

Molecular recognition of Brucella A and M antigens dissected by synthetic oligosaccharide glycoconjugates leads to a disaccharide diagnostic for brucellosis

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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

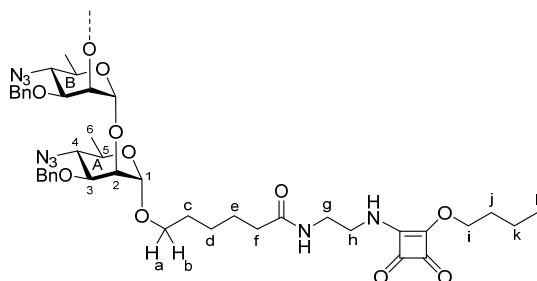
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I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Materials and Methods

Analytical TLC was performed on Silica Gel 60-F254 (Merck, Darmstadt) with detection by quenching of fluorescence and/or by charring with 10% sulfuric acid in ethanol. All commercial reagents were used as supplied. Column chromatography was performed on Silica Gel 230-400 mesh, 60 Å (Silicycle, Ontario) with HPLC quality solvents. Bovine Serum Albumin (purchased from Sigma Aldrich) and Tetanus toxoid (purchased from STATENS SERUM INSTITUT, Denmark) was used. Molecular sieves (3 Å or 4 Å), were crushed and stored in an oven at 150 °C after activation at 500 °C for 48 h and dried under vacuum before use. Organic solutions were dried with anhydrous MgSO₄ prior to concentration under vacuum at <40 °C (bath). All final compounds were purified by reverse phase chromatography performed on a Waters 600 HPLC system, using a Beckmann semi-preparative C-18 column (10 x 250 mm, 5 µ) with a combination of acetonitrile and water as eluents. Products were detected with a Waters 2487 UV detector. Optical rotations were measured with a Perkin-Elmer 241 polarimeter for samples in a 10 cm cell at 22 ± 2 °C. $[\alpha]_D$ values are given in units of 10⁻¹ deg cm² g⁻¹. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on 500, 600 or 700 MHz spectrometers. First order proton chemical shifts δ_H are referenced to either residual CHCl₃ (δ_H 7.26, CDCl₃) or CD₂HOD (δ_H 3.30, CD₃OD), or external acetone (δ_H 2.225, D₂O). The assignment of resonances for all compounds was made by two-dimensional homonuclear and for a limited subset also by heteronuclear chemical shift correlation experiments. Specifically for mono- to trisaccharides: peak assignments were based on 2D-¹H-¹H-gCOSY experiments. Peak assignments for tetra- to hexasaccharides were based on 2D-¹H-¹H-gCOSY, selective 1D-¹H-CSSF-TOCSY (Chemical Shift Selective Filter - TOCSY) experiments and selective 1D-ROESY experiments. Mass analysis was performed by positive-mode electrospray ionization on a hybrid sector-TOF mass spectrometer and for protein glycoconjugates by MALDI mass analysis, employing sinapinic acid as matrix.

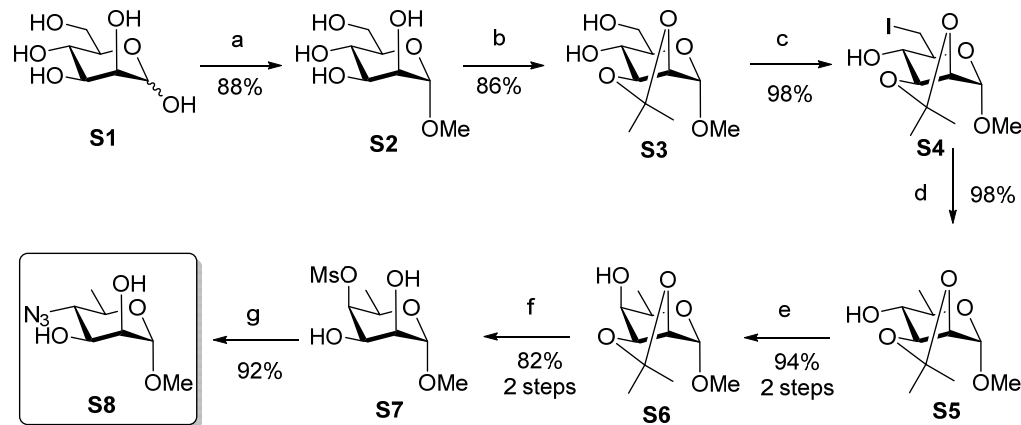
The numbering used for resonance assignments was as follows:



