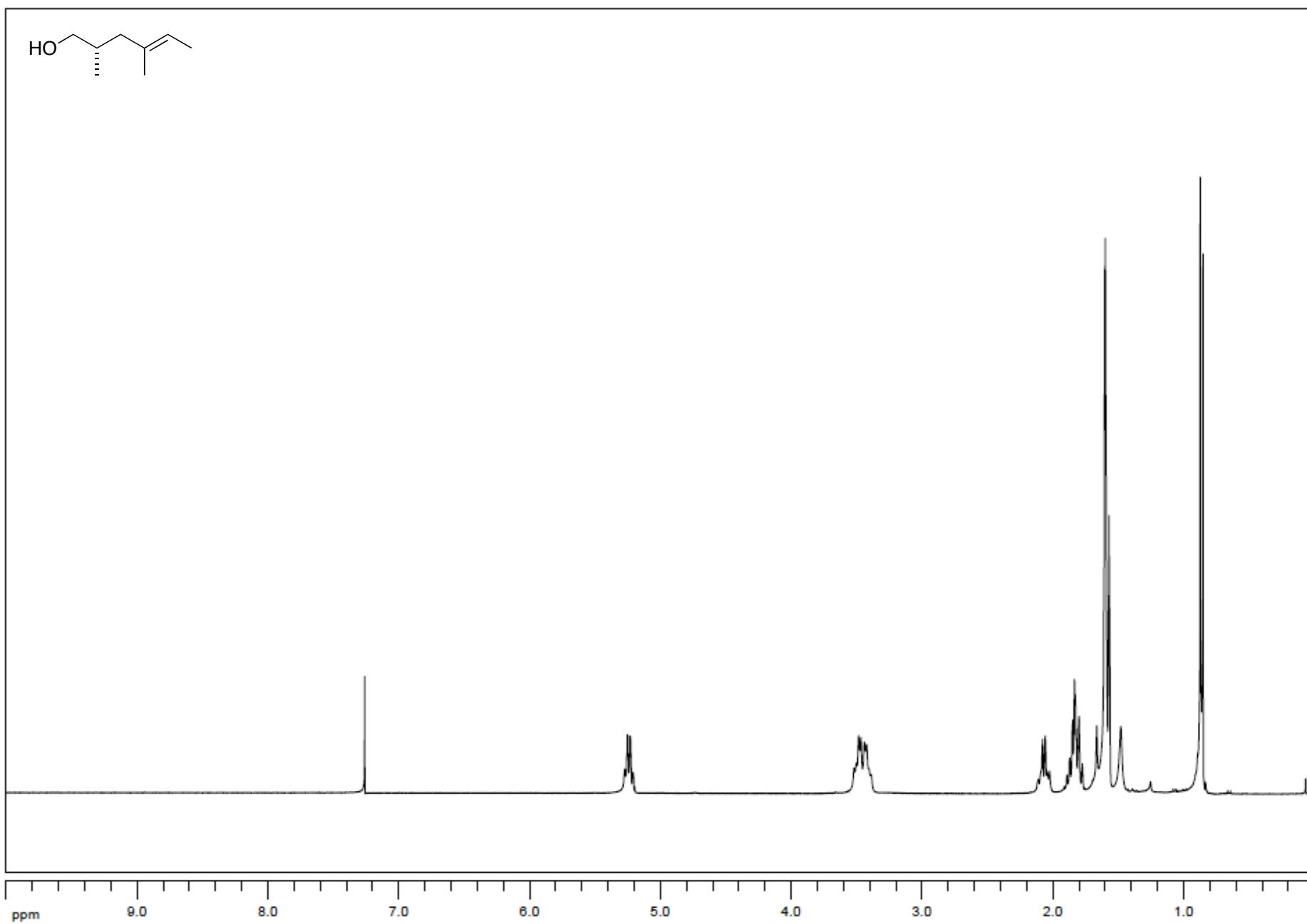


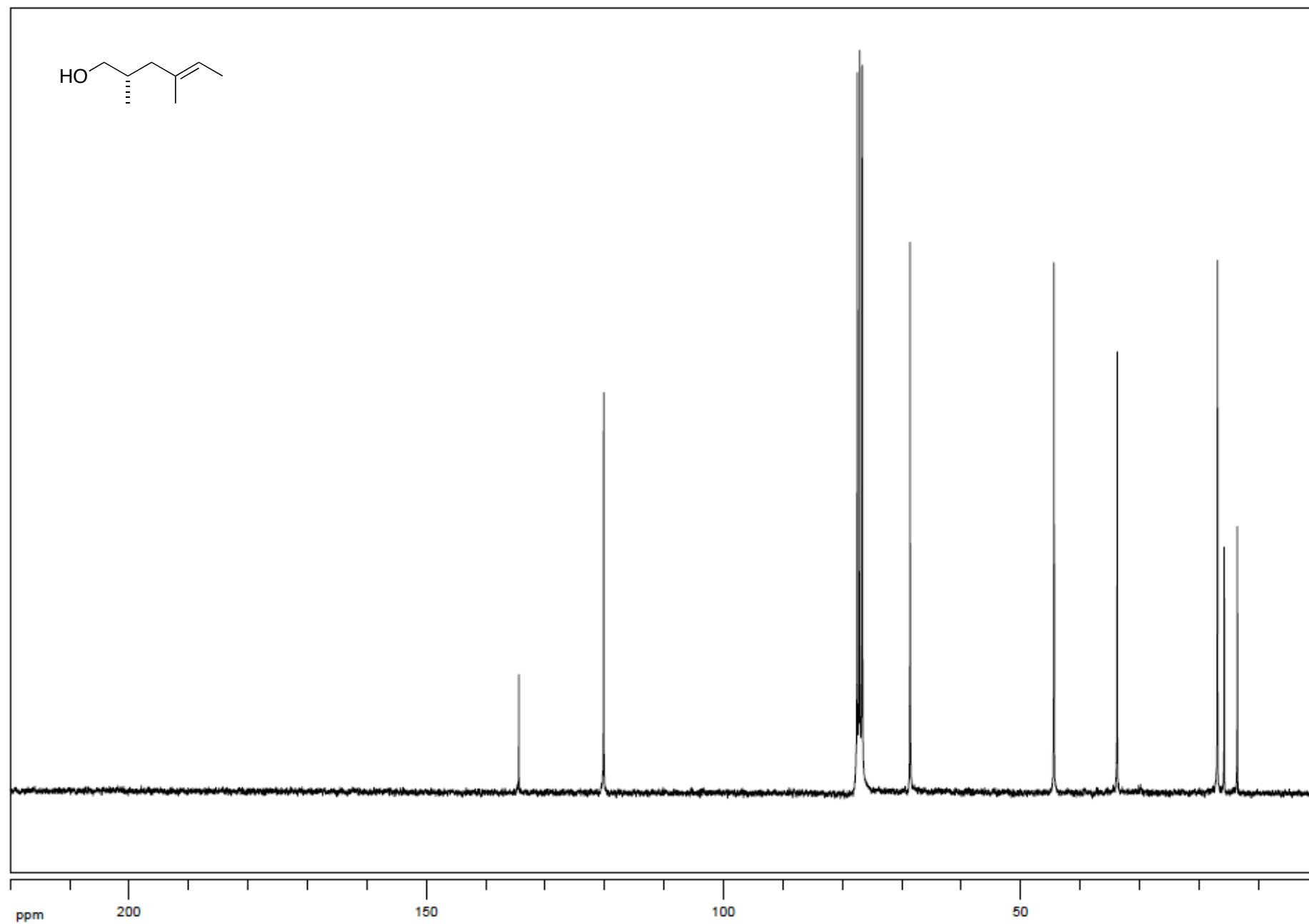


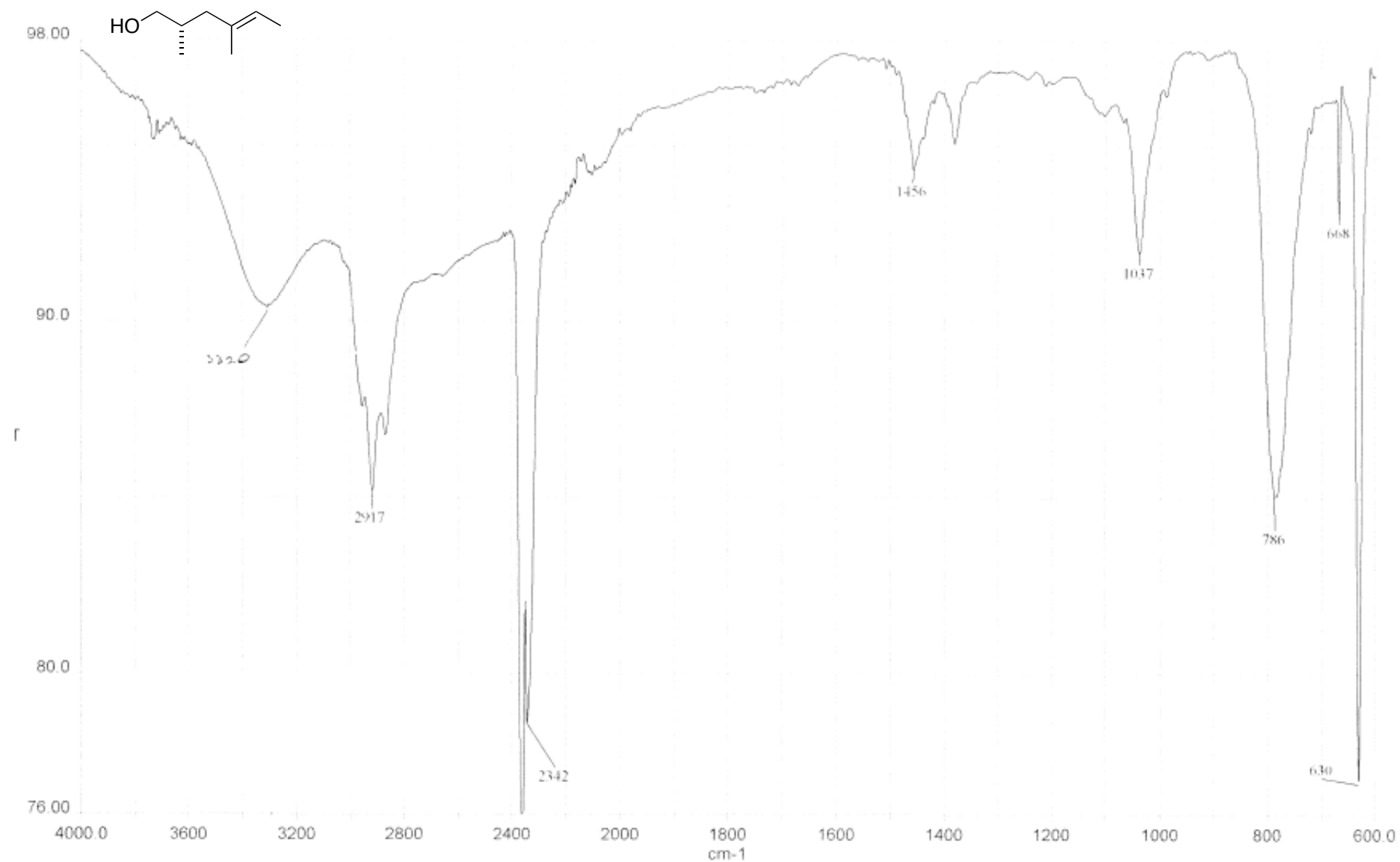


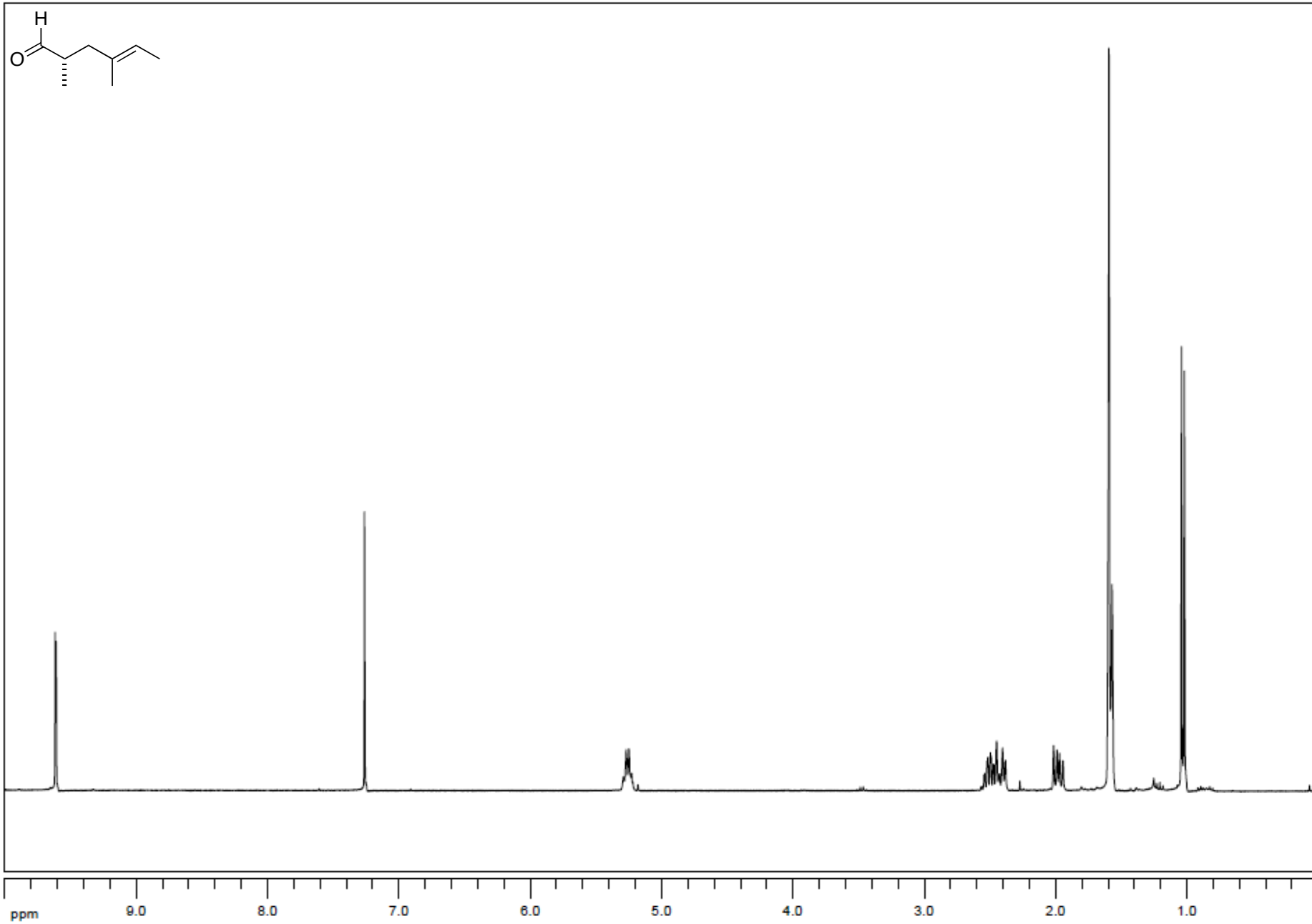


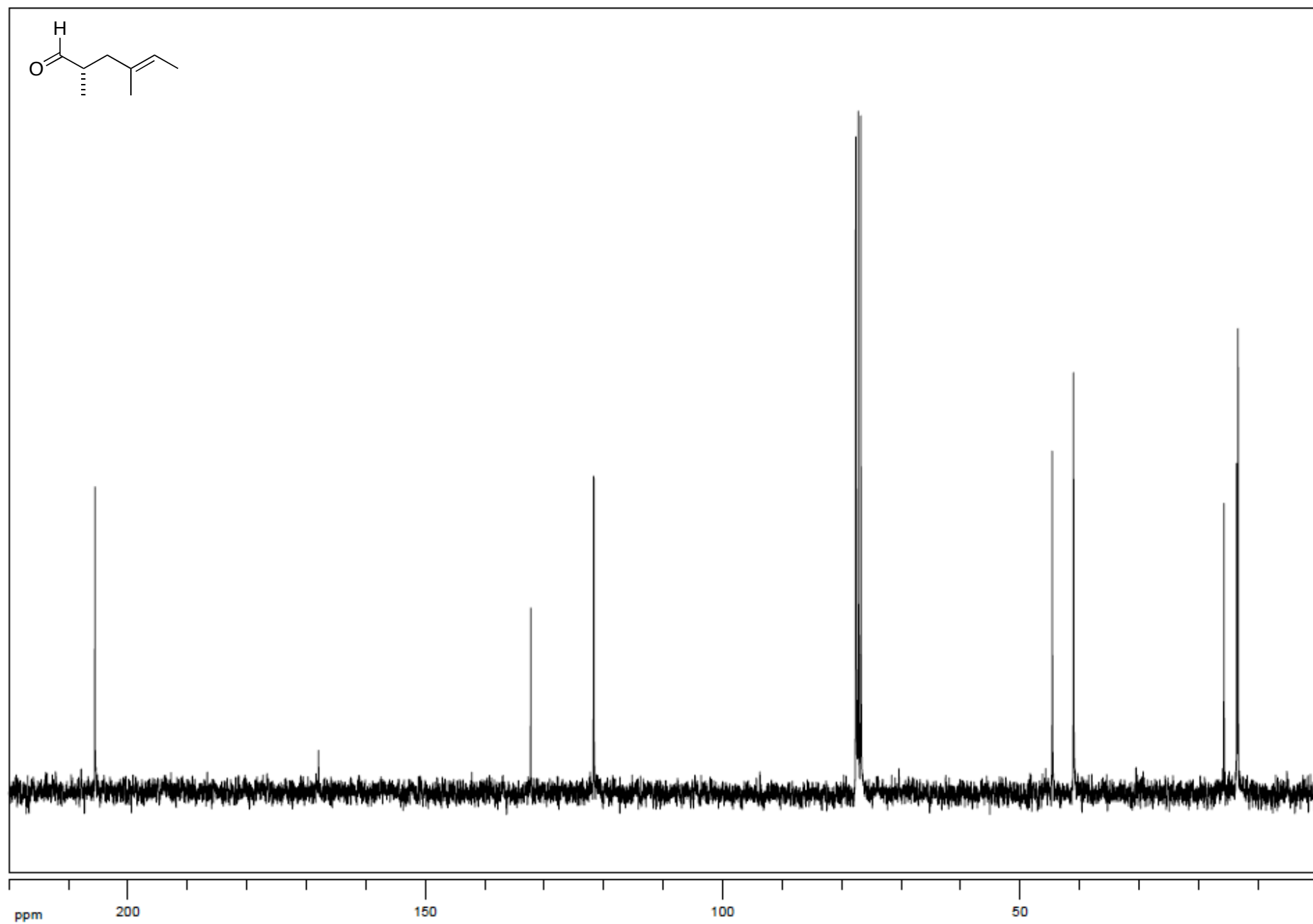


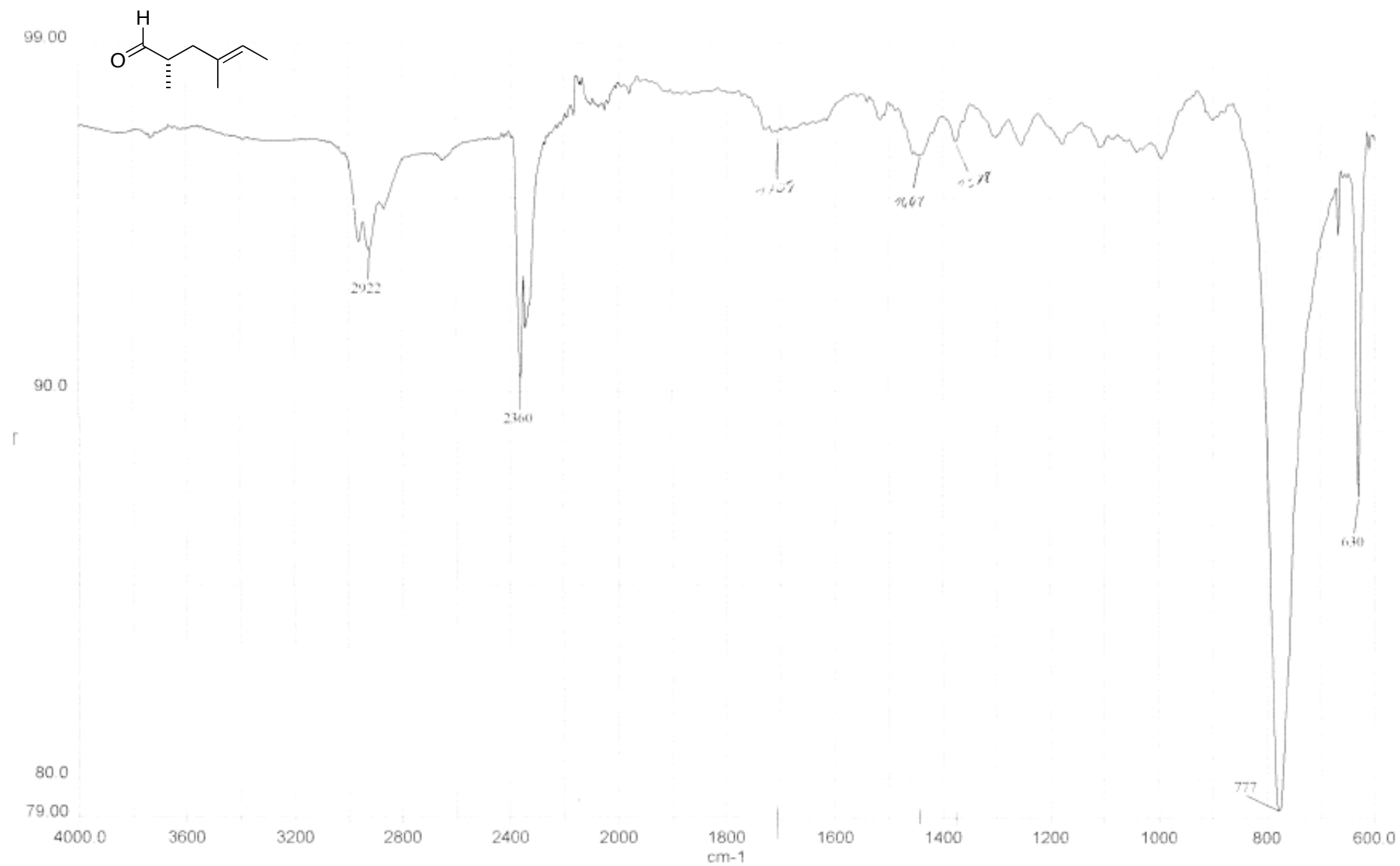


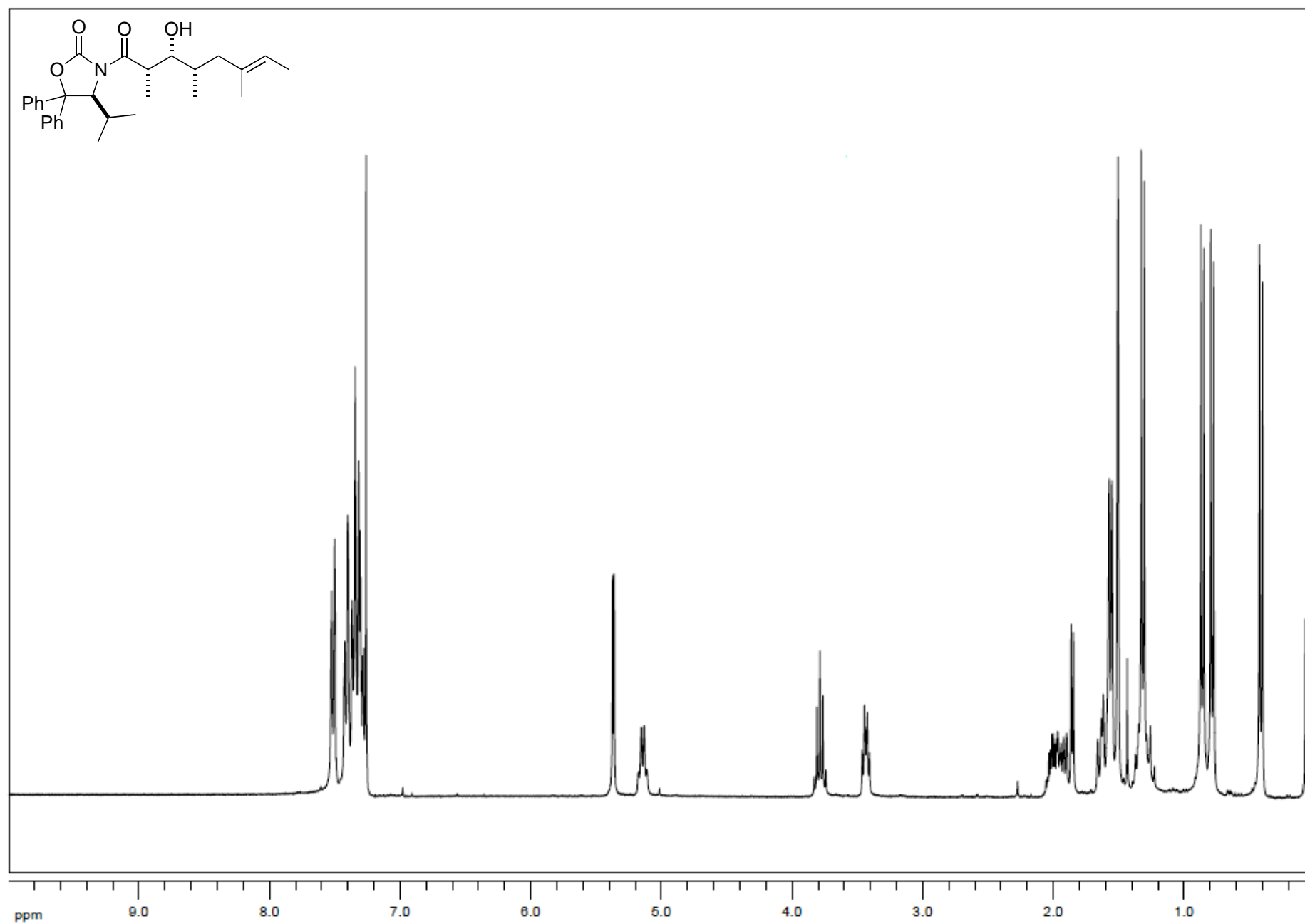


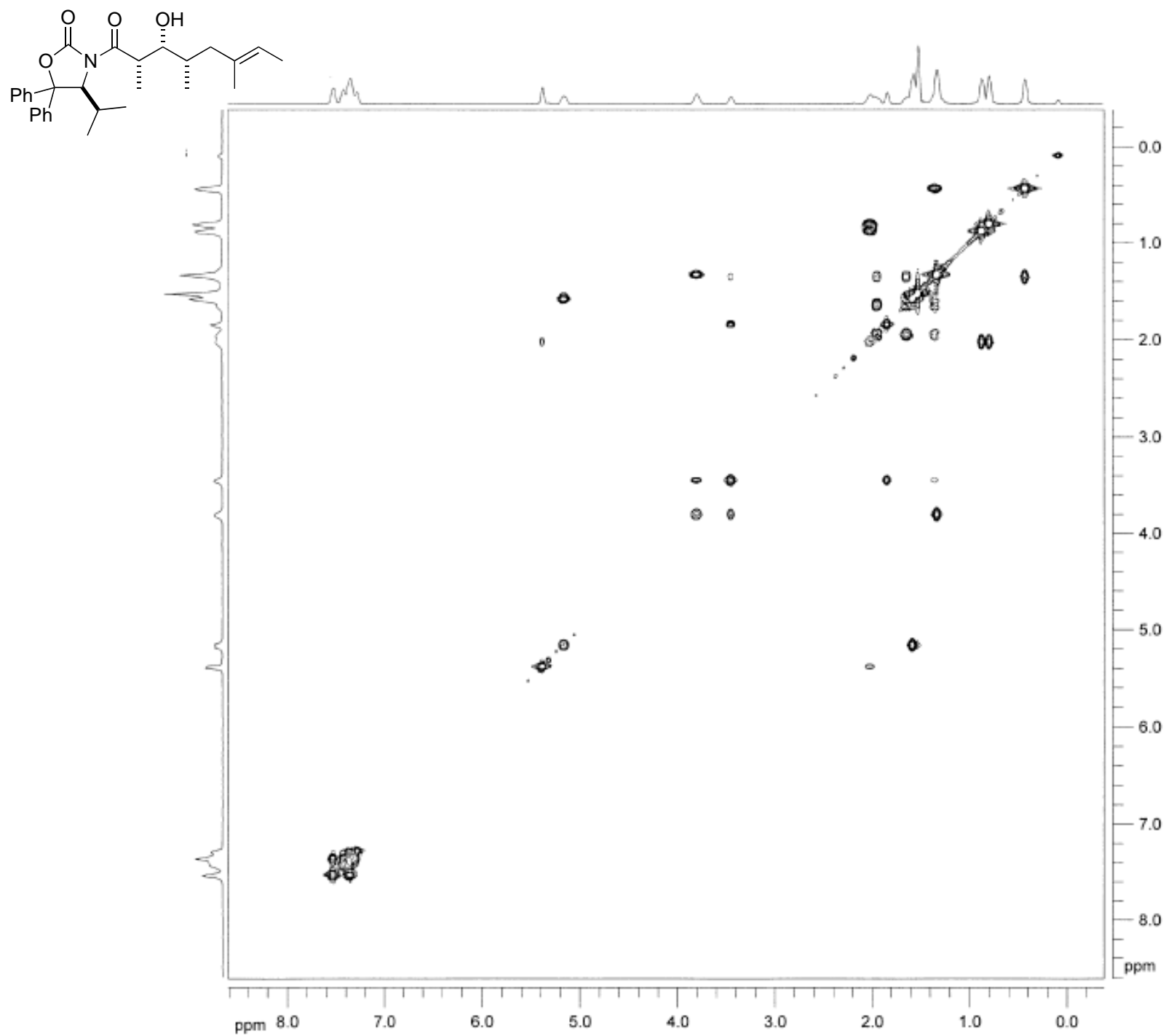


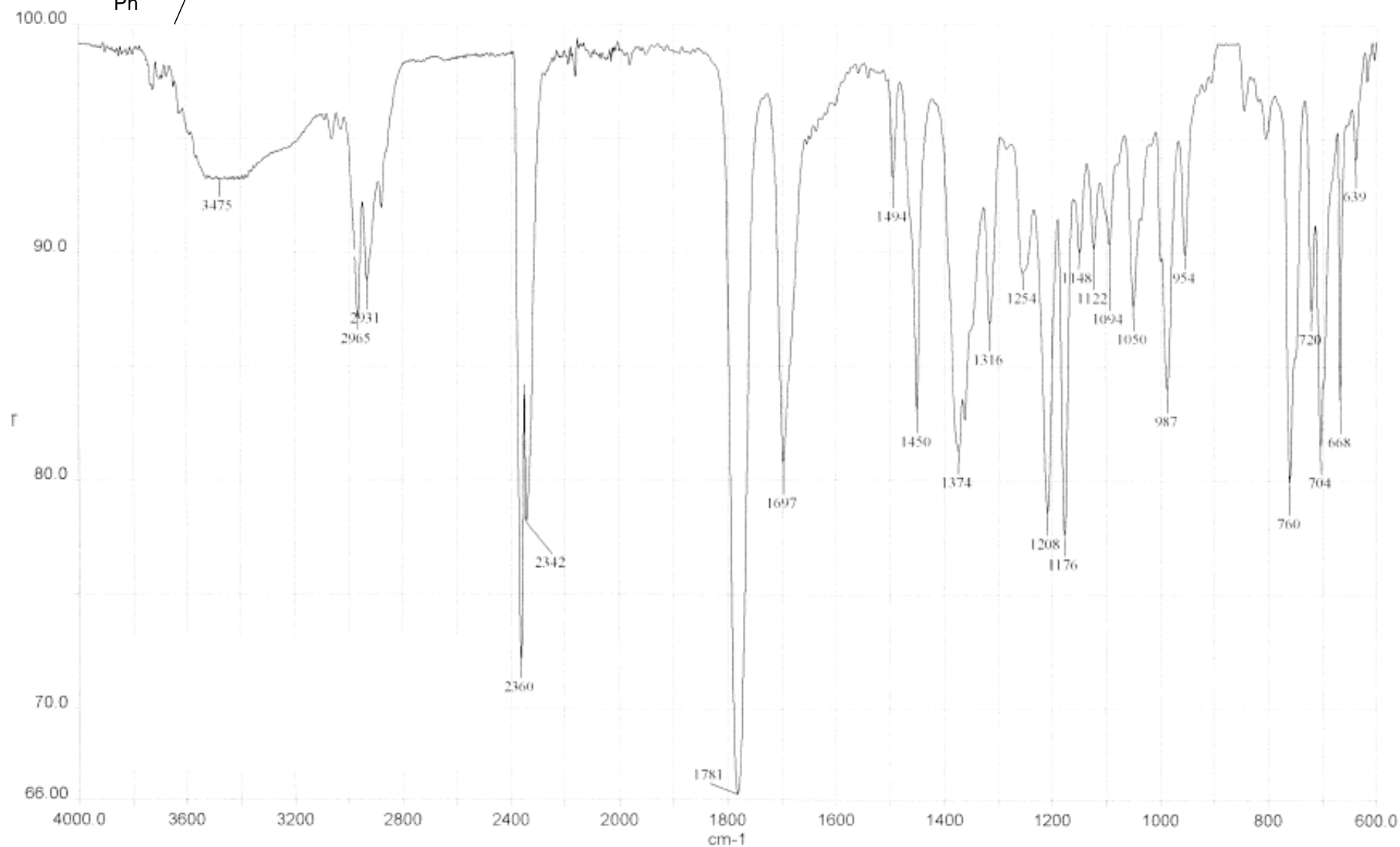
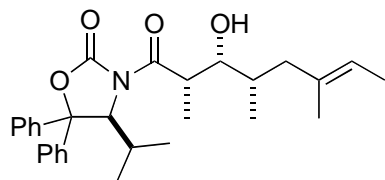


