Supporting Information for

Synthesis of the Tetracyclic Core of Daphnilactone B-Type and Yuzurimine-Type Alkaloids

Guillaume Bélanger,* Jonathan Boudreault, François Lévesque

Département de Chimie, Université de Sherbrooke

2500 boulevard de l'Université, Sherbrooke, Québec, J1K 2R1, Canada

Content :

Ι	General Information	2
II	Synthesis of 3 and Cyclization to 1	3
III	Synthesis of 28	19
IV	¹ H and ¹³ C NMR Spectra for Compounds 1a , 1b , 3-6 , 14-25 , 27 , and 28	21
V	¹ H Spectrum of Iminium Ion 29	42
VI	COSY and NOESY Spectra of Isomer of 25 and of 1a and 1b	43
VII	References	49

I General Information

All required fine chemicals were used directly without purification unless mentioned. Compounds lacking experimental details were prepared according to the literature as cited and are in agreement with published spectra. THF and Et₂O were distilled from Na and benzophenone at atmospheric pressure. Dichloromethane, toluene, diisopropylamine, diisopropylethylamine, and triethylamine were distilled from CaH₂ at atmospheric pressure. Triflic anhydride was distilled over a small amount of phosphorus pentoxide (P_2O_5) at atmospheric pressure prior to use. Methanol was distilled over 4 Å molecular sieves at atmospheric pressure. Infrared spectra were recorded with an ABB Bomen MB series spectrometer by applying substrates as thin films onto a KBr plate. ¹H (300 MHz) NMR and ¹³C (75 MHz) NMR spectra were measured with a Bruker AC-300 spectrometer. ¹H (400 MHz) NMR and ¹³C (100 MHz) NMR spectra were measured with a Varian AS-400 spectrometer. NMR spectra are given in ppm as referenced to CDCl₃ (7.26 ppm for ¹H NMR and 77.0 ppm for ¹³C NMR). 2D experiments (COSY, NOESY) were measured with a Varian AS-400 spectrometer. ¹H NMR coupling constants are reported in Hertz and refer to apparent multiplicities and not true coupling constants. Data are reported as followed: chemical shift, multiplicity (s=singulet, br. s=broad singulet, d=doublet, t=triplet, q=quartet, qn=quintet, m=mutiplet, dd=doublets of doublets, etc.), coupling constant. Mass spectra were recorded with a VG Micromass ZAB-2F spectrometer or with a Synapt MS (Tof). Silia-P Silicycle (40-63 µm) silica gel was used for column chromatography, while Silicycle 60 Å silica gel plates (250 µm) were used for TLC analysis. All reactions were conducted under nitrogen or argon in flame-dried glassware and concentrations were performed under reduced pressure using a rotary evaporator.

Usual Reaction Work-up and Purification. After addition of the indicated aqueous solution, layers were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with the indicated solvent, and the combined organic

phases were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography using silica gel with the indicated eluent.

II Synthesis of 3 and Cyclization to 1



3-(Ethoxycarbonyl)hex-5-enoic acid (14). n-BuLi (2.50 M in hexanes, 5.75 mL, 14.4 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of i-Pr₂NH (2.10 mL, 14.7 mmol) in THF (15 mL) at -78 °C. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at -78 °C then a solution of ester 13 (1.00 g, 6.84 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C then cooled at -78 °C and a solution of 3-bromopropene (0.69 mL, 8.2 mmol) in THF (5.0 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to rt and stirred for 18 h. Water was added and THF was removed under reduced pressure. Aqueous HCl (1 N) was added at 0 °C until an acidic pH (2-3) was obtained. The usual work-up (EtOAc) and purification (20% EtOAc in hexanes containing 1% AcOH) gave 14 (709 mg, 56%) as a pale yellow oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 5.78-5.64 (m, 1H), 5.11-5.06 (m, 2H), 4.15 (q, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.94-2.85 (m, 1H), 2.74 (dd, J=17.0, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (dd, J=17.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.48-2.40 (m, 1H), 2.34-2.25 (m, 1H), 1.25 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 178.2 (s), 174.0 (s), 134.1 (d), 117.9 (t), 60.8 (t), 40.4 (d), 35.7 (t), 34.7 (t), 14.0 (q); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3361-2876, 3079, 2982, 2936, 1734, 1711, 1443, 1418, 1226, 1178; MS (EI) *m/z* (rel %) 187 [MH]⁺ (2), 168 $[M-H_2O]^+$ (7), 140 (54), 123 (67), 112 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for $C_9H_{15}O_4$ $[MH]^+$ 187.0970, found 187.0981.



4-Allyldihydrofuran-2(*3H*)-**one** (**6**). The protocol was adapted from a reported procedure.¹ KOH (13.6 g, 206 mmol), CaCl₂ (27.0 g, 244 mmol), and NaBH₄ (9.23 g, 244 mmol) were added to a solution of **14** (17.5 g, 93.7 mmol) in abs. EtOH (1.04 L) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 20 h at rt then aqueous HCl (2 N) was added until an acidic pH (2-3) was obtained. The solution was stirred for 18 h at rt then EtOH was removed under reduced pressure. The usual work-up (EtOAc) and purification (10 to 30% EtOAc in hexanes) afforded **6** (10.1 g, 85%) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 5.71 (ddt, *J*=17.0, 9.5, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12-5.07 (m, 2H), 4.38 (t, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (dd, *J*=8.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.68-2.57 (m, 2H), 2.27-2.17 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 176.8 (s), 134.1 (d), 117.4 (t), 72.4 (t), 36.8 (t), 34.4 (d), 33.6 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3079, 2978, 2909, 1779, 1173, 1013, 919; MS (EI) *m/z* (rel %) 98 [M-CO]⁺ (21), 84 (79), 67 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₇H₁₀O₂ [M]⁺ 126.0681, found 126.0684.