II. SYNTHESIS OF RHAMNOSIDE BUILDING BLOCK

Synthesis of Methyl 4-azido-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (S8)

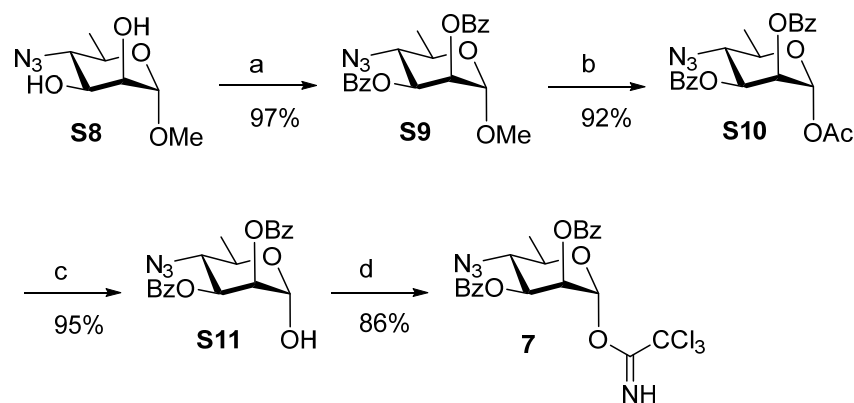
The key precursor **S8** was prepared according to scheme 1S and analytical data for the title compound was essentially the same as previously described.¹



Scheme 1S. Conditions: a) AcCl, MeOH, 70 °C, 6h; b) DMP, PTSA, rt, H₂O, 4h; c) PPh₃, Imid, I₂, PhMe, 10 min; d) Pd/C, H₂, rt, EtOH/Et₃N, 16h; e) i) OxCl, DMSO, DIPEA, CH₂Cl₂, -78 °C-rt, 16h; ii) NaBH₄, EtOH, rt, 2h; f) i) MsCl, Py, 0 °C-rt, 2h; ii) TFA/H₂O (9:1), CH₂Cl₂, rt, 10 min. g) NaN₃, 15-crown-5, DMF, 100 °C, 6h.

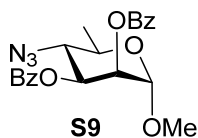
III. SYNTHESIS OF GLYCOSYL DONORS

A. Synthesis of trichloroacetimidate glycosyl donor 7



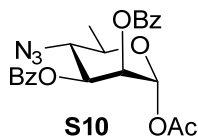
Scheme 2S: Conditions: a) BzCl, Py, rt, 10 h; b) Ac₂O, AcOH, H₂SO₄, rt, 6 h; c) NH₂NH₂.AcOH, DMF, 60 °C, 0.5 h; d) CCl₃CN, DBU, CH₂Cl₂, rt, 10 min.

