

## Supporting Information

### Stereoelectronic Effects in C-H Bond Oxidation Reactions of Ni(I) N-Heterocyclic Carbene Complexes

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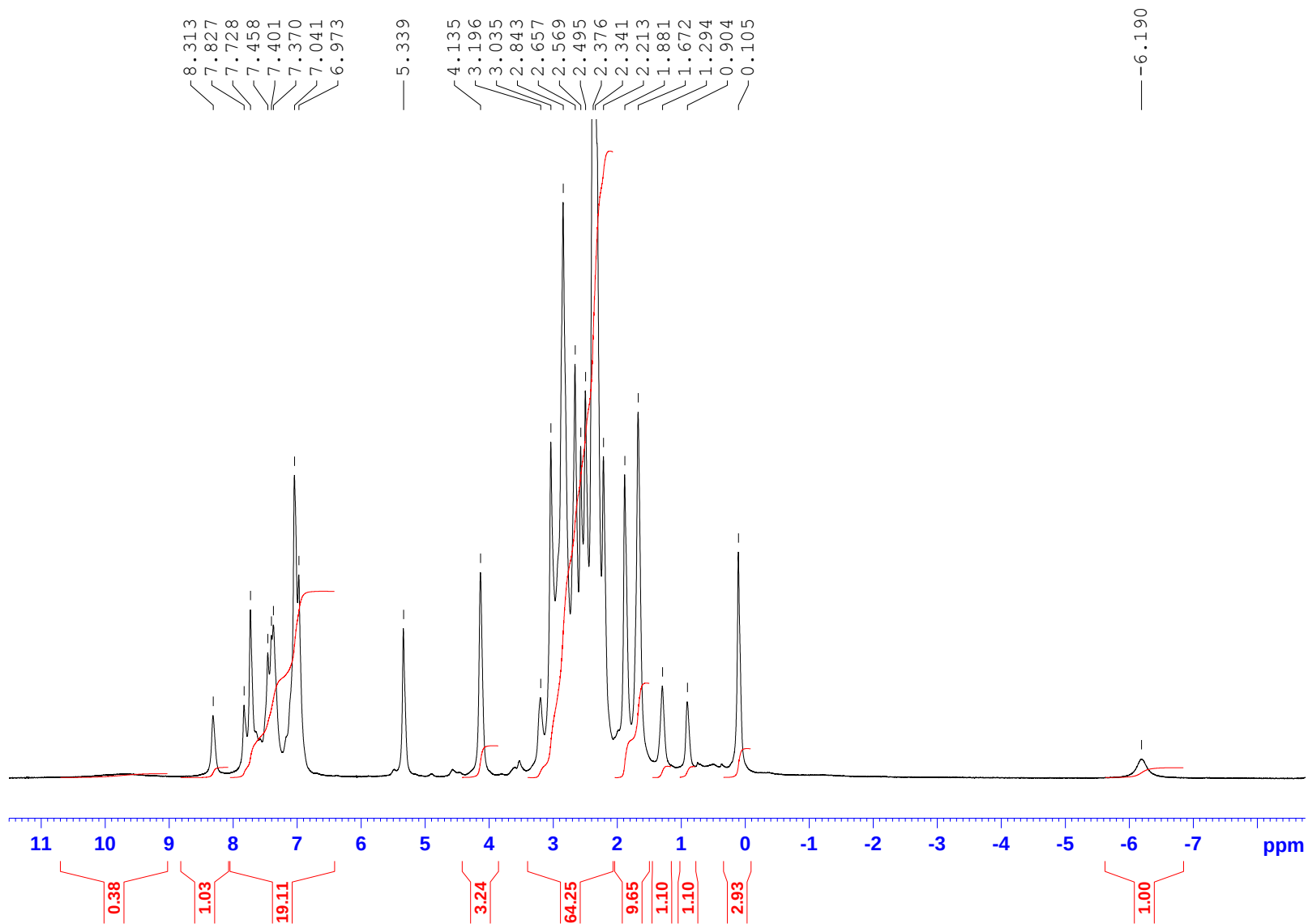
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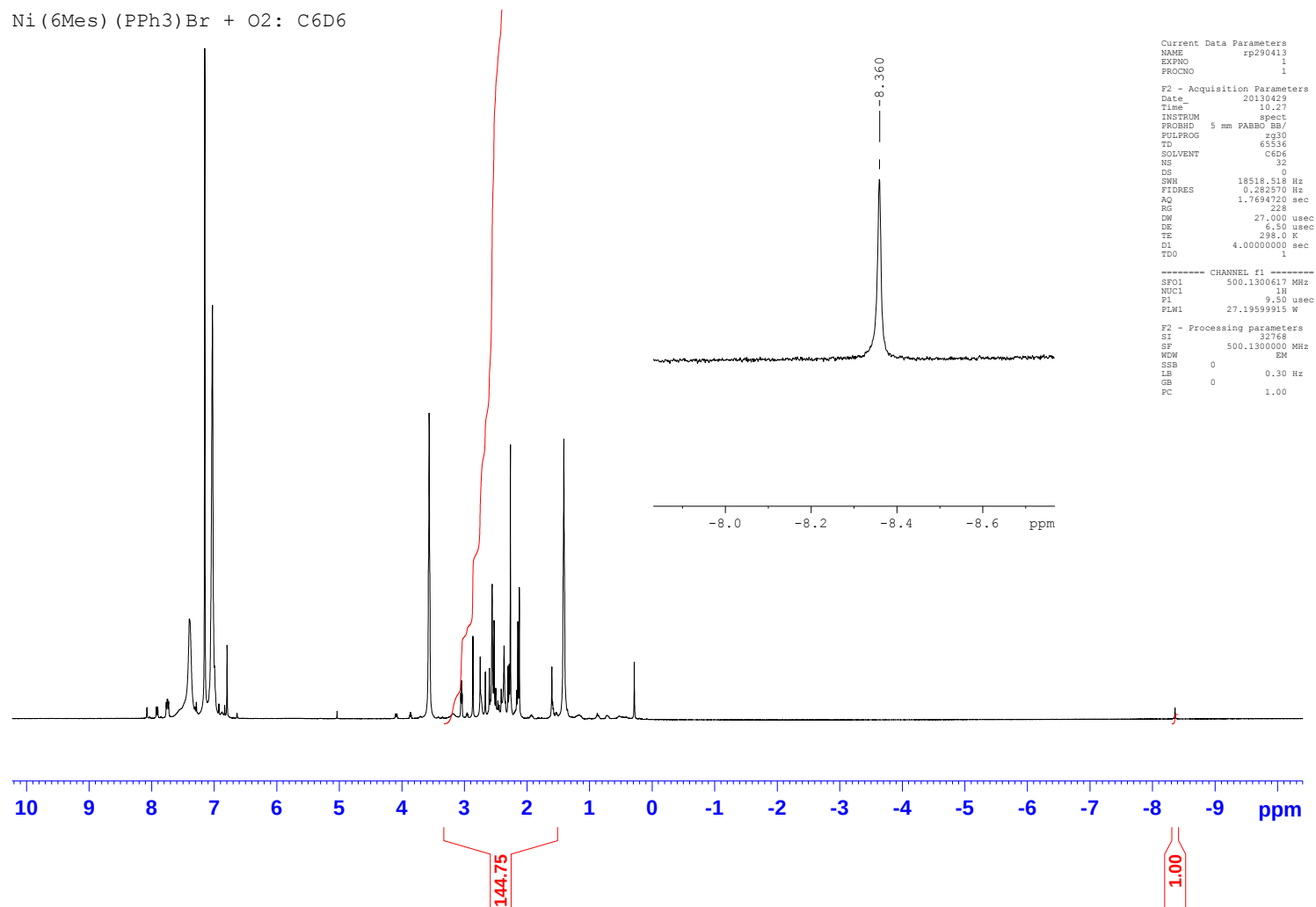
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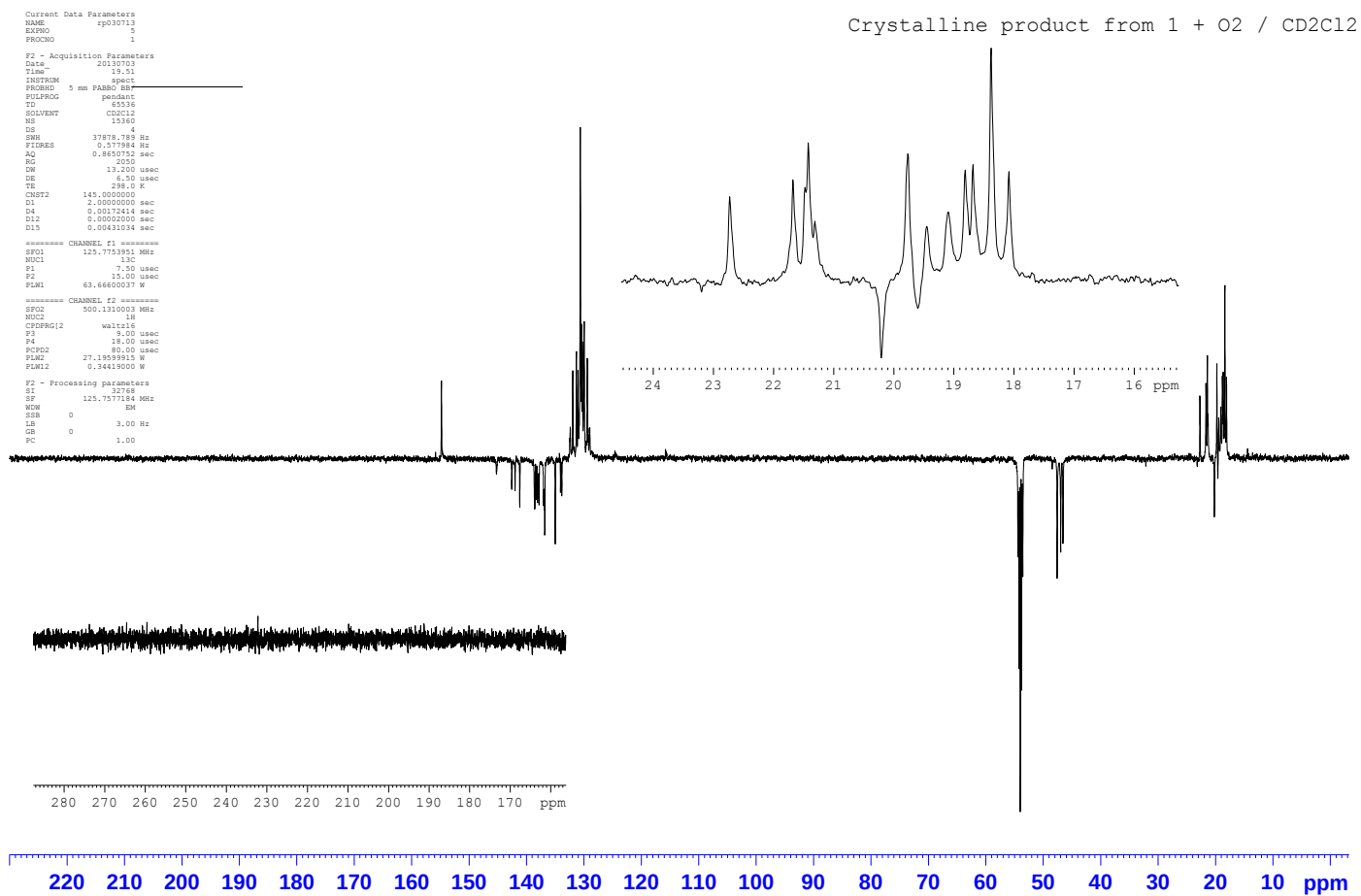


