# Highly Efficient Synthesis of a Class of Novel Chiral-Bridged Atropisomeric Monophosphine Ligands via Simple Desymmetrization and Their Applications in Asymmetric Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling Reaction

Shouliang Wang,<sup>†</sup> Jinjin Li,<sup>†</sup> Tingting Miao,<sup>†</sup> Wenhao Wu,<sup>†</sup> Qing Li,<sup>†</sup> Yue Zhuang,<sup>†</sup> Zhongyuan Zhou,<sup>‡</sup> Liqin Qiu<sup>\*,†</sup>

School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Guangdong Engineering Research Center of Chiral Drugs, Sun Yat-Sen University, No. 135 Xingangxi Road, Guangzhou 510275, P. R. China, and Department of Applied Biology and Chemical Technology, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, Hong Kong, China

Fax: (+86)20-84110996

E-mail: qiuliqin@mail.sysu.edu.cn

General Considerations:	2
Experimental section	3
(1) The preparation of ligands 7a-7d	3
(2) The preparation of ligands 7e-7g:	8
(3) General procedure for asymmetric Suzuki coupling	10
Referance	
X-ray data of ligand 7a	19
Copies of <sup>1</sup> H NMR, <sup>13</sup> C NMR and chiral HPLC Spectra for all products	22

General Considerations: Anhydrous toluene, DMF, DME, DMSO, and pyridine were refluxed and distilled from CaH<sub>2</sub>. Anhydrous THF was fleshly distilled from sodium and benzophenone before used. Acetone was refluxed and distilled from P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>. Aryl boronic acids were purified by passing through a silica gel column before used. If not mentioned, all reagents were purchased from commercial sources and used without further purification. All reactions were carried out under an inert atmosphere of dry nitrogen and were monitored by TLC. Glassware was flame dried before use. Standard syringe techniques were applied to transfer dry solvents and reagents. The preparation of samples was carried out in a nitrogen-filled continuously purge glovebox or using standard Schlenk-type techniques. <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR and <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Mercury-Plus 300 spectrometer at 300, 75 and 121.4 MHz respectively. Chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) are given in ppm and are referenced to residual solvent peaks (<sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR) or to an external standard (85% H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, <sup>31</sup>P NMR). HR-MS were carried out on a Bruker APEX 47e ESI FT-ICR mass spectrometer and Thermo MAT95XP EI-FAB-CI mass spectro-meter. Optical rotations were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer Model 341 polarimeter in a 10-cm cell at 20 °C. HPLC analysis was performed on an Agilent 1200 series system using a Daicel Chiralpak OD-H or AD-H column. GC analysis was performed on an Agilent 7890 series system using a DB-5 column (30 m  $\times$  250  $\mu$ m  $\times$  0.25 $\mu$ m).

#### **Experimental section:**

#### (1) The preparation of ligands 7a-7d

#### (R)-[6,6'-(2S,3S-butadioxy)]-(2,2')-dihydroxy-(1,1')-biphenyl (3)



Under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere and at 80 °C, a mixture of 2,2',6,6'-tetrahydroxybiphenyl <sup>[1]</sup> (1.06 g, 4.88 mmol) and Cs<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (3.04 g, 9.36 mmol) in DMF (120 mL) was stirred for 1 h, then a solution of compound **2** (1.00 g, 4.07 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) was added dropwise into this mixture over a period of 4 h. The resulting suspension was stirred further for 24 h at this temperature. The resultant solution was concentrated *in vacuo* to give a crude product. The residue was poured into water and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed successively with 1N HCl solution, water and brine. The organic layer was separated, dried over MgSO4 and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (20% ethyl acetate in petroleum ether) gave colorless crystals **3** (0.58 g 53%). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup>-103.5 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, *d*<sub>6</sub>-DMSO):  $\delta$  1.28 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 6H), 3.72-3.74 (m, 2H), 6.63 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 9.15 (s, 2H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, *d*<sub>6</sub>-DMSO):  $\delta$  18.70, 85.46, 111.18, 112.33, 115.80, 128.54, 155.19, 159.79 ppm. MS (EI): [M]<sup>+</sup> 271.1; C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>4</sub>.





A mixture of **3** (0.70 g, 2.57 mmol) and  $K_2CO_3$  (2.72 g, 5.22 mmol) in acetone (50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 1 h under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, and then a

solution of iodomethane in acetone (50 mL) was added dropwise into this mixture over a period of 4 h. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h and then was filtered through a pad of celite, and the solid was washed with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The combined organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified on silica gel (using 5% ethyl acetate in petroleum ether as eluent) to give 0.70 g (91%) of **4**.  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -105.5 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.38 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.39 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 3.86-3.96 (m, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 6.74 (dd, J = 8.2 Hz, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.82-6.87 (m, 3H), 7.25 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  18.83, 18.92, 56.45, 85.84, 86.00, 107.07, 107.21, 113.49, 114.06, 116.02, 116.44, 129.64, 129.82, 154.57, 155.80, 159.82, 160.50 ppm. MS (EI): [M]<sup>+</sup> 286; HRMS (EI): calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>4</sub> 286.1205, found 286.1199.

$$(R) - [6,6'-(2S,3S-butadioxy)] - 2-trifluoromethanesulfonyloxy - 2'-methoxy - (1,1') - (1,1$$



Trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride (1.38 g, 4.90 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of **4** (0.70 g, 2.45 mmol) in pyridine (5 mL) at 0 °C. Then the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 12 h. After removal of the solvent *in vacuo*, the residue was diluted with EtOAc and was then washed successively with aqueous HCl (10%), saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and brine. The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (using 5% ethyl acetate in petroleum ether as eluent) to give compound **5** as a yellowish solid (0.94 g, 92% yield).  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -55.5 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.38 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.39 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.84-3.89 (m, 2H), 6.76-6.80 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.41 (m, 2H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  18.89, 55.54, 85.72, 86.52, 106.59, 114.13, 114.39, 116.61, 121.42, 121.81, 122.62, 129.16, 130.78 ppm. MS (EI): [M]<sup>+</sup> 418; HRMS (EI): calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>6</sub>F<sub>3</sub>S 418.0698, found 418.0698.