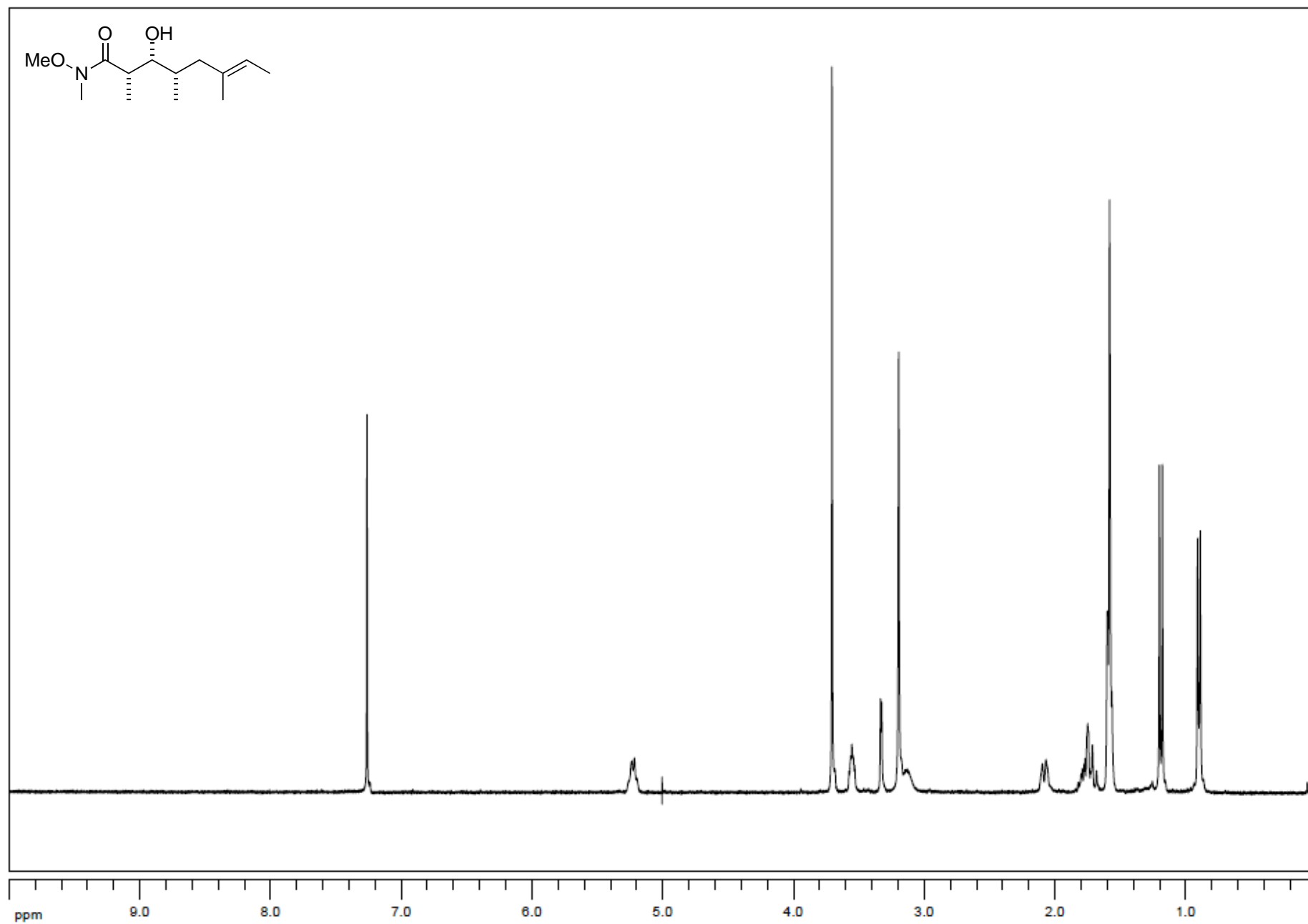


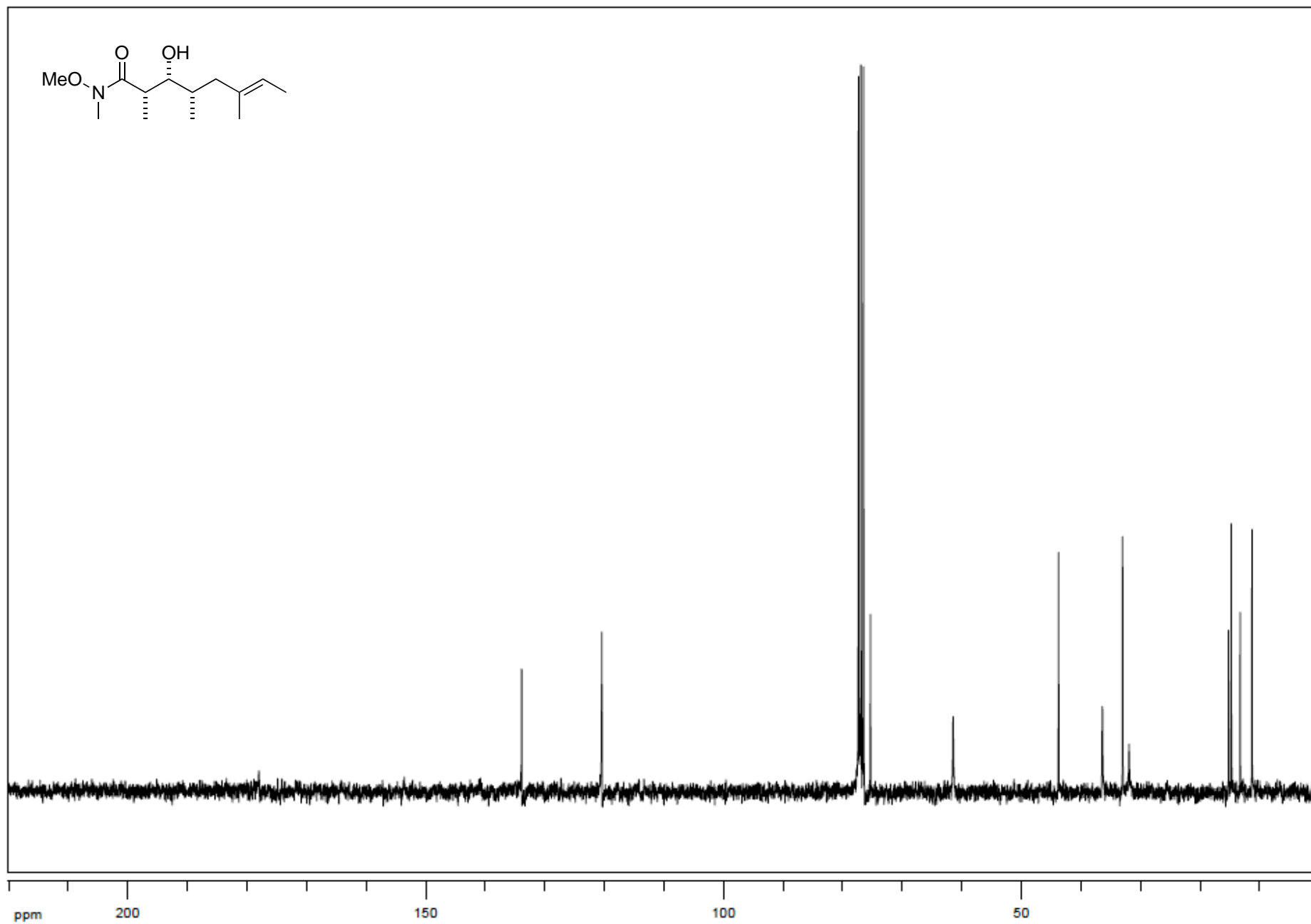


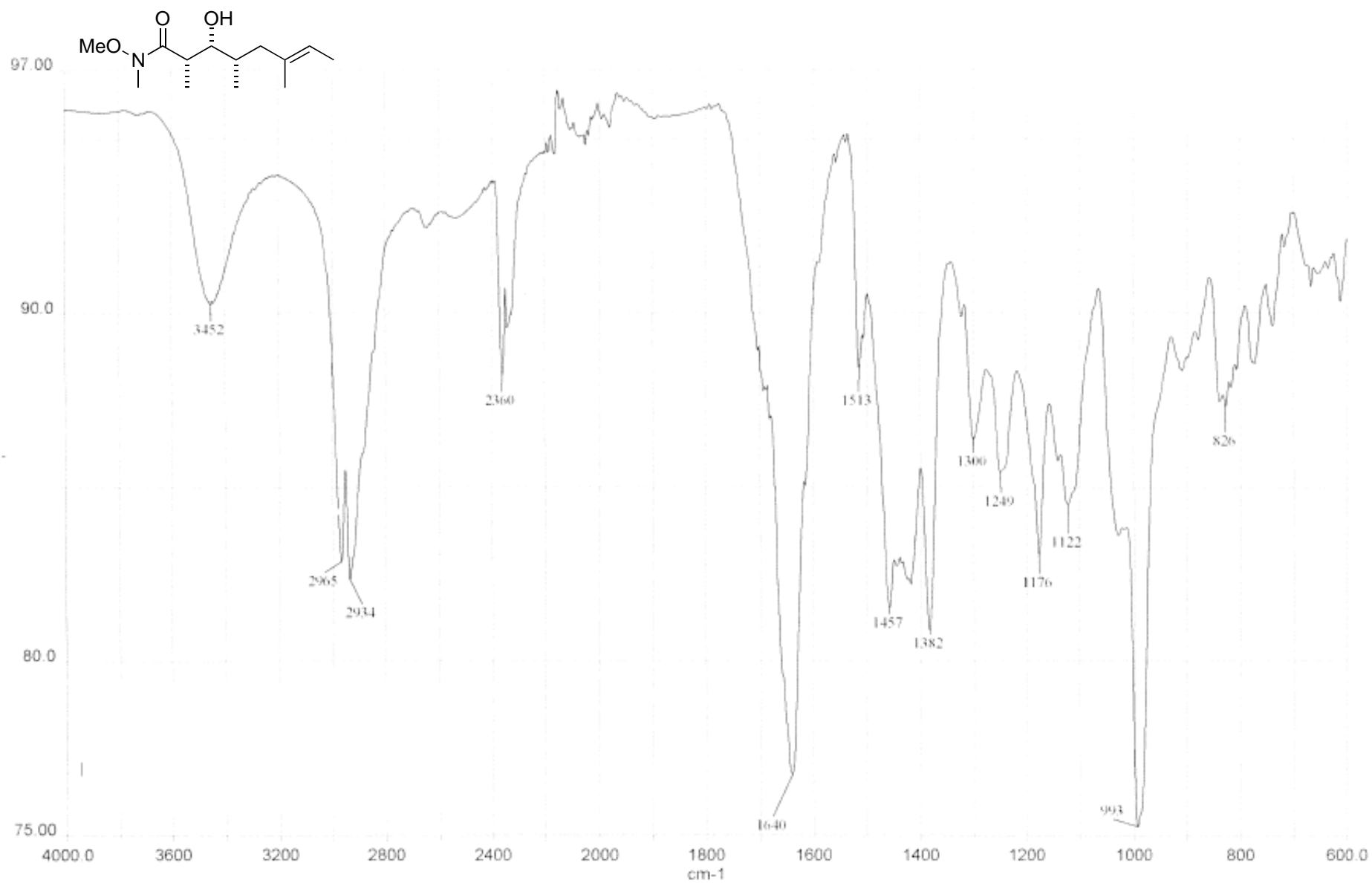


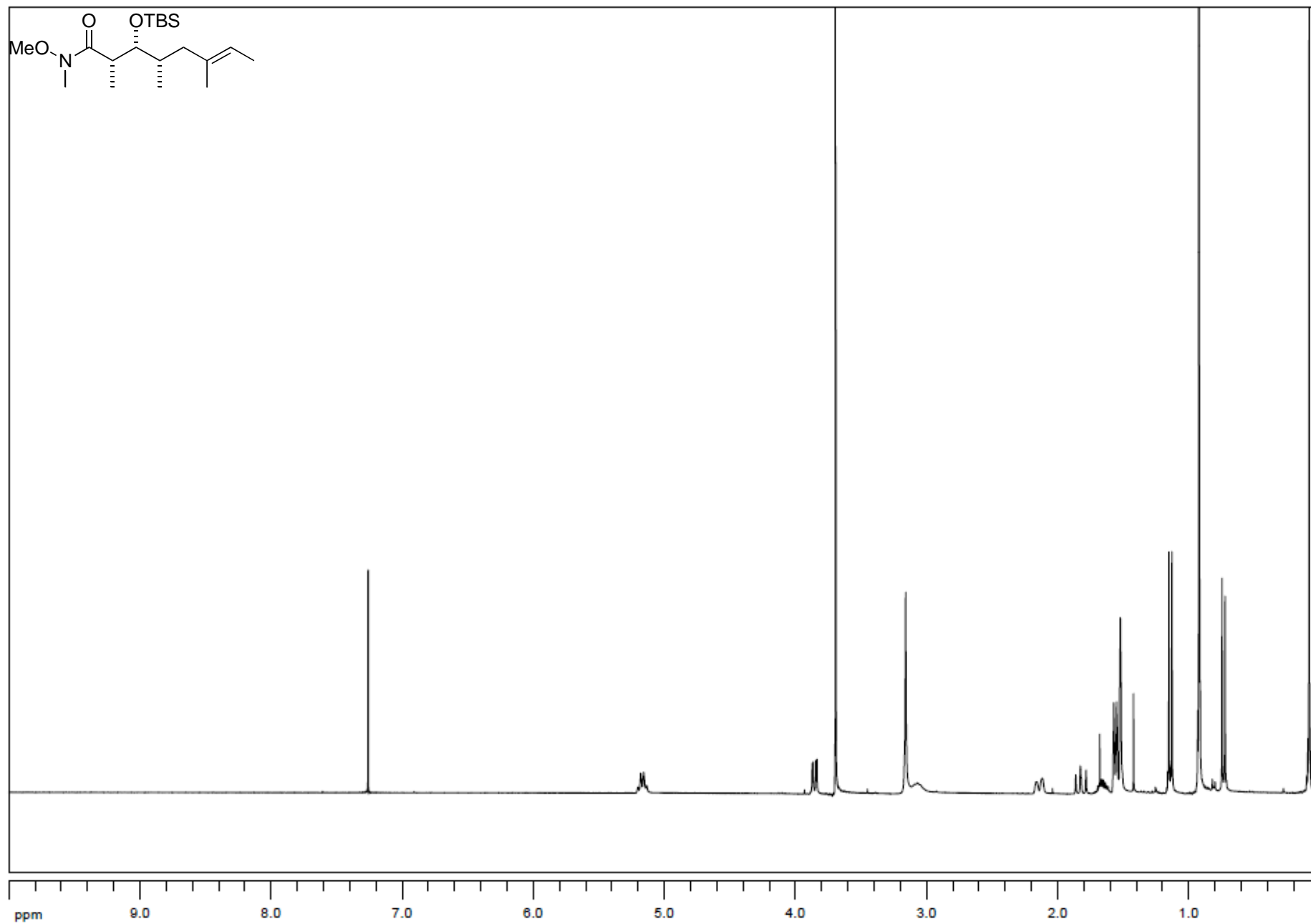


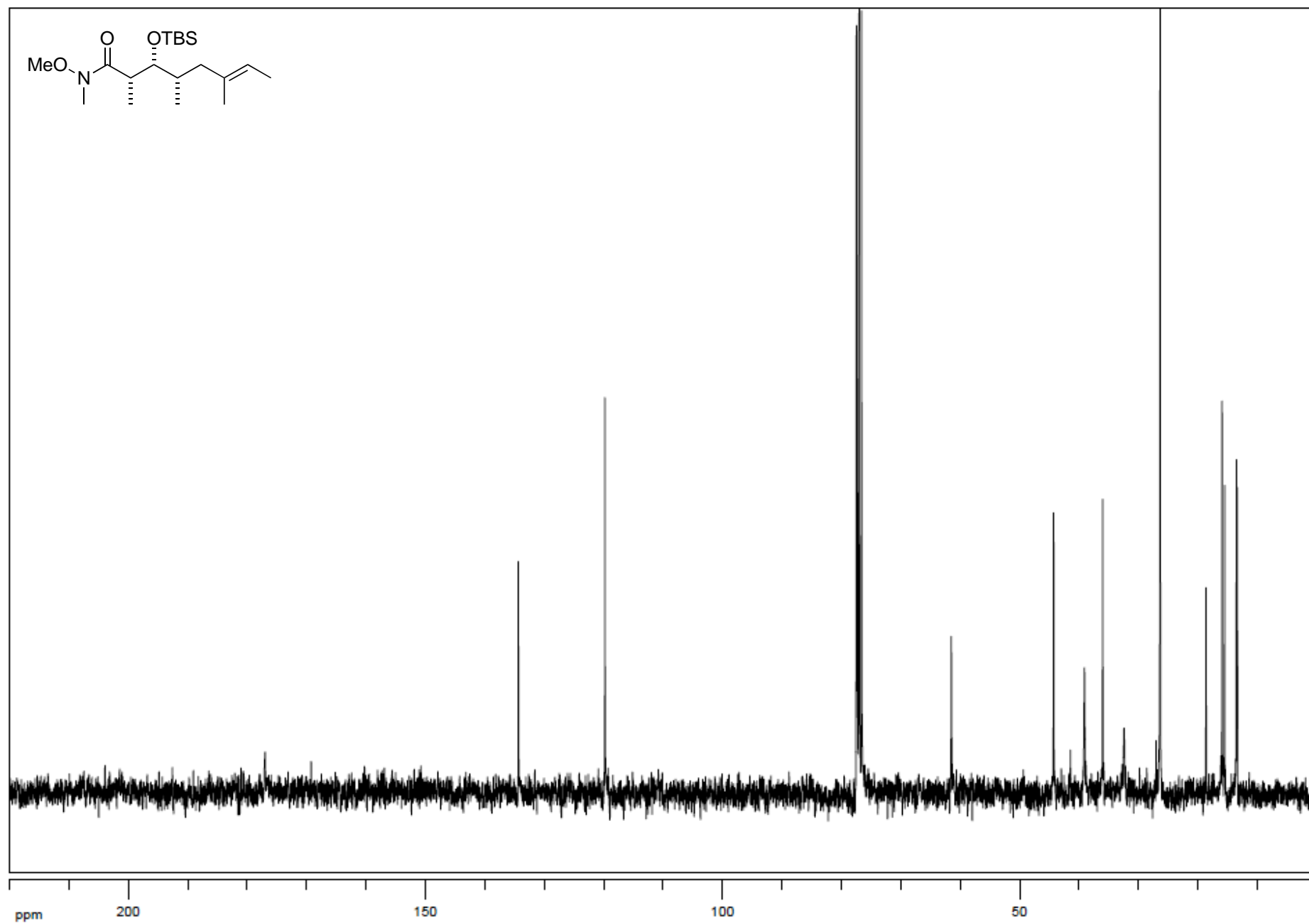


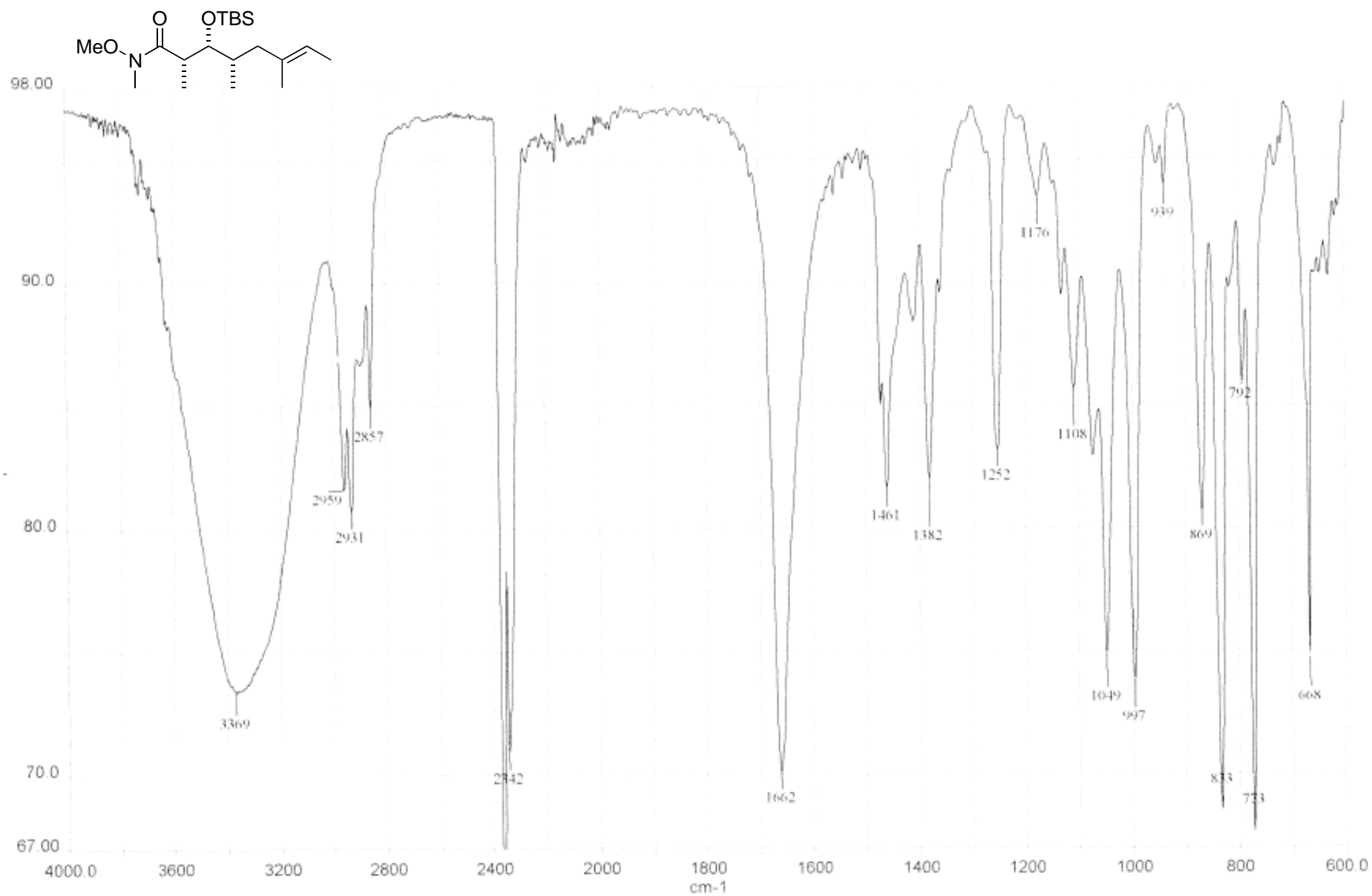


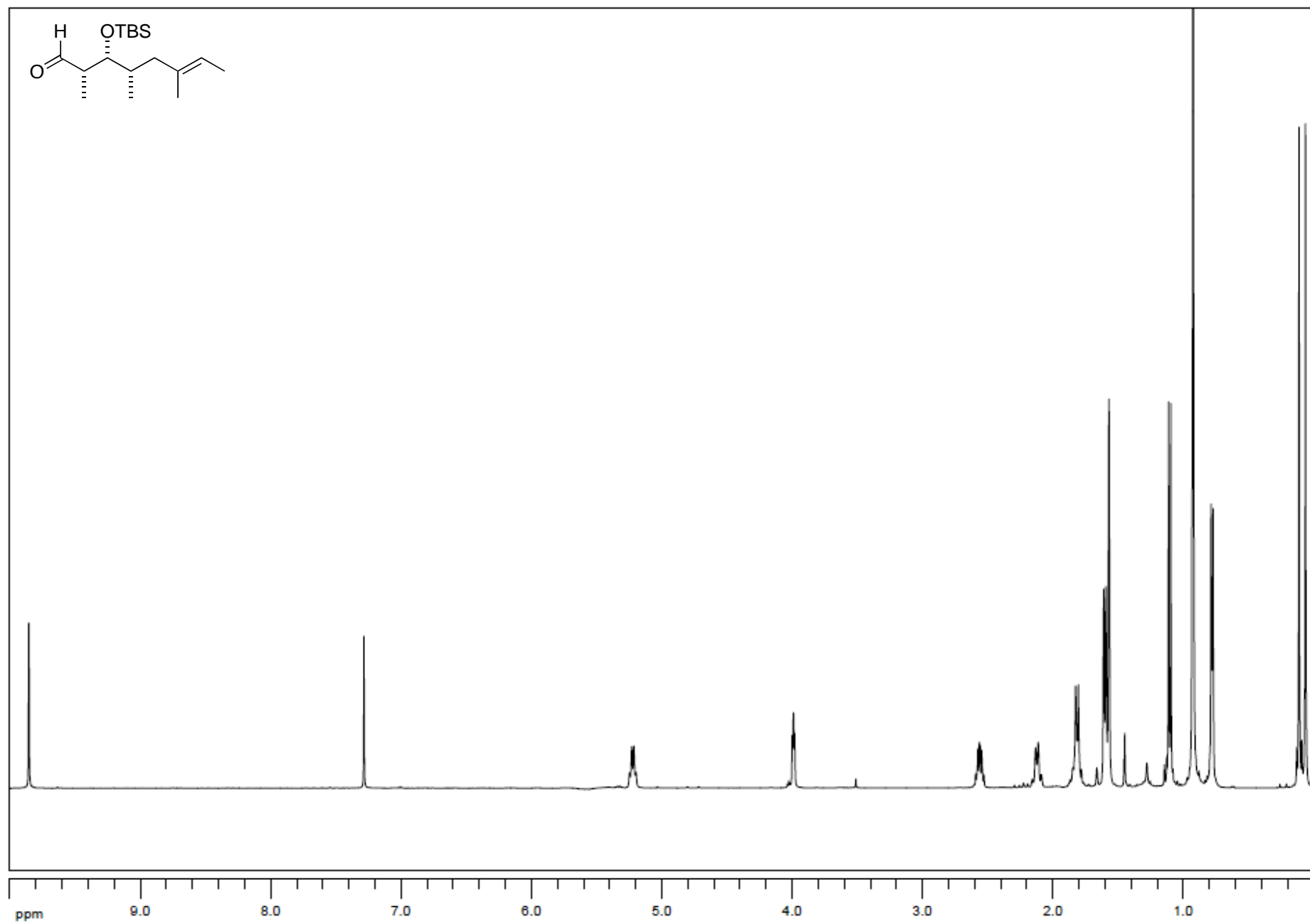