$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (500 MHz, 298 K) of redissolved microcrystalline solid isolated from reaction of **1** with  $\text{O}_2$  recorded in  $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ .

Ni (6Mes) (PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br + O<sub>2</sub>: C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>

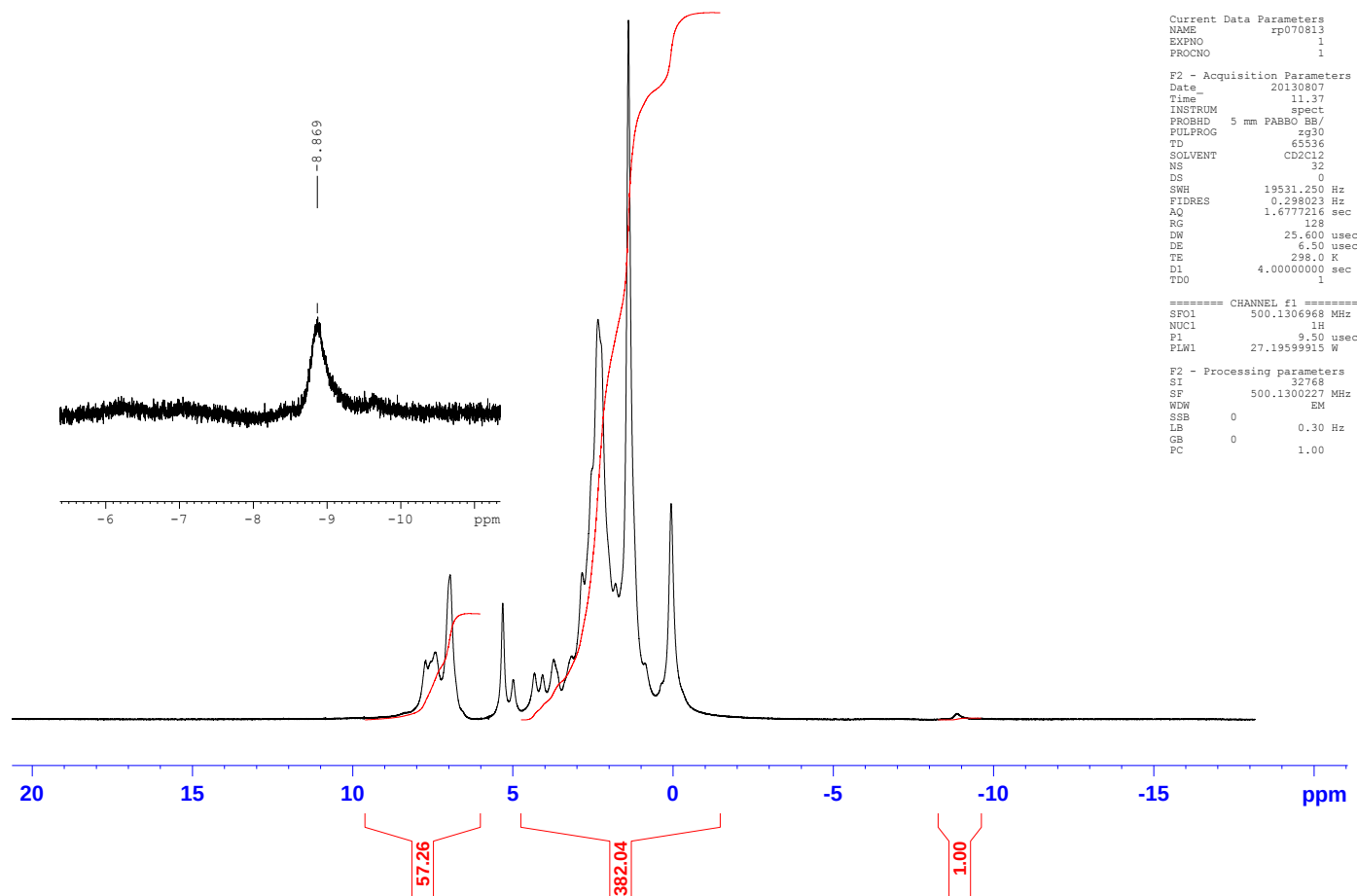


<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, 298 K) of redissolved microcrystalline solid isolated from reaction of **1** with O<sub>2</sub> recorded in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>.



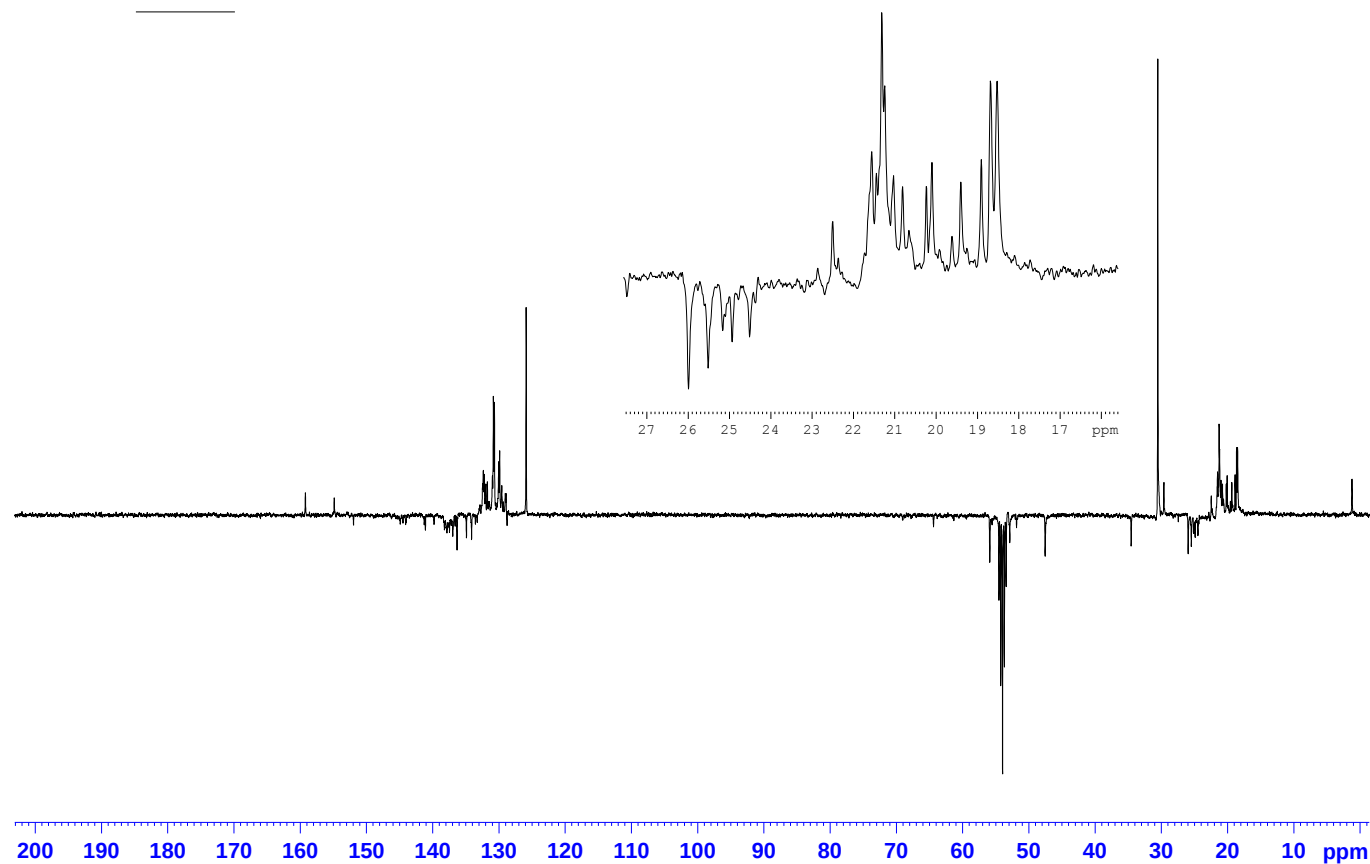
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Crystalline product from reaction of 2 and O<sub>2</sub> / CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>



