

Supplementary Materials

Oxidative Dinuclear Addition of a Pd^I–Pd^I Moiety to Arenes: Generation of $\mu\text{-}\eta^3\text{:}\eta^3\text{-Arene Pd}^{\text{II}}_2$ Species

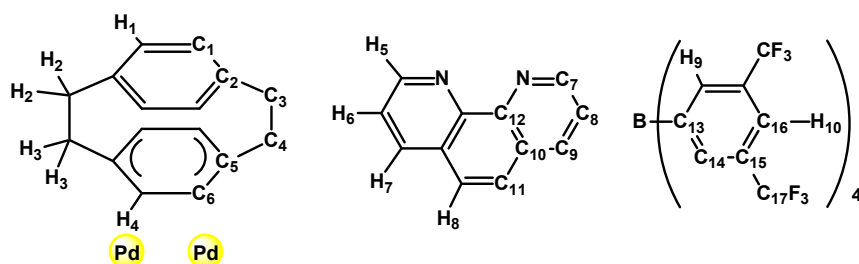
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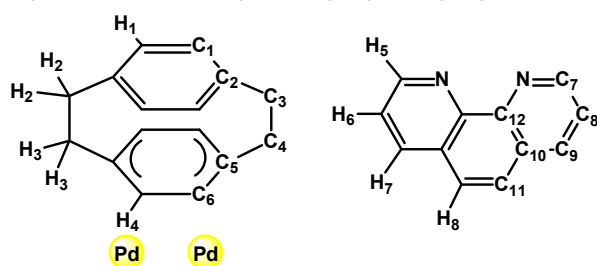
Experimental Section

General Consideration. All manipulations were conducted under a nitrogen atmosphere using standard Schlenk or drybox techniques. ^1H , $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectra were recorded on 400 MHz (JEOL GSX-400, Bruker DPX-400) and 600 MHz (Varian Unity-Inova 600) instruments. The chemical shifts were referenced to the residual resonances of deuterated solvents. Elemental analyses were performed at the Analytical Center, Faculty of Engineering, Osaka University. X-ray crystal data were collected by Rigaku RAXIS-RAPID Imaging Plate diffractometer. Unless specified, all reagents were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without purification. Nitromethane, Et_2O , *n*-hexane, dichloromethane, benzene, toluene, CD_3NO_2 , CD_2Cl_2 , and CD_3CN were purified according to the standard procedures. $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_6][\text{BF}_4]_2$,¹ $\text{NaB}(\text{Ar}^{\text{F}})_4$,² and $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-[2.2]paracyclophane})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_2][\text{B}(\text{Ar}^{\text{F}})_4]_2$ ³ were prepared according to the literature.

Synthesis of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-[2.2]paracyclophane})(\text{phen})_2][\text{B}(\text{Ar}^{\text{F}})_4]_2$ (3'**):** To a solution of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-[2.2]paracyclophane})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_2][\text{B}(\text{Ar}^{\text{F}})_4]_2$ (183 mg, 0.075 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 was added 1,10-phenanthroline (27.0 mg, 0.150 mmol), and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. Crystallization from CH_3NO_2 /toluene gave yellow crystals of **3'** (106 mg) in 58% yield. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_2Cl_2 , 25 °C): δ 8.63 (4H, br s, H_5), 8.11 (4H, d, $J = 8$ Hz, H_7), 7.74 (16H, s, H_9), 7.55 (8H, s, H_{10}), 7.52 (4H, s, H_8), 7.42 (4H, m, H_6), 7.31 (4H, s, H_1), 5.06 (4H, s, H_4), 3.23 (4H, dd, $J = 6$ Hz, $J = 5$ Hz, H_2), 2.80 (4H, dd, $J = 6$ Hz, $J = 5$ Hz, H_3). $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100.6 MHz, CD_2Cl_2 , 25 °C): δ 162.2 (q, $J = 50$ Hz, C_{13}), 154.0 (s, C_7), 144.1 (s, C_{12}), 140.0 (s, C_9), 139.1 (s, C_2), 135.2 (s, C_{14}), 131.9 (s, C_1), 129.9 (s, C_{10}), 129.3 (m, C_{15}), 127.8 (s, C_{11}), 125.9 (s, C_8), 125.0 (q, $J = 271$ Hz, C_{17}), 122.2 (s, C_5), 117.9 (m, C_{16}), 76.9 (s, C_6), 35.1 (s, C_4), 34.5 (s, C_3). Anal. Calcd. For. $\text{C}_{104}\text{H}_{56}\text{B}_2\text{F}_{48}\text{N}_4\text{Pd}_2$: C, 49.81; H, 2.25; N, 2.23. Found: C, 49.81; H, 2.32; N, 2.23.

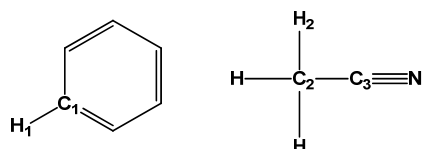


Synthesis of [Pd₂(μ-[2.2]paracyclophane)(phen)₂][BF₄]₂ (3): To a suspension of [2.2]paracyclophane (95.2 mg, 0.46 mmol) in CH₃NO₂ was added [Pd₂(CH₃CN)₆][BF₄]₂ (102 mg, 0.16 mmol), and stirred at room temperature for 30 min. To the brown solution was then added 1,10-phenanthroline (57.0 mg, 0.32 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo, and the mixture was filtered. Crystallization from CH₃NO₂/benzene gave crystals of **3** (124 mg) in 80% yield. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃NO₂, 25 °C): δ 8.91 (4H, d, *J* = 4 Hz, H₅), 8.30 (4H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H₇), 7.68 (4H, s, H₈), 7.58 (4H, dd, *J* = 8 Hz, *J* = 5 Hz, H₆), 7.40 (4H, s, H₁), 5.41 (4H, s, H₄), 3.24 (4H, m, H₂), 2.91 (4H, m, H₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CD₃NO₂, 25 °C): δ 156.1 (s, C₇), 145.0 (s, C₁₂), 140.9 (s, C₉), 140.8 (s, C₂), 132.9 (s, C₁), 130.8 (s, C₁₀), 128.5 (s, C₁₁), 127.1 (s, C₈), 122.5 (s, C₅), 78.7 (s, C₆), 35.4 (s, C₄), 35.1 (s, C₃). C₄₀H₃₂B₂F₈N₄Pd₂·CH₃NO₂: C, 48.46; H, 3.47; N, 6.89. Found: C, 48.44; H, 3.59; N, 6.38.

