Supporting Information

Rapid, Scalable Assembly of Stereochemically Rich, Mono- and Bicyclic Acyl Sultams

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General Experimental Methods

All air and moisture sensitive reactions were carried out in flame- or oven-dried glassware under argon atmosphere using standard gas tight syringes, cannula, and septa. Stirring was achieved with oven-dried, magnetic stir bars. CH₂Cl₂ was purified by passage through the Solv-Tek purification system employing activated Al₂O₃ (Grubbs, R. H.; Rosen, R. K.; Timmers, F. J. *Organometallics* **1996**, *15*, 1518-1520). Et₃N was purified by passage over basic alumina and stored over KOH. Flash column chromatography was performed with SiO₂ from Mallinckrodt Chemicals (V120-25, Silica gel, 60 A, 40–63 µm). Thin layer chromatography was performed on silica gel 60F254 plates (EMD-5715-7, Merck). Deuterated solvents were purchased from Cambridge Isotope laboratories. ¹H, ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker DRX-400 spectrometer operating at 400 MHz as well as a Bruker DRX-500 spectrometer operating at 500 MHz, 126 MHz respectively. The reference for CDCl₃ was set up at 7.28 ppm and acetone at 2.05 ppm. High-resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) and FAB spectra were obtained in one of two manners: (i) on a VG Instrument ZAB double-focusing mass spectrometer and (ii) on a LCT Premier Spectrometer (Micromass UK Limited) operating on ESI (MeOH). Gas chromatography (GC) was performed using an Agilent Technologies 6890N. GC/mass spectrometry was performed using a Quattro micro GC (Micromass UK Limited).

General Procedure A: preparation of vinyl sulfonamide. To a round bottom flask containing a solution of amine (1.0 equiv.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 M), was added Et₃N (2.0 equiv.). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, stirred for 20 min, after which 2-chloroethane sulfonyl chloride (1.0 equiv.) was added to the reaction mixture in a drop-wise fashion. The reaction was warmed to rt and left to stir overnight. The reaction was quenched with 10% aq. HCl, the organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2x). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the desired vinyl sulfonamide.

General Procedure B: one-pot, sequential (Michael and amide coupling). To a round-bottomed flask attached with a condenser/pressure tube containing a solution of sulfonamide (172 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in MeOH (0.5 M) and water (0.5 M), was added Et₃N (516 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) followed by amino acid (172 mmol, 1.0 equiv.). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 12 h, after which the solvents were evaporated to dryness. To the crude mixture, DMF (0.05 M) was added, followed by EDC (344 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), HOBt (34.4 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) and Et₃N (344 mmol, 2.0 equiv.). The reaction was stirred at rt for 12 h, followed by evaporation of DMF upon completion of reaction. Water was added to the crude mixture, which was extracted with EtOAc (2x). The organic layer was separated and the combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product, which was purified by flash chromatography (100% EtOAc).

General Procedure C: one-pot, sequential 3-component (sulfonylation, Michael and amide coupling). To a round bottom flask/pressure tube containing a solution of amine (3.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 M), was added Et₃N (7.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, stirred for 20 min followed by the drop-wise addition of 2-chloroethane sulfonyl chloride (3.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.). The reaction was warmed to rt and left to stir overnight. CH₂Cl₂ was removed *in vacuo* upon completion of the reaction. MeOH (0.5 M), water (0.5 M), Et₃N (11.4 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) and amino acid (3.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) were added to the reaction mixture, which was stirred at 60 °C for 12 h, after which the solvents were evaporated to dryness. DMF (0.05 M) (for cyclic amino acids), EDC (7.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), HOBt (0.76 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) and Et₃N (7.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added to the crude mixture. The reaction was stirred at rt for 12 h, followed by evaporation of DMF. Water was added to the crude mixture, which was extracted with EtOAc (2x). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product, which was purified by flash chromatography (100% EtOAc). For acyclic amino acids, CHCl₃ was utilized as the solvent, followed by addition of EDC (7.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), HOBt (0.76 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) and Et₃N (7.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.). The reaction was stirred at 50 °C for 12 h after which time; water (equal volume of CHCl₃ used) was added to the crude mixture and extraction of aqueous layer with EtOAc (2x). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product, which was purified by flash chromatography (100% EtOAc).

General Procedure D: one-pot, sequential 4-component (sulfonylation, Michael addition, amide coupling and carbamate formation. To a pressure tube containing a solution of amine (0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 M), was added Et₃N (0.76 mmol, 2.0 equiv.). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, stirred for 20 min, after which 2-chloroethane sulfonyl chloride (0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added drop-wise. The reaction mixture was warmed to rt and left to stir overnight. CH₂Cl₂ was removed *in vacuo* upon the completion of reaction, followed by addition of MeOH (0.5 M), water (0.5 M), Et₃N (1.14 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) and amino acid (0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.). The reaction was stirred at 60 °C for 12 h. Upon the removal of solvents, CHCl₃ (0.05 M) was added to the crude mixture followed by EDC (0.46 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), HOBt (0.076 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) and Et₃N (0.76 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) for the amide coupling reaction. The reaction was stirred at 50 °C for 12 h, followed by evaporation of solvent. Carbamoylation commenced with addition of CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 M), isocyanate (0.76 mmol, 2 equiv.), DMAP (0.19 mmol, 0.5 equiv.) and Et₃N (0.76 mmol, 2 equiv.). The reaction was stirred overnight at 50 °C after which time, water was added to the crude mixture, followed by extraction with EtOAc. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2x). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product, which was purified by flash chromatography (1:1 EtOAc:Hexane).

General Procedure E: one-pot, sequential 4-component (sulfonylation, Michael addition, amide coupling and click reaction). To a pressure tube containing a solution of amine (0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 M), was added Et₃N (0.79 mmol, 2.0 equiv.). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, stirred for 20 min, after which 2-chloroethane sulfonvl chloride (0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added drop-wise. The reaction was warmed to rt and left to stir overnight. After completion of the reaction, CH₂Cl₂ was removed under reduced pressure. MeOH (0.5 M), water (0.5 M), Et₃N (1.14 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) and amino acid (0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) were next added to the mixture for the Michael reaction. The mixture was stirred at 60 °C in a sealed tube for 12 h, after which the solvents were again evaporated to dryness. CHCl₃ (0.05 M) was added to the crude mixture followed by EDC (0.46 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), HOBt (0.076 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) and Et₃N (0.76 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) for the amide formation reaction. The reaction was stirred at 50 °C for 12 h, followed by evaporation of solvent. Next, step-wise addition of CH₂Cl₂, alkyl azide and t-butanol was performed, followed by sequential addition of aqueous solutions of CuSO₄ (0.19 mmol, 0.5 equiv.) and L-Na-Ascorbate (0.23 mmol, 0.6 equiv.). The reaction was stirred overnight at rt, after which time, water was added to the crude mixture, followed by extraction with EtOAc. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (2x). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product, which was purified by flash chromatography (100% EtOAc).

General Procedure F: one-pot, sequential 4-component (sulfonylation, Michael, amide coupling and esterification). A solution of amine (0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 M), along with Et₃N (0.76 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) was added to a pressure tube. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, stirred for 20 min, after which 2-chloroethane sulfonyl chloride (0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to the reaction mixture in a drop-wise manner. The reaction was warmed to rt and left to stir overnight. CH₂Cl₂ was removed in vacuo upon the completion of reaction, followed by addition of MeOH (0.5 M), water (0.5 M), Et₃N (1.14 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) and amino acid (0.38 mmol, 1 equiv.) for the Michael reaction. The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C in a sealed tube for 12 h, after which solvents were evaporated to dryness. CHCl₃ (0.05 M) was added to the crude mixture followed by EDC (0.46 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), HOBt (0.076 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) and Et₃N (0.76 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) for the amide coupling reaction. The reaction was stirred for 12 h at 50 °C. After completion of the reaction, additional EDC (0.46 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), HOBt (0.57 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), Et₃N (0.76 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and carboxylic acid were added to the mixture for the esterification step. The reaction was again stirred overnight at 50 °C. Upon completion of the reaction, water was added to the crude mixture, which was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2x). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product, which was purified by flash chromatography (1:1 EtOAc:Hexane).

General Procedure G: one-pot, sequential 5-component (sulfonylation, Michael addition, amide coupling, esterification and click reaction). To a pressure tube containing a solution of amine (0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 M), was added Et₃N (0.76 mmol, 2.0 equiv.). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C. stirred for 20 min, after which 2-chloroethane sulfonyl chloride (0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added in a dropwise manner. The reaction was warmed to rt and left to stir overnight. After completion of the reaction, CH₂Cl₂ was removed in vacuo, followed by addition of MeOH (0.5 M), water (0.5 M), Et₃N (1.14 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) and amino acid for the Michael reaction. The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 12 h in the sealed tube. The solvents were evaporated to dryness. Amide coupling reaction commenced with addition of CHCl₃ (0.05 M), followed by EDC (0.46 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), HOBt (0.076 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) and Et₃N (0.76 mmol, 2.0 equiv.). The reaction was stirred at 50 °C for 12 h. Upon completion of the reaction, EDC (0.76 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), HOBt (0.57 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and Et₃N (0.76 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added to the crude mixture, followed by the carboxylic acid for the esterification step. The reaction was heated at 50 °C for 12 h and solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Next, step-wise addition of CH₂Cl₂, alkyl azide and t-BuOH was performed, followed by sequential addition of aqueous solutions of CuSO₄ (0.19 mmol, 0.5 equiv.) and L-Naascorbate (0.23 mmol, 0.6 equiv.). The reaction was stirred overnight at rt, after which time, water was added to the crude mixture, followed by extraction with EtOAc. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (2x). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product, which was purified by flash chromatography (2:1 EtOAc:Hexane).

(8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-butylhexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (10a)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **10a** (67%, 2.04 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light orange solid.

M. P. 112–113 °C;

 $R_f = 0.56 (100\% \text{ EtOAc});$

FTIR (neat) 3637, 3102, 2991, 2901, 1712, 1453, 1349, 1193 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +23.2^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 4.44–4.36 [m, 2H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 3.90–3.74 [m, 2H, (C=O)NCH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃], 3.50–3.35 [m, 4H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bNCH_aH_bCH(OH)], 3.27 (dt, J = 12.2, 3.2 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 2.75 [dddd, J = 12.8, 5.9, 5.9 1.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 2.67 [ddd, J = 9.9, 5.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 1.96 [dddd, J = 13.2, 8.9, 5.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 1.68–1.56 (m, 3H, OH, n-butyl), 1.41–1.30 (m, 2H, n-butyl), 0.94 (td, J = 7.4, 1.8 Hz, 3H, n-butyl);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.0, 62.9, 61.5, 58.7, 55.9, 50.4, 46.8, 32.4, 31.5, 19.6, 13.5; HRMS calculated for $C_{11}H_{20}N_2O_4SH$ (M+H)⁺ 277.1222; found 277.1222 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-(4-methoxybenzyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (10b)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **10b** (72%, 1.02 g) was isolated after chromatography as a dark orange solid.

M. P. 125–127 °C;

 $R_f = 0.38 (100\% \text{ EtOAc});$

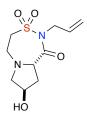
FTIR (thin film) 3365, 3299, 3155, 2956, 1708, 1444, 1355, 1155, 1213, 835 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_{\mathbf{p}}^{\mathbf{20}} = +26.6^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.37–7.33 (m, 2H), 6.87–6.83 (m, 2H), 5.09 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.85 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.42 [dd, J = 8.8, 5.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 4.39 [dddd, J = 5.4, 5.4, 5.3, 5.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 3.80 (s, 3H, Ar-OCH₃), 3.45–3.33 (m, 3H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 3.23–3.10 [m, 2H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bNCH_aH_bCH(OH)], 2.75 [dddd, J = 12.5, 5.8, 5.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 2.64 [ddd, J = 9.8, 5.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bNCH_aH_bCH(OH)], 1.95 [dddd, J = 14.4, 8.7, 5.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 1.89 (s, 1H, OH);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.5, 159.1, 130.1 (2), 128.7, 113.8 (2), 77.3, 70.17, 64.1, 56.5, 55.3, 52.4, 48.1, 36.6;

HRMS calculated for $C_{15}H_{20}N_2O_5SNa~(M+Na)^+$ 363.0991; found 363.1004 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-2-allyl-8-hydroxyhexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (10c, 27a)



According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **10c** (86%, 12.1 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light brown solid.

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure C, compound **27a** (39%, 0.15 g) was isolated after chromatography as a white solid.