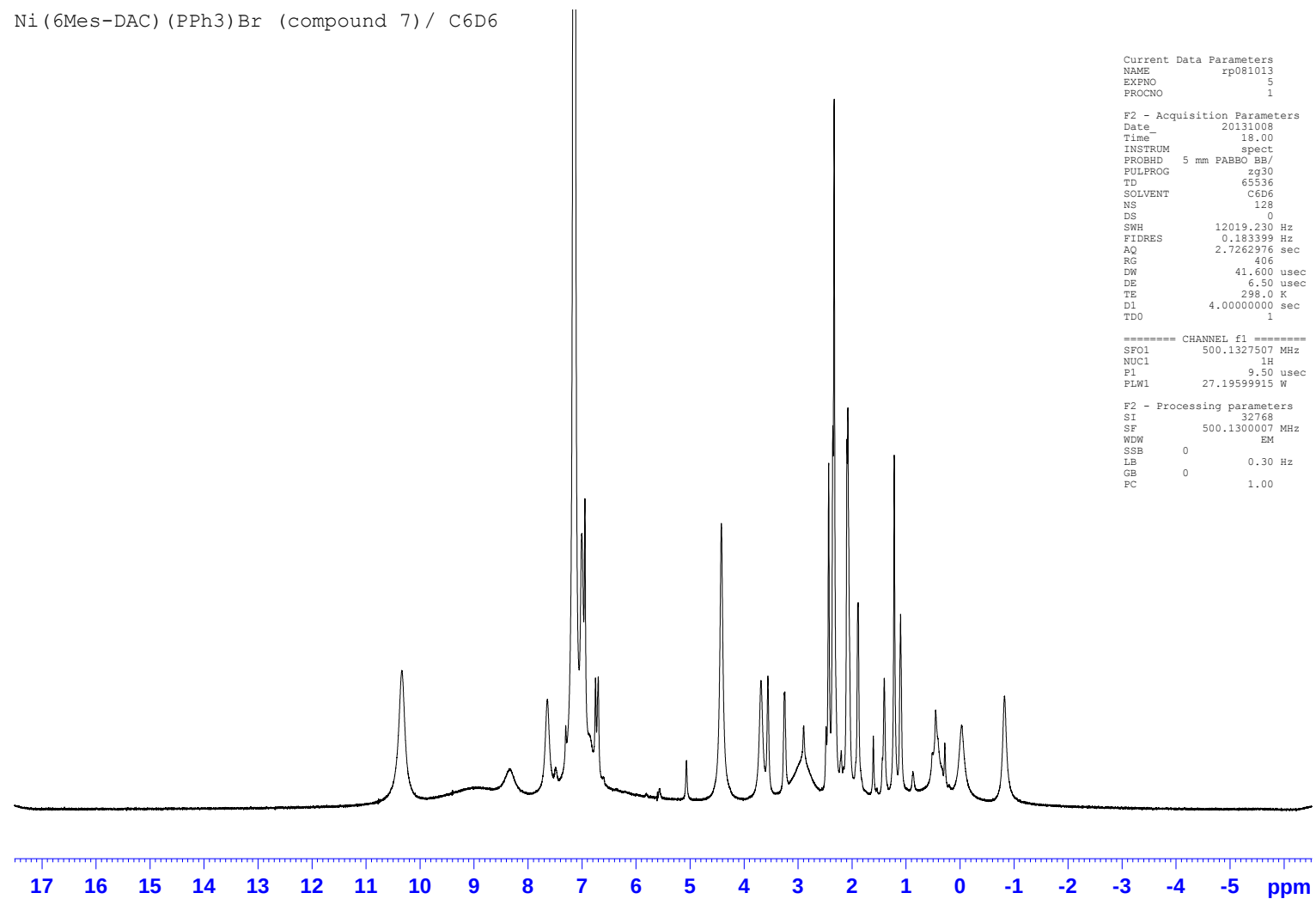
<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, 298 K) of redissolved microcrystalline solid isolated from reaction of 2 with O<sub>2</sub> recorded in CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.

Crystalline product from 2 + O<sub>2</sub> / CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>



<sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} PENDANT NMR spectrum (126 MHz, 298 K) of redissolved microcrystalline solid isolated from reaction of **2** with O<sub>2</sub> recorded in CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. Inset highlights the extensive number of methyl carbons.

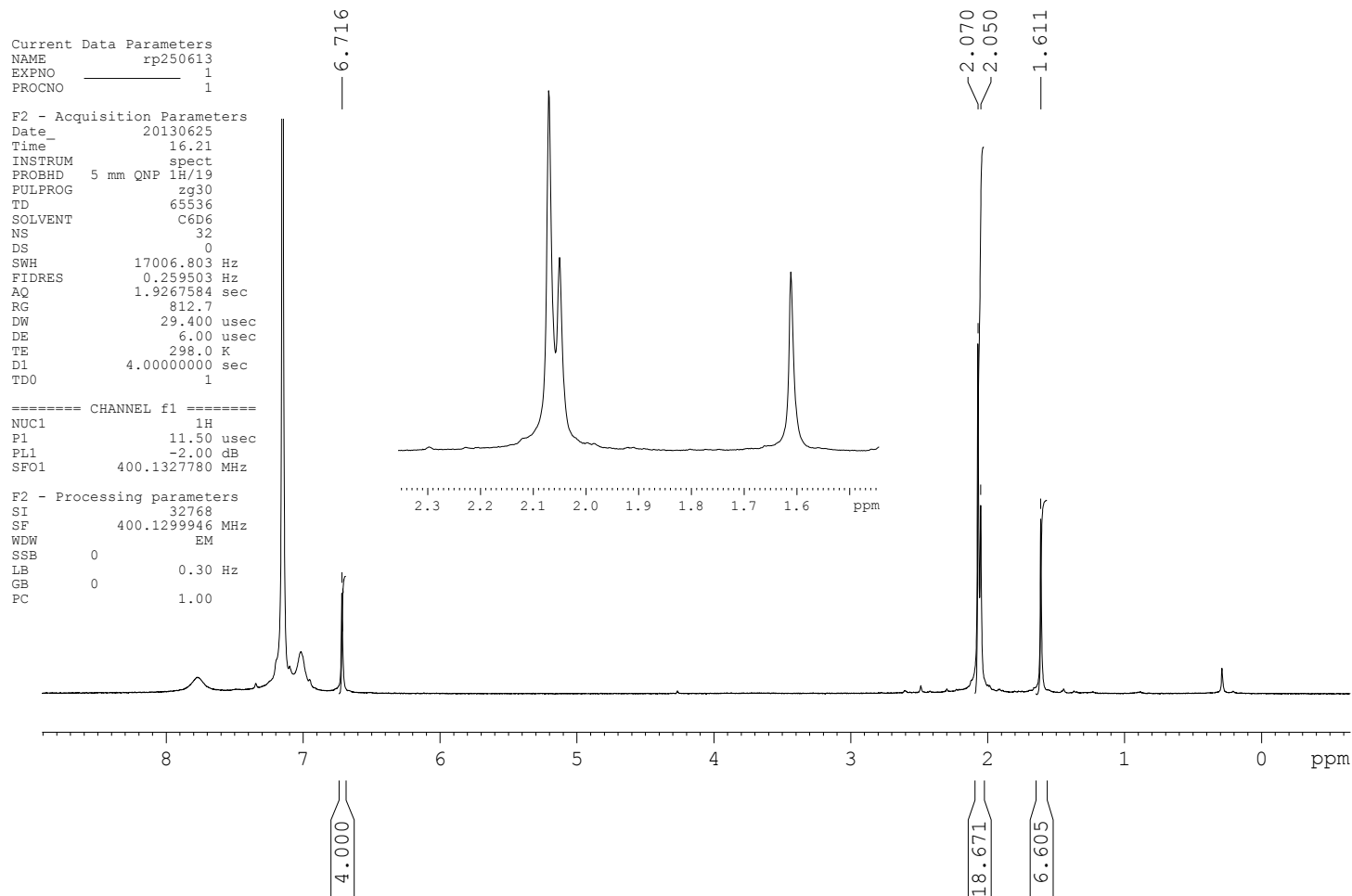
Ni(6Mes-DAC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br (compound 7) / C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>



<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, 298 K) of Ni(6-MesDAC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br (7) in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>.