Methyl 4-azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (S9**)².**



Benzoyl chloride (2.0 mL, 17.2 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred solution of Methyl 4-azido-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside **S8** (1.59 g, 7.82 mmol) in pyridine (5 mL) containing DMAP (0.191 g, 1.56 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 10 h at 21 °C. After that, CH₃OH (2 mL) was added to the reaction mixture, stirred for 10 min, then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (~100 mL) and washed with aq. HCl (1M, 2 x 50 mL), water (100 mL), sat.aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (3.12 g, 97%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **S9**: R_f = 0.40 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/9, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = -130.8 (c = 1.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.21-7.31 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 5.60 (dd, 1H, *J*_{2,3} = 1.8 Hz, H-2), 5.59 (dd, 1H, *J*_{3,4} = 3.6 Hz, H-3), 4.85 (d, 1H, *J*_{1,2} = 1.2 Hz, H-1), 3.83 (dq, 1H, *J*_{4,5} = 10.2 Hz, *J*_{5,6} = 6.0 Hz, H-5), 3.76 (dd, 1H, *J*_{4,5} = 10.2 Hz, H-4), 3.45 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 1.48 ppm (d, 3H, *J*_{5,6} = 6.0 Hz, H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 165.4, 165.3, 133.8, 133.5, 133.3, 130.2, 129.8, 129.8, 129.5, 129.3, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 98.6, 71.1, 69.8, 66.9, 63.5, 55.4, 18.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₁H₂₁N₃O₆Na [M+Na]⁺: 434.1323, found: 434.1317.

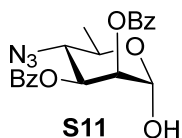
1-*O*-Acetyl-4-azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranose (S10**).**



A solution of **S9** (3.10 g, 7.54 mmol) in acetic anhydride/acetic acid/sulfuric acid (50:20:0.5, 70 mL) was stirred at 21 °C for 6 h, and then poured into ice-cold 1M K₂CO₃ solution (100 mL). The mixture was then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (~200 mL) and washed with water (2 x 100 mL), sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (3.04 g, 92%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **S10**: R_f = 0.30 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/9, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = -119.8 (c = 1.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ

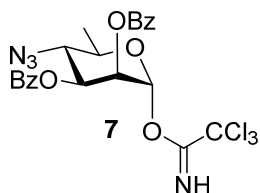
7.35-8.09 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 6.25 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.65 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.5$ Hz, 1H, H-2), 5.61 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 10.1$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 3.91 (dq, $J = 10.2, 6.2$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.85 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.1$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 2.24 (s, 3H, -OC-CH₃), 1.51 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 168.4, 165.4, 165.1, 133.7, 133.5, 129.9, 129.8, 129.1, 129.0, 128.6, 128.5, 90.7, 70.9, 69.4, 68.6, 63.0, 21.0, 18.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₂H₂₁N₃O₇Na [M+Na]⁺: 462.1272, found: 462.1265.

4-Azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy-α/β-D-mannopyranose (**S11**).



