

Design and Scale-Up of a Practical Enantioselective Route to 5-Phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one

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General:

Unless otherwise stated the ^1H , ^{13}C NMR, GC-MS, LC-MS, and chiral HPLC data are presented for the crude intermediates of the runs described in the experimental part on kilogram scale.

Parameters for the GC-MS, LC-MS and chiral HPLC method**GC-MS:**

Thermo Trace GC Ultra, Thermo DSQ II MS detector, Thermo TriPlus Autosampler

Injection volume:	1 μL
Column:	Zebron ZB-5-MS, 15 m x 0.25 mm ID, 0.25 mm film
Column flow:	2 ml/min
Carrier gas:	Helium
Split ratio:	20
SSL inlet temp.:	200 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Temp. gradient:	60-300 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ from 0 to 4.0 min, 300 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ isotherm from 4.0 to 5.0 min
Ionization:	Chemical ionization with CH_4 as reagent gas

LC-MS method 1:

Agilent G1956B (MS, Ionisation: ESI+, APCI), Agilent G1312B Bin Pump, Agilent G1315C DAD, Agilent G1316B (thermostated column compartment), Agilent G1367C (auto sampler)

Injection volume:	2 μL
Column:	Kinetex C18, 2.6 μm , 2.1 x 50 mm
Column flow:	1 ml/min
Eluent:	Eluent A: Water, 0.08% TFA (trifluoroacetic acid) Eluent B: Acetonitrile, 0.012% TFA
Gradient:	2.0 min 95% B 2.8 min 95% B 3.0 min 5% B
Pressure:	380 bar
Temperature:	40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Detection wavelength:	210 nm

LC-MS method 2:

Same hardware as LC-method 1

Injection volume:	2 μ L
Column:	Eclipse Plus C18, 1.8 μ m, 2.1 x 50 mm
Column flow:	1 ml/min
Eluent:	Eluent A: Water, 0.08% TFA (trifluoroacetic acid) Eluent B: Acetonitrile, 0.012% TFA
Gradient:	2.0 min 95% B 2.8 min 95% B 3.0 min 5% B
Pressure:	480 bar
Temperature:	50 $^{\circ}$ C
Detection wavelength:	210 nm

Chiral HPLC method:

Dionex HPG-3400SD Bin pump, Dionex DAD-3000

Injection volume:	2 μ L
Column:	ChiralPak AS-H, 4.6 x 250 mm, 5 μ m
Column flow:	0.8 ml/min
Eluent:	Heptane (60%) / 2-propanol (40%)
Concentration:	4 mg / mL heptane / 2-propanol 1 : 1
Detection:	210 nm
Temperature:	25 $^{\circ}$ C

Experimental data for the reactions as depicted in Scheme 4

2-Phenyl-2-(1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)acetonitrile (rac. 11, 1:1 mixture of stereoisomers).

Ethylene glycol (26 mL) and pTsOH·H₂O (0.5 g), were added to a soln. of 2-(3-oxocyclohexyl)-2-phenylacetonitrile **20** (10 g, 1:1 mixture of diastereoisomers) in toluene (40 mL). The mixture was heated to reflux for 1.5 h with azeotropic removal of water. After cooling to 20-25 °C, a 1M aqu. NaOH-soln. (0.15 mL) and water were added (40 mL). After phase separation the org. layer was washed with water (40 mL) and concentrated to dryness at 45 °C under reduced pressure to yield rac. **11** as an orange oil containing residual toluene. This crude material was used in the next step without further purification. Yield: 11.9 g (99 %). LC-MS method 2: 67% a/a (toluene subtracted), *R*_t 1.50 min, [M+1]⁺ = 258; GC-MS: 98% a/a, *R*_t 3.52 min, [M+1]⁺ = 258; ¹H NMR (MeOD): δ 7.32-7.45 (m, 5H), 7.10-7.26 (m, 1H), 3.84-4.01 (m, 4H), 2.03-2.18 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.85 (m, 4H), 1.30-1.56 (m, 3H), 1.07-1.21 (m, 1 H).

2-Phenyl-2-(1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)acetaldehyde (rac. 21, 1:1 mixture of stereoisomers).

A soln. of nitrile rac. **11** (82 g, 1:1 mixture of diastereoisomers) in THF (82 mL) was added drop-wise at 20-25 °C to a 1M soln. of DIBALH in heptane (542 mL) (*exothermic reaction*). After stirring at 20-25 °C for 1 h, TBME (575 mL) was added at 5 °C, followed by the slow addition of a mixture of water (23 mL) in THF (115 mL) (*exothermic reaction*). A soln. of citric acid monohydrate (134 g) in water (246 mL) was added drop-wise (*exothermic reaction*) and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. The layers were separated and the aqu. phase was extracted with TBME (575 mL). The combined org. extracts were concentrated to dryness at 45 °C under reduced pressure to afford rac. **21** as a yellow oil which was used in the next step without further purification. Yield: 49 g (59 %). LC-MS method 2: 84% a/a, *R*_t 1.24 min, 1.29, [M-18]⁺ = 242; ¹H NMR (CD₃OD): δ 9.67 (s, 0.5H), 9.66 (s, 0.5H), 7.44-7.16 (m, 5H), 3.37-4.07 (m, 4 H), 2.41-2.65 (m, 1H), 0.77-1.92 (m, 9H).

(1R*,4R*,5S*,6S*)-6-Hydroxy-5-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]octan-2-one (rac. 9).

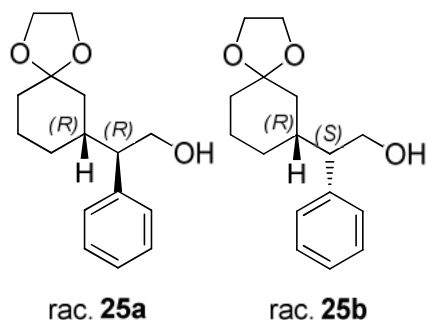
A 5M aqu. phosphoric acid (930 mL) was added at 20-25 °C to a soln. aldehyde rac. **21** (186 g, 1:1 mixture of diastereomers) in THF (930 mL). The mixture was heated to 80 °C for 5 h. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure at 45 °C. iPrOAc (1300 mL) and water (1300 mL) were added. The layers were separated and the org. layer was washed with water (930 mL). The combined org. extracts were concentrated at 45 °C under reduced pressure to afford rac. **9** as an orange solid which was used in the next step without further purification. Yield: 155 g (crude yield), 101%. LC-MS method 2: 83% a/a, *R*_t 0.96 min. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): corresponds to **9**. The crude product can be subjected to the crystallization procedure as depicted below to obtain pure rac. **9a** as colorless crystalline solid with diastereomeric purity > 99.5%.

(1R*,2S*,3S*,4R*)-6-Oxo-3-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]octan-2-yl methanesulfonate (rac. 22). Et₃N (221 mL) was added to a soln. of rac. **9** (171 g) in DCM (1200 mL). MsCl (11.6 mL) was added at 10-20 °C. After 1 h, the mixture was concentrated to dryness. The residue was taken up in iPrOAc (1 L) and water (1 L). The layers were separated and the aqu. phase was extracted with iPrOAc (500 mL). The combined org. extracts were concentrated under reduced pressure to yield rac. **22** as a brown oil which was used in the next step without further purification. Yield: 208 g (89 %). LC-MS method 2: 70% a/a, R_t 1.1 min. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): corresponds to **22**.

(1R*,4R*)-5-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one (rac. 1). A soln. of rac. **22** (190 g) in DMF (380 mL) was added at r.t. to a suspension of LiBr (56 g) and Li₂CO₃ (48 g) in DMF (570 mL). The resulting mixture was heated to 150 °C for 1 h. Water (1300 mL) and iPrOAc (1300 mL) were added at r.t. and the layers were separated. The organic layer was washed with brine (1300 mL), water (1300 mL) and concentrated to dryness at 50 °C under reduced pressure to yield rac. **1** as brown oil. Yield: 117 g (91%). 108 g of this crude product was purified by short-path distillation at 120 °C and 0.001 mbar to yield 47 g (37%) of rac. **1** as yellow oil. LC-MS method 2: 97% a/a, R_t 1.26 min. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD): corresponds to **1**.

(R*)-2-phenyl-2-((R*)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)ethanol (25a) and (R*)-2-phenyl-2-((S*)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)ethanol (25b).

Analytical reference samples of rac. **25a** and rac. **25b** were obtained from a racemic run by chromatography on silica gel with heptane/EtOAc (8:2) as eluent. The more polar isomer 1 (TLC) was labelled rac. **25a**. The relative configuration is only tentatively assigned based on correlation of R_f values (TLC) and R_t of GC-MS with rac. **24a/24b**.



Rac. **25a**, colourless oil; TLC: R_f 0.23 (toluene/EtOAc 7:3); GC-MS: 98% a/a, R_t 3.44 min, $[M-18+1]^+ = 245$; LC-MS method 1: 98% a/a, $[M-61]^+ = 201$; 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 7.16-7.44 (m, 5H), 3.77-4.05 (m, 6H), 2.58-2.73 (m, 1H), 1.88-2.11 (m, 2H), 1.16-1.85 (m, 7H), 0.63-1.03 (m, 1H); ^{13}C NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 141.1, 128.8, 128.6, 126.8, 109.3, 64.7, 64.4, 64.2, 54.3, 40.1, 37.6, 34.7, 29.6, 23.0.

Rac. **25b**, colourless oil; TLC: R_f 0.32 (toluene/EtOAc 7:3); GC-MS: 99% a/a, R_t 3.41 min, $[M-18+1]^+ = 245$; LC-MS method 1: 100% a/a, R_t 1.36 min, $[M-61]^+ = 201$; 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 7.14-7.41 (m, 5H), 3.72-4.04 (m, 6H), 2.59-2.77 (m, 1H), 0.91-2.12 (m, 10H); ^{13}C NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 140.9, 128.8, 128.7, 126.8, 109.2, 64.8, 64.2, 64.1, 54.3, 39.3, 37.4, 34.7, 30.0, 23.1.

Cyclization:

Presentation of additional conditions tried for the cyclization of **21** to **9a**.

IPC sample preparation:

Withdraw a sample from the reaction mixture, dilute with EtOAc and extracted with aqu. sat. NaHCO₃-soln. (pH 9-10), evaporate the org. phase at r.t. under reduced pressure and weigh in sample for dilution with heptane/isopropanol (1:1, 4 mg/mL) for injection in chiral HPLC.

Table 1. Optimization of cyclization conditions (with rac. **21**)

entry	solvent	acid	temp.	time	rac. 9a ^(a)	rac. 9b ^(a)	rac. 9c ^(a)
1	2 vol. EtOAc	1 eq. 32% HCl	20 °C	2 h	76%	16%	8%
2	2 vol. EtOAc	1 eq. 32% HCl	50 °C	2 h	88%	12%	0%
3	2 vol. EtOAc	1 eq. 1N HCl	20 °C	2 h	46%	27%	27%
4	5 vol. acetone	1.1 eq. 32% HCl	50 °C	7 h	60%	20%	20%
5	2 vol. toluene	1 eq. 32% HCl	20 °C	16 h	61%	34%	5%
6	2 vol. iPrOH	1 eq. 32% HCl	20 °C	16 h	76%	15%	9%
7	2 vol. THF	1 eq. 32% HCl	20 °C	16 h	81%	14%	5%
8	2 vol. TBME	1 eq. 32% HCl	20 °C	16 h	67%	20%	13%
9 ^(b)	2 vol. EtOAc	0.3 eq. 32% HCl	50 °C	18 h	100%	0%	0%
10 ^(c)	2 vol. EtOAc	0.3 eq. 32% HCl	50 °C	18 h	30%	67%	2%
11 ^(d)	2 vol. EtOAc	0.3 eq. 32% HCl	50 °C	18 h	59%	41%	0%

(a) 0.5 g scale, ratio of each isomer normalized to the sum of rac. **9a**, rac. **9b**, and rac. **9c** in the reaction mixture, by % a/a (chiral HPLC). (b) Started with pure rac. **9a**. (c) Started with pure rac. **9b**. (d) Started with pure rac. **9c**; d.r. > 99:1.

Table 2. Optimization of cyclization conditions (with enantiopure **21**)

entry	solvent	temp.	time	9a ^(a)	9b ^(a)	9c ^(a)
1	2 vol. EtOAc	50 °C	2 h	85%	15%	0%
2	5 vol. EtOAc	50 °C	2 h	68%	25%	7%
3	1 vol. EtOAc	50 °C	20 min	78%	13%	9%
4	1 vol. EtOAc	50 °C	100 min	86%	14%	0%
5	1 vol. EtOAc	70 °C	20 min	80%	15%	5%

(a) 5-45 g scale, 32% HCl (0.3 eq.), ratio of each isomer normalized to the sum of **9a**, **9b**, and **9c** in the reaction mixture, by % a/a (chiral HPLC). (b) Started with pure **##a**.

Elimination:

Presentation of additional conditions tried for the elimination of **22a** to **1**.

IPC sample preparation:

Withdraw a sample (ca. 5 μ L), evaporate to dryness and dissolve residue in 1 mL acetonitril/water (1:1).

Table 3. Eliminations in presence of amidine bases with **22a**^{(a)(b)}

entry	base	solvent	temp. ^(c)	IPC % a/a	comments
1	2 eq. DBU	THF	66 °C	0%	No reaction
2	2 eq. DBU	DMF	150 °C	85-90%	Slow conversion at 100 °C
3	2 eq. DBU	Toluene	140 °C	93%	1 h, product separated as oil
4	2 eq. DBU	Diglyme	150 °C	68%	
5	2 eq. DBU	Butyronitrile	120 °C	79%	
6	10 eq. DBU	-	20 °C	40%	40 h, 72% conversion
7	10 eq. DBU	-	100 °C	76%	35 min, aldol by-products
8	10 eq. DBN	-	100 °C	63%	25 min, ring-opened DBN
9	2 eq. MTBD	DMF	150 °C	45%	Many by-products
10	2 eq. TMPDA	DMF	150 °C	78%	
11	2 eq. DABCO	Acetonitrile	85 °C	8%	Slow, many by-products

(a) 0.1-5 g scale, 5-15 vol. solvent or none, reaction time 2 h, full conversion unless otherwise stated, IPC a/a of desired product **1** (LC-method 1). (b) DBU: 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene; DBN: 1,5-diazabicyclo[4.3.0]non-5-ene; MTBD: 7-methyl-1,5,7-triazabicyclo[4.4.0]dec-5-ene; TMPDA: N,N,N',N'-tetramethylpropane-1,3-diamine; DABCO: 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane. (c) External temp.

Table 4. Eliminations in presence of alternative bases with **22a**^(a)

entry	base	solvent	temp. ^(b)	time	IPC % a/a
1	2 eq. Li ₂ CO ₃	NMP or DMF	120 °C	180 min	22-26%
2	2 eq. Li ₂ CO ₃	o-Xylene	100 °C	90 min	8%
3	1.5 eq. Li ₂ CO ₃	DBU	100 °C	25 min	97%
4	1.5 eq. Li ₂ CO ₃	DBU	100 °C	35 min	69%
5	1.5 eq. Li ₂ CO ₃ 1 eq. LiBr	NMP or DMF	150 °C	30 min	74%
7	1.5 eq. K ₂ CO ₃	DMSO	150 °C	120 min	60%
8	0.3 eq. NaI	Toluene	140 °C	120 min	16%
9	2 eq. NaOMe or NaOtBu	Diglyme	120 °C	60 min	53%
10	3 eq. KOtBu	THF	20 °C	20 min	40%
11	0.6 wt. SiO ₂	DMSO	150 °C	60 min	89%
12	Montmorillonite K-10	Toluene	110 °C	60 min	trace

(a) 0.1-5 g scale, 5-10 vol. solvent, full conversion, IPC a/a of desired product **1** (LC-method 1). (b) External temp.

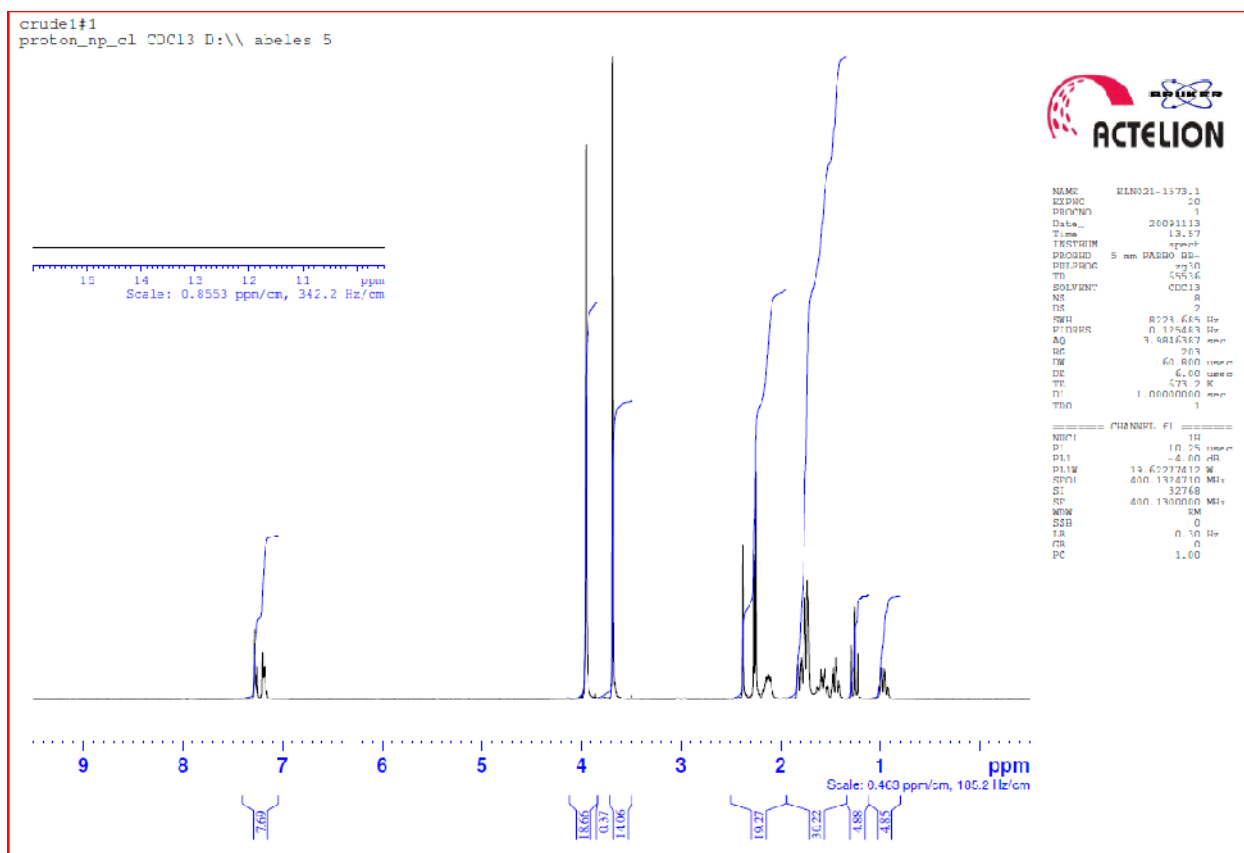
Table 5. Eliminations of **22a** to **1** in the absence of base^{(a)(b)}

entry	solvent	temp. ^(c)	time	IPC % a/a
1	Toluene	110 °C	3 h	13%
2	o-Xylene	150 °C	1 h	10%
3	Chlorobenzene	150 °C	1 h	40%
4	DMPU	150 °C	2 h	87%
5	DMF	150 °C	1 h	79%
6	NMP	150 °C	2 h	92%
7	DMSO	150 °C	2 h	79%
8	Sulfolane	150 °C	1 h	99%
9	No solvent (melt)	150 °C	1 h	26%

(a) 0.2 g scale, 5-10 vol. solvent, full conversion, IPC a/a of desired product **1** (LC-method 1). (b) DMPU: 1,3-dimethyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2(1H)-pyrimidinone. (c) External temp.