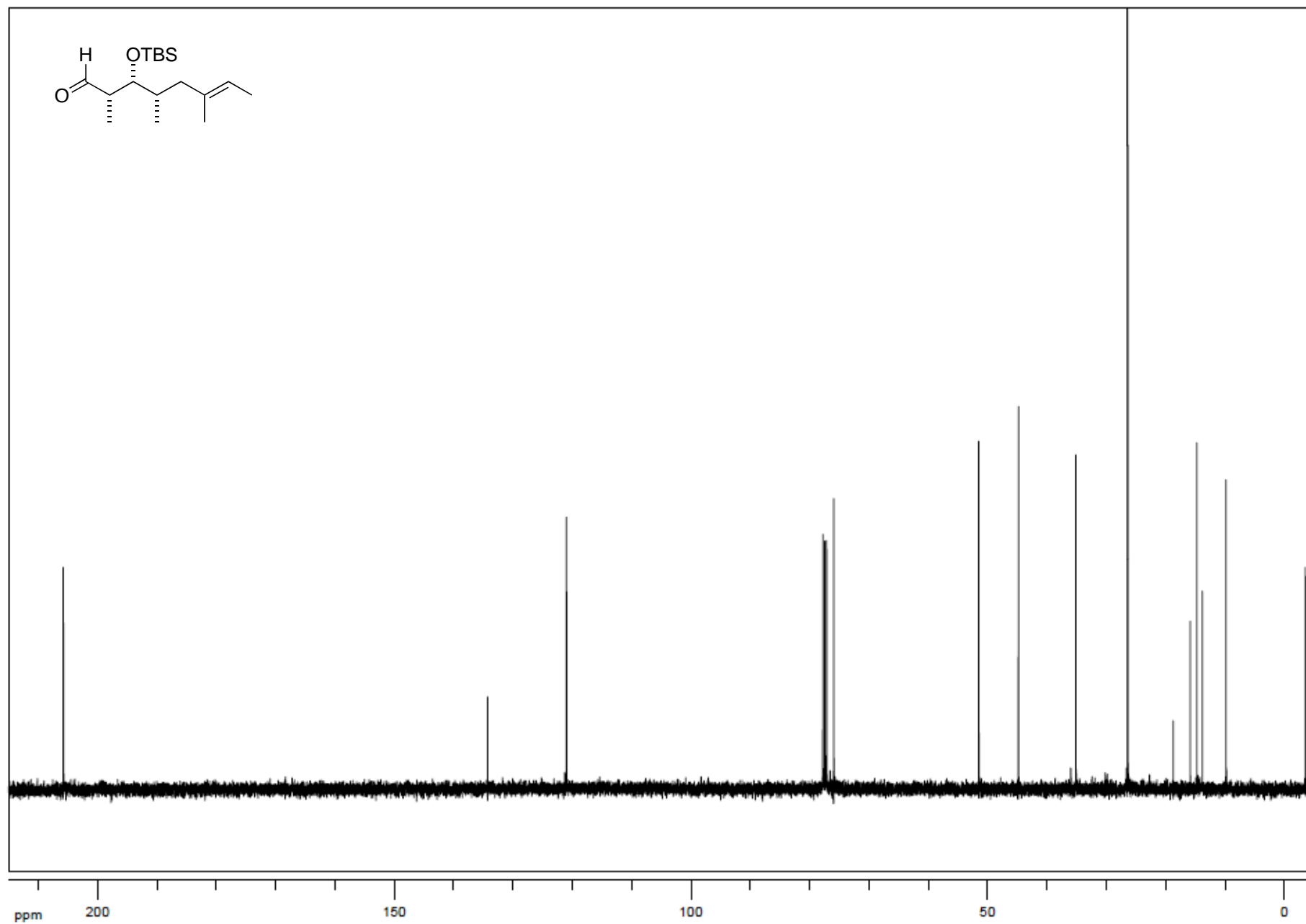


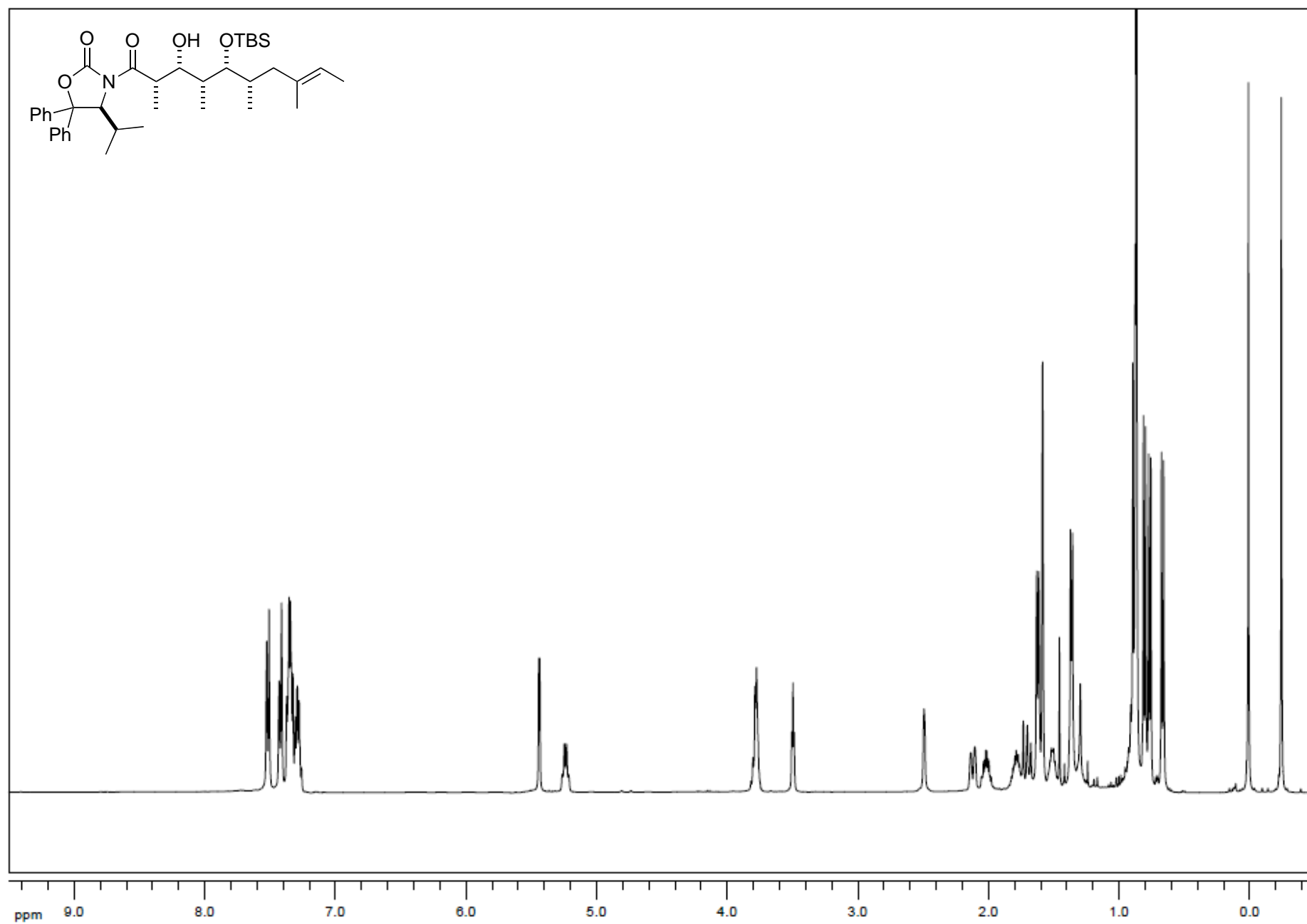


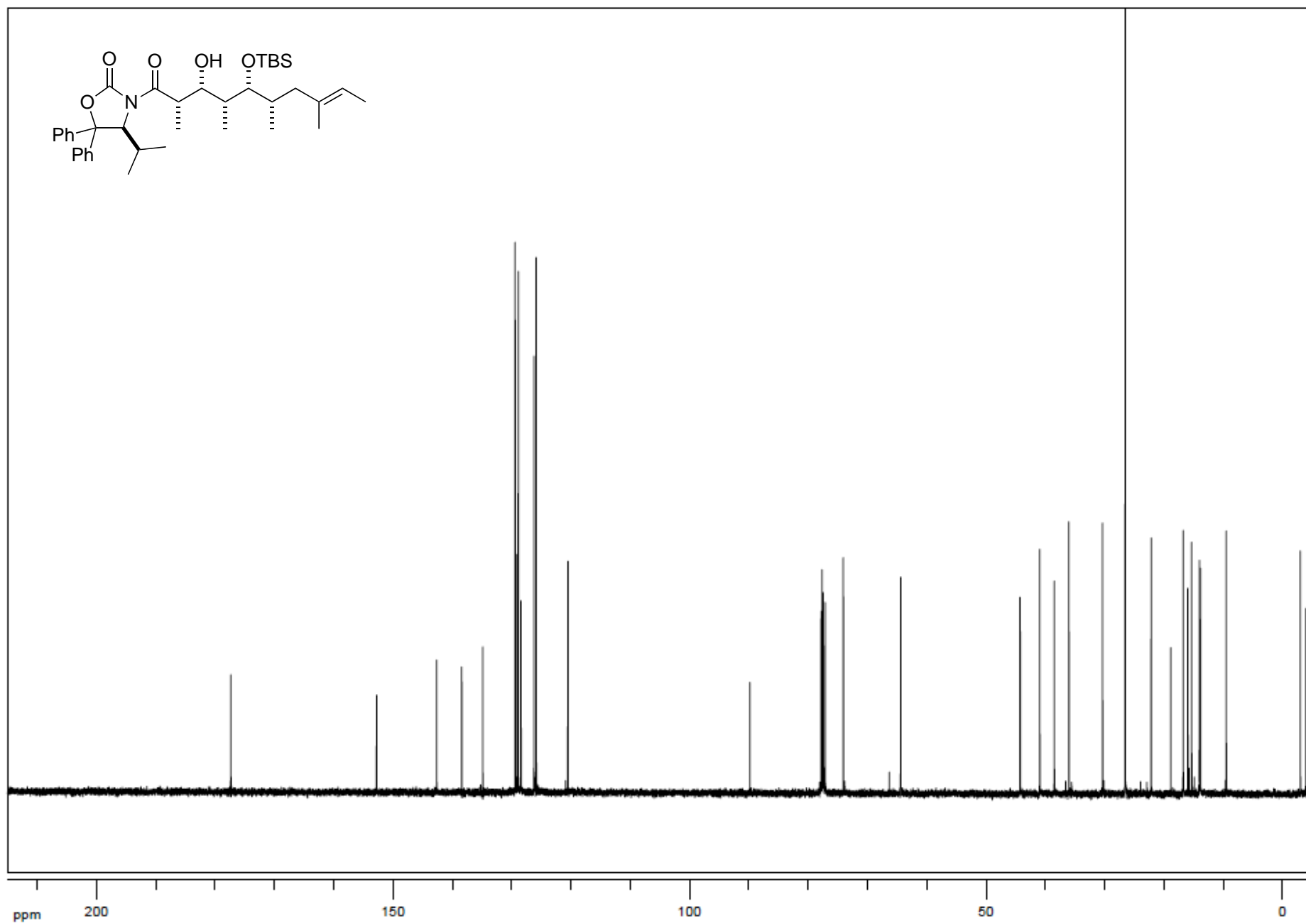


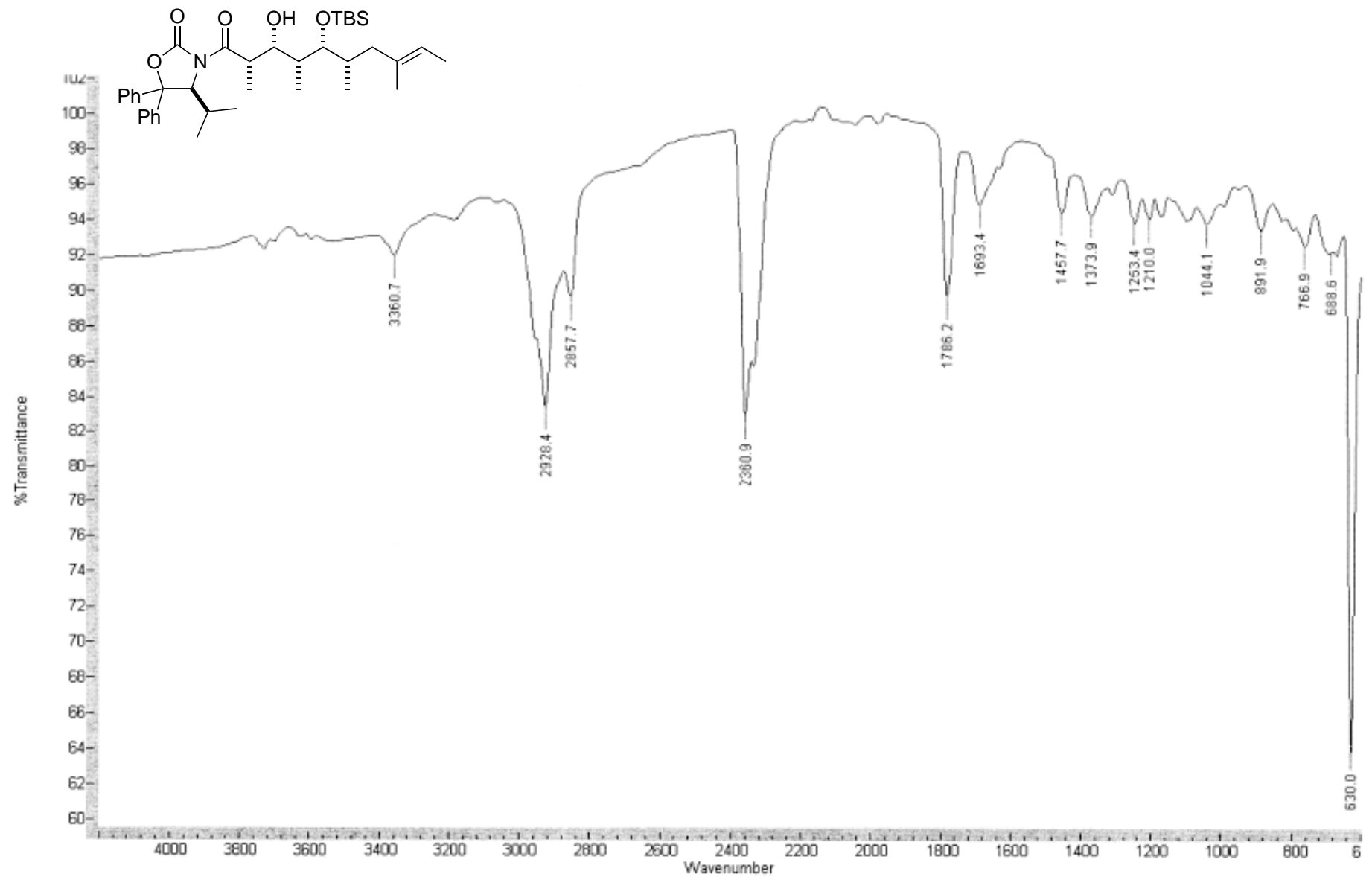


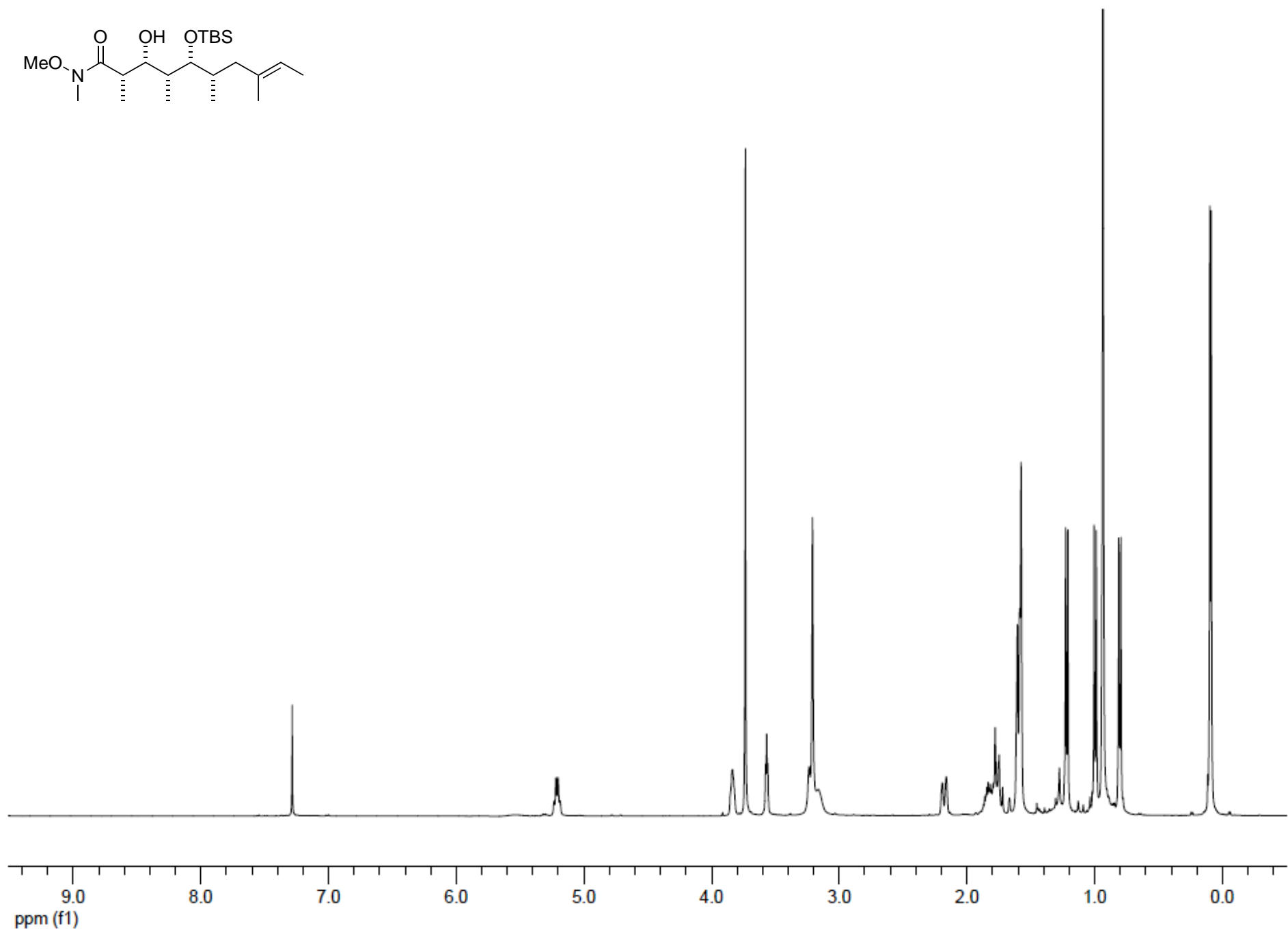
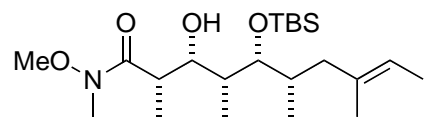


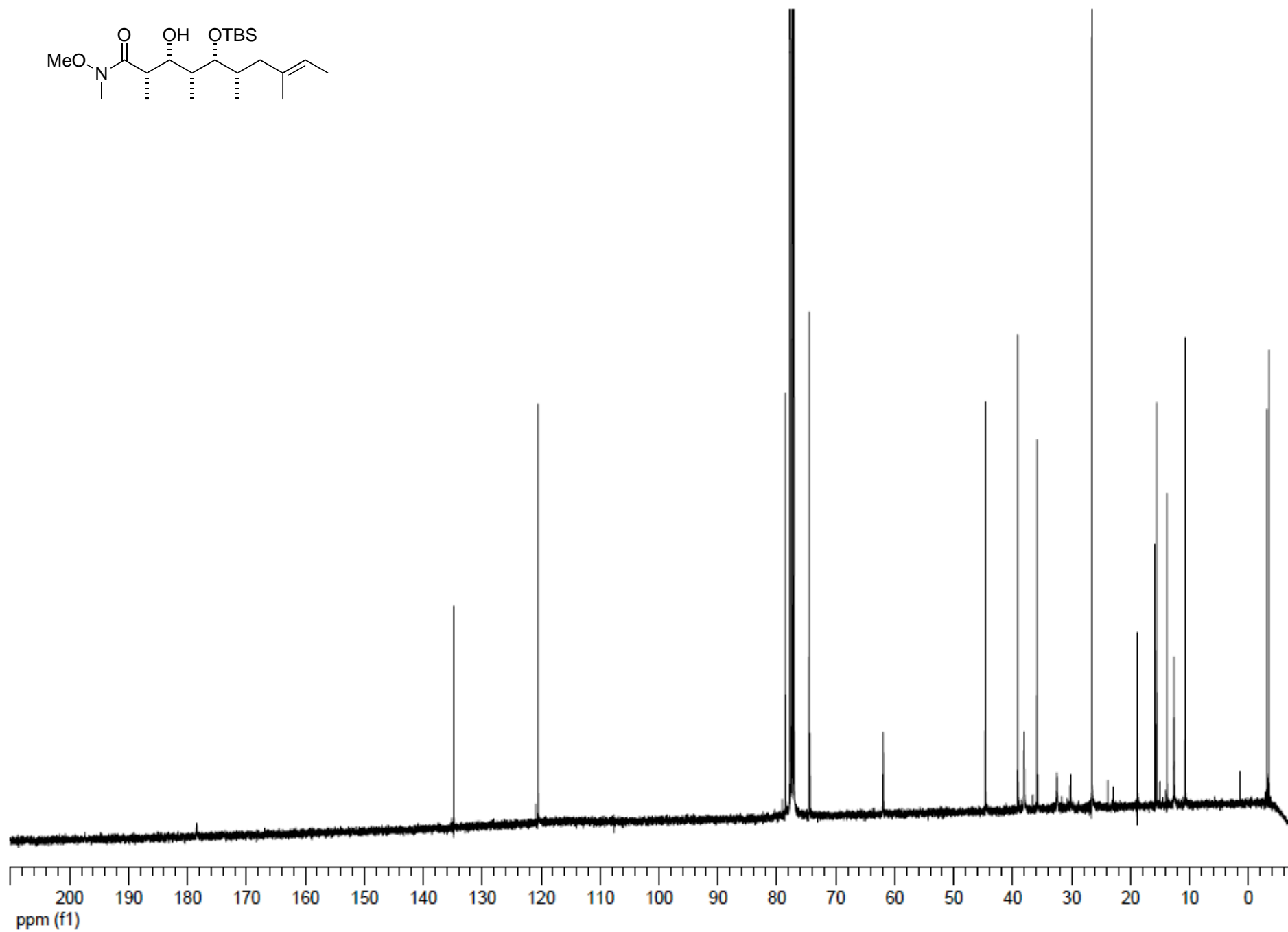
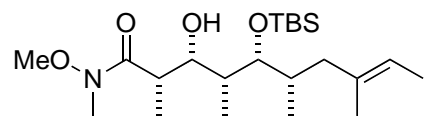