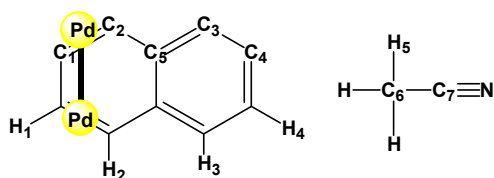


Synthesis of [Pd₂(μ-benzene)₂(CH₃CN)₂][BF₄]₂ (4): To a solution of [Pd₂(CH₃CN)₆][BF₄]₂ (344 mg, 0.54 mmol) in CH₃NO₂ was added benzene, and the resultant brown precipitates were collected and dried in vacuum. This treatment was repeated ten times. The brown powder was dissolved in CH₃NO₂, and filtered. Addition of benzene to the filtrate gave brown **4** (148 mg) in 44% yield. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃NO₂, 25 °C): δ 7.35 (12H, s, H₁), 2.56 (6H, s, H₂). No change of the

shape of the benzene proton signal was observed at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100.6 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$): δ 126.1 (s, C_3), 112.9 (s, C_1), 3.4 (s, C_2). Anal. Calcd. For. $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{18}\text{B}_2\text{F}_8\text{N}_2\text{Pd}_2 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$: C, 29.77; H, 3.09; N, 6.13. Found: C, 30.12; H, 2.97; N, 6.67.



Synthesis of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-naphthalene})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (5**):** To a solution of naphthalene (1.01 g, 7.89 mmol) in CH_3NO_2 was added $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_6][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (198 mg, 0.312 mmol), and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at ambient temperature. The solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. Addition of Et_2O gave a yellow-orange precipitate, which was then washed with Et_2O and *n*-hexane. Recrystallization from $\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ gave reddish orange microcrystals of **5** (158 mg) in 70% yield. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$): δ 7.84 (4H, br, H_2), 7.81 (4H, br, H_3), 7.49 (4H, br, H_4), 6.71 (4H, br, H_1), 2.69 (6H, s, H_5). Variable temperature ^1H NMR spectra were shown in Figure S1. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$): δ 132.6 (s, C_4), 130.8 (s, C_5), 129.3 (s, C_3), 126.0 (s, C_7), 97.4 (s, C_2), 94.7 (s, C_1), 2.9 (s, C_6). Anal. Calcd. For. $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{22}\text{B}_2\text{F}_8\text{N}_2\text{Pd}_2$: C, 39.77; H, 3.06; N, 3.86. Found: C, 39.21; H, 2.90; N, 3.84.



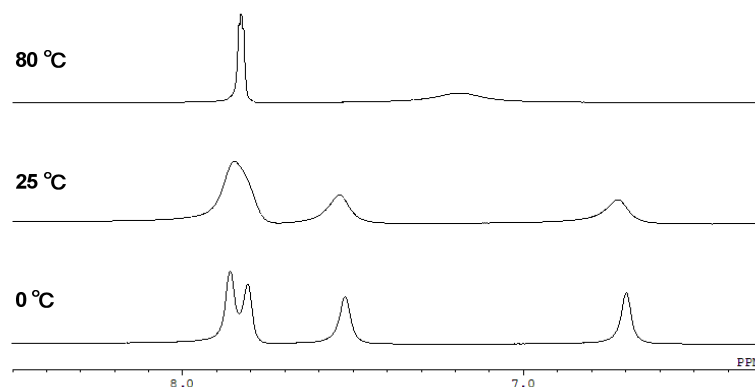
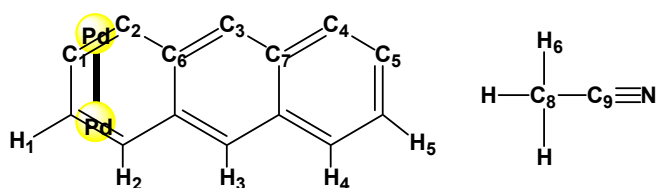


Figure S1. Variable temperature ^1H NMR spectra of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-naphthalene})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (**5**) in CD_3NO_2 .

Synthesis of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-anthracene})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (6**):** To a suspension of anthracene (849 mg, 4.76 mmol) in CH_3NO_2 was added $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_6][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (311 mg, 0.490 mmol), and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at ambient temperature. The solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. Addition of Et_2O gave a dark purple precipitate, which was then washed with Et_2O and *n*-hexane. Recrystallization from $\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ gave a dark purple powder of **6** (241 mg) in 60% yield. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$): δ 8.29 (4H, s, H_3), 7.88 (4H, br, H_2), 7.63 (4H, dd, $J = 6\text{ Hz}$, $J = 2\text{ Hz}$, H_4), 7.47 (4H, dd, $J = 7\text{ Hz}$, $J = 3\text{ Hz}$, H_5), 6.53 (4H, dd, $J = 5\text{ Hz}$, $J = 3\text{ Hz}$, H_1), 2.74 (6H, s, H_6). Variable temperature ^1H NMR spectra were shown in Figure S2. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100.6 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$): δ 134.3 (s, C_6 or C_7), 130.4 (s, C_5), 129.6 (s, C_3), 128.8 (s, C_4), 126.8 (s, C_6 or C_7), 126.0 (s, C_9), 98.6 (s, C_2), 91.5 (s, C_1), 2.9 (s, C_8). Anal. Calcd. For. $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{26}\text{B}_2\text{F}_8\text{N}_2\text{Pd}_2$: C, 46.59; H, 3.18; N, 3.40. Found: C, 45.91; H, 2.95; N, 3.51.