M. P. 113–116 °C;

 $R_f = 0.42 (100\% \text{ EtOAc});$

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +25.8^{\circ} (c = 0.36, \text{MeOH});$

FTIR (thin film) 3373, 3331, 2928, 1705, 1647, 1447, 1344, 1150, 1082, 989, 915 cm⁻¹;

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 5.88 (dddd, J = 17.2, 10.3, 6.2, 5.3 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH=CH₂), 5.35 (dddd, J = 17.1, 1.4, 1.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH=CH_{cis}H_{trans}), 5.24 (dddd, J = 10.3, 1.2, 1.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH=CH_{cis}H_{trans}), 4.51–4.36 [m, 4H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)NCH₂], 3.52–3.33 [m, 4H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bNCH_aH_bCH(OH)], 3.29 (dt, J = 12.7, 3.5 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 2.76 [dddd, J = 12.8, 5.8, 5.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 2.68 [ddd, J = 9.9, 5.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 1.96 [dddd, J = 14.2, 8.8, 5.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 1.57 (s, 1H, OH);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.3, 132.2, 118.5, 70.4, 64.3, 64.3, 56.7, 52.7, 47.8, 36.7;

HRMS calculated for $C_{10}H_{16}N_2O_4SH (M + H)^+$ 261.0909; found 261.0894 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-2-benzyl-8-hydroxyhexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (10d, 27b)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **10d** (76%, 5.05 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light brown solid.

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure C, compound **27b** (69%, 0.51 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light brown solid.

M. P. 109–110 °C;

 $R_f = 0.52 (100\% \text{ EtOAc});$

FTIR (neat) 3639, 3109, 2953, 2901, 1701, 1454, 1360, 1142, 1102, 712 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +25.2^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.42–7.37 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.31–7.28 (m, 1H), 5.13 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.90 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.46 [dd, J = 10.6, 6.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 4.42 [dddd, J = 5.2, 5.2, 5.2, 5.2 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 3.49–3.42 (m, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.41–3.35 (m, 2H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bN), 3.26–3.17 (m, 2H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bNCH_aH_b), 2.76 [dddd, J = 13.5, 5.9, 5.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 2.65 [ddd, J = 9.9, 5.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH₂NCH_aH_b)], 2.07 (bs, 1H, OH), 1.95 [dddd, J = 13.3, 8.5, 5.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)];

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 170.6, 136.3, 128.6, 128.1(2), 127.7(2), 63.9, 61.6, 58.9, 55.4, 50.3, 49.0, 32.3;

HRMS calculated for $C_{14}H_{18}N_2O_4SH (M+H)^+$ 311.1066; found 311.1061 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (10e)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **10e** (64%, 28.1 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light brown solid.

M. P. 94–95 °C;

 $R_f = 0.38 (100\% \text{ EtOAc});$

FTIR (thin film) 3566, 3172, 2979, 2077, 1681, 1357, 1155, 1070 cm⁻¹;

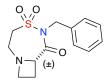
 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +22.7^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 4.73 (dd, J = 17.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCCH), 4.51 (dd, J = 17.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCCH), 4.47–4.40 [m, 2H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 3.55–3.44 (m, 3H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 3.42 [ddd, J = 9.9, 4.7, 1.0 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂], 3.30 (dd, J = 9.1, 3.4 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 2.76 [dddd, J = 13.0, 6.0, 5.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_b], 2.69 [ddd, J = 9.9, 5.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂], 2.30 (dd, J = 2.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CCH), 1.98 [dddd, J = 13.3, 8.6, 5.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_b], 1.61 (s, 1H, OH);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 170.2, 77.8, 71.9, 70.2, 64.1, 63.7, 56.6, 52.3, 36.5, 34.4;

HRMS calculated for $C_{10}H_{14}N_2O_4SNa~(M+Na)^+$ 281.0572; found 281.0580 (TOF MS ES⁺).

5-benzyl-4-thia-1,5-diazabicyclo[5.2.0]nonan-6-one 4,4-dioxide (11, 27c)



According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **11** (75%, 0.21 g) was isolated after chromatography as a yellow solid.

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure C, compound 27c (85%, 0.102 g) was isolated after chromatography as a white solid.

M. P. 82–84 °C;

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.53$ (1:1 Hexane:EtOAc);

FTIR (thin film) 2974, 2839, 1712, 1693, 1496, 1371, 1149, 1037, 727 cm⁻¹;

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.44–7.39 (m, 2H), 7.38–7.33 (m, 2H), 7.32–7.27 (m, 1H), 5.17 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.87 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.56 (dd, J = 8.2, 8.2 Hz, 1H, C=OCHCH₂), 3.38–3.29 (m, 2H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂NCH_aH_bCH₂), 3.22–3.09 (m, 3H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bNCH_aH_bCH₂), 3.05–3.00 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bNCH₂), 2.61 [dddd, J = 10.4, 10.4, 8.5, 8.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 2.13 [dddd, J = 10.4, 7.6, 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH_aH_bCH(C=O)];

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.9, 136.5, 128.5 (2), 128.1 (2), 127.6, 65.8, 55.4, 51.4, 50.5, 48.0, 20.5; HRMS calculated for C₁₃H₁₆N₂O₃SH (M+H)⁺ 281.0960, found 281.0968 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(S)-2-benzylhexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (12, 27d)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **12** (82%, 0.097 g) was isolated after chromatography as a white solid.

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure C, compound 27d (85%, 0.098 g) was isolated after chromatography as a white solid.

M. P. 89–91 °C;

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.52$ (1:1 Hexane:EtOAc);

FTIR (thin film) 2927, 1701, 1454, 1365, 1218, 1151, 732 cm⁻¹;

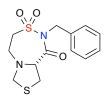
 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +29.2^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.43–7.39 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.31 (m, 2H), 7.30–7.26 (m, 1H), 5.14 (d, J =15.2 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.93 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.16 (dd, J = 9.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H, C=OCHCH₂), 3.39-3.34 (m, 1H, $O_2SCH_aH_bCH_2$), 3.28-3.19 (m, 3H, $O_2SCH_aH_bCH_2N$), 3.17-3.12 [m, 1H, $NCH_aH_bCH_2CH_2CH(C=O)$], 2.70–2.63 1H, $NCH_aH_bCH_2CH_2CH(C=O)$], 2.63–2.54 1H, ſm, m, $NCH_2CH_2CH_aH_bCH(C=O)$], 1.95-1.85 [m, 1H, NCH₂CH₂CH₂H_bCH(C=O)], 1.82–1.74 2H m, $NCH_2CH_2CH_2CH(C=O)$];

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.9, 136.5, 128.5 (2), 128.3 (2), 127.6, 64.3, 57.8, 56.2, 50.7, 48.6, 27.2, 24.7;

HRMS calculated for $C_{14}H_{18}N_2O_3SH$ (M+H)⁺ 295.1116, found 295.1116 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(R)-2-benzylhexahydro-1H-thiazolo[4,3-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1-one 3,3-dioxide (13, 27e)



According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **13** (70%, 0.098 g) was isolated after chromatography as a brown solid.

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure C, compound 27e (76%, 0.21 g) was isolated after chromatography as a brown solid.

M. P. 98–99 °C;

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.51$ (1:1 Hexane:EtOAc);

FTIR (thin film) 2927, 1701, 1496, 1456, 1373, 1151, 1022, 730 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -21.7^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.43–7.39 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.32–7.27 (m, 1H), 5.17 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.92 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.44 (dd, J = 7.3, 5.4 Hz, 1H, C=OCHCH₂), 4.21 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bS), 3.89 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bS), 3.69 (dd, J = 12.1, 5.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂SCH_aH_bCH), 3.61–3.54 (m, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.43–3.38 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 3.34–3.23 (m, 2H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bN), 3.16 (dd, J = 12.1, 7.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂SCH_aH_bCH);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 167.0, 136.4, 128.6 (2), 128.4 (2), 127.8, 67.3, 60.9, 55.8, 51.7, 48.7, 34.1; HRMS calculated for $C_{13}H_{16}N_2O_3S_2H$ (M+H)⁺ 313.0681, found 313.0685 (TOF MS ES⁺).

3-benzylhexahydro-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,1-*e*][1,2,6]thiadiazocin-2(3*H*)-one 4,4-dioxide (14)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **14** (65%, 0.096 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light yellow solid.

M. P. 87–90 °C;

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.70 \text{ (1:1 Hexane:EtOAc)};$

FTIR (thin film) 3286, 2931, 1703, 1645, 1494, 1454, 1398, 1284, 1137, 730 cm⁻¹;

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.48–7.43 (m, 2H), 7.34–7.25 (m, 3H), 5.51 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.75 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.08 (dd, J = 12.4, 8.6 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.30–3.20 (m, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.07–2.93 (m, 4H, O₂SCH₂CH₂NCH, NCH_aH_bCH₂), 2.81–2.68 [m, 1H, NCHCH_aH_b(C=O)], 2.54 [d, J = 13.0 Hz, 1H, NCHCH_aH_b(C=O)], 2.47 (dd, J = 16.8, 8.2 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH₂), 2.10–1.91 [m, 2H, NCH₂CH_aH_bCH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 1.85–1.71 [m, 2H, NCH₂CH_aH_bCH_aH_bCH_aH_bCH_aCH(C=O)];

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.7, 136.4, 129.2 (2), 128.2 (2), 127.7, 64.2, 56.8, 56.2, 48.5, 47.7, 37.5, 29.8, 22.6;

HRMS calculated for $C_{15}H_{20}N_2O_3SH~(M+H)^+309.1273$, found 309.1282 (TOF MS ES⁺).

2-(4-chlorobenzyl)octahydro-1*H*-pyrido[2,1-*d*][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1-one 3,3-dioxide (15, 27f)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **15** (75%, 0.105 g) was isolated after chromatography as a brown solid.

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure C, compound **27f** (82%, 0.11 g) was isolated after chromatography as a brown solid.

M. P. 88–91 °C;

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.45$ (1:1 Hexane:EtOAc);

FTIR (thin film) 2975, 2923, 2833, 1704, 1444, 1355, 1153, 825 cm⁻¹;

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.43–7.38 (m, 2H), 7.32–7.28 (m, 2H), 5.06 (d, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.88 (d, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.28 (dd, *J* = 3.8, 3.4 Hz, 1H, C=OCHCH₂), 3.79 (m, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.40–3.32 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 3.28–3.19 (m, 2H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bN), 2.52–2.42 (m, 2H, NCH₂CH₂), 2.10–2.03 (m, 1H, NCH₂CH₂CH₂CH_aH_bCH), 1.80–1.67 (m, 1H, NCH₂CH₂CH_aH_bCH₂CH), 1.63 (m, 1H, NCH₂CH_aH_bCH₂CH), 1.60–1.49 (m, 3H, NCH₂CH_aH_bCH_aH_bCH_aH_bCH);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 173.0, 135.7, 133.7, 130.2 (2), 128.7 (2), 60.7, 53.0, 52.1, 47.7, 47.6, 27.4, 25.8, 19.9;

HRMS calculated for C₁₅H₁₉ClN₂O₃SH (M+H)⁺ 343.0883, found 343.0883 (TOF MS ES⁺).

$2\text{-}(4\text{-methoxybenzyl}) octahydro-1 \\ H\text{-pyrido}[2,1\text{-}d][1,2,5] thiadiazepin-1\text{-one }3,3\text{-dioxide }(16)$

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **16** (71%, 0.105 g) was isolated after chromatography as a dark yellow solid.

M. P. 91–93 °C;

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.37$ (1:1 Hexane:EtOAc);

FTIR (thin film) 2979, 2927, 1704, 1444, 1357, 1155, 842 cm⁻¹;

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.44–7.40 (m, 2H), 6.87–6.84 (m, 2H), 5.13 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.85 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.28 (dd, J = 4.7, 2.7 Hz, 1H, C=OCHCH₂), 3.81 (s, 3H, Ar-OCH₃), 3.79–3.71 (m, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.35–3.28 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 3.25–3.17 (m, 2H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bN), 2.45–2.39 (m, 2H, NCH₂CH₂), 2.13–2.05 (m, 1H, NCH₂CH₂CH₂CH_aH_bCH), 1.81–1.70

(m, 1H, NCH₂CH₂CH_aH_bCH₂CH), 1.62 (m, 1H, NCH₂C<u>H</u>_aH_bCH₂CH₂CH), 1.65–1.47 (m, 3H, NCH₂CH_aH_bCH_aH_bCH_aH_bCH);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 173.0, 159.2, 130.5 (2), 129.4, 113.6 (2), 60.6, 55.2, 53.0, 52.1, 47.6, 27.4, 29.7, 25.8, 19.8;

HRMS calculated for $C_{16}H_{22}N_2O_4SH (M+H)^+339.1379$, found 339.1388 (TOF MS ES⁺).

2-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)hexahydro-[1,4]oxazino[3,4-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (17)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **17** (47%, 0.18 g) was isolated after chromatography as a yellow solid.

M. P. 102–107 °C;

 $R_f = 0.53 (100\% EtOAc);$

FTIR (thin film) 3121, 2962, 2916, 1682, 1508, 1435, 1346, 1219, 1151, 1043, 851 cm⁻¹;

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.55 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 5.12 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.95 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.34 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH₂OCH_aH_bCH), 4.11 [m, 1H, OCH₂CH(C=O)], 3.94–3.84 (m, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.76 (ddd, J = 10.9, 3.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH_aH_bOCH₂CH), 3.69–3.60 (m, 2H, NCH₂CH_aH_bOCH_aH_bCH), 3.47–3.39 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 3.31 (dd, J = 14.3, 14.2 Hz, 2H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bN), 2.77 (dd, J = 11.2, 11.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH₂O), 2.38 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH₂O);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.2, 148.9, 135.6, 130.6 (2), 121.0 (2), 120.4 (d, J_{C-F} = 257.4 Hz), 67.5, 66.9, 61.3, 52.7, 51.7, 47.8, 47.2;

HRMS calculated for $C_{15}H_{17}F_3N_2O_5SH(M+H)^+$ 395.0898; found 395.0913 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(S)-tert-butyl 2-((S)-3,3-dioxido-1-oxohexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-2(1H)-yl)propanoate (18)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **18** (77%, 0.49 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light brown solid.