3-(Benzyloxy)propyl trifluoromethanesulfonate. Tf₂O (759 µL, 4.51 mmol) was added to a solution of 3-(benzyloxy)propan-1-ol² (500 mg, 3.01 mmol) and Et₃N (423 µL, 3.01 mmol) in DCM (40 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was stirred for 1.5 h at 0 °C then the solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The usual purification (0 to 10% Et₂O in hexane) afforded **BnO(CH₂)₃OTf** (880 mg, 97%) as a light yellow oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.40-7.29 (m, 5H), 4.70 (t, *J*=6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.52 (s, 2H), 3.60 (t, *J*=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.11 (qn, *J*=6.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 137.8

(s), 128.4 (d), 127.7 (d), 127.6 (d), 118.6 (q, $J_{C-F}=320 \text{ Hz}$), 74.7 (t), 73.1 (t), 64.7 (t), 29.6 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3090, 3066, 3033, 2937, 2868, 1412, 1246, 1206, 1147, 934; MS (EI) m/z (rel %) 298 [M]⁺ (72), 107 (83), 91 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₁H₁₃F₃O₄S₁ [M]⁺ 298.0487, found 298.0498.



rel-(**35**,**45**)-**4**-**Allyl-3-(3-benzyloxypropyl)dihydrofuran-2(3***H***)-one (15**). A solution of **6** (1.58 g, 12.5 mmol) in THF (35 mL) was added dropwise to a solution of KHMDS (0.5 M in toluene, 26.3 mL, 13.2 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C. The solution was stirred for 1 h at -78 °C then this solution was transferred via cannula to a solution of **BnO(CH₂)₃OTf** (6.52 g, 21.9 mmol) in THF (70 mL) at -78 °C. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at -78 °C then water was added and the mixture was allowed to warm up to rt. Saturated aqueous NaCl was added. The usual work-up (EtOAc) and purification (15% EtOAc in hexane) afforded **15** (2.77 g, 81%) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.38-7.28 (m, 5H), 5.77-5.64 (m, 1H), 5.13-5.07 (m, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 4.34 (dd, *J*=9.0, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (dd, *J*=9.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.54-3.45 (m, 2H), 2.42-2.22 (m, 3H), 2.19-2.08 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.69 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 178.8 (s), 138.2 (s), 133.9 (d), 128.1 (d), 127.4 (d), 127.3 (d), 117.6 (t), 72.6 (t), 70.6 (t), 69.6 (t), 44.1 (d), 39.9 (d), 36.4 (t), 26.6 (t), 25.9 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3030, 2917, 2859, 1773, 1453, 1361, 1165, 1101, 1017, 919; MS (EI) *m*/*z* (rel %) 275 [MH]⁺ (2), 274 [M]⁺ (1), 183 [M-C₇H₇]⁺ (54), 168 (38), 167 (37), 127 (94), 91 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₇H₂₂O₃ [M]⁺ 274.1569, found 274.1573.



rel-(35,45)-4-Allyl-3-(3-benzyloxypropyl)tetrahydrofuran-2-ol (16). A solution of DIBAL-H (1.0 M in DCM, 25.8 mL, 25.8 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of 15 (6.44 g, 23.5 mmol) in Et₂O (200 mL) at -78 °C. The solution was stirred for 1.5 h at -78 °C. MeOH (5.0 mL) was added and the mixture was warmed up at rt. Saturated aqueous Rochelle salt was added then the mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt. The usual work-up (Et₂O) and purification (60% Et₂O in hexane) afforded an inseparable 1:1.5 mixture of diastereomers 16 (6.37 g, 98%) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) mixture of diastereomers δ (ppm) 7.38-7.26 (m, 5H), 5.81-5.67 (m, 1H), 5.38 (t, J=4.0 Hz) and 5.16 (t, J=3.0 Hz) (1H), 5.07-4.97 (m, 2H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 4.17 (t, J=8.5 Hz), 4.00 (t, J=8.0 Hz), 3.69 (t, J=8.5 Hz), 3.51-3.42 (m), and 3.27 (d, J=3.0 Hz) (5H), 2.41-2.30 (m, 1H), 2.19-2.09 (m, 1H), 2.00-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.41 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 138.2 (s), 136.4 (d), 136.2 (d), 128.1 (d), 127.5 (d), 127.4 (d), 127.3 (d), 115.8 (t), 115.8 (t), 103.7 (d), 98.5 (d), 72.7 (t), 72.0 (t), 71.5 (t), 70.2 (t), 69.9 (t), 51.4 (d), 49.0 (d), 44.2 (d), 40.7 (d), 36.7 (t), 36.5 (t), 28.7 (t), 28.0 (t), 27.8 (t), 24.1 (t): IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3435-3381, 3064, 3029, 2936, 2858, 1453, 1360, 1099, 1027, 1005, 914; MS (EI) m/z (rel %) 276 [M]⁺ (1), 258 [M-H₂O]⁺ (2), 217 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₇H₂₄O₃ [M]⁺ 276.1725, found 276.1734.



rel-(25,35)-2-Allyl-6-(benzyloxy)-3-((E)-2-methoxyvinyl)hexan-1-ol (17a) and rel-(25,35)-2-Allyl-6-(benzyloxy)-3-((Z)-2-methoxyvinyl)hexan-1-ol (17b). A solution of KHMDS (0.5 M in toluene, 83.0 mL, 41.5 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of methoxymethyltriphenylphosphonium chloride (14.3 g, 41.8 mmol) in THF (200 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was stirred for 1 h at rt. The mixture was cooled at 0 °C then a solution of 16 (4.62 g, 16.7 mmol) in THF (50 mL) was added. The solution was stirred for 18 h at rt. Water was added and THF was removed under reduced pressure. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. The usual work-up (EtOAc) and purification (10 to 30% EtOAc in hexane) afforded mixture of E/Z-isomers 17a and 17b (4.37 g, 86%) as a pale yellow oil. A small portion of the mixture of isomers was separated for characterization: 17a ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.35-7.24 (m, 5H), 6.23 (d, J=12.5 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (ddt, J=17.0, 10.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.09-5.01 (m, 2H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 4.48 (dd, J=12.5, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (dt, J=11.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (dt, J=11.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 3H), 3.45 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.01-1.91 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.42 (m, 4H), 1.38-1.30 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 147.8 (d), 138.4 (s), 137.5 (d), 128.2 (d), 127.5 (d), 127.4 (d), 116.0 (t), 103.9 (d), 72.7 (t), 70.2 (t), 63.2 (t), 55.8 (q), 45.1 (d), 38.9 (d), 33.7 (t), 29.5 (t), 27.7 (t); IR (film) δ (cm⁻¹) 3617-3203, 3066, 3032, 2934, 2860, 1650, 1453, 1206, 1101, 937; MS (EI) m/z (rel %) 304 [M]⁺ (1), 303 [M-H]⁺ (2), 181 (53), 137 (72), 91 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₉H₂₈O₃ [M]⁺ 304.2038, found 304.2033. **17b** ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.38-7.24 (m, 5H), 6.01 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.92-5.78 (m, 1H), 5.10-5.00 (m, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 4.14 (dd, J=10.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.65-3.53 (m, 2H), 3.55 (s, 3H), 3.45 (dd, J=6.5, 5.0 Hz, 2H), 2.55 (qd, J=10.5, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 2.26-2.11 (m, 2H), 1.94-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.59-1.46 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.30 (m, 1H), 1.25-1.15 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 147.0 (d), 138.6 (s), 137.7 (d), 128.2 (d), 127.5 (d), 127.4 (d), 115.9 (t), 109.4 (d), 72.7 (t), 70.3 (t), 63.3 (t), 59.5 (q), 44.8 (d), 34.7 (d), 33.7 (t), 29.2 (t), 27.6 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3529-3282, 3065, 3028, 2934, 2857, 1661, 1454, 1259, 1102, 911; MS (EI) *m*/*z* (rel %) 304 [M]⁺ (2), 273 [M-OCH₃]⁺ (3), 181 (63), 91 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₉H₂₇O₃ [M-H]⁺ 303.1960, found 303.1955.



