Supporting Information

For

Bismuth Allyloxides

Christina Knispel, Christian Limberg* and Burkhard Ziemer

Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Institut für Chemie, Brook-Taylor-Str. 2, D-12489 Berlin, Germany

| Experimental details for the syntheses of the used sodium salts | S2 |
|--|----|
| Results of the structure refinement of 2 | S3 |
| Variable temperature NMR spectra recorded in toluene- d_8 of 2 and 3 | S4 |

Experimental Details for the Syntheses of the Used Sodium Salts

All manipulations were carried out in a glove-box, or else by means of Schlenk-type techniques involving the use of dry and oxygen-free argon atmosphere.

[Na(OCH(CH₃)CH=CH₂]. At 0 °C 4.5 mL 3-butene-2-ol (3.74 g, 52 mmol) were added to a stirred suspension of NaH (1.51 g, 63 mmol) in 50 mL thf. After addition of the first drop a heavy gas evolution could be observed. After 10 minutes the ice-bath was removed and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to ambient temperature. After stirring the suspension for 3 h at ambient temperature, the colorless solution was filtered off of unconverted NaH. Removal of all volatile components and drying in vacuum yielded [Na(OCH(CH₃)CH=CH₂] (4.11 g, 44 mmol, 84 %) in form of a white microcrystalline solid. 1 H NMR (6 D₆): δ = 6.06 (m, 1H, CH=CH₂), 5.19 (dd, 1H, CH₂), 4.95 (dd, 1H, CH₂), 4.45 (m, 1H, CH(CH₃)), 1.32 (d, 3H, CH₃); 1 H NMR (CD₃CN): δ = 5.92 (m, 1H, CH=CH₂), 4.96 (dd, 1H, CH₂), 4.67 (dd, 1H, CH₂), 4.23 (m, 1H, CH(CH₃)), 1.00 (d, 3H, CH₃). 13 C{ 1 H} NMR (6 D₆): δ = 150.6 (6 CH=CH₂), 110.6 (CH₂), 70.6 (6 CH(CH₃)), 28.5 (CH₃); 13 C{ 1 H} NMR (CD₃CN): δ = 153.9 (6 CH=CH₂), 107.8 (CH₂), 71.7 (CH(CH₃)), 29.5 (CH₃).

[Na(OC(CH₃)₂CH=CH₂]. At 0 °C 4.2 mL 2-methyl-3-butene-2-ol (3.4 g, 40 mmol) were added to a stirred suspension of NaH (1.0 g, 42 mmol) in 80 mL thf. After addition of the first drop a heavy gas evolution could be observed. After 10 minutes the ice-bath was removed and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to ambient temperature. After stirring the suspension for 3 h at ambient temperature, the colorless solution was filtered off of excess NaH. Removal of all volatile components and drying in vacuum yielded [Na(OC(CH₃)₂CH=CH₂] (3.66 g, 34 mmol, 85 %) in form of a white beige microcrystalline solid. 1 H NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 6.22 (q, 1H, CH), 5.14 (dd, 1H, CH₂), 4.82 (dd, 1H, CH₂), 1.24 (d, 6H, CH₃). 13 C{ 1 H} NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 155.7 (CH), 106.5 (CH₂), 68.7 (C), 34.5 (CH₃). IR (KBr): ν [cm⁻¹] = 3077, 2959, 2919, 2853, 1636, 1465, 1411, 1366, 1351, 1238, 1171, 1158, 1039, 1007, 978, 962, 915, 888, 694, 541, 506, 469, 430. Anal. Calcd for C₅H₉ONa (M = 108.11 gmol⁻¹): C 55.55, H 8.39 %. Found: C 55.18, H 8.39.

Results of the Structure Refinement of 2

Evaporation of the solvent from a saturated solution of [Bi(OCH(CH₃)CH=CH₂)₃], **2** in toluene led to colorless crystals that were suitable for an X-ray diffraction analyses. The crystal data were collected on a Stoe IPDS 2T diffractometer using $Mo_{K\alpha}$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å. Relevant crystallographic data are collected in the Table S1.