### (*R*)-[6,6'-(2*S*,3*S*-butadioxy)]-2-diphenylphosphoryl-2'-methoxy-(1,1')-biphenyl (6a)



Under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, to a mixture of **5** (0.90 g, 2.15 mmol), diphenylphosphine oxide (0.87 g, 4.30 mmol), palladium acetate (96 mg, 0.43 mmol) and 1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane (dppp) (184 mg, 0.43 mmol) were added dry dimethyl sulfoxide (10 mL) and diisopropylethylamine (1.5 mL). The mixture was heated with stirring at 110 °C for 24 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give a dark brown residue, which was diluted with EtOAc. The EtOAc solution was washed with aqueous HCl (10%) and dried over anhydrous MgSO<sub>4</sub>. Removal of the solvent and flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1) provided **6a** as a white solid (0.96 g, 95%).  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -117.0 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.35 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 6H), 3.21 (s, 3H), 3.84-3.86 (m, 2H), 6.20 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (t, 1H), 7.19-7.38 (m, 9H), 7.43-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.63-7.70(m, 2H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 18.90, 19.02, 54.10, 85.29, 86.84, 105.10, 113.16, 117.67, 125.39, 127.30, 127.46, 127.65, 127.81, 128.06, 128.26, 129.85, 130.16, 130.31, 130.48, 130.68, 131.32, 131.39, 131.44, 131.50, 131.68, 131.77, 133.04, 133.70, 134.10, 135.09, 135.48, 156.88, 159.05, 159.17, 159.36 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 27.28 ppm. MS (EI): [M]<sup>+</sup> 470; HRMS (EI): calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>27</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P 470.1647, found 470.1653.

6b-6d was synthesized according to the general procedure of 6a.

#### (R)-[6,6'-(2S,3S-butadioxy)]-2-di-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-phenyl)phosphoryl-2'-

#### methoxy-(1,1')-biphenyl (6d)

81% yield, a white solid,  $[α]_D^{20}$ -55.3 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 1.24 (s, 18H), 1.29 (s, 18H), 1.31-1.35 (m, 6H), 3.52 (s, 3H), 3.74-3.90 (m, 2H), 6.27 (d, J = 7.8 Hz 1H), 6.31 (d, J = 8.4 Hz 1H), 6.91 (t, J = 8.4 Hz 1H), 7.26-7.35 (m, 6H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 1.8 Hz 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 1.8 Hz 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 19.00, 19.07, 31.24, 31.35, 31.41, 34.82, 35.01, 54.71, 85.36, 86.85, 105.37, 113.03, 117.94, 124.95, 125.54, 125.64, 125.97, 126.10, 127.94, 128.13, 129.77, 129.85, 130.63, 130.78, 131.04, 131.93, 132.04, 132.42, 132.57, 132.76, 133.95, 134,11, 149.31, 149.53, 149.94, 150.09, 157.27, 158.90, 159.06, 159.24 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 31.47 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 695; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>45</sub>H<sub>59</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P, 695.4252, found 695.4224.

## (*R*)-[6,6'-(2*S*,3*S*-butadioxy)]-2-diphenylphosphino-2'-methoxy-(1,1')-biphenyl (7a)



A 100 mL, two-necked flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar and a reflux condenser was charged with **6a** (0.60 g, 1.27 mmol) and the system was flushed with nitrogen. Dry and degassed toluene (50 mL), diisopropylethylamine (6.88 mL, 38.1 mmol) and trichlorosilane (1.70 g, 12.8 mmol) were added to the flask. The mixture was stirred and refluxed overnight. After the solution was cooled to 0  $^{\circ}$ C, a 30% aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (17.5 mL) was carefully added. The mixture was then stirred at 60  $^{\circ}$ C until the organic and aqueous layers become clear. The organic product was extracted with EtOAc, and the extract was washed successively with water and brine and dried over anhydrous MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure to give a crude product. The residue was purified

by silica gel column chromatography (using 5% ethyl acetate in petroleum ether as eluent) to give compound **7a** as a white solid (0.55 g, 95%).  $[α]_D^{20}$ -128.5 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 1.40 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 3.13 (s, 3H), 3.87-3.94 (m, 2H), 6.64-6.67 (m, 1H), 6.78-6.81 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.11-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.27 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.48(m, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 19.03, 19.09, 54.23, 85.74, 86.45, 105.60,114.07, 119.41, 122.72, 127.54, 127.90, 127.99, 128.70, 129.70, 131.42, 132.82, 133.02, 133.27, 134.21, 134.66, 137.82, 138.02, 138.20, 140.16, 140.34 ppm. <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -9.68 ppm. MS (EI): [M]<sup>+</sup> 454; HRMS (EI): calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>27</sub>O<sub>3</sub>P 454.1698, found 454.1694.

7b-7d was synthesized according to the general procedure of 7a.

#### (R)-[6,6'-(2S,3S-butadioxy)]-2-di-(4-methy-phenyl)phosphino

#### -2'-methoxy-(1,1')-biphenyl (7b)

93% yield, a white solid,  $[α]_D^{20}$ -119.5 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 1.36-1.38 (m, 6H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 3.20 (s, 3H), 3.86-3.88 (m, 2H), 6.62-6.65 (m, 1H), 6.73-6.77 (m, 1H), 6.97-7.02 (m, 4H), 7.05-7.09 (m, 1H), 7.11-7.18 (m, 3H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.23-7.36 (m, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 18.96, 19.07, 21.16, 21.27, 54.24, 85.63, 86.34, 105.57, 113.88, 119.45, 119.54, 128.53, 128.60, 129.47, 130.99, 132.74, 132.90, 133.00, 133.15, 134.00, 134.45, 134.73, 134.88, 136.71, 136.88, 137.03, 137.16, 138.76, 138.95, 157.20, 158.61, 158.75, 159.80ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -10.60 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 483; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>3</sub>P, 483.2102, found 483.2084.