rel-(4*R*,5*S*)-1-Benzyloxy-5-(bromomethyl)-4-(2-methoxyvinyl)oct-7-ene (18). Bromine (780 µL, 15.1 mmol) was added to a solution of PPh₃ (3.95 g, 15.1 mmol) and imidazole (1.96 g, 28.8 mmol) in DCM (70 mL) (the solution was protected from light) at 0 °C. The solution was stirred for 20 min at 0 °C then a solution of 17 (4.37 g, 14.4 mmol) in DCM (40 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred for 3 h at rt then saturated aqueous NaCl and 10% NaHSO₃ aqueous solution were added. The usual work-up (DCM) and purification (5 to 10% Et₂O in hexane) afforded a mixture of *E*/*Z*-isomers 18 (4.37 g, 83%) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) as a mixture of *E*/*Z*-isomers δ (ppm) 7.38-7.28 (m, 5H), 6.29 (d, *J*=12.5 Hz) and 6.00 (d, *J*=6.5 Hz) (1H), 5.71 (ddt, *J*=17.0, 10.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, *J*=17.0 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (d, *J*=10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 4.38 (dd, *J*=12.5, 10.5 Hz) and 4.05 (dd, *J*=10.0, 6.5 Hz) (1H), 3.57-3.49 (m, 4H), 3.46 (t, *J*=6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (dd, *J*=10.0, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.71-2.61 (m) and 2.03 (tdd, *J*=10.0, 7.0, 3.5 Hz) (1H), 2.31-2.16 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.44 (m, 4H), 1.33-1.22 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 148.4 (d), 147.7 (d), 138.4 (s), 138.3 (s), 136.0 (d), 135.7 (d), 128.2 (d), 128.2 (d), 127.5 (d), 127.5 (d), 127.4 (d), 127.3 (d), 117.1 (t), 117.0 (t), 107.4 (d), 102.9 (d), 72.7 (t), 72.6 (t), 70.2 (t), 70.1 (t), 59.4 (q), 55.8 (q), 44.4 (d), 44.0 (d), 39.7 (d), 37.5 (t), 37.1 (t),

35.5 (d), 33.9 (t), 33.9 (t), 29.0 (t), 28.8 (t), 27.6 (t), 27.3 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3062, 3028, 2999, 2934, 2855, 1650, 1453, 1438, 1208, 1102, 936, 916; MS (CI:NH₃) m/z (rel %) 386 [MNH₄]⁺ (47, ⁸¹Br), 384 [MNH₄]⁺ (46, ⁷⁹Br), 369 [MH]⁺ (15, ⁸¹Br), 367 [MH]⁺ (14, ⁷⁹Br), 91 (100); HRMS (CI:NH₃) calcd for C₁₉H₂₈⁷⁹BrO₂ [MH]⁺ 367.1273, found 367.1266.



rel-(4R,5S)-1-Benzyloxy-4-(2-(allyloxy)vinyl)-5-(bromomethyl)oct-7-ene (5). Camphorsulfonic acid (220 mg, 0.948 mmol) was added to a solution of 18 (1.74 g, 4.74 mmol) and allyl alcohol (6.44 mL, 94.7 mmol) in DCM (45 mL) at rt. The solution was stirred for 18 h at rt then saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. The usual work-up (DCM) afforded **19** (2.06 g, 96%) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.38-7.28 (m, 5H), 5.99-5.85 (m, 2H), 5.79-5.65 (m, 1H), 5.28 (d, J=17.5 Hz, 2H), 5.16 (d, J=10.5 Hz, 2H), 5.11-5.04 (m, 2H), 4.66 (t, J=5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 4.15-4.07 (m, 2H), 4.04-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.47 (t, J=6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.25-2.16 (m, 1H), 2.12-2.02 (m, 1H), 1.95-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.74-1.55 (m, 4H), 1.49-1.38 (m, 1H), 1.35-1.23 (m, 1H); MS (CI:NH₃) m/z (rel %) 470 [MNH₄]⁺ (20, ⁸¹Br), 468 [MNH₄]⁺ (19, ⁷⁹Br), 412 (100, ⁸¹Br), 410 (98, ⁷⁹Br), 395 (36, ⁸¹Br), 393 (30, ⁷⁹Br); HRMS (CI:NH₃) calcd for C₂₄H₃₉N⁷⁹BrO₃ [MNH₄]⁺ 468.2113, found 468.2122. Following a protocol adapted from a reported procedure,³ iodotrimethylsilane (1.30 mL, 9.13 mmol) was added to a solution of **19** (2.06 g, 4.56 mmol) and *i*-Pr₂NEt (4.00 mL, 22.8 mmol) in DCM (50 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was stirred for 3 h at rt then saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. The usual work-up (Et₂O) and purification (0 to 10% Et₂O in hexane) afforded a mixture of E/Z-isomers 5 (1.45 g, 81%) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) as a mixture of E/Z-isomers δ (ppm)

