Phosphorus Complexes of Meso-Triaryl-25-Oxasmaragdyrins

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1.	Structural Elucidation of compound 1 by COSY and NOESY NMR	S1-S2
2.	HR-MS spectrum of compound 1	S 3
3.	¹ H NMR spectrum of compound 1	S4
4.	³¹ P NMR spectrum of compound 1	S 4
5.	¹³ C NMR spectrum of compound 1	S 5
6.	HR-MS spectrum of compound 2	S 6
7.	¹ H NMR spectrum of compound 2	S 7
8.	³¹ P NMR spectrum of compound 2	S7
9.	¹³ C NMR spectrum of compound 2	S8
10	.HR-MS spectrum of compound 3	S 9
11	¹ H NMR spectrum of compound 3	S10
12	³¹ P NMR spectrum of compound 3	S10
13	¹³ C NMR spectrum of compound 3	S11
14. HR-MS spectrum of compound 4		S12
15	¹ H NMR spectrum of compound 4	S13

16. ³¹ P NMR spectrum of compound 4	S13
17. ¹³ C NMR spectrum of compound 4	S14
18. HR-MS spectrum of compound 10	S15
19. ¹ H NMR spectrum of compound 10	S16
20. HR-MS spectrum of compound 9	S17
21. ¹ H NMR spectrum of compound 9	S18
22. ³¹ P NMR spectrum of compound 9	S18
23. ¹¹ B NMR spectrum of compound 9	S19
24. ^{19F} NMR spectrum of compound 9	S19
25. Absorption spectra of compounds 2 and 3 recorded in $CHCl_3$	S20
26. Absorption spectra of compound 10 recorded in $CHCl_3$	S20
27. Absorption spectra of compound 9 recorded in $CHCl_3$	S21
28. Emission spectra of compounds 2 and 3 recorded in $CHCl_3$	S21
29. Cyclic voltammogram of compound 2 recorded in CH_2Cl_2	S22
30. Cyclic voltammogram of compound 3 recorded in CH_2Cl_2	S23
31. Solid state crystal packing diagram of compound 1	S24
32. Solid state crystal structure of compound 1	S25

Structural Elucidation of compound 1 by COSY and NOESY NMR: The ¹H-¹H COSY and NOESY NMR spectra of complex 1 are shown in the Figure S2 along with the proton assignments. The assignments were made on the basis of resonance position and intensity data as well as the proton-to-proton connectivity revealed in the COSY and NOESY NMR spectra. Inspection of ¹H-NMR spectrum of complex 1 showed two singlets at 2.60 and 2.70 ppm corresponding to three and six protons respectively of meso-tolyl-CH₃ protons. The signal at 2.60 ppm was assigned to type I –CH₃ protons of meso-tolyl group and the signal at 2.70 ppm was assigned to *type II* –CH₃ protons of *meso*-tolyl group. The *type I* signal at 2.60 ppm showed NOE correlation with a doublet signal at 7.80 ppm which we assigned as *x*-type aryl protons of *meso*-tolyl group. The *x*-type protons signal at 7.80 ppm showed cross peak correlation with doublet signal at 8.50 ppm which we identified as x'-type aryl protons of meso-tolyl group. The signal at 8.50 ppm showed NOE correlation with a doublet at 9.60 ppm which we assigned as a*type* pyrrole protons. The *a-type* pyrrole protons showed cross peak correlation with a signal at 10.40 ppm which was identified as *b-type* pyrrole protons. To identify the signals corresponding to other two *meso*-tolyl groups, furan protons and pyrrole protons c and d, we looked at NOE correlations observed for type II, -CH₃ protons. The type II -CH₃ protons at 2.80 ppm showed NOE correlation with a doublet at 7.72 ppm which was assigned to *y-type* protons of *meso-*tolyl The *y-type* signal showed cross peak correlation with a doublet at 8.38 ppm group. corresponding to y'-type aryl protons of meso-tolyl group. The singlet at 9.72 ppm was identified as *e-type* furan protons based on its NOE correlation with *y'-type* protons. The *y'-type* signal also showed NOE correlation with a signal at 9.27 ppm which was assigned as *d-type* pyrrole signal. The *d*-type signal showed a cross peak correlation with a multiplet at 10.38 ppm