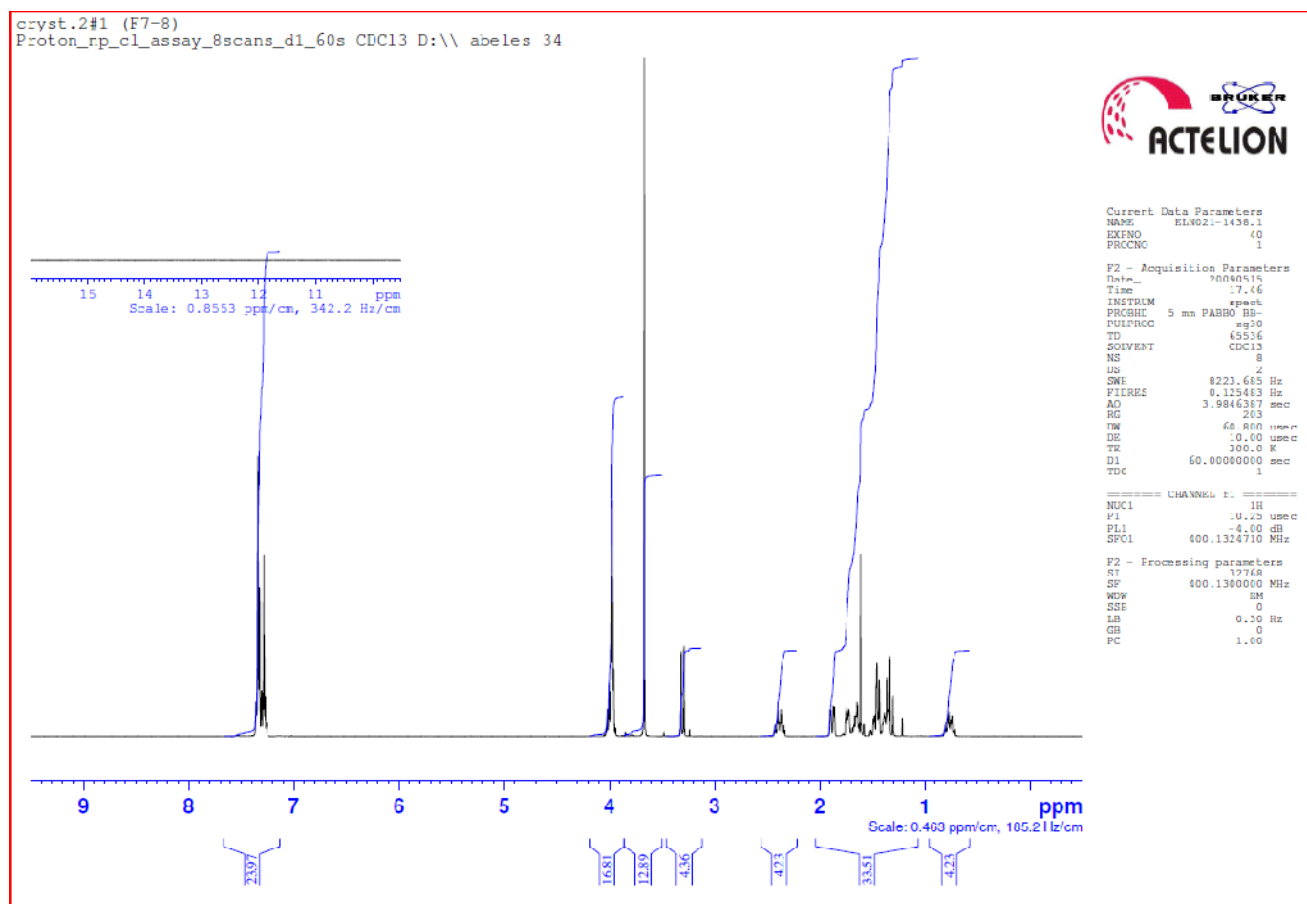
NMR data

Methyl 2-((*R*)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)-acetate (12)



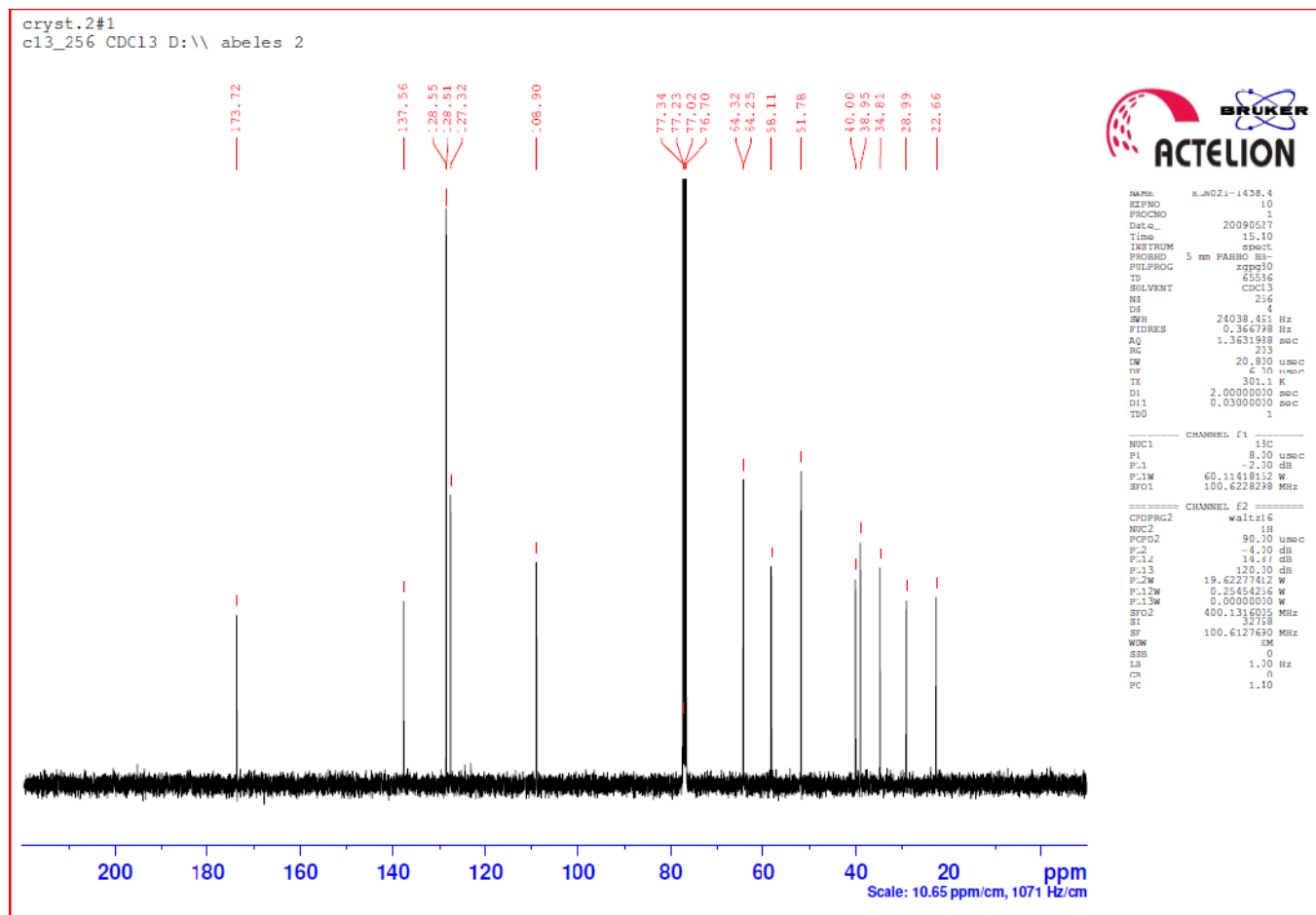
¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of crude 12

(R*)-Methyl 2-phenyl-2-((R*)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)-acetate (rac. 24a)



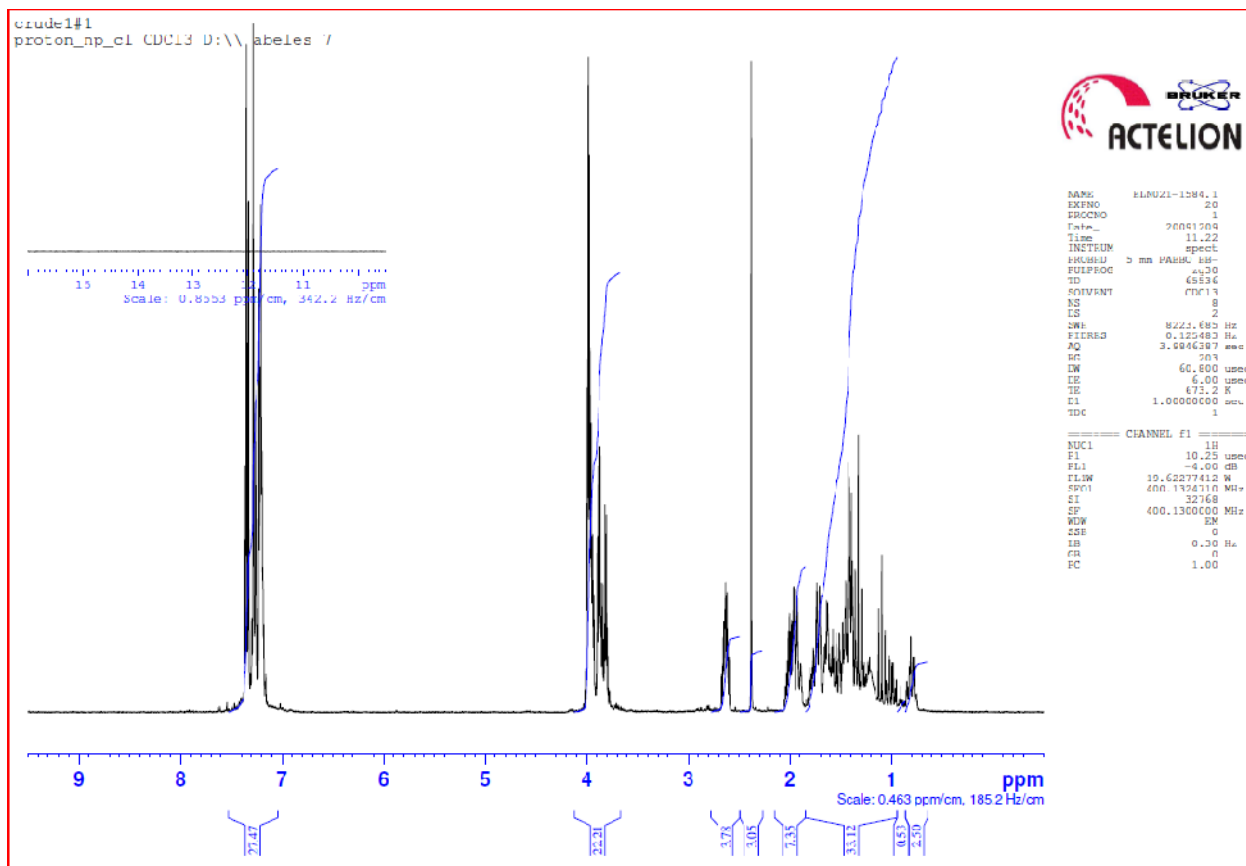
^1H NMR (CDCl_3) of rac. **24a**

(R*)-Methyl 2-phenyl-2-((R*)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)-acetate (rac. 24a)



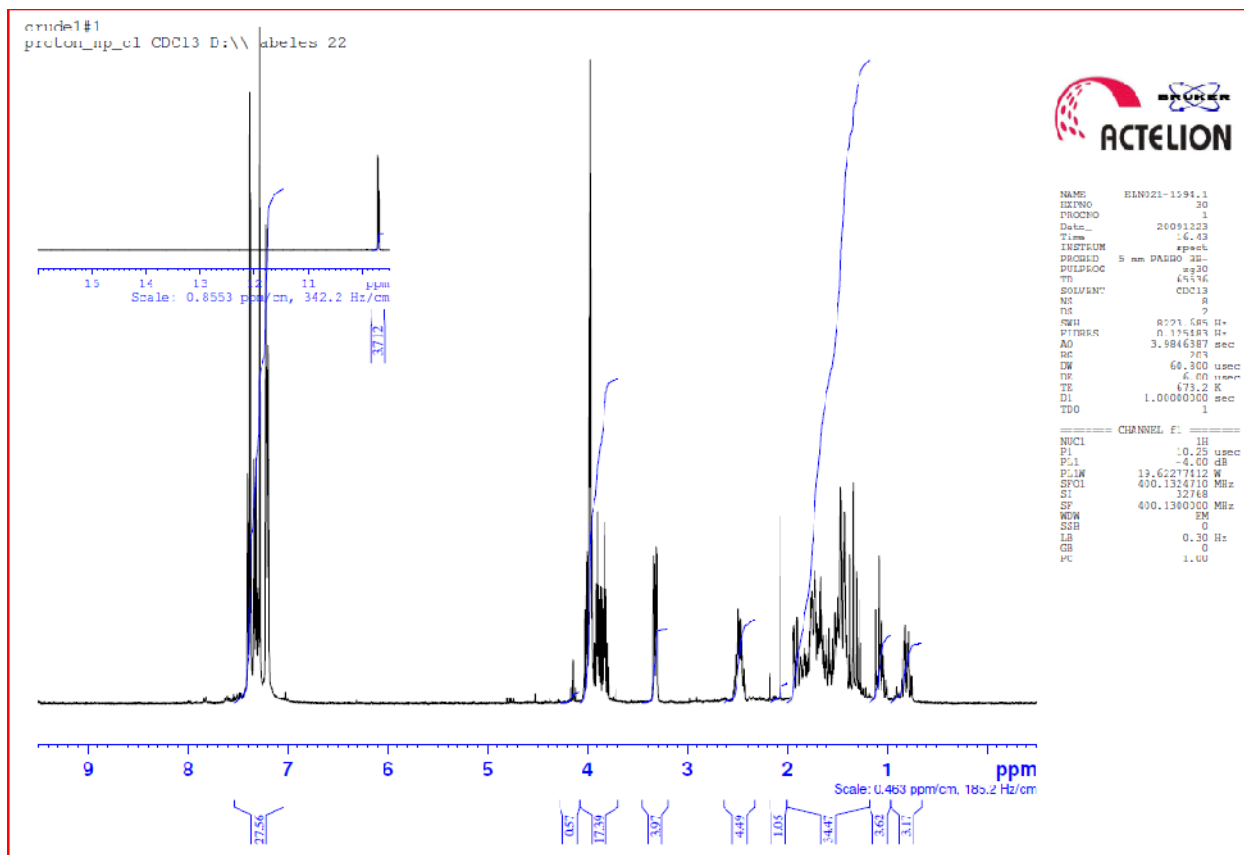
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) of rac. 24a

2-Phenyl-2-((R)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)-ethanol (25, mixture of diastereoisomers)