### (*R*)-[6,6'-(2*S*,3*S*-butadioxy)]-2-di-(3,5-di-methy-phenyl)phosphino-2'-methoxy-(1,1')-biphenyl (7c)

89% yield, a white solid,  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -166.7 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.42-1.43 (m, 6H), 2.24 (m, 6H), 2.37 (m, 6H), 3.92-3.94 (m, 2H), 6.62 (dd, J = 8.1, Hz, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.68-6.71 (m, 3H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 6.94 (s, 1H),

7.01-7.07 (m, 3H), 7.11 (dd, J = 8.1, Hz, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.28 (m, 2H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  19.10, 21.25, 21.45, 54.46, 85.57, 86.44, 105.86, 113.95, 119.49, 119.58, 122.27, 128.61, 129.44, 130.60, 130.72, 130.86, 130.98, 131.21, 131.30, 133.70, 134.13, 136.83, 136.92, 137.05, 137.14, 137.83, 137.99, 138.88, 138.13, 139.30, 157.10, 158.65, 158.78, 159.85 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  -7.73 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 511; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>35</sub>O<sub>3</sub>P, 511.2418, found 511.2397.

## (*R*)-[6,6'-(2*S*,3*S*-butadioxy)]-2-di-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-phenyl)phosphino-2'-methoxy -(1,1')-biphenyl (7d)

90% yield, a white solid,  $[α]_D^{20}$ -113.2 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 1.18 (s, 18H), 1.29 (s, 18H), 1.32-1.37 (m, 6H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 3.82-3.84 (m, 2H), 6.20 (dd, J = 7.8 Hz J = 0.9 Hz 1H), 6.67 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.94-6.98 (m, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J = 7.8 Hz J = 1.2 Hz 1H), 7.17-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.29-7.36 (m, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 31.42, 31.56, 34.78, 34.95, 54.98, 85.63, 86.67, 106.09, 113.95, 119.74, 119.81, 121.30, 121.50, 121.98, 127.07, 127.33, 127.62, 127.89, 128.40, 129.42, 130.11, 133.43, 133.84, 137.40, 137.58, 137.95, 138.11, 140.33, 140.53, 149.22, 149.29, 149.77, 149.85, 157.02, 158.67, 158.79, 160.01 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -4.00 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 679; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>35</sub>O<sub>3</sub>P, 679.4309, found 679.4275.

#### (2) The preparation of ligands 7e-7g:

Ligands 7e-7g were prepared according to the synthetic route in Scheme 1.



Scheme 1. Synthetic route to ligands 7e-7g a) Tf<sub>2</sub>O, pyridine, 90%; b) Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, dppb, EtN(i-Pr)<sub>2</sub>, Ph<sub>2</sub>P(O)H, DMSO, 110 °C, 95%; c) NaOH, H<sub>2</sub>O, EtOH, 92%; d) K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, acetone, EtI; or *i*-Pr-Br, Bn-Br, THF, acetone reflux; e) HSiCl<sub>3</sub>, EtN(i-Pr)<sub>2</sub>, toluene, 110 °C.

#### (R)-[6,6'-(2S,3S-butadioxy)]-2-diphenylphosphino-2'-ethoxy-(1,1')-biphenyl (7e)

92% yield, a white solid,  $[α]_D^{20}$ -141.83 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 0.91 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.32-1.37 (m, 6H), 3.67-3.89 (m, 4H), 6.65-6.68 (m, 2H), 6.99-7.06 (m, 3H), 7.09-7.15 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.38 (m, 3H), 7.40-7.46 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 14.25, 19.00, 19.09, 66.36, 85.73, 86.45, 107.13, 113.67, 119.78, 119.87, 122.34, 127.42, 127.68, 127.87, 127.94, 128.50, 129.43, 130.47, 132.57, 132.84, 133.20, 133.45, 134.17, 134.61, 138.00, 138.19, 138.57, 138.75, 139.56, 139.75, 156.55, 158.70, 158.83, 160.00 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -8.20 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 469; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>29</sub>O<sub>3</sub>P, 469.1925, found 469.1927.

# (*R*)-[6,6'-(2*S*,3*S*-butadioxy)]-2-diphenylphosphino-2'-isopropoxy-(1,1')-biphenyl (7f)

90% yield, a white solid,  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -173.83 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.90 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1. 02 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.32 (d, J = 6.0 Hz),

3H), 1.36 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 3.75-3.88 (m, 2H), 4.19-4.27 (m, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.96-7.09 (m, 3H), 7.11-7.15 (m, 3H), 7.20-7.26 (m, 3H), 7.31-7.35 (m, 3H), 7.30-7.46 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 19.02, 19.12, 21.47, 22.25, 71.98, 85.81, 86.55, 110.26, 113.95, 121.56, 122.22, 127.42, 127.59, 127.68, 127.80, 127.88, 128.52, 129.29, 130.33, 132.59, 132.85, 133.26, 133.51, 134.44, 134.87, 138.15, 138.34, 138.72, 138.90, 139.47, 139.66, 156.00, 158.71, 158.83, 160.19 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  -8.27 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 483; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>3</sub>P, 483.2104, found 483.2084.

# (*R*)-[6,6'-(2*S*,3*S*-butadioxy)]-2-diphenylphosphino-2'-beneyloxy-(1,1')-biphenyl (7g)

88% yield, a white solid,  $[α]_D^{20}$ -148.83 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 1.33 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 3H), 1.38 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 3H), 3.80-3.88 (m, 2H), 4.70 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 6.65-6.72 (m, 2H), 6.89-6.93 (m, 1H), 7.03-7.07 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.27 (m, 16H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 19.03, 19.14, 70.10, 85.70, 86.48, 108.32, 114.36, 120.21, 120.29, 122.37, 126.54, 126.97, 127.55, 127.65, 127.74, 127.85, 127.97, 128.70, 129.46, 130.07, 132.72, 132.99, 133.11, 133.36, 133.81, 134.24, 137.34, 137.89, 138.07, 138.77, 138.88, 138.95, 139.06, 156.31, 158.74, 158.87, 160.08 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -7.21 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 531; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>3</sub>P, 531.2090, found 531.2084.