7.38-7.25 (m, 5H), 6.22 (d, J=12.5 Hz) and 6.07 (d, J=6.5 Hz) (1H), 6.00-5.64 (m, 2H), 5.35-5.05 (m, 4H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 4.46 (dd, J=12.5, 10.5 Hz) and 4.08 (dd, J=10.5, 6.5 Hz) (1H), 4.21 (t, J=5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.57-3.52 (m), 3.48-3.43 (m) and 3.40-3.33 (m) (4H), 2.72 (ddt, J=10.0, 7.0, 3.0 Hz) and 2.01 (ddt, J=10.0, 7.0, 3.5 Hz) (1H), 2.29-2.20 (m, 2H), 1.74-1.43 (m, 4H), 1.32-1.22 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 147.2 (d), 147.1 (d), 146.1 (d), 146.0 (d), 138.5 (s), 138.4 (s), 136.0 (d), 135.8 (d), 133.9 (d), 133.8 (d), 133.3 (d), 128.2 (d), 128.2 (d), 127.5 (d), 127.4 (d), 127.3 (d), 117.3 (t), 117.3 (t), 117.1 (t), 117.0 (t), 107.6 (d), 105.0 (d), 72.8 (t), 72.7 (t), 72.5 (t), 70.2 (t), 70.1 (t), 70.0 (t), 44.6 (d), 44.1 (d), 39.8 (d), 37.4 (t), 37.0 (t), 35.6 (d), 34.0 (t), 29.0 (t), 28.9 (t), 27.6 (t), 27.4 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3075, 3063, 3028, 2926, 2856, 1666, 1646, 1453, 1425, 1361, 1162, 1100, 920; MS (CI:NH₃) m/z (rel %) 412 [MNH₄]⁺ (23, ⁸¹Br), 410 [MNH₄]⁺ (22, ⁷⁹Br), 395 [MH]⁺ (12, ⁸¹Br), 393 [MH]⁺ (10, ⁷⁹Br), 245 (67), 227 (58), 91 (100); HRMS (CI:NH₃) calcd for C₂₁H₃₀⁷⁹BrO₂ [MH]⁺ 393.1429, found 393.1435.



N-(*rel*-(2*S*,3*S*)-2-Allyl-3-(2-(allyloxy)vinyl)-6-(benzyloxy)hexyl)-*N*-(cyanomethyl)formamide (22). NH₃ (g) was condensed (60 mL) in a solution of **5** (1.52 g, 3.86 mmol) in THF (15 mL) in a sealed tube at -78 °C. The solution was stirred for 72 h at rt then cooled at -78 °C to decrease pressure and allow the opening of the sealed tube. The sealed tube was opened and the mixture was allowed to warm up to rt. After complete NH₃ evaporation, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added and THF was removed under reduced pressure. Water was added then the usual work-up (EtOAc) afforded **20** (1.27 g, 100%) as a

colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) as a mixture of E/Z-isomers δ (ppm) 7.34-7.23 (m, 5H), 6.14 (d, J=12.5 Hz) and 6.04 (d, J=6.5 Hz) (1H), 5.99-5.69 (m, 2H), 5.34-5.17 (m, 2H), 5.08-4.98 (m, 2H), 4.53 (dd, J=12.5, 10.0 Hz) and 4.11 (dd, J=10.5, 6.5 Hz) (1H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 4.22-4.17 (m, 2H), 3.46 (t, J=6.0 Hz) and 3.44 (t, J=6.0 Hz) (2H), 2.79-2.48 (m, 2H), 2.19-2.04 (m, 2H), 1.97-1.89 (m) and 1.71-1.20 (m) (6H). Bromoacetonitrile (270 µL, 4.05 mmol) was added to a solution of 20 (1.27 g, 3.86 mmol) and *i*-Pr₂NEt (0.71 mL, 4.05 mmol) in THF (70 mL). The solution was stirred for 18 h at rt. Water was added and THF was removed under reduced pressure. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added then the usual work-up (EtOAc) afforded **21** (1.46 g) as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) as a mixture of *E*/Z-isomers δ (ppm) 7.38-7.23 (m, 5H), 6.16 (d, *J*=12.5 Hz) and 6.07 (d, *J*=6.5 Hz) (1H), 6.00-5.67 (m, 2H), 5.35-5.19 (m, 2H), 5.07-4.99 (m, 2H), 4.53 (dd, J=12.5, 10.0 Hz) and 4.12 (dd, J=10.5, 6.5 Hz) (1H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 4.23 (d, J=5.5 Hz) and 4.20 (d, J=5.5 Hz) (2H), 3.60-3.41 (m, 4H), 2.78-2.49 (m, 2H), 2.23-2.09 (m, 2H), 2.00-1.90 (m) and 1.73-1.43 (m) (5H), 1.38-1.19 (m, 2H). A solution of amine 21 (1.42 g, 3.86 mmol) in THF (84 mL) was treated with N-formylbenzotriazole⁴ (738 mg, 5.02 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 20 h at rt then aqueous NaOH (2 N) was added. The solution was stirred for 15 min at rt then water was added and THF was removed under reduced pressure. The usual work-up (DCM) and purification (0 to 40% EtOAc in hexanes) afforded 22 (1.02 g, 67% over 3 steps) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) as a mixture of E/Z-isomers and rotamers δ (ppm) 8.11 (s) and 8.00 (s) (1H), 7.38-7.26 (m, 5H), 6.19 (d, J=12.5 Hz) and 6.08 (d, J=6.5 Hz) (1H), 6.00-5.84 (m, 1H), 5.75-5.60 (m, 1H), 5.36-5.21 (m, 2H), 5.11-5.03 (m, 2H), 4.53-4.46 (m, 1H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 4.37-4.04 (m, 4H), 3.47-3.13 (m, 2H), 3.45 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.64-2.55 (m) and 2.17-1.95 (m) (3H), 1.80-1.65 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.24 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 162.6 (d), 162.5 (d), 162.4 (d), 147.5 (d), 147.2 (d), 146.1 (d), 138.3 (s), 138.3 (s), 136.2 (d), 136.0 (d), 135.2 (d), 135.1 (d), 133.5 (d), 133.1 (d), 128.1 (d), 127.4 (d), 127.3 (d), 117.5 (t), 117.3 (t), 117.2 (t), 116.8 (t), 114.5 (s), 107.3 (d), 103.8 (d), 72.6 (t), 72.5 (t), 70.0 (t), 69.6 (t), 48.7 (t), 48.5 (t), 43.7 (t), 43.2 (t), 39.9 (d), 39.6 (d), 38.8 (d), 38.2 (d), 35.8 (t), 35.4 (t), 35.3 (t), 34.1 (d), 33.8 (d), 33.6 (t), 33.3 (t), 33.0 (t), 32.8 (t), 30.2 (t), 29.8 (t), 28.8 (t), 27.8 (t), 27.6 (t), 27.5 (t), 27.3 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3077, 3032, 2937, 2861, 1681, 1428, 1163, 1096, 920; MS (EI) m/z (rel %) 355 [M-C₃H₅]⁺ (2), 311 (10), 247 (19), 163 (62), 91 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₄H₃₂N₂O₃ [M]⁺ 396.2413, found 396.2417.