M. P. 84–86 °C;

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.55$ (1:1 Hexane:EtOAc);

FTIR (thin film) 2943, 2829, 1731, 1703, 1697, 1444, 1357, 1182 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -29.2^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 4.90 [q, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H, NCH(CH₃)CO₂^tBu], 4.14 (dd, J = 9.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H, C=OCHCH₂), 3.70 (ddd, J = 14.0, 10.2, 6.0 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂), 3.40 (dt, J = 14.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂), 3.35–3.22 (m, 2H, O₂SCH₂CH₂N), 3.16–3.11 (m, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH₂CH₂CH), 2.66–2.56 (m, 2H, NCH_aH_bCH₂CH_aH_bCH), 1.93–1.83 (m, 1H, NCH₂CH₂CH_aH_bCH), 1.83–1.70 (m, 2H, NCH₂CH₂CH₂CH), 1.57 [d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, NCH(CH₃)CO₂^tBu], 1.45 [s, 9H, CO₂C(CH₃)₃];

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 170.6, 168.6, 82.0, 63.6, 57.7, 56.1, 55.4, 50.5, 27.8, 27.2, 24.8, 16.3 (3); HRMS calculated for $C_{14}H_{24}N_2O_5SNa$ (M+Na)⁺ 355.1304, found 355.1309 (TOF MS ES⁺).

$(S)\text{-}\textit{tert}\text{-}\text{butyl }2\text{-}((R)\text{-}3,3\text{-}\text{dioxido-}1\text{-}\text{oxohexahydropyrrolo}[2,1\text{-}\textit{d}][1,2,5]\text{thiadiazepin-}2(1H)\text{-}\text{yl})\text{propanoate} \\ (19)$

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **19** (80%, 0.51 g) was isolated after chromatography as a dark brown solid.

M. P. 84–85 °C:

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.51$ (1:1 Hexane:EtOAc);

FTIR (thin film) 2943, 2871, 1737, 1703, 1697, 1444, 1384, 1325, 1126 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +15.7^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 4.91 [q, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H, NCH(CH₃)CO₂^tBu], 4.46–4.37 (m, 2H, C=OCHCH₂, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.69 (ddd, J = 13.4, 12.1, 4.3 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.51–3.36 (m, 3H, O₂SCH₂CH₂NH_aH_b), 3.33–3.26 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH₂NH_aH_b), 2.74 (ddd, J = 12.9, 5.8, 5.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH₂CH_aH_bCH), 2.67 (dd, J = 9.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH₂CH_aH_bCH), 1.94 (ddd, J = 13.2, 8.5, 5.6 Hz, 1H, SI = 13

 $NCH_2C\underline{H}_aH_bCH_2CH)$, 1.64–1.60 (m, 1H, $NCH_2CH_a\underline{H}_bCH_2CH)$, 1.58 [d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, $NCH(C\underline{H}_3)CO_2{}^tBu$], 1.46 [s, 9H, $CO_2C(C\underline{H}_3)_3$];

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.3, 169.3, 82.1, 64.3, 57.8, 56.6, 55.0, 50.8, 27.9, 27.3, 24.5, 16.7 (3); HRMS calculated for $C_{14}H_{24}N_2O_5SNa$ (M+Na)⁺ 355.1304, found 355.1304 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-((S)-1-phenylethyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (22)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **22** (85%, 0.50 g) was isolated after chromatography as a dark yellow solid.

M. P. 104–106 °C;

 $R_f = 0.52 (100\% EtOAc);$

FTIR (thin film) 3523, 3392, 2835, 1701, 1496, 1375, 1276, 1147, 734 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +23.7^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.44–7.39 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.28–7.24 (m, 1H), 5.89 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H, NCHCH₃Ph), 4.41 (dd, J = 8.7, 6.0 Hz, 1H, C=OCHCH₂), 4.29 [dddd, J = 5.4, 5.4, 5.3, 5.3 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH(OH)CH₂], 3.54–3.41 (m, 3H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 3.35 [dd, J = 9.9, 4.6 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 3.31–3.25 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 2.68–2.60 [m, 2H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 1.97–1.92 [m, 1H, (OH)CHCH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 1.91 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, NCHCH₃Ph), 1.61 (bs, 1H, OH);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 170.0, 138.8, 126.7 (2), 125.6, 125.1 (2), 68.6, 63.7, 62.6, 55.5, 55.0, 50.9, 35.2, 16.5;

HRMS calculated for $C_{15}H_{20}N_2O_4SNa~(M+Na)^+347.1041$, found 347.1042 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-((R)-1-phenylethyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (23)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **23** (73%, 0.48 g) was isolated after chromatography as a brown solid.

M. P. 106–109 °C;

 $R_f = 0.47 (100\% EtOAc);$

FTIR (thin film) 3651, 3276, 2979, 1713, 1435, 1383, 1221, 1151, 742 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +21.6^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.35–7.31 (m, 2H), 7.30–7.24 (m, 2H), 7.21–7.16 (m, 1H), 5.88 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H, NCHCH₃Ph), 4.36–4.28 [m, 2H, CH₂CH(OH)CH₂CHCH₂(C=O)], 3.35–3.27 (m, 2H, O₂SCH₂CH₂N), 3.19 (dt, J = 13.5, 3.4 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 3.13 (dt, J = 13.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 3.03 [ddd, J = 13.8, 12.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 2.62 [ddd, J = 12.9, 7.0, 6.0 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂CH(C=O)], 2.57 [ddd, J = 9.8, 5.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 1.84 [dddd, J = 14.2, 8.6, 5.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_bCH(C=O)], 1.77 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, NCHCH₃Ph), 1.60 (bs, 1H, OH);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.6, 139.8, 128.2 (2), 127.2, 127.1 (2), 70.2, 65.0, 64.2, 57.0, 56.0, 52.4, 36.8, 17.4;

HRMS calculated for $C_{15}H_{20}N_2O_4SH$ (M+H)⁺ 325.1222, found 325.1221 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aR)-8-hydroxy-2-((S)-1-phenylethyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (24)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **24** (75%, 0.51 g) was isolated after chromatography as a dark yellow solid.

M. P. 106–107 °C;

 $R_f = 0.58 (100\% \text{ EtOAc});$

FTIR (thin film) 3539, 3280, 2975, 1755, 1631 1452, 1321, 1276, 1151, 734 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -19.7^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.42–7.35 (m, 4H), 7.34–7.29 (m, 1H), 5.22–5.10 (m, 1H, NC<u>H</u>CH₃Ph), 4.82 (bs, 1H, OH), 4.63 [dddd, J = 6.9, 6.9, 6.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂C<u>H</u>(OH)CH₂], 3.47–3.45 (m, 1H, C=OC<u>H</u>CH₂), 3.07 [dd, J = 12.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H, NC<u>H</u>_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂], 3.01–2.82 (m, 3H, O₂SC<u>H</u>₂C<u>H</u>_aH_bN), 2.70 (ddd, J = 12.3, 7.3, 5.4 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 2.16 [d, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂], 2.05 [ddd, J = 12.4, 4.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_b], 1.78 [dd, J = 10.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)C<u>H</u>_aH_b], 1.55 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H, NCHC<u>H</u>₃Ph);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.4, 142.7, 129.0 (2), 128.0, 126.3 (2), 79.5, 62.5, 55.6, 53.9, 52.4, 48.7, 39.1, 24.2;

HRMS calculated for $C_{15}H_{20}N_2O_4SNa~(M+Na)^+347.1041$, found 347.1037 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aR)-8-hydroxy-2-((R)-1-phenylethyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (25)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **25** (70%, 0.49 g) was isolated after chromatography as a dark yellow solid.

M. P. 108–110 °C;

 $R_f = 0.53 (100\% EtOAc);$

FTIR (thin film) 3523, 3110, 2941, 2835, 1701, 1448, 1375, 1209, 1151, 734 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_{\mathbf{p}}^{\mathbf{20}} = -15.7^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.39–7.35 (m, 4H), 7.33–7.26 (m, 1H), 5.61 (d, J = 7.34, 1H, NCHCH₃Ph), 4.81 (bs, 1H, OH), 4.61 [dddd, J = 7.0, 7.0, 6.9, 6.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH(OH)CH₂], 3.46–3.43 (m, 1H, C=OCHCH₂), 3.11 [dd, J = 10.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂], 3.01–2.91 (m, 2H, O₂SCH₂CH₂N), 2.81–2.74 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 2.64–2.56 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 2.02–1.97 [m, 1H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH₂], 1.89–1.85 [m, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_b], 1.76 [dd, J = 10.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH_aH_b], 1.53 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, NCHCH₃Ph);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.7, 143.0, 129.1 (2), 127.8, 126.4 (2), 79.5, 62.4, 55.3, 53.8, 52.1, 48.3, 39.1, 24.1;

HRMS calculated for $C_{15}H_{20}N_2O_4SNa~(M+Na)^+347.1041$, found 347.1044 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(S)-2-benzyl-4-isobutyl-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26a, 27g)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **26a** (63%, 5.05 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light yellow solid.

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure C, compound **27g** (61%, 0.49 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light yellow solid.

M. P. 74–76 °C;

 $R_f = 0.56 (100\% EtOAc);$

FTIR (thin film) 3357, 3087, 2952, 1697, 1585, 1467, 1365, 1209, 1147 cm⁻¹;

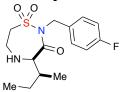
 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +25.0^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.43–7.39 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.31 (m, 2H), 7.31–7.25 (m, 1H), 5.18 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.89 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.18 (dd, J = 8.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H, HNCHCH₂), 3.55–3.45 (m, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂), 3.36 (ddd, J = 14.7, 4.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂), 3.28 (dt, J = 14.3, 2.7 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH_aH_bNH), 2.94 (ddd, J = 14.2, 12.1, 4.1 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH_aH_bNH), 1.78–1.69 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH), 1.41 (p, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.95 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.93 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 173.2, 147.2, 136.5, 128.4 (2), 127.6 (2), 58.3, 56.8, 48.2, 45.3, 40.7, 24.5, 23.0, 22.1;

HRMS calculated for $C_{15}H_{22}N_2O_3SNa~(M+Na)^+$ 333.1429; found 333.1429 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(4S)-4-(sec-butyl)-2-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26b, 27h)



According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **26b** (65%, 0.21 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light yellow solid.

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure C, compound **27h** (65%, 0.21 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light yellow solid.

M. P. 79–81 °C;

 $R_f = 0.45 (100\% EtOAc);$

FTIR (thin film) 3363, 2960, 2929, 2873, 1697, 1467, 1365, 1147, 812 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +32.2^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.45–7.39 (m, 2H), 7.06–6.99 (m, 2H), 5.12 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.87 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 3.93 [d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, HNCH(C=O)], 3.52–3.42 (m, 2H, O₂SCH₂CH₂NH), 3.29 (dt, J = 14.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bNH), 2.89 (ddd, J = 14.2, 10.7, 5.7 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bNH), 1.92 (ddqd, J = 9.4, 7.4, 6.6, 3.1 Hz, 1H, CH₃CH₂CHCH₃), 1.66 (dqd, J = 13.4, 7.6, 3.2 Hz, 1H, CH₃CH_aH_bCHCH₃), 1.16 (ddq, J = 13.0, 9.1, 7.3 Hz, 1H, CH₃CH_aH_bCHCH₃), 0.98 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂CHCH₃), 0.93 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂CHCH₃);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 172.7, 162.3 (${}^{1}J_{C-F}$ = 246.5 Hz), 132.6 (${}^{4}J_{C-F}$ = 3.25 Hz), 130.7 (${}^{3}J_{C-F}$ = 8.12 Hz, 2), 115.5 (${}^{2}J_{C-F}$ = 21.42 Hz, 2), 64.6, 56.9, 47.5, 45.5, 35.9, 24.5, 16.4, 11.3;

HRMS calculated for $C_{15}H_{21}FN_2O_3SNa~(M+Na)^+$ 351.1155; found 351.1154 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(S)-2-(4-fluorobenzyl)-4-isopropyl-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26c)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **26c** (67%, 0.21 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light brown solid.