#### (3) General procedure for asymmetric Suzuki coupling

An oven-dried one-necked flask (10 mL) was charged with aryl halide (1.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv),  $Pd_2(dba)_3$  (2 mol%), ligand **7a-7g** (L:Pd = 1.2:1), arylboronic acid (2.0 equiv), and  $K_3PO_4$  (3 equiv) in glovebox, then 5 mL toluene was injected into the flask. The racemic products were prepared by using S-phos as the ligand and all the racemic reactions were performed at 100 °C for 24 h. For the asymmetric catalytic reaction,

the mixture was stirred vigorously at the indicated temperature (20-70  $^{\circ}$ C) for 48-120 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC or GC analysis. After reaction completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with ethyl acetate and water, extracted, the combined organic layers was then dried over anhydrous MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel.

#### (*R*)-(+)-Diethyl 2-(1,1'-binaphthyl)phosphonate<sup>[2]</sup> (table 2, entry 1)



The reaction was conducted for 48 h at 40 °C according to the general procedure using 171 mg diethyl 1-bromo-2-naphthylphosphonate(1.0 equiv), 9.1mg Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (4.0 mol% Pd), 16.3 mg ligand **7d** (4.8 mol%), 172 mg 1-Naphthylboric acid (2.0 equiv), 318 mg K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (3.0 equiv) and 5 mL toluene on a 0.5 mmol scale. The product was purified by flash chromatography to give 122 mg the title compound as a white solid (62% yield). Ee value was determined by Chiral HPLC (AD-H column, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, 10% *i*-PrOH, 90% hexane,  $T_{major} = 8.5 \text{ min } T_{minor} = 10.6 \text{ min}$ ) (88% ee). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup>+45.8 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.74 (t, J = 6.9Hz, 3H), 0.99 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 3.54-3.83 (m, 4H), 7.08-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.40-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.49-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.57-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.90-8.04 (m, 4H), 8.19-8.26 (m, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  15.47, 15.56, 15.94, 16.03, 61.47, 61.54, 61.65, 61.73, 124.76, 125.42, 125.68, 126.52, 127.32, 127.40, 127.64, 127.73, 127.82, 128.07, 128.42, 128.53, 132.95, 133.18, 134.73, 135.68, 135.74, 143.22, 143.35 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  18.95 ppm. MS (EI): [M]<sup>+</sup> 390.1.

Diethyl 1-(2'-biphenyl)-2-naphthylphosphonate<sup>[2]</sup> (table 2, entry 2)



The reaction was conducted for 48 h at 60 °C according to the general procedure using 171 mg diethyl 1-bromo-2-naphthylphosphonate(1.0 equiv), 9.1mg Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (4.0 mol% Pd), 16.3 mg ligand **7d** (4.8 mol%), 254 mg 2-Biphenylboronic acid (2.0 equiv), 318 mg K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (3.0 equiv) and 5 mL toluene on a 0.5 mmol scale. The product was purified by flash chromatography to give 135 mg title product as a colorless oil (65% yield). Ee value was determined by Chiral HPLC (OD-H column, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, 10% *i*-PrOH, 90% hexane,  $T_{minor}$ = 11.5 min  $T_{major}$  = 12.1min) (79% ee). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup>-10.1 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):1.16 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.7 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 3.64-3.77 (m, 1H), 3.88 (m, 3H), 6.92-6.96 (m, 3H), 7.15-7.26 (m, 3H), 7.32-7.55 (m, 5H), 7.70-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.94-8.01 (m, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  16.16, 16.25, 16.34, 61.77, 124.39, 126.15, 126.32, 126.89, 127.15, 127.26, 127.34, 127.54, 127.68, 128.14, 128.92, 129.48, 131.48, 132.09, 132.31, 134.38, 136.65, 136.71, 141.04, 141.82, 144.47, 144.61 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  18.92 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 417.1.

### Diethyl 2-(4'-methoxy-1,1'-binaphthyl)phosphonate<sup>[2]</sup> (table 2, entry 3)



The reaction was conducted for 120 h at 20 °C according to the general procedure using 171 mg diethyl 1-bromo-2-naphthylphosphonate(1.0 equiv), 9.1mg Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (4.0 mol% Pd), 16.3 mg ligand **7d** (4.8 mol%), 202 mg 4-methoxy-1-Naphthylboric acid (2.0 equiv), 318 mg K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (3.0 equiv) and 5 mL

toluene on a 0.5 mmol scale. The product was purified by flash chromatography to give 202 mg title product as a colorless oil (96% yield). Ee value was determined by Chiral HPLC (OD-H column, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, 5% *i*-PrOH, 95% hexane,  $T_{minor}$ = 21.9 min  $T_{major}$  = 26.4 min) (97% ee). [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup>+13.8 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 0.79 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 3.47-3.78 (m, 4H), 4.08 (s, 3H), 6.91-7.00 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.24 (m, 3H), 7.37-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.89-7.99 (m, 2H), 8.12-8.19 (m, 1H), 8.31-8.34 (m, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 15.53, 15.62, 15.84, 15.93, 55.42, 61.41, 61.48, 61.62, 61.70, 102.74, 121.74, 124.61, 124.99, 125.13, 126.08, 126.24, 126.34, 127.18, 127.37, 127.50, 127.64, 128.30, 128.43, 128.58, 133.39, 133.60, 134.00, 134.70, 143.51, 143.64, 155.23 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 19.27 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 421.1.