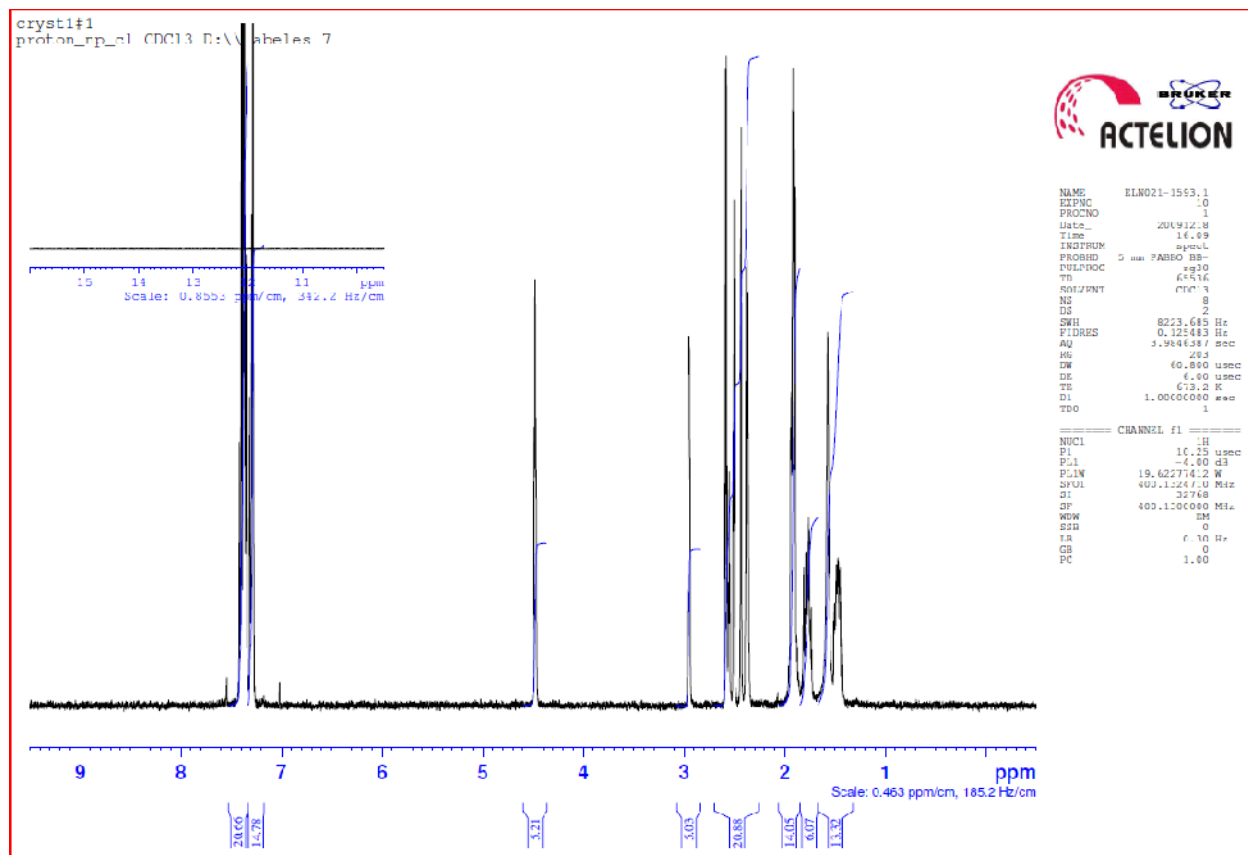
^1H NMR (CDCl_3) of crude 25

2-Phenyl-2-((R)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)-acetaldehyde (21)

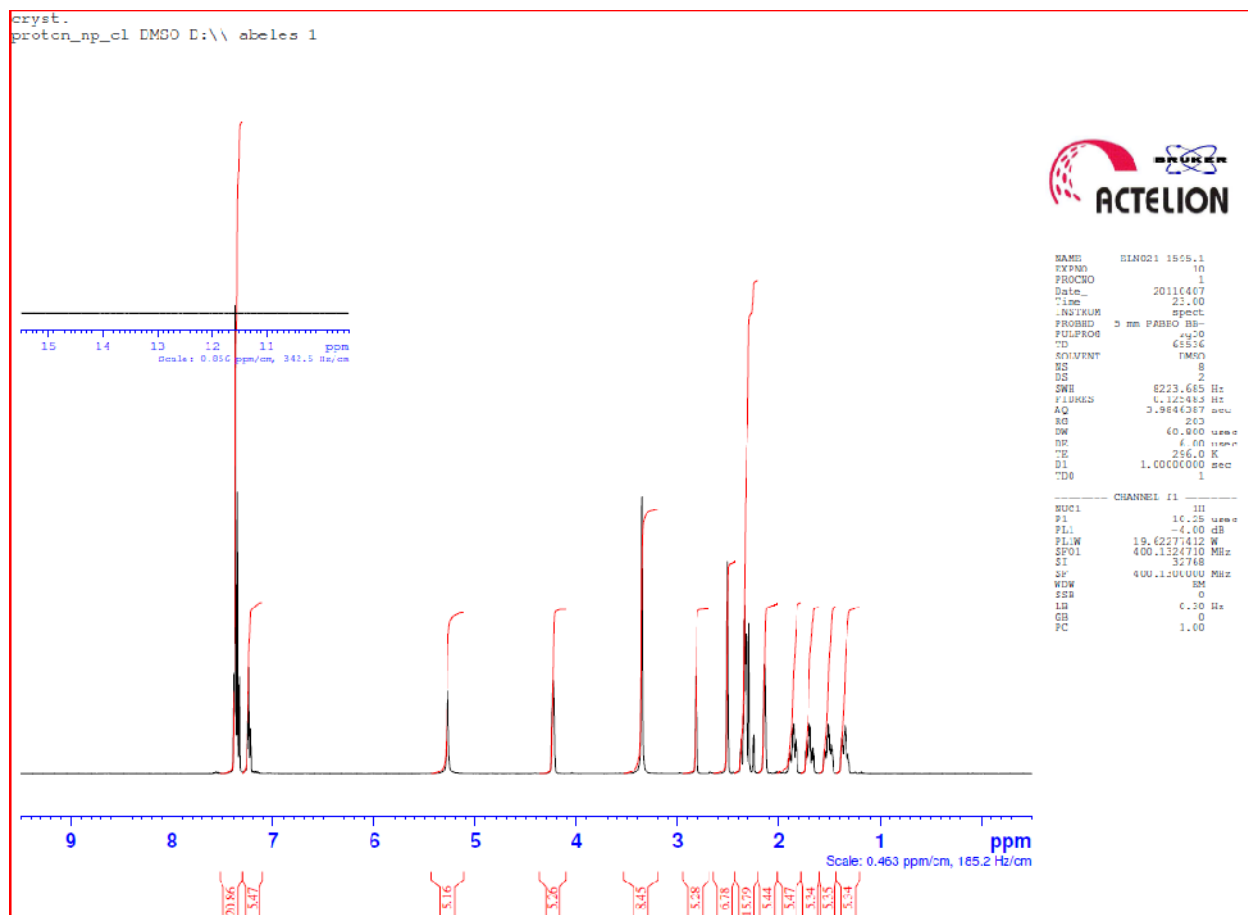


^1H NMR (CDCl_3) of crude **21** (28.9 g scale with isolation of **21**)

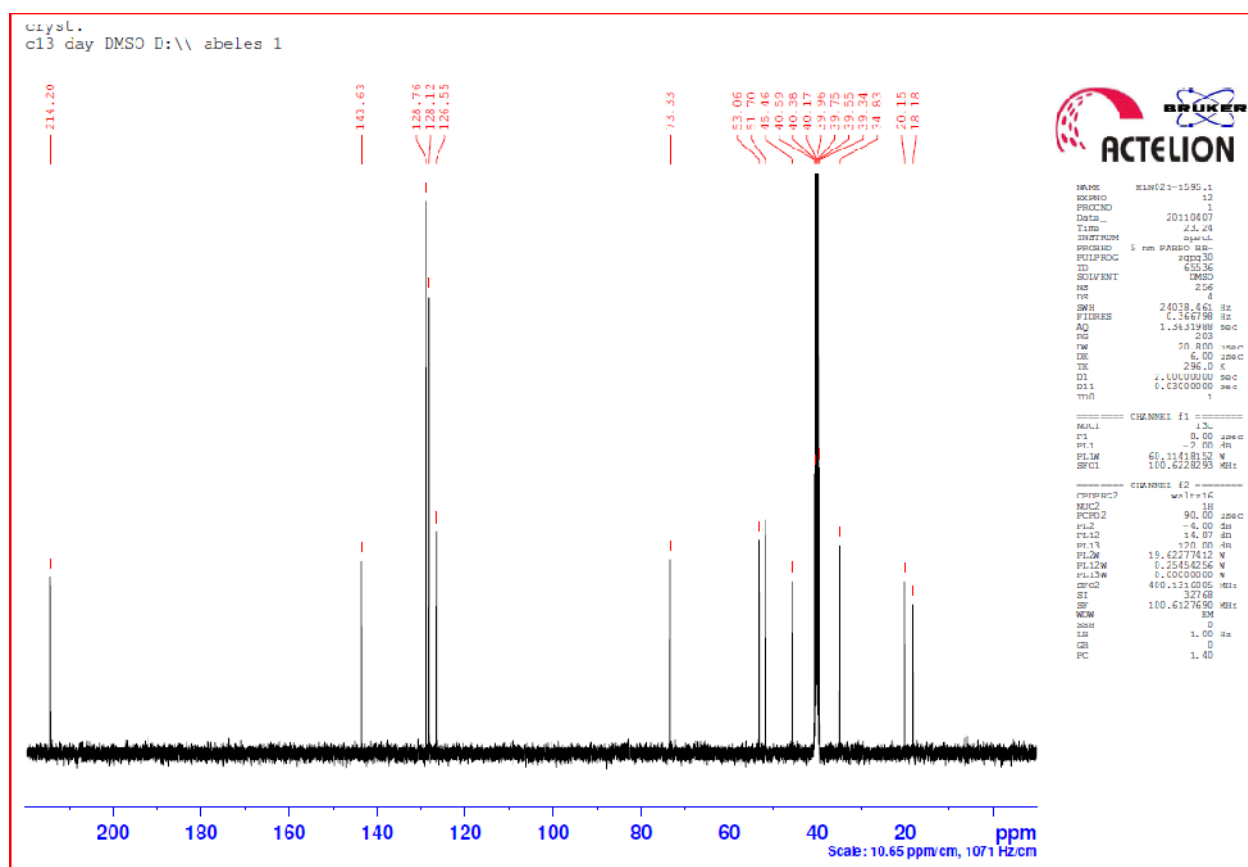
(1R,4R,5S,6S)-6-hydroxy-5-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]octan-2-one (9a)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of **9a**

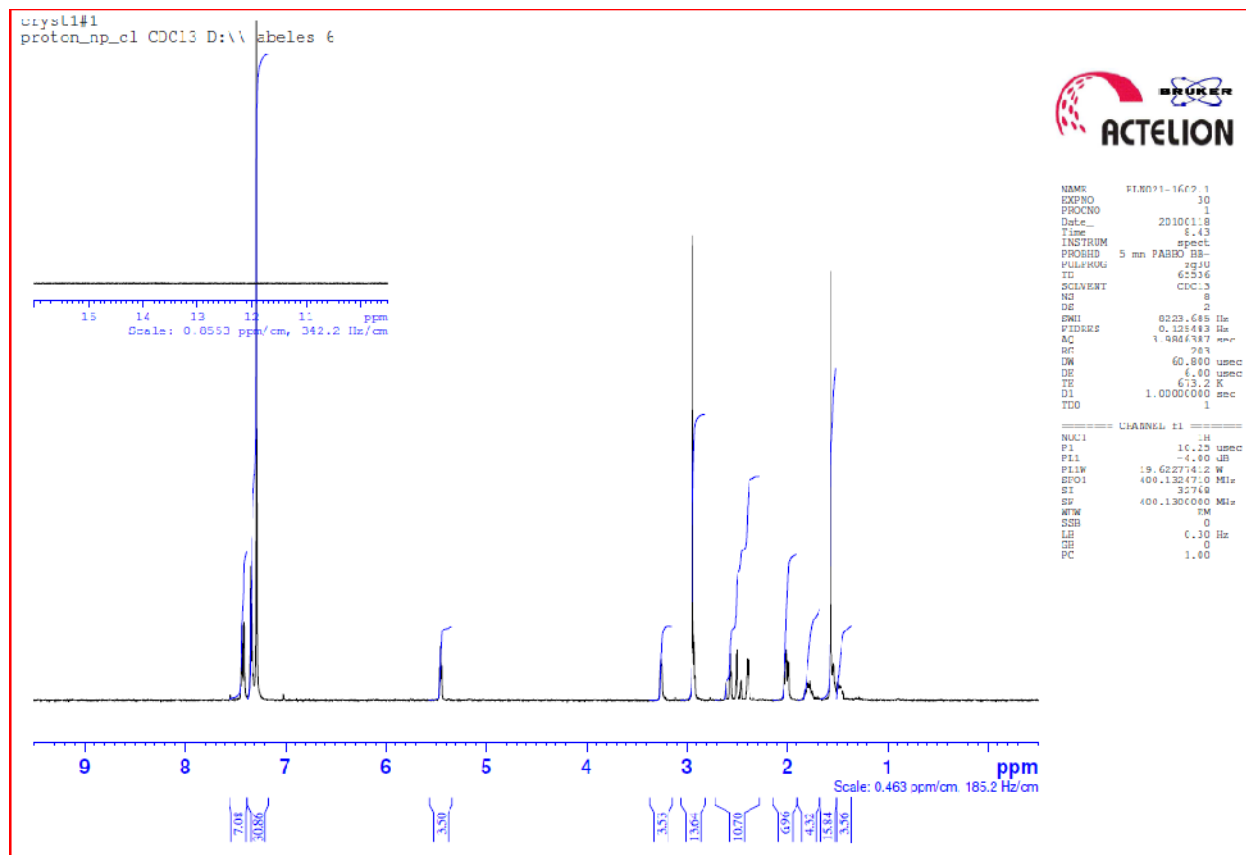


^1H NMR (D_6 DMSO) of **9a**

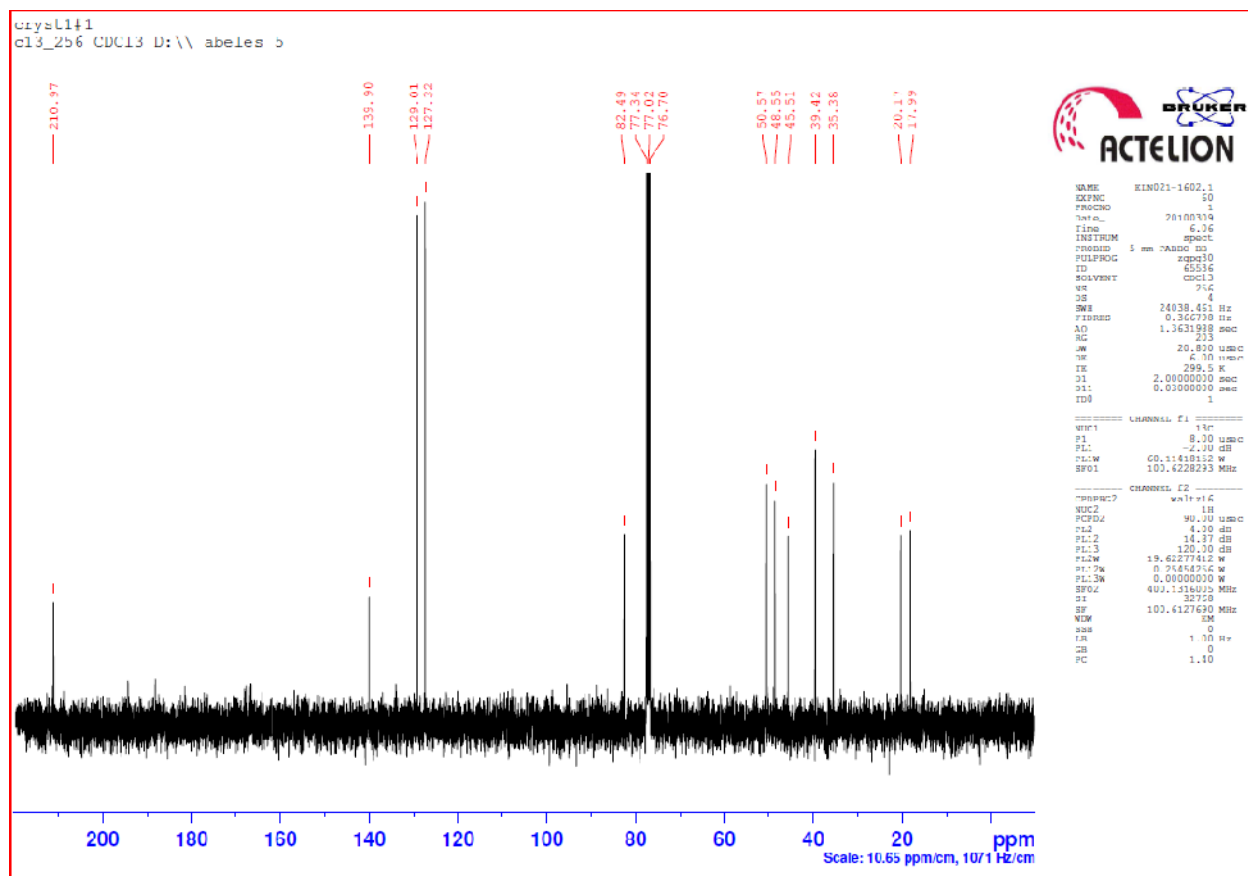


^{13}C NMR (D_6 DMSO) of **9a**

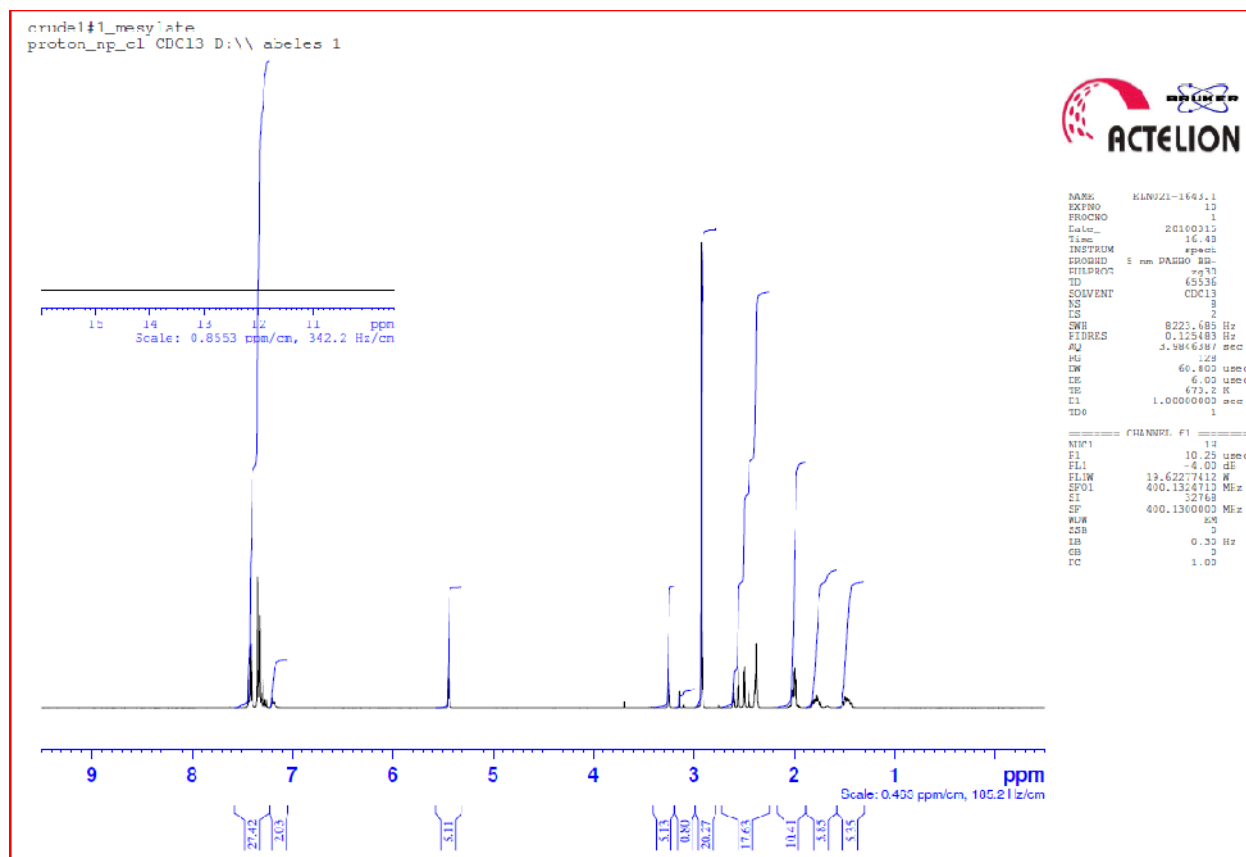
(1R,2S,3S,4R)-6-oxo-3-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]octan-2-yl methanesulfonate (22a)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of **22a** (25 g scale with isolation of **22a**)