M. P. 85–87 °C;

 $R_f = 0.39 (100\% \text{ EtOAc});$

FTIR (thin film) 3357, 2954, 2929, 1697, 1693, 1540, 1457, 1365, 1209, 1141, 842 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +31.4^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.45–7.40 (m, 2H), 7.05–7.00 (m, 2H), 5.13 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.88 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 3.85 [d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H, HNCH(C=O)], 3.50–3.46 (m, 2H, O₂SCH₂CH₂NH), 3.31 (ddd, J = 14.2, 2.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bNH), 2.90 (ddd, J = 14.3, 9.0, 7.4 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bNH), 2.23–2.13 (dqq, J = 6.5, 6.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.00 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H, CH₃CHCH₃);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 172.8, 163.3 (${}^{1}J_{C-F}$ = 242.5 Hz), 132.5 (${}^{4}J_{C-F}$ = 3.28 Hz), 130.5 (${}^{3}J_{C-F}$ = 8.11 Hz, 2), 115.5 (${}^{2}J$ = 21.42 Hz, 2), 65.6, 57.0, 47.5, 45.6, 29.3, 20.3, 17.7;

 $HRMS \ (ESI) \ m/z \ calculated \ for \ C_{14}H_{19}FN_2O_3SNa \ (M+Na)^+ \ 337.0998, \ found \ 337.0998 \ (TOF \ MS \ ES^+).$

(S)-2-(4-chlorobenzyl)-4-methyl-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26d)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **26d** (65%, 0.102 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light yellow solid.

M. P. 98–100 °C;

 $R_f = 0.53 (100\% EtOAc);$

FTIR (thin film) 3357, 2954, 2867, 1697, 1496, 1456, 1336, 1209, 1147, 862 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +22.2^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.38–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.31–7.24 (m, 2H), 5.09 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.84 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.21 [q, J = 6.8, Hz, 1H, HNCH(C=O)], 3.55 (ddd, J = 15.2, 12.0, 3.2 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂NH), 3.40–3.27 (m, 2H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bN), 3.04–2.93 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 1.30 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H, NHCHCH₃);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 175.9, 136.1, 134.0, 129.4 (2), 128.9 (2), 56.3, 52.2, 46.5, 42.4, 19.0; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $C_{12}H_{15}ClN_2O_3SH$ (M+H)⁺ 303.0570, found 303.0566 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(R)-4-(mercaptomethyl)-2-octyl-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26e)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **26e** (33%, 0.051 g) was isolated after chromatography as a light yellow solid.

M. P. 124–126 °C;

 $R_f = 0.41 (100\% \text{ EtOAc});$

FTIR (thin film) 2954, 2931, 1693, 1456, 1355, 1209, 1151 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +20.2^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 4.18–4.05 [m, 1H, HNC $\underline{\text{H}}$ (C=O)], 3.87–3.72 (m, 2H, O₂SC $\underline{\text{H}}$ ₂CH₂N), 3.46–3.34 (m, 2H, NC $\underline{\text{H}}$ ₂CH₂), 3.32–3.20 (m, 2H, O₂SCH₂C $\underline{\text{H}}$ ₂N), 3.16–3.10 (m, 1H, NHCHC $\underline{\text{H}}$ _aH_bSH), 2.68–2.61 (m, 1H, NHCHCH_a $\underline{\text{H}}$ _bSH), 2.62–2.55 (m, 1H, among n-octyl), 1.93–1.83 (m, 1H, among n-octyl), 1.81–1.71 (m, 2H, among n-octyl), 1.69–1.58 (m, 2H, among n-octyl), 1.36–1.25 (m, 6H, among n-octyl) 0.92 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, among n-octyl);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.5, 64.3, 58.1, 55.7, 51.0, 46.4, 31.3, 29.4, 27.0, 26.1, 24.7, 22.8, 14.0;

HRMS calculated for $C_{13}H_{26}N_2O_3S_2Na$ (M+Na)⁺ 345.1283, found 345.1284 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(S)-2-benzyl-4-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26f)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **B**, compound **26f** (41%, 0.11 g) was isolated after chromatography as a white solid.

M. P. 106–109 °C;

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.31 \ (100\% \ \text{EtOAc});$

FTIR (thin film) 3601, 3200, 2946, 2933, 2870, 1693, 1612, 1454, 1305, 1149, 831, 703 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -28.2^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹**H NMR (500 MHz, Acetone)** δ ppm 8.16 (s, 1H, Ar-OH), 7.39–7.34 (m, 2H), 7.34–7.29 (m, 2H), 7.28–7.23 (m, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.01 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H, NC \underline{H}_a H_bPh), 4.92 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.33 [dd, J = 8.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H, HNC \underline{H} (C=O)], 3.51–3.38 (m, 2H, O₂SC \underline{H} ₂CH₂NH), 3.32–3.22 (m, 2H, O₂SCH₂C \underline{H} ₂NH), 3.12 (dd, J = 14.3, 5.6 Hz, 1H, HNCHC \underline{H} _aH_bPhOH), 2.64 (dd, J = 14.3, 8.6 Hz, 1H, HNCHCH_aH_bPhOH);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Acetone) δ ppm 173.9, 156.9, 138.6, 131.3 (2), 130.2, 129.2 (2), 128.8 (2), 128.2, 116.0 (2), 63.0, 57.1, 49.1, 46.6, 38.0;

HRMS calculated for C₁₈H₂₀N₂O₄SH (M+H)⁺ 361.1222, found 361.1200 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-2-benzyl-3,3-dioxido-1-oxooctahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-8-yl cyclohexylcarbamate (28)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **D**, compound **28** (37%, 0.102 g) was isolated after chromatography as a white solid.

M. P. 125–126 °C;

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.32$ (1:1 Hexane:EtOAc);

FTIR (thin film) 3328, 2927, 1693, 1625, 1573, 1446, 1347, 1244, 1153, 1026, 742 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +17.5^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.40 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J = 8.1, 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.30–7.26 (m, 1H), 5.16 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 5.11–5.05 (m, 1H, NCH₂CHCH₂CH), 4.91 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bPh), 4.66 (bs, 1H, NH), 4.38 [t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CHCH₂CH(C=O)], 3.55 (dd, J = 11.4, 4.4 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCHCH₂), 3.51–3.31 (m, 3H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bNCH₂CHOCONHCH), 3.28–3.15 (m, 2H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bN), 2.78–2.68 (m, 2H, NCH_aH_bCHCH_aH_bCH), 2.14–2.06 (m, 1H, NCH₂CHCH_aH_bCH), 1.98–1.89 (m, 2H, among Cy), 1.76–1.67 (m, 2H, among Cy), 1.65–1.57 (m, 1H, among Cy), 1.42–1.29 (m, 2H, among Cy), 1.23–1.02 (m, 3H, among Cy);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.0, 154.8, 136.5, 128.6 (2), 128.3 (2), 127.7, 73.2, 64.4, 62.5, 56.5, 52.9, 49.9, 48.5, 34.4, 33.4 (2), 25.4 (2), 24.8;

HRMS calculated for $C_{21}H_{29}N_3O_5SH$ (M+H)⁺ 436.1906, found 436.1910 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-((1-(4-methylbenzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-<math>d[1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (29)



According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure E, compound **29** (45%, 0.097 g) was isolated after chromatography as a white solid.

M. P. 125–126 °C;

 $R_f = 0.27 (100\% \text{ EtOAc});$

FTIR (neat) 3685, 3380, 3353, 2972, 1708, 1444, 1355, 1218, 1151, 881 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +17.5^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.45 (s, 1H, c-N=NN $\underline{\text{H}}$ C=C), 7.21–7.13 (m, 4H), 5.49 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂-triazole-C $\underline{\text{H}}_a$ H_b-Ar), 5.44 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂-triazole-CH_a $\underline{\text{H}}_b$ -Ar), 5.12 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H, NC $\underline{\text{H}}_a$ H_b-triazole-CH₂-Ar), 5.06 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H, NCH_a $\underline{\text{H}}_b$ -triazole-CH₂-Ar), 4.50–4.42 [m, 1H, NCH₂CH(OH)CH₂C $\underline{\text{H}}$ (C=O)], 4.34 [dddd, J = 5.2, 5.2, 5.1, 4.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂C $\underline{\text{H}}$ (OH)CH₂], 3.77–3.67 (m, 1H, O₂SC $\underline{\text{H}}_a$ H_bCH₂N), 3.52–3.23 [m, 5H, O₂SCH_a $\underline{\text{H}}_b$ C $\underline{\text{H}}$ 2NC $\underline{\text{H}}_a$ H_bCH(O $\underline{\text{H}}$)CH₂], 2.78–2.62 [m, 2H, NCH_aH_bCH(OH)CH_aH_b];

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 171.0, 143.6, 138.6, 131.5, 129.8 (2), 128.0 (2), 122.6, 70.0, 64.0, 63.6, 55.7, 53.7, 52.0, 40.1, 36.4, 21.1;

HRMS calculated for $C_{18}H_{23}N_5O_4SH~(M+H)^+406.1549$, found 406.1558 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-3,3-dioxido-1-oxo-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)octahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-8-yl 4-methylbenzoate (30)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **F**, compound **30** (42%, 0.096 g) was isolated after chromatography as a white solid.

M. P. 117–119 °C;

 $\mathbf{R_f} = 0.62$ (1:1 Hexane:EtOAc);

FTIR (thin film) 3365, 2975, 2929, 2254, 1735, 1708, 1444, 1355, 1220, 1153, 887 cm⁻¹;

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +18.4^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.93 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 5.42 [dd, J = 4.1, 4.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OCOAr)CH₂CH], 4.76 (dd, J = 17.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCCH), 4.53 (dd, J = 17.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCCH), 4.49 [t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CHCH₂CH(C=O)], 3.72 (dd, J = 11.3, 4.5 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.60–3.44 (m, 3H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bNCH_aH_b), 3.37–3.29 (m, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 2.95–2.87 (m, 2H, NCH_aH_bCHCH_aH_bCH), 2.44 (s, 3H, Ar-CH₃), 2.32 (t, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CCH), 2.31–2.28 (m, 1H, NCH₂CHCH_aH_bCH);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 170.0, 165.6, 144.1, 129.6 (2), 129.2 (2), 127.0, 77.8, 73.4, 72.1, 64.2, 62.3, 56.6, 52.9, 34.4, 34.1, 21.7;

HRMS calculated for $C_{18}H_{20}N_2O_5SH(M+H)^+377.1171$, found 377.1171 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-2-((1-(4-methylbenzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-3,3-dioxido-1-oxooctahydropyrrolo[2,1-<math>d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-8-yl 4-methylbenzoate (31)

According to the reaction protocol described in general procedure **G**, compound **31** (35%, 0.091 g) was isolated after chromatography as a yellow solid.

M. P. 127–129 °C;

 $R_f = 0.65 (100\% \text{ EtOAc});$

FTIR (thin film) 3392, 2931, 2854, 1701, 1693, 1496, 1352, 1220, 1151, 1058, 891 cm⁻¹;

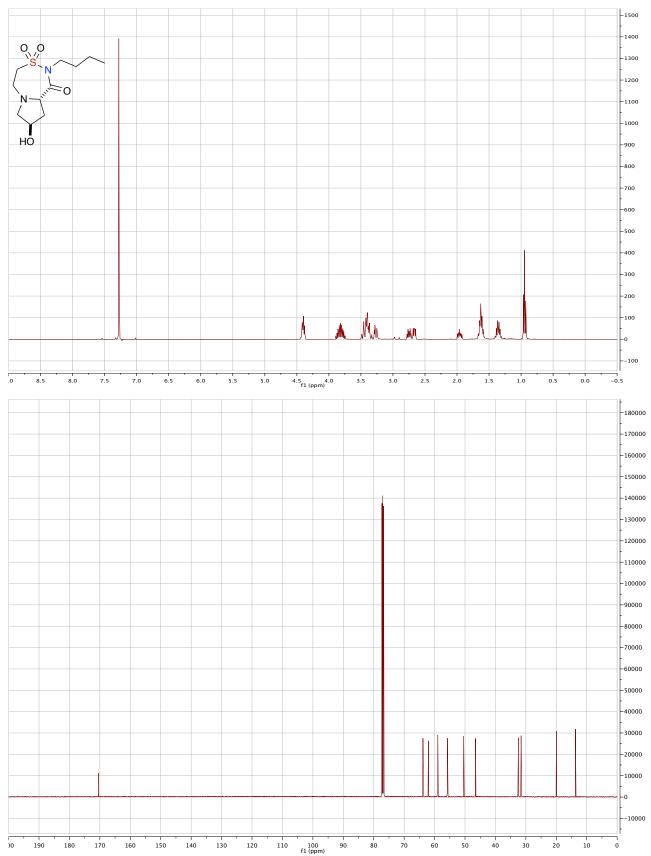
 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +18.8^{\circ} (c = 2.0, \text{CHCl}_3);$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCI₃) δ ppm 7.92 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (s, 1H, c-N=NNHC=C), 7.31–7.24 (m, 2H), 7.22–7.14 (m, 4H), 5.51 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂-triazole-CH_aH_b-Ar), 5.44 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂-triazole-CH_aH_b-Ar), 5.34 [dddd, J = 4.5, 4.4, 4.4 and 4.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CH(OCOAr)CH₂], 5.13 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_b-triazole-CH₂-Ar), 5.11 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_b-triazole-CH₂-Ar), 4.49 [t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CHCH₂CH(C=O)], 3.81–3.71 (m, 1H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH₂N), 3.60 (dd, J = 11.2, 4.5 Hz, 1H, NCH_aH_bCHCH₂), 3.52–3.37 (m, 2H, O₂SCH_aH_bCH_aH_bN), 3.26 (dt, J = 12.8, 3.7 Hz, 1H, O₂SCH₂CH_aH_bN), 2.88–2.78 (m, 2H, NCH_aH_bCHCH_aH_b), 2.43 (s, 3H, Ar-CH₃), 2.37 (s, 3H, Ar-CH₃), 2.24 (dddd, J = 13.9, 8.2, 4.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂CHCH_aH_b);