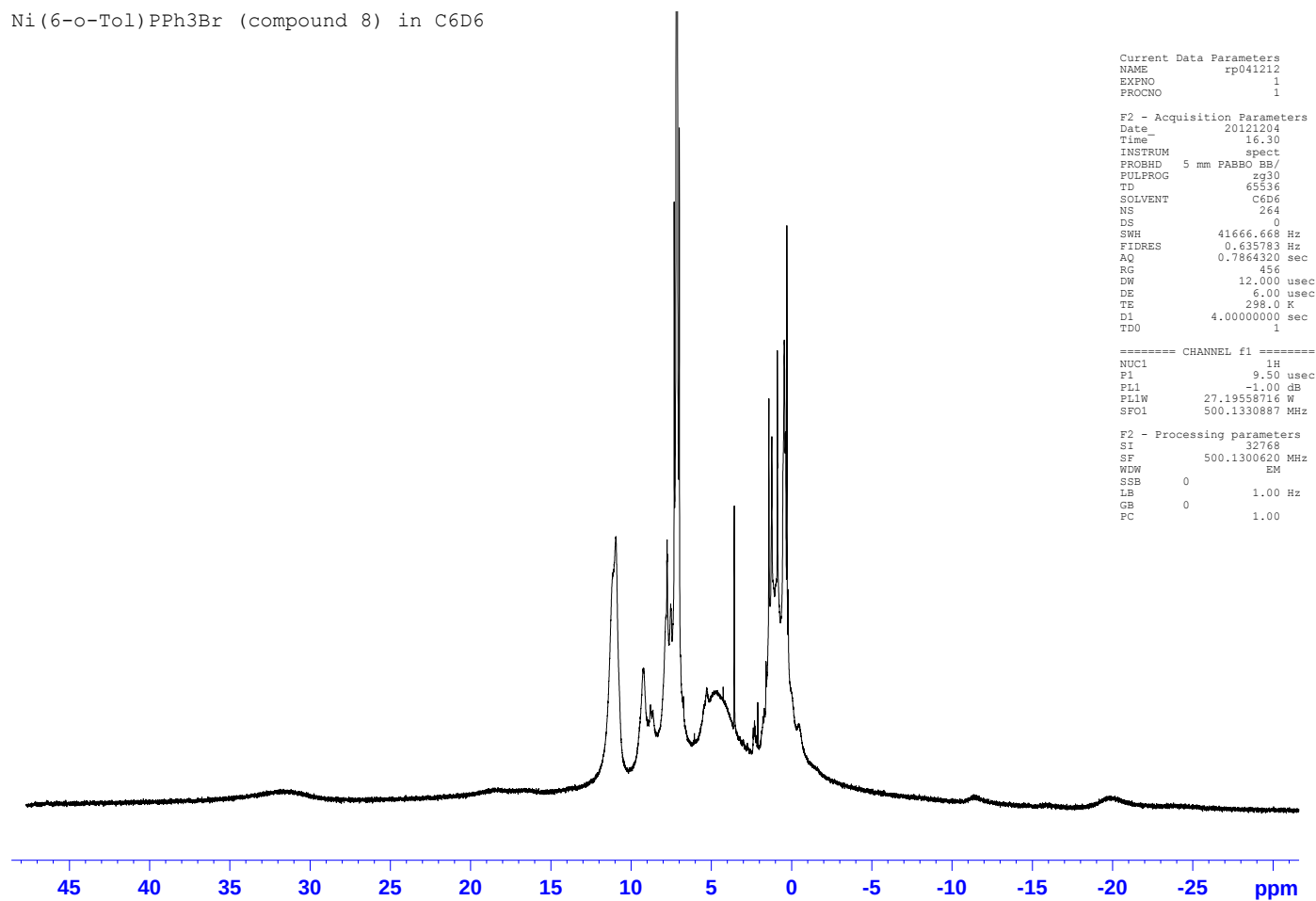


Creamy-white precipitate from Ni(6-MesDAC) (PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br + O<sub>2</sub> / C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>



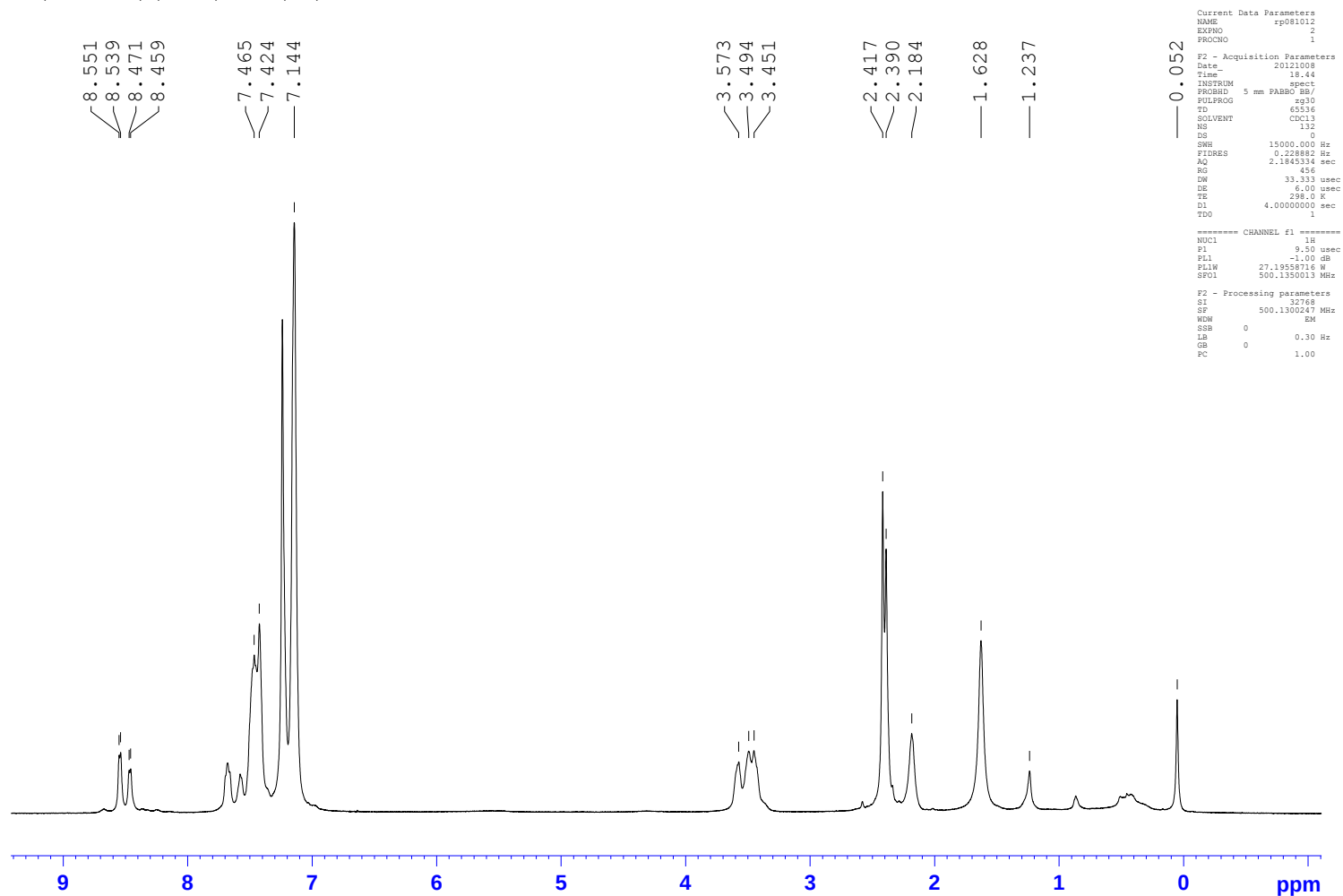
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Ni(6-*o*-Tol)PPh<sub>3</sub>Br (compound 8) in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>



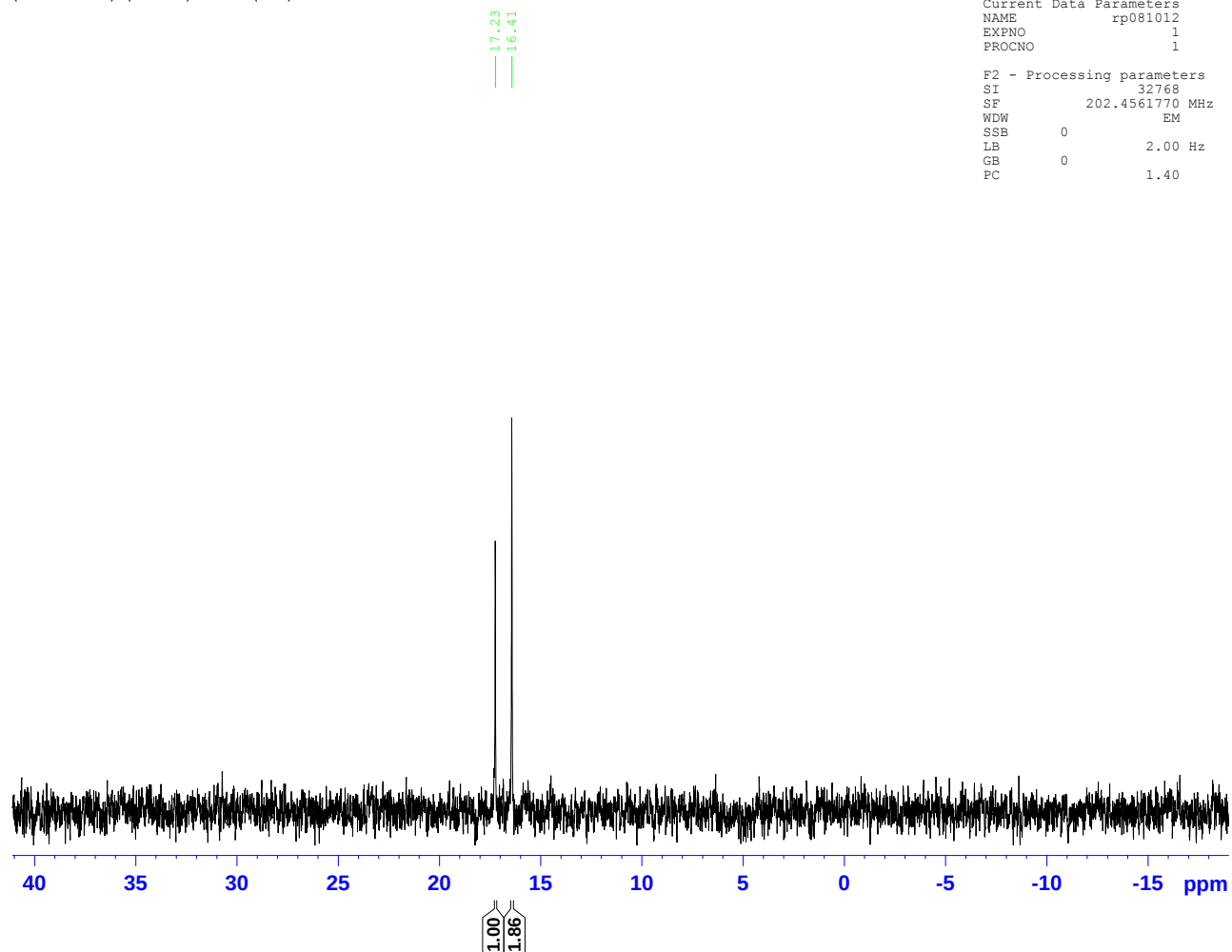
<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, 298 K) of Ni(6-*o*-Tol)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br (**8**) in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>.