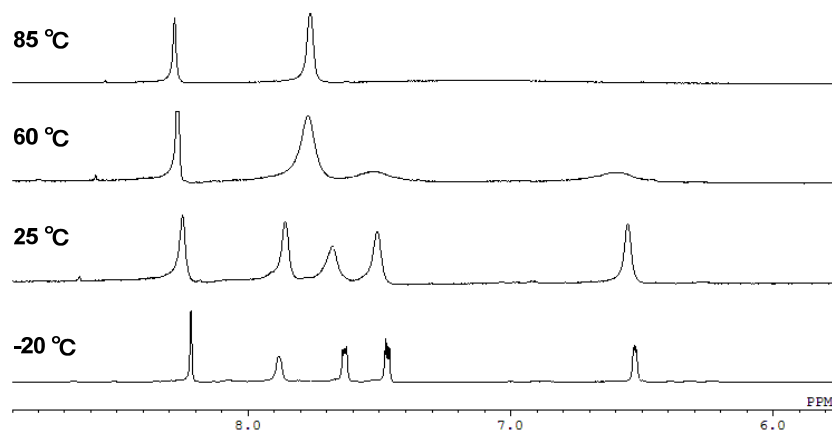
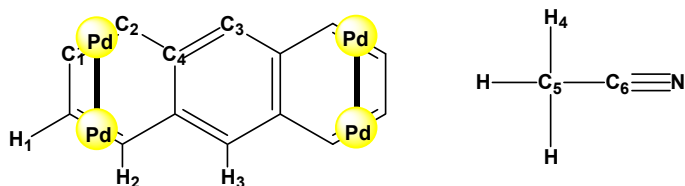


Figure S2. Variable temperature ^1H NMR spectra of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-anthracene})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (**6**) in CD_3NO_2 .

Synthesis of $[\text{Pd}_4(\mu\text{-anthracene})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_4][\text{BF}_4]_4$ (7**):** To a suspension of anthracene (56.3 mg, 0.32 mmol) in CH_3NO_2 was added $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_6][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (200 mg, 0.320 mmol), and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at ambient temperature. The volatiles were removed by evaporation under vacuum. Then the residues were dissolved in CH_3NO_2 and then volatiles were removed by evaporation under vacuum again. Then the CH_3NO_2 solution of the residues was filtered. Crystallization from CH_3NO_2 /toluene gave a dark brown powder of **7** (149 mg) in 73% yield. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , 25 °C): δ 10.09 (4H, s, H_3), 8.74 (8H, m, H_2), 6.38 (8H, m, H_1), 3.03 (12H, br, H_4). $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100.6 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , 25 °C): δ 135.0 (s, C_4), 128.9 (s, C_3), 98.9 (s, C_2), 96.5 (s, C_1). Anal. Calcd. For. $\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{32}\text{B}_4\text{F}_{16}\text{N}_4\text{Pd}_4$: C, 33.43; H, 2.49; N, 4.33. Found: C, 32.65; H, 2.49; N, 3.92.



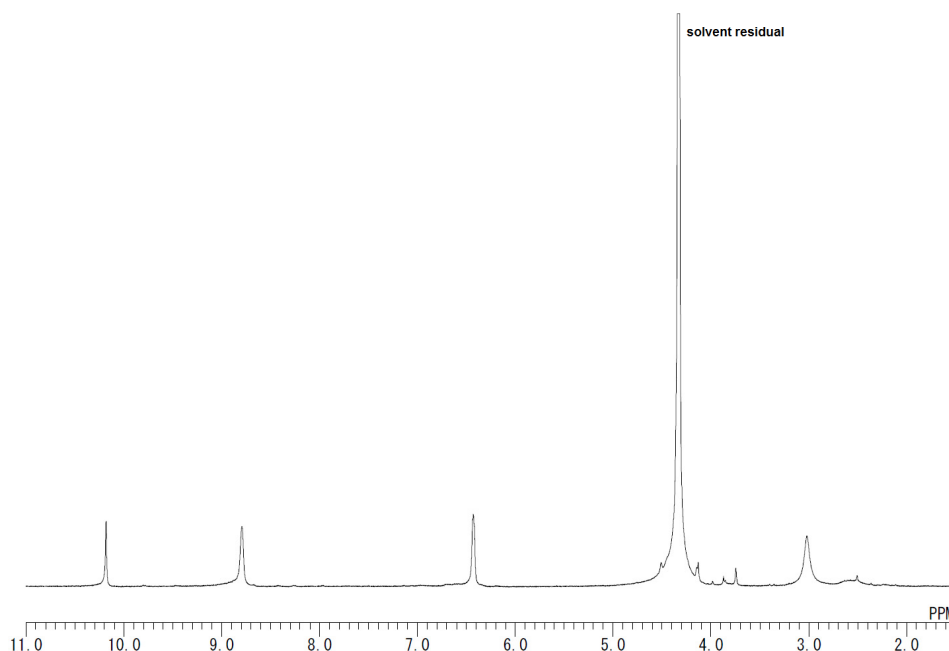
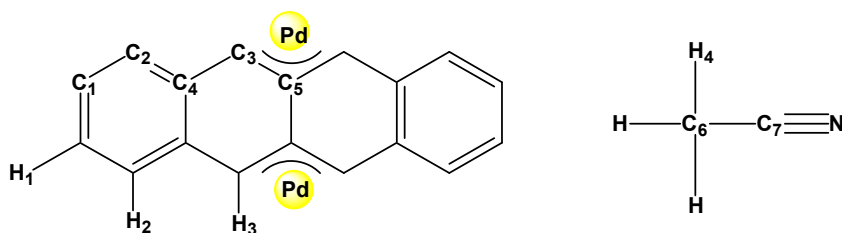


Figure S3. A ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\text{Pd}_4(\mu\text{-anthracene})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_4][\text{BF}_4]_4$ (**7**) in CD_3NO_2 .

Synthesis of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-tetracene})(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_4][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (8**):** To a suspension of tetracene (51.4 mg, 0.225 mmol) in CH_3NO_2 was added $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_6][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (127 mg, 0.201 mmol), and the mixture was stirred for 4 h at ambient temperature. The solution was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. Addition of Et_2O gave a yellow precipitate, which was then washed with Et_2O . Recrystallization from CH_3NO_2 /benzene/ CH_3CN gave orange needle crystals of **8** (85 mg) in 54% yield. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , 25 $^\circ\text{C}$): δ 8.11 (4H, dd, $J = 5$ Hz, $J = 3$ Hz, H_2), 7.77 (4H, dd, $J = 5$ Hz, $J = 3$ Hz, H_1), 6.21 (4H, s, H_3), 2.10 (12H, s, H_4). $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100.6 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , 25 $^\circ\text{C}$): δ 132.0 (s, C_4), 129.1 (s, C_2), 128.1 (s, C_1), 120.2 (s, C_7), 106.4 (s, C_5), 73.8 (s, C_3), 3.7 (s, C_6). Anal. Calcd. For. $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{24}\text{B}_2\text{F}_8\text{N}_4\text{Pd}_2 \cdot \text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}$: C, 46.75; H, 4.04; N, 6.23. Found: C, 46.84; H, 4.11; N, 6.08.