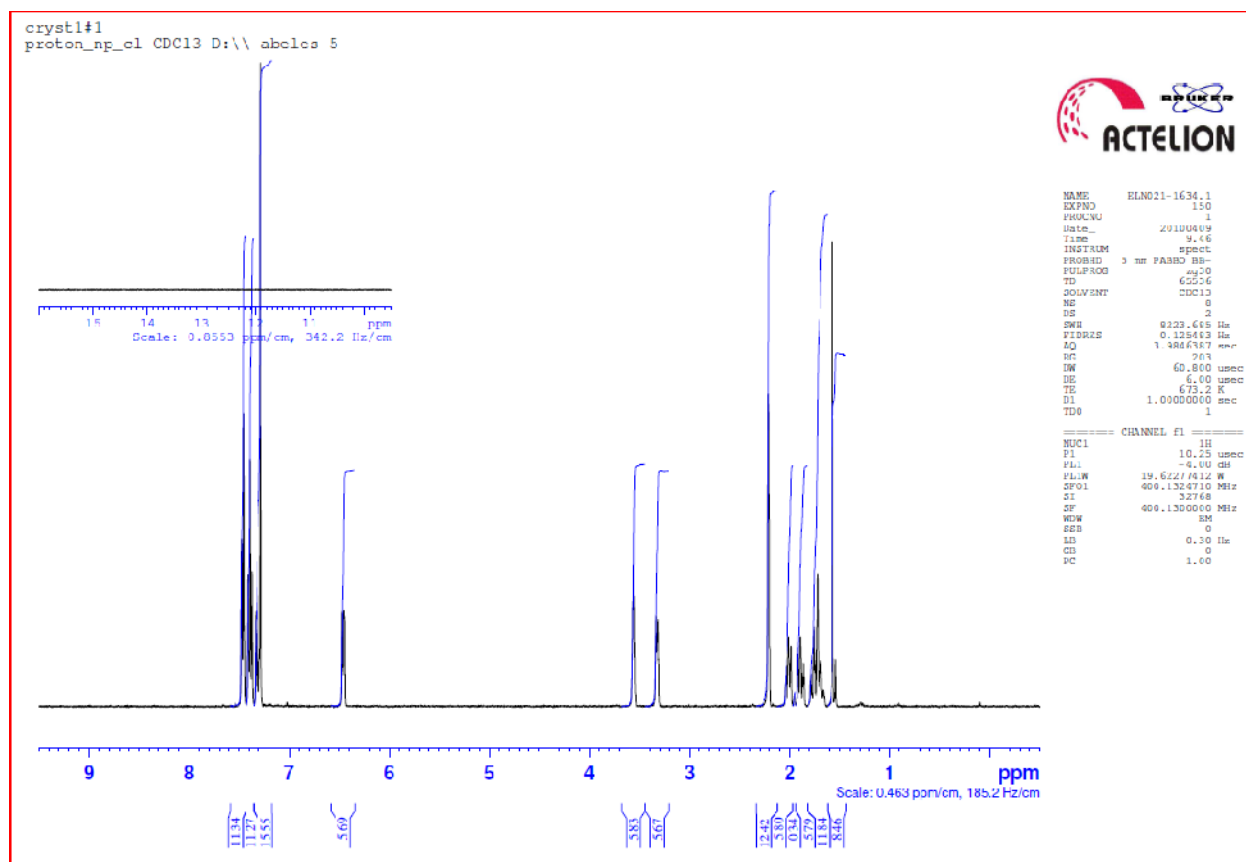


^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) of **22a** (25 g scale with isolation of **22a**)

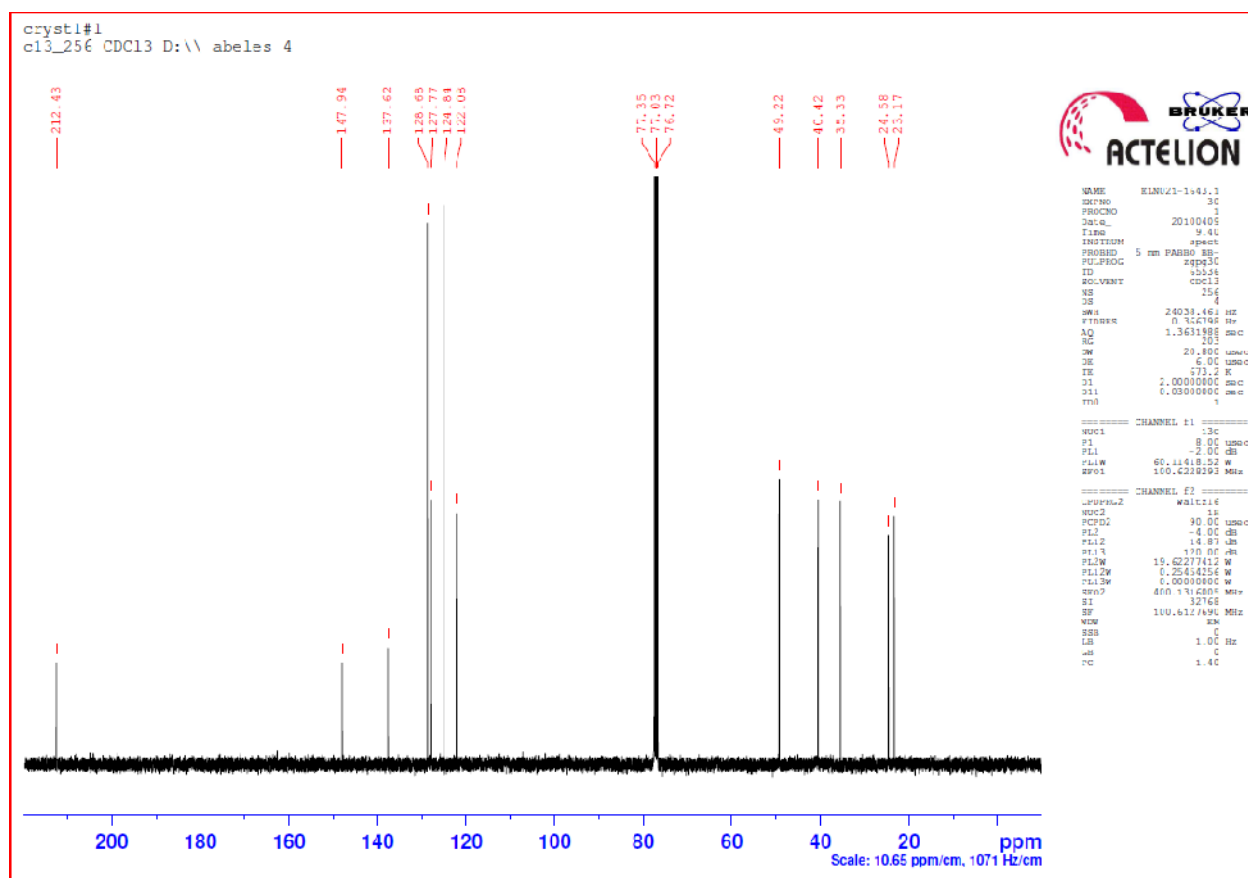


^1H NMR (CDCl_3) of crude **22a**, telescoped into the elimination.

(1R,4R)-5-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one (1)



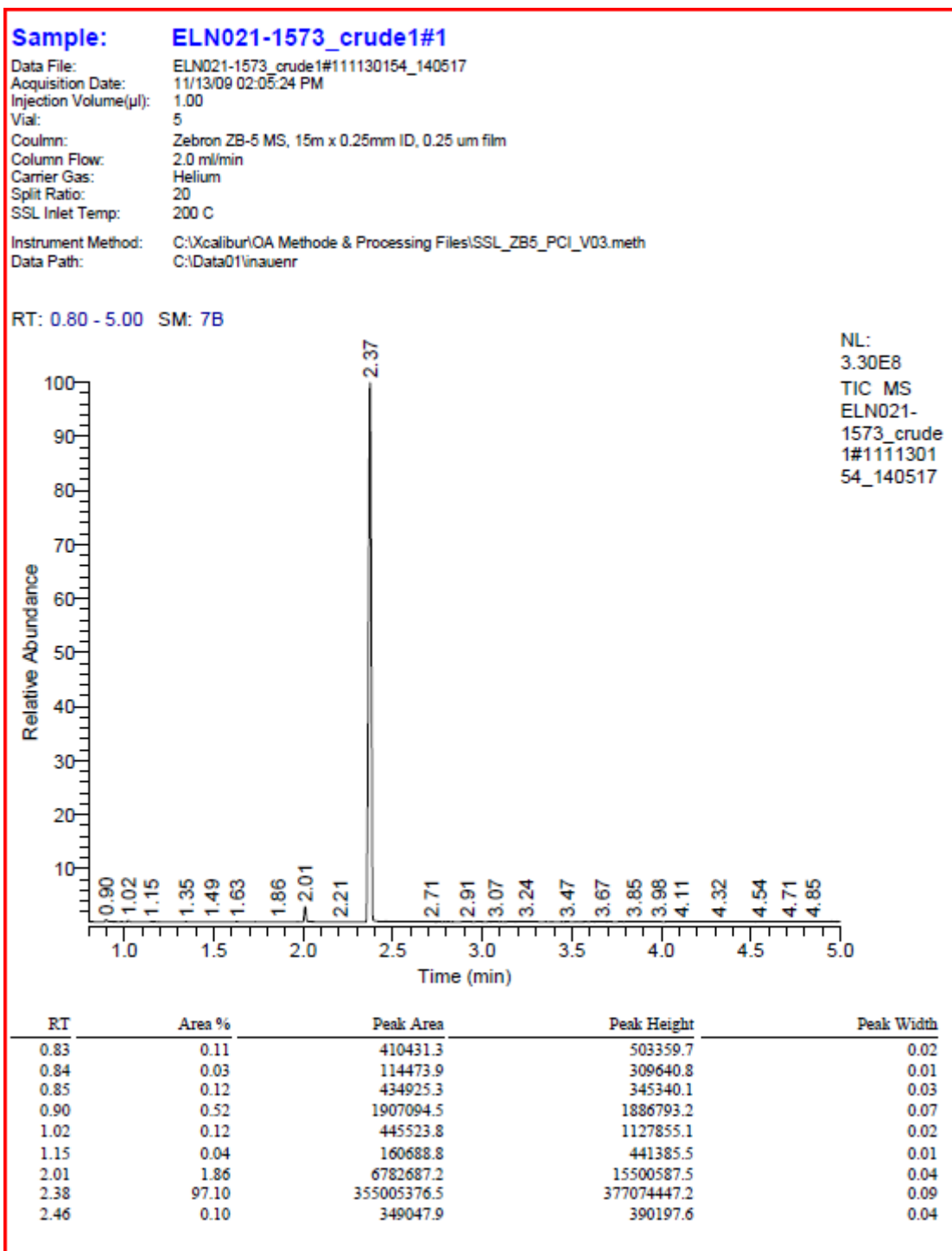
^1H NMR (CDCl_3) of **1**



^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) of **1**

GC-MS data

Methyl 2-((R)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)-acetate (12)



GC-MS trace of crude 12

Methyl 2-phenyl-2-((*R*)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)-acetate (24, mixture of diastereoisomers)

Sample: ELN021-1580_aliquote

Data File: ELN021-1580_aliquote11300019_105238

Acquisition Date: 11/30/09 10:52:47 AM

Injection Volume(μl): 1.00

Vial: 19

Column: Zebtron ZB-5 MS, 15m x 0.25mm ID, 0.25 μm film

Column Flow: 2.0 ml/min

Carrier Gas: Helium

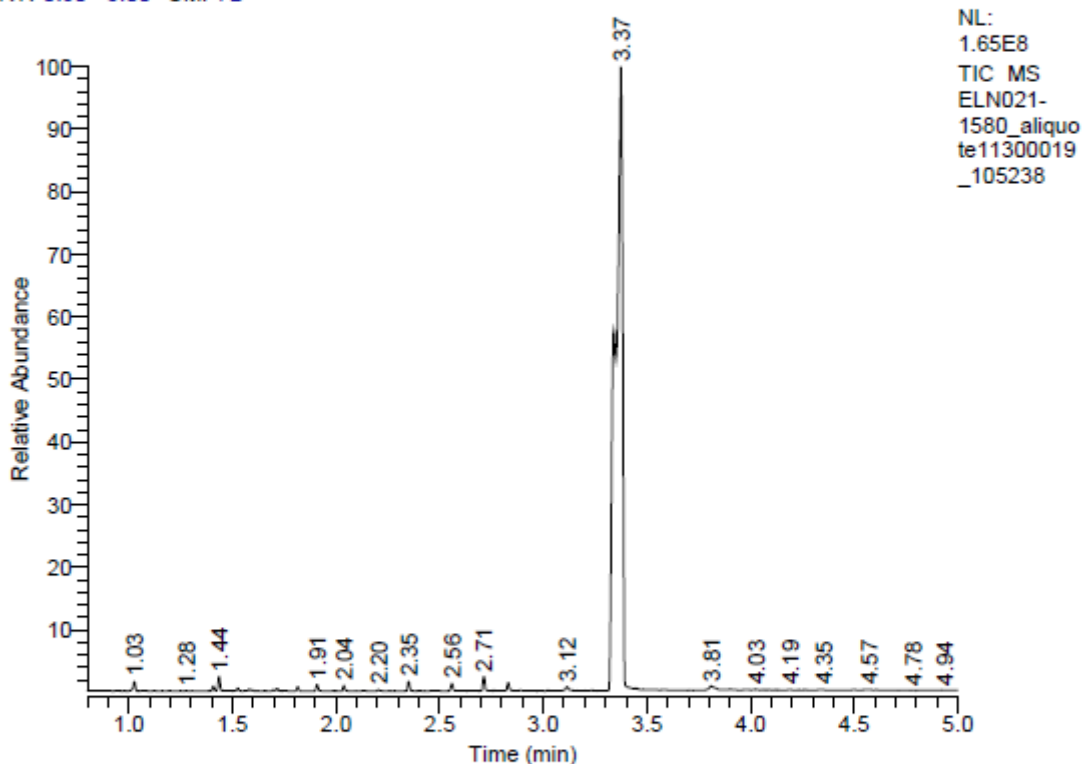
Split Ratio: 20

SSL Inlet Temp: 200 C

Instrument Method: C:\Xcalibur\OA Methode & Processing Files\SSL_ZB5_PCI_V03.meth

