Supporting Information

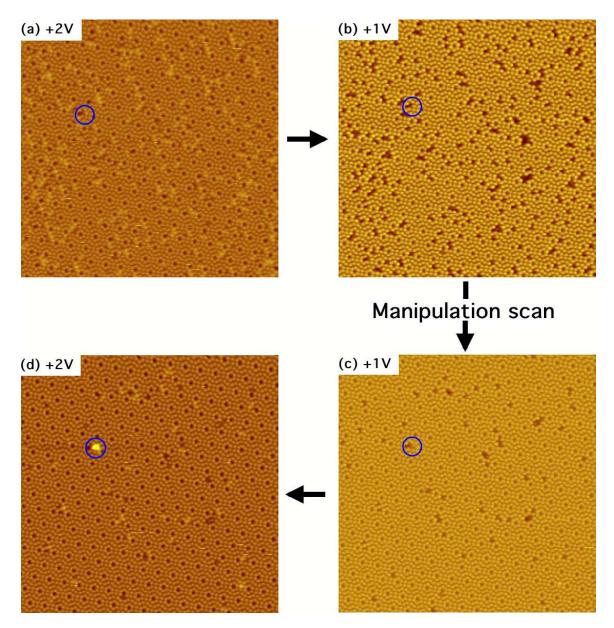
A New Mechanism of Atomic Manipulation: Bond-Selective Molecular Dissociation *via* Thermally Activated Electron Attachment

Sumet Sakulsermsuk, Peter A. Sloan and Richard E. Palmer*

Nanoscale Physics Research Laboratory, School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, B15 2TT, UK

*To whom correspondence should be addressed. E-mail: r.e.palmer@bham.ac.uk

Figure 1 presents an example of a set of large scale STM images showing the dissociation of chlorobenzene molecules.



Supplementary Figure 1: Sequential STM images (450 Å x 450Å) demonstrating dissociation of a chlorobenzene molecule on Si(111)-7×7. (a), (b) STM images before manipulation at a surface bias voltage of (a) +2 V and (b) +1 V and (c), (d) afterwards at (c) +1 V and (d) +2 V (tunnel current 100 pA). The blue circle indicates the adsorption site of a chlorine atom, dark at +1 V (c) and bright at +2 V (d), that is liberated from a chlorobenzene molecule.