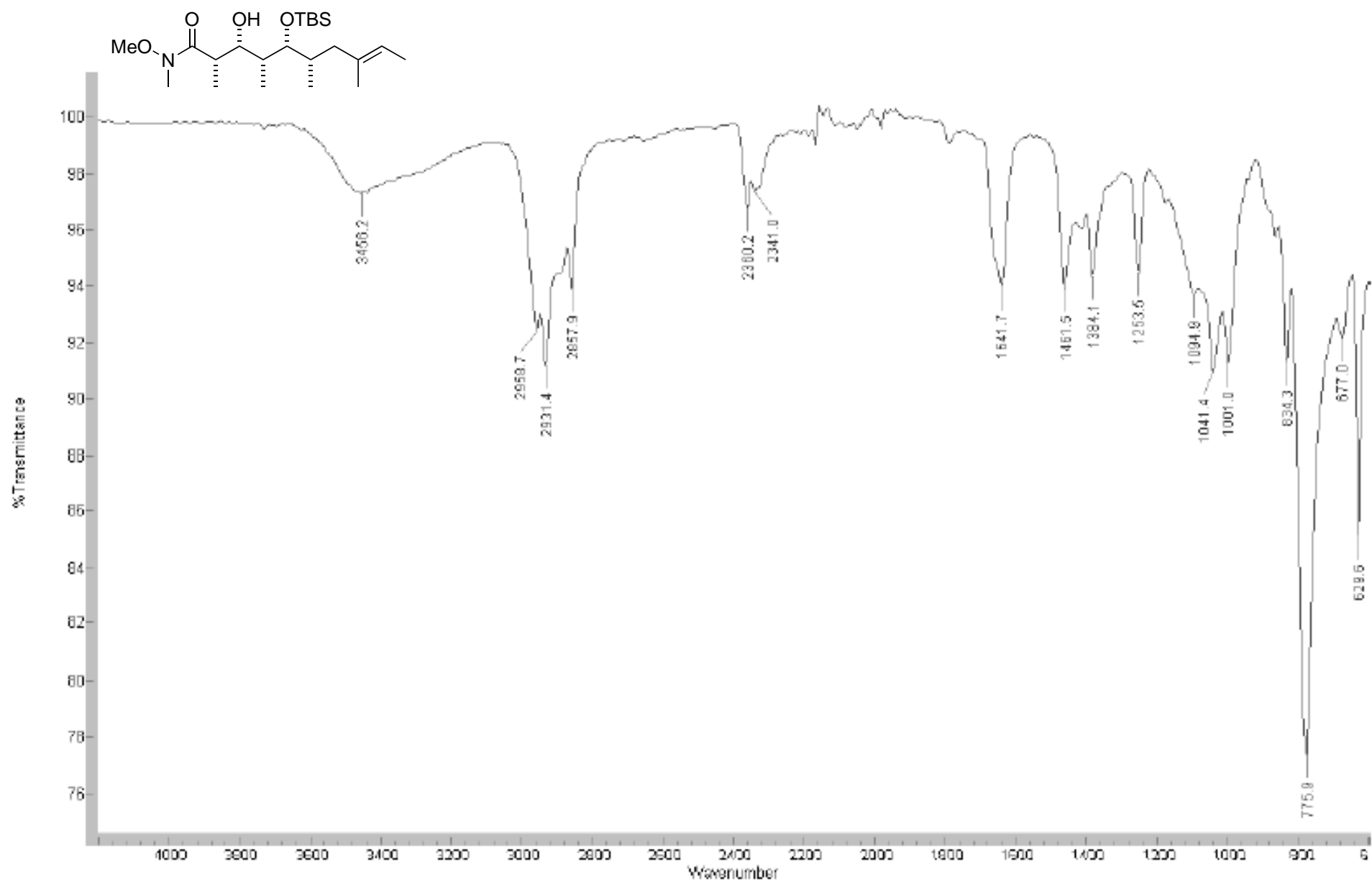


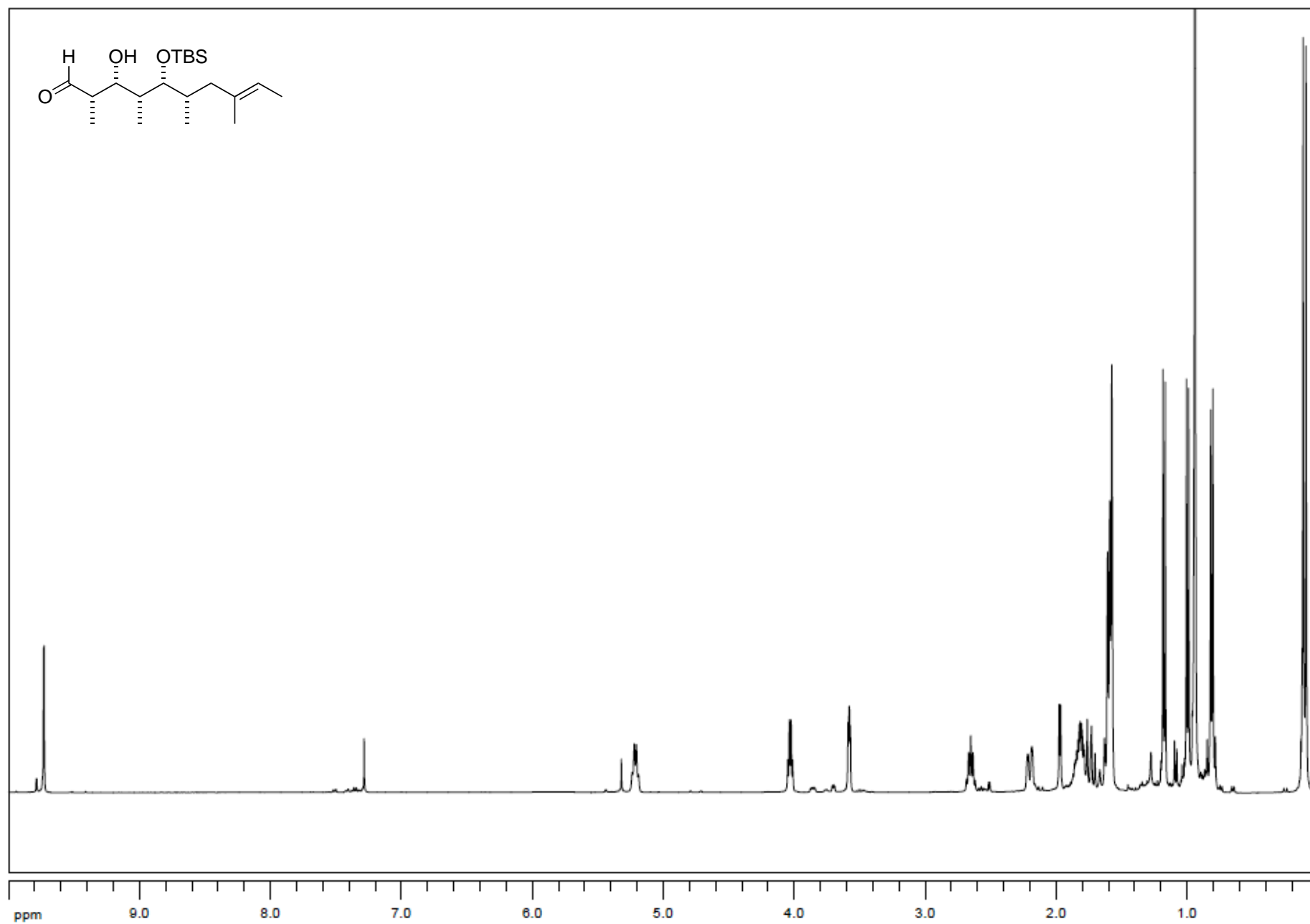


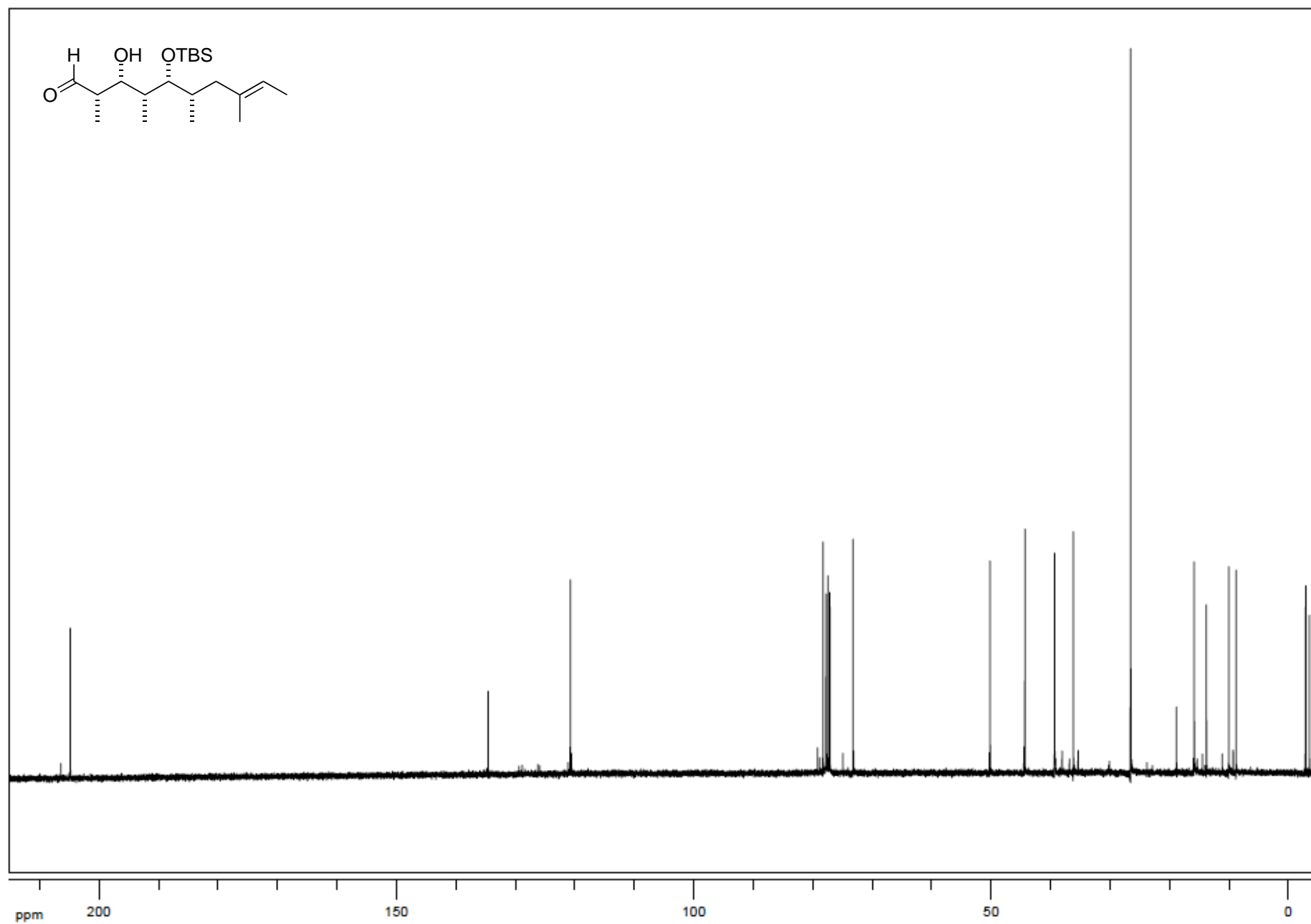


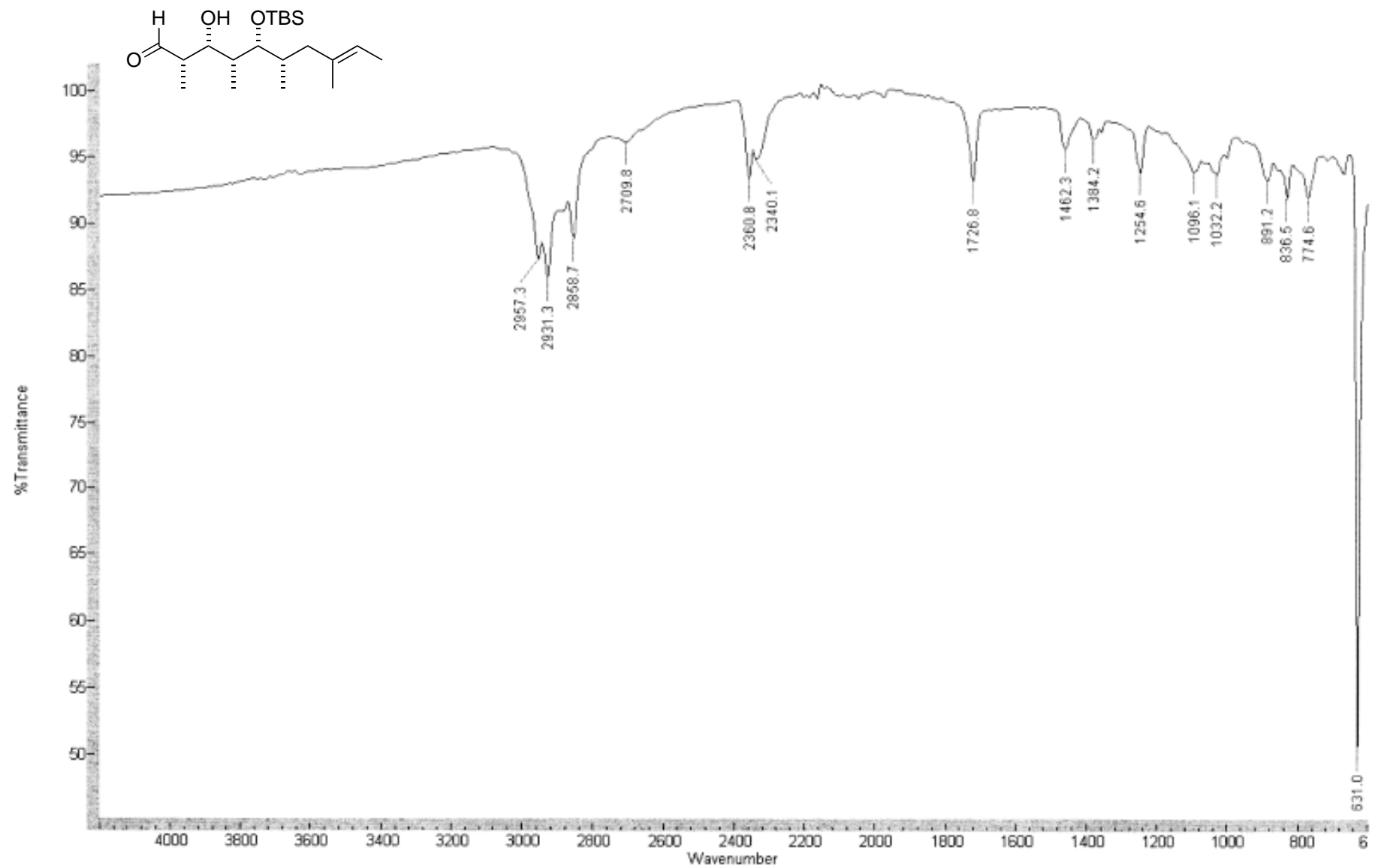


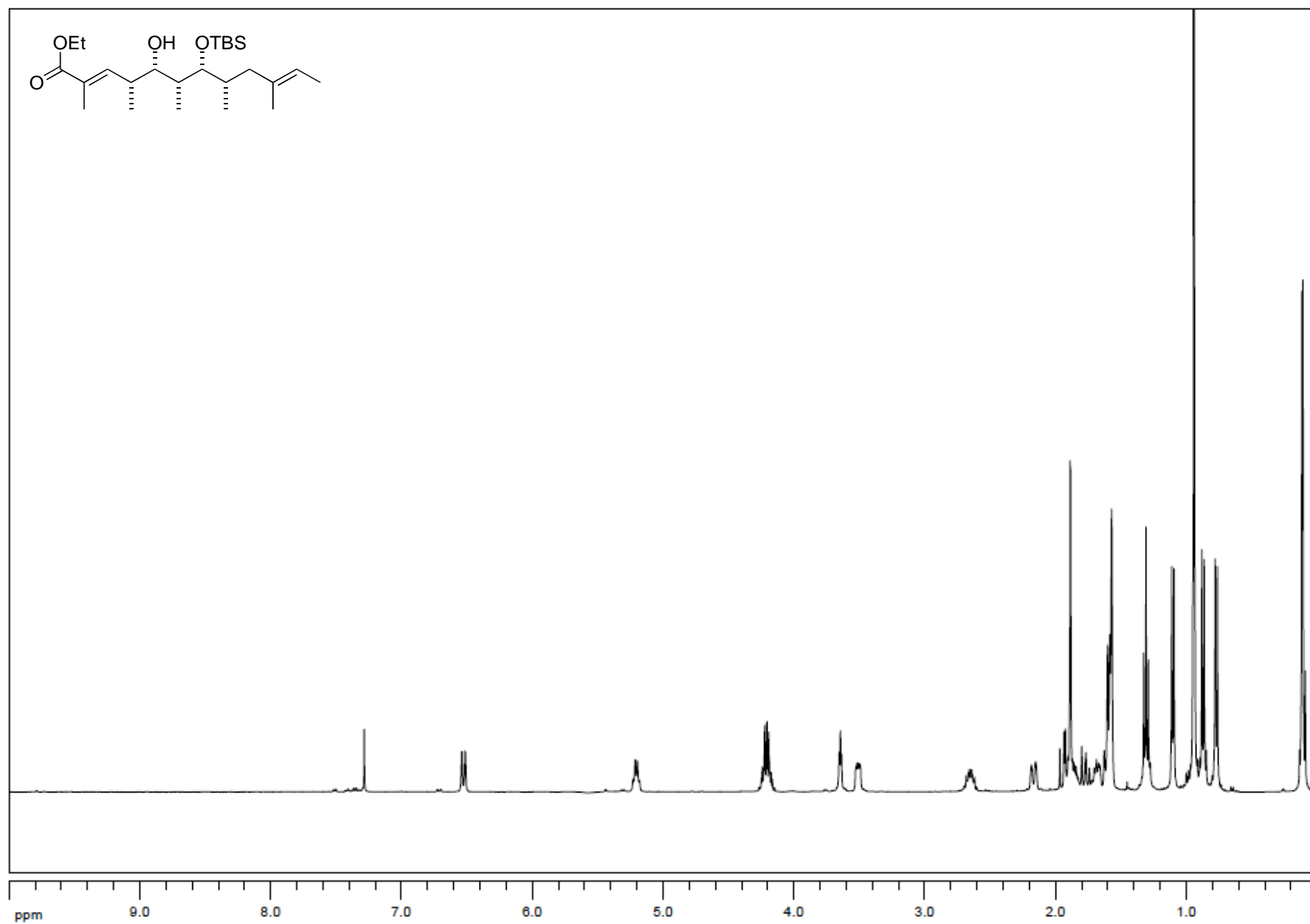


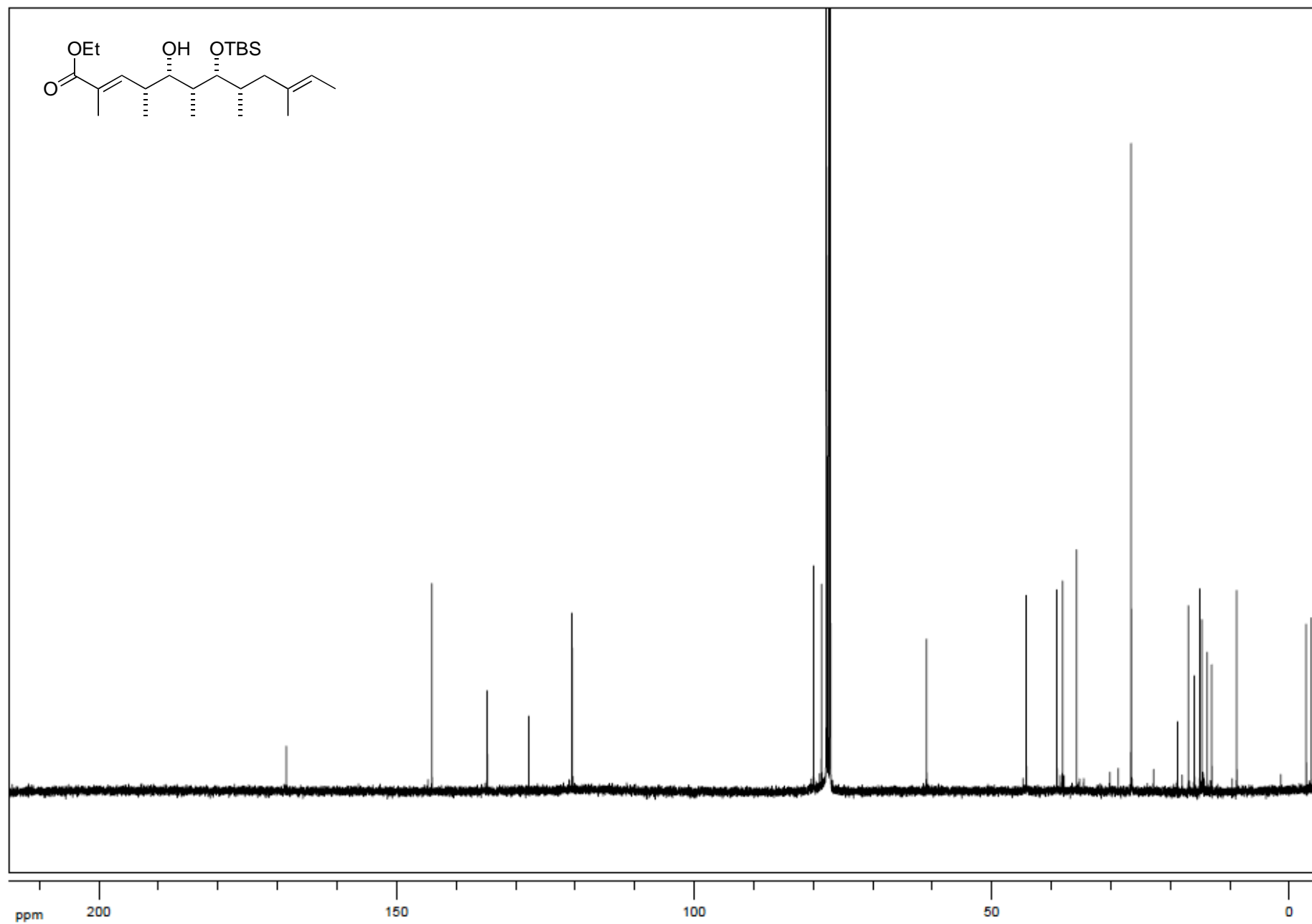


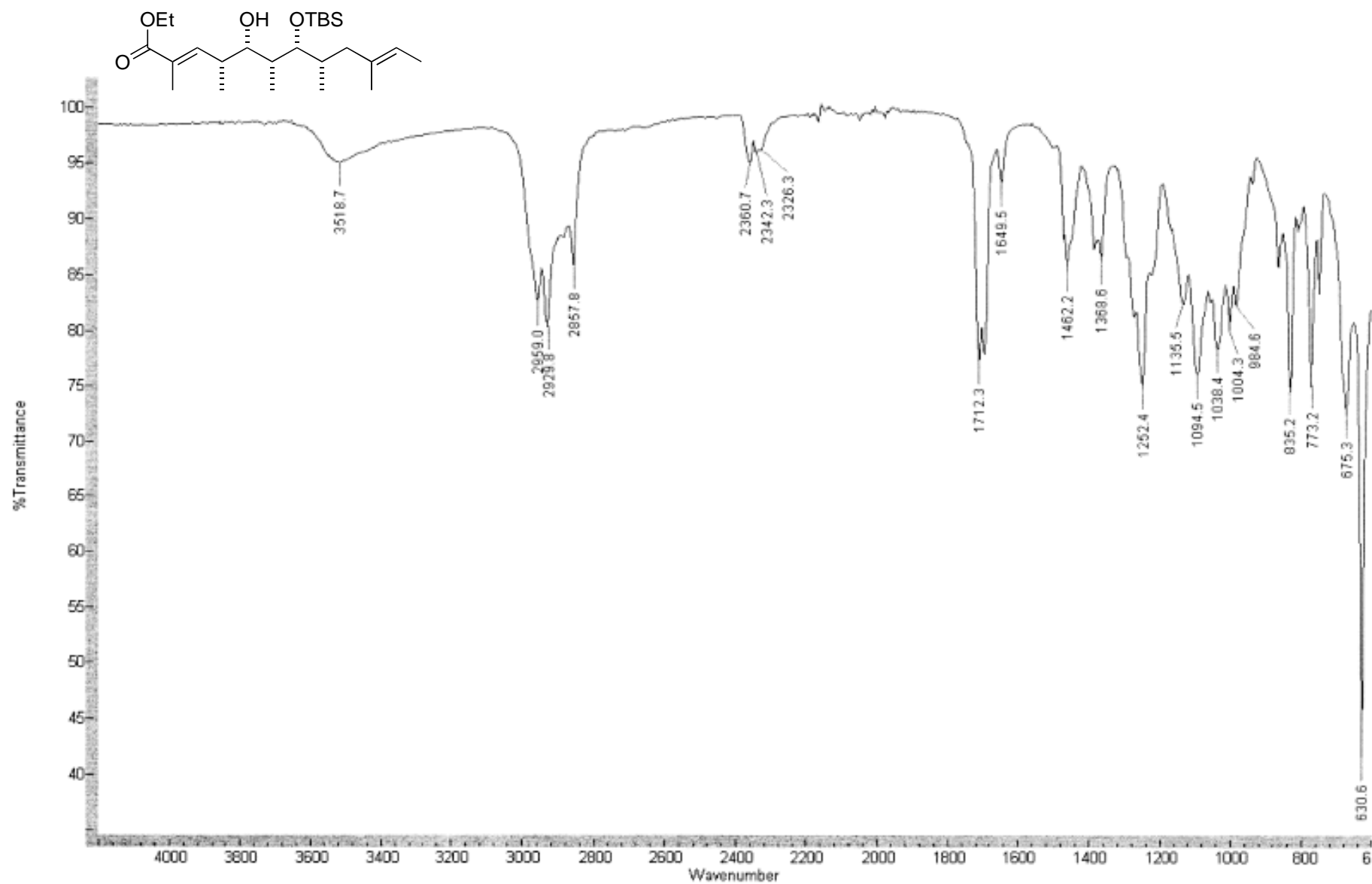


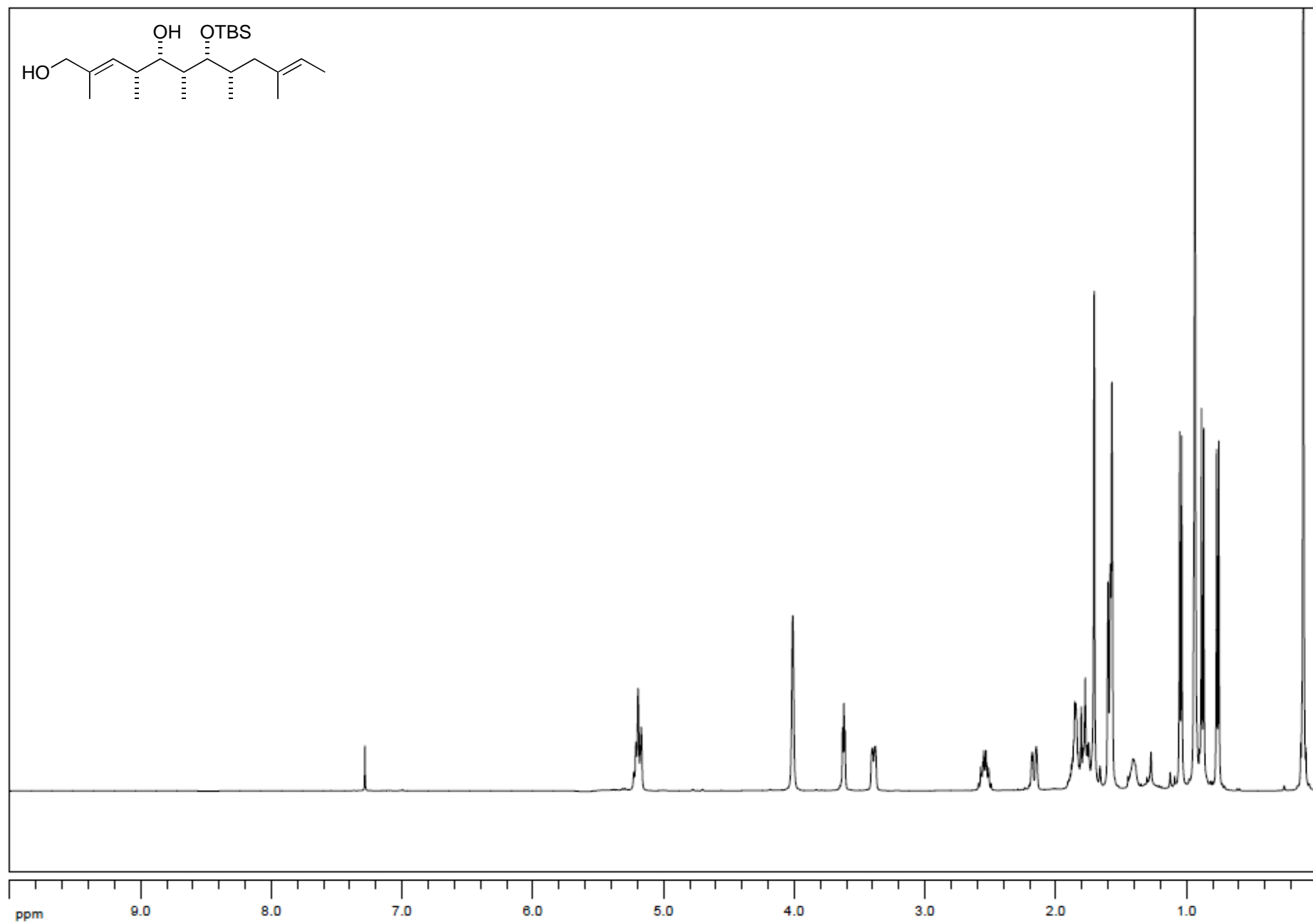


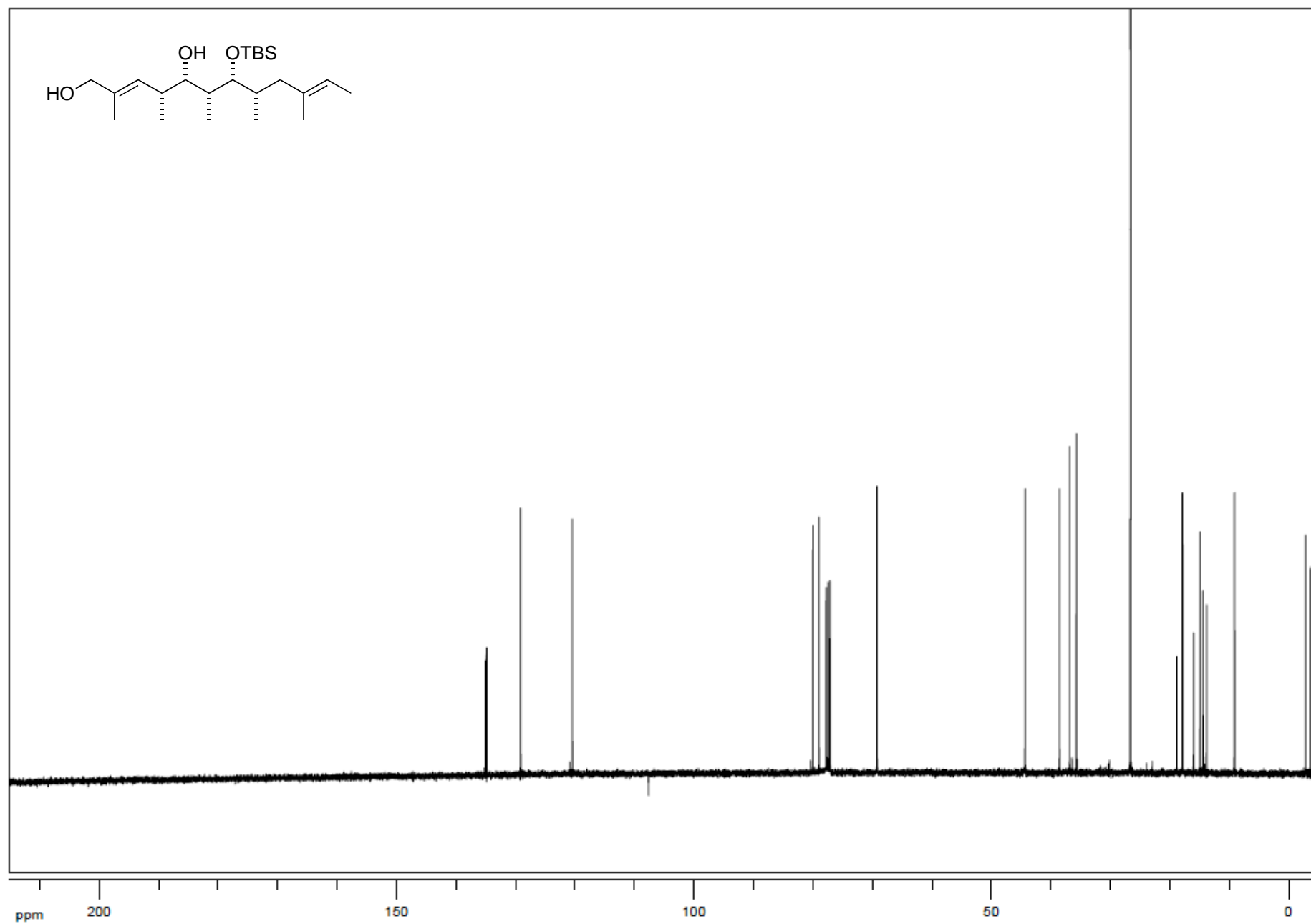


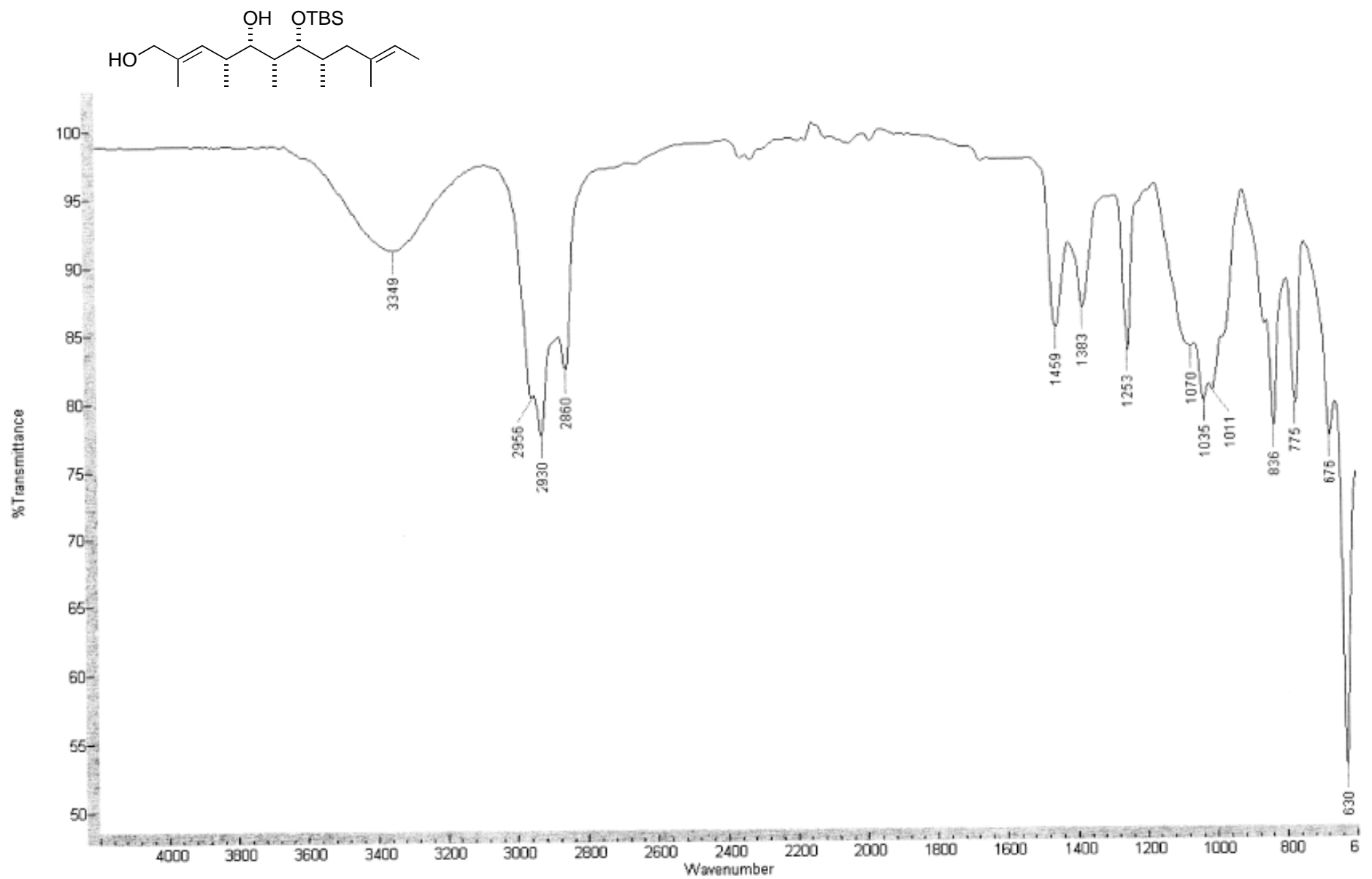


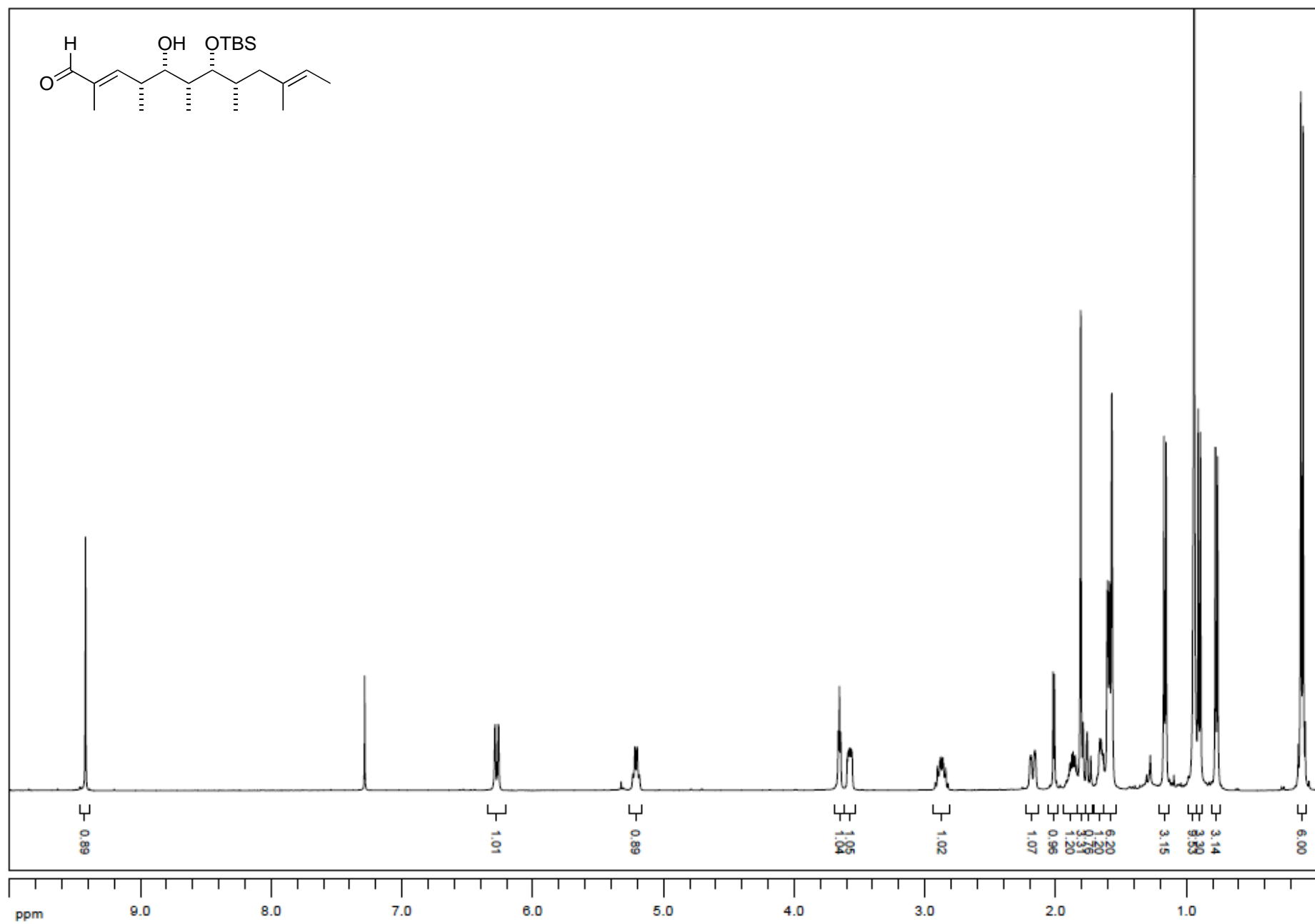