### Diethyl 2-(4'-N,N-dimethyl-1,1'-binaphthyl)phosphonate (table 2, entry 4)



The reaction was conducted for 120 h at 20  $\square$  according to the general procedure using 171 mg diethyl 1-bromo-2-naphthylphosphonate (1.0 equiv), 9.1 mg Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (4.0)mol% Pd), 16.3 mg ligand 7d (4.8 mol%), 215 mg 4dimethylamino-1-Naphthylboronic acid (2.0 equiv), 318 mg K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (3.0 equiv) and 5 mL toluene on a 0.5 mmol scale. The product was purified by flash chromatography gave 201 mg desired product as a colorless oil (93% yield). Ee value was determined by Chiral HPLC (OD-H column, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, 10% i-PrOH, 90% hexane,  $T_{minor} = 10.4 \text{ min } T_{major} = 12.1 \text{ min}) (97\% \text{ ee}). [\alpha]_D^{20} + 8.3 (c = 2.0 \text{ mg/mL}, CHCl_3); {}^{1}H$ NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 0.79 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 3.00 (s, 6H), 3.44-3.79 (m, 4H), 7.05(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.39-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.97-8.01 (m, 1H), 8.14-8.21 (m, 1H), 8.32 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H) ppm.  ${}^{13}$ C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  15.60, 15.69, 15.92, 16.01, 45.32, 61.52, 61.59,

61.69, 61.77, 112.90, 124.00, 124.59, 125.04, 125.46, 126.43, 127.14, 127.24, 127.44, 127.59, 127.70, 127.86, 128.19, 128.36, 128.49, 128.58, 130.17, 130.24, 133.39, 133.60, 134.43, 134.77, 143.77, 143.90, 150.82 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  19.16 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 434; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>3</sub>NP, 434.1880, found 434.1913.

#### Diethyl 1-(2'-methoxyphenyl)-2-naphthylphosphonate (table 2, entry 5)



The reaction was conducted for 120 h at 20  $\square$  according to the general procedure using 171 mg diethyl 1-bromo-2-naphthylphosphonate (1.0 equiv), 9.1 mg Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (4.0 mol% Pd), 16.3 mg ligand 7d (4.8 mol%), 152 mg 2-methoxyphenyl boronic acid (2.0 equiv), 318 mg K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (3.0 equiv) and 5 mL toluene on a 0.5 mmol scale. The product was purified by flash chromatography to give 181 mg desired product as a white solid (98% yield). Ee value was determined by Chiral HPLC (OD-H column, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, 10% *i*-PrOH, 90% hexane,  $T_{maior} = 15.4 \text{ min } T_{minor} = 16.7 \text{ min}$ )  $(78\% \text{ ee}). [\alpha]_{D}^{20}-42.0 \text{ (c} = 2.0 \text{ mg/mL}, \text{CHCl}_{3}); ^{1}\text{H NMR} (300 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_{3}): \delta 1.19 \text{ (t,})$ J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.81-4.00 (m, 4H), 7.00-7.03 (m, 1H), 7.04-7.09 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.56 (m, 4H), 7.87-7.94 (m, 2H), 8.06-8.13 (m, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 16.01, 16.07, 16.09, 16.16, 55.11, 61.35, 61.43, 61.48, 61.55, 109.96, 119.55, 123.58, 126.11, 126.80, 126.86, 126.98, 127.05, 127.31, 127.54, 128.13, 128.27, 129.19, 131.85, 132.41, 132.62, 134.54, 134.57, 142.10, 142.22, 157.18 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 19.35 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 371; HRMS (ESI)  $[M+H]^+$ : calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P, 371.1407, found 371.1430.

Diethyl 1-(2'-ethoxy phenyl)-2-naphthylphosphonate (table 2, entry 6)



The reaction was conducted for 120 h at 20  $\square$  according to the general procedure using 171 mg diethyl 1-bromo-2-naphthylphosphonate (1.0 equiv), 9.1 mg Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (4.0 mol% Pd), 16.3 mg ligand 7d (4.8 mol%), 166 mg 2-ethoxyphenyl boronic acid (2.0 equiv), 318 mg K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (3.0 equiv) and 5 mL toluene on a 0.5 mmol scale. The product was purified by flash chromatography to give 188 mg desired product as a colorless oil (98% yield). Ee value was determined by Chiral HPLC (AD-H column, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, 10% *i*-PrOH, 90% hexane,  $T_{maior} = 12.2 \text{ min } T_{minor} = 13.3 \text{ min}$ ) (92% ee). **7a**  $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ -77.0 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$ 1.00 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.16-1.23 (m, 6H), 3.82-4.00 (m, 6H), 6.97-7.00 (m, 1H), 7.02-7.07 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.50-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.86-7.93 (m, 2H), 8.07-8.13 (m, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 14.88, 16.45, 16.55, 16.65, 61.84, 61.92, 62.01, 63.78, 111.45, 119.89, 123.92, 126.40, 127.23, 127.42, 127.59, 127.70, 127.95, 128.63, 128.76, 129.58, 132.36, 132.89, 133.10, 134.98, 142.87, 142.99, 157.00 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 19.55 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 385; HRMS (ESI)  $[M+H]^+$ : calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P, 385.1563, found 385.1582.

#### Diethyl 1-(2'-propoxy phenyl)-2-naphthylphosphonate (table 2, entry 7)



The reaction was conducted for 120 h at 20  $\Box$  according to the general procedure using 171 mg diethyl 1-bromo-2-naphthylphosphonate (1.0 equiv), 9.1 mg Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (4.0 mol% Pd), 16.3 mg ligand **7d** (4.8 mol%), 180 mg 2-propoxyphenyl boronic acid (2.0 equiv), 318 mg K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (3.0 equiv) and 5 mL toluene on a 0.5 mmol scale. The product was purified by flash chromatography to give 185 mg desired product as a colorless oil (93% yield). Ee value was determined by Chiral HPLC (AD-H column, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, 5% *i*-PrOH, 95% hexane,  $T_{major} = 20.4$  min,  $T_{minor} = 21.7$  min) (92% ee). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup>-105.7 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 0.46 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 1.14-1.23 (m, 6H), 1.32-1.39 (m, 2H), 3.72-3.99 (m, 6H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dt, J = 7.5 Hz, J = 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.45 (m, 4H), 7.52 (dt, J = 6.3 Hz, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.86-7.93 (m, 2H), 8.07-8.14 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  10.11, 16.03, 16.13, 16.17, 16.26, 22.26, 61.54, 61.62, 61.70, 69.29, 110.89, 119.50, 123.21, 125.70, 126.02, 126.84, 127.03, 127.14, 127.25, 127.34, 127.53, 127.91, 128.06, 128.24, 128.38, 128.52, 128.71, 129.22, 131.85, 132.50, 132.71, 134.56, 142.51, 142.63, 156.72 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  19.72 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 399; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P, 339.1720, found 339.1720.