Synthesis of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-pentacene})(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_4][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (9**):** To a suspension of pentacene (206 mg, 0.74 mmol) in CH_3NO_2 was added $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_6][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (423 mg, 0.67 mmol), and the mixture was stirred for 5 h at 51 °C. The solution was filtered. Addition of toluene gave a yellow precipitate, which was then washed with toluene and Et_2O . Recrystallization from CH_3NO_2 /benzene gave yellow crystals of **9** (444 mg) in 80% yield. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , -20 °C): δ 8.64 (2H, s, H_5), 8.10 (2H, dd, $J = 5$ Hz, $J = 3$ Hz, H_2), 8.05 (2H, dd, $J = 6$ Hz, $J = 3$ Hz, H_6), 7.78 (2H, dd, $J = 6$ Hz, $J = 3$ Hz, H_1), 6.62 (2H, dd, $J = 6$ Hz, $J = 3$ Hz, H_7), 6.19 (2H, s, H_4), 6.16 (2H, s, H_3), 2.0 (6H, br s, H_8), 1.9 (6H, br s, H_8). $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100.6 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , 25 °C): δ 135.6 (s, C_{10}), 135.1 (s, C_{13}), 133.0 (s, C_5), 132.7 (s, C_2), 132.1 (s, C_{12}), 131.7 (s, C_1), 129.6 (s, C_6 and C_7), 123.5 (s, C_9), 108.6 (s, C_{11}), 76.2 (s, C_3), 74.4 (s, C_4), 2.2 (s, C_9). Anal. Calcd. For. $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{26}\text{B}_2\text{F}_8\text{N}_4\text{Pd}_2$: C, 43.46; H, 3.16; N, 6.76. Found: C, 43.07 H, 3.46; N, 5.84.

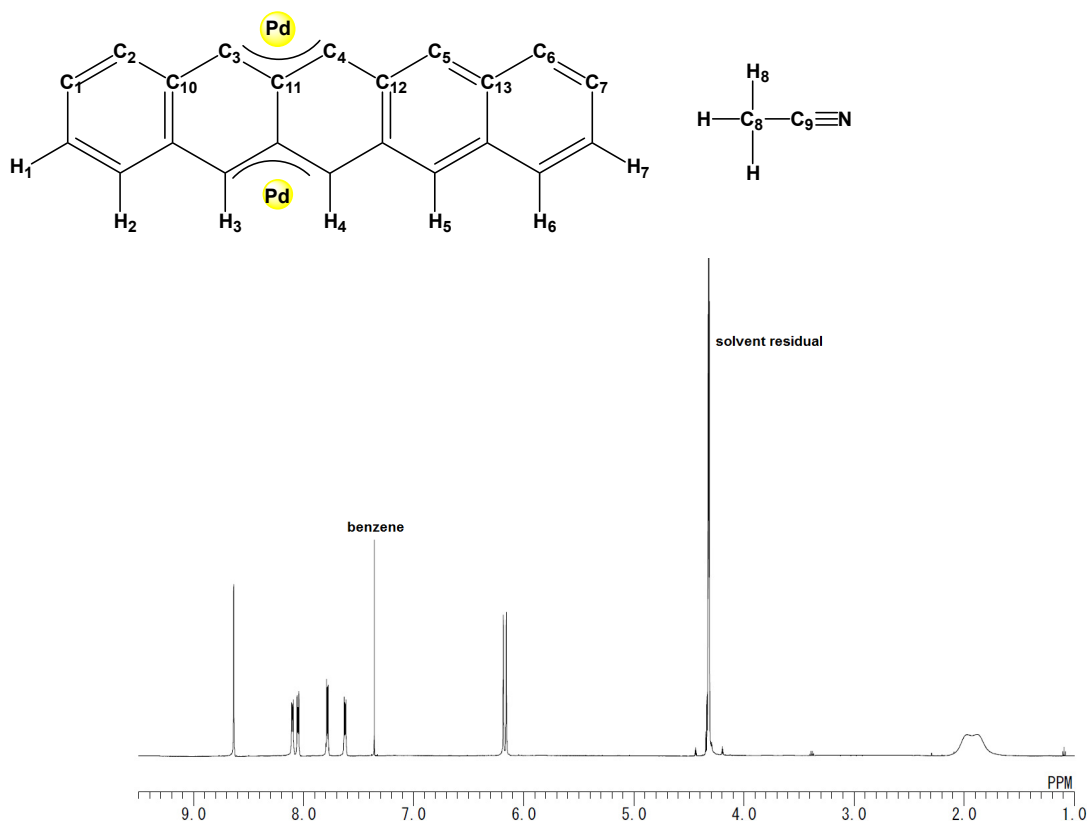


Figure S4. A ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-pentacene})(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_4][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (**9**) in CD_3NO_2 at -20 °C.

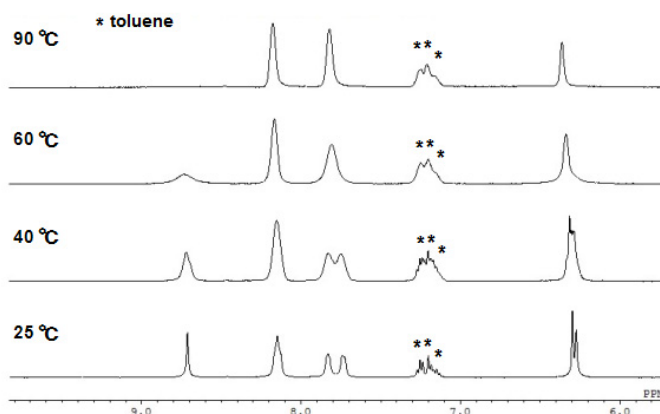


Figure S5. Variable temperature ^1H NMR spectra of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-pentacene})(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_4][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (**9**) in CD_3NO_2 .