Data Path: C:\Data01\inauenr

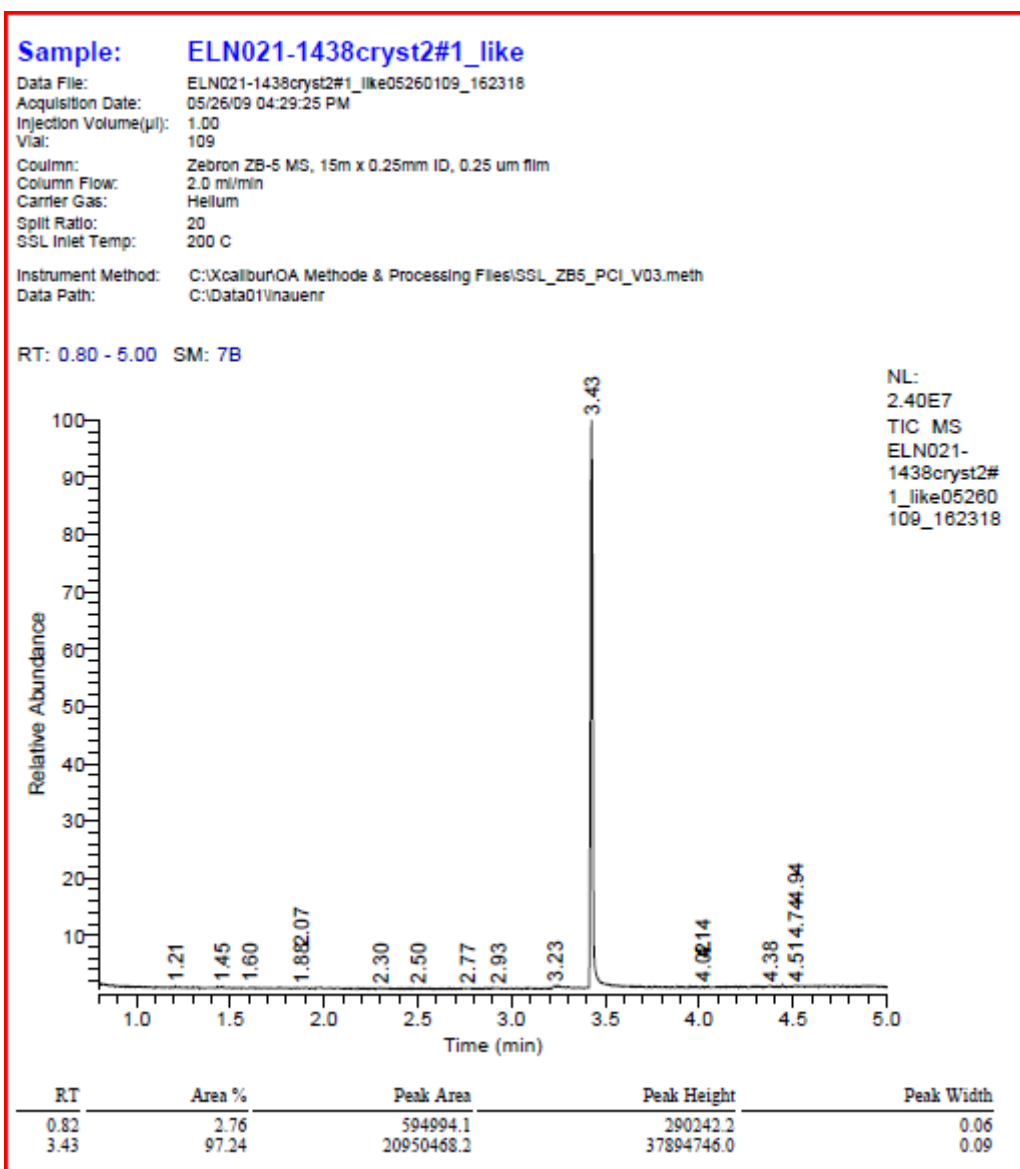
RT: 0.80 - 5.00 SM: 7B



RT	Area %	Peak Area	Peak Height	Peak Width
1.03	0.44	1809505.5	3626064.4	0.03
1.44	0.64	2618094.5	5488828.1	0.02
1.91	0.28	1157548.3	2497841.3	0.02
2.35	0.42	1726148.9	4212058.6	0.03
2.56	0.33	1374800.1	2912423.1	0.02
2.71	0.67	2734670.3	5809435.5	0.03
2.83	0.38	1551426.1	3143177.6	0.03
3.34	33.16	136102712.4	101646881.0	0.04
3.38	63.18	259332310.3	188559837.6	0.08
3.81	0.50	2032434.7	1131087.3	0.07

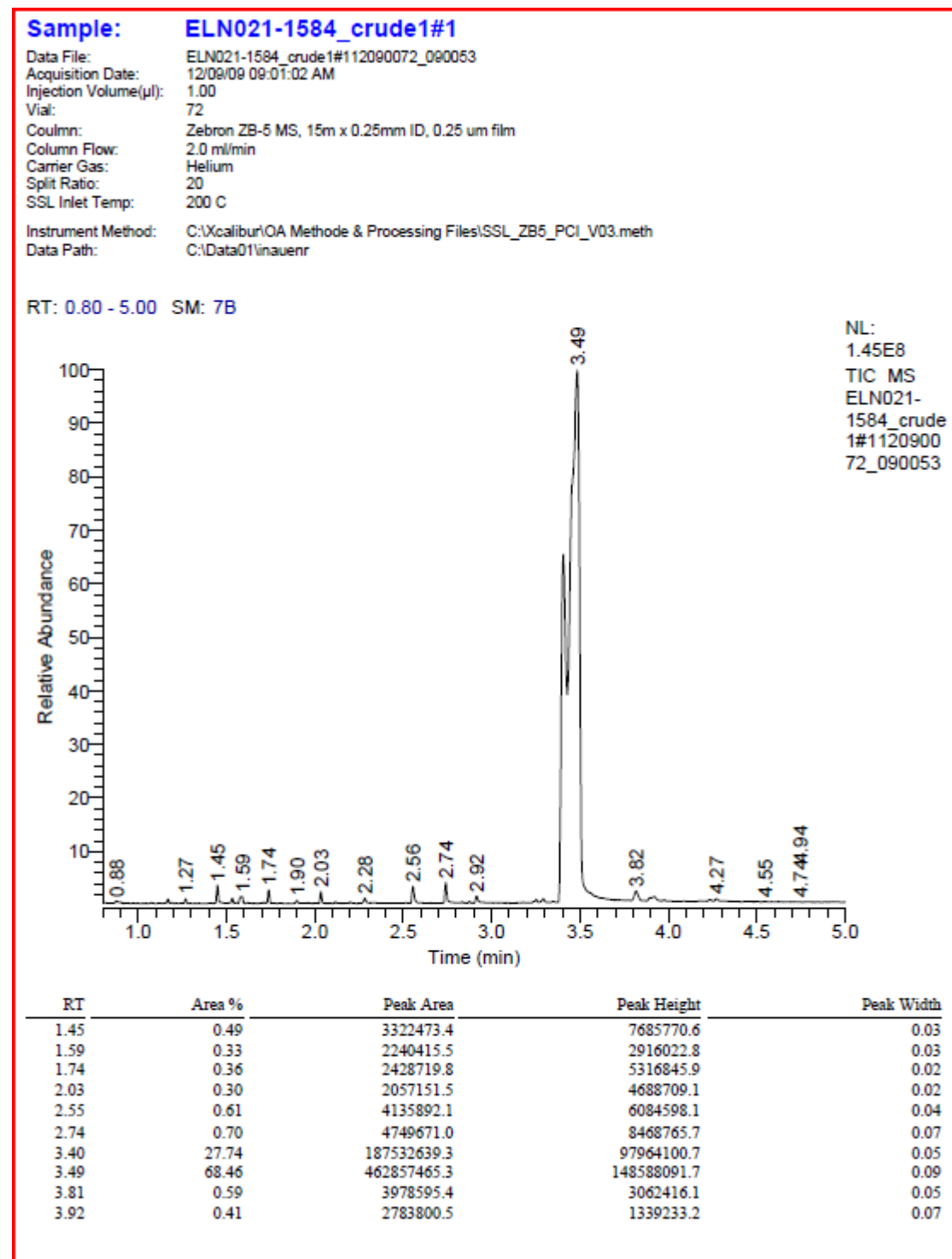
GC-MS of crude 24

(R*)-Methyl 2-phenyl-2-((R*)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)-acetate (rac. 24a)



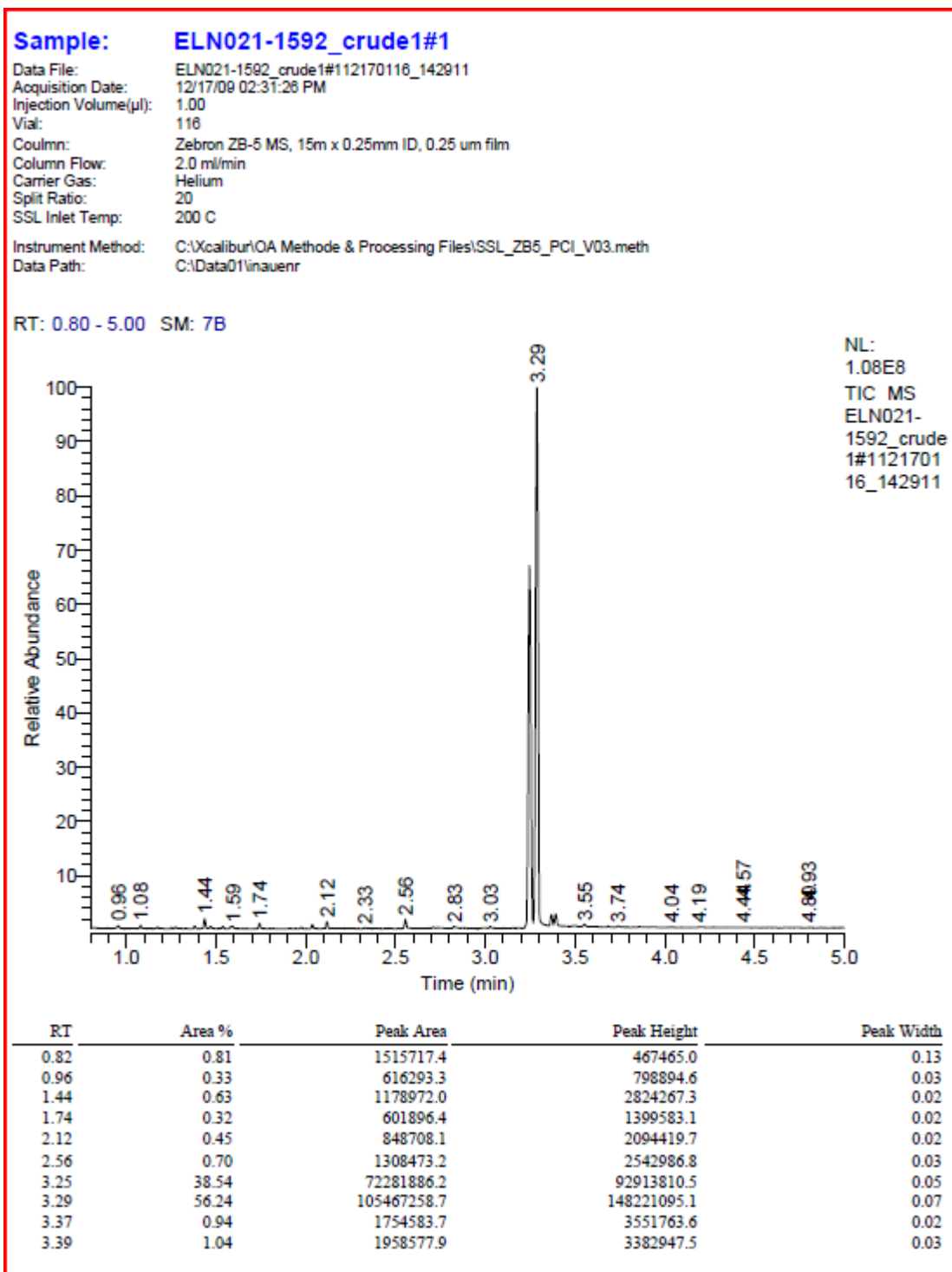
GC-MS of 24a

2-Phenyl-2-((R)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)-ethanol (25, mixture of diastereoisomers)



GC-MS of crude 25

2-Phenyl-2-((R)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-7-yl)-acetaldehyde (21)



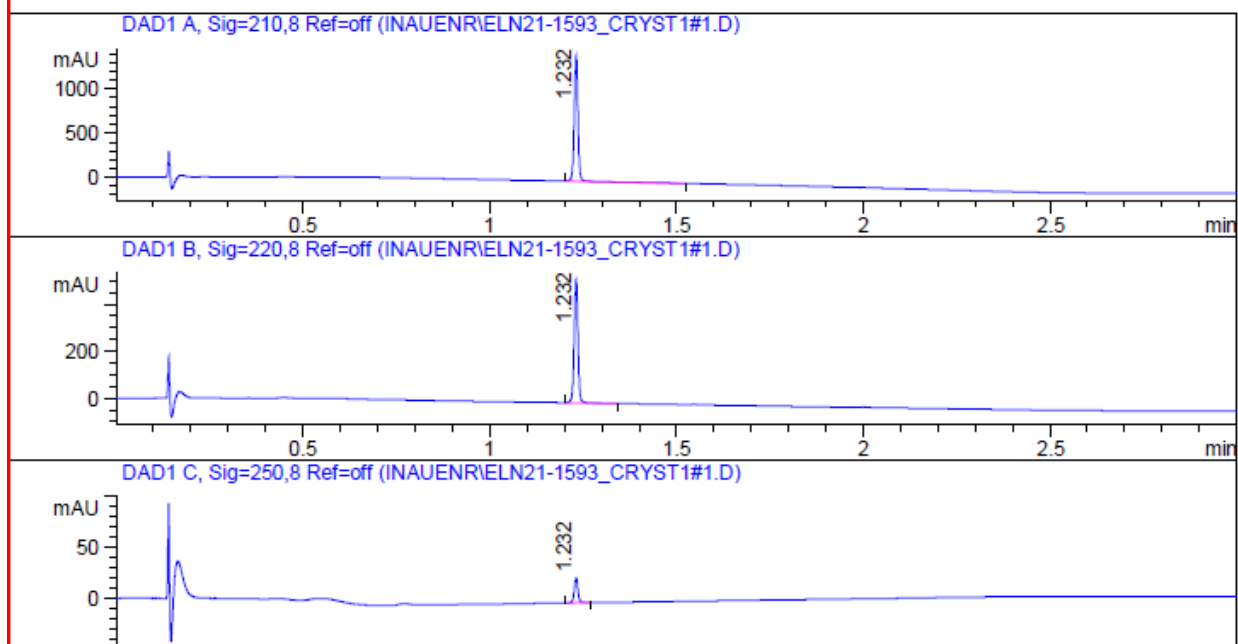
GC trace of crude 21

LC-MS data

(1R,4R,5S,6S)-6-hydroxy-5-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]octan-2-one (9a)

Injection Date	: Fri, 18. Dec. 2009	Seq Line	: 0
Sample Name	: ELN21-1593_cryst1#1	Location	: P1-D-03
Acq Operator	: inauenr	Inj. No.	: 0
		Inj. Vol.	: 2 µl

Acq. Method : D:\METHODS\PRMETHOD1.M
Analysis Method : D:\METHODS\PRMETHOD1.M
PR Method1, 3 min
kinetex 2.6 micron C18, 2.1 x 50 mm, Flow 1 ml, T = 40°C
Eluent A: Water, 0.08 % TFA
Eluent B: Acetonitrile, 0.012% TFA
Gradient:
2.0 min 95% B
2.8 min 95% B
3.0 min 5% B



Sample Name: ELN21-1593_crystl#1

DAD1 A, Sig=210,8 Ref=off

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Height [mAu]	Area [mAu*s]	Area [%]
1	1.232	1433.651	974.197	100.000

DAD1 B, Sig=220,8 Ref=off

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Height [mAu]	Area [mAu*s]	Area [%]
1	1.232	527.792	366.519	100.000

DAD1 C, Sig=250,8 Ref=off

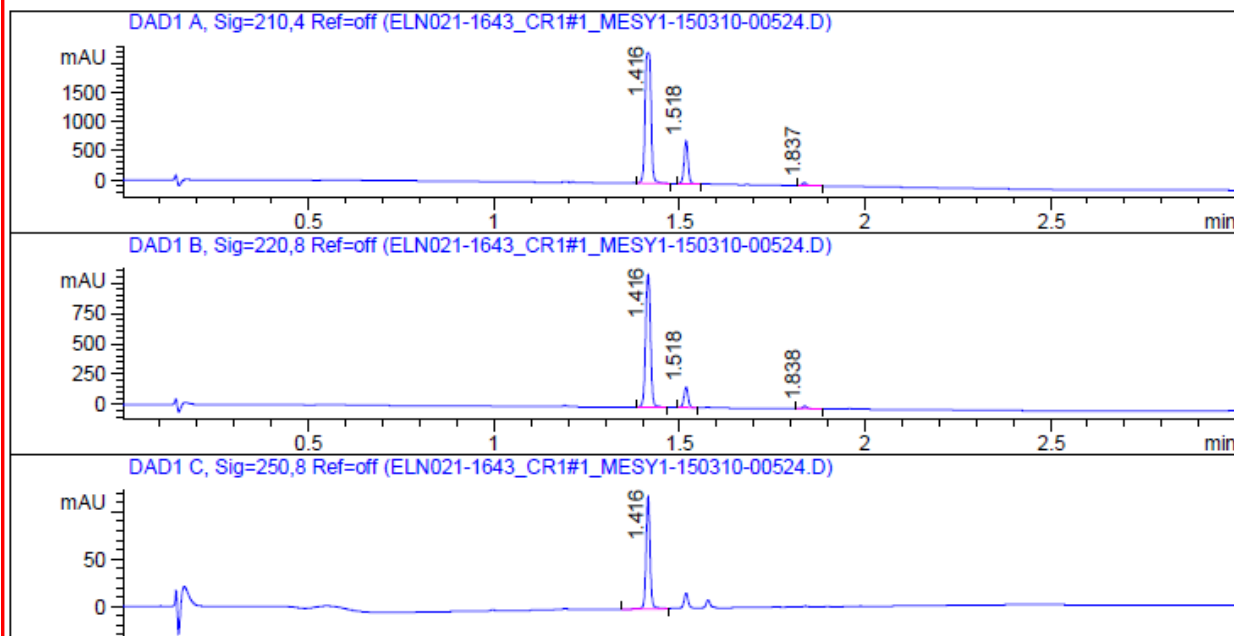
Peak #	RetTime [min]	Height [mAu]	Area [mAu*s]	Area [%]
1	1.232	24.047	16.257	100.000

LC-MS (LC-MS method 1) of **9a**

(1R,2S,3S,4R)-6-oxo-3-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]octan-2-yl methanesulfonate (22a)