Ni(6-*o*-Tol)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br<sub>2</sub> (**10**) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



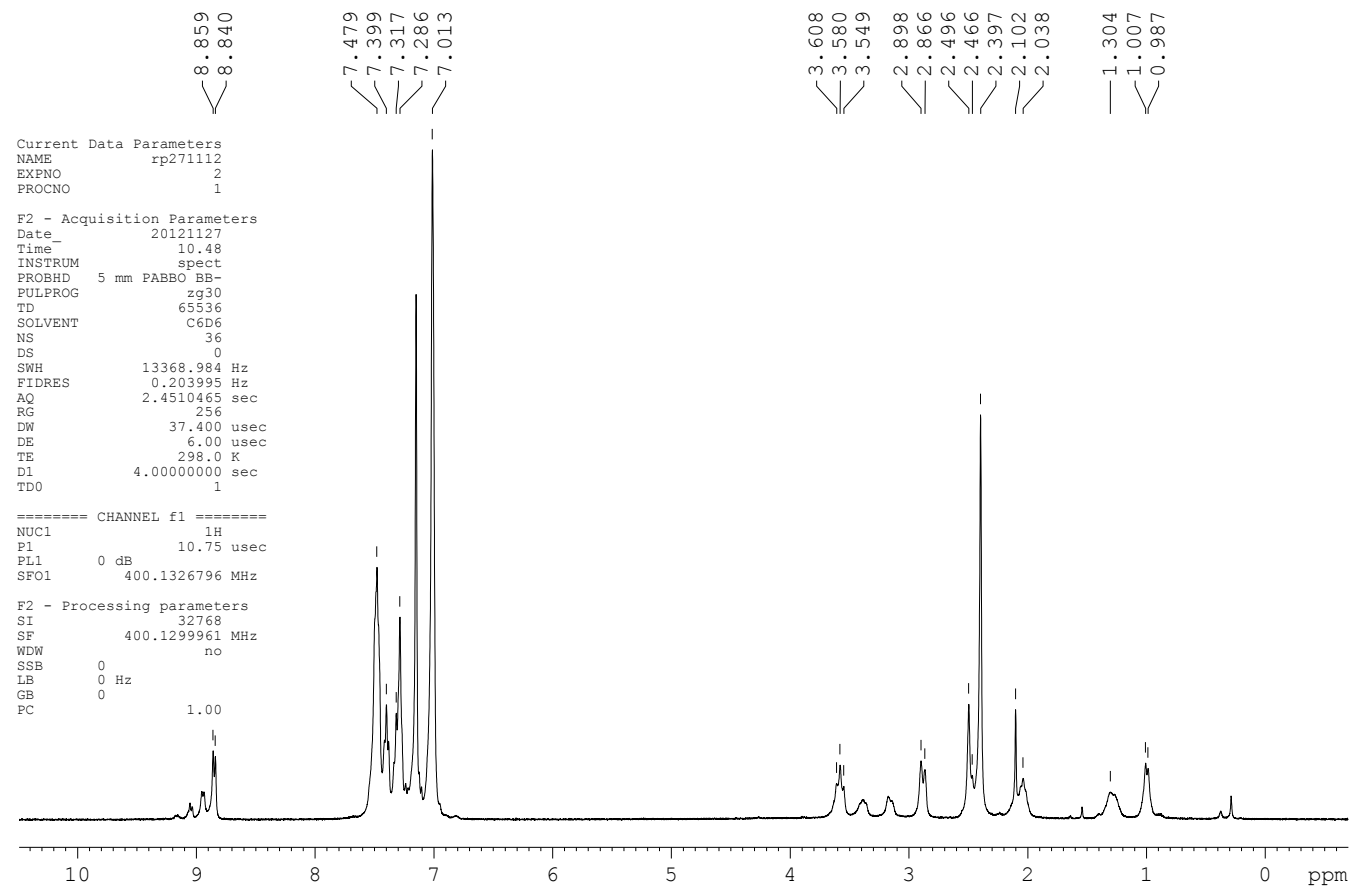
<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, 298 K) of Ni(6-*o*-Tol)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br<sub>2</sub> (**10**) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

Ni(6-*o*-Tol)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br<sub>2</sub> (**10**) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



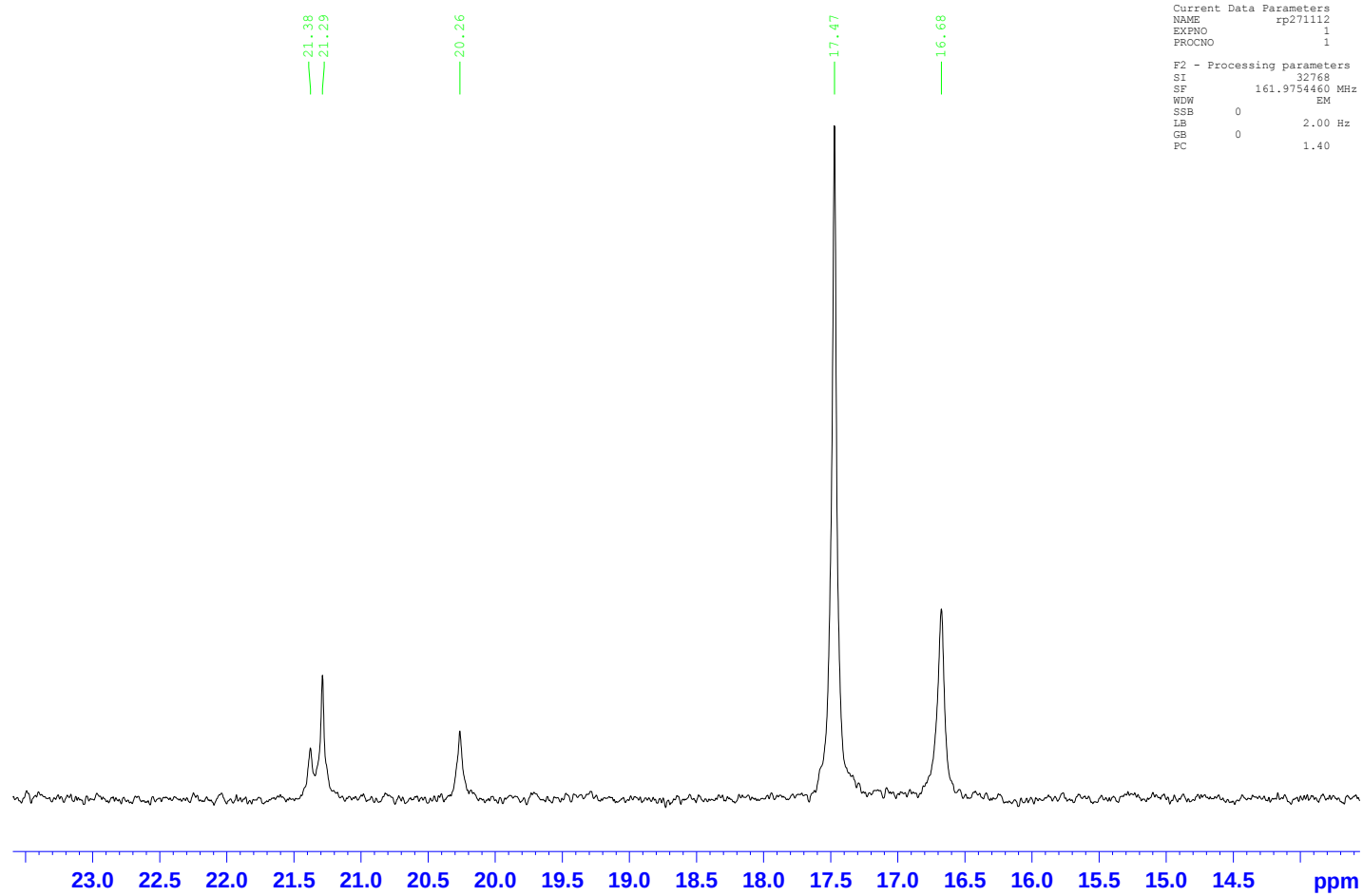
<sup>31</sup>P{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR spectrum (202 MHz, 298 K) of Ni(6-*o*-Tol)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br<sub>2</sub> (**10**) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

Ni(7oTol)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br<sub>2</sub> (11) in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>/298K