Synthesis of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-anthracene})(\text{phen})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (10**):** To a solution of $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_6][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (100 mg, 0.16 mmol) in CH_3NO_2 was slowly added a CH_2Cl_2 solution of anthracene (28.2 mg, 0.16 mmol) and 1,10-phenanthroline (57.0 mg, 0.32 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered, and crystallization from CH_3NO_2 /toluene gave orange needle crystals of **10** (10.0 mg, 7 % yield). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , 25 °C): δ 8.65 (2H, dd, $J = 5$ Hz, $J = 1$ Hz, H_{13}), 8.41 (4H, m, H_1 , H_4), 8.23 (2H, dd, $J = 8$ Hz, $J = 1$ Hz, H_{11}), 8.13 (4H, m, H_5 , H_8), 7.57 (8H, m, H_6 , H_9 , H_{10} , H_{12}), 7.32 (2H, dd, $J = 8.4$ Hz, $J = 5.2$ Hz, H_7), 6.13 (2H, t, $J = 3.6$ Hz, H_2), 6.05 (2H, s, H_3). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CD_3NO_2 , 25 °C): δ 153.2 (s, C_{17}), 149.2 (s, C_8), 145.3 (s, C_{18}), 144.1 (s, C_{19}), 141 (s, C_{10} , C_{15}), 135.8 (s, C_5), 135.6 (s, C_1), 133.7 (s, C_6), 131.9 (s, C_7), 130.5 (s, C_{14}), 130.3 (s, C_{11}), 128.6 (s, C_{12} or C_{13}), 128.5 (s, C_{12} or C_{13}), 127.7 (s, C_{16}), 126.8 (s, C_9), 110.6 (s, C_3), 74.6 (s, C_2), 70.4 (s, C_4). Anal. Calcd. For. $\text{C}_{38}\text{H}_{26}\text{B}_2\text{F}_8\text{N}_4\text{Pd}_2$: C, 49.34; H, 2.83; N, 5.95. Found: C, 48.76; H, 3.61; N, 5.95.

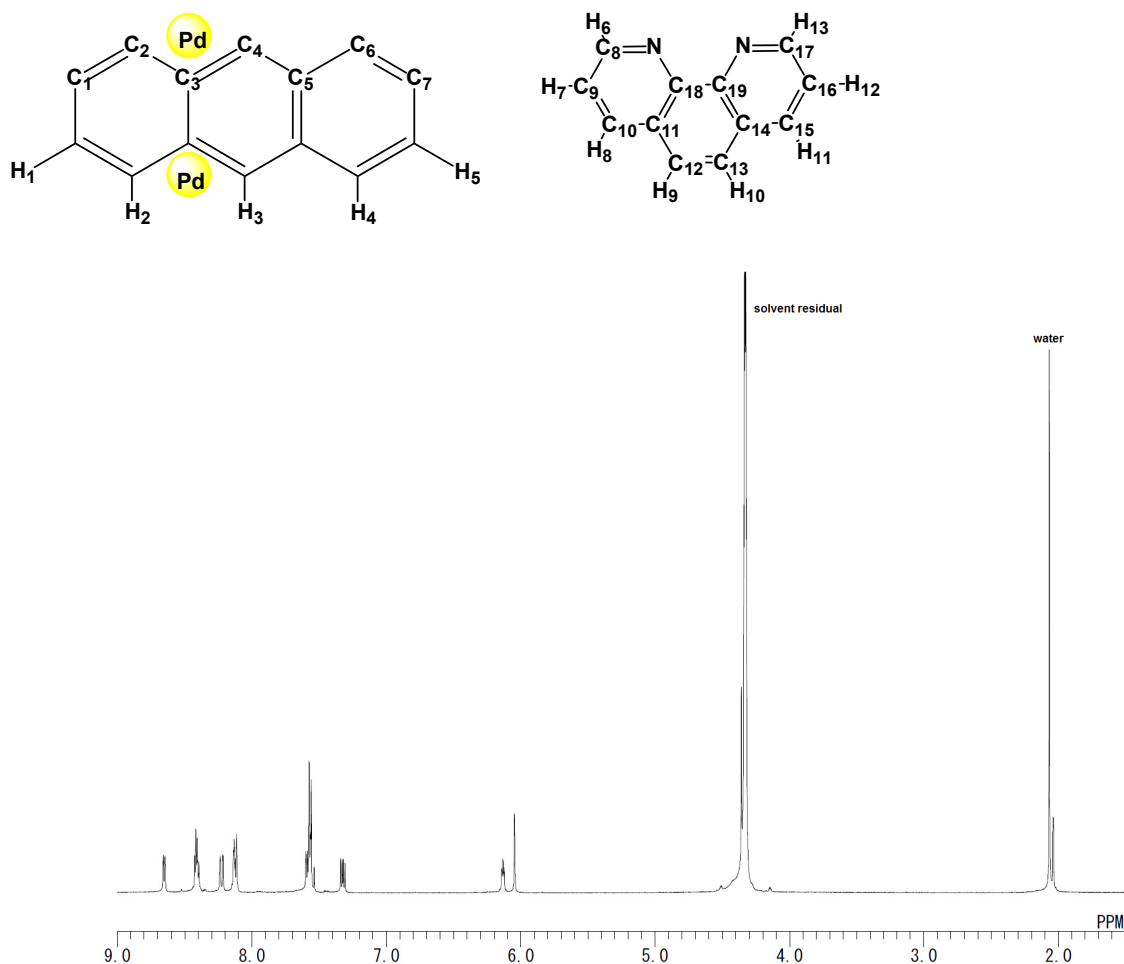


Figure S6. A ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-anthracene})(\text{phen})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$ (**10**) in CD_3NO_2 .

Computational Details

All calculations were carried out with Gaussian03 program package (Revision C.02).⁴ Geometrical optimization was carried out initially with DFT method (B3LYP).⁵ Core electrons of Pd were replaced with Stuttgart-Dresden-Bonn relativistic effect core potentials (ECPs) and its valence electrons were represented by (8s7p6d)/[6s5p3d] basis set.⁶ 6-311G(d) basis sets were used for other atoms.⁷

The results of the Natural Charge Analyses on $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-}\eta^3\text{:}\eta^3\text{-acene})(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$ were shown in Table S1. Cartesian coordinates of the optimized geometries of the model compounds $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{naphthalene})(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$, $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{anthracene})(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$, $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{tetracene})(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$, and $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{pentacene})(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$ were shown in Tables S2, S3, S4, and S5.

