**Supporting information** 

CO<sub>2</sub> Absorption into Aqueous Solutions containing 3-Piperidinemethanol (3-PM): CO<sub>2</sub> Mass Transfer, Stopped-Flow Kinetics, <sup>1</sup>H/<sup>13</sup>C NMR and Vapour-Liquid Equilibrium Investigations

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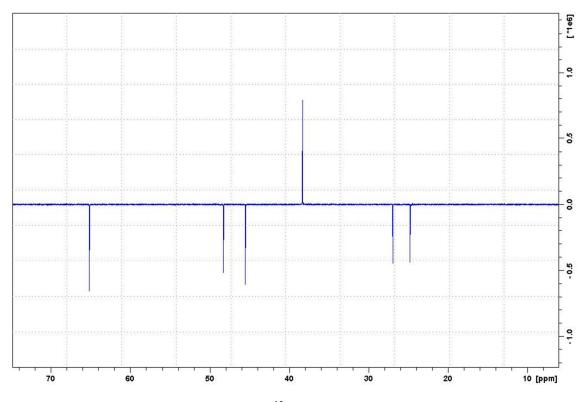


Figure S1. 1-Dimensional (1D) DEPT-135 <sup>13</sup>C spectra

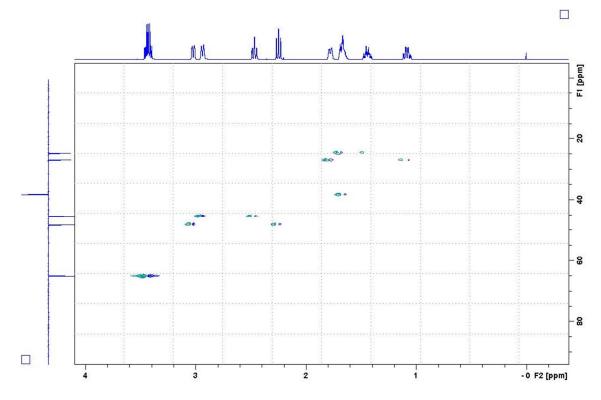


Figure S2. 2-Dimensional (2D) HSQC correlation spectra

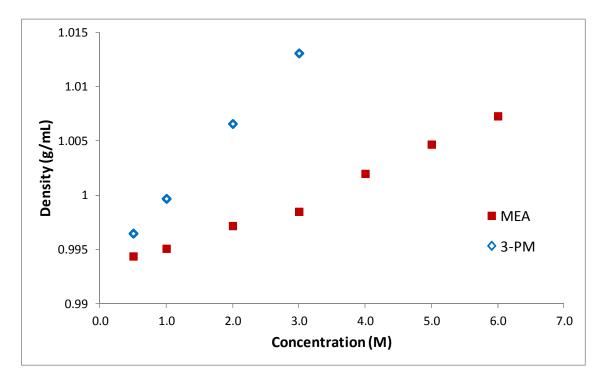
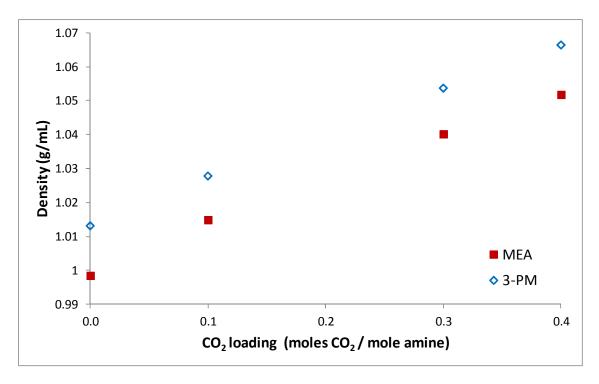
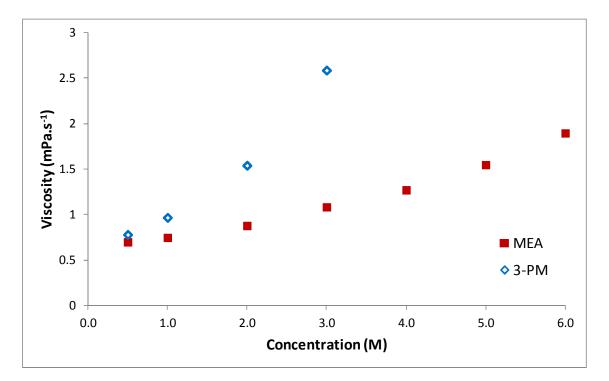


Figure S3. Density data at 40°C as a function of amine concentration in 3-PM and MEA solutions



**Figure S4.** Density data at 40°C in 3.0M solutions of 3-PM and MEA over a range of  $CO_2$  loadings from 0.0 - 0.4 moles  $CO_2$  / mole amine.