Injection Date	: Mon, 15. Mar. 2010	Seq Line	: 0
Sample Name	: ELN021-1643_cr1#1_mesy	Location	: P1-D-04
Acq Operator	: inauen	Inj. No.	: 0
		Inj. Vol.	: 2 µl

Acq. Method : D:\METHODS\PRMETHOD1.M
Analysis Method : D:\METHODS\PRMETHOD1.M
PRMethod1, 3 min
Kinetex C18, 2.6 micron, 2.1 x 50 mm, Flow 1 ml, T = 40°C
Eluent A: Water, 0.08 % TFA
Eluent B: Acetonitrile, 0.012% TFA
Gradient:
2.0 min 95% B
2.8 min 95% B
3.0 min 5% B



Sample Name: ELN021-1643_crl#1_mesy

DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=off

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Height [mAu]	Area [mAu*s]	Area [%]
1	1.416	2240.750	2508.087	80.925
2	1.518	735.384	552.754	17.835
3	1.837	53.569	38.447	1.241

DAD1 B, Sig=220,8 Ref=off

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Height [mAu]	Area [mAu*s]	Area [%]
1	1.416	1086.155	1004.695	87.377
2	1.518	167.914	129.353	11.250
3	1.838	21.139	15.788	1.373

DAD1 C, Sig=250,8 Ref=off

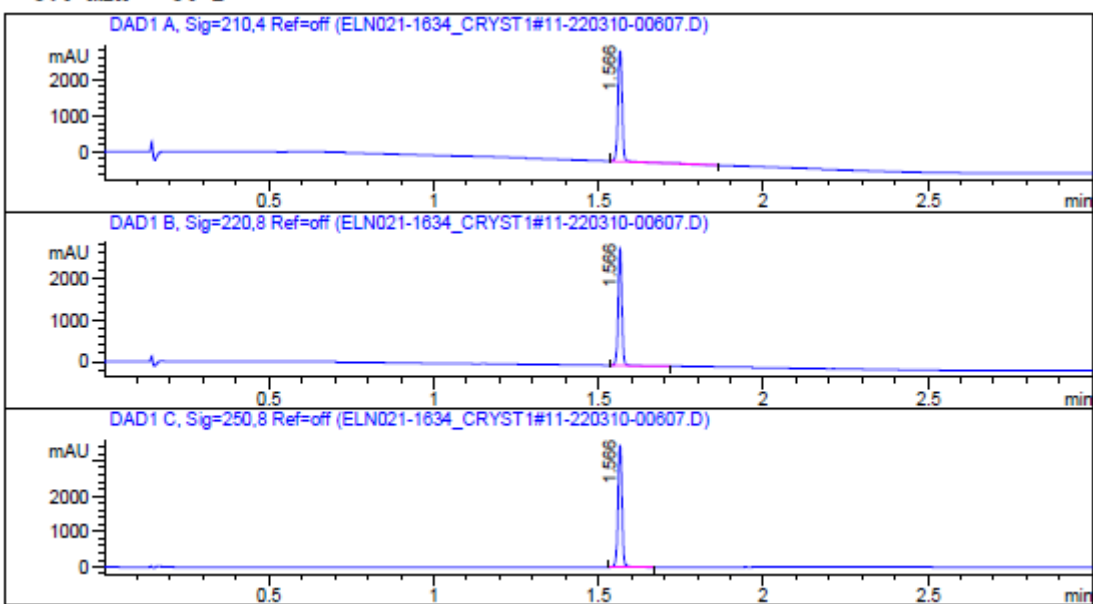
Peak #	RetTime [min]	Height [mAu]	Area [mAu*s]	Area [%]
1	1.416	118.897	88.724	100.000

LC-MS (LC-MS method 1) of crude **22a**, toluene (R_t 1.518 min)

(1R,4R)-5-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one (1)

Injection Date : Mon, 22. Mar. 2010 Seq Line : 0
Sample Name : ELN021-1634_crystl#1 Location : P2-A-01
Acq Operator : inauen Inj. No. : 0
Inj. Vol. : 2 µl

Acq. Method : D:\METHODS\PRMETHOD1.M
Analysis Method : D:\METHODS\PRMETHOD1.M
PRMethod1, 3 min
Kinetex C18, 2.6 micron, 2.1 x 50 mm, Flow 1 ml, T = 40°C
Eluent A: Water, 0.08 % TFA
Eluent B: Acetonitrile, 0.012% TFA
Gradient:
2.0 min 95% B
2.8 min 95% B
3.0 min 5% B



```

Sample Name: ELN021-1634_Cryst1+1
=====

DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=off

|Peak | RetTime | Height | Area | Area |
| #   | [min]  | [mAu]  | [mAu*s] | [%]  |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1   | 1.566  | 3045.278 | 2727.494 | 100.000 |

DAD1 B, Sig=220,8 Ref=off

|Peak | RetTime | Height | Area | Area |
| #   | [min]  | [mAu]  | [mAu*s] | [%]  |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1   | 1.566  | 2804.972 | 2207.815 | 100.000 |

DAD1 C, Sig=250,8 Ref=off

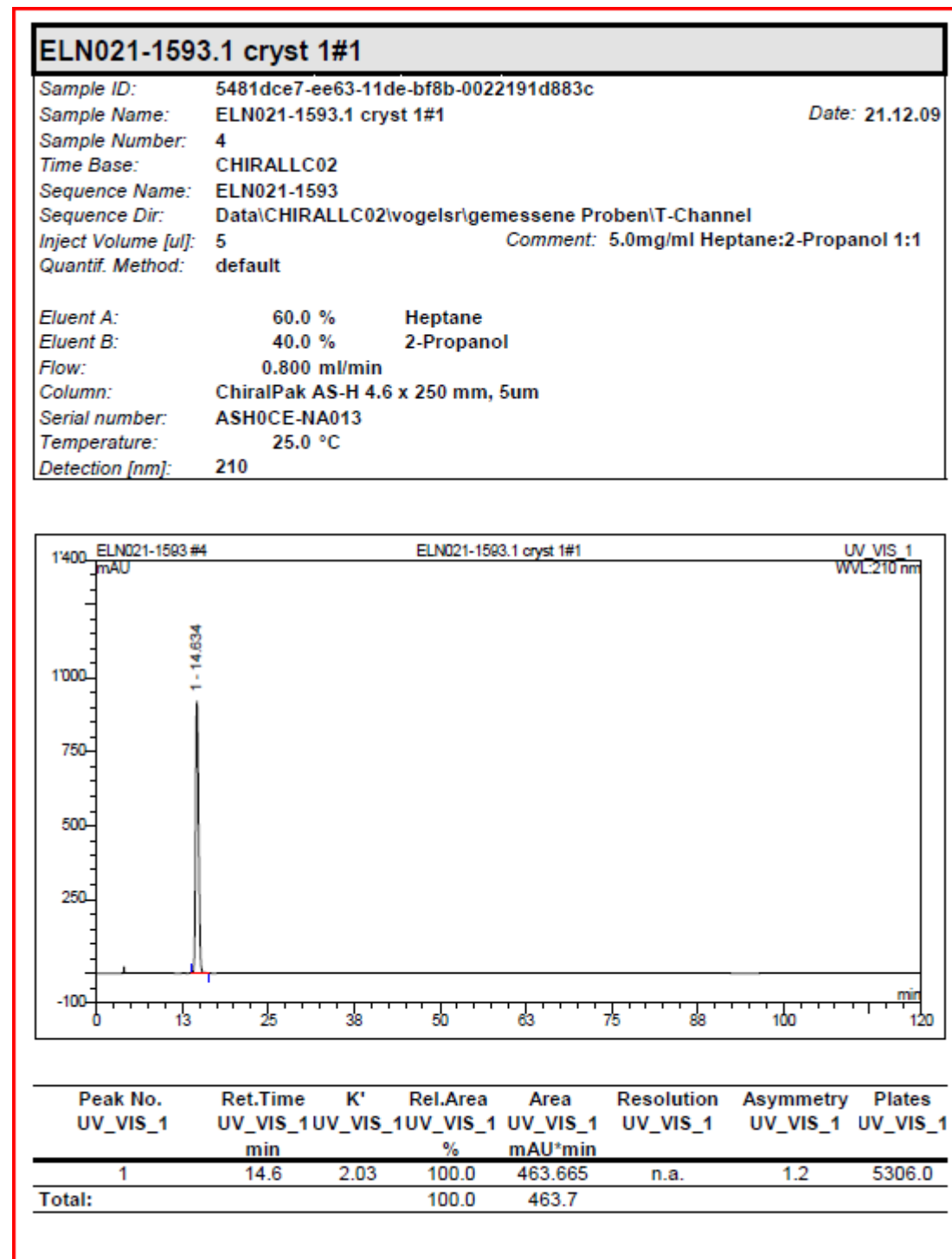
|Peak | RetTime | Height | Area | Area |
| #   | [min]  | [mAu]  | [mAu*s] | [%]  |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1   | 1.566  | 3421.230 | 2930.600 | 100.000 |

```

LC-MS (LC-MS method 1) of 1

Chiral HPLC data

(1R,4R,5S,6S)-6-hydroxy-5-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]octan-2-one (9a)

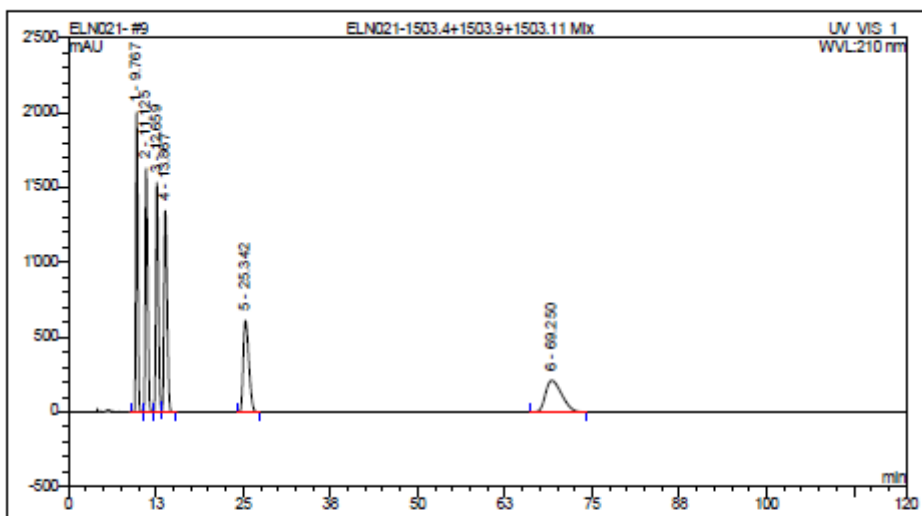


Chiral HPLC data of 9a

ELN021-1503.4+1503.9+1503.11 Mix

Sample ID: d93a0a8a-c46b-11de-bf8b-0022191d883c
Sample Name: ELN021-1503.4+1503.9+1503.11 Mix Date: 29.10.09
Sample Number: 9
Time Base: CHIRALLC02
Sequence Name: ELN021-
Sequence Dir: Data\CHIRALLC02\vogels\igemessene Proben\T-Channel
Inject Volume [ul]: 5 Comment: 15.0 mg/ml Heptan:2-Propanol 1:1
Quantif. Method: default

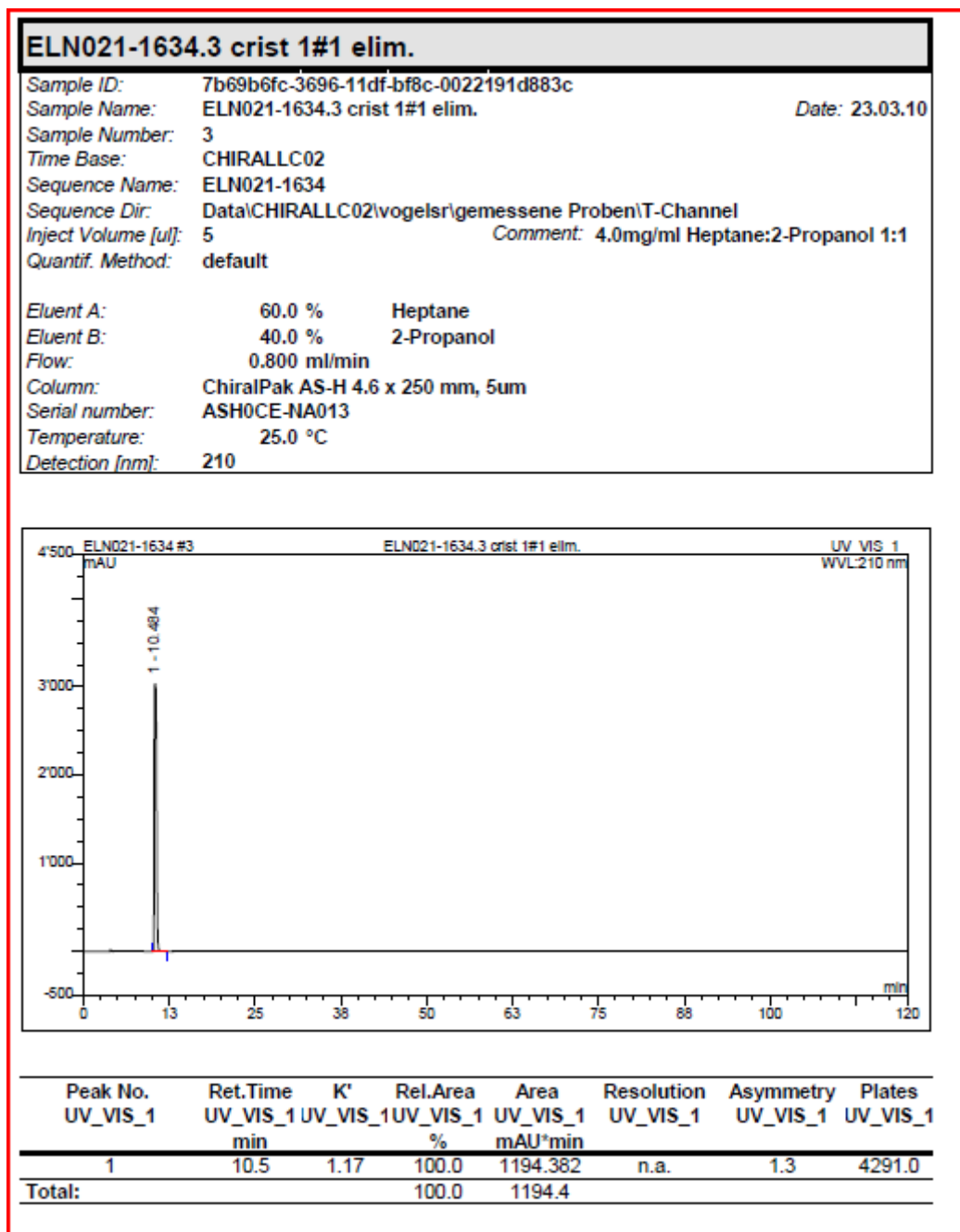
Eluent A: 60.0 % Heptane
Eluent B: 40.0 % 2-Propanol
Flow: 0.800 ml/min
Column: ChiralPak AS-H 4.6 x 250 mm, 5um
Serial number: ASH0CE-NA013
Temperature: 25.0 °C
Detection [nm]: 210



Peak No.	Ret.Time	K'	Rel.Area	Area	Resolution	Asymmetry	Plates
UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1
	min		%	mAU*min			
1	9.8	1.02	17.2	649.820	2.3	1.2	5595.0
2	11.1	1.30	17.2	650.359	2.3	1.4	4803.0
3	12.7	1.62	17.3	653.009	1.6	1.2	5457.0
4	13.9	1.87	18.1	684.167	9.9	1.3	4801.0
5	25.3	4.24	15.1	572.318	14.9	1.4	4490.0
6	69.3	13.33	15.2	573.381	n.a.	1.4	3992.0
Total:			100.0	3783.1			

Chiral HPLC data of a mixture of rac. **9a** (R_t 11.1, 12.7 min), rac. **9b** (R_t 9.8, 13.9 min), and rac. **9c** (R_t 25.3, 69.3 min).