Table S1. Charge distribution in $[\text{Pd}_2(\mu\text{-}\eta^3\text{-acene})(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$ based on the Natural Population Analyses at the B3LYP level

complex	acene	$[\text{Pd}(\text{HCN})_2]_2$
$[\text{Pd}_2(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8)_2(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$	+0.333	+1.667
$[\text{Pd}_2(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10})_2(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$	+0.397	+1.603
$[\text{Pd}_2(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{12})_2(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$	+0.445	+1.555
$[\text{Pd}_2(\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{14})_2(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$	+0.489	+1.511

Table S2. Cartesian coordinates of $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{naphthalene})(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$

Pd1	1.98	-0.00005	0.11182	H17	2.4525	-1.29955	-2.01219
Pd2	-1.97998	0.00003	0.1119	H18	2.45255	1.29942	-2.01219
C3	3.13545	-2.33127	2.10312	H19	-2.45262	-1.29945	-2.0121
C4	3.13566	2.33169	2.10238	H20	-2.45257	1.29952	-2.0121
C5	-3.13555	-2.33166	2.10258	N21	2.65942	-1.54438	1.42082
C6	-3.13552	2.33176	2.10255	N22	2.65945	1.54426	1.42083
C7	1.42739	-1.23567	-1.65412	N23	-2.65942	-1.54428	1.42092
C8	1.42744	1.23559	-1.65413	N24	-2.65934	1.54436	1.42094
C9	0.68073	-2.46235	-1.52796	H25	3.58561	-3.06828	2.73998
C10	0.68083	2.46231	-1.528	H26	3.58575	3.06747	2.74071
C11	0.7226	-0.00002	-1.75714	H27	-3.58564	-3.06771	2.74061
C12	-0.68088	-2.46233	-1.52794	H28	-3.58561	3.0676	2.74081
C13	-0.68079	2.46233	-1.52797	H29	1.2257	-3.39886	-1.49942
C14	-0.72266	0	-1.75711	H30	-1.22588	-3.39881	-1.49938
C15	-1.4275	-1.23561	-1.65406	H31	1.22583	3.3988	-1.49947
C16	-1.42745	1.23565	-1.65408	H32	-1.22575	3.39884	-1.49942

Table S3. Cartesian coordinates of $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{anthracene})(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$

Pd1	0.54701	1.92474	0.13179	C20	-1.16803	-1.4331	-1.20133
Pd2	0.54745	-1.9246	0.13186	H21	1.13878	2.45795	-2.2854

C3	3.37998	3.05471	1.36034	H22	-3.53732	2.4817	-0.44248
C4	-1.07094	2.96825	2.78568	H23	-1.31157	2.46444	-1.51576
C5	3.38098	-3.05396	1.35971	H24	-3.53674	-2.48253	-0.44238
C6	-1.0702	-2.96839	2.78582	H25	1.13935	-2.45776	-2.28531
C7	-3.52361	1.3969	-0.41375	H26	-1.311	-2.46479	-1.51567
C8	1.18363	1.42679	-1.94311	N27	2.42182	2.587	0.94208
C9	-1.16836	1.43279	-1.20139	N28	-0.5302	2.53706	1.87281
C10	2.38827	0.68087	-2.20636	N29	2.42242	-2.58642	0.94218
C11	-4.67038	0.69961	-0.06291	N30	-0.52961	-2.5371	1.87292
C12	-2.34775	0.71124	-0.75657	H31	4.27657	3.49689	1.74949
C13	-0.02658	0.72611	-1.66874	H32	-1.57499	3.37633	3.63997
C14	-4.67022	-0.70069	-0.06288	H33	4.27708	-3.49596	1.75019
C15	2.38843	-0.68039	-2.20633	H34	-1.57421	-3.37657	3.64009
C16	-2.34759	-0.7118	-0.75654	H35	-5.57538	1.23966	0.19095
C17	-3.52328	-1.39773	-0.41369	H36	-5.57509	-1.24094	0.191
C18	-0.02641	-0.72617	-1.66871	H37	3.28832	1.22659	-2.46504
C19	1.18396	-1.42658	-1.94306	H38	3.28861	-1.22591	-2.46499

Table S4. Cartesian coordinates of $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{tetracene})(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$

Pd1	-0.00007	1.87398	0.44358	C23	1.23047	-1.432	-1.36116
Pd2	0.00002	-1.87395	0.44366	C24	-1.23028	-1.43208	-1.36121
C3	2.34134	2.90769	2.50852	H25	3.71818	2.48212	-1.36981
C4	-2.34196	2.90789	2.50789	H26	5.8526	1.24054	-1.39284
C5	2.34187	-2.90791	2.50794	H27	1.27002	2.46873	-1.68803
C6	-2.34193	-2.90757	2.50806	H28	-3.71819	2.48192	-1.3699
C7	3.71431	1.39725	-1.33962	H29	-1.27004	2.46865	-1.68815
C8	4.91343	0.70029	-1.35749	H30	5.85266	-1.24029	-1.39279
C9	-3.71426	1.39705	-1.33971	H31	3.7183	-2.48198	-1.36971
C10	1.2304	1.43202	-1.36122	H32	-3.71806	-2.48217	-1.3698
C11	-1.23035	1.43197	-1.36127	H33	1.27015	-2.46872	-1.68793
C12	2.4902	0.71121	-1.30658	H34	-1.26991	-2.46878	-1.68806
C13	-4.91335	0.70003	-1.35759	N35	1.54873	2.47936	1.8012

C14	4.91346	-0.70008	-1.35746	N36	-1.54891	2.47959	1.80106
C15	-2.49013	0.71108	-1.30664	N37	1.54881	-2.4793	1.80131
C16	0.00004	0.72974	-1.46286	N38	-1.54883	-2.4795	1.80115
C17	-4.91332	-0.70034	-1.35757	H39	3.08314	3.31328	3.16819
C18	2.49024	-0.71113	-1.30655	H40	-3.08234	3.31331	3.16926
C19	3.71438	-1.3971	-1.33957	H41	3.08262	-3.31363	3.16872
C20	-2.49009	-0.71126	-1.30661	H42	-3.08244	-3.31281	3.1694
C21	-3.71419	-1.39729	-1.33966	H43	-5.85255	1.24023	-1.39295
C22	0.00008	-0.7298	-1.46283	H44	-5.85248	-1.24059	-1.39292

Table S5. Cartesian coordinates of $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{pentacene})(\text{HCN})_4]^{2+}$

