

Supporting Information

Simplest Homoleptic Metal-Centered Tetrahedrons, $[M(OH_2)_4]^{2+}$, in 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Tetrafluoroborate Ionic Liquid (M = Co, Ni, Cu)

Koichiro Takao,^{a*} Yurina Tone,^a Christoph Hennig,^b Shohei Inoue,^a
Taro Tsubomura^a

^a*Department of Materials and Life Science, Seikei University, 3-3-1, Kichijoji-kitamachi, Musashino-shi, Tokyo 180-8633, Japan.* ^b*Institute of Resource Ecology, Helmholtz Zentrum Dresden-Rossendorf, P.O. Box 51 01 19, 01314 Dresden, Germany.*

*To whom correspondence should be addressed. E-mail: k.takao@st.seikei.ac.jp.

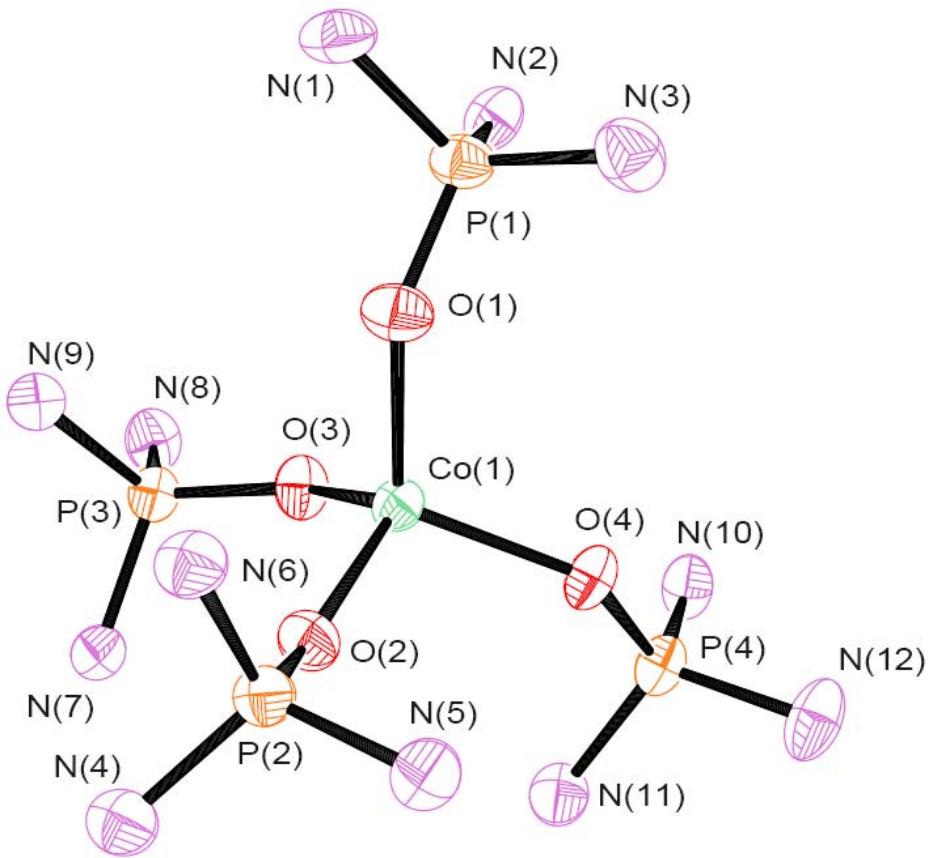


Figure S1. ORTEP drawing of $[\text{Co}(\text{HMPA})_4]^{2+}$ in BF_4^- salt showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. Methyl groups on N of HMPA were omitted for clarity. Selected bond lengths [\AA] and angles [$^\circ$]: Co(1)–O(1) 1.938(5), Co(1)–O(2) 1.950(5), Co(1)–O(3) 1.945(5), Co(1)–O(4) 1.953(5); O(1)–Co(1)–O(2) 104.0(2), O(1)–Co(1)–O(3) 108.5(2), O(1)–Co(1)–O(4) 113.8(2), O(2)–Co(1)–O(3) 116.7(2), O(2)–Co(1)–O(4) 106.9(2), O(3)–Co(1)–O(4) 107.2(2). $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{72}\text{B}_2\text{CoF}_8\text{N}_{12}\text{O}_4\text{P}_4$, $M_W = 949.35$, $0.40 \times 0.54 \times 0.48 \text{ mm}^3$, orthorhombic, $Pbca$, $a = 20.74(3)$, $b = 17.03(3)$, $c = 25.84(4) \text{ \AA}$, $V = 9127(21) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z = 8$, $\rho_{\text{calcd}} = 1.382 \text{ Mg} \cdot \text{m}^{-3}$, $\mu = 0.593 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, Mo-K α irradiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$, $T = 123 \text{ K}$, 76755 reflections, 10183 independent, $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0564$, $R_1 = 0.1325$ ($[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$), $wR_2 = 0.2939$ (all data), GOF = 1.320, $\Theta = 3.03$ to 27.48° . $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.030$, $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.730 \text{ e}^- \cdot \text{\AA}^{-3}$.