N-(*rel*-(2*S*,3*S*)-2-Allyl-3-(3-(benzyloxy)propyl)-4-formylhept-6-enyl)-*N*-(cyanomethyl)formamide (4). A solution of 22 (508 mg, 1.28 mmol) in toluene (26 mL) was heated at 150 °C in a sealed tube for 120 h. The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The usual purification using silica gel saturated with Et₃N (30 to 40% EtOAc in hexane) afforded an inseparable mixture of diastereoisomers 4 (381 mg, 75%) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) as a mixture of diastereoisomers and rotamers δ (ppm) 9.66 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz) and 9.63 (d, *J*=2.5 Hz) (1H), 8.08 (s), 8.07 (s), 7.97 (s) and 7.96 (s) (1H), 7.36-7.26 (m, 5H), 5.77-5.60 (m, 2H), 5.11-5.03 (m, 4H), 4.48 (s) and 4.47 (s) (2H), 4.28-4.01 (m, 2H), 3.49-3.42 (m, 2H), 3.26 (t, *J*=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.52-2.41 (m, 2H), 2.35-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.99-1.80 (m, 3H), 1.70-1.41 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 205.0 (d), 204.8 (d), 204.4 (d), 204.0 (d), 162.5 (d), 138.3 (s), 138.1 (s), 135.8 (d), 135.1 (d), 134.7 (d), 128.3 (d), 127.6 (d), 127.4 (d), 117.9 (t), 117.7 (t), 117.5 (t), 117.4 (t), 117.2 (t), 114.5 (s), 72.9 (t), 72.7 (t), 70.0 (t), 70.0 (t), 69.7 (t), 69.4 (t), 52.4 (d), 52.3 (d), 52.0 (d), 49.2 (t), 49.1 (t), 44.4 (t), 44.2 (t), 37.8 (d), 37.4 (d), 37.0 (d), 36.7 (d), 36.6 (d), 36.3 (d), 35.8 (t), 32.8 (t), 32.7 (t), 31.7 (t), 31.0 (t), 30.1 (t), 28.7 (t), 28.4 (t), 23.9 (t), 23.8 (t), 23.6 (t), 23.5 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3073, 2936, 2863, 1719, 1681, 1430, 1101, 918; MS (EI) m/z (rel %) 396 [M]⁺ (2), 367 [M-CHO]⁺ (7), 328 (15), 277 (18), 91 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₄H₃₂N₂O₃ [M]⁺ 396.2413, found 396.2401.



N-((*rel*-(1*S*,7*S*)-7-(3-(Benzyloxy)propyl)-6-formylcyclohept-3-enyl)methyl)-*N*-(cyanomethyl)form**amide (23).** Following the reported procedure,⁵ Grubbs' catalyst 2nd generation (41 mg, 5 mol%) was added to a solution of 4 (381 mg, 0.961 mmol) in DCM (160 mL). The solution was stirred for 18 h at rt then concentrated under reduced pressure. The usual purification (20 to 50% EtOAc in hexane) afforded a mixture of diastereoisomers 23 (303 mg, 86%) as a brown oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) as a mixture of diastereoisomers and rotamers δ (ppm) 9.71 (s), 9.65 (s), and 9.63 (s) (1H), 8.17 (s), 8.09 (s), 8.01 (s), and 8.00 (s) (1H), 7.38-7.26 (m, 5H), 5.83-5.61 (m, 2H), 4.57 (d, J=17.5 Hz), 4.19 (d, J=17.5 Hz), 4.08 (d, J=17.5 Hz), and 4.60-4.06 (m) (2H), 4.49 (s) and 4.47 (s) (2H), 3.78 (dd, J=14.0, 10.0 Hz), 3.49-3.34 (m), 3.32-3.20 (m), and 3.07 (dd, J=14.0, 6.0 Hz) (4H), 2.62-2.50 (m, 2H), 2.43-2.15 (m), 2.10-2.00 (m), 1.83 (dd, J=14.0, 7.0 Hz), and 1.77-1.32 (m) (9H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 205.6 (d), 204.5 (d), 203.8 (d), 203.4 (d), 162.6 (d), 162.4 (d), 162.2 (d), 138.2 (s), 131.3 (d), 130.7 (d), 129.1 (d), 128.3 (d), 128.0 (d), 127.6 (d), 127.5 (d), 114.7 (s), 114.6 (s), 72.9 (t), 72.9 (t), 72.7 (t), 70.3 (t), 70.2 (t), 69.5 (t), 56.5 (d), 56.0 (d), 51.7 (t), 51.3 (d), 50.0 (t), 47.4 (t), 44.8 (t), 43.7 (d), 41.5 (d), 41.1 (d), 38.5 (d), 38.2 (d), 36.3 (d), 36.1 (d), 35.3 (t), 33.7 (d), 33.5 (d), 30.5 (t), 29.6 (t), 28.8 (t), 28.4 (t), 28.2 (t), 27.6 (t), 27.1 (t), 27.1 (t), 24.1 (t), 23.9 (t), 23.7 (t), 22.4 (t), 22.1 (t), 21.2 (t), 21.0 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3028, 2940, 2868, 1719, 1678, 1435, 1180, 1097; MS (EI) m/z (rel %) 368 [M]⁺ (5), 340 (3), 277 (8), 91 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₂H₂₈N₂O₃ [M]⁺ 368.2100, found 368.2108.



N-((*rel*-(1*S*,7*S*,*E*)-7-(3-(Benzyloxy)propyl)-6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3envl)methyl)-N-(cvanomethyl)formamide (24a) and N-((rel-(15,75,Z)-7-(3-(Benzyloxy)propyl)-6-((tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-enyl)methyl)-N-(cyanomethyl)formamide (24b). TBSOTf (284 μ L, 1.24 mmol) was added to a solution of 23 (304 mg, 0.825 mmol) and *i*-Pr₂NEt (287 µL, 1.65 mmol) in DCM (16.5 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was stirred for 18 h at rt then saturated aqueous Na₂CO₃ and saturated aqueous NaCl were added. The usual work-up (DCM) and purification using silica gel saturated with Et₃N (0 to 40% EtOAc in hexane) afforded E-24a (187 mg) and Z-24b⁶ (63 mg) (63% global yield) as a colorless oils. E-24a and Z-24a both exist as a mixture of rotamers and were separated at this stage. However, due to the instability of the products, full characterization was not possible and both isomers were carried through the sequence separately. Only the sequence with the major isomer *E*-24a is reported thereafter: *E*-24a (major) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.14 (s) and 8.00 (s) (1H), 7.38-7.28 (m, 5H), 6.05 (s, 1H), 5.82-5.75 (m, 1H), 5.57-5.52 (m, 1H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 4.32 (d, J=17.5 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (d, J=17.5 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (t, J=5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.33-3.19 (m, 2H), 3.10 (dd, J=17.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.70-2.64 (m, 1H), 2.12-1.92 (m, 4H), 1.71-1.56 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.34 (m, 2H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.11 (s, 6H). Z-24b (minor) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.14 (s) and 8.02 (s) (1H), 7.38-7,28 (m, 5H), 6.13 (s) and 6.10 (s) (1H), 5.71-5.65 (m, 1H), 5.57-5.50 (m, 1H), 4.59 (d, *J*=17.5 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 4.19 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz) and 4.09 (d, *J*=17.5 Hz) (1H), 3.45 (t, *J*=6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.38-3.23 (m, 2H), 2.99-2.95 (m, 1H), 2.79-2.73 (m, 1H), 2.47 (dd, *J*=18.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.09-1.88 (m, 3H), 1.68-1.27 (m, 4H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.12 (s) and 0.11 (s) (6H).



