Supporting Information

Aggregation of Donor Base stabilized 2-Thienyllithium in the Single Crystal and in Solution – Distances from X-ray and NOE

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Experimental details and physical data

General Consideration

All experimental manipulations were performed either in an inert gas atmosphere of purified dry nitrogen with standard Schlenk techniques.^{S1} or in an argon glove box. The glassware's were dried at 140 °C, assembled hot and cooled down under vacuum. All solvents were dried over sodium-potassium alloy, distilled and degassed prior to use. The chemicals and solvents were commercially purchased, dried, freshly distilled before use and stored under inert atmosphere. The *n*-butyllithium, which was kindly contributed by the CHEMETALL GMBH, was filtered through Celite[®] before use and the concentration determined.^{S2} All NMR spectra were recorded on a BRUKER Avance III 400 Microbay and BRUKER DPX 500 spectrometer using the protons of C₇D₈ as internal standard. Elemental analyses were carried out on a VARIO EL3 device at the Analytisches Labor, Institut für Anorganische Chemie, University of Göttingen.

Synthesis and Characterization

To a solution of thiophene (2.0 mL, 27.6 mmol) in 20 mL diethyl ether a solution of one equivalent of *n*-BuLi (1.51 M in *n*-hexane) over 30 minutes at 0 °C was added. An excess of donor base (2.5 eq.) was added followed by constant stirring for another 30 minutes. The solution was then cooled to -78° C. The crystals thus formed were filtered, washed twice with pre cooled *n*-hexane (-78° C) and finally dried in *vacuo*.

This general method was applied for the synthesis of all presented compounds (1-5).



Figure S1. Assignment of 2-thienyllithium.

[2-Thienyllithium · **Et**₂**O**]₄ (1): Colorless crystals were obtained in a yield of 2.4 g (3.6 mmol, 52 %). $C_{32}H_{52}Li_4O_4S_4$ (656.74 g/mol); $\delta^{1}H$ (C_7D_8): 7.80 (d, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 4.3$ Hz, 1 H, H₅), 7.63 (d, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 2.7$ Hz, 1 H, H₃), 7.33 (dd, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 4.3$ Hz, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 2.8$ Hz, 1H, H₄), 3.19 (q, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 7.0$ Hz 6 H, CH₃), 0.96 (t, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 7.0$ Hz 4 H, CH₂); $\delta^{13}C\{{}^{1}H\}(C_7D_8)$: 166.9 (C₂), 137.5 (C₅), 133.1 (C₃), 128.1 (C₄), 65.7 (CH₃), 15.1 (CH₂); $\delta^{7}Li\{{}^{1}H\}$: 2.1 (s).

[2-Thienyllithium · 2 THF]₂ **(2):** Colorless crystals were obtained in a yield of 1.2 g (2.6 mmol, 18.5 %). $C_{24}H_{38}Li_2O_4S_2$ (468.54 g/mol); $\delta^{1}H$ (C_7D_8): 7.88 (d, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 4.3$ Hz, 1 H, H₅), 7.70 (dd, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 2.7$ Hz, ${}^{4}J_{HH} = 2.4$ Hz, 1 H, H₃), 7.430 (dd, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 4.28$ Hz, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 2.76$ Hz, 1H, H₄), 3.41 (m, 8 H, OCH₂), 1.39 (m, 8 H, CH₂); $\delta^{13}C\{{}^{1}H\}$ (C_7D_8): 170.9 (C_2), 137.2 (C_5), 131.6 (C_3), 127.7 (C_4), 65.7 (OCH₂), 25.7 (CH₂); $\delta^{1}Li\{{}^{1}H\}$: 1.9 (s). [2-Thienyllithium · DME]₂ (3): Colorless crystals were obtained in a yield of 3.6 g (10.0 mmol, 79 %). $C_{16}H_{26}Li_2O_4S_2$ (360.39 g/mol); $\delta^{1}H$ (C_7D_8): 7.95 (dd, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 4.3$ Hz, ${}^{4}J_{HH} = 0.4$ Hz, 1 H, H₅), 7.69 (dd, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 2.8$ Hz, ${}^{4}J_{HH} = 0.4$ Hz, 1 H, H₃), 7.57 (dd, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 4.4$ Hz, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 2.8$ Hz, 1 H, H₄), 3.02 (s, 6 H, CH₃), 2.72 (s, 4 H, CH₂); $\delta^{13}C\{{}^{1}H\}$ (C_7D_8): 172.1 (C_2), 136.5 (C_5), 130.7 (C_3), 127.5 (C_4), 70.1 (CH_3), 58.8 (CH_2); $\delta^{7}Li\{{}^{1}H\}$: 1.7 (s).

[2-Thienyllithium · TMEDA]₂ **(4)** Yellow crystals were obtained in a yield of 2.8 g (6.8 mmol, 49 %). $C_{20}H_{38}Li_2N_4S_2$ (412.55 g/mol); $\delta^{1}H$ (C_7D_8): 7.92 (d, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 5.0$ Hz, 1 H, H₅), 7.66 (s_{br}, 1 H, H₃), 7.50 (d, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 4.8$ Hz, 1 H, H₄), 2.28 (s, 12 H, CH₃), 2.09 (s, 4 H, CH₂); $\delta^{13}C\{{}^{1}H\}$ (C_7D_8): 174.4 (C_2), 137.2 (C_5), 130.8 (C_3), 127.4 (C_4), 58.4 (CH_2), 46.0 (CH_3); $\delta^{7}Li\{{}^{1}H\}$: 2.0 (s).