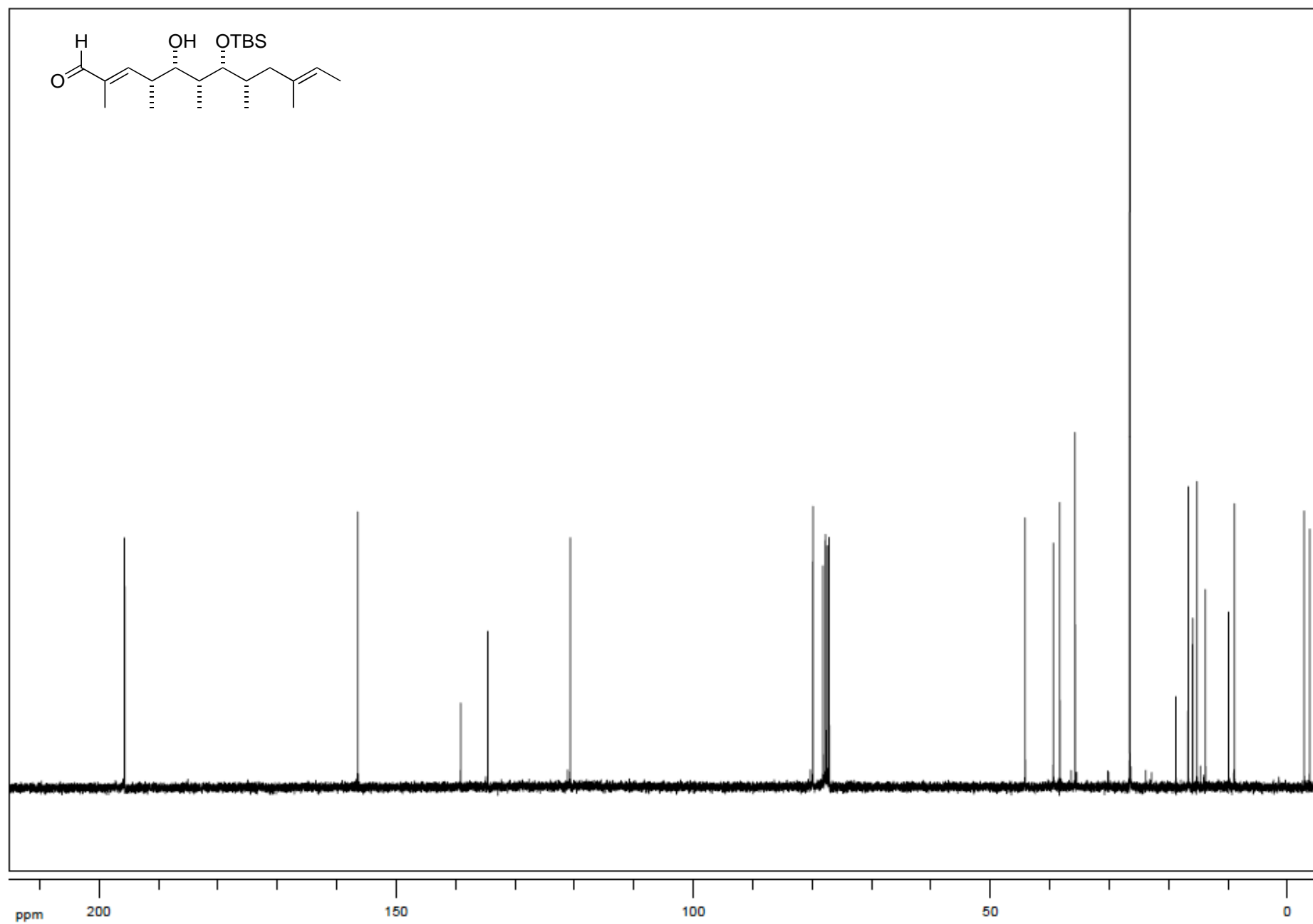


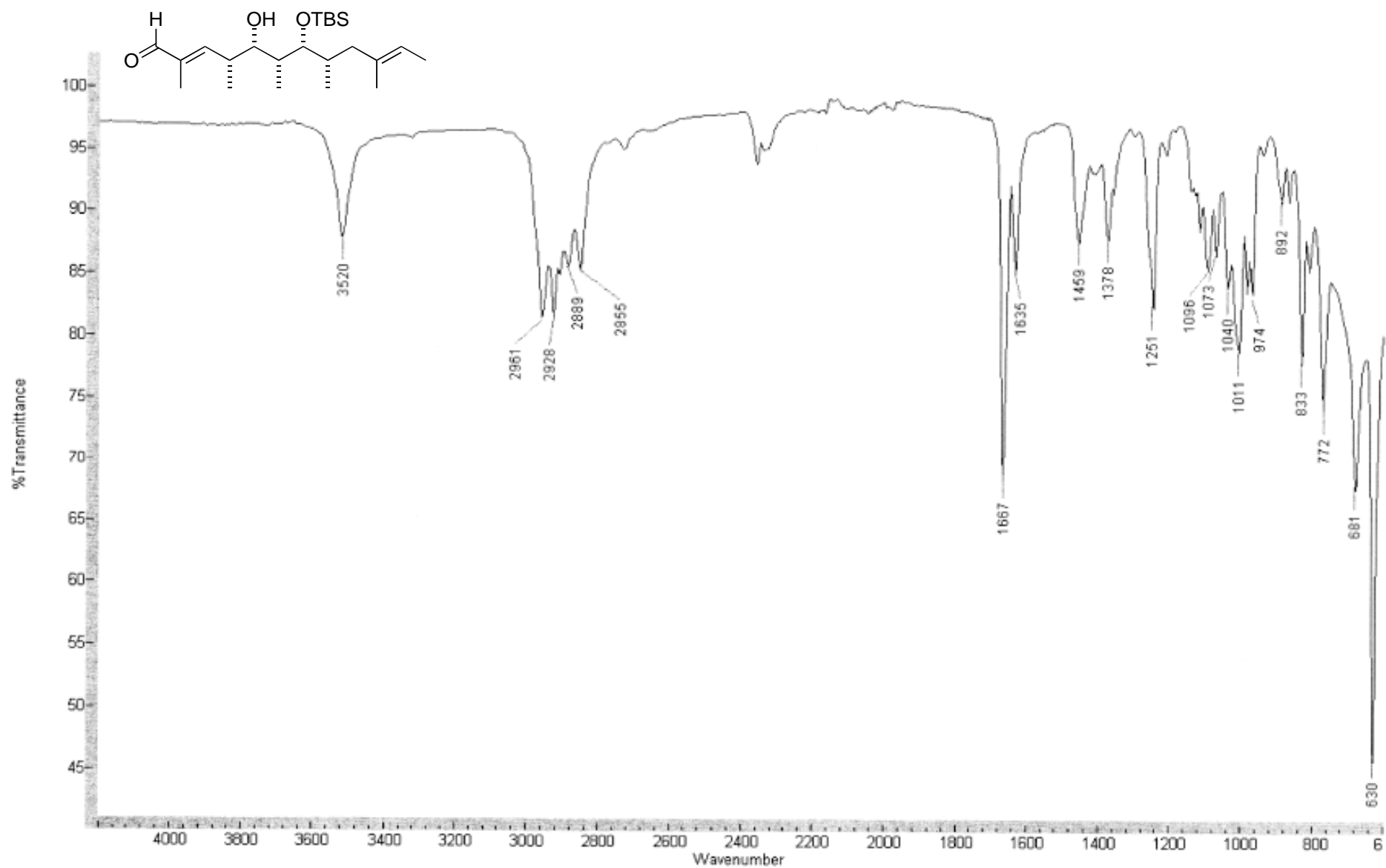


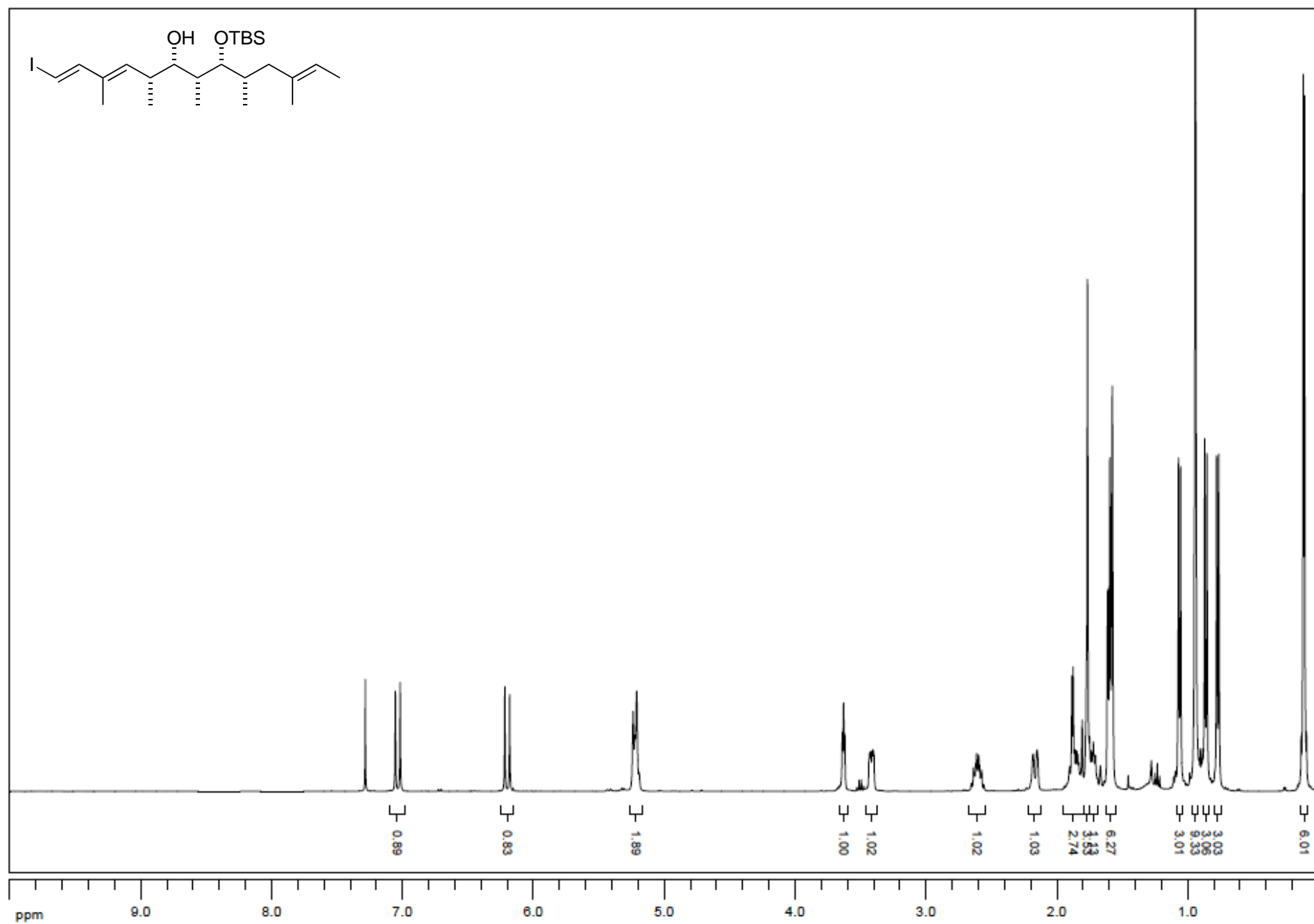


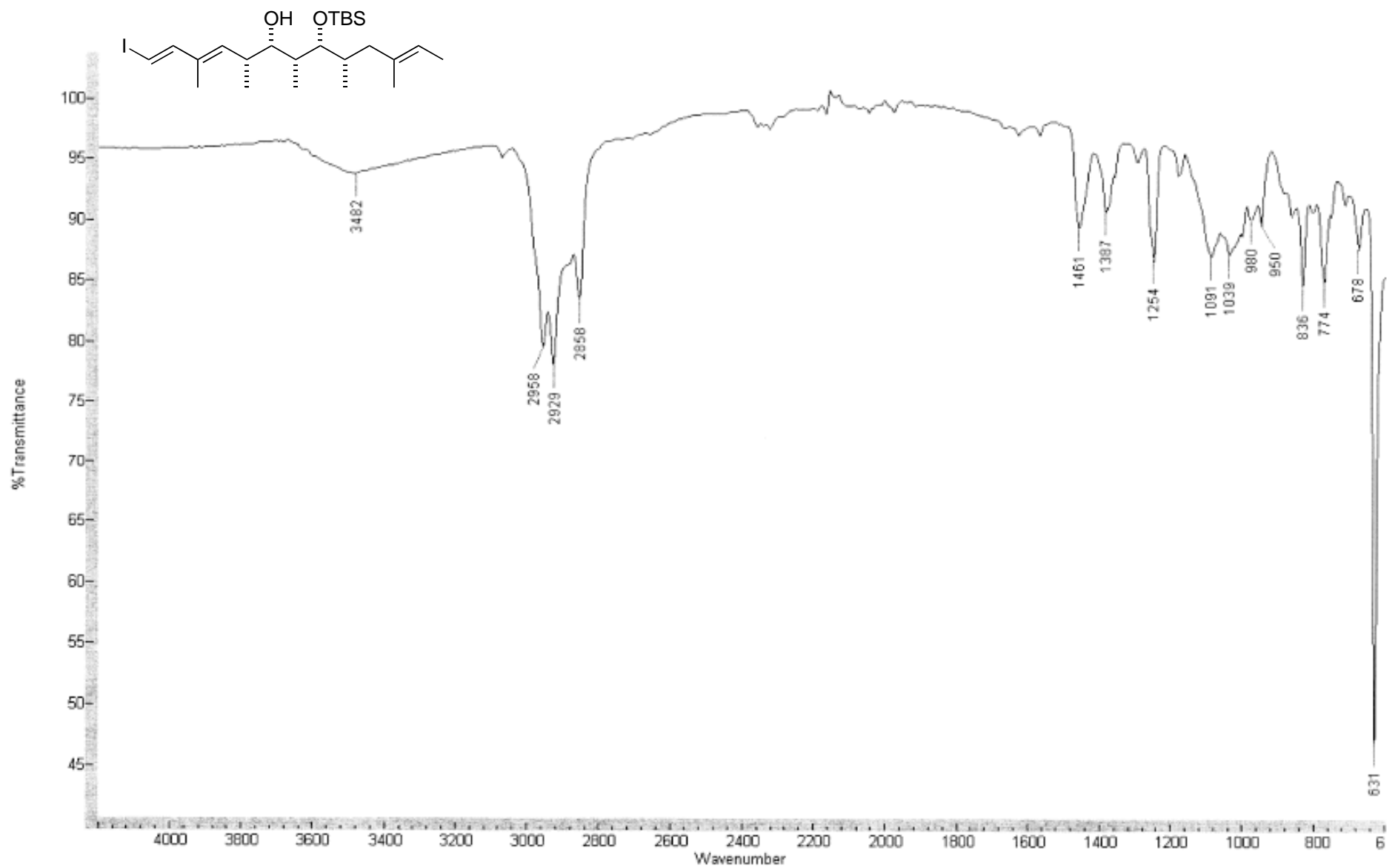


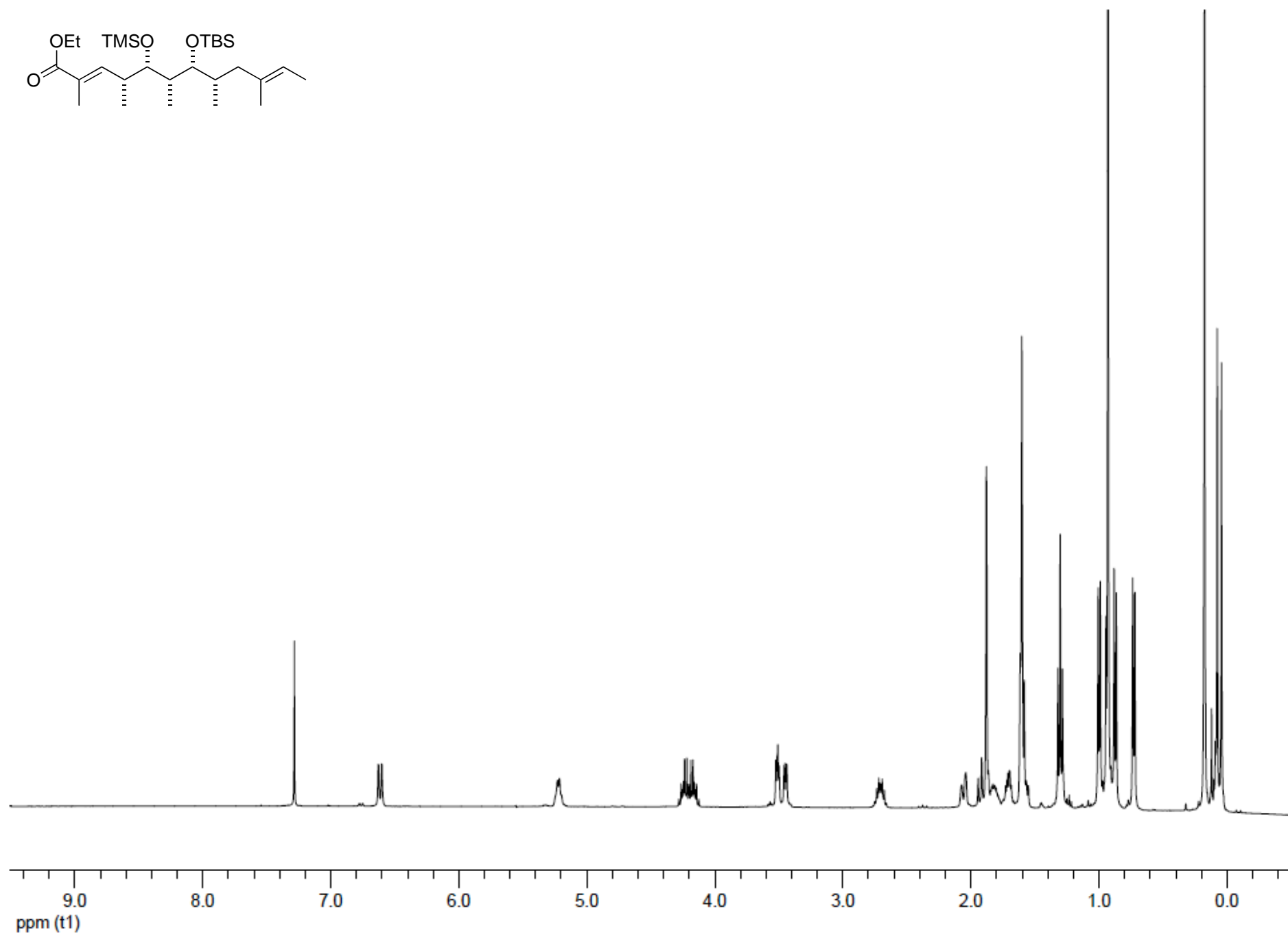
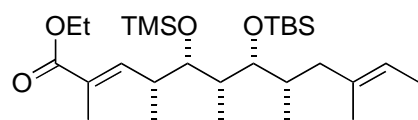


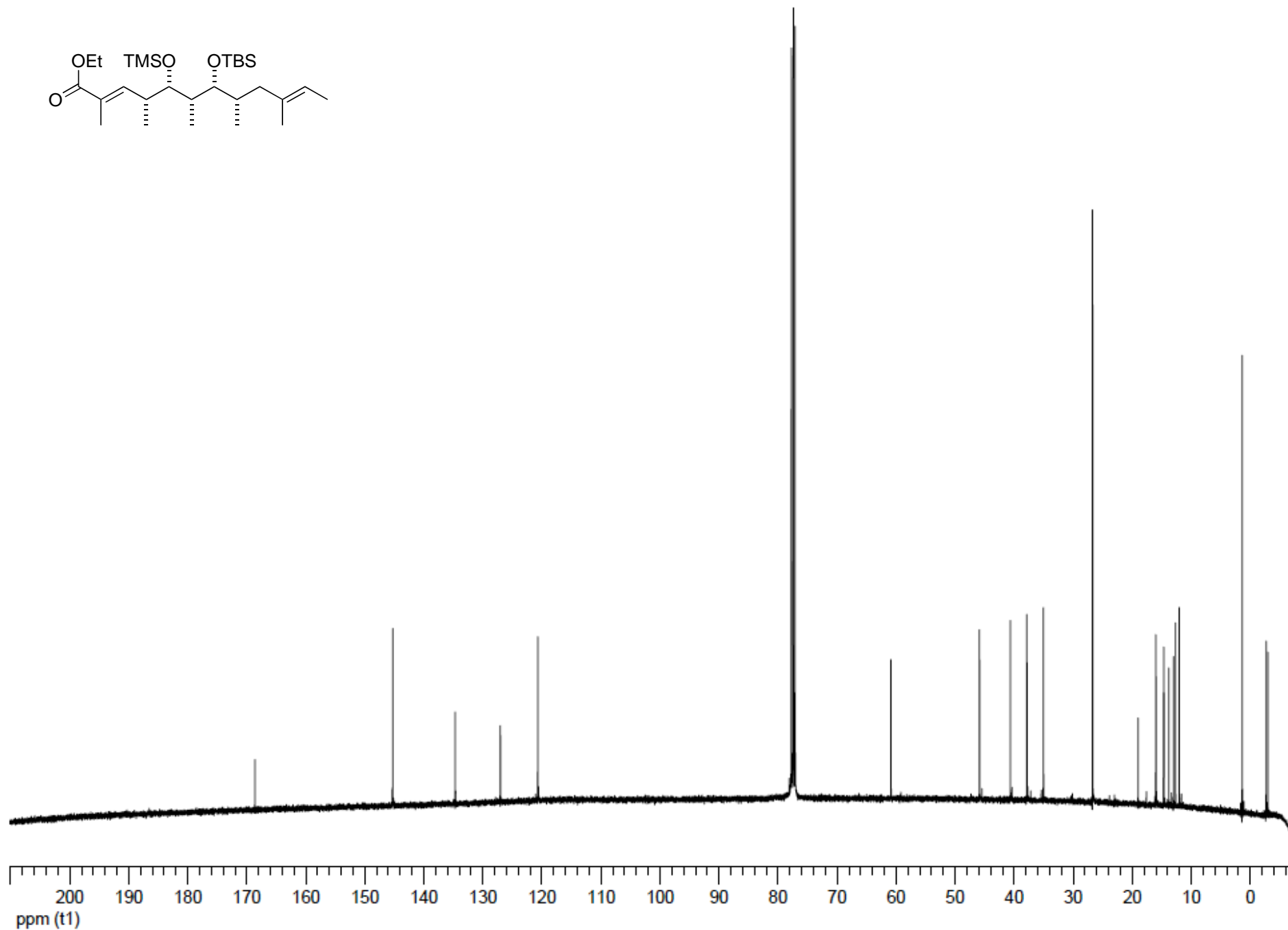
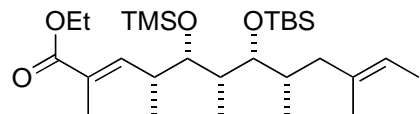


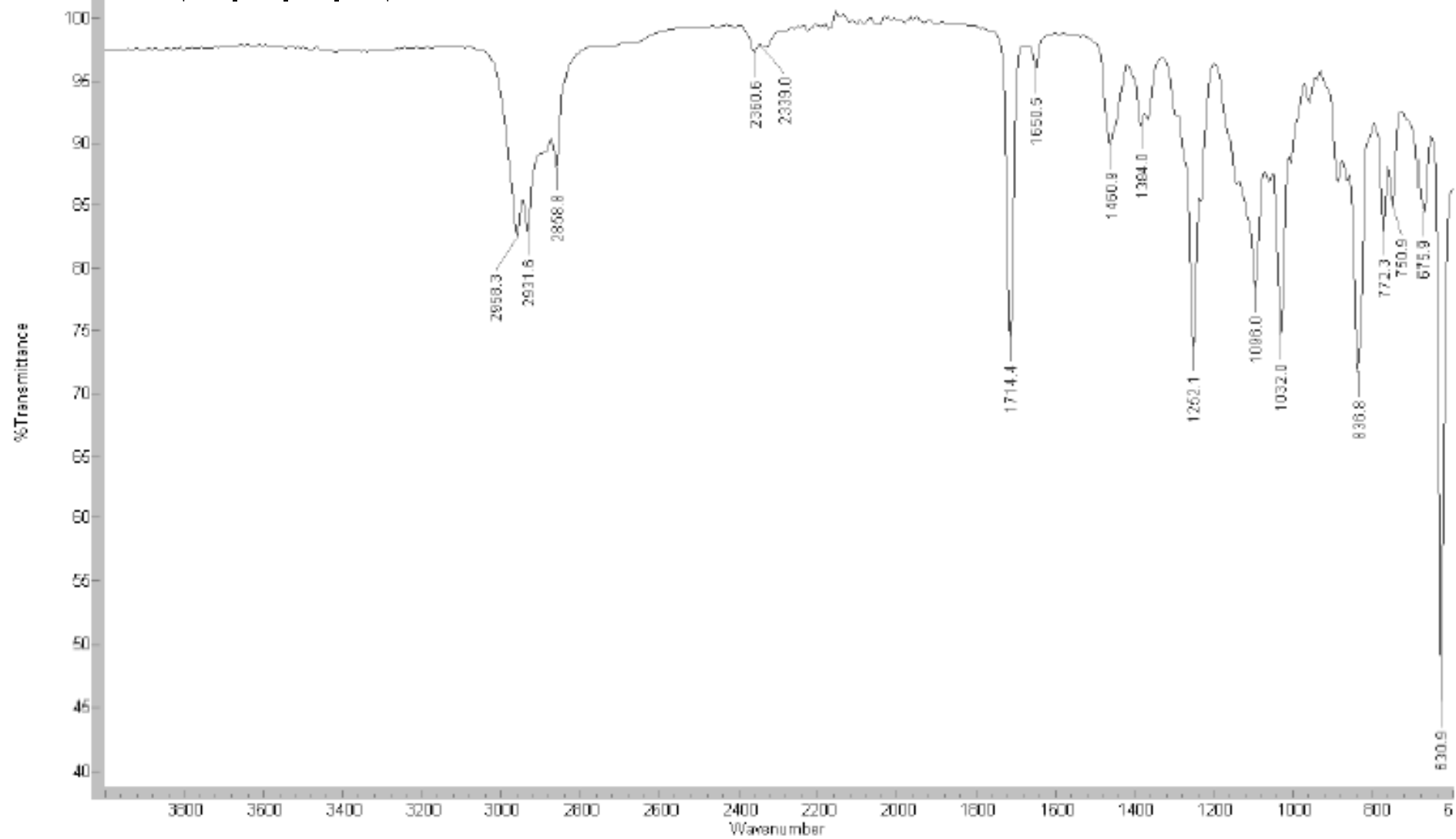


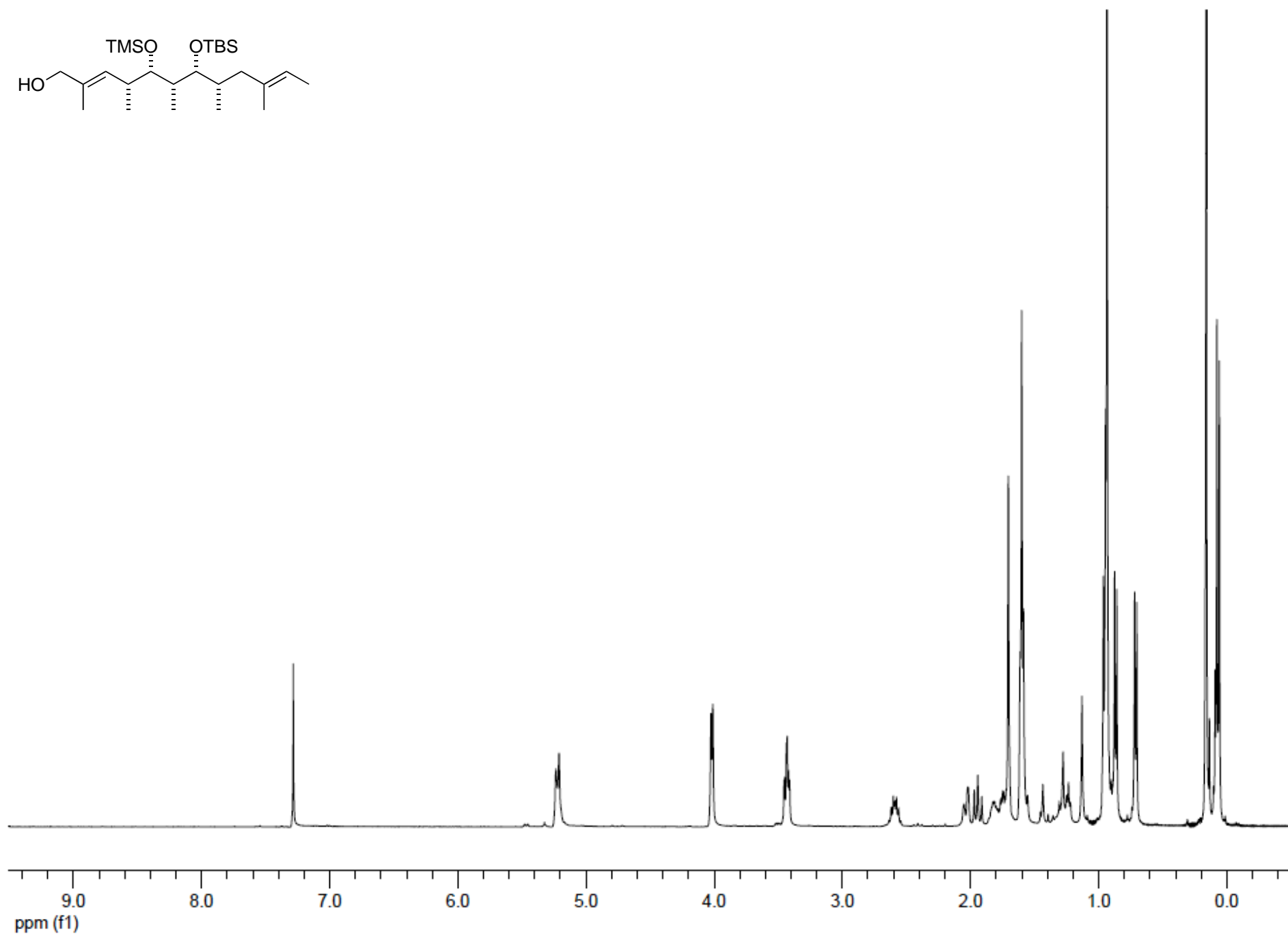
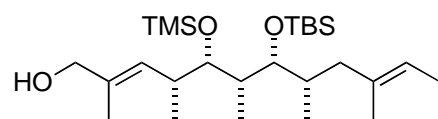


