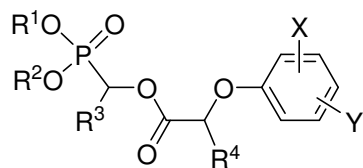


Supporting information

1. The structure of title compounds **I-1~I-71**



No.	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	X	Y
I-1	Me	Me	Me	H	2-Me	3-Me
I-2	Me	Me	Me	H	H	4-Br
I-3	Me	Me	Me	H	2-Br	4-Br
I-4	Me	Me	Me	H	2-NO ₂	4-Cl
I-5	Me	Me	Me	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-6	Me	Me	Me	H	H	2-F
I-7	Me	Me	Me	H	3-Cl	4-F
I-8	Me	Me	CCl ₃	H	3-Cl	4-F
I-9	Me	Me	CCl ₃	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-10	Me	Me	Et	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-11	Me	Me	Ph	H	H	H
I-12	Me	Me	Ph	H	H	3-Me
I-13	Me	Me	Ph	H	H	4-Me
I-14	Me	Me	Ph	H	2-Me	3-Me
I-15	Me	Me	Ph	H	2-F	4-F
I-16	Me	Me	Ph	H	3-Cl	4-F
I-17	Me	Me	Ph	H	2-Cl	4-F
I-18	Me	Me	Ph	H	H	4-CF ₃
I-19	Me	Me	Ph	H	H	2-NO ₂
I-20	Me	Me	Ph	H	2-NO ₂	4-CF ₃
I-21	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	3- Me	4-Cl
I-22	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	2-Cl	5-Me
I-23	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	2- Me	4-Cl
I-24	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	2-Cl	3-Cl
I-25	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	2-Cl	6-Cl
I-26	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	H	4-Cl
I-27	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	2-F	4-F
I-28	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	3-Cl	4-F

I-29	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	2-Cl	4-F
I-30	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	H	3-CF ₃
I-31	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	H	4-CF ₃
I-32	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	2-NO ₂	4-CF ₃
I-33	Me	Me	3-Brph	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-34	Me	Me	2-OHPh	H	H	4-Cl
I-35	Me	Me	2-OHPh	H	2-Cl	4-F
I-36	Me	Me	Me	H	H	4-Me
I-37	Me	Me	Me	H	H	4-Cl
I-38	Me	Me	Me	H	2- Me	4-Cl
I-39	Me	Me	Me	H	3- Me	4-Cl
I-40	Me	Me	Me	H	2-Cl	5-Me
I-41	Me	Me	Me	H	2-Cl	3-Cl
I-42	Me	Me	Me	H	H	3-F
I-43	Me	Me	Me	H	H	4-F
I-44	Me	Me	Me	H	2-F	4-F
I-45	Me	Me	Me	H	3-F	5-F
I-46	Me	Me	Me	H	2-Cl	4-F
I-47	Me	Me	H	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-48	Me	Me	Me	H	H	3-CF ₃
I-49	Me	Me	Me	H	H	4-CF ₃
I-50	Me	Me	Me	H	H	H
I-51	Me	Me	Ph	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-52	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	H	2-F
I-53	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	H	3-F
I-54	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	H	4-F
I-55	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	H	2- NO ₂
I-56	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	H	4- NO ₂
I-57	Me	Me	3-NO ₂ Ph	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-58	Me	Me	Pr	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-59	Et	Et	H	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-60	Et	Et	Me	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-61	Et	Et	Et	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-62	Et	Et	Ph	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-63	Et	Et	2-ClPh	H	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-64	Me	Me	Me	Me	2-Cl	4-Cl

I-65	Me	Me	Pr	Me	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-66	Me	Me	Ph	Me	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-67	Et	Et	Me	Me	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-68	Pr	Pr	Me	Me	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-69	Pr	Pr	Ph	Me	2-Cl	4-Cl
I-70	Pr	Pr	2-ClPh	Me	2-Cl	4-Cl

2. The source of the seeds used for bioassays

Following plants were used to test the herbicidal activity of compounds:

Amaranthus retroflexus (Common Name: amaranth pigweed)
Amaranthus spinosus (Common Name: Spiny Amaranth)
Abutilon theophrasti (Common Name: chingma abutilon)
Brassica campestris (Common Name: rape)
Brassica juncea (Common Name: leaf mustard)
Cucumis sativus (Common Name: cucumber)
Cardamine hirsuta (Common Name: pennsylvania bittercress)
Chenopodium album (Common Name: lambsquarters)
Daucus carota (Common Name: Carrot)
Digitaria sanguinalis (Common Name: ascendant crabgrass)
Echinochloa crusgalli (Common Name: barnyard grass)
Eclipta prostrata (Common Name: white eclipta)
Medicago sativa (Common Name: clover)
Oryza sativa (Common Name: rice)
Phaseolus radiatus (Common Name: mung bean)
Pisum sativum (Common Name: pea)
Portulaca oleracea (Common Name: Common purslane)
Setaria viridis (Common Name: giant foxtail)
Triticum aestivum (Common Name: wheat)
Xanthium strumarium (Common Name: siberia cocklebur)
Zea mays (Common Name: Maize)

Seeds of *Triticum aestivum* (Variety is Yang Mai 1) and *Zea mays* (Variety is Gao –you 1) were come from the seed company of Jin Tu Di at Jiangsu in China.

Seeds of *Brassica campestris* (Variety is Si Yue Man) and *Medicago sativa* were purchased from the seed company, Academy of Agricultural Sciences at Tianjin.

Seeds of *Cucumis sativus* (Variety is Jin 4) was purchased from Institute of cucumber at Tianjin.

Seeds of *Phaseolus radiatus* (variety is VC2778A) were purchased from Hubei seed group company.

Seeds of *Pisum sativum* (variety is Zhongwan-2) was purchased from China

Academy of Agricultural Sciences.

Seeds of *Echinochloa crusgalli*, *Digitaria sanguinali*, *Setaria viridi*, *Amaranthus retroflexus*, *Abutilon theophrasti*, *Amaranthus spinosus*, *Chenopodium album*, *Brassica juncea*, *Eclipta prostrata*, *Xanthium strumarium*, *Cardamine hirsuta* Linn., *Portulaca oleracea*, *Brassica juncea* come from the storeroom of weed seed in the north at National Pesticide Engineering Research Center in Nankai University (**Table 1, 2, 3**), in the storeroom of weed seed in Hunan National Pesticide Engineering Research Center (**Table 4, Table 7**) and in Zhejiang National Pesticide Discovery South Center in China (**Table 5**).

3. The regression equation, and *R* values for the IC₅₀ values

Table 3 The toxicity of stem length

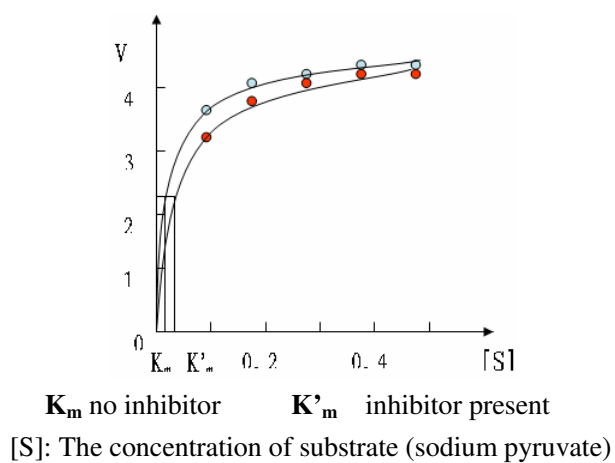
Compd.	Regression equation	IC ₅₀ (μM/L)	<i>R</i>
I-5	Y=3.6841+1.4977X	7.5619	0.9989
I-10	Y=3.3299 +1.4571 X	14.0009	0.9855
I-47	Y=3.6795+1.4811X	7.7910	0.9991
I-51	Y=3.4096 +1.6708 X	8.9515	0.9929
I-57	Y=3.9167+1.5459X	5.0211	0.9962
I-58	Y=3.5627 +1.4811 X	9.3414	0.9628
I-59	Y=3.5832+1.2568 X	13.4056	0.9786
I-61	Y=2.4626 +1.7996 X	25.7026	0.9942
I-62	Y=1.7430 +1.5986 X	109.0088	0.9987
I-64	Y=3.7036+1.5642X	6.7414	0.9989
I-65	Y=3.5374 +1.2873 X	13.6820	0.9741
I-66	Y=2.5540+1.6541 X	30.1142	0.9908
I-68	Y=3.1993 +1.4339 X	18.0221	0.9863
I-69	Y=2.2131 +1.6924 X	44.3371	0.9988
I-70	Y=1.1002 +1.7607 X	164.0099	0.9967
2,4-D	Y=3.5568 +1.4344 X	10.1428	0.9777