[2-Thienyllithium · PMDETA] (5): Light-red crystals were obtained in a yield of 3.4 g (12.9 mmol, 47 %). $C_{13}H_{26}LiN_{3}S$ (263.3 g/mol); $\delta^{1}H$ ($C_{7}D_{8}$): 7.95 (dd, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 4.2$ Hz, ${}^{4}J_{HH} = 0.4$ Hz, 1 H, H₅), 7.64 (dd, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 4.2$ Hz, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 2.7$ Hz, 1 H, H₄), 7.49 (dd, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 2.7$ Hz, ${}^{4}J_{HH} = 0.4$ Hz, 1 H, H₃), 2.11 (s, 3 H, NCH₃), 2.01 (s, 12 H, $N(CH_{3})_{2}$), 1.86 (br, 8 H, CH_{2}); $\delta^{13}C\{{}^{1}H\}$ ($C_{7}D_{8}$): 180.1 (C_{2}), 137.5 (C_{5}), 133.3 (C_{3}) 126.8 (C_{4}), 57.3 ($Me_{2}NCH_{2}$), 53.9 ($CH_{2}NMe$), 45.9 ($N(CH_{3})_{2}$), 44.6 (NCH_{3}); $\delta^{7}Li\{{}^{1}H\}$: 2.1 (s).

Further NMR data (COSY, of 1-5

All NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance III 400 MHz spectrometer (Bruker Biospin, Rheinstetten) with a broadband-observe-probe, z-gradient and temperature unit. The spectra were measured at RT in toluene*d*₈ if not indicated otherwise. All spectra were processes with Topspin 2.1 (Bruker Biospin, Rheinstetten) and further plotted with MestreNova, Version 7.0 (Mestrelab Research, Santiago de Compostela, Spain).



¹H,⁷Li HOESY spectra

Build-up curves







Calculation vs. Experiments





 $[(\mathsf{PMDETA})\mathsf{Li}(\mathsf{C}_{_4}\mathsf{H}_{_3}\mathsf{S})]~(\textbf{5})$

CH₂
 CH₃

7x10⁷

6x10⁷



S5



Reactivity of 4 and 5 (temporary lithiation of toluene- d_8)



Left: ¹H NMR spectra of solutions containing different concentrations of **5**. The aromatic protons of toluene are superimposed adequately and a different intensity for the methyl group becomes obvious (due to protonation). Right: Aromatic region from the ¹H-EXSY spectrum of **5** in toluene- d_8 . (traces do not match 2D spectrum, less numbers on f1 axis)

Stacked plots (¹



Left: ¹H NMR spectra of **1-5**, right: ⁷Li{¹H} NMR spectra of **1-5**. All spectra were recorded in toluene-*d*₈ at 25 °C.

Selected bond length and angles from the X-ray analysis

Table S1. Additional selected bond	l length [pm] and angle	[°] of 1-5 .
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Bond length[pm] and angle[°]	1	2	3	4 ^{S8}	5
C1–Li1	230.1(4)	220.9(3)	217.5(4)	220.9	211.5(3)
C1–Li2	225.7(4)	224.4(3)	225.3(3)	217.9	_
C1–Li3	227.2(4)	_	_	_	_
C1'–Li1	_		200(4) <10%		195.(2) <10%
C1'-Li2	_		193(4) <10%		_
C5–Li1	228.9(4)	223.0(4)	223.1(14)	220.5	_
C5–Li3	225.1(4)	216.0(4)	218.8(9)	217.9	_
C5–Li4	228.9(4)			_	_
C9–Li2	233.2(4)			_	_
C9–Li3	229.2(4)			_	_
C9–Li4	225.7(4)			_	_
C13–Li1	227.9(4)			_	_
C13–Li2	229.1(4)			_	_
C13–Li4	227.6(4)			_	_
C5'–Li1		215.2.(14)	215(2) <40%	_	_
C5'–Li2		237.5(13)	214.2(16) <40%	_	_

C1-S1	173.8(2)	172.95(15)	172.4(3)	171.2	172.5(2)
C5–S2	173.9(2)	174.5(3)	172.0(9)	171.1	-
C1–C2	138.8(3)	137.8(4)	136.4(5)	144.2	136.5(5)
C5–C6	139.3(3)	139.5(6)	136.4(12)	149.6	-
01–L1	193.8(4)	196.3(2)		_	-
O1–Li2			199.2(3)	_	-
O2–Li1		204.8(6)		_	-
O2–Li2	198.3(4)		201.7(3)	-	-
O3–Li1	184.6(7)	194.8(2)	201.1(3)	_	-
O4–Li1		195.9(3)	198.8(3)	_	-
N1–Li1	-	_	_	215.5	212.1(2)
N2–Li1	-	_	_	213.9	213.7(2)
N3–Li1	-	_	-	216.8	214.5(2)
N4–Li2	-	_	-	219.2	-
S1'–Li1	~300		303.6(17) <10%	_	
S2'–Li1			303.9(6) <40%	_	
C2-C1-S1	105.06(15)	104.9(2)	104.22(14)	107.53	103.6(2)
Li1-C1-Li2		67.90(9)	68.85(12)	72.04	-
Li1–C5–Li2		68.98(12)	69.0(2)	70.80	-
C1-Li1-C5	100.17(15)	109.65(12)	110.2(3)	103.73	-
C1-Li2-C5		110.94(13)	108.9(5)	103.24	-
Av. Li–Li	271.4(5)	248.7(3)		258.1	-
Av. C–Li	228.2(4)	222.83(14)	213.3(14)	218.73	211.5(3)

References

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