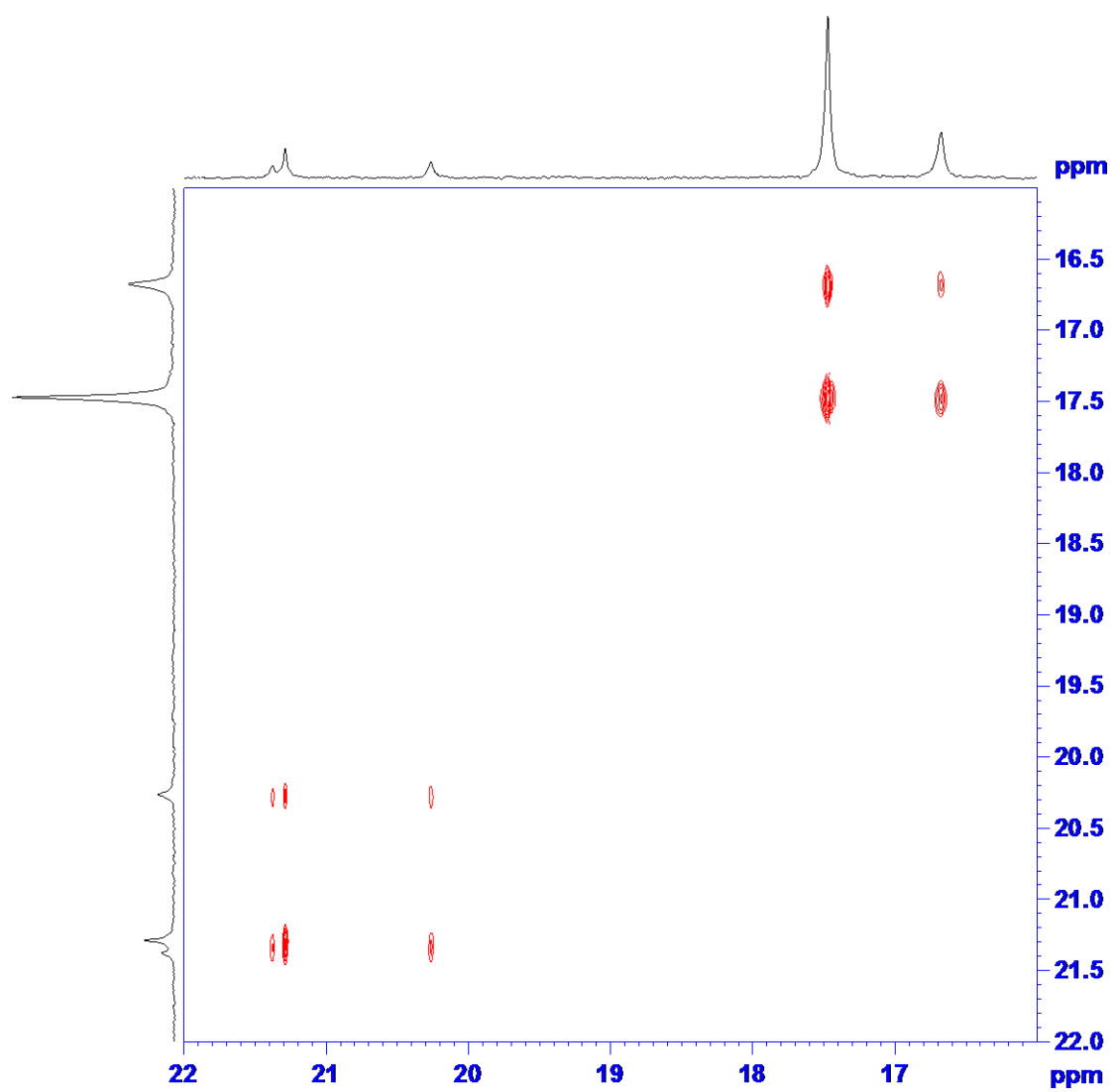
<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, 298 K) of Ni(7-*o*-Tol)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br<sub>2</sub> (**11**) in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>.

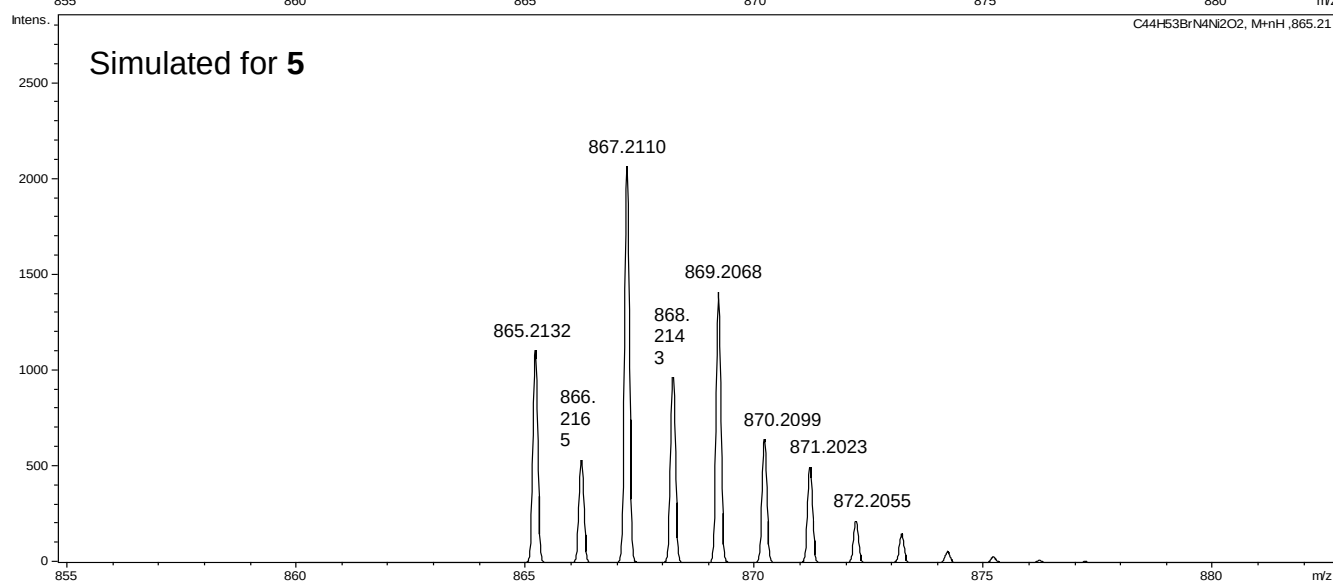
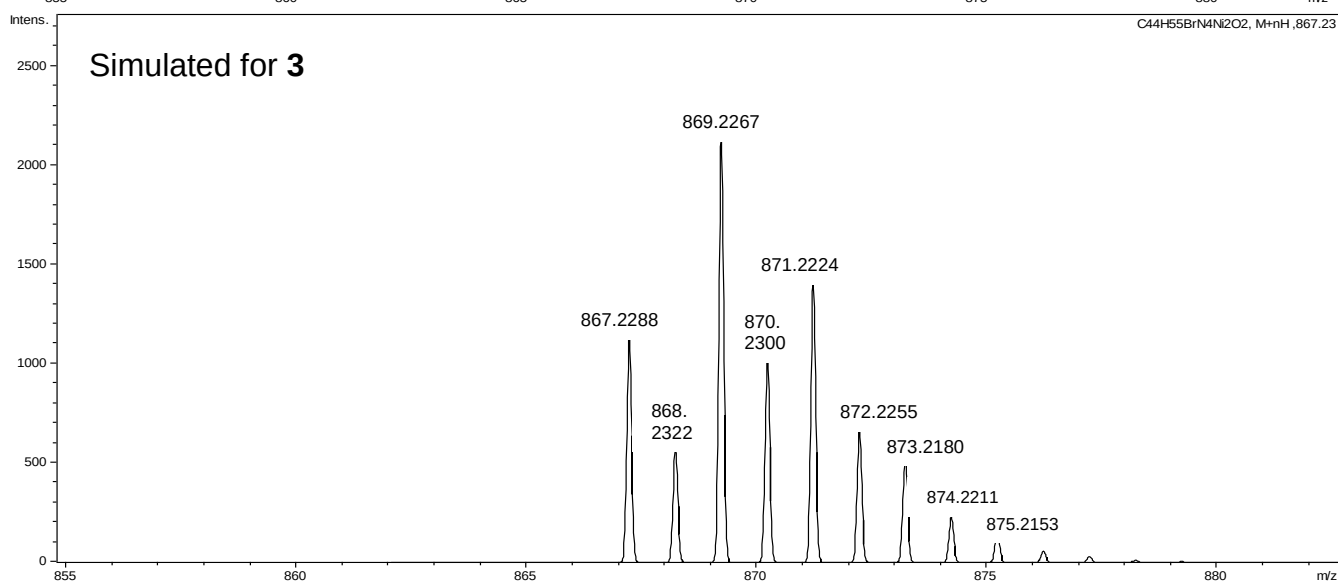
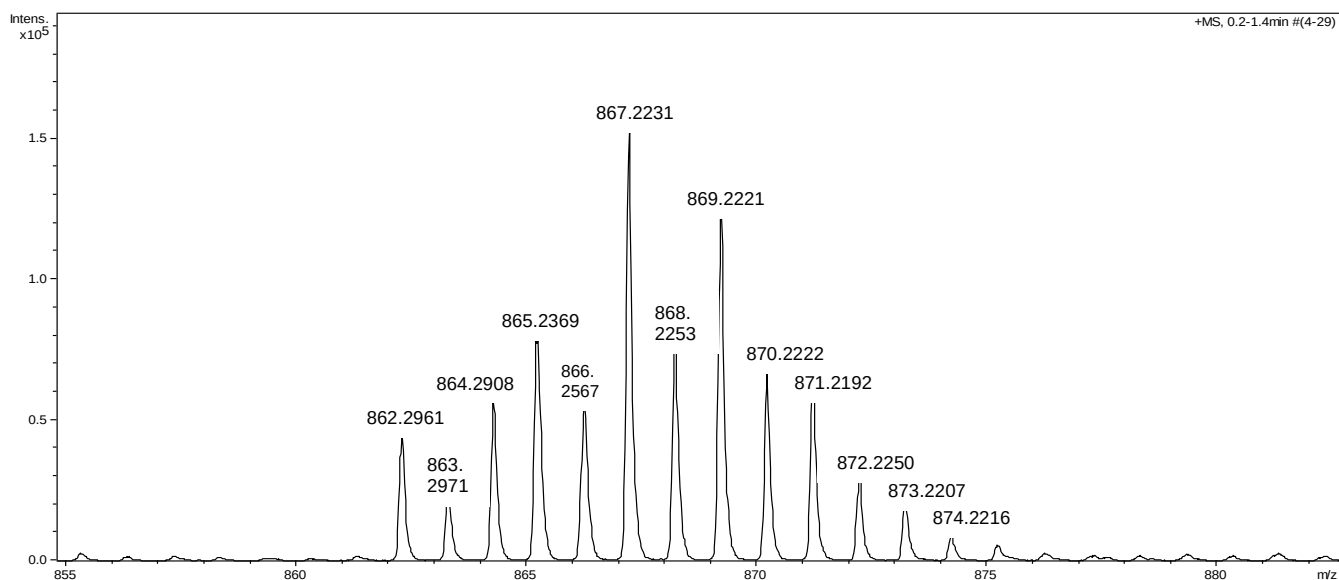
Ni(7oTol)(PPh)Br<sub>2</sub> (**11**) in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>/298K