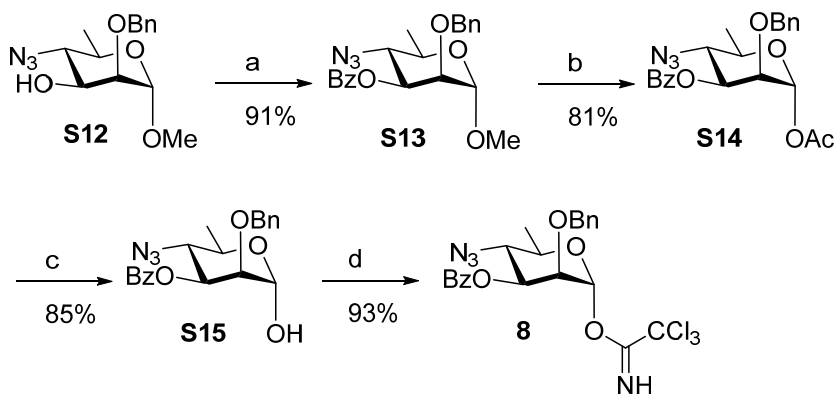
To a stirred solution of **S10** (0.224 g, 0.510 mmol) in DMF (1 mL) was added hydrazine acetate (0.056 g, 0.612 mmol) under argon atmosphere and stirred at 60 °C for 30 min. Then the mixture was cooled to 21 °C, diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL), washed with water (2 x 50 mL) and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.191 g, 95%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **S11**: $R_f = 0.30$ (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/4, v/v); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): α:β ratio = 7:1; δ 7.11-8.06 (m, 20H, H-Ar), 5.78 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.0$ Hz, 1H, H-2_β), 5.66 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 10$ Hz, 1H, H-3_α), 5.63 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.2$ Hz, 1H, H-2_α), 5.36 (dd, $J_{1,2} = 1.6$ Hz, 1H, H-1_α), 5.30 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 10.3$ Hz, 1H, H-3_β), 5.07 (dd, $J_{1,2} = 1.5$ Hz, 1H, H-1_β), 4.04-4.13 (m, 1H, H-5_α), 3.75 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.1$ Hz, 1H, H-4_α), 3.70 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.0$ Hz, 1H, H-4_β), 3.64 (d, $J_{1,-OH} = 9.3$ Hz, 1H, OH_β), 3.53 (m, 1H, H-5_β), 3.14 (d, $J_{1,-OH} = 3.8$ Hz, 1H, OH_α), 1.52 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$ Hz, 3H, H-6_β), 1.45 ppm (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6_α); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 166.1, 165.5, 165.4, 133.8, 133.5, 133.4, 130.0, 129.8 (x2), 129.4, 129.2, 129.0 (x2), 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 92.9, 92.1, 73.3, 71.4, 70.9, 70.8, 70.2, 67.1, 63.6, 62.8, 18.7, 18.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₀H₁₉N₃O₆Na [M+Na]⁺: 420.1166, found: 420.1163.

4-Azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (7).



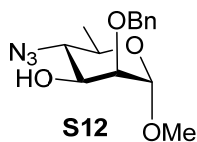
To a stirred solution of **S11** (2.0 g, 5.03 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) containing CCl₃CN (10.1 mL, 100 mmol), DBU (0.150 mL, 1.00 mmol) was added at 21 °C under argon atmosphere. After 10 min, solvents were evaporated *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (2.335 g, 86 %) as off-white foam. Analytical data for **7**: *R_f* = 0.60 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/4, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = -101.9 (*c* = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.79 (s, 1H, *N-H*), 7.33-8.09 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 6.43 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.85 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-2), 5.68 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.5 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.07 (dq, *J* = 10.2, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.88 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.53 ppm (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 165.3, 165.1, 160.0, 133.7, 133.5, 129.9, 129.8, 129.1, 129.0, 128.7, 128.5, 94.7, 90.7, 70.9, 69.9, 68.1, 62.9, 18.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₁₉Cl₃N₄O₆Na [M+Na]⁺: 563.0262, found: 563.0251.

B. Synthesis of trichloroacetimidate glycosyl donor 8



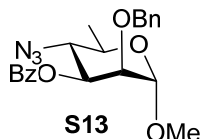
Scheme 3S: Conditions: a) BzCl, Py, rt, 3 h; b) Ac₂O, AcOH, H₂SO₄, rt, 3 h; c) NH₂NH₂·AcOH, DMF, 60 °C, 0.5 h; d) CCl₃CN, DBU, CH₂Cl₂, rt, 10 min.

Methyl 4-azido-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (S12).



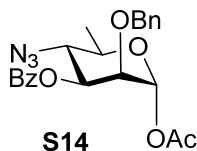
Analytical data for the title compound was essentially the same as previously described.³

Methyl 4-azido-3-*O*-benzoyl-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (S13).