#### Diethyl 1-(2'-isopropoxy phenyl)-2-naphthylphosphonate (table 2, entry 8)



The reaction was conducted for 120 h at 20  $\square$  according to the general procedure using 171 mg diethyl 1-bromo-2-naphthylphosphonate (1.0 equiv), 9.1 mg Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (4.0 mol% Pd), 16.3 mg ligand **7d** (4.8 mol%), 180 mg 2-isopropoxyphenyl boronic acid (2.0 equiv), 318 mg K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (3.0 equiv) and 5 mL toluene on a 0.5 mmol scale. The product was purified by flash chromatography to give 183 mg desired product as a colorless oil (92% yield). Ee value was determined by Chiral HPLC (AD-H column, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, 5% *i*-PrOH, 95% hexane, T<sub>major</sub> = 20.4 min T<sub>minor</sub> = 24.0 min) (93% ee). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup>-89.5 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.94 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 3H), 1.02 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.19 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 3.79-4.01 (m, 4H), 4.40-4.48 (m, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J = 7.5 Hz J = 1.2 Hz 1H), 7.24-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.50-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.86-7.92 (m, 2H), 8.07-8.14 (m, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 16.45, 16.55, 16.58, 16.68, 21.92, 22.60, 61.85, 61.97, 62.05, 70.10, 112.58, 119.75, 123.78, 126.23, 127.16, 127.35, 127.70, 127.89, 128.29, 128.36, 128.73, 128.86, 129.44, 132,56, 132.79, 133.00, 134.94, 143.06, 143.18, 156.08 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 19.79 ppm. MS (ESI):  $[M+H]^+$  399; HRMS (ESI)  $[M+H]^+$ : calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P, 339.1698, found 339.1696.

#### Diethyl 1-(2',3'-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-naphthylphosphonate (table 2, entry 9)



The reaction was conducted for 120 h at 20  $\square$  according to the general procedure using 171 mg diethyl 1-bromo-2-naphthylphosphonate (1.0 equiv), 9.1 mg  $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (4.0 mol% Pd), 16.3 mg ligand 7a or 7d (4.8 mol%), 182 mg 2,3-dimethoxyphenyl boronic acid (2.0 equiv), 318 mg K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (3.0 equiv) and 5 mL toluene on a 0.5 mmol scale. The product was purified by flash chromatography to give 190 mg desired product as a colorless oil (95% yield). Ee value was determined by Chiral HPLC (OD-H column, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, 10% i-PrOH, 90% hexane, T<sub>minor</sub> = 12.5 min  $T_{major} = 14.1 \text{ min}$ ) (78% ee). **7a**  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -57.5 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); **7d**  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -39.5 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.21 (t, J = 6.9Hz, 3H), 1.23 (t, J = 6.9Hz, 3H), 3.51 (s, 3H), 3.80-3.89 (m, 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.96-4.03 (m, 3H), 6.87 (dd, J = 7.5Hz, J = 1.5Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J = 7.5Hz, J = 1.5Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J = 7.5Hz, J = 1.5Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.56 (m,), 7.87-7.94 (m, 2H), 8.53(dd, J = 8.7Hz, J = 1.5Hz, ) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  15.82, 15.91, 15.96, 16.04, 55.47, 59.81, 61.36, 61.44, 61.50, 61.56, 112.14, 122.48, 123.49, 125.91, 126.04, 126.87, 127.06, 127.11, 127.30, 127.37, 127.66, 127.79, 132.05, 132.12, 132.24, 132.45, 134.31, 134.35, 141.71, 141.84, 146.77, 151.87 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 18.95 ppm. MS (ESI):

[M+H]<sup>+</sup> 401; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>5</sub>P, 401.1512, found 401.1551.

Diethyl 1-(2'-chlorophenyl)-2-naphthylphosphonate (table 2, entry 10)



The reaction was conducted for 72 h at 50  $\Box$  according to the general procedure using 171 mg diethyl 1-bromo-2-naphthylphosphonate (1.0 equiv), 9.1 mg Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> (4.0 mol% Pd), 16.3 mg ligand **7d** (4.8 mol%), 156 mg 2-chlorophenyl boronic acid (2.0 equiv), 318 mg K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (3.0 equiv) and 5 mL toluene on a 0.5 mmol scale. The product was purified by flash chromatography to give 121 mg the title compound as a colorless oil (65% yield). Ee value was determined by chiral HPLC (OD-H column, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, 10% *i*-PrOH, 90% hexane, T<sub>minor</sub> = 12.2 min T<sub>major</sub> = 15.3 min) (90% ee). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup>-69.8 (c = 2.0 mg/mL, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$ 1.18-1.25 (m, 6H), 3.81-4.05 (m, 4H), 7.26-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.45 (m, 4H), 7.50-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.90-7.99 (m, 2H), 8.06-8.14 (m, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  15.92, 16.00, 16.09, 61.50, 61.58, 61.87, 61.94, 123.54, 125.61, 126.03, 126.42, 126.60, 127.55, 127.71, 127.91, 128.51, 129.05, 131.66, 131.86, 132.22, 134.27, 134.53, 136.77, 136.84, 141.80, 141.92 ppm (observed complexity due to P-C splitting). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  18.54 ppm. MS (ESI): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 375; HRMS (ESI) [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: calcd for C<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub>PCl, 375.0911, found 375.0929.

#### Referance

- [1] Lindsten, G.; Wennerström, O.; Isaksson, R. J. Org. Chem., 1987, 52, 547.
- [2] Based on a literature procedure with slight modification: Yin, J.; Buchwald, S. L. J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2000, 122, 12051.