$^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$  NMR spectrum (162 MHz, 298 K) of Ni(7-*o*-Tol)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br<sub>2</sub> (**11**) in C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>.

$^{31}\text{P}$ - $^{31}\text{P}$  EXSY for **11** (202 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ , 298 K)







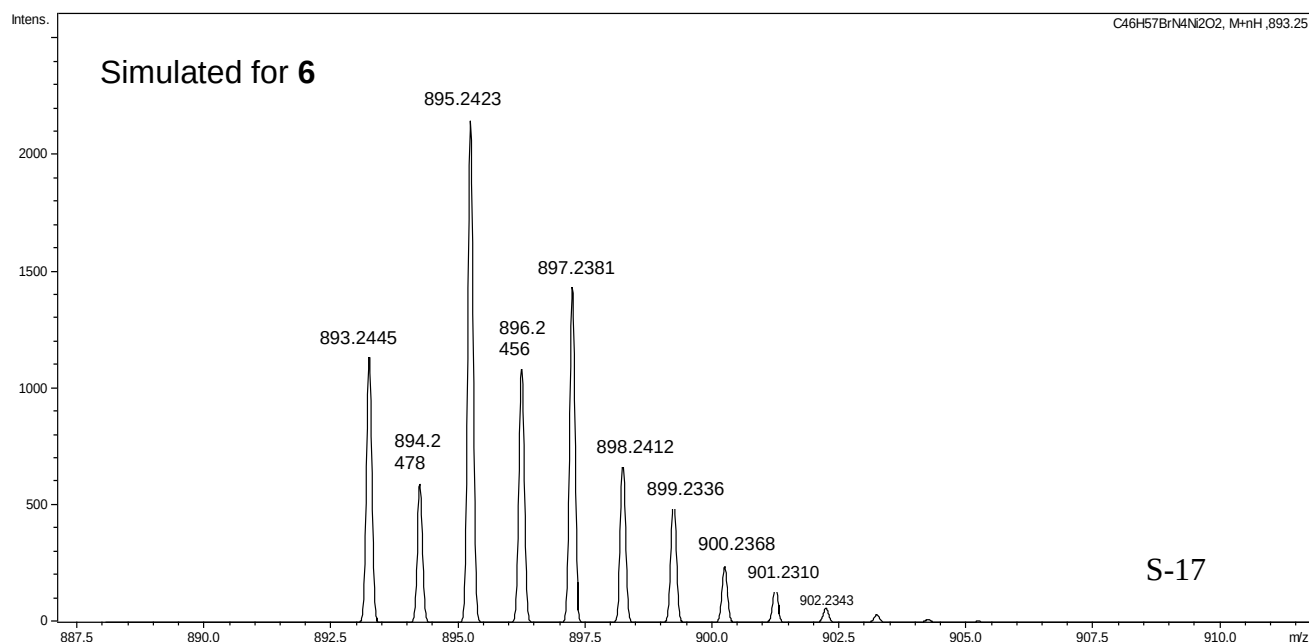
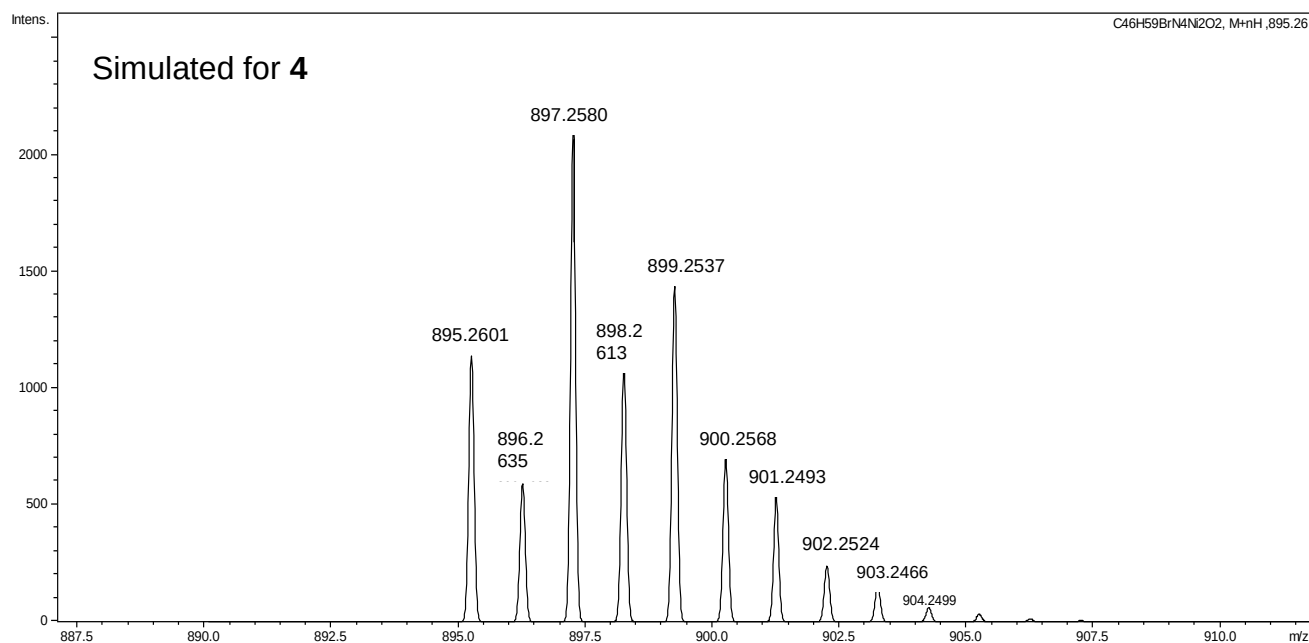
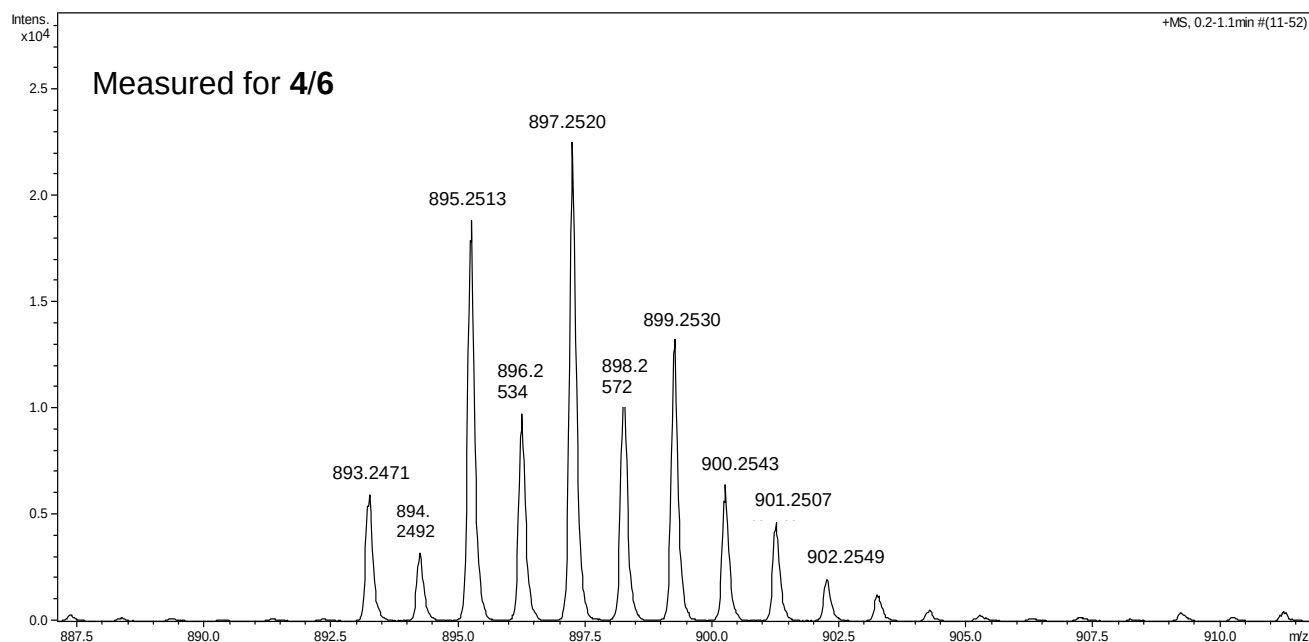
Mass Spectrometer data for **4/6**