Pd1	-0.68332	-1.84969	0.51603	C26	-0.43613	0.73165	-1.38603
Pd2	-0.68307	1.84975	0.51565	C27	-1.66939	1.43122	-1.4421
C3	-3.2797	-2.86195	2.27521	C28	0.77215	1.43488	-1.13682
C4	1.38333	-2.84619	2.87762	H29	-4.1347	-2.48197	-1.7748
C5	-3.27995	2.86118	2.2747	H30	-6.24828	-1.24056	-2.07635
C6	1.38258	2.84874	2.87705	H31	5.69946	-2.49206	-0.68774
C7	-4.13506	-1.39701	-1.74635	H32	-1.66712	-2.47126	-1.76071
C8	-5.32149	-0.70033	-1.92003	H33	7.81789	-1.24077	-0.54767
C9	5.69414	-1.407	-0.6766	H34	3.22892	-2.48593	-0.88753
C10	6.87502	-0.70824	-0.60067	H35	0.84137	-2.47636	-1.44265
C11	3.22399	-1.40001	-0.85785	H36	-6.2482	1.24054	-2.07655
C12	-1.66948	-1.43145	-1.4418	H37	7.81797	1.24013	-0.54794
C13	0.77206	-1.43516	-1.13651	H38	-4.13454	2.48186	-1.77523
C14	-2.92518	-0.71102	-1.55587	H39	5.69963	2.49153	-0.68827
C15	4.45608	-0.71905	-0.75505	H40	3.22908	2.48552	-0.88806
C16	-5.32145	0.70027	-1.92015	H41	-1.66698	2.47099	-1.76114
C17	2.0199	-0.72099	-0.94628	H42	0.84155	2.47598	-1.44326
C18	6.87507	0.70765	-0.60082	N43	-2.39798	-2.44167	1.67662
C19	-0.43617	-0.73192	-1.38587	N44	0.68598	-2.43236	2.06844
C20	4.45612	0.71859	-0.7552	N45	-2.3977	2.4416	1.67643

C21	-2.92513	0.71086	-1.556	N46	0.68586	2.43336	2.06812
C22	-4.13497	1.39691	-1.7466	H47	-4.1048	-3.2597	2.83239
C23	5.69423	1.40647	-0.6769	H48	2.03372	-3.23803	3.63442
C24	2.01995	0.72065	-0.94644	H49	-4.1041	3.25835	2.83371
C25	3.22408	1.39961	-0.85816	H50	2.03254	3.24189	3.63354

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X-ray Crystallographic Data for [Pd₂(μ -[2.2]paracyclophane)₂(phen)₂][BF₄]₂ (3)

EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS

A. Crystal Data

Empirical Formula	C _{49.50} H ₄₁ B ₂ F ₈ N _{4.50} OPd ₂
Formula Weight	1101.31
Crystal Color, Habit	orange, block
Crystal Dimensions	0.100 X 0.100 X 0.100 mm
Crystal System	monoclinic
Lattice Type	Primitive
Lattice Parameters	a = 17.4255(7) Å b = 23.633(1) Å c = 21.2105(9) Å β = 98.028(2) ° V = 8649.2(6) Å ³
Space Group	P2 ₁ /c (#14)
Z value	8
D _{calc}	1.691 g/cm ³
F ₀₀₀	4412.00
μ (MoK α)	9.126 cm ⁻¹

B. Intensity Measurements

Diffractometer	R-AXIS RAPID
Radiation	MoK α (λ = 0.71075 Å) graphite monochromated
Voltage, Current	50kV, 40mA
Temperature	-150.0°C
Detector Aperture	280 x 256 mm
Data Images	110 exposures
ω oscillation Range (χ =45.0, ϕ =30.0)	130.0 - 190.0°
Exposure Rate	160.0 sec./°
ω oscillation Range (χ =45.0, ϕ =180.0)	0.0 - 160.0°
Exposure Rate	160.0 sec./°
Detector Position	127.40 mm
Pixel Size	0.100 mm
2 θ _{max}	55.0°
No. of Reflections Measured	Total: 79121 Unique: 19201 (R _{int} = 0.0939)
Corrections	Lorentz-polarization Absorption (trans. factors: 0.501 - 0.913)

C. Structure Solution and Refinement

Structure Solution	Patterson Methods (DIRDIF99 PATTY)
Refinement	Full-matrix least-squares on F
Function Minimized	$\sum w (Fo - Fc)^2$
Least Squares Weights parameters	Chebyshev polynomial with 3 4.6291, 1.2093, 3.6902,
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$ cutoff	55.0°
Anomalous Dispersion	All non-hydrogen atoms
No. Observations ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	10553
No. Variables	1289
Reflection/Parameter Ratio	8.19
Residuals: R ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	0.0496
Residuals: wR ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	0.0571
Goodness of Fit Indicator	1.120
Max Shift/Error in Final Cycle	0.157
Maximum peak in Final Diff. Map	1.58 e-/Å ³
Minimum peak in Final Diff. Map	-0.99 e-/Å ³

X-ray Crystallographic Data for [Pd₂(μ -naphthalene)₂(CH₃CN)₂][BF₄]₂ (5)

EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS

A. Crystal Data

Empirical Formula	C ₂₄ H ₂₂ B ₂ F ₈ N ₂ Pd ₂
Formula Weight	724.86
Crystal Color, Habit	red, block
Crystal Dimensions	0.200 X 0.200 X 0.150 mm
Crystal System	triclinic
Lattice Type	Primitive
Lattice Parameters	a = 9.643(3) Å b = 11.957(4) Å c = 13.585(4) Å α = 63.325(6) ° β = 81.360(6) ° γ = 69.636(5) ° V = 1312.1(6) Å ³
Space Group	P-1 (#2)
Z value	2
D _{calc}	1.835 g/cm ³
F ₀₀₀	708.00
μ (MoK α)	14.451 cm ⁻¹

B. Intensity Measurements

Diffractometer	R-Axis RAPID
Radiation	MoK α (λ = 0.71075 Å) graphite monochromated
Voltage, Current	50kV, 40mA
Temperature	23.0°C
Detector Aperture	280 x 256 mm
Data Images	55 exposures
ω oscillation Range (χ =45.0, ϕ =0.0)	130.0 - 190.0°
Exposure Rate	80.0 sec./°
ω oscillation Range (χ =45.0, ϕ =180.0)	0.0 - 160.0°
Exposure Rate	80.0 sec./°
Detector Position	127.40 mm
Pixel Size	0.100 mm
2 θ _{max}	54.8°
No. of Reflections Measured	Total: 12761 Unique: 5874 (R _{int} = 0.0656)
Corrections	Lorentz-polarization Absorption (trans. factors: 0.542 - 0.805)