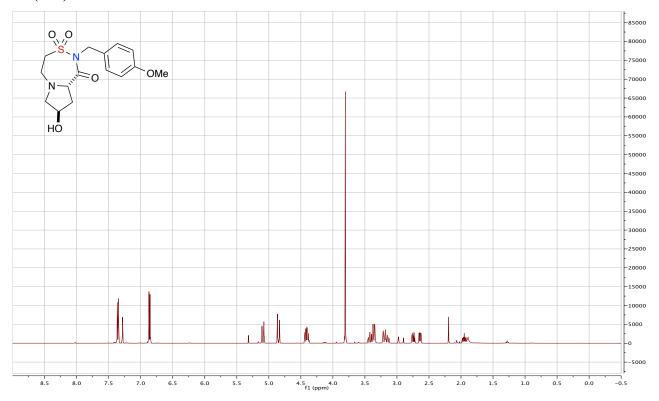
¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 170.4, 166.0, 144.1, 143.4, 139.0, 131.5, 129.8 (2), 129.6 (2), 129.2 (2), 128.1 (2), 127.0, 122.7, 73.3, 64.2, 62.1, 55.9, 54.0, 52.8, 40.3, 34.0, 21.8, 21.2;

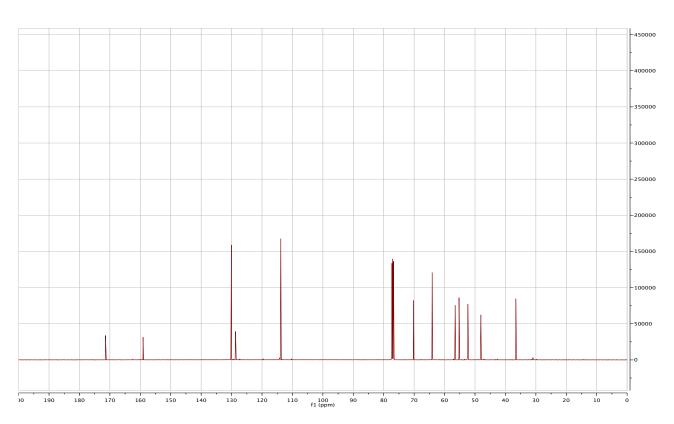
HRMS calculated for $C_{26}H_{29}N_5O_5SH$ (M+H)⁺ 524.1968, found 524.1968 (TOF MS ES⁺).

(8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-butylhexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (10a)

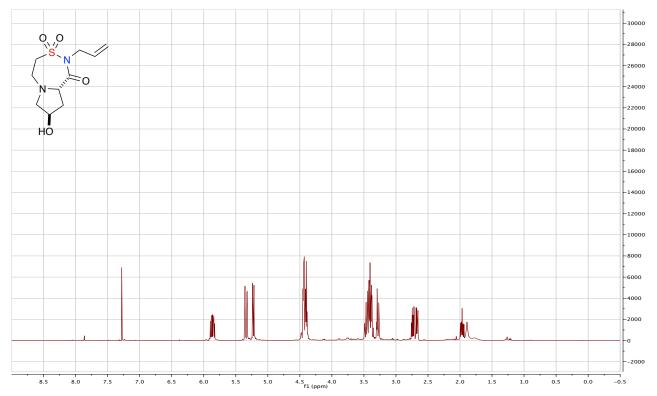


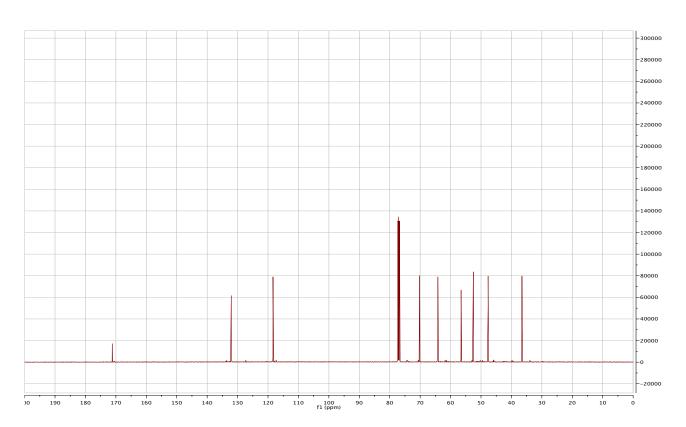
(8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-(4-methoxybenzyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (10b)



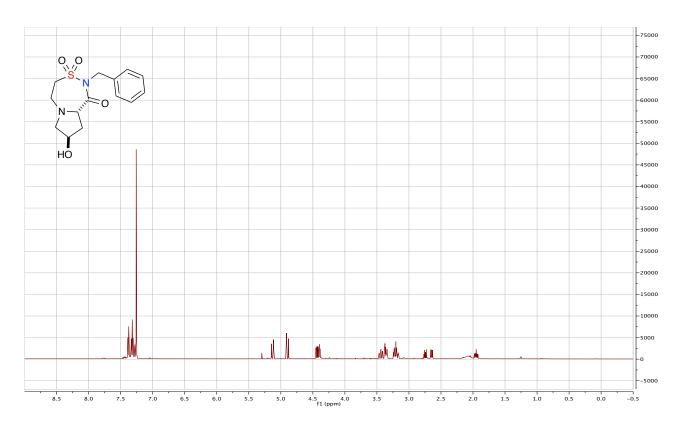


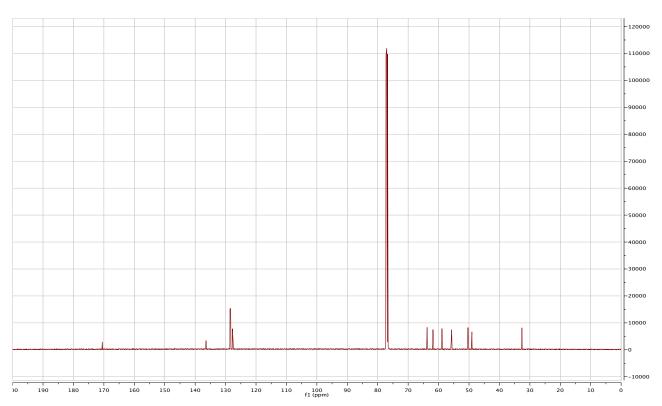
(8R,9aS)-2-allyl-8-hydroxyhexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (10c,27a)



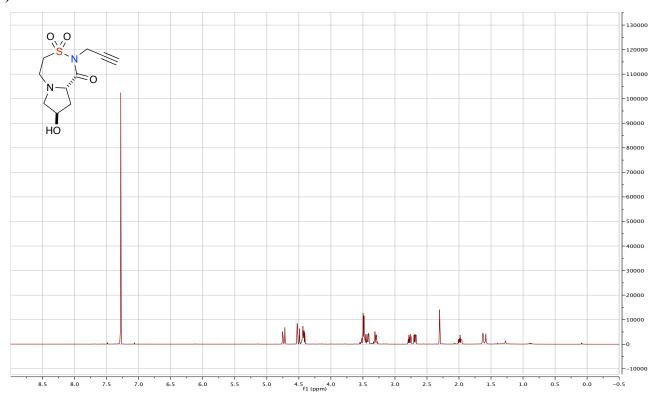


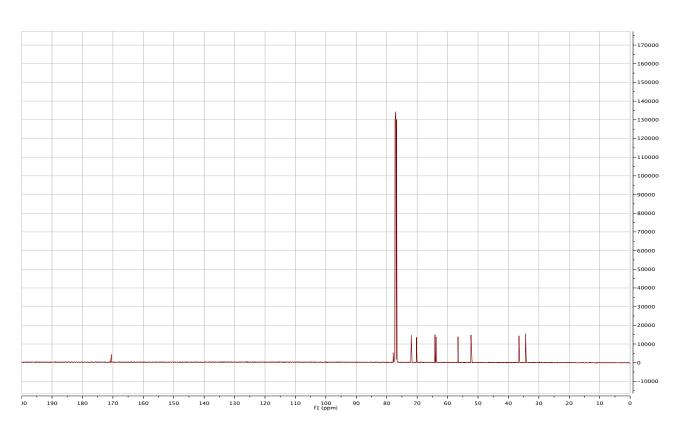
(8R,9aS) - 2 - benzyl - 8 - hydroxyhexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5] thiadiazepin - 1(2H) - one 3,3 - dioxide~(10d,~27b)



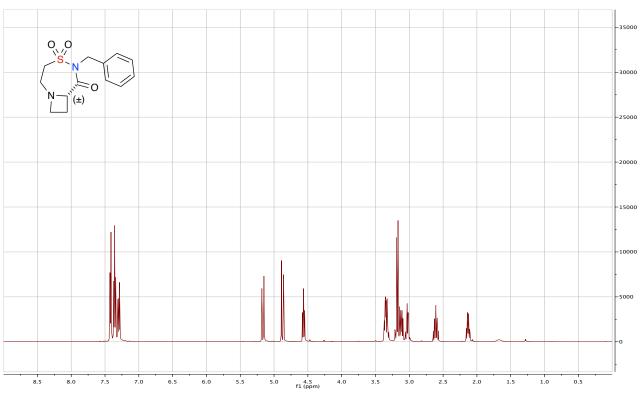


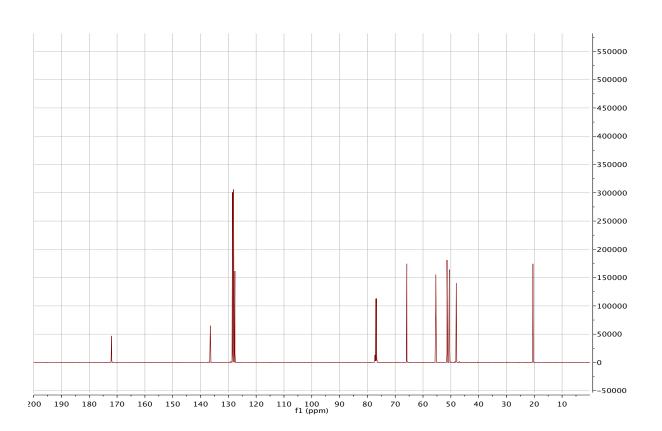
 $(8R,9aS)-8-\text{hydroxy-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)} hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5] thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one \ 3,3-dioxide \ (10e)$



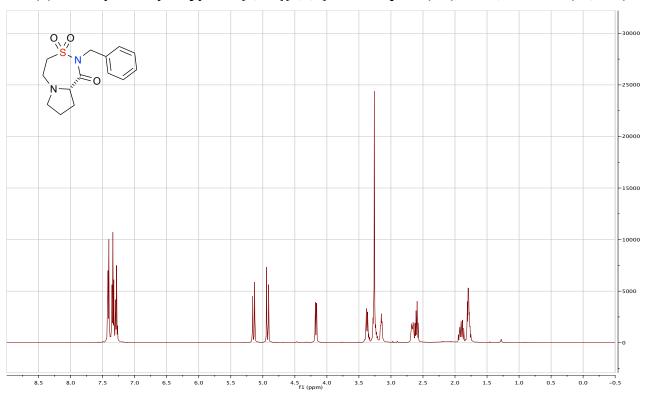


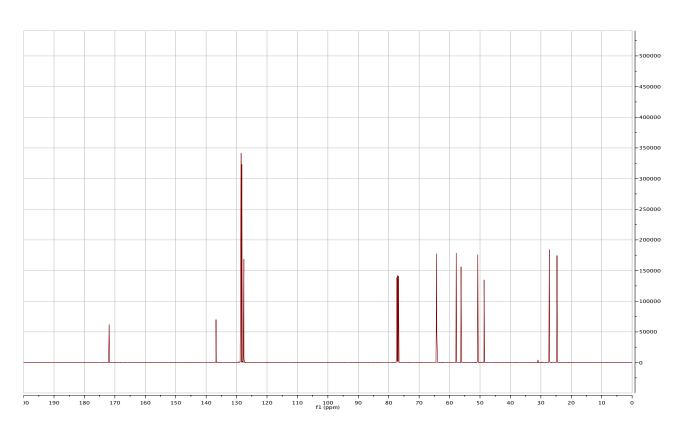
5-benzyl-4-thia-1,5-diazabicyclo[5.2.0]nonan-6-one 4,4-dioxide (11, 27c)