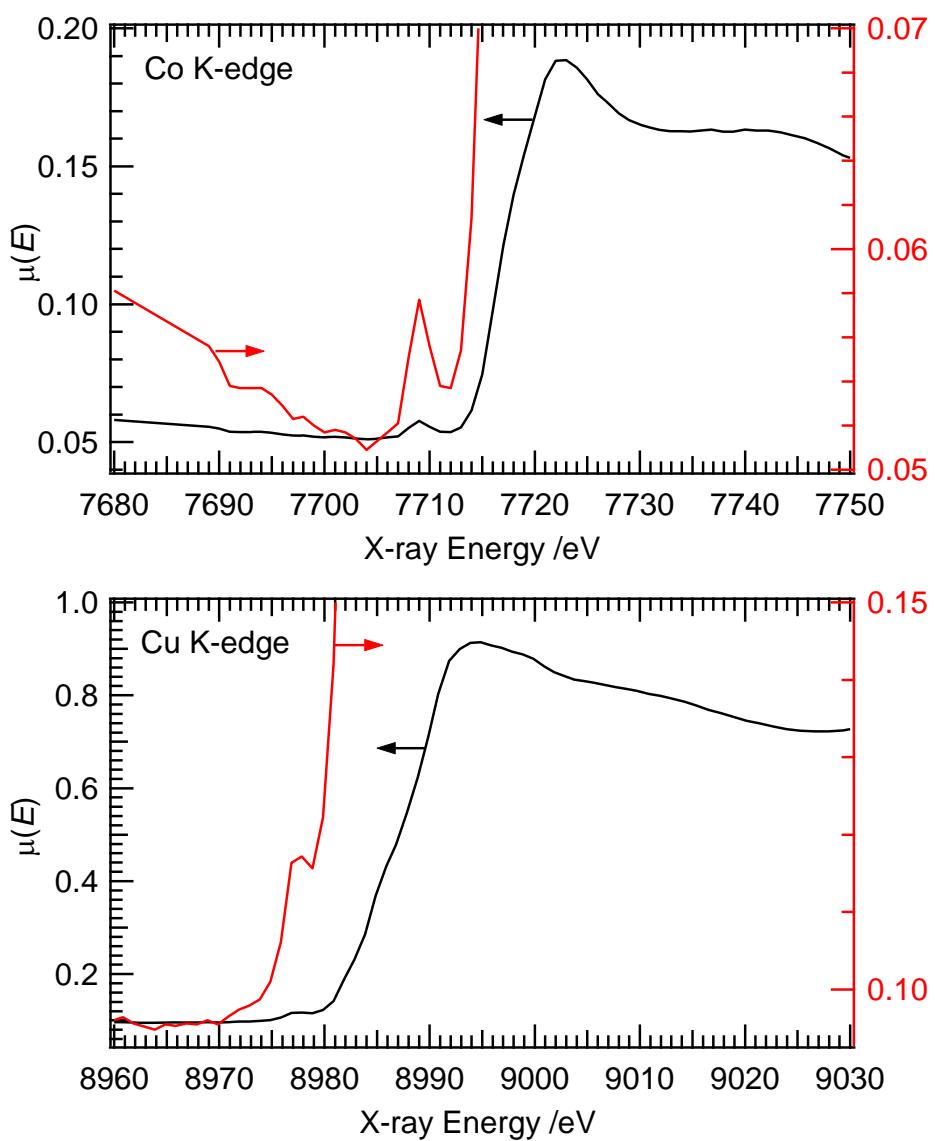


Figure S2. XANES regions in X-ray absorption spectra of Co^{2+} (top, $3.3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$) and Cu^{2+} (bottom, $3.8 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$) in [emim] BF_4^- .