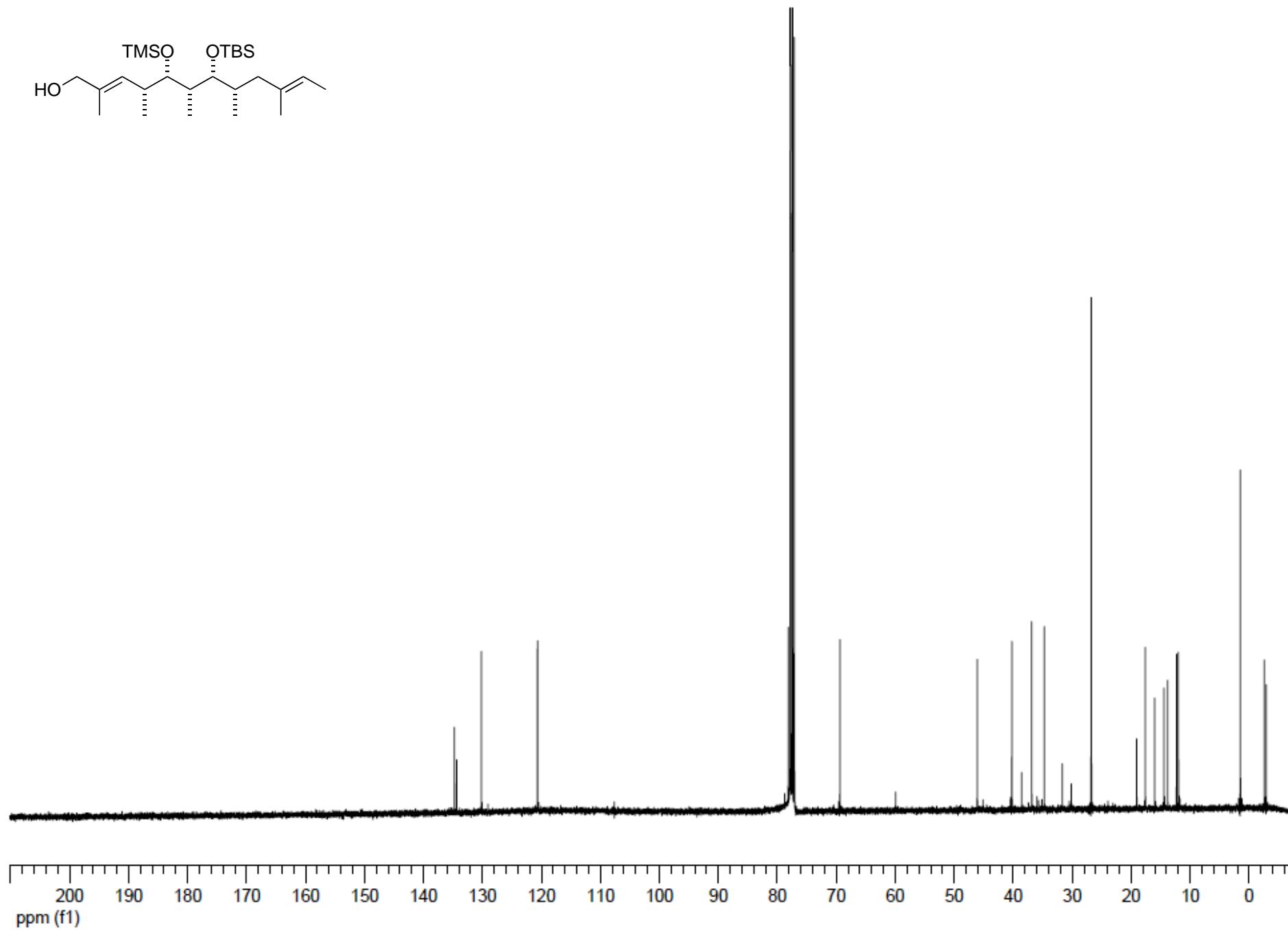
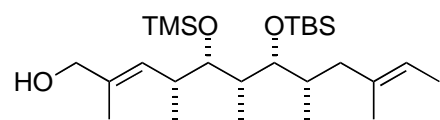


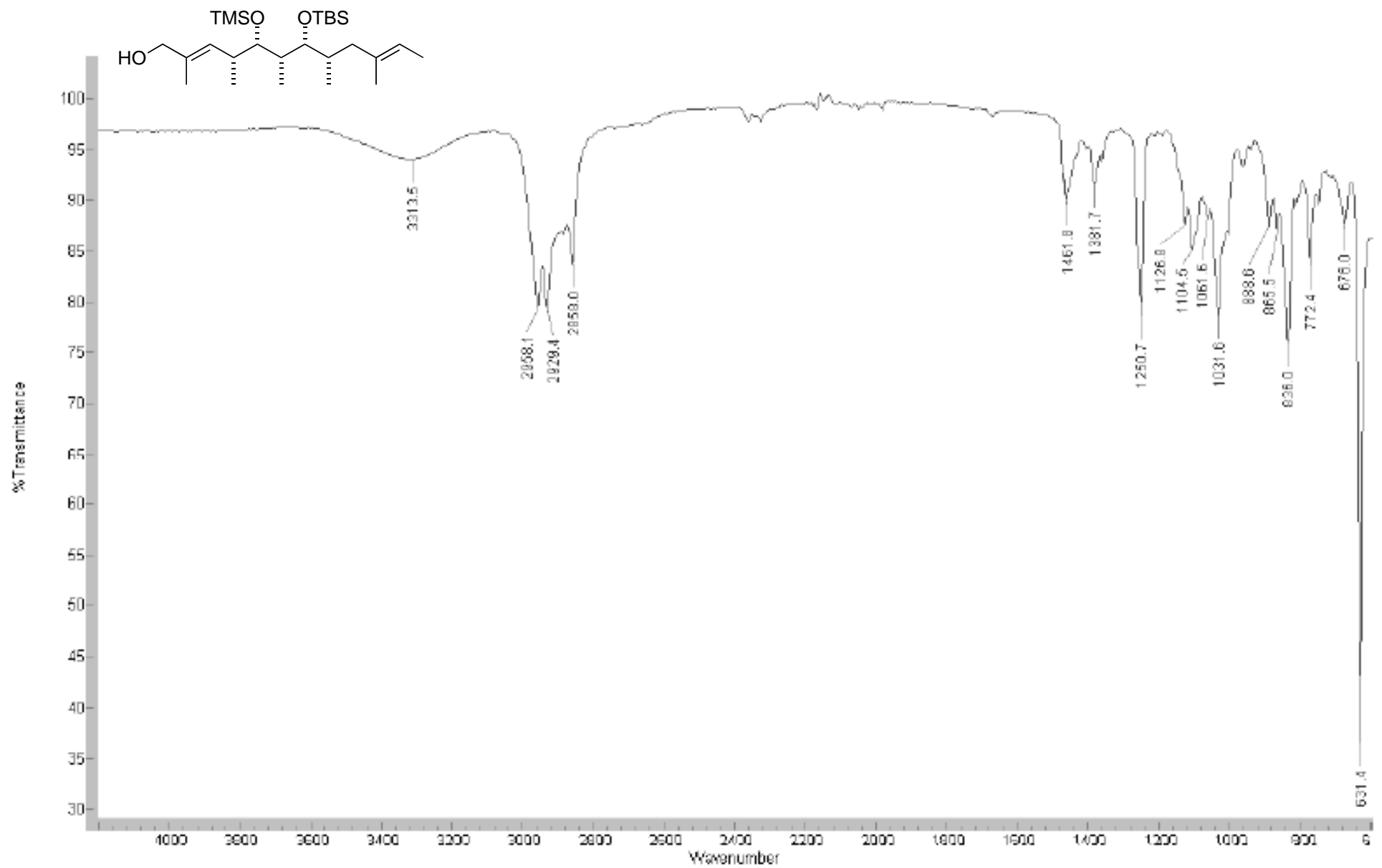


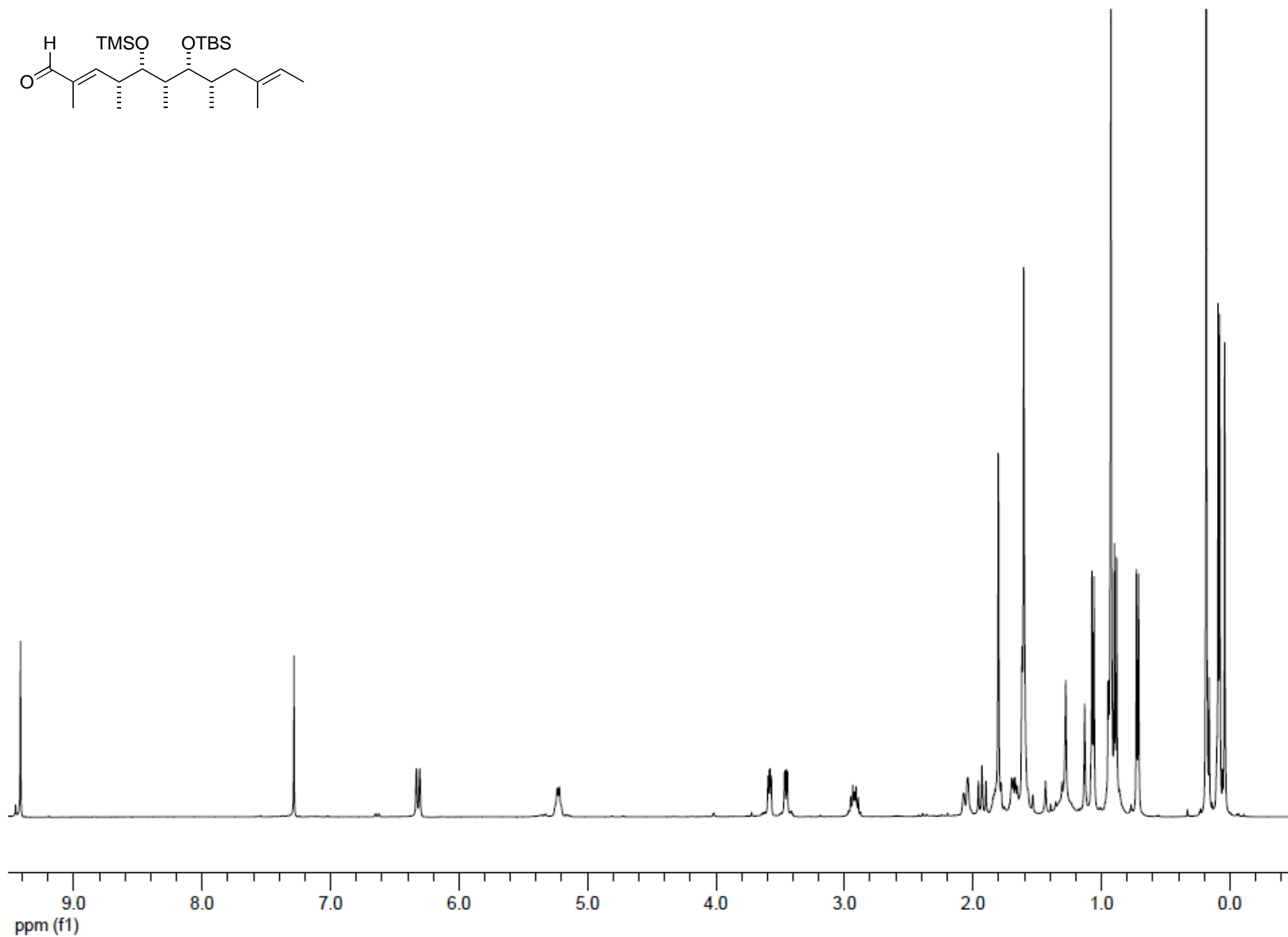
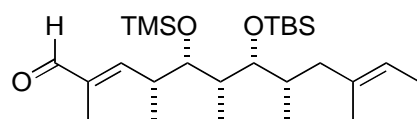


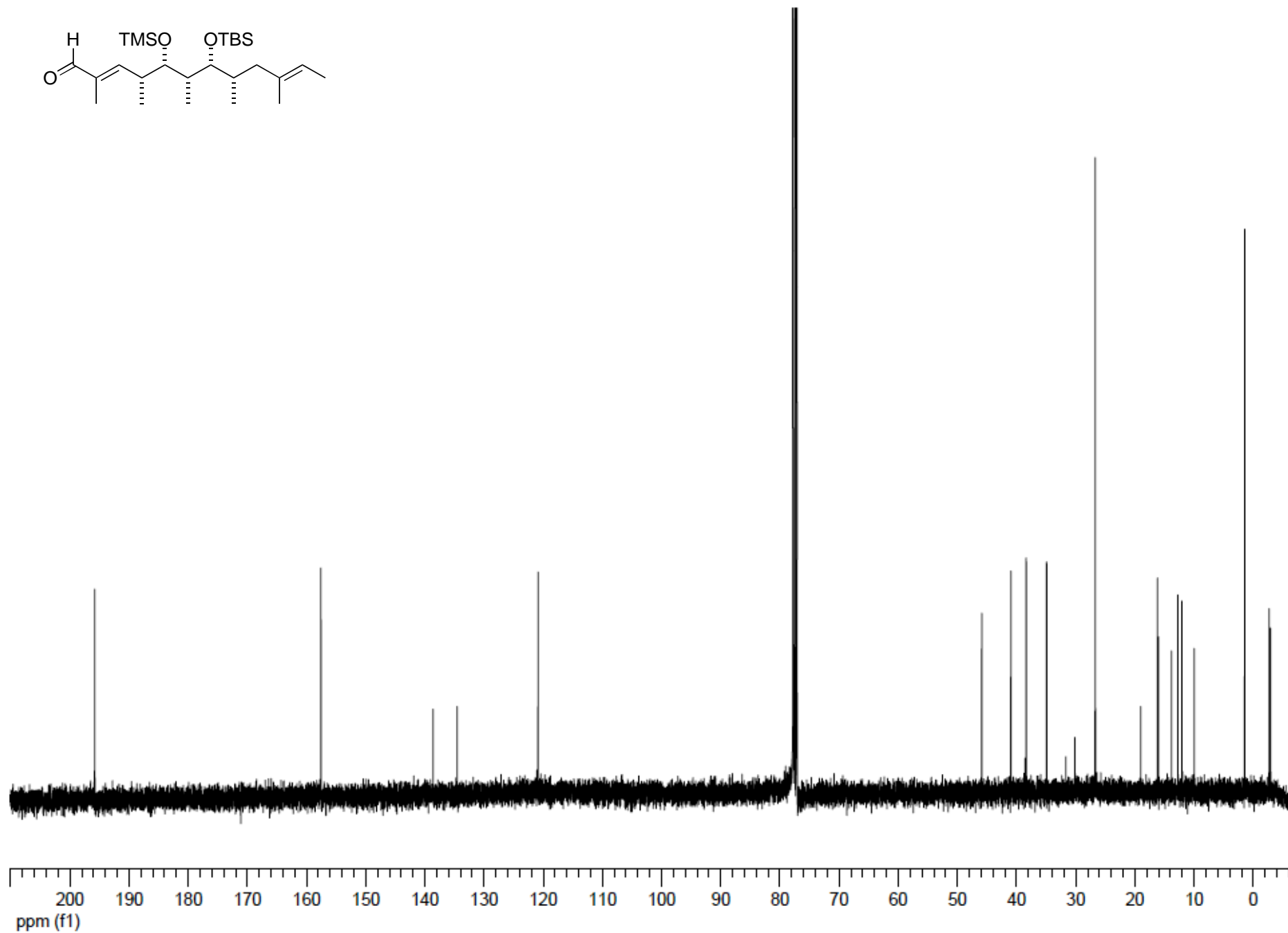
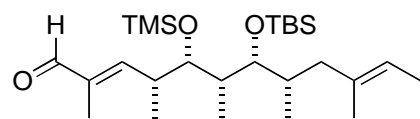


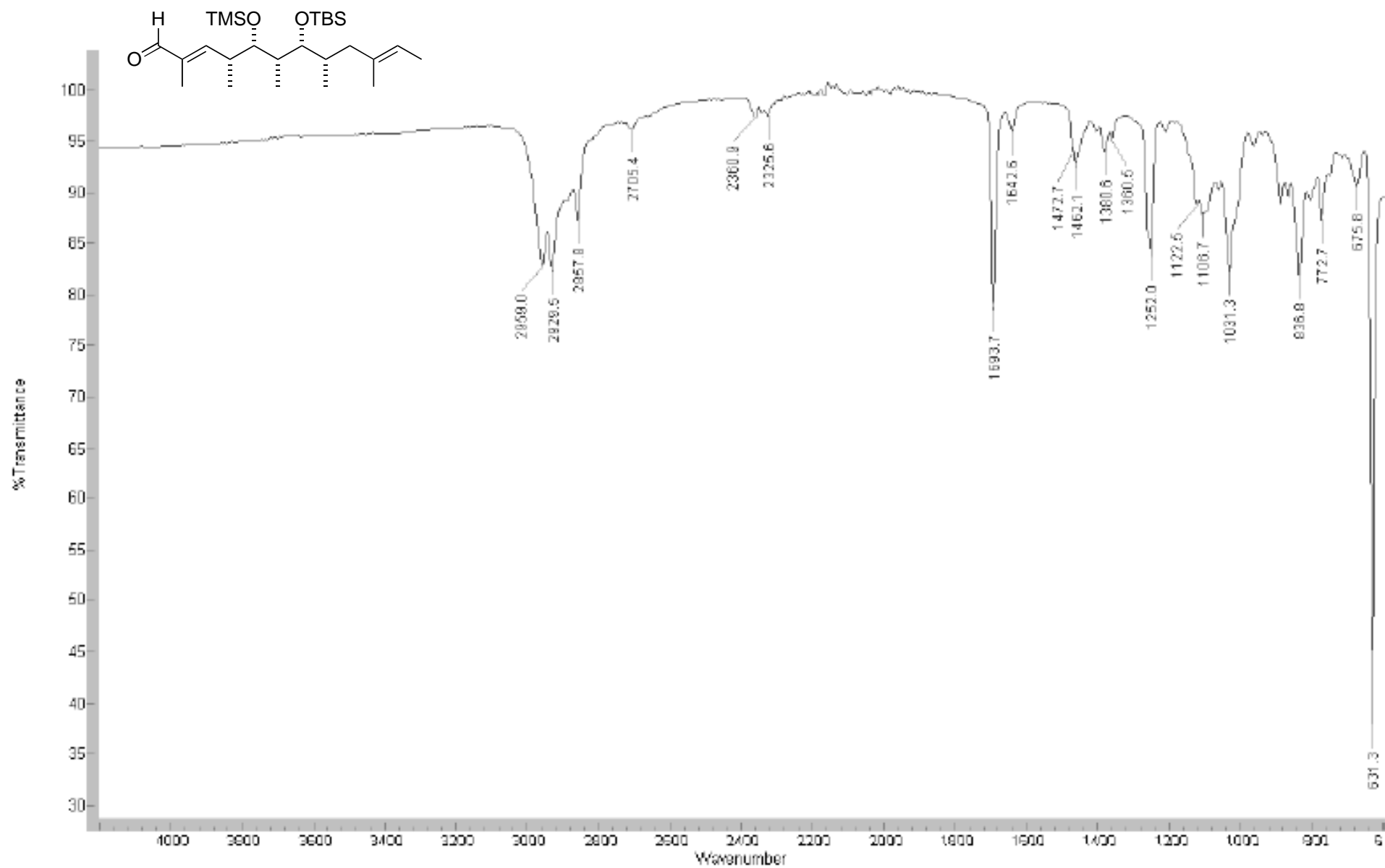


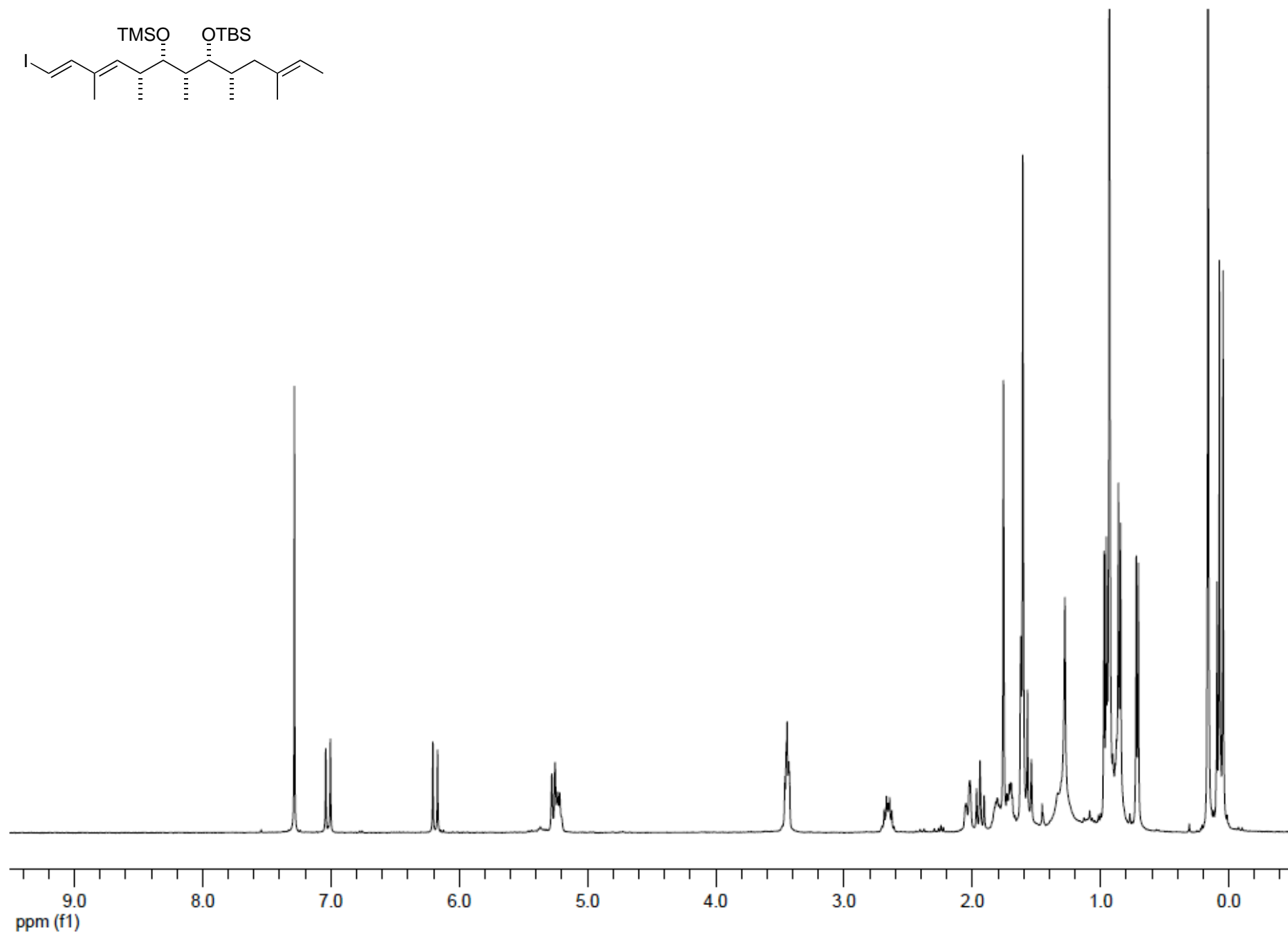
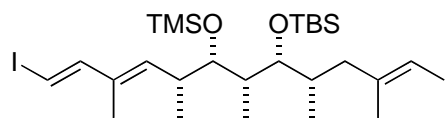