$[M - HBr + H]^+$

Theoretical m/z = 897.7615

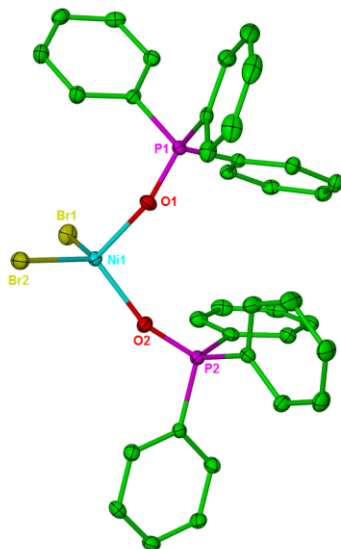
$[C_{46}H_{59}BrN_4Ni_2O_2 + H]^+$

Measured m/z = 897.2520



## X-ray crystal structure of $\text{Ni}(\text{O}=\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Br}_2$

k13mkw19



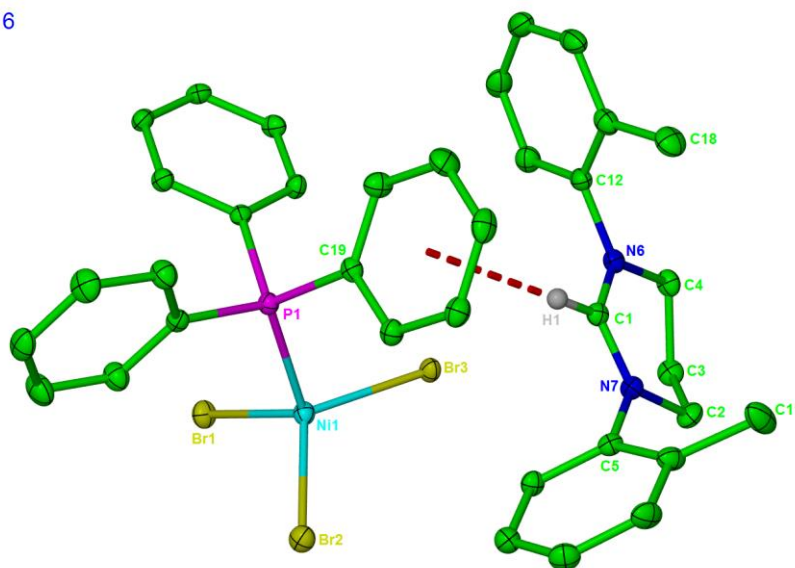
Molecular structure of  $\text{Ni}(\text{O}=\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Br}_2$ . Ellipsoids are shown at the 30% level. All hydrogen atoms are removed for clarity. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°): Ni(1)-O(1) 1.9447(18), Ni(1)-O(2) 1.9561(19), Ni(1)-Br(1) 2.3622(4), Ni(1)-Br(2) 2.3734(4), P(1)-O(1) 1.5103(19), Br(1)-Ni(1)-Br(2) 116.512(16), O(1)-Ni(1)-O(2) 100.72(8), Br(1)-Ni(1)-O(1) 111.75(6).

### Characterisation of $[\text{6-}o\text{-TolH}][\text{Ni}(\text{PPh}_3)\text{Br}_3]$

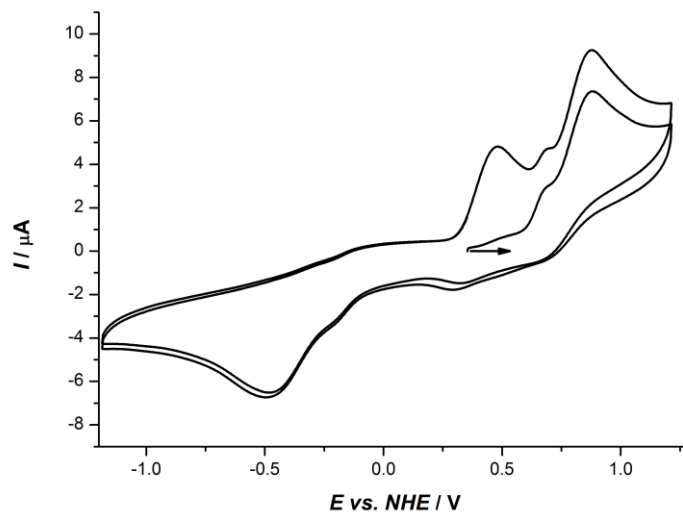
$[\text{6-}o\text{-TolH}][\text{Ni}(\text{PPh}_3)\text{Br}_3]$ . A toluene solution (20 mL) of 6-*o*-Tol (prepared *in-situ* by reaction of  $[\text{6-}o\text{-TolH}][\text{BF}_4]$  (345 mg, 1.30 mmol) with  $\text{KN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$  (257 mg, 1.29 mmol) was added to a toluene solution (10 mL) of  $\text{Ni}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Br}_2$  (959 mg, 1.29 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After cannula filtration, the volatiles removed under vacuum and the residue washed with hexane (15 mL). The resulting purple-green residue was extracted with toluene (10 mL), reduced to dryness and recrystallized from toluene/hexane to afford the Ni(II) complex Ni(6-*o*-

Tol)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br<sub>2</sub> (**10**). The filtrate was removed, reduced to dryness and recrystallized from CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/hexane to give X-ray quality crystals of [6-*o*-TolH][Ni(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br<sub>3</sub>]. Yield 15 mg. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 298 K): δ 19.55, 12.56, 10.48, 9.38, 8.20, 8.06, 8.04, 7.95, 7.58, 4.09, 2.94, 0.48, 0.09, -4.85. Anal. calcd for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>36</sub>N<sub>2</sub>PBr<sub>3</sub>Ni (MW 826.02) C, 52.34; H, 4.39; N, 3.39. Found: C, 52.17; H, 4.49; N, 3.56.

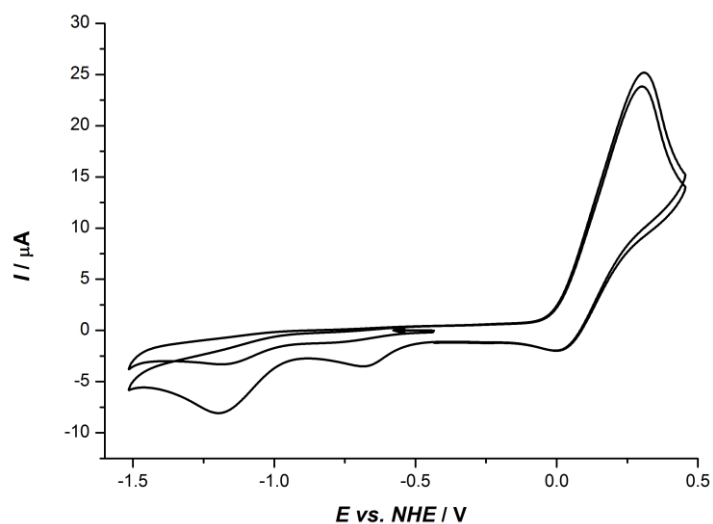
h12mkw16



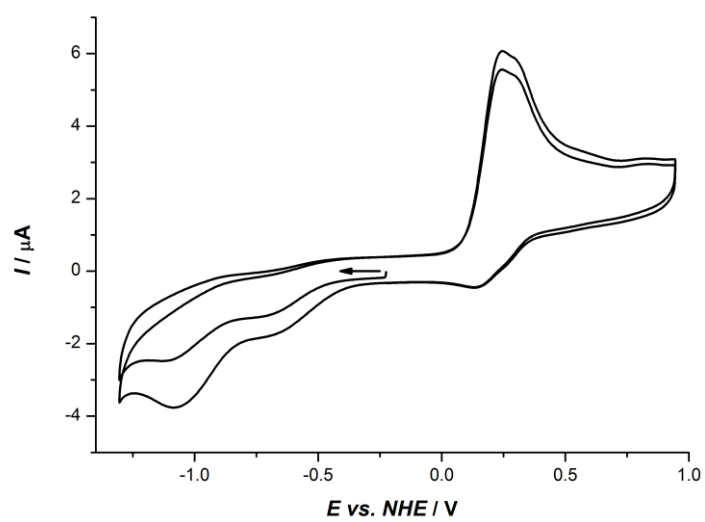
Molecular structure of [6-*o*-TolH][Ni(PPh<sub>3</sub>)Br<sub>3</sub>]. Ellipsoids are shown at 30 % probability with all hydrogen atoms, except H(1), removed for clarity. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°): Ni(1)-P(1) 2.3133(10), Ni(1)-Br(1) 2.3780(6), Ni(1)-Br(2) 2.3772(6), Ni(1)-Br(3) 2.3728(5), P(1)-Ni(1)-Br(1) 101.14(3), Br(1)-Ni(1)-Br(2) 110.73(2).



Cyclic voltammogram for **2** at 100 mV/s scan rate vs. NHE. The arrow indicates the initial scanning potential and the scan direction.



Cyclic voltammogram for **8** at 100 mV/s scan rate vs. NHE. The arrow indicates the initial scanning potential and the scan direction.



Cyclic voltammogram for **9** at 100 mV/s scan rate vs. NHE. The arrow indicates the initial scanning potential and the scan direction.