which was assigned as *c-type* pyrrole signal. Furthermore, the two inner NH protons were observed at -1.70 ppm and this signal also showed cross peak correlation with *c* and *d-type* pyrrole protons in COSY spectrum. The complexes **2**, **3**, and **4** also showed similar NMR features. In ³¹P NMR, the complexes **1-4** showed one sharp signal in the region of ~ -32 to -33 ppm (Figure S4, S7, S10, S13). Thus, 1D and 2D NMR specroscopy was very useful in deducing the molecular structure of the PO₂ complexes of 25-oxasmaragdyrins **1-4**.



Figure S2: (a) Selected region of NOESY NMR spectrum of compound **1** (b) selected region of COSY NMR spectrum of compound **1** recorded in CDCl₃.





Figure S3. HR-MS spectrum of compound 1.



Figure S4. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **1** recorded in CDCl₃. The inset shows the expansion.



Figure S4. ³¹P NMR spectrum of compound 1 recorded in CDCl₃.



Figure S5. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound of 1 recorded in CDCl₃.





Figure S6. HR-MS spectrum of compound 2.



Figure S7. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2 recorded in CDCl₃. The inset shows the

expansion.



Figure S7. ³¹P NMR spectrum of compound 2 recorded in CDCl₃.



Figure S8. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound of 2 recorded in CDCl₃.





Figure S9. HR-MS spectrum of compound 3.



Figure S10. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **3** recorded in CDCl₃. The inset shows the

expansion.



Figure S10. ³¹P NMR spectrum of compound 3 recorded in CDCl₃.



Figure S11. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound of **3** recorded in CDCl₃.





Figure S12. HR-MS spectrum of compound 4.



Figure S13. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **4** recorded in CDCl₃. The inset shows the expansion.



Figure S13. ³¹P NMR spectrum of compound 4 recorded in CDCl₃.



Figure S14. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound of 4 recorded in CDCl₃.





Figure S15. HR-MS spectrum of compound 10.

S15



Figure S16. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **10** recorded in CDCl₃. The inset shows the expansion.





Figure S17. HR-MS spectrum of compound 9.



Figure S18. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **9** recorded in CDCl₃. The inset shows the expansion.



Figure S18. ³¹P NMR spectrum of compound 9 recorded in CDCl₃.



Figure S19. ¹¹B NMR spectrum of compound **9** recorded in CDCl₃. The inset shows the expansion.



Figure S19. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound **9** recorded in CDCl₃. The inset shows the expansion.



Figure S20. Q-bands absorption spectra of compounds of 2 and 3 recorded in CHCl₃. The inset shows the corresponding Soret bands. The concentrations were used 10^{-5} M and 10^{-6} M for Q and Soret bands respectively.



Figure S20. Absorption spectrum of compound 10 recorded in CHCl_{3.}



Figure S21. Absorption spectrum of compound 9 recorded in CHCl₃



Figure S21. Emission spectra of compounds of **2** and **3** recorded in CHCl₃ by exciting at their corresponding absorption maxima.



Figure S22. Cyclic voltammogram of compound of **2** recorded in CH_2Cl_2 containing 0.1 M TBAP as supporting electrolyte recorded using scan rate of 50 mV/sec. The dotted line represents the DPV curve.



Figure S23. Cyclic voltammogram of compound of 3 recorded in CH_2Cl_2 containing 0.1 M TBAP as supporting electrolyte recorded using scan rate of 50 mV/sec. The dotted line represents the DPV curve.



Figure S24. Solid state crystal packing structure of compound **1**. The dotted lines show the H-bonding interaction.



Figure S25. Solid state crystal structure of compound **1**. The dotted lines represent the intramolecular H-bonding interaction.