An Electrochemical Method for Investigation of Conformational Flexibility of Active Sites of *Trametes versicolor* Laccase Based on Sensitive Determination of Copper Ion with Cysteine-Modified Electrodes

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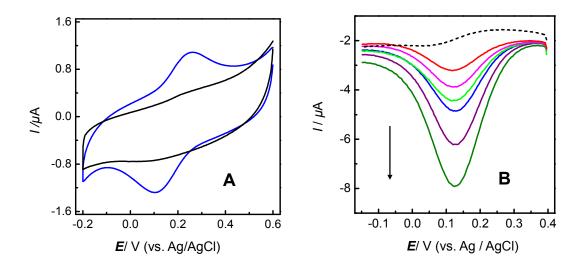


Figure S1. (A) Typical CVs obtained with the cysteine-modified Au electrodes in Cu^{2+} -free 0.10 M acetate buffer (pH 5.0). The electrodes were first immersed into 0.10 M acetate buffer (pH 5.0) in the absence (black curve) and presence of 1.0 μ M Cu²⁺ (blue curve) for 5 min, and then taken out from the buffer and washed with water. (B)Typical SWVs obtained with the cysteine-modified Au electrodes in Cu²⁺-free 0.10 M acetate buffer (pH 5.0). The electrodes were first immersed into 0.10 M acetate buffers (pH 5.0) containing Cu²⁺ with different concentrations of (from upper to lower) 0, 1.0×10^{-9} , 1.0×10^{-8} , 1.0×10^{-6} , 1.0×10^{-6} , 1.0×10^{-5} , and 1.0×10^{-4} M for 5 min, and then taken out from the buffers and washed with water. Stripping conditions: frequency 15 Hz; pulse height, 25 mV; and pulse increment, 4 mV.