Table S1. Crystal data and experimental parameters for the crystal structure analyses of **2**.

| | 2 |
|---|---------------|
| F1- | _ |
| Formula | $C_3Bi_2O_5$ |
| temp, K | 100(2) |
| crystal system | monoclinic |
| space group | $P 1 1 2_1/a$ |
| a, Å | 21.122(3) |
| b, Å | 21.122(3) |
| c, Å | 7.3630(10) |
| α, deg | 90 |
| β, deg | 90 |
| γ, deg | 120 |
| V, A^3 | 2844.3(7) |
| density, g cm ⁻³ | 1.972 |
| $\mu(Mo_{K\alpha}), mm^{-1}$ | 12.390 |
| F(000) | 1600 |
| GoF | 1.034 |
| $R_1[I>2\sigma(I)]$ | 0.0791 |
| wR ₂ [all data] | 0.2200 |
| $\Delta \rho_{min}\!/\Delta \rho_{max},e\mathring{A}^{\text{-}3}$ | 4.449/ -1.778 |

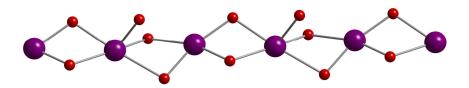


Figure S1. Incomplete molecular structure of 2 showing the identified bismuth and oxygen atom

positions. (Determined carbon atoms of the allyloxide residues were omitted.)

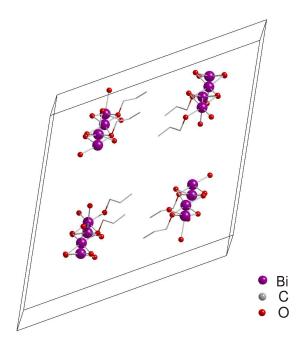
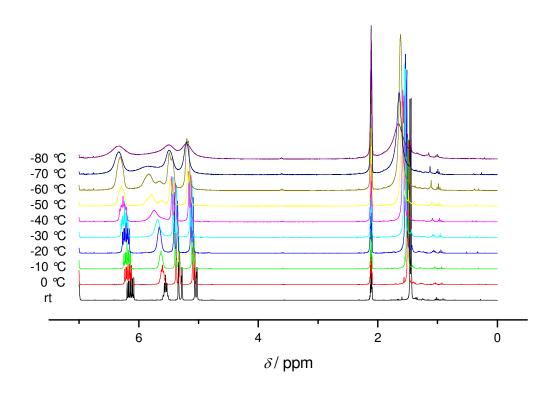
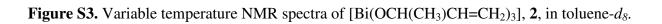


Figure S2. View showing the isolated chains of 2 along the c axes.

Variable Temperature NMR Spectra Recorded in Toluene- d_8





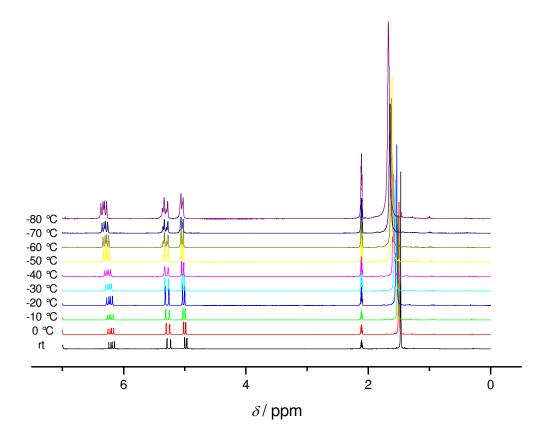


Figure S4. Variable temperature NMR spectra of $[Bi(OC(CH_3)_2CH=CH_2)_3]$, **3**, in toluene- d_8 .