Benzoyl chloride (0.872 mL, 7.5 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred solution of **S12** (2.0 g, 6.82 mmol) in pyridine (10 mL) containing DMAP (0.166 g, 1.36 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 3 h at 21 °C. After that, CH₃OH (2 mL) was added to the reaction mixture, stirred for 10 min, then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (~80 mL) and washed with aq. HCl (1M, 2 x 50 mL), water (100 mL), sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (2.47 g, 91%) as oil. Analytical data for **S13**: *R*_f = 0.50 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/9, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = -18.8 (c = 1.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.13-8.10 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 5.32 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.71 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.60 (dd, *J*² = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.99 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.1 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.81 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.67 (dq, *J* = 10.2, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.37 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 1.42 ppm (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 165.5, 137.5, 133.3, 129.9, 129.5, 128.5, 128.3, 127.8 (x2), 98.9, 74.8, 73.3, 73.2, 67.0, 63.2, 55.0, 18.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₁H₂₃N₃O₅Na [M+Na]⁺: 420.1530, found: 420.1521.

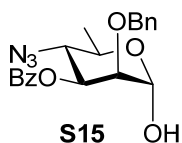
1-*O*-Acetyl-4-azido-3-*O*-benzoyl-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranose (S14).



A solution of **S13** (1.40 g, 3.52 mmol) in acetic anhydride/acetic acid/sulfuric acid (50:20:0.5, 35 mL) was stirred at 21 °C for 3 h, and then poured into ice-cold 1M K₂CO₃ solution (100 mL). The mixture was then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (~100 mL) and washed with

water (2 x 80 mL), sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (1.22 g, 81%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **S14**: *R_f* = 0.30 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/9, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = -9.9 (c = 1.5, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.10-8.08 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 6.17 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.29 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.5 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.62 (dd, *J*² = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.00 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.91 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.5 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.78 (dq, *J* = 10.0, 6.1 Hz, 1H, H-5), 2.15 (s, 3H, -OC-CH₃), 1.42 ppm (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.0, 165.6, 136.9, 133.5, 129.9, 129.2, 128.5, 128.4, 128.0, 127.9, 91.1, 73.5, 73.0, 72.7, 69.6, 62.6, 21.0, 18.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₂₃N₃O₆Na [M+Na]⁺: 448.1479, found: 448.1471.

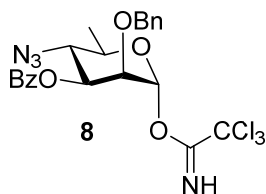
4-Azido-3-*O*-benzoyl-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α/β -D-mannopyranose (**S15**).



To a stirred solution of **S14** (1.190 g, 2.79 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was added hydrazine acetate (0.310 g, 3.35 mmol) under argon atmosphere and stirred at 60 °C for 30 min. Then the mixture was cooled to 21 °C, diluted with ethyl acetate (100 mL), washed with water (2 x 80 mL) and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.912 g, 85%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **S15**: *R_f* = 0.30 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/4, v/v); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): α/β ratio = 5:1; δ 7.16-8.14 (m, 20H, H-Ar), 5.43 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.4 Hz, 1H, H-3 _{α}), 5.27 (dd, *J*_{1,2} = 1.8 Hz, *J*_{1,-OH} = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-1 _{α}), 5.13 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.5 Hz, 1H, H-3 _{β}), 4.72 (dd, *J*² = 11.6 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph _{β}), 4.82 (dd, *J*_{1,2} = 1.5 Hz, *J*_{1,-OH} = 11.6 Hz, 1H, H-1 _{β}), 4.63 (dd, *J*² = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph _{α}), 4.14 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-2 _{β}), 4.06 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.1 Hz, 1H, H-2 _{α}), 3.97 (dq, *J* = 10.0, 6.1 Hz, 1H, H-5 _{α}), 3.83 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.5 Hz, 1H, H-4 _{α}), 3.77 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4 _{β}), 3.58 (d, *J*_{1,-OH} = 11.6 Hz, 1H, -OH _{β}), 3.40 (dq, *J* = 10.0, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-5 _{β}), 2.83 (d, *J*_{1,-OH} = 3.5 Hz, 1H, -OH _{α}), 1.46 (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6 _{β}), 1.42 ppm (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-6 _{α}); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 165.6 (x2), 137.4, 137.1, 133.8, 133.4, 129.9, 129.5, 128.9, 128.7, 128.5, 128.3 (x2), 128.2, 127.9, 127.8, 93.2, 92.7, 76.3,