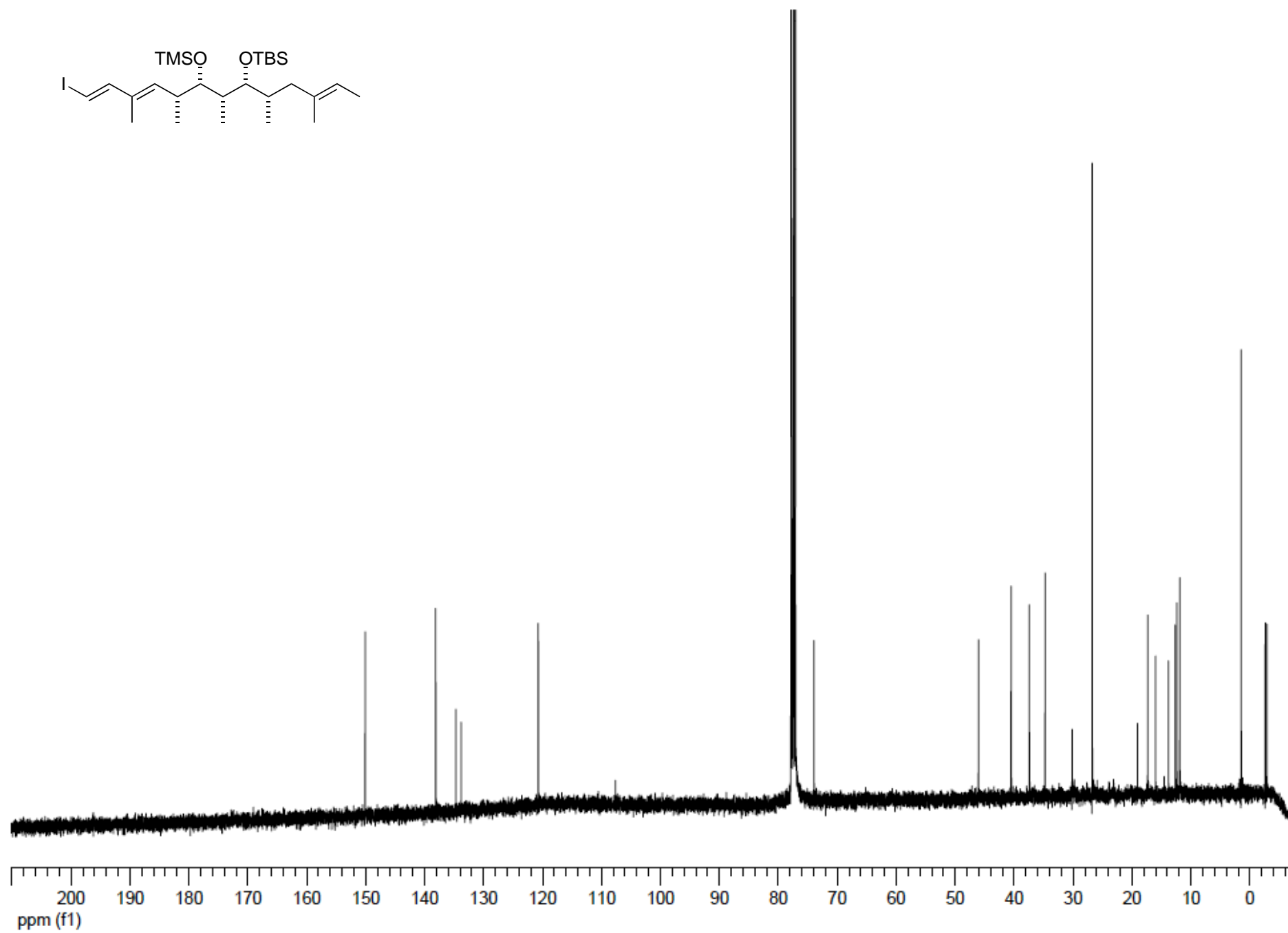


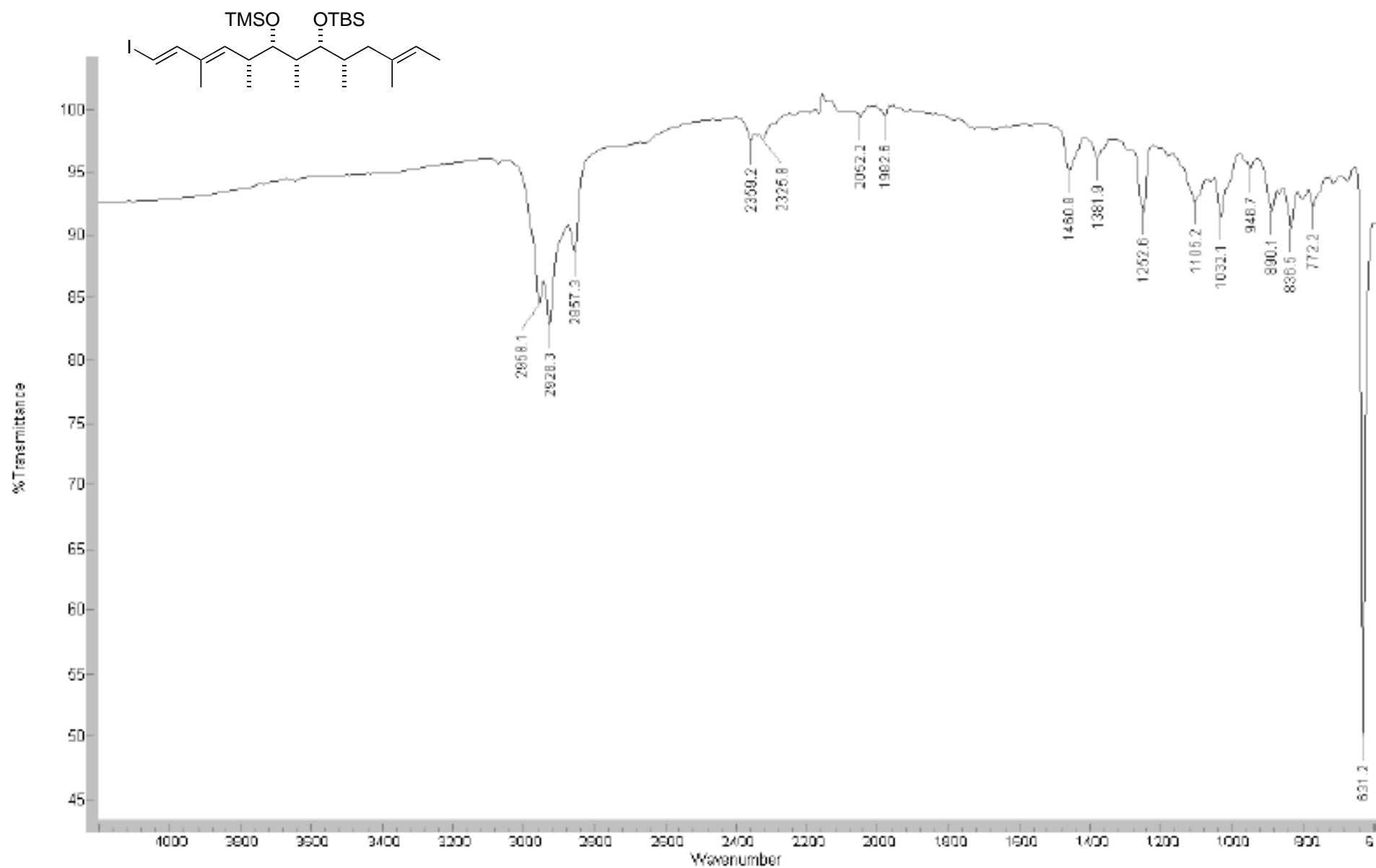


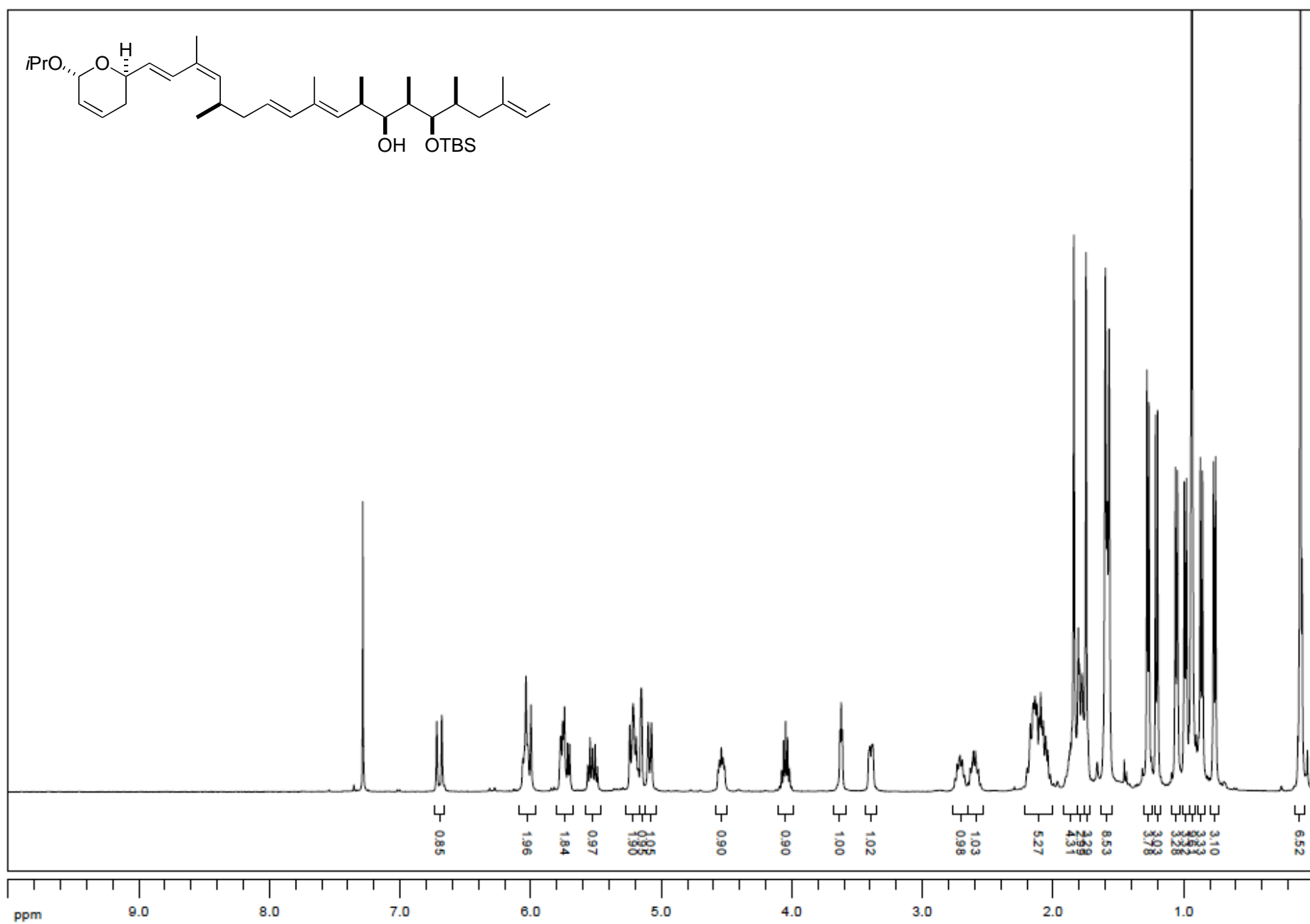


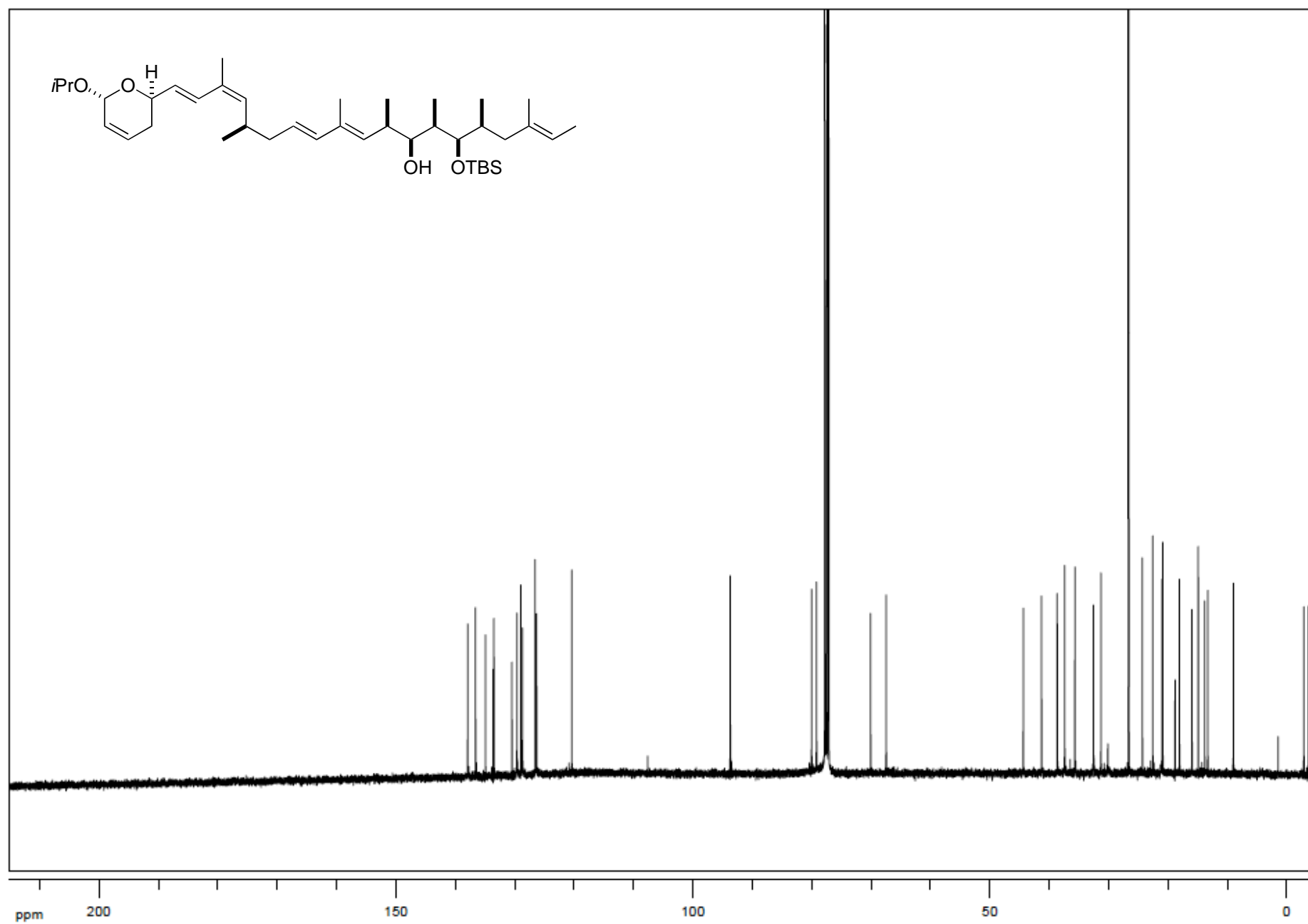


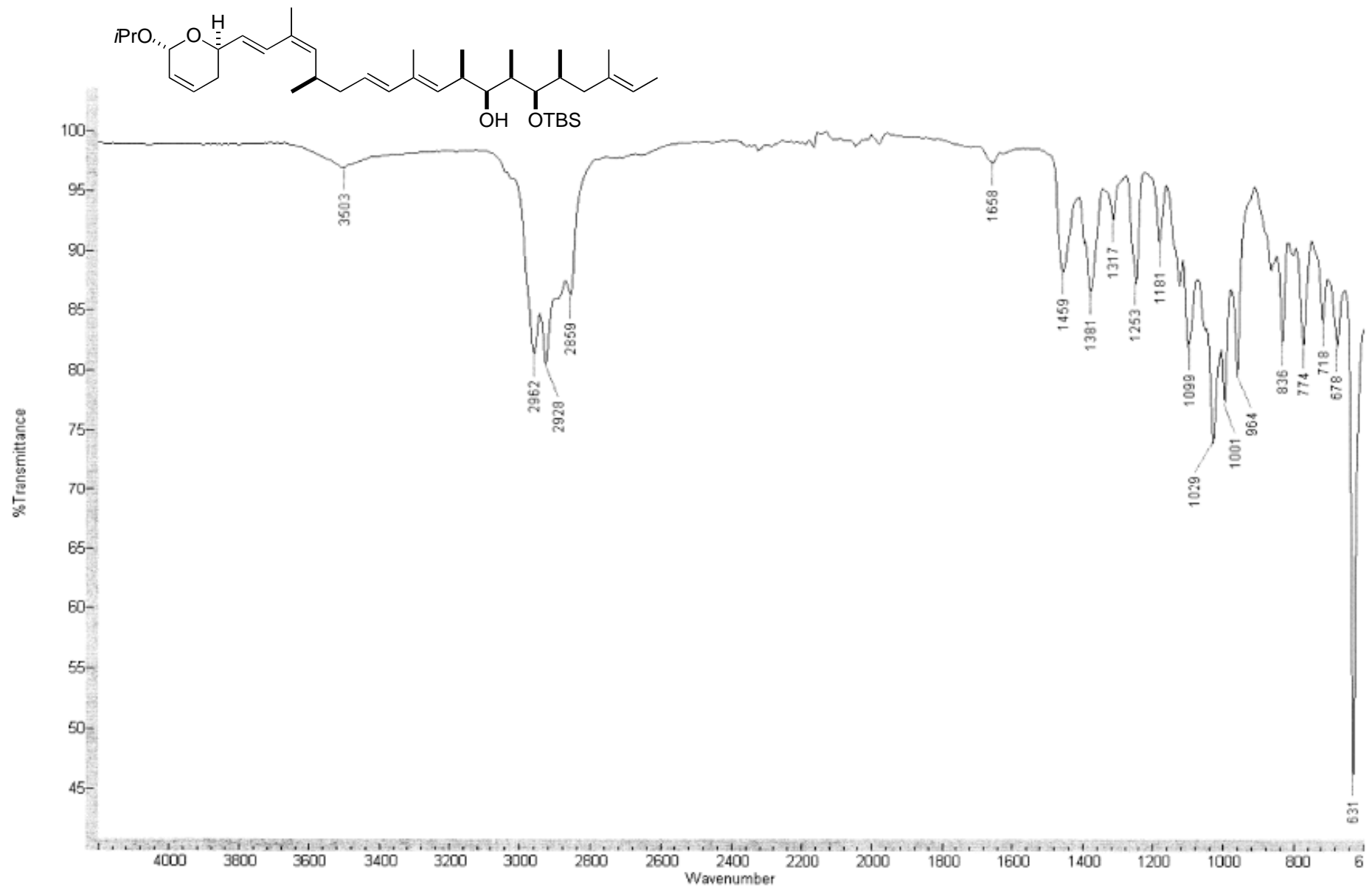


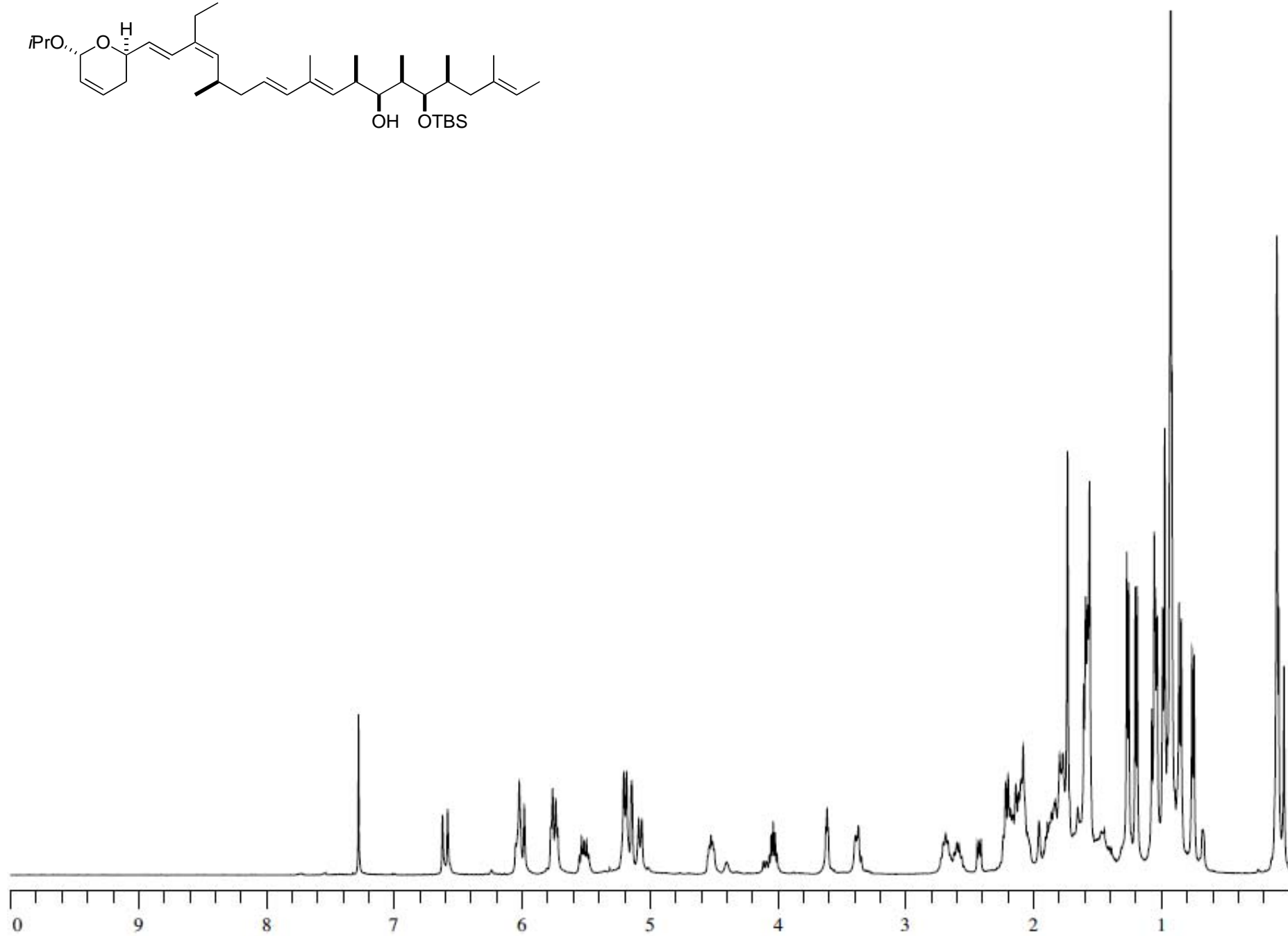
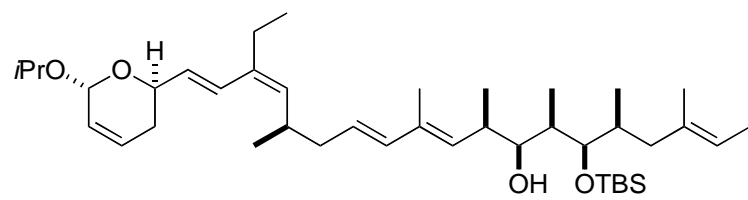


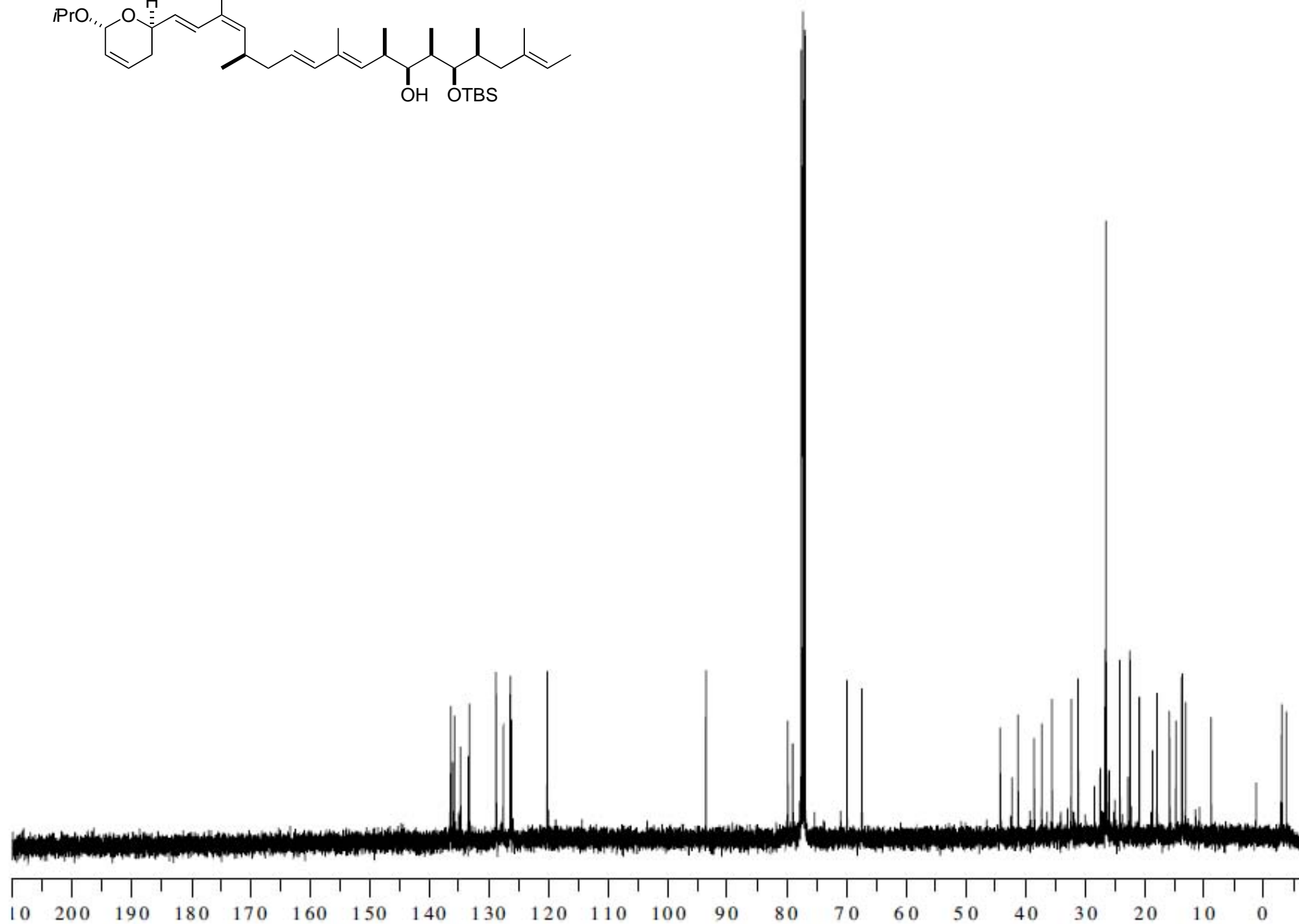
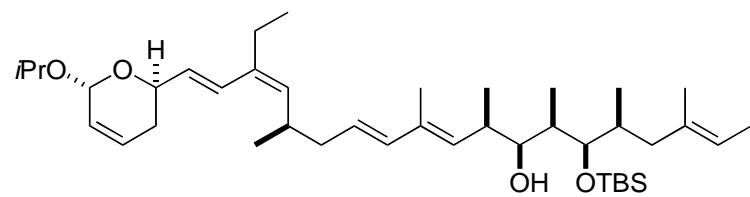


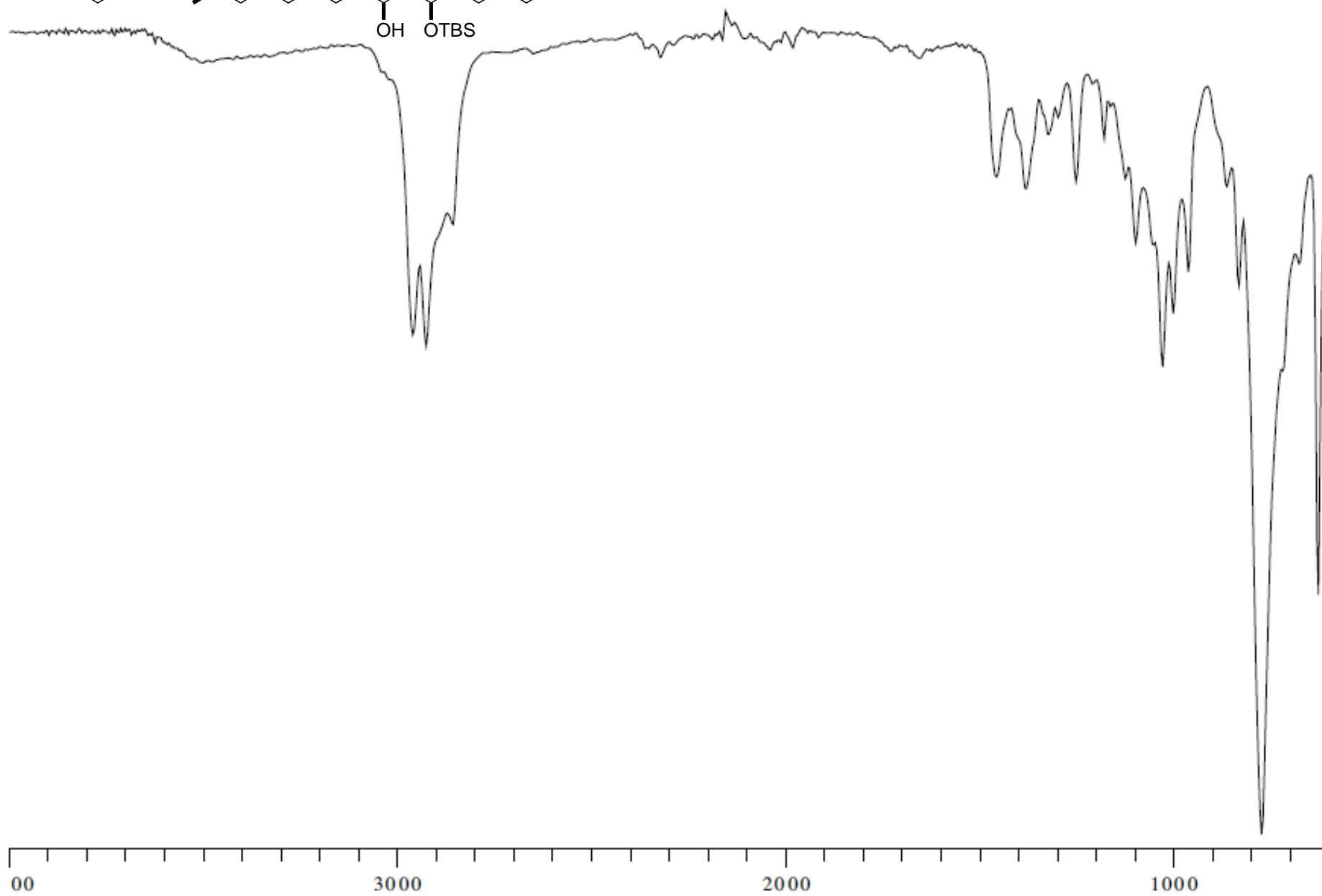
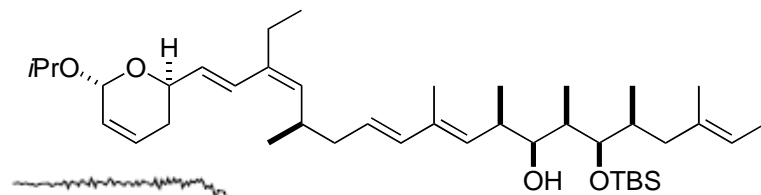