**Figure S5.** Viscosity data at 40°C as a function of amine concentration in 3-PM and MEA solutions

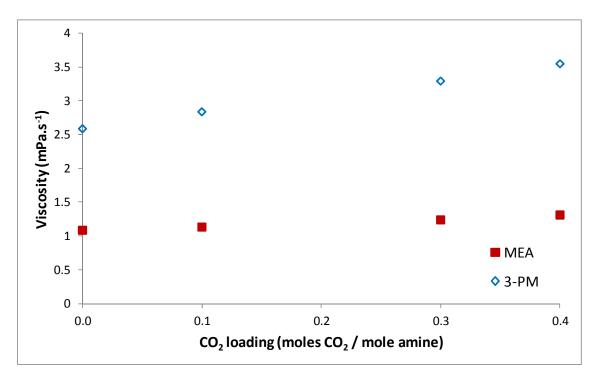
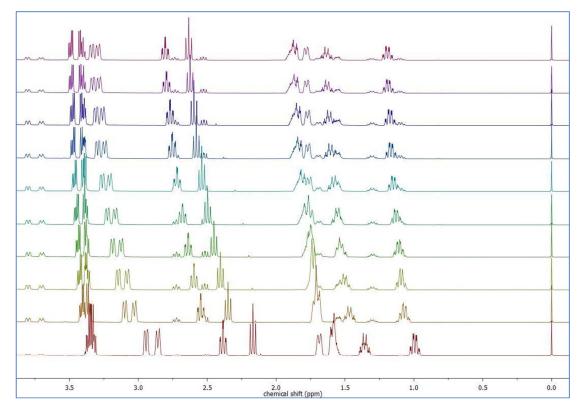
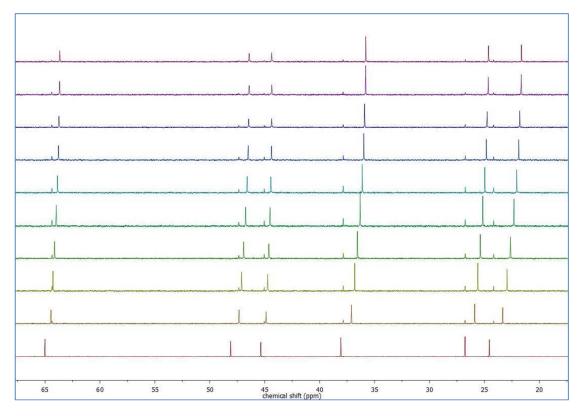


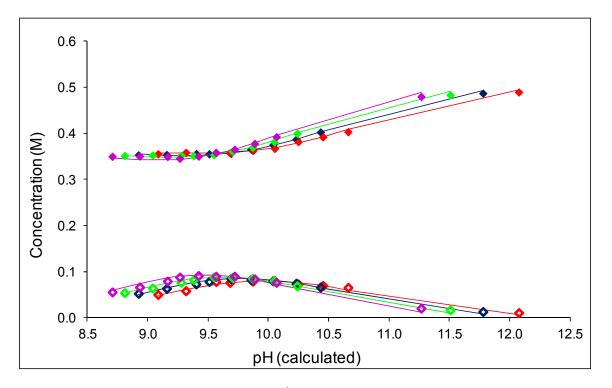
Figure S6. Viscosity data at 40°C in 3.0M solutions of 3-PM and MEA and over a range of  $CO_2$  loadings from 0.0 - 0.4 moles  $CO_2$  / mole amine.



**Figure S7.** Stacked <sup>1</sup>H Spectra of equilibrium solutions at 25.0°C containing 0.5M 3-PM, 1.0M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, and varying amounts of additional HCl – Decreasing pH from top to bottom



**Figure S8.** Stacked <sup>13</sup>C Spectra of equilibrium solutions at 25.0°C containing 0.5M 3-PM, 1.0M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, and varying amounts of additional HCl – Decreasing pH from top to bottom



**Figure S9.** Concentration of 3-PM/3-PMH<sup>+</sup> and 3-PM carbamate/3-PMcarbamic acid as a function of temperature and pH (calculated) in equilibrium solutions containing 0.5M 3-PM and 1.0M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> via the analysis of <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum. Solid markers represent amine; hollow markers represent carbamate; left to right indicates decreasing temperature.