C. Structure Solution and Refinement

Structure Solution	Patterson Methods (DIRDIF99 PATTY)
Refinement	Full-matrix least-squares on F
Function Minimized	$\sum w (F_o - F_c)^2$
Least Squares Weights parameters	Chebyshev polynomial with 3 2.3880, 2.2307, 1.3110,
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$ cutoff	54.8°
Anomalous Dispersion	All non-hydrogen atoms
No. Observations ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	4127
No. Variables	355
Reflection/Parameter Ratio	11.63
Residuals: R ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	0.0533
Residuals: wR ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	0.0613
Goodness of Fit Indicator	0.960
Max Shift/Error in Final Cycle	0.149
Maximum peak in Final Diff. Map	1.21 e-/Å ³
Minimum peak in Final Diff. Map	-0.75 e-/Å ³

X-ray Crystallographic Data for [Pd₂(μ -tetracene)(CH₃CN)₄][BF₄]₂ (8)

EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS

A. Crystal Data

Empirical Formula	C _{32.50} H _{32.50} B ₂ F ₈ N _{4.50} OPd ₂
Formula Weight	888.55
Crystal Color, Habit	orange, platelet
Crystal Dimensions	0.200 X 0.200 X 0.100 mm
Crystal System	triclinic
Lattice Type	Primitive
Lattice Parameters	a = 10.2184(7) Å b = 13.876(1) Å c = 25.846(2) Å α = 89.238(2) ° β = 81.877(2) ° γ = 78.169(2) ° V = 3550.5(5) Å ³
Space Group	P-1 (#2)
Z value	4
D _{calc}	1.662 g/cm ³
F ₀₀₀	1764.00
μ (MoK α)	10.890 cm ⁻¹

B. Intensity Measurements

Diffractometer	R-Axis RAPID
Radiation	MoK α (λ = 0.71075 Å) graphite monochromated
Voltage, Current	50kV, 40mA
Temperature	-150.0°C
Detector Aperture	280 x 256 mm
Data Images	72 exposures
ω oscillation Range (χ =45.0, ψ =0.0)	0.0 - 180.0°
Exposure Rate	140.0 sec./°
ω oscillation Range (χ =45.0, ψ =210.0)	0.0 - 180.0°
Exposure Rate	140.0 sec./°
Detector Position	127.40 mm
Pixel Size	0.100 mm
2 θ _{max}	55.0°
No. of Reflections Measured	Total: 53334 Unique: 16181 (R _{int} = 0.1161)
Corrections	Lorentz-polarization Absorption (trans. factors: 0.468 - 0.897)

C. Structure Solution and Refinement

Structure Solution	Patterson Methods (DIRDIF99 PATTY)
Refinement	Full-matrix least-squares on F
Function Minimized	$\Sigma w (Fo - Fc)^2$
Least Squares Weights parameters	Chebyshev polynomial with 3 6.5805, 0.6492, 4.7262,
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$ cutoff	55.0°
Anomalous Dispersion	All non-hydrogen atoms
No. Observations ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	6089
No. Variables	954
Reflection/Parameter Ratio	6.38
Residuals: R ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	0.0599
Residuals: wR ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	0.0704
Goodness of Fit Indicator	1.111
Max Shift/Error in Final Cycle	0.057
Maximum peak in Final Diff. Map	1.70 e ⁻ /Å ³
Minimum peak in Final Diff. Map	-1.08 e ⁻ /Å ³

X-ray Crystallographic Data for [Pd₂(μ -pentacene)(CH₃CN)₄][BF₄]₂ (9)

EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS

A. Crystal Data

Empirical Formula	C _{33.50} H ₃₀ B ₂ F ₈ N ₄ Pd ₂
Formula Weight	875.04
Crystal Color, Habit	orange, block
Crystal Dimensions	0.200 X 0.100 X 0.100 mm
Crystal System	monoclinic
Lattice Type	Primitive
Lattice Parameters	a = 13.4428(5) Å b = 24.2164(9) Å c = 10.8013(5) Å β = 101.052(1) ° V = 3451.0(3) Å ³
Space Group	P2 ₁ /c (#14)
Z value	4
D _{calc}	1.684 g/cm ³
F ₀₀₀	1732.00
μ (MoK α)	11.167 cm ⁻¹

B. Intensity Measurements

Diffractometer	R-AXIS RAPID
Radiation	MoK α (λ = 0.71075 Å) graphite monochromated
Voltage, Current	50kV, 40mA
Temperature	-150.0°C
Detector Aperture	280 x 256 mm
Data Images	55 exposures
ω oscillation Range (χ =45.0, ϕ =90.0)	130.0 - 190.0°
Exposure Rate	100.0 sec./°
ω oscillation Range (χ =45.0, ϕ =270.0)	0.0 - 160.0°
Exposure Rate	100.0 sec./°
Detector Position	127.40 mm
Pixel Size	0.100 mm
2 θ _{max}	54.9°
No. of Reflections Measured	Total: 33650 Unique: 7876 (R _{int} = 0.0699)
Corrections	Lorentz-polarization Absorption (trans. factors: 0.497 - 0.894)

C. Structure Solution and Refinement

Structure Solution	Patterson Methods (DIRDIF99 PATTY)
Refinement	Full-matrix least-squares on F
Function Minimized	$\Sigma w (F_o - F_c)^2$
Least Squares Weights	$1/[0.0010F_o^2 + 1.0000\sigma(F_o^2)]$
$2\theta_{\max}$ cutoff	54.9°
Anomalous Dispersion	All non-hydrogen atoms
No. Observations ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	3841
No. Variables	480
Reflection/Parameter Ratio	8.00
Residuals: R ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	0.0455
Residuals: wR ($I > 3.00\sigma(I)$)	0.0607
Goodness of Fit Indicator	1.362
Max Shift/Error in Final Cycle	0.195
Maximum peak in Final Diff. Map	0.73 e-/Å ³
Minimum peak in Final Diff. Map	-0.88 e-/Å ³