Table 3 The toxicity of root length

Compd.	Regression equation	IC ₅₀ (mM/L)	<i>R</i>
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I-5	$Y=7.4735 + 0.9509 X$	0.0025	0.9901
I-10	$Y=5.6556+1.3520X$	0.3273	0.9764
I-18	$Y=6.0788 + 1.1688X$	0.1194	0.9927
I-47	$Y=6.6761+1.3531X$	0.0577	0.9818
I-51	$Y=6.8465 + 1.0001 X$	0.0142	0.9915
I-57	$Y=7.4990 + 1.0127 X$	0.0034	0.9944
I-58	$Y=7.4990 + 1.0127 X$	0.0075	0.9953
I-59	$Y=5.5056+1.1939X$	0.3772	0.9864
I-60	$Y=5.6967+1.37949X$	0.3125	0.9865
I-61	$Y=5.6909+1.3745X$	0.3142	0.9833
I-62	$Y=6.6796 + 1.2802 X$	0.0488	0.9394
I-63	$Y=4.7880 + 1.2236 X$	1.4902	0.9992
I-64	$Y=4.7714 + 1.5069 X$	1.4182	0.9987
I-65	$Y=4.4383 + 1.1843 X$	2.9805	0.9997
I-67	$Y=4.9548+1.2927 X$	1.0839	0.9687
I-68	$Y=4.5248 + 1.2253 X$	2.4427	0.9976
I-69	$Y=4.0697 + 1.4201 X$	4.5194	0.9874
I-70	$Y=3.4774 + 1.4061 X$	12.1026	0.9892
2,4-D	$Y=5.8601+1.3379X$	0.2276	0.9877

4. Enzyme kinetic experiment data of **I-5** against PDHc from *Phaseolus radiatus*^{a,b}



Substrate concentration (mM)	Inhibitor concentration (mM)	Velocity (V)
Sodium pyruvate		NADH (μM/ per minute)
0.1	0	3.86
0.2	0	4.10
0.3	0	4.16
0.4	0	4.20
0.5	0	4.22
0.1	0.028	3.28
0.2	0.028	3.74
0.3	0.028	4.08
0.4	0.028	4.14
0.5	0.028	4.16

a) 0.028 mM = 10^{-5} (g/ml)

b) The values are the average of >3 experiments.

According to $V = \frac{\bar{V}_{\max} [S]}{K_m + [S]}$, $V_{\max}$ and K_m could be obtained.

5. The regression equation, and R values for the IC_{50} values in **Table 7**

1) IC_{50} values against PDHc from *Phaseolus radiatus in vitro*

NO.	Cocentration μg/g	Inhibitory rate %	Regression	IC_{50} μM	R
I-5 (HW02)	1000	77.78	Y=8.89X+44.148	12.75	0.9305
	100	55.56			
	10	48.89			
	1.0	43.70			
	0.1	39.26			
I-47	1000	75.65	Y=8.49X+42.954	19.70	0.9192
	100	53.42			
	10	46.90			
	1.0	42.68			
	0.1	38.57			
I-51	1000	60.27	Y=5.912X+40.53	95.38	0.9816
	100	51.28			
	10	44.42			
	1.0	39.78			
	0.1	36.46			
	1000	73.68	Y=8.308X+42.11	23.12	0.9276

I-60	100	52.76			
	10	46.24			
	1.0	41.78			
	0.1	37.63			

2) IC₅₀ values against PDHc from *Oryza sativa in vitro*

NO.	Cocentration μg/g	Inhibitory rate %	Regression	IC ₅₀ μM	R
I-5 (HW02)	1000	55.1	Y=11.65X+9.33	867.33.	0.906
	100	21.3			
	10	16.9			
	1.0	8.2			
	0.1	3.4			

3) IC₅₀ values against PDHc from *Pisum sativum in vitro*

NO.	Cocentration μg/g	Inhibitory rate %	Regression	IC ₅₀ μM	R
I-5 (HW02)	1000	73.77	Y= 6.24663 + 0.263 x	18.195	0.98903
	100	59.02			
	10	50.80			
	1.0	44.26			
	0.1	31.15			
I-48	1000	60.66	Y= 6.23006 + 0.36666 x	442	0.99584
	100	49.18			
	10	31.15			
	1.0	22.95			
	0.1	11.48			
2,4-D	1000	48.15		> 4530	
	100	27.80			
	10	18.48			
	1.0	12.91			
	0.1	8.8			