## **Supporting Information**

## Thermal Treatment-Induced Enhancement in Effective Surface Area of Sing-Wall Carbon Nanohorns for Supercapacitor Application

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Figure S1. N<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherm of the commercialized activated carbon (YP-17) at 77 K. The open and solid symbols indicate adsorption and desorption branches, respectively.

**Table S1.** Pore structure parameters determined from  $N_2$  adsorption isotherm of the commercialized activated carbon (YP-17) at 77 K.

Samples	N <sub>2</sub> adsorption at 77 K (SPE method)				
	Total SSA (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Micropore SSA (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	External SSA (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Micropore Volume (mL g <sup>-1</sup> )	
YP-17	1874	1748	126	0.67	



**Figure S2.** Cyclic-voltammograms of the SWCNH supercapacitor electrodes in aqueous (a, b) and organic (c, d) electrolyte systems. (a, c) as-grown SWCNHs and (b, d) SWCNHs heat-treated at 1273 K.