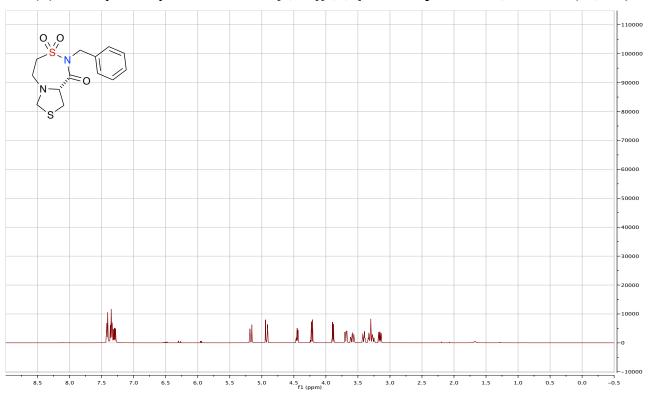


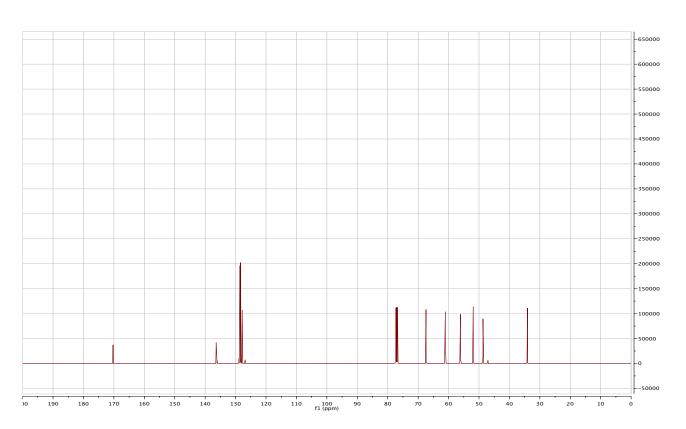
(S)-2-benzylhexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (12, 27d)



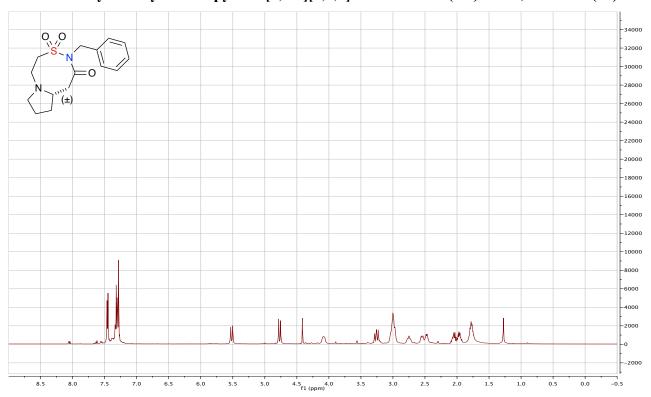


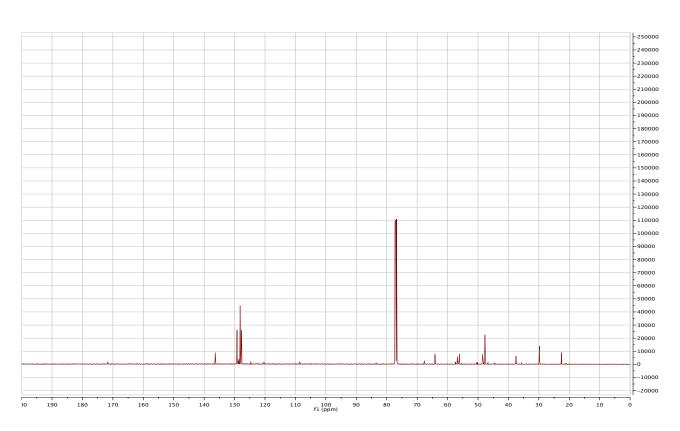
(R)-2-benzylhexahydro-1H-thiazolo[4,3-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1-one 3,3-dioxide (13, 27e)



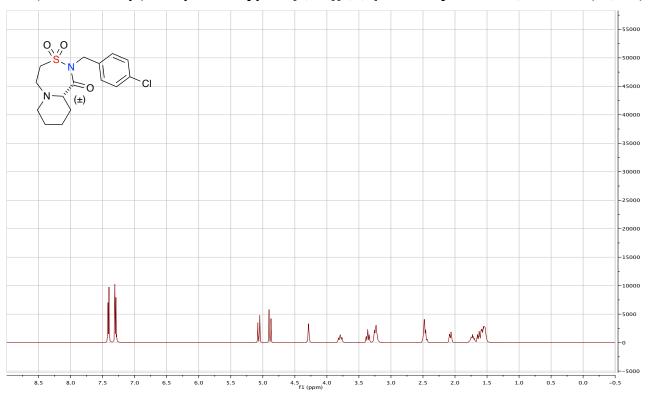


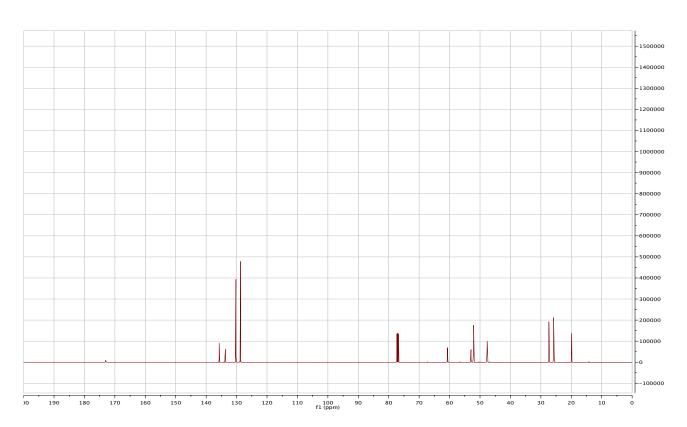
$\textbf{3-benzylhexahydro-1} \textbf{\textit{H}-pyrrolo[2,1-e][1,2,6]} \textbf{thiadiazocin-2(3H)-one 4,4-dioxide (14) }$



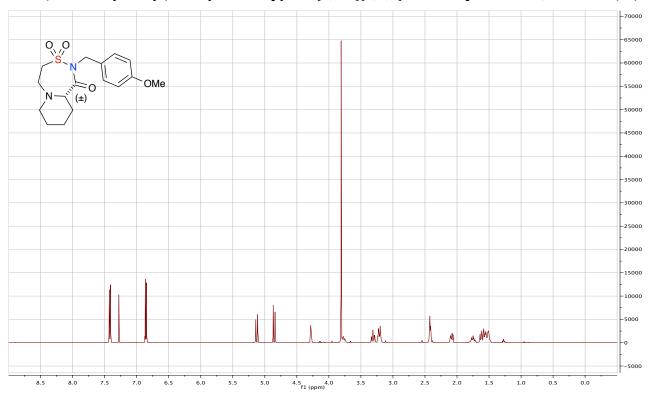


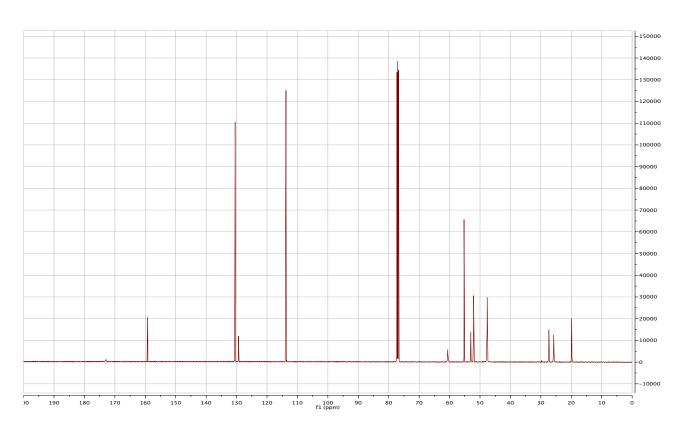
2-(4-chlorobenzyl)octahydro-1*H*-pyrido[2,1-*d*][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1-one 3,3-dioxide (15, 27f)



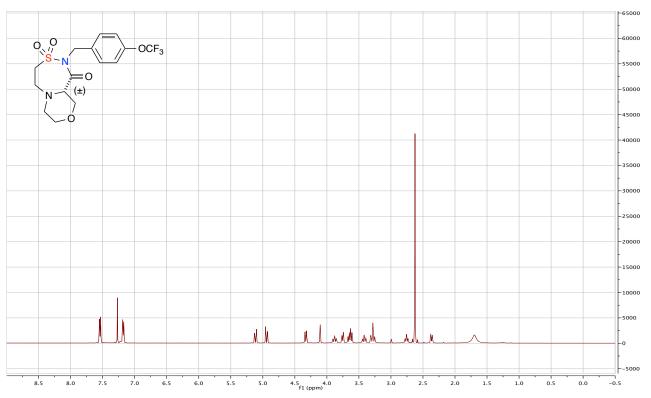


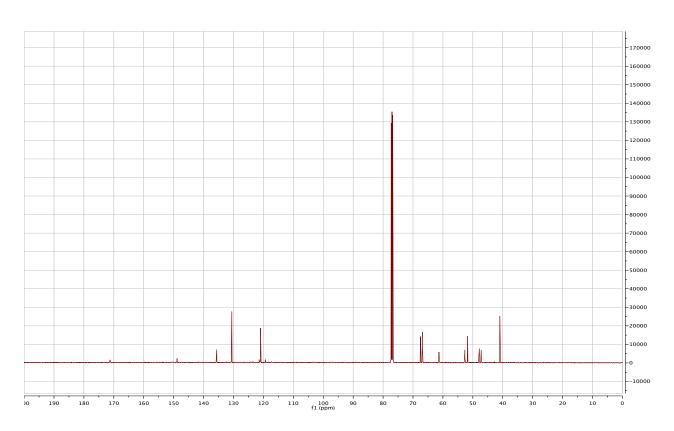
2-(4-methoxybenzyl)octahydro-1*H*-pyrido[2,1-*d*][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1-one 3,3-dioxide (16)



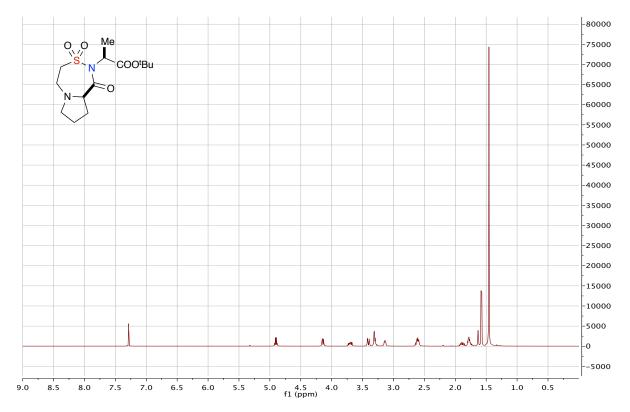


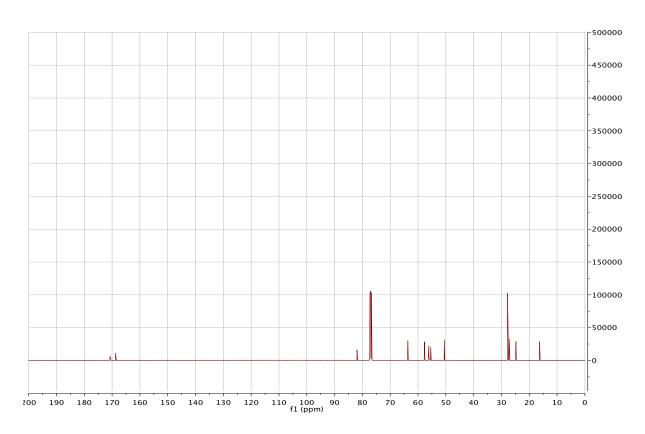
2-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)hexahydro-[1,4]oxazino[3,4-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (17)



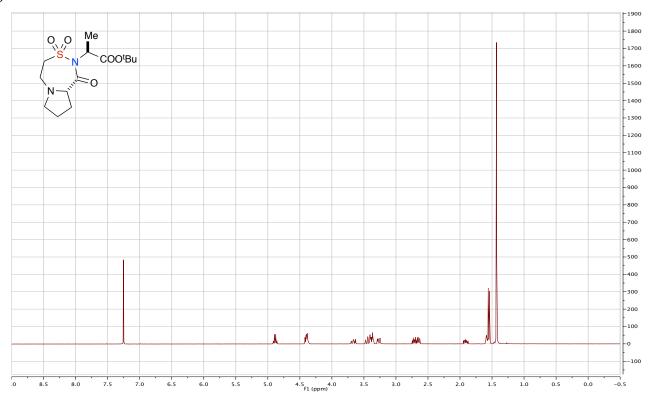


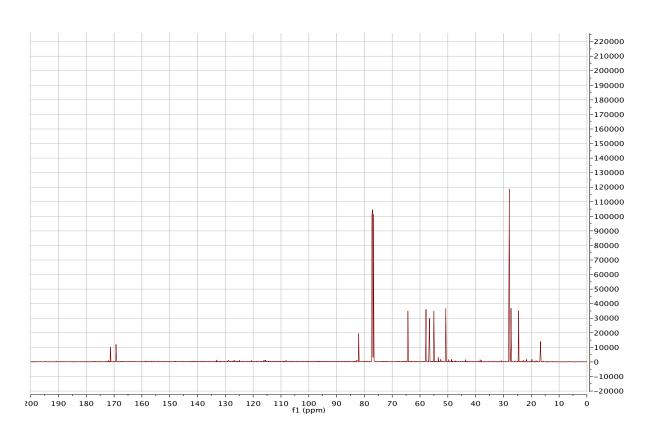
$(S)-tert-\text{butyl }2-((S)-3,3-\text{dioxido-1-oxohexahydropyrrolo}[2,1-d][1,2,5]\text{thiadiazepin-2}(1H)-\text{yl})\text{propanoate} \\ (18)$