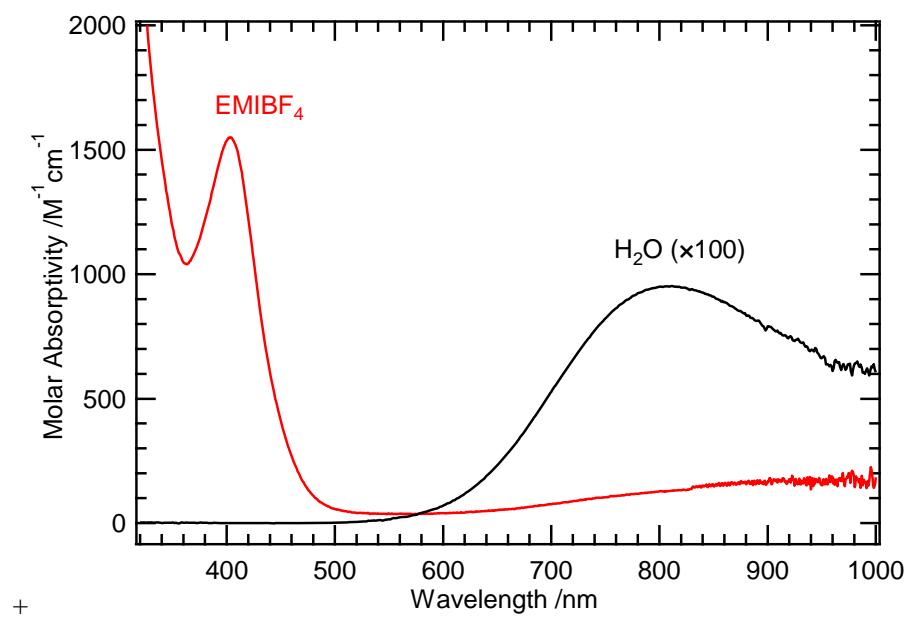


Figure S3. UV-vis absorption spectra of Cu²⁺ in H₂O (black) and [emim]BF₄ (red). The ε axis of the spectra of the H₂O solution was scaled in 100 times.

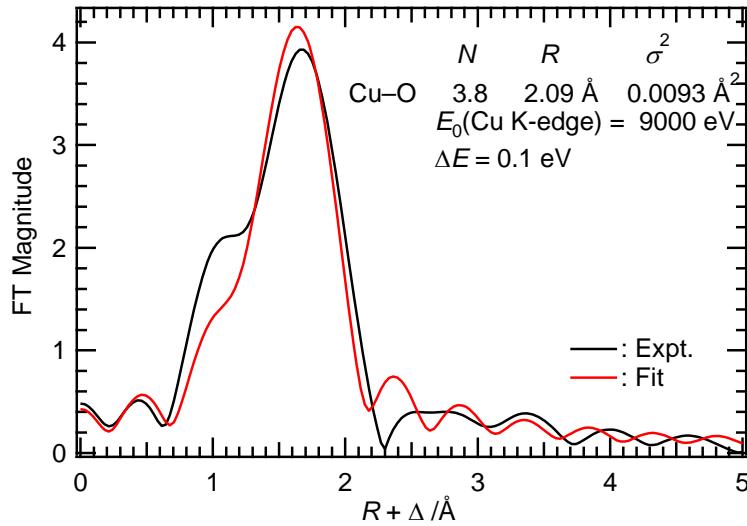


Figure S4. Fourier transformed k^3 -weighted Cu K-edge EXAFS spectrum of Cu²⁺ (3.8×10^{-2} M) in [emim]BF₄.