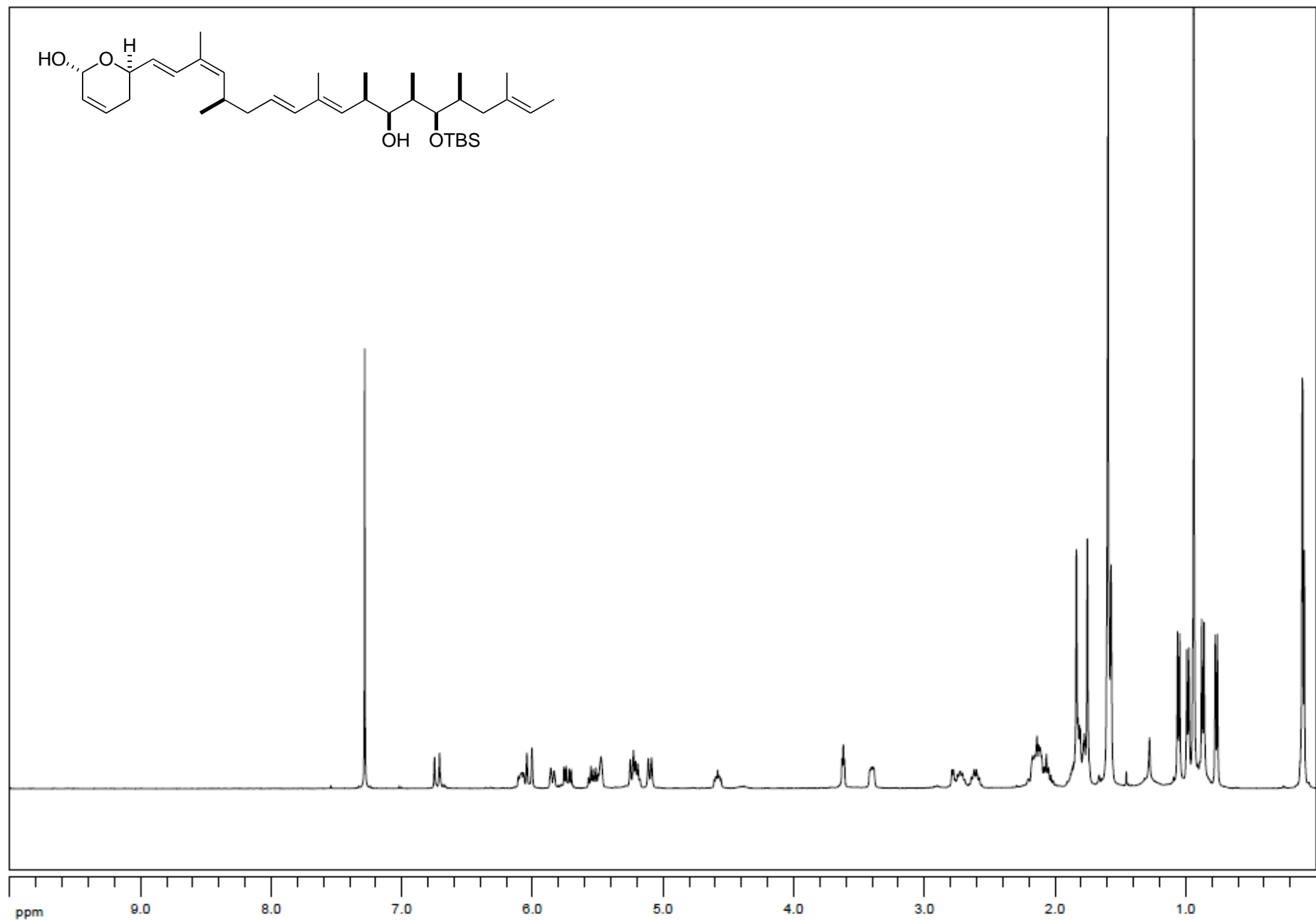


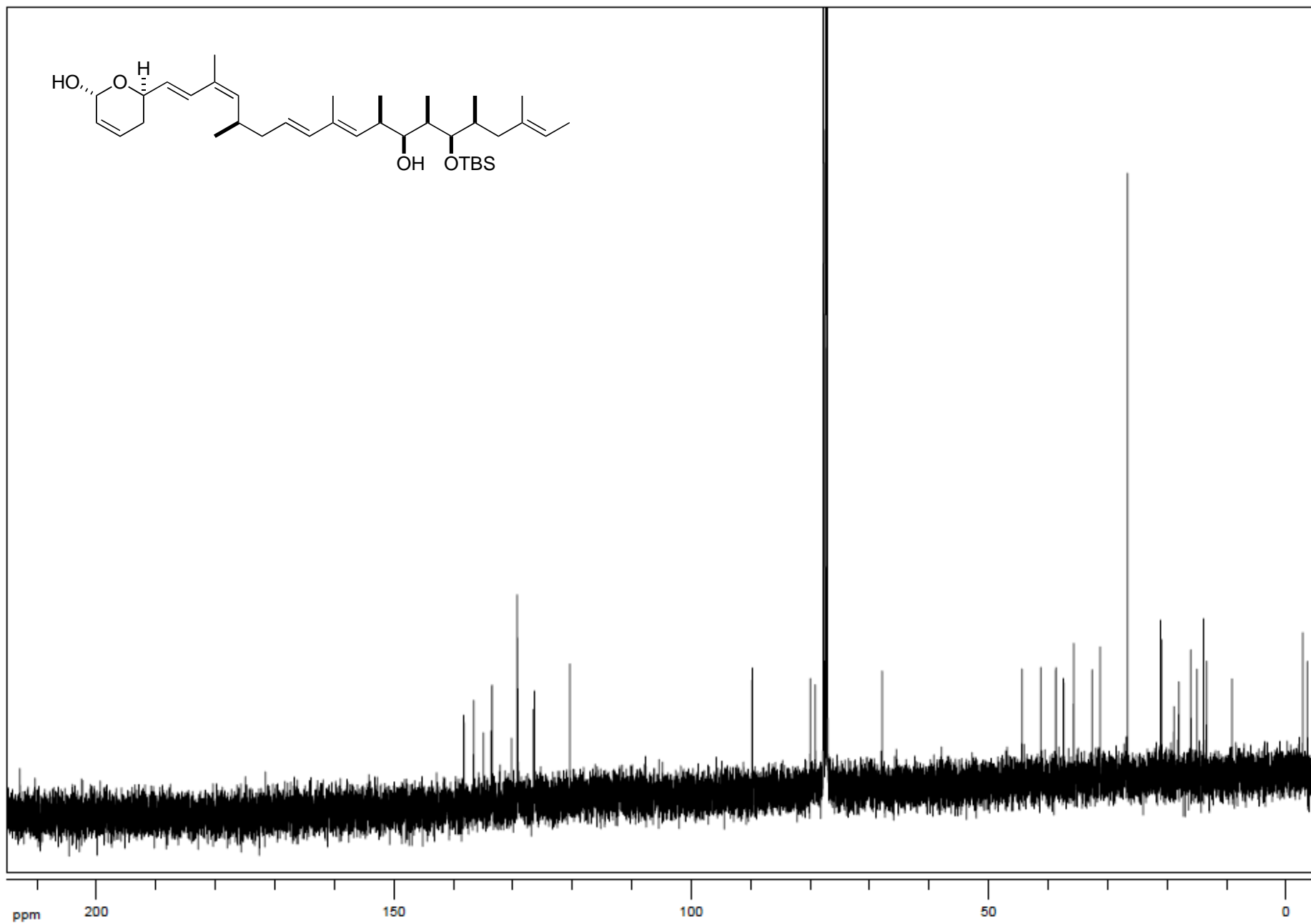


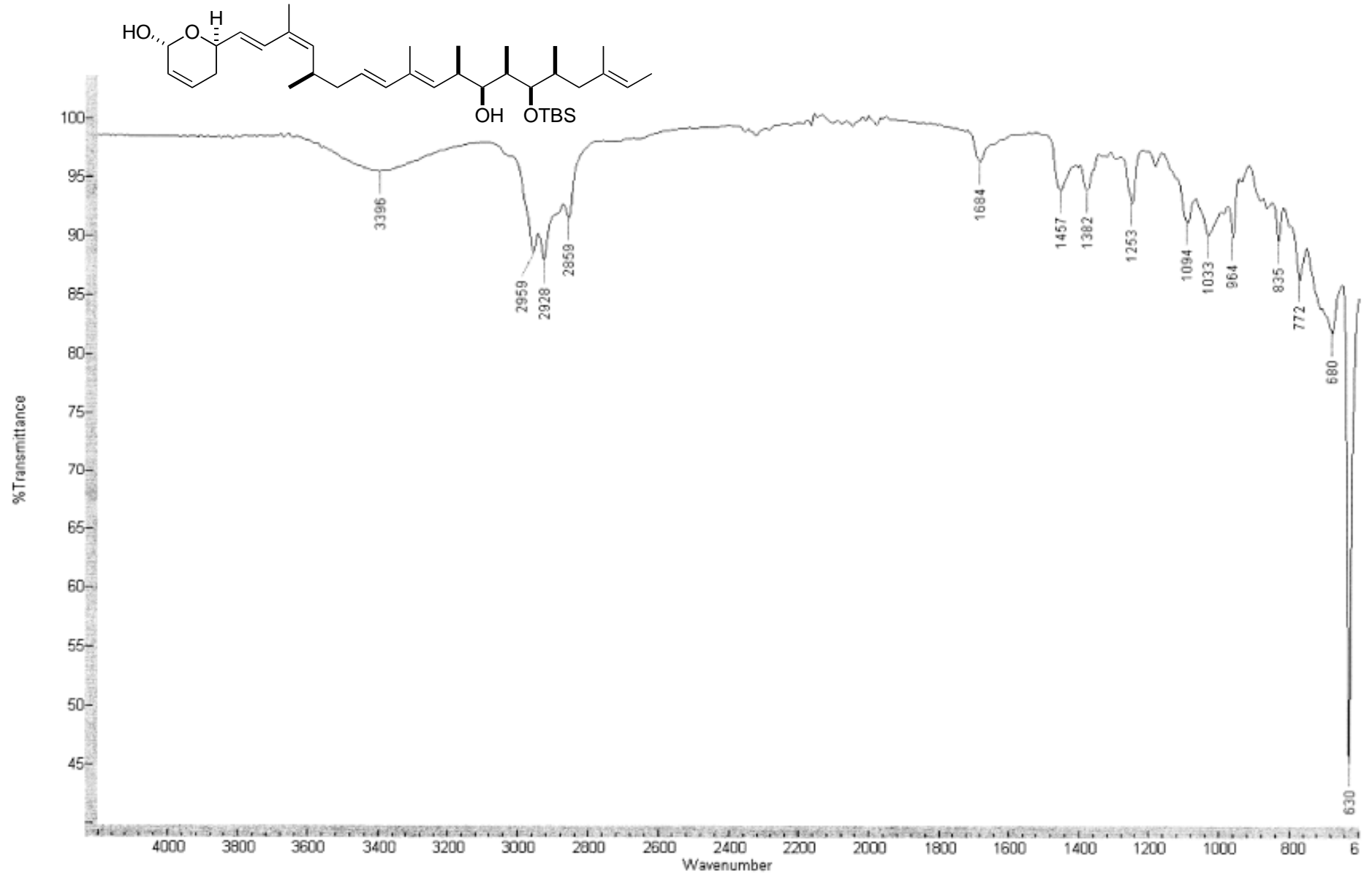


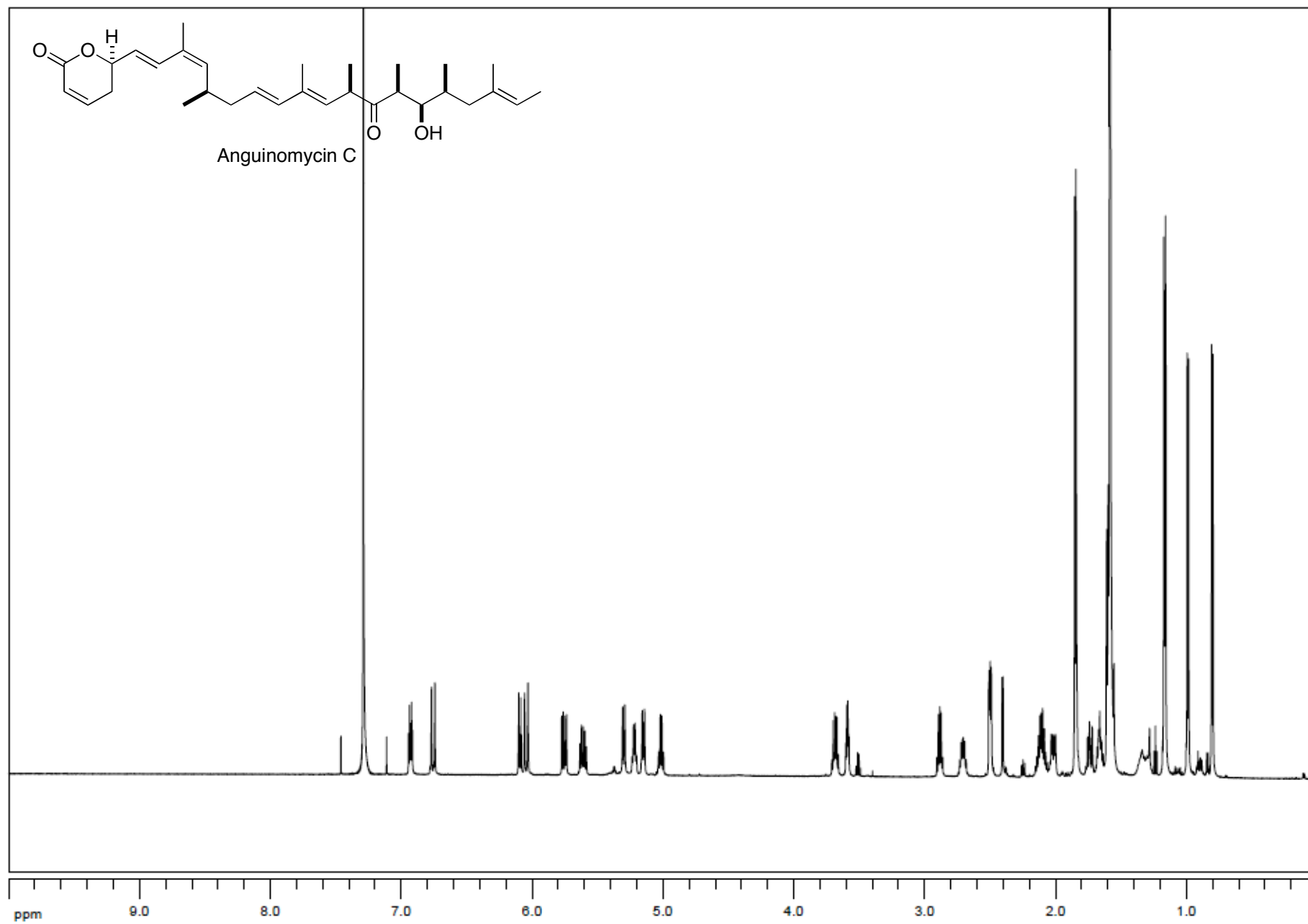




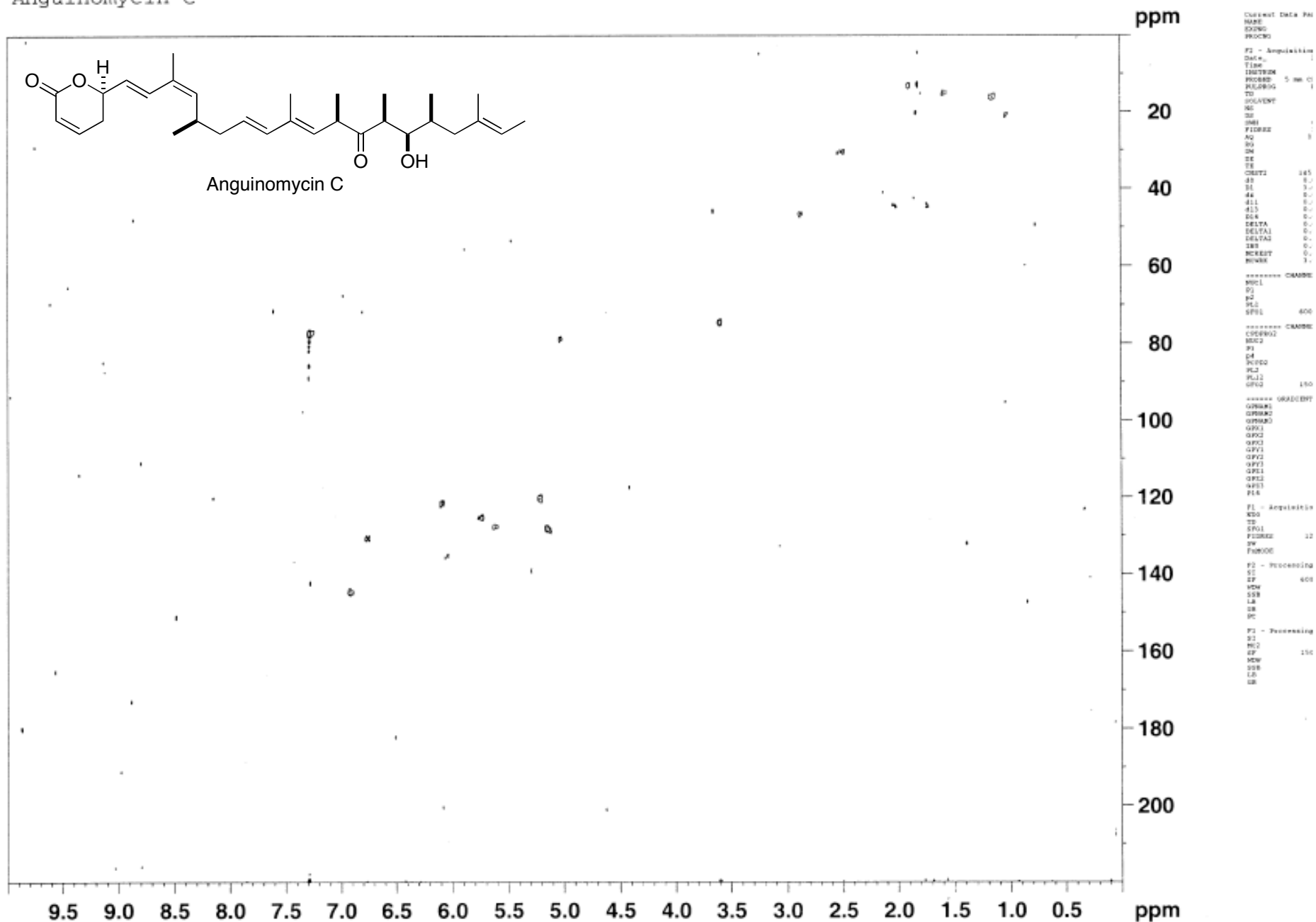


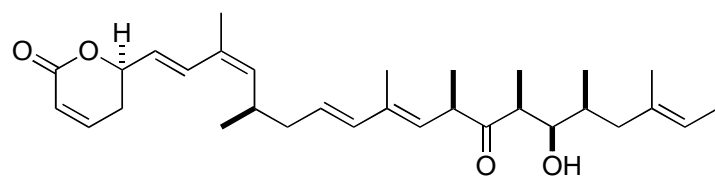




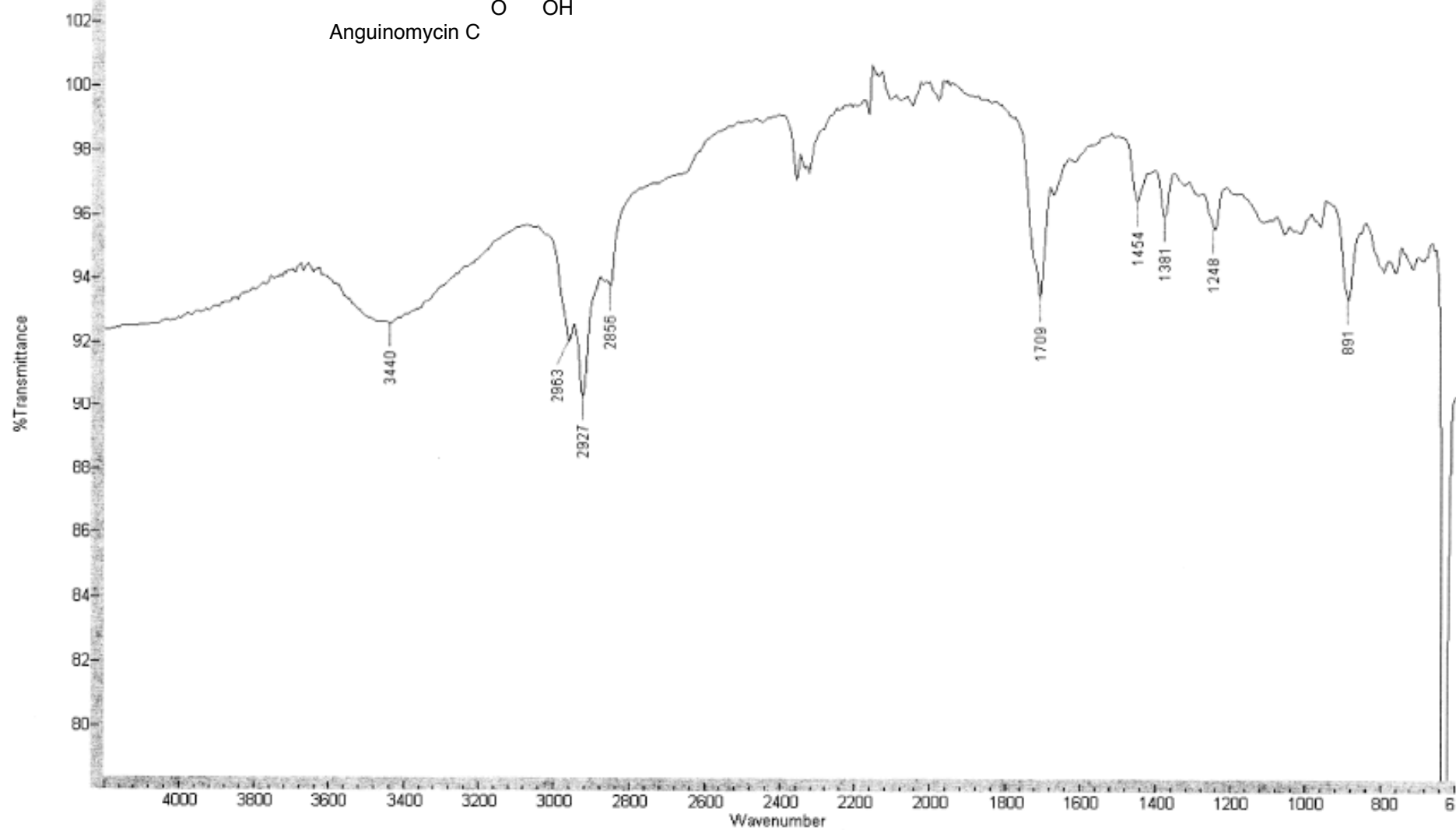


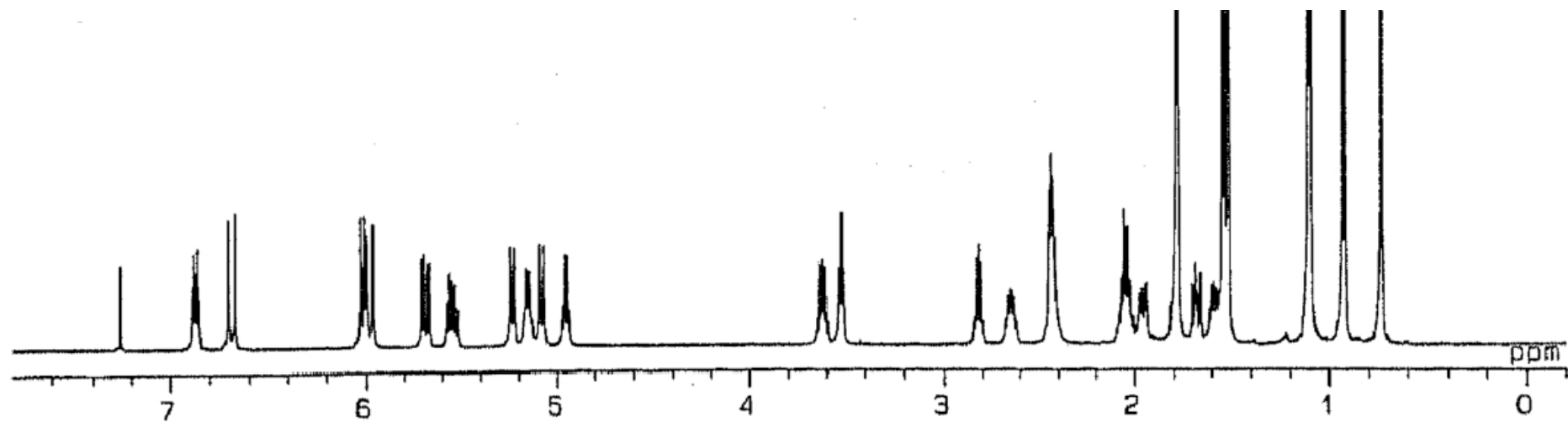
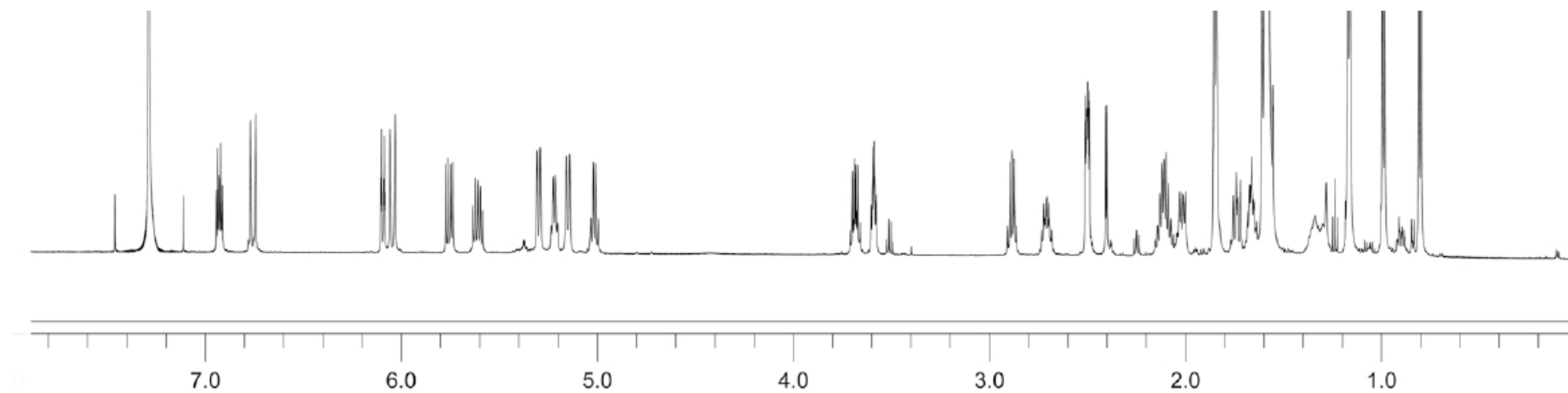
Anguinomycin C

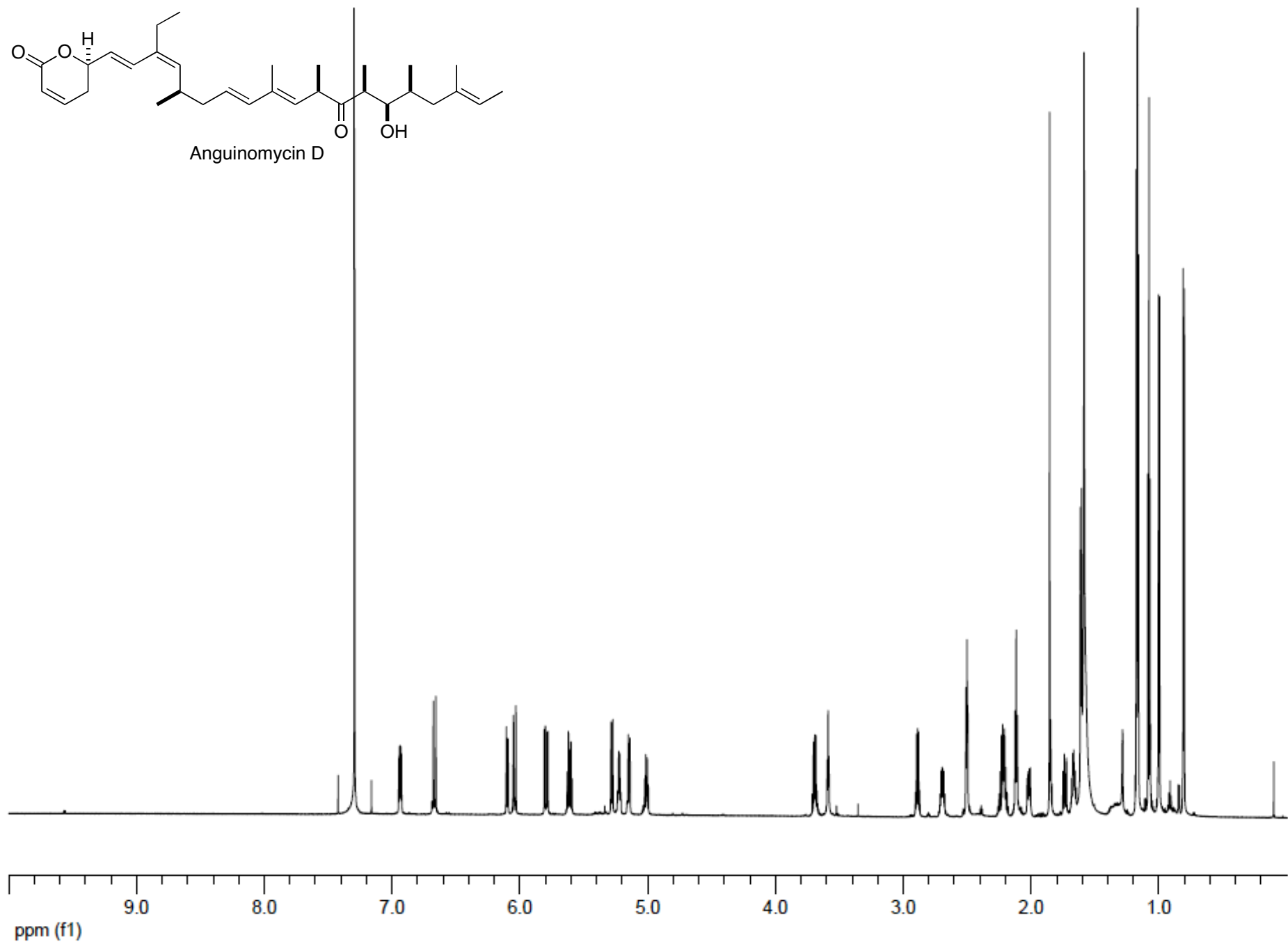
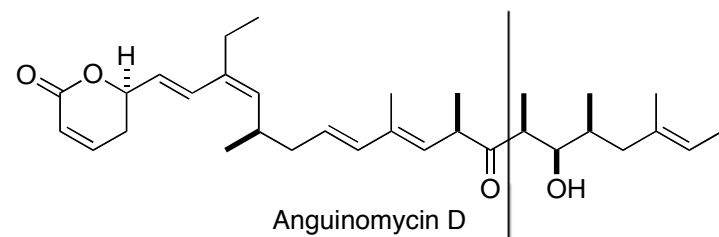


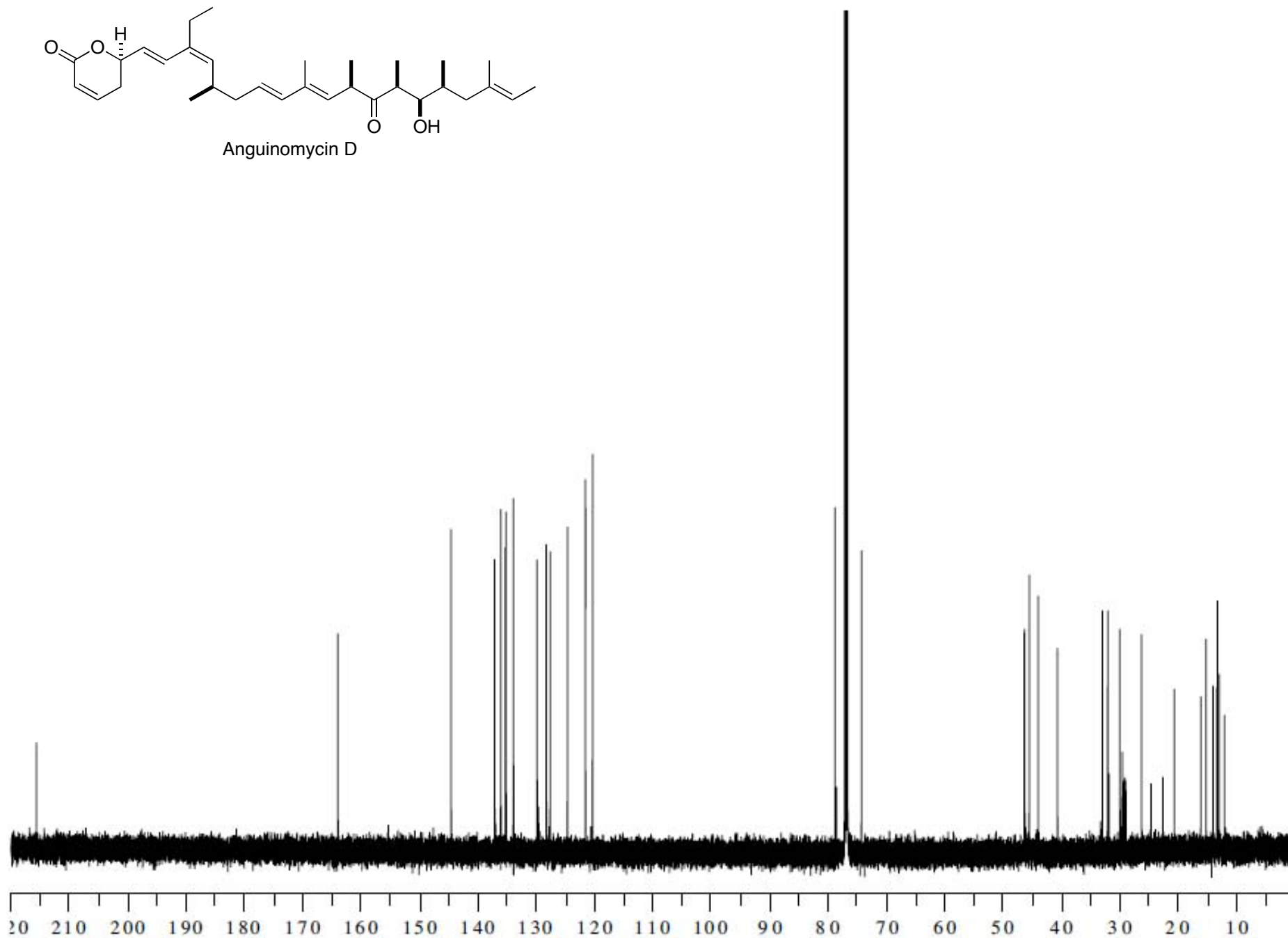
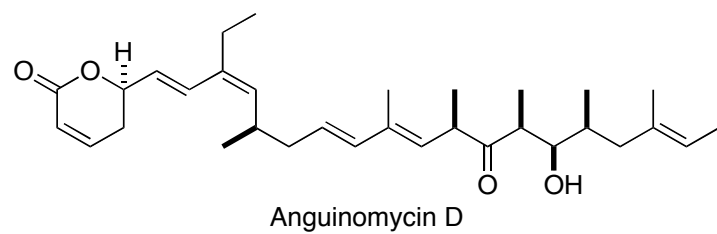


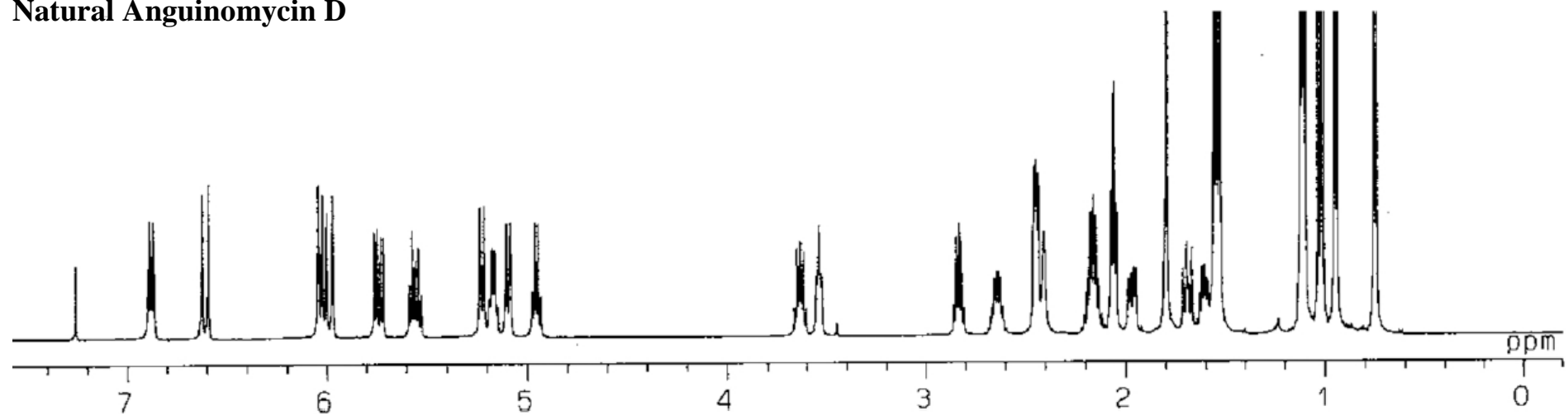
Anguinomycin C



Natural Anguinomycin C**Synthetic Anguinomycin C**





Natural Anguinomycin D**Synthetic Anguinomycin D**