(1R,4R)-5-phenylbicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one (1)

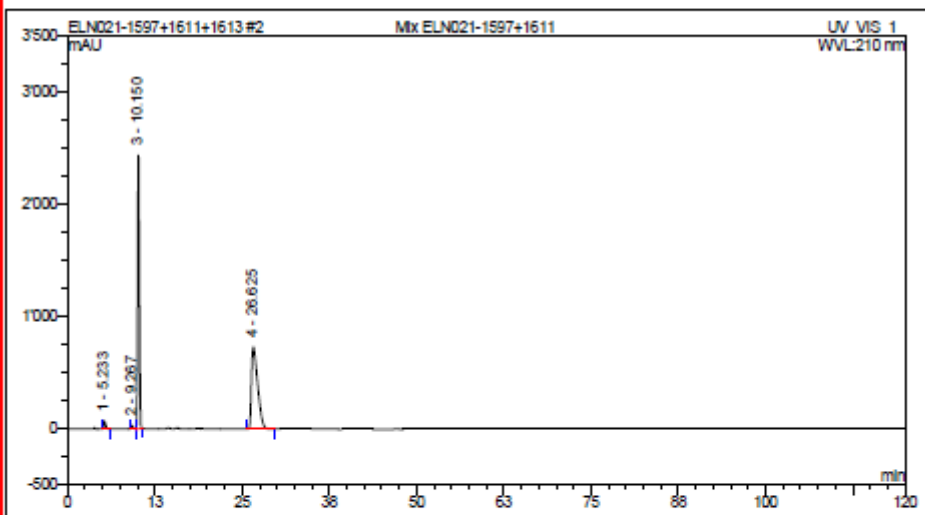


Chiral HPLC data of 1

Mix ELN021-1597+1611

Sample ID: 36a97c53-0019-11df-bf8b-0022191d883c
 Sample Name: Mix ELN021-1597+1611 Date: 13.01.10
 Sample Number: 2
 Time Base: CHIRALLC02
 Sequence Name: ELN021-1597+1611+1613
 Sequence Dir: Data\CHIRALLC02\vogels\gemessene Proben\T-Channel
 Inject Volume [ul]: 5 Comment: 4.0mg/ml Heptane:2-Propanol 1:1
 Quantif. Method: default

Eluent A: 60.0 % Heptane
 Eluent B: 40.0 % 2-Propanol
 Flow: 0.800 ml/min
 Column: ChiralPak AS-H 4.6 x 250 mm, 5um
 Serial number: ASH0CE-NA013
 Temperature: 25.0 °C
 Detection [nm]: 210



Peak No.	Ret.Time	K'	Rel.Area	Area	Resolution	Asymmetry	Plates
UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1	UV_VIS_1
	min		%	mAU*min			
1	5.2	0.08	1.5	21.852	8.9	2.1	1416.0
2	9.3	0.92	0.5	7.432	2.2	1.4	11049.0
3	10.2	1.10	45.8	665.884	15.6	1.2	8574.0
4	26.6	4.51	52.2	758.325	n.a.	1.9	4045.0
Total:			100.0	1453.5			

Chiral HPLC data of a mixture of **1** and ent. **1** (obtained via chiral separation of rac. **1**)

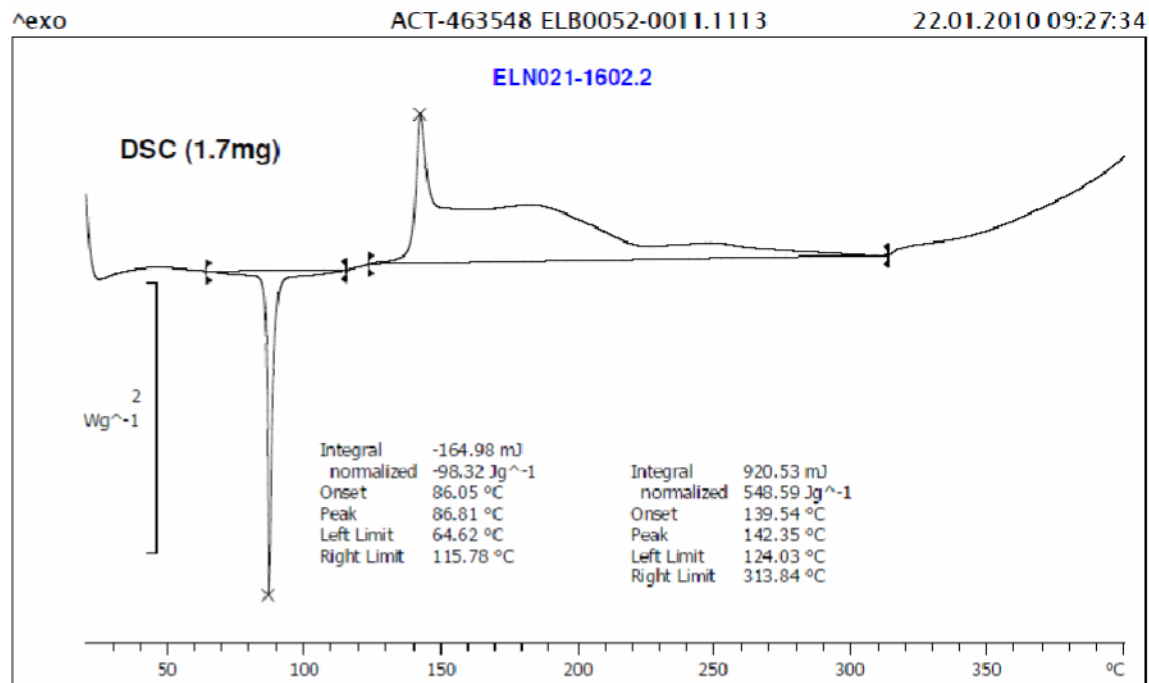
DSC data

Conditions: DSC822^e/400 instrument and HSS7 sensor from Mettler-Toledo. The sample is weighed in a high pressure gold plated crucible (ref M20, inner volume 20 μ L, sample occupies ca. 25% of total volume, Swiss Safety Institute, Basel) which is closed with a flow of 15 mL/min of N₂ during the experiment. The scan goes from 20 °C to 400 °C at a rate of 4 °C/min. The STARe software enables the interpretation of the obtained curve (no baseline correction).

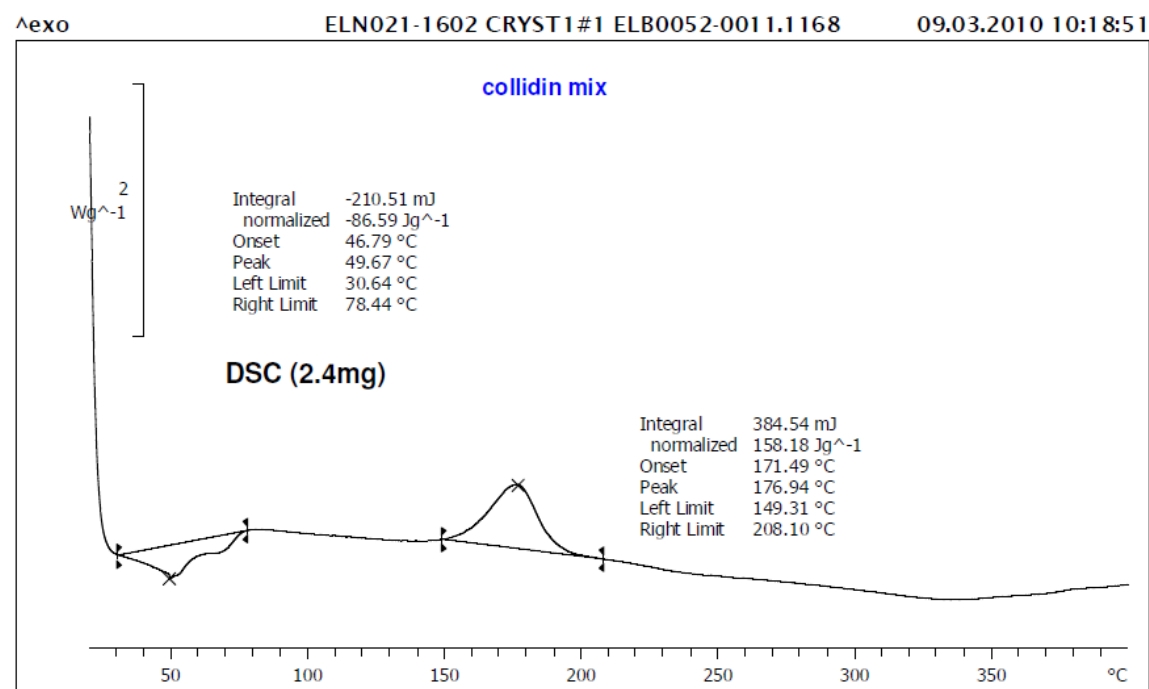
Figure 1. DSC traces of:

- (a) **22a**
- (b) **22a** 2,4,6-collidine
- (c) **22a** in NMP
- (d) rac. **22a** in DMSO
- (e) NMP
- (f) DMSO
- (g) Compound **1** ((*R,R*)-phenylketone)

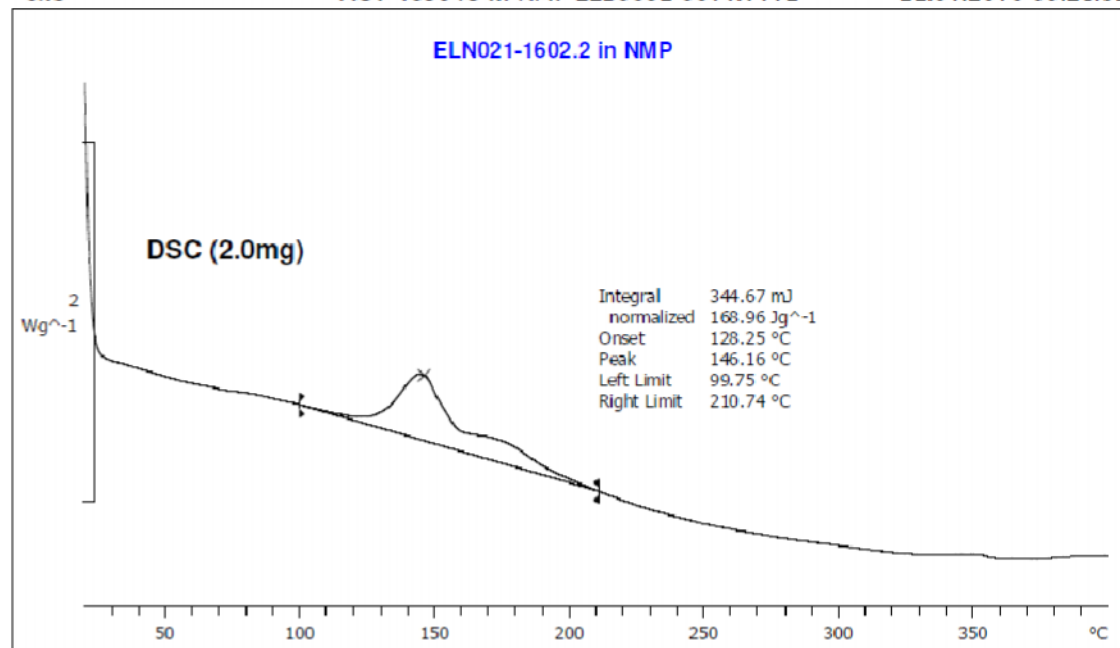
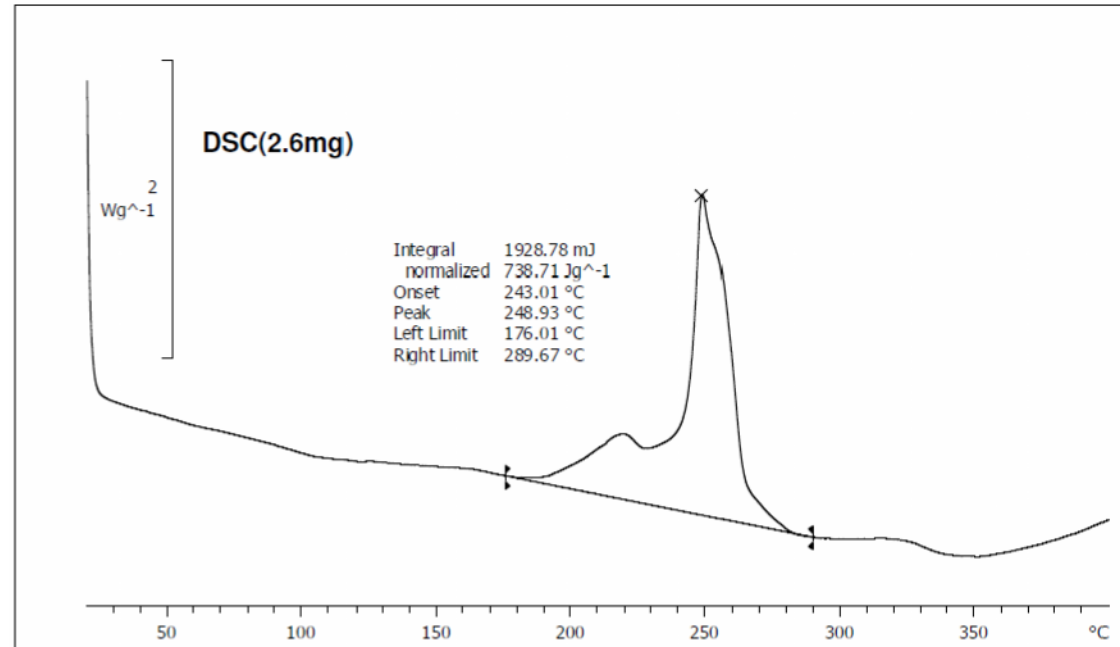
Neat **22a** displayed a left limit for exothermic event at 124 °C with – 549 KJ/Kg. The exothermic event in 2,4,6-collidine starting at 150 °C with peak at 177 °C (- 158 KJ/Kg) might represent the desired reaction; the energy mirroring the dilution factor for this measurement, *i.e.* ca. 4 fold decrease in ΔH by a dilution with 4 vol. In NMP, two kinetic events overlap, starting at 100 °C (- 169 KJ/Kg) whereas the DSC trace of the DMSO soln. indicates overlap of decomposition of the solvent, with a left limit of 176 °C and ΔH = - 739 KJ/Kg.

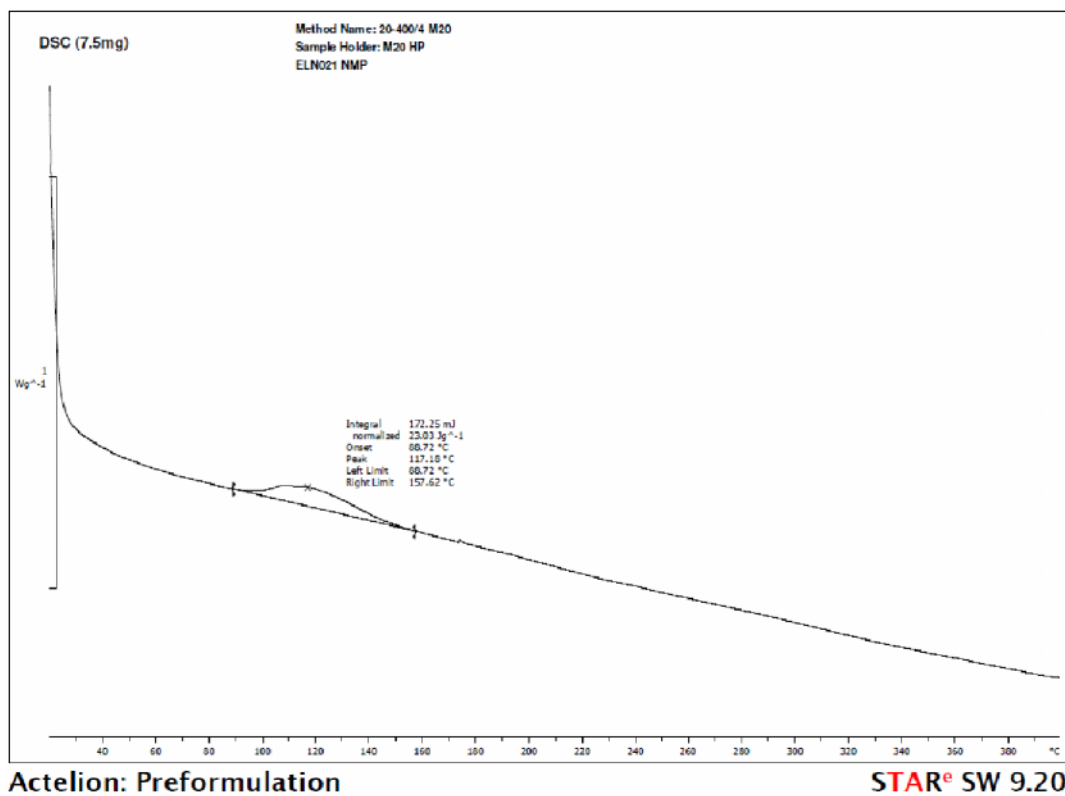


(a) 22a (pure compound)

