Supporting Information

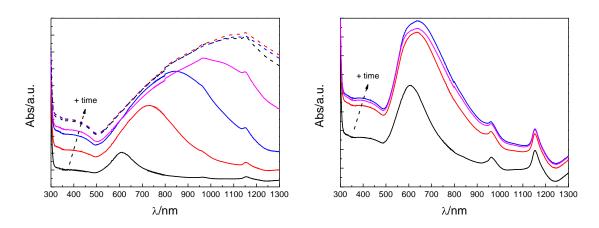
Seedless synthesis of single crystalline Au nanoparticles with unusual shapes and tunable LSPR in the near-IR

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1) <u>3D-Tomography videos</u>

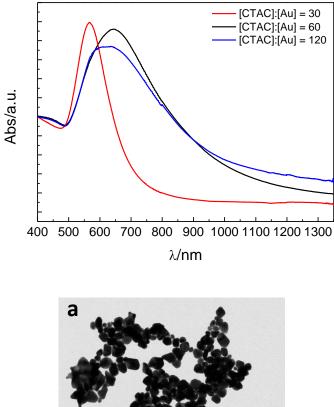
Videos showing the 3D reconstruction of 10°C and 20°C particles, obtained by 3D-Topmography (see Experimental section). The 3D reconstruction is represented as a rendering in which intensity differences actually represent the projected thickness along a certain direction. In addition, the final part of each movie shows slices through the 3D reconstruction.



2) Growth process

Figure S1. Visible-NIR spectra as a function of reaction time for particles prepared at 15°C (*left*) and 30°C (*right*).

3) Effect of the [CTAC] and [AA] variation, at 30°C



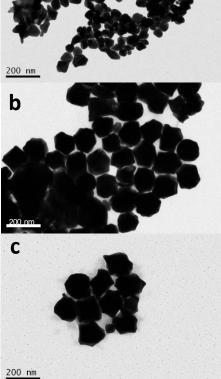


Figure S2 *On top*: visible-NIR spectra (normalized at 400 nm) of particles synthesized at 30° C with different [CTAC]:[Au] molar ratios. *Bottom*: TEM images of the particles obtained with [CTAC]:[Au] = 30 (**a**), 60 (**b**) and 120 (**c**). [AA]:[Au] = 16 in all cases.

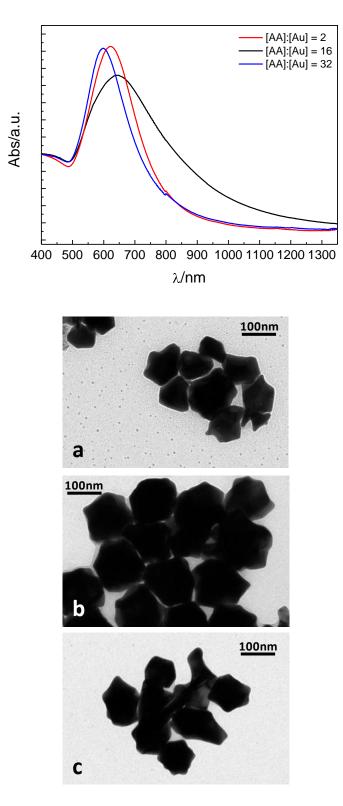


Figure S3 *Top*: visible-NIR spectra (normalized at 400 nm) of particles synthesized at 30°C with different [AA]:[Au] molar ratios. *Bottom*: TEM pictures of the particles obtained with [AA]:[Au] = 2 (a), 16 (b) and 32 (c). [CTAC]:[Au] = 60 in all cases.