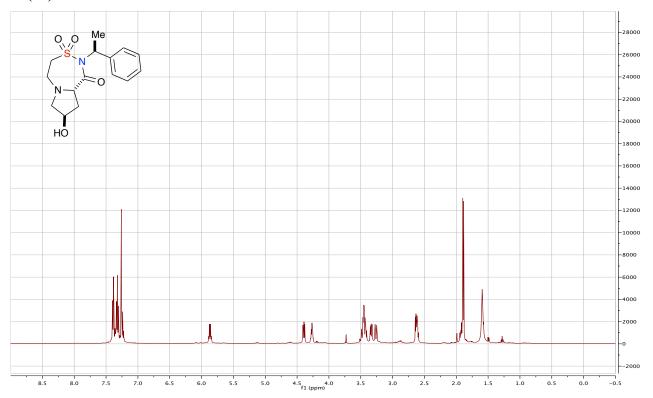


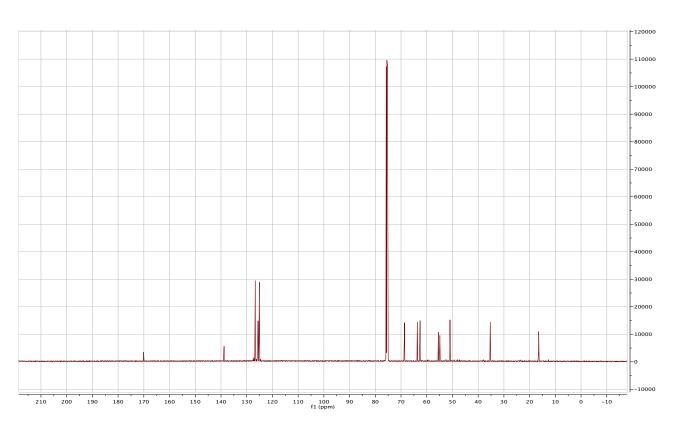
$(S)-tert-\text{butyl }2-((R)-3,3-\text{dioxido-1-oxohexahydropyrrolo}[2,1-d][1,2,5]\text{thiadiazepin-2}(1H)-\text{yl})\text{propanoate} \\ (19)$



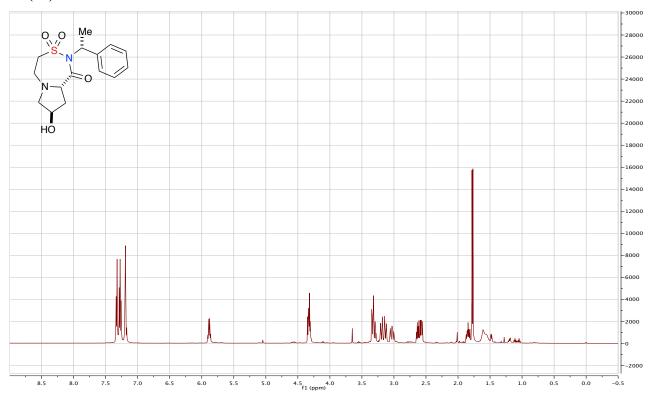


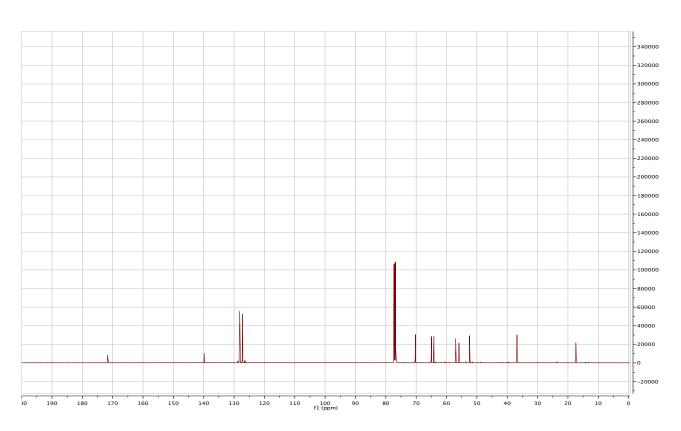
8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-((S)-1-phenylethyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (22)



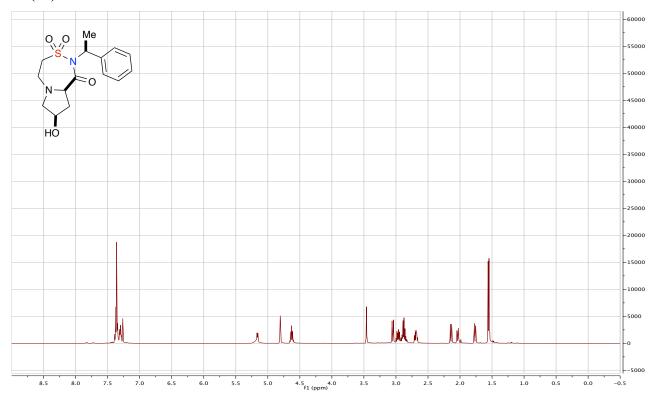


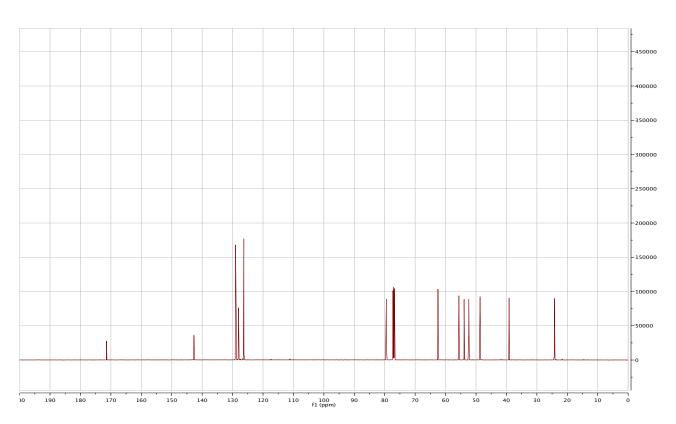
(8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-((R)-1-phenylethyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (23)



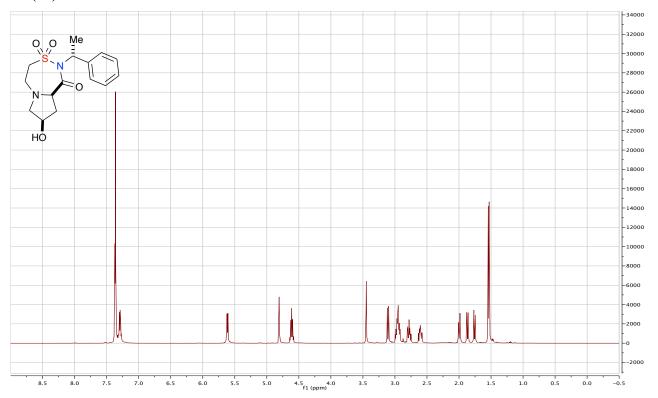


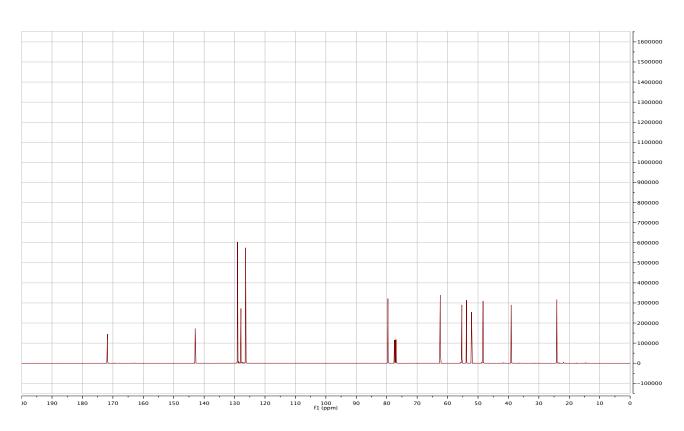
(8R,9aR)-8-hydroxy-2-((S)-1-phenylethyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (24)



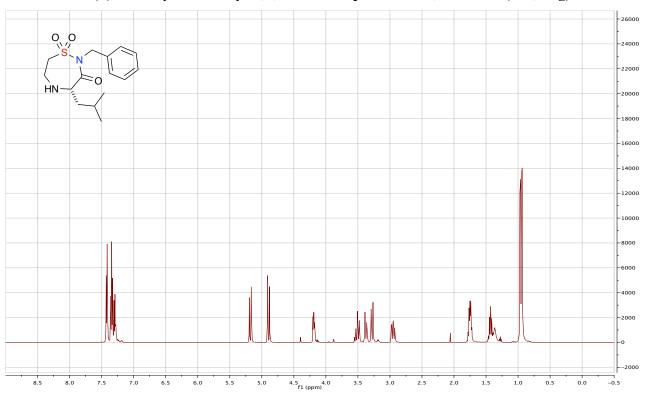


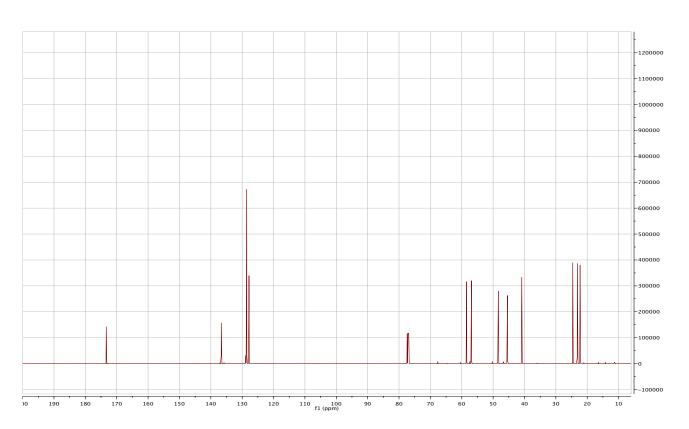
(8R,9aR)-8-hydroxy-2-((R)-1-phenylethyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (25)



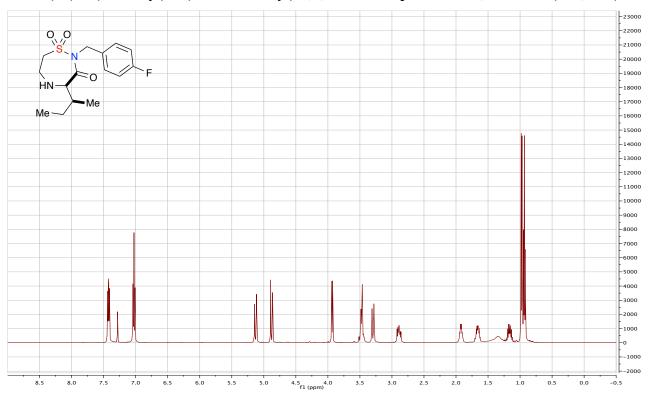


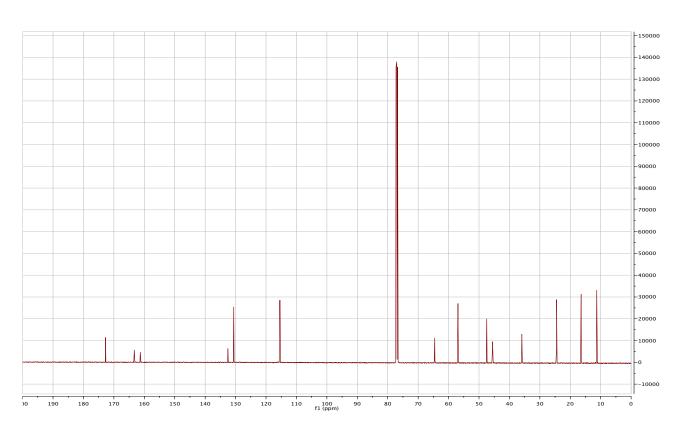
(S)-2-benzyl-4-isobutyl-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26a, 27g)