## X-ray data of ligand 7a



Table 1.	Crystal data and structure refinement for	ZSUQLQ12 (21 July 2011).		
Identifica	tion code	qlq12		
Empirical	l formula	$C_{29} H_{27} O_3 P$		
Formula	weight	454.48		
Temperat	ture	296(2) K		
Waveleng	gth	0.71073 Å		
Crystal sy	ystem	Orthorhombic		
Space gro	oup	P2(1)2(1)2(1)		
Unit cell	dimensions	a = 8.0559(3)  Å	□=90°.	
		b = 14.2981(5) Å	□=90°.	
		c = 21.0979(7)  Å	$\Box$ = 90°.	
Volume		2430.14(15) Å <sup>3</sup>		
Z		4		
Density (	calculated)	1.242 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Absorptio	on coefficient	0.141 mm <sup>-1</sup>		
F(000)		960		
Crystal si	ze	0.42 x 0.38 x 0.32 mm <sup>3</sup>		
Theta ran	ge for data collection	1.72 to 27.48°.		
Index ran	iges	-10<=h<=10, -18<=k<=18, -27<=l<=27		
Reflection	ns collected	31203		
Independ	ent reflections	5565 [R(int) = 0.0848]		
Complete	eness to theta = $27.48^{\circ}$	99.7 %		
Absorptio	on correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents		
Max. and	min. transmission	0.7456 and 0.6116		
Refineme	ent method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>		
Data / res	straints / parameters	5565 / 0 / 298		
Goodness	s-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.001		
Final R ir	ndices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0499, $wR2 = 0.0992$		
R indices	(all data)	R1 = 0.0859, wR2 = 0.1139		
Absolute	structure parameter	-0.03(11)		
Largest d	iff. peak and hole	0.202 and -0.207 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>		

	X	у	Z	U(eq)
P(1)	5333(1)	6238(1)	7878(1)	40(1)
O(1)	3537(2)	5564(1)	5851(1)	45(1)
O(2)	4657(2)	7342(1)	5554(1)	46(1)
O(3)	8226(2)	6667(1)	6962(1)	52(1)
C(1)	5177(3)	5433(2)	6040(1)	44(1)
C(2)	6015(4)	4636(2)	5848(2)	64(1)
C(3)	7635(4)	4518(2)	6051(2)	76(1)
C(4)	8412(4)	5175(2)	6422(1)	61(1)
C(5)	7561(3)	5958(2)	6611(1)	42(1)
C(6)	5890(3)	6081(2)	6440(1)	37(1)
C(7)	4945(3)	6921(2)	6645(1)	35(1)
C(8)	4319(3)	7523(2)	6185(1)	41(1)
C(9)	3475(3)	8325(2)	6350(1)	50(1)
C(10)	3230(3)	8532(2)	6985(1)	52(1)
C(11)	3790(3)	7929(2)	7446(1)	46(1)
C(12)	4649(3)	7110(2)	7286(1)	38(1)
C(13)	3346(3)	5898(2)	5207(1)	49(1)
C(14)	3311(3)	6954(2)	5181(1)	47(1)
C(15)	1719(4)	5478(2)	4956(2)	68(1)
C(16)	3554(4)	7319(2)	4516(1)	65(1)
C(17)	9951(4)	6634(2)	7108(2)	77(1)
C(18)	3325(3)	5875(2)	8213(1)	44(1)
C(19)	2769(4)	4988(2)	8041(1)	59(1)
C(20)	1249(5)	4657(2)	8254(2)	76(1)
C(21)	280(4)	5202(3)	8638(2)	79(1)
C(22)	810(4)	6068(3)	8816(2)	70(1)
C(23)	2329(3)	6405(2)	8610(1)	55(1)
C(24)	6204(3)	6973(2)	8507(1)	42(1)
C(25)	6208(4)	6663(2)	9128(1)	59(1)
C(26)	7033(4)	7147(3)	9599(1)	78(1)
C(27)	7846(5)	7953(3)	9461(2)	79(1)
C(28)	7870(4)	8279(2)	8856(2)	76(1)
C(29)	7062(4)	7789(2)	8373(2)	59(1)

Table 2.Atomic coordinates (  $x \ 10^4$ ) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>x 10<sup>3</sup>)for qlq12.U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U<sup>ij</sup> tensor.

# Copies of <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR and chiral HPLC Spectra for all products

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz,  $d_6$ -DMSO) of **3** 



## $^{13}$ C NMR (75 MHz, *d*<sub>6</sub>-DMSO) of **3**



### <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of 4





<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of **6a** 









ppm(t1) <sup>30</sup>  $^{30}$   $^{20}$ 







### $^{1}$ H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of **6d**



 $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of **6d** 



 $^{31}P$  NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of  $\boldsymbol{6d}$ 



 $^{1}$ H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of **7d** 



<sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of 7d



 $^{31}P$  NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of 7d



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of **7e** 



 $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of 7e



 $<sup>^{31}\</sup>text{P}$  NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of 7e





<sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of **7f** 



 $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of 7f



 $^{1}$ H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of **7**g



<sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of 7g



 $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl\_3) of 7g



### <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **1**



### <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **1**



# $^{31}P$ NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product 1



### <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product $\mathbf{2}$



# $^{13}C$ NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product ${\bf 2}$



<sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **2** 



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product  $\mathbf{3}$ 



### $^{13}C$ NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **3**



 $^{31}P$  NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **3** 



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product 4



 $^{31}P$  NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product 4



# $^1\text{H}$ NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product $\boldsymbol{5}$



<sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **5** 







<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **6** 



## $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product 6



## <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product 6



# $^1\text{H}$ NMR (300 MHz, CDCl\_3) of product 7



### $^{1}$ H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product 7



 $^{31}P$  NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product 7



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **8** 



 $^{13}C$  NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **8** 



## <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product 8



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **9** 



 $^{13}$ C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product 9



<sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **9** 



### <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **10**



### <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product 10



### <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of product **10**



### HPLC spectra.



The top one is racemic, the bottom one is the sample catalyzed by **7d**. Conditions: column, AD-H, n-hexane : isopropanol = 90:10, 1.0 mL/min







\_\_\_\_\_

排序	:	信号	
乘积因子:			1.0000
稀释因子:		:	1.0000
内标使用乘积因于	和稀释因子		

信号 1: DAD1 D, Sig=220,16 Ref=360,100

峰	保留时间	类型	峰宽	峰面积	峰高	峰面积
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	olo
1	8.765	BB	0.1937	7856.33838	624.68420	93.7472
2	2 11.046	VB	0.2648	524.00439	30.14992	6.2528