N-((rel-(1S,7S,E)-6-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)-7-(3-hydroxypropyl)cyclohept-3-

enyl)methyl)-*N*-(cyanomethyl)formamide (25). A solution of Me₂BBr (1.0 M in DCM, 3.87 mL, 3.87 mmol) was added to a solution of **24a** (187 mg, 0.387 mmol) and 2,6-di-*t*-butyl-4-methylpyridine (795 mg, 3.87 mmol) in DCM (8.0 mL) at -25 °C. The solution was stirred for 2 h at -25 °C then saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (2.0 mL) was added at -25 °C. The mixture was stirred for 15 min at rt and saturated aqueous NaCl was added. The usual work-up (DCM) and purification using silica gel saturated with Et₃N (10 to 100% EtOAc in hexane) afforded **25** (110 mg, 72%) as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) as a mixture of rotamers δ (ppm) 8.19 (s) and 8.03 (s) (1H), 6.07 (s) and 6.04 (s) (1H), 5.80-5.74 (m, 1H), 5.56-5.52 (m, 1H), 4.31 (d, *J*=17.5 Hz), 4.17 (d, *J*=17.5 Hz), and 4.17 (d, *J*=3.3 Hz) (2H), 3.63-3.57 (m, 2H), 3.33 (dd, *J*=14.5, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (dd, *J*=14.5, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.11 (dd, *J*=17.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.65-2.63 (m) and 2.54-2.49 (m) (1H), 2.12-2.05 (m, 2H), 2.00-1.89 (m) and 1.78 (br s) (3H), 1.61-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.36 (m, 2H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.11 (s) and 0.10 (s) (6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 162.8 (d), 162.6 (d), 135.0 (d), 134.7 (d), 130.1 (d), 129.3 (d), 126.9 (d), 126.4 (d), 121.0 (s), 119.6 (s), 114.5 (s), 62.1 (t), 61.7 (t), 50.2 (t), 46.3 (t), 43.5 (d), 42.3 (d),

40.3 (d), 39.6 (d), 36.0 (t), 30.3 (t), 30.2 (t), 30.0 (t), 29.0 (t), 28.6 (t), 25.6 (q), 25.1 (t), 24.5 (t), 21.8 (t), 20.2 (t), 18.2 (s), -5.3 (q), -5.4 (q); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3611-3132, 2956, 2930, 2889, 2859, 1673, 1465, 1433, 1402, 1253, 1179; MS (EI) m/z (rel %) 392 [M]⁺ (10), 335 [M-C₄H₉]⁺ (17), 249 (34), 74 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₁H₃₆N₂O₃Si [M]⁺ 392.2495, found 392.2503.



(Z)-Methyl 5-(*rel*-(15,75,*E*)-2-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)-7-((*N*-(cyanomethyl)formamido)methyl)cyclohept-4-enyl)pent-2-enoate (3). Oxalyl chloride (32 μ L, 0.36 mmol) was added to a solution of DMSO (40 μ L, 0.56 mmol) in DCM (3.5 mL) at -78 °C. After 5 min at -78 °C, a solution of 25 (110 mg, 0.280 mmol) in DCM (1.5 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred 1.5 h at -78 °C. Triethylamine (195 μ L, 1.40 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to rt over 3 h. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added then the usual work-up (DCM) afforded 26 (100 mg of crude material). A solution of KHMDS (0.5 M in toluene, 0.56 mL, 0.28 mmol) was added to a solution of bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl) (methoxycarbonylmethyl)phosphonate (94 mg, 0.28 mmol) and 18crown-6 ether (169 mg, 0.640 mmol) in THF (3.0 mL) at -78 °C. After 20 min at -78 °C, a solution of 26 (100 mg of crude material) in THF (2.0 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to rt over 2 h. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. The usual work-up (EtOAc) and purification using silica gel saturated with Et₃N (5 to 20% acetone in toluene) afforded 3 (44.6 mg, 39% over 2 steps) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) as a mixture of rotamers δ (ppm) 8.18 (s), and 8.04 (s) (1H), 6.26 (dt, *J*=11.5, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (s, 1H), 5.82-5.79 (m, 2H), 5.56-5.51 (m, 1H), 4.38 (d,

J=17.5 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d, J=17.5 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.34-3.23 (m, 2H), 3.02 (dd, J=17.0, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.84-2.79 (m, 1H), 2.66-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.54-2.48 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.16 (m, 1H), 2.09-2.02 (m, 3H), 1.73-1.65 (m, 1H), 1.49-1.40 (m, 1H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.12 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) major rotamer δ (ppm) 166.6 (s), 162.7 (d), 149.5 (d), 135.1 (d), 130.4 (d), 126.3 (d), 120.0 (d), 119.2 (s), 114.6 (s), 51.1 (q), 49.5 (t), 44.5 (d), 38.6 (d), 30.3 (t), 28.8 (t), 27.1 (t), 26.2 (t), 25.8 (t), 25.6 (q), 18.3 (s), -5.3 (q), -5.3 (q); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 2952, 2928, 2857, 1720, 1680, 1462, 1437, 1406, 1254, 1198, 1177, 1154; MS (ESI) m/z (rel %) 469 [MNa]⁺ (100), 353 (12), 130 (7); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₄H₃₈N₂NaO₄Si [MNa]⁺ 469.2498, found 469.2488.