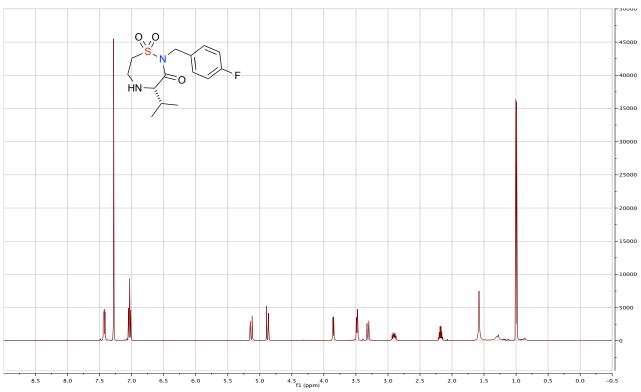


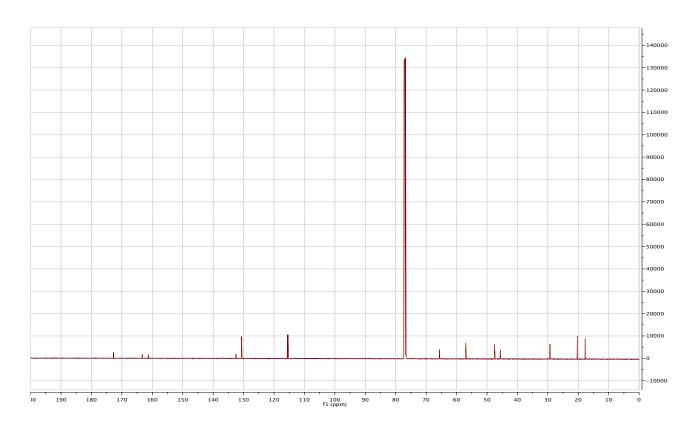
(4S)-4-(sec-butyl)-2-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26b, 27h)



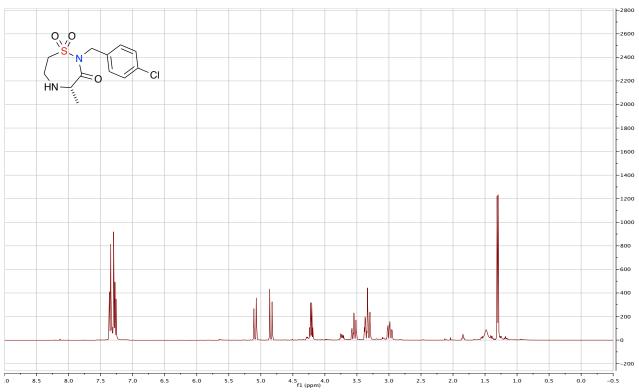


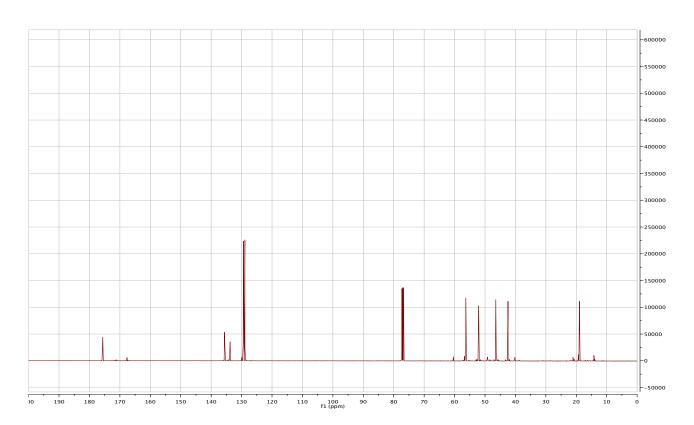
(S)-2-(4-fluorobenzyl)-4-isopropyl-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26c)



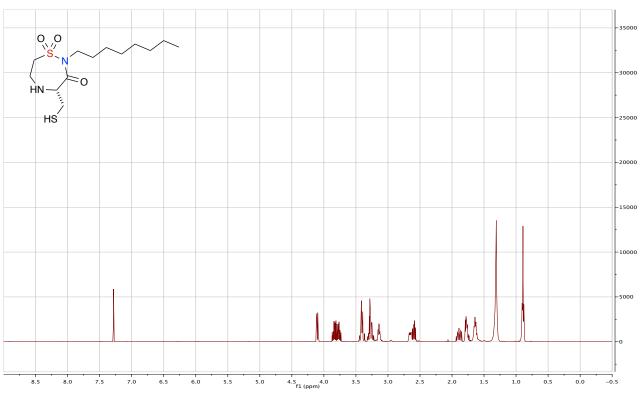


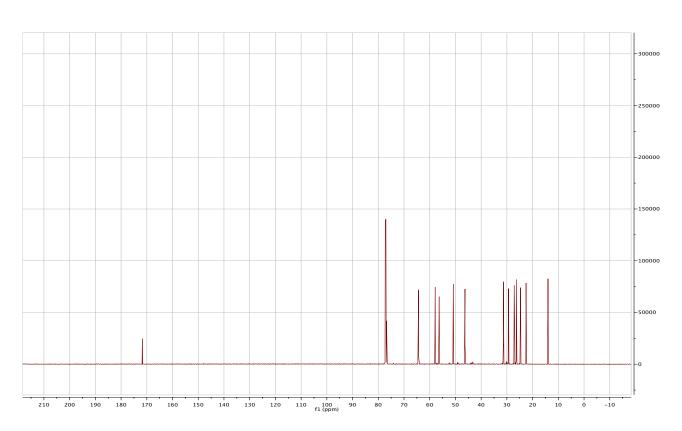
(S)-2-(4-chlorobenzyl)-4-methyl-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26d)



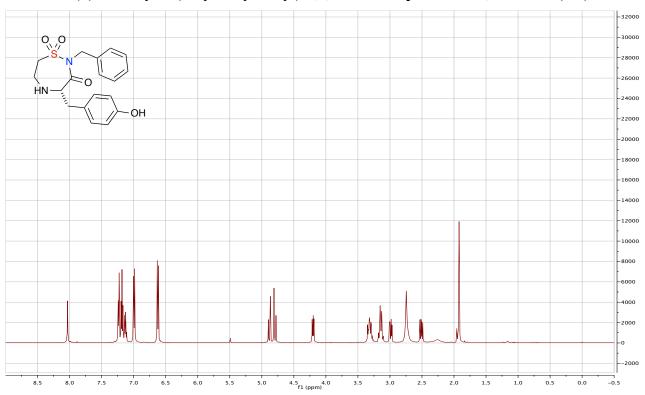


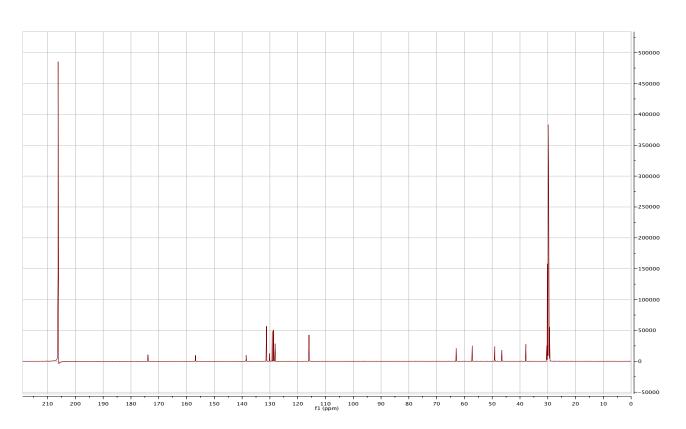
(R)-4-(mercaptomethyl)-2-octyl-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26e)



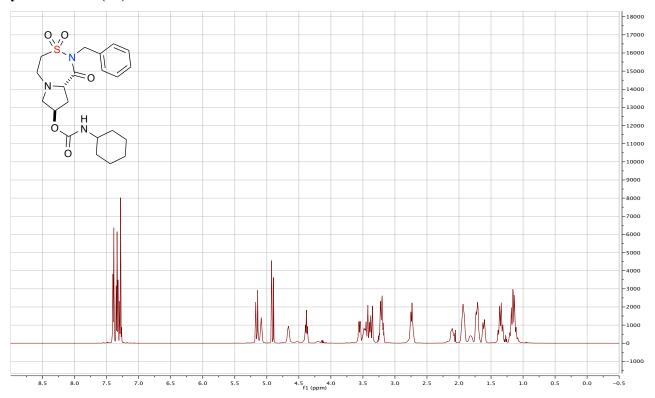


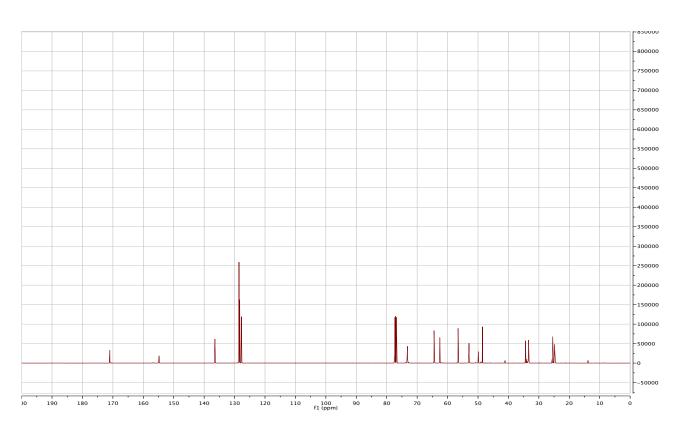
(S)-2-benzyl-4-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-1,2,5-thiadiazepan-3-one 1,1-dioxide (26f)



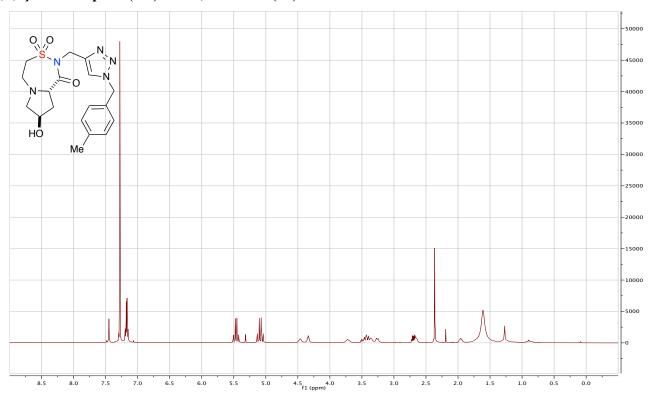


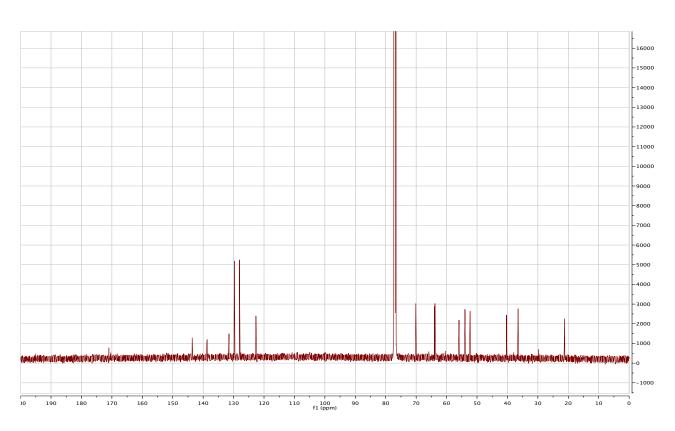
 $(8R,9aS)-3,3-{\rm dioxido-1-oxo-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)octahydropyrrolo} \cite{2,1-d} \cite{1,2,5} \c$



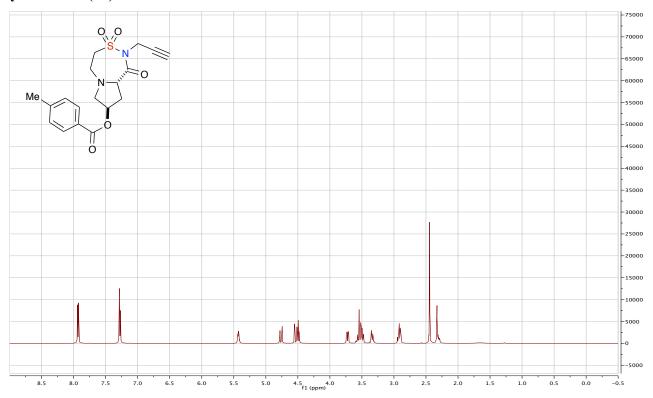


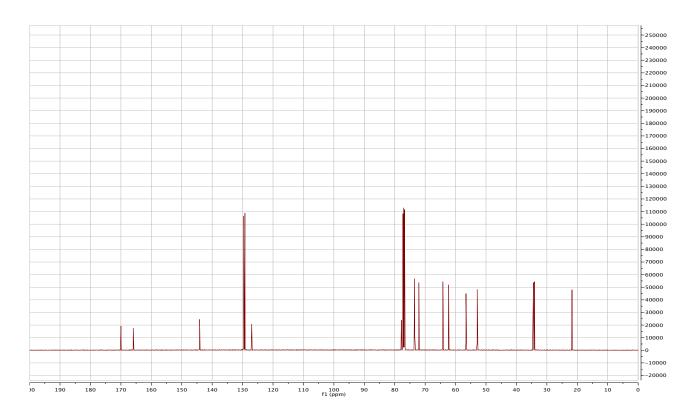
(8R,9aS)-8-hydroxy-2-((1-(4-methylbenzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)hexahydropyrrolo[2,1-d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-1(2H)-one 3,3-dioxide (29)





 $(8R,9aS)-3,3-{\rm dioxido-1-oxo-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)octahydropyrrolo} [2,1-d] [1,2,5] thiadiazepin-8-yl~4-methylbenzoate~(30)$





(8R,9aS)-2-((1-(4-methylbenzyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-3,3-dioxido-1-oxooctahydropyrrolo[2,1-<math>d][1,2,5]thiadiazepin-8-yl 4-methylbenzoate (31)