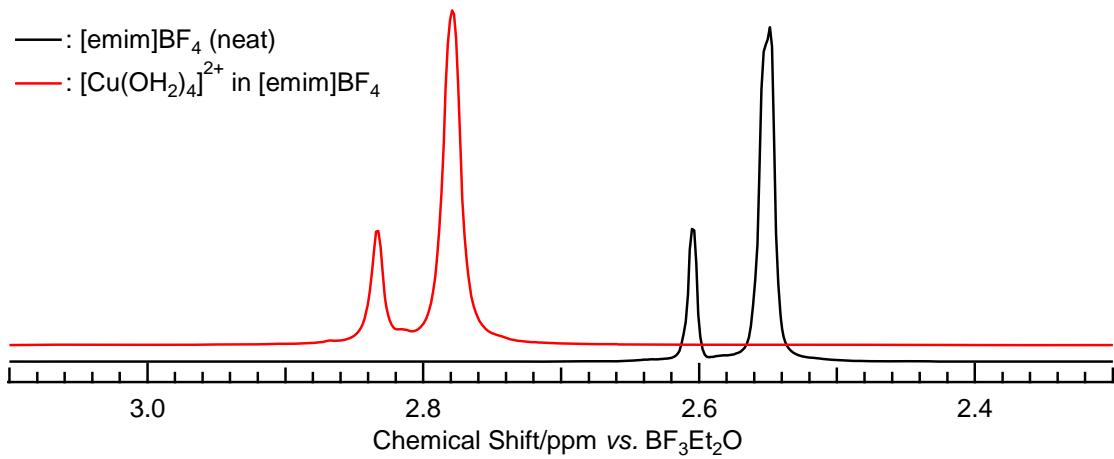


Figure S5. ^{19}F NMR spectra of $[\text{emim}] \text{BF}_4$ solution in presence and absence of $[\text{Cu}(\text{OH}_2)_4]^{2+}$ (3.8×10^{-2} M) at 295 K.

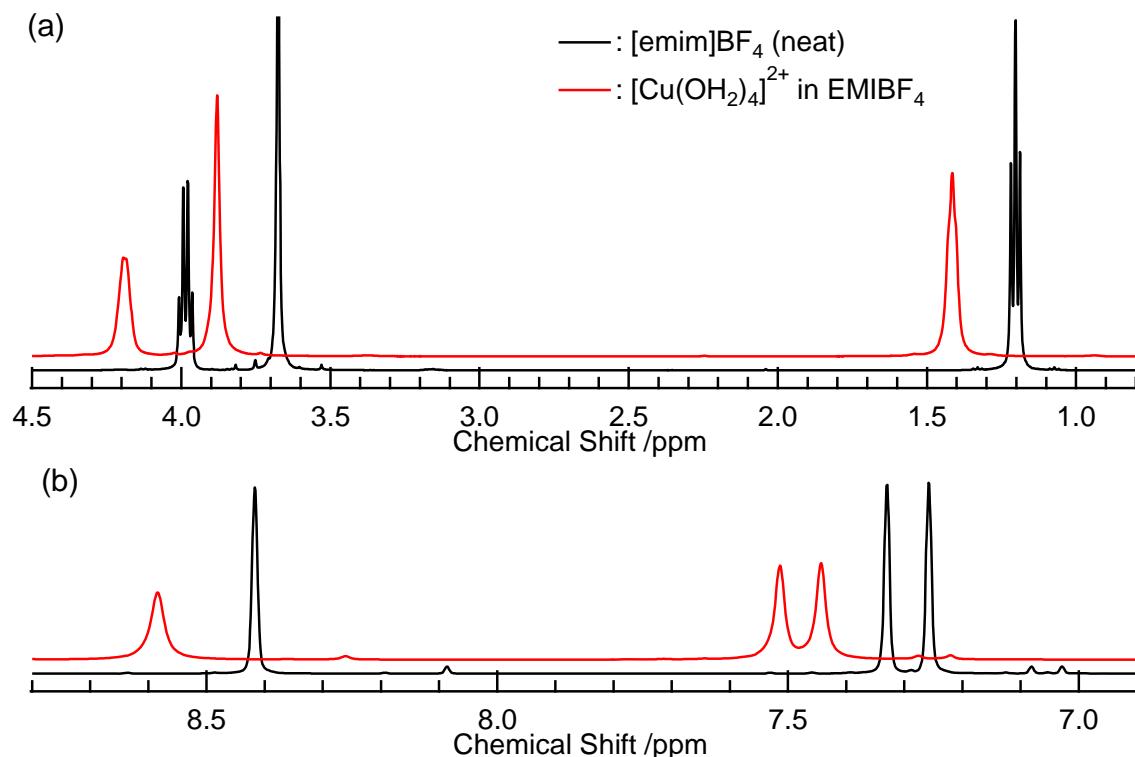


Figure S6. ^1H NMR spectra of $[\text{emim}] \text{BF}_4$ solution in presence and absence of $[\text{Cu}(\text{OH}_2)_4]^{2+}$ (3.8×10^{-2} M) at 295 K. Chemical shift range: 0.8-4.5 ppm (a), 6.9-8.8 ppm (b).