Methyl *rel-*(1*R*,2*S*,3*S*,6*S*,11*S*,12*S*,15*S*)-4-aza-3-cyano-11-formyltetracyclo[9.3.1.0^{4,15}.0^{6,12}]pentadec-8-ene-2-carboxylate (1a) and Methyl *rel-*(1*R*,2*S*,3*R*,6*S*,11*S*,12*S*,15*S*)-4-aza-3-cyano-11-formyltetracyclo[9.3.1.0^{4,15}.0^{6,12}]pentadec-8-ene-2-carboxylate (1b). *NB: in order to follow the reaction, the following quantities were split into 8 NMR tubes, thus containing ca. 4 mg of 3 per tube. All tube contents were pooled for work-up and purification.* Triflic anhydride (21 µL, 0.122 mmol, freshly distilled over P_2O_5) was added to a solution of **3** (32.0 mg, 0.0716 mmol) and 2,6-di-*t*-butyl-4methylpyridine (44.1 mg, 0.215 mmol) in CD₂Cl₂ (7.2 mL) at rt. After 5 min at rt, a NMR spectra of each sample were recorded to ensure completion of the Vilsmeier-Haack cyclization. In rare cases where the cyclization was not completed, triflic anhydride (4 µL, 0.022 mmol) was added and the reaction was monitored by NMR once again after 5 min. *i*-Pr₂NEt (100 µL, 0.573 mmol) was then added. After 15 min at rt, NMR spectra of each sample were recorded to ensure completion of the

intramolecular cycloaddition. NMR tube contents were then pooled and an aqueous saturated solution of NaHCO₃ was added. The usual work-up (EtOAc) and purification (2 to 10% MeCN in toluene) afforded two separable diastereoisomers 1a (4.7 mg) and 1b (5.1 mg) (44% global yield) as yellow oils: 1a ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 9.39 (s, 1H), 5.65-5.57 (m, 2H), 4.27 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.42 (br s, 1H), 3.35 (dd, J=8.0, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (dd, J=14.0, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (dd, J=14.0, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.75-2.63 (m, 2H), 2.31-2.11 (m, 4H), 1.64-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.35 (m, 2H), 1.15-1.03 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 201.1 (d), 170.5 (s), 128.8 (d), 124.4 (d), 120.9 (s), 61.2 (d), 57.8 (d), 55.4 (d), 53.9 (t), 52.5 (q), 50.3 (s), 38.5 (d), 36.3 (t), 34.2 (d), 33.2 (d), 31.7 (t), 28.1 (t), 18.6 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3016, 2928, 2885, 1725, 1438, 1241, 1204, 1170; MS (ESI) m/z (rel %) 315 $[MH]^+$ (100), 288 $[M-CN]^+$ (11), 198 (5); HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{18}H_{23}N_2O_3$ $[MH]^+$ 315.1709, found 315.1714. **1b** ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 9.39 (s, 1H), 5.70-5.59 (m, 2H), 4.31 (br s, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.41 (dd, J=14.0, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (dd, J=9.0, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.18 (dd, J=14.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (br s, 1H), 2.81-2.74 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.47 (m, 1H), 2.35-2.19 (m, 4H), 1.72-1.45 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 201.2 (d), 169.7 (s), 128.9 (d), 124.9 (d), 117.3 (s), 61.6 (d), 54.7 (d), 52.2 (q), 52.2 (d), 50.3 (s), 49.7 (t), 37.5 (d), 36.4 (t), 34.6 (d), 34.0 (d), 32.6 (t), 28.3 (t), 19.1 (t); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3016, 2956, 2930, 2889, 1722, 1439, 1203, 1177; MS (ESI) m/z (rel %) 315 [MH]⁺ (100), 288 $[M-CN]^+$ (13), 198 (6); HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{18}H_{23}N_2O_3$ $[MH]^+$ 315.1709, found 315.1704.



rel-(**3***S*,**4***S*)-**3-**(**3-Hydroxypropyl)-4-propyldihydrofuran-2**(**3***H*)-one (**27**). A solution of **15** (255 mg, 0.930 mmol) and Pd(OH)₂ on carbon (20%, 65 mg, 10 mol%) in MeOH (12.5 mL) was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere for 1.5 h. The mixture was filtered on Celite[®] and concentrated under reduced pressure. The usual purification (60% EtOAc in hexane) afforded **27** (121 mg, 69%) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 4.40 (dd, *J*=9.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (t, *J*=8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (q, *J*=5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.32-2.18 (m, 2H), 1.83-1.56 (m, 6H), 1.44-1.26 (m, 3H), 0.94 (t, *J*=7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 179.8 (s), 71.7 (t), 61.9 (t), 44.9 (d), 40.6 (d), 34.7 (t), 29.5 (t), 25.2 (t), 20.1 (t), 13.9 (q); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 3621-3188, 2957, 2931, 2872, 1769, 1183, 1164, 1057, 1016; MS (CI:NH₃) *m/z* (rel %) 187 [MH]⁺ (100), 169 (67), 125 (20); HRMS (CI:NH₃) calcd for C₁₀H₁₉O₃ [MH]⁺ 187.1334, found 187.1338.



3-(*rel*-(3S,4S)-2-Oxo-4-propyltetrahydrofuran-3-yl)propyl 4-bromobenzoate (28). 4-Bromobenzoyl chloride (113 mg, 0.516 mmol) and *N*,*N*-dimethyl-4-aminopyridine (3.2 mg, 0.03mmol) was added to a solution of 27 (107 mg, 0.568 mmol) and Et₃N (79 μ L, 0.568 mmol) in DCM (19 mL). The solution was stirred for 18 h at rt then saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. The usual work-up (DCM) and

purification (20% EtOAc in hexane) afforded **28** (149 mg, 78%) as white crystals⁷: m.p.=46-48 °C; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.90 (d, *J*=8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, *J*=8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.40 (dd, *J*=9.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (t, *J*=6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (t, *J*=8.5, Hz, 1H), 2.31-2.20 (m, 2H), 2.11-2.00 (m, 1H), 1.95-1.73 (m, 3H), 1.68-1.55 (m, 1H), 1.45-1.26 (m, 3H), 0.93 (t, *J*=7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 178.7 (s), 165.6 (s), 131.5 (d), 130.9 (d), 128.9 (s), 127.8 (s), 71.4 (t), 64.6 (t), 44.6 (d), 40.7 (d), 34.7 (t), 25.7 (t), 25.6 (t), 20.2 (t), 14.0 (q); IR (film) v (cm⁻¹) 2959, 2933, 2914, 2872, 1773, 1720, 1590, 1272, 1102, 1011; MS (EI) *m*/*z* (rel %) 370 [M]⁺ (2, ⁸¹Br), 368 [M]⁺ (2, ⁷⁹Br), 202 (8, ⁸¹Br), 200 (8, ⁷⁹Br), 185 (100); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₇H₂₁⁷⁹BrO₄ [M]⁺ 368.0623, found 368.0615.