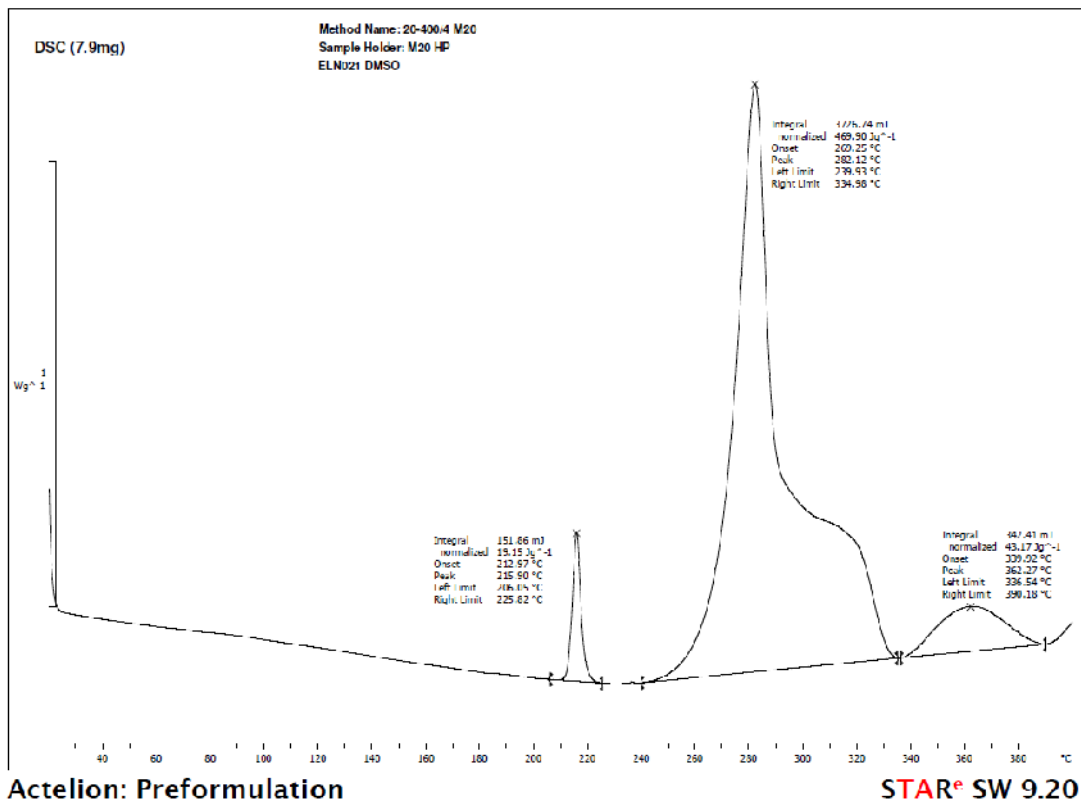


(b) 22a in 2,4,6-collidine

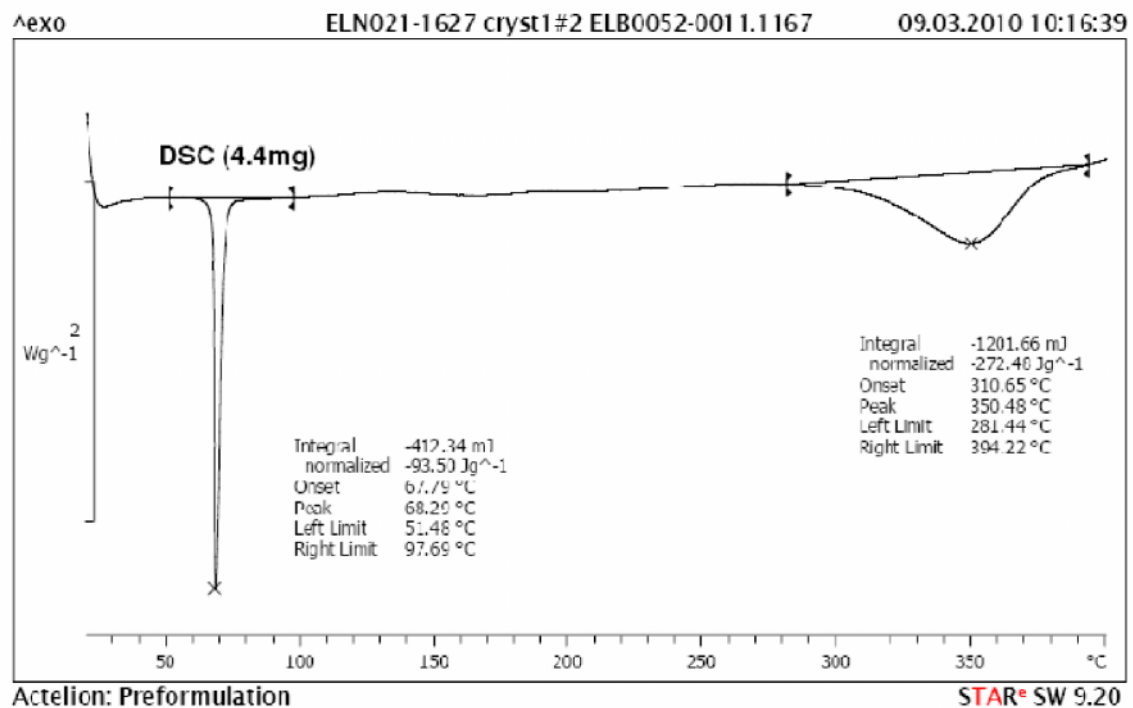
(c) **22a** in NMP(d) rac. **22a** in DMSO



(e) NMP



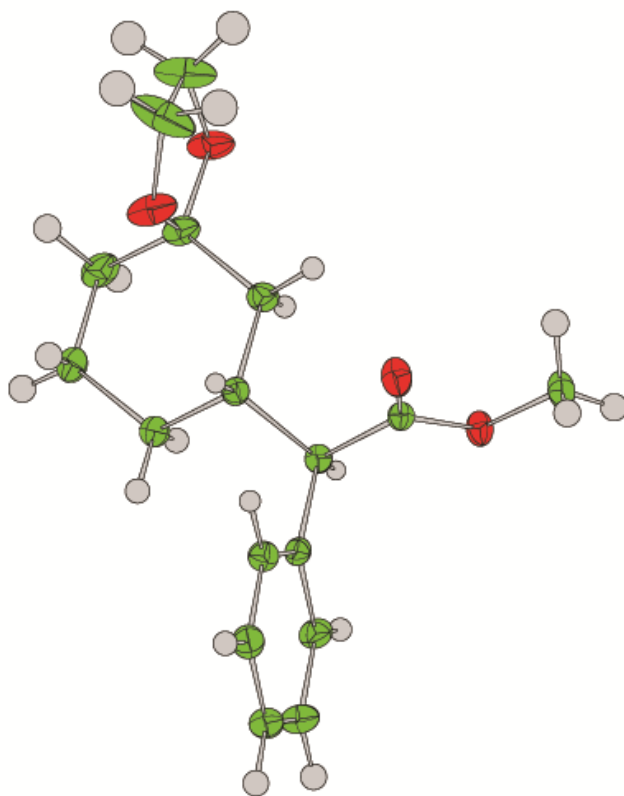
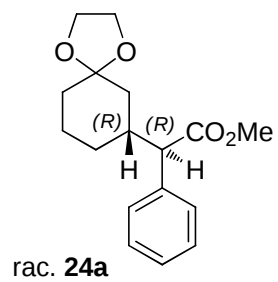
(f) DMSO



(g) Compound 1 ((*R,R*)-phenylketone)

X-ray data

Figure 2. X-ray structure of rac. **24a** (major racemic *like*-isomer)

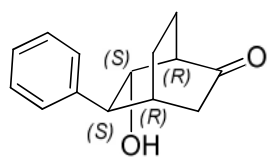


Crystal structure information of **24a**:

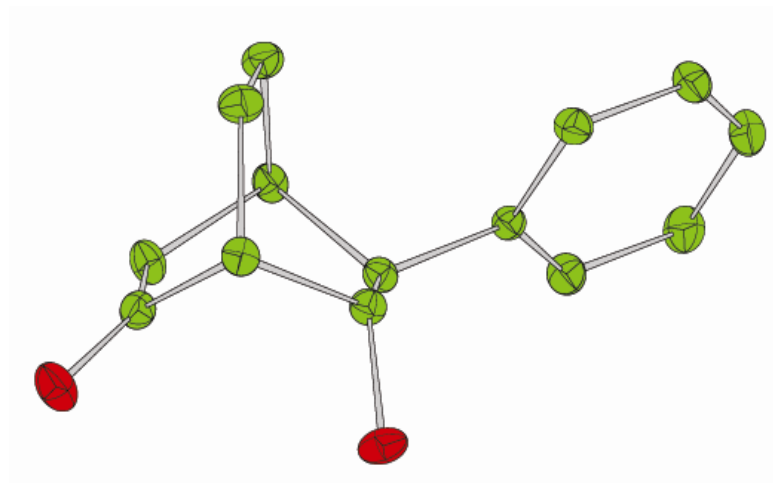
ELN021-1438.4

ACT-378546 in P-1 09-05-20			
Formula C17 H22 O4			
Crystal Class	Triclinic	Space Group	P -1
a	5.6959(3)	alpha	70.760(3)
b	10.9414(7)	beta	86.370(3)
c	13.2893(8)	gamma	79.409(3)
Volume	768.62(8)	Z	2
Radiation type	Mo K α	wavelength	0.710730
Dx	1.25	Mr	290.36
Mu	0.088	Temperature (K)	293
Size	0.00x 0.00x 0.00		
Colour	?	Shape	?
Cell from	0 Reflections	Theta range	0 to 0
Standard Interval	0	Standard Count	0
Diffraction type	UNKNOWN	Scan type	2THETA/OMEG
Absorption type	none	Transmission range	1.00 1.00
Reflections measured	35546	Independent reflections	6569
Rint	0.0004	Theta max	34.76
Hmin, Hmax	-9 9		
Kmin, Kmax	-17 17		
Lmin, Lmax	-21 21		
Refinement on F			
R-factor	0.051	weighted R-factor	0.055
		Max shift/su	0.0009
Delta Rho min	-0.64	Delta Rho max	0.54
Reflections used	5564	sigma(I) limit	3.00
Number of parameters	190	Goodness of fit	1.070

Figure 3. X-ray structure of rac. **9a** (major isomer)



9a



Crystal structure information of rac. **9a**:

Crystal structure information:

eln021_1503.4 in P2(1)/n 09-10-12

Formula C14 H16 O2

Crystal Class Monoclinic

a 6.4126(5)

b 6.4794(5)

c 26.6854(18)

Volume 1107.93(14)

Radiation type Mo K α

Dx 1.30

Mu 0.085

Size 0.00x 0.00x 0.00

Colour ?

Cell from 0 Reflections

Standard Interval 0

Diffractometer type UNKNOWN

Absorption type none

Reflections measured 19296

Rint 0.0005

Hmin, Hmax -9 9

Kmin, Kmax -9 9

Lmin, Lmax -39 39

Refinement on F

R-factor 0.040

Delta Rho min -0.21

Reflections used 2741

Number of parameters 145

Space Group P 1 21/n 1

alpha 90

beta 92.235(4)

gamma 90

Z 4

wavelength 0.710730

Mr 216.28

Temperature (K) 293

Shape ?

Theta range 0 to 0

Standard Count 0

Scan type 2THETA/OMEG

Transmission range 1.00 1.00

Independent reflections 3698

Theta max 31.51

Weighted R-factor 0.044

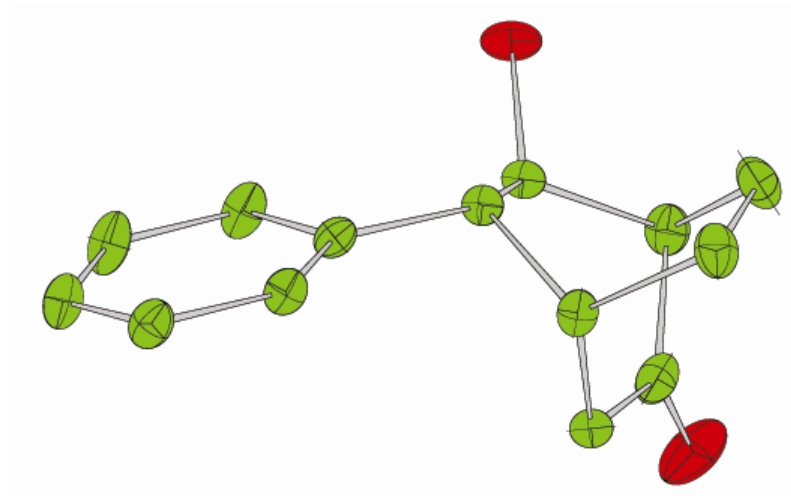
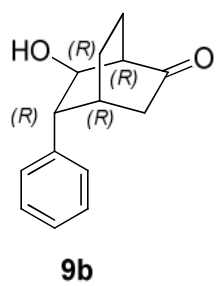
Max shift/su 0.0004

Delta Rho max 0.40

sigma(I) limit 3.00

Goodness of fit 1.117

Figure 4. X-ray structure of rac. **9b**



Crystal structure information rac. **9b**:

Crystal structure information:

eIn021_1503_9 ACT-453815 in P2(1) 09-09-24

Formula C14 H16 O2

Crystal class Monoclinic

Space Group P 1 21 1

a 6.2170(4)

alpha 90

b 8.8214(5)

beta 101.591(3)

c 10.2464(6)

gamma 90

Volume 550.48(6)

Z 2

Radiation type Mo K α

wavelength 0.710730

Dx 1.30

Mr 216.28

Mu 0.086

Temperature (K) 293

Size 0.00x 0.00x 0.00

Colour ?

Shape ?

Cell from 0 Reflections

Theta range 0 to 0

Standard Interval 0

Standard Count 0

Diffractometer type UNKNOWN

Scan type 2THETA/OMEG

Absorption type none

Transmission range 1.00 1.00

Reflections measured 10045

Independent reflections 1784

Rint 0.0003

Theta max 30.53

Hmin, Hmax -8 8

Kmin, Kmax -12 12

Lmin, Lmax -14 14

Refinement on F

R-factor 0.031

weighted R-factor 0.037

Max shift/su 0.0003

Delta Rho min -0.16

Delta Rho max 0.29

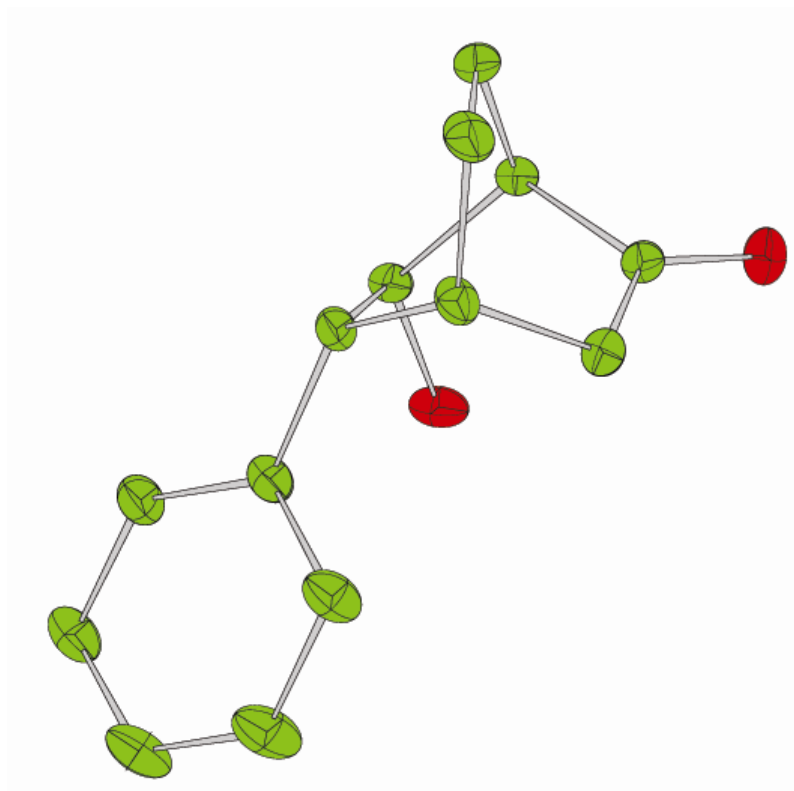
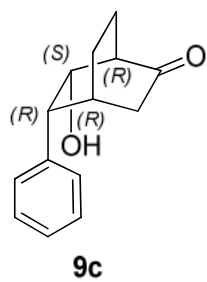
Reflections used 1599

sigma(I) limit 3.00

Number of parameters 145

Goodness of fit 1.101

Figure 5. X-ray structure of rac. **9c**



Crystal structure information rac. **9c**:

Crystal structure information:

=====

```

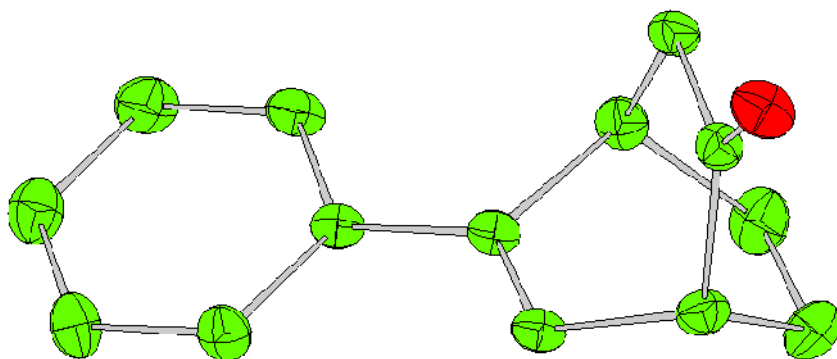
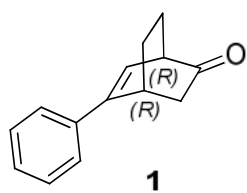
eln021_1503_11   ACT-453814   in P2(1)/n   09-09-24

Formula  C14 H16 O2
Crystal class    Monoclinic      Space Group P    1    21/n 1
a          8.6687(6)      alpha          90
b          6.3812(5)      beta          99.963(4)
c          20.5439(15)     gamma         90
Volume       1119.28(14)    Z              4
Radiation type  Mo K\alpha      Wavelength      0.710730
Dx           1.28          Mr             216.28
Mu           0.084         Temperature (K) 293
Size          0.00x 0.00x 0.00
Colour        ?
Cell from      0 Reflections      Shape          ?
Standard Interval 0          Theta range      0 to 0
Diffraction type UNKNOWN      Standard Count    0
Absorption type none          Scan type        2THETA/OMEG
Reflections measured 63732      Transmission range 1.00 1.00
Rint           0.0005          Independent reflections 3412
Hmin, Hmax     -12      12      Theta max       30.50
Kmin, Kmax     -9       9
Lmin, Lmax     -29      29

Refinement on F
R-factor       0.040          weighted R-factor 0.045
Max shift/su   0.0010
Delta Rho min  -0.20          Delta Rho max     0.39
Reflections used 3173          sigma(I) limit    3.00
Number of parameters 145          Goodness of fit    1.098

```

Figure 6. X-ray structure of **1**



Crystal structure information of **1**:

eIn021_1627_3_123k_0m ACT-291739 in P2(1)2(1)2(1) 10-04-16				
Formula C14 H14 O1				
Crystal Class	Orthorhombic	Space Group P	21	21 21
a	8.4901(3)	alpha	90	
b	10.2635(4)	beta	90	
c	12.1116(5)	gamma	90	
Volume	1055.38(7)	Z	4	
Radiation type	Mo K\alpha	wavelength	0.710730	
Dx	1.25	Mr	198.26	
Mu	0.077	Temperature (K)	293	
Size	0.00x 0.00x 0.00			
Colour	cl	Shape	?	
Cell from	0 Reflections	Theta range	0 to	0
Standard Interval	0	Standard Count	0	
Diffractometer type	UNKNOWN	Scan type	2THETA/OMEG	
Absorption type	none	Transmission range	1.00 1.00	
Reflections measured	11265	Independent reflections	2292	
Rint	0.0003	Theta max	33.13	
Hmin, Hmax	-13 11			
Kmin, Kmax	-15 11			
Lmin, Lmax	-18 14			
Refinement on F				
R-factor	0.038	Weighted R-factor	0.040	
		Max shift/su	0.0003	
Delta Rho min	-0.31	Delta Rho max	0.27	
Reflections used	1799	sigma(I) limit	3.00	
Number of parameters	136	Goodness of fit	1.129	