The top one is racemic, the bottom one is the sample catalyzed by 7d. Conditions: column, OD-H, n-hexane : isopropanol = 90:10, 0.5 mL/min



总量:

2.50167e4 1253.08887



#### 面积百分比报告

\_\_\_\_\_

相印象		户口		
THE /T+	:	1百 万		
乘积因子:		:	1.0000	
稀释因子:		:	1.0000	
内标使用乘积因子	和稀释因子			

#### 信号 1: DAD1 B, Sig=220,8 Ref=360,100

\_\_\_\_\_

¥	保留时间 类 [min]	型 峰宽 [min]	峰面积 [mAU*s]	峰高 [mAU]	峰面积 <sup>%</sup>
			[]		
1	11.451 VV	0.2317	1238.85352	82.24255	7.4820
2	12.133 VE	0.2645	1.53190e4	873.93658	92.5180
总量	:		1.65579e4	956.17913	



The top one is racemic, the bottom one is the sample catalyzed by **7d**. Conditions: column, OD-H, n-hexane : isopropanol = 95:5, 0.5 mL / min





	面积	【百分比报告	
排序 : 乘积因子: 稀释因子: 内标使用乘积因子和稀释因	信号 : :  子	1.0000 1.0000	
信号 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,	16 Ref=360,	,100	

峰 (	R留时间 [min]	类型	峰宽 [min]	峰面积 [mAU*s]	峰高 [mAU]	峰面积
	10 050	·	0 4940	705 60571		1 5150
2	25.687	BB	0.48407	4.58459e4	848.05408	98.4842
当旦				4 (5515 4	0.00.00050	
心里	:			4.05515e4	868.08359	



The top one is racemic, the bottom one is the sample catalyzed by 7d. Conditions: column, OD-H, n-hexane : isopropanol = 90:10, 0.5 mL/min





==============

排序		信号	
乘积因子:	-	:	1.0000
稀释因子:		:	1.0000
内标使用乘积因	子和稀释因子		

#### 信号 1: DAD1 B, Sig=220,8 Ref=360,100

峰	保留时间	类型	峰宽	峰面积	峰高	峰面积
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	olo
1	11.429	BB	0.2743	367.95605	21.01375	1.4996
2	13.063	BB	0.3091	2.41698e4	1199.27502	98.5004



The top one is racemic, the bottom one is the sample catalyzed by 7d. Conditions: column, OD-H, n-hexane : isopropanol = 90:10, 0.5 mL/min





		面积	百分比报告	
		========		
排序 乖和田子,	:	信号	1 0000	

乘积因子:	:	1.0000
稀释因子:	:	1.0000
内标使用乘积因子和稀释因子		

信号 1: DAD1 B, Sig=220,8 Ref=360,100

峰	保留时间	类型	峰宽	峰面积	峰高	峰面积
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	90
1	16.557	BV	0.2747	2.80259e4	1566.43872	88.9090
2	2 17.914	VB	0.2962	3496.10718	180.33018	11.0910



The top one is racemic, the bottom one is the sample catalyzed by 7d. Conditions: column, AD-H, n-hexane : isopropanol = 90:10, 0.5 mL/min





面积百分比报告

\_\_\_\_\_

排序	:	信号	
乘积因子:		:	1.0000
稀释因子:		:	1.0000
内标使用乘积因子	和稀释因子		

信号 1: DAD1 B, Sig=220,8 Ref=360,100

\_\_\_\_\_\_

峰	保留时间	类型	峰宽	峰面积	峰高	峰面积
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	olo
1	13.873	BB	0.2388	8790.99609	555.06305	95.7227
2	15.102	BB	0.2558	392.81958	23.89570	4.2773



The top one is racemic, the bottom one is the sample catalyzed by **7d**. Conditions: column, AD-H, n-hexane : isopropanol = 95:5, 0.5 mL / min



ACH STR

S63





The top one is racemic, the bottom one is the sample catalyzed by 7d. Conditions: column, AD-H, n-hexane : isopropanol = 95:5, 0.5 mL/min





排序	:	信号	
乘积因子:		:	1.0000
稀释因子:		:	1.0000
内标使用乘积因	子和稀释因子		

#### 信号 1: DAD1 B, Sig=220,8 Ref=360,100

峰	保留时间	类型	峰宽	峰面积	峰高	峰面积
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	00
1	20.401	BB	0.3950	1.93128e4	743.54913	96.4625
2	24.289	BB	0.4675	708.25385	23.50751	3.5375



The top one is racemic, the bottom one is the sample catalyzed by 7d. Conditions: column, OD-H, n-hexane : isopropanol = 90:10, 0.5 mL/min





===

\_\_\_\_\_

排序	:	信号	
乘积因子:			1.0000
稀释因子:			1.0000
内标使用乘积因子和	稀释因子		

信号 1: DAD1 B, Sig=220,8 Ref=360,100

\_\_\_\_\_\_

峰	保留时间	类型	峰宽	峰面积	峰高	峰面积
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	olo
1	13.040	BB	0.3030	1442.46423	72.86708	11.0447
2	14.601	BB	0.4214	1.16178e4	427.04147	88.9553



The top one is racemic, the bottom one is the sample catalyzed by 7d. Conditions: column, OD-H, n-hexane : isopropanol = 90:10, 0.5 mL/min



总量:

2.15291e4 1134.41232



#### 面积百分比报告

排序	:	信号	
乘积因子:		:	1.0000
稀释因子:		:	1.0000
内标使用乘积因子	和稀释因子		

信号 1: DAD1 D, Sig=220,16 Ref=360,100

峰	保留时间	类型	峰宽	峰面积	峰高	峰面积
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]		<del>آه</del> ا ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
1	15.272	VB	0.2733	1.14073e4	618.15814	95.2179
2	17.386	BB	0.3964	572.90918	22.10405	4.7821
总量	:			1.19802e4	640.26219	