3-(Ethoxycarbonyl)hex-5-enoic acid (14)

¹H NMR spectrum





4-Allyldihydrofuran-2(3*H*)-one (6)

¹H NMR spectrum





3-(Benzyloxy)propyl trifluoromethanesulfonate

¹H NMR spectrum



230	220	210	200	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110 f1 (ppm)	100	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	0	-10

rel-(3*S*,4*S*)-4-Allyl-3-(3-benzyloxypropyl)dihydrofuran-2(3*H*)-one (15)

¹H NMR spectrum





rel-(35,45)-4-Allyl-3-(3-benzyloxypropyl)tetrahydrofuran-2-ol (16)







rel-(2*S*,3*S*)-2-Allyl-6-(benzyloxy)-3-((*E*)-2-methoxyvinyl)hexan-1-ol (17a)







rel-(2*S*,3*S*)-2-Allyl-6-(benzyloxy)-3-((*Z*)-2-methoxyvinyl)hexan-1-ol (17b)





rel-(4*R*,5*S*)-1-Benzyloxy-5-(bromomethyl)-4-(2-methoxyvinyl)oct-7-ene (18)



¹H NMR spectrum



rel-(4*R*,5*S*)-4-(2,2-bis(Allyloxy)ethyl)-1-benzyloxy-5-(bromomethyl)-)oct-7-ene (19)



rel-(4*R*,5*S*)-1-Benzyloxy-4-(2-(allyloxy)vinyl)-5-(bromomethyl)oct-7-ene (5)



¹³C NMR spectrum



rel-(2*S*,3*S*)-2-Allyl-3-(2-(allyloxy)vinyl)-6-(benzyloxy)hexan-1-amine (20)

¹H NMR spectrum







N-(rel-(2S,3S)-2-Allyl-3-(2-(allyloxy)vinyl)-6-(benzyloxy)hexyl)-N-(cyanomethyl)formamide (22)







N-(rel-(2S, 3S)-2-Allyl-3-(3-(benzyloxy)propyl)-4-formylhept-6-enyl)-N-(cyanomethyl)formamide

(4)

¹H NMR spectrum





N-((rel-(1S,7S)-7-(3-(Benzyloxy)propyl)-6-formylcyclohept-3-enyl) methyl)-N-(cyanomethyl)form-nethyl) form-nethyl (and a start a

amide (23)







 $N-((\textit{rel-(1S,7S,E)-7-(3-(Benzyloxy)propyl)-6-((\textit{tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy})methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)cyclohept-3-(intert-butyldimethylene)$

enyl)methyl)-N-(cyanomethyl)formamide (24a)



enyl)methyl)-N-(cyanomethyl)formamide (24b)



S35

enyl)methyl)-N-(cyanomethyl)formamide (25)





(Z)-Methyl 5-(*rel*-(1*S*,7*S*,*E*)-2-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)-7-((*N*-(cyanomethyl)formamido)methyl)cyclohept-4-enyl)pent-2-enoate (3)





Methyl *rel*-(1*R*,2*S*,3*S*,6*S*,11*S*,12*S*,15*S*)-4-aza-3-cyano-11-formyltetracyclo[9.3.1.0^{4,15}.0^{6,12}]pentadec-8-ene-2-carboxylate (1a)

¹H NMR spectrum





Methyl *rel*-(1*R*,2*S*,3*R*,6*S*,11*S*,12*S*,15*S*)-4-aza-3-cyano-11-formyltetracyclo[9.3.1.0^{4,15}.0^{6,12}]pentadec-

8-ene-2-carboxylate (1b)

¹H NMR spectrum





rel-(3*S*,4*S*)-3-(3-Hydroxypropyl)-4-propyldihydrofuran-2(3*H*)-one (27)



240

230 220

210 200 190



180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 f1 (ppm)

60 50 40 30 20

-10 -20

10 0

3-(*rel*-(3S,4S)-2-Oxo-4-propyltetrahydrofuran-3-yl)propyl 4-bromobenzoate (28)



¹H NMR spectrum

¹³C NMR spectrum



-10 110 100 f1 (ppm) , 70 ò



VI COSY and NOESY Spectra of Isomer of 25 and of 1a and 1b

*N-((rel-(1S,7S,Z)-6-((tert-*Butyldimethylsilyloxy)methylene)-7-(3-hydroxypropyl)cyclohept-3enyl)methyl)-*N-*(cyanomethyl)formamide (isomer of 25)

COSY spectrum



NOESY spectrum



Methyl *rel*-(1*R*,2*S*,3*S*,6*S*,11*S*,12*S*,15*S*)-4-aza-3-cyano-11-formyltetracyclo[9.3.1.0^{4,15}.0^{6,12}]pentadec-8-ene-2-carboxylate (1a)

COSY spectrum



NOESY spectrum



Methyl *rel*-(1*R*,2*S*,3*R*,6*S*,11*S*,12*S*,15*S*)-4-aza-3-cyano-11-formyltetracyclo[9.3.1.0^{4,15}.0^{6,12}]pentadec-8-ene-2-carboxylate (1b)

COSY spectrum



NOESY spectrum



- (1) Robin, J.-P.; Landais, Y. Tetrahedron 1992, 48, 819.
- (2) Venkateswar Reddy, G.; Sateesh Chandra Kumar, R.; Suresh Babu, K.; Madhusudana Rao, J. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2009**, *50*, 4117.
- (3) Kadota, I.; Takamura, H.; Sato, K.; Ohno, A.; Matsuda, K.; Satake, M.; Yamamoto, Y. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2003, 125, 11893.
- (4) (a) Katritzky, A. R.; Chang, H.-X.; Yang, B. *Synthesis* **1995**, 503. (b) Pasqua, A. E.; Matheson, M.; Sewell, A. L.; Marquez, R. *Org. Process Res. Dev.* **2011**, *15*, 467.
- (5) Hanna, I.; Ricard, L. Org. Lett. 2000, 2, 2651.
- (6) The Z stereochemistry was assigned from a NOESY experiment with **25b** obtained by debenzylation of compound **24b**.
- (7) An ORTEP representation of 28 could be found in the Supporting Information. Crystallographic data for this compound has been deposited with the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre (CCDC no 842628). The coordinates can be obtained on <u>http://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/deposit</u>.