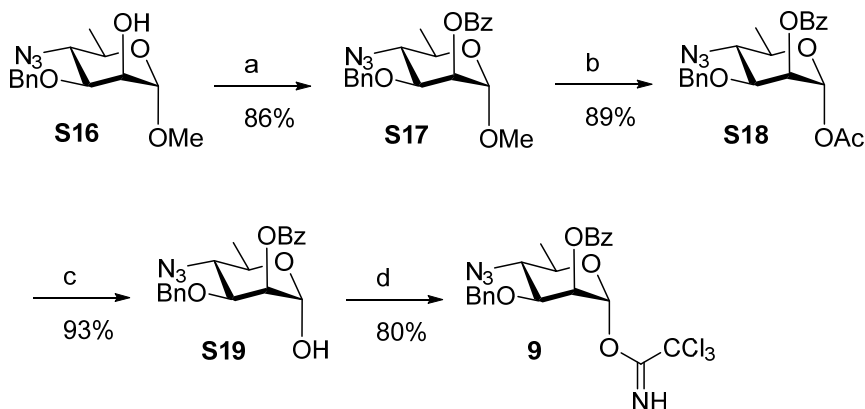
75.8, 75.7, 75.0, 73.3, 72.9, 70.9, 67.2, 63.2, 62.6, 18.6, 18.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{20}H_{21}N_3O_5Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 406.1373, found: 406.1366.

4-Azido-3-*O*-benzoyl-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (8).



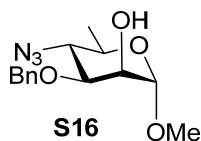
To a stirred solution of **S15** (0.890 g, 2.32 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (15 mL) containing CCl_3CN (4.65 mL, 46.4 mmol), DBU (70 μ L, 0.464 mmol) was added at 21 °C under argon atmosphere. After 10 min, solvents were evaporated *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (1.136 g, 93 %) as off-white foam. Analytical data for **8**: R_f = 0.80 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1/9, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = -7.3 (c = 1.5, $CHCl_3$); 1H NMR (600 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 8.66 (s, 1H, -C=NH), 7.12-8.10 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 6.36 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.39 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 7.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.67 (dd, J^2 = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.26 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 3.1 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.91-3.99 (m, 2H, H-4, H-5), 1.48 ppm (d, $J_{5,6}$ = 6.0 Hz, 3H, H-6); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 165.5, 160.4, 137.0, 133.5, 129.9, 129.2, 128.5, 128.4, 128.0 (x2), 127.9, 95.3, 90.8, 73.2, 73.0, 72.8, 70.1, 62.5, 18.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{22}H_{21}Cl_3N_4O_5Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 549.0470, found: 549.0465.

C. Synthesis of trichloroacetimidate glycosyl donor 9



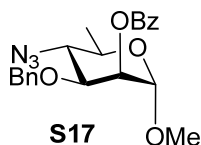
Scheme 4S: Conditions: a) $BzCl$, Py, rt, 3 h; b) Ac_2O , AcOH, H_2SO_4 , rt, 3 h; c) $NH_2NH_2.AcOH$, DMF, 60 °C, 0.5 h; d) CCl_3CN , DBU, CH_2Cl_2 , rt, 10 min.

Methyl 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (S16).



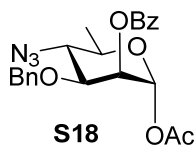
Analytical data for the title compound was essentially the same as previously described.^{1a}

Methyl 4-azido-2-*O*-benzoyl-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (S17).



Benzoyl chloride (0.872 mL, 7.5 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred solution of **S16** (2.0 g, 6.82 mmol) in pyridine (10 mL) containing DMAP (0.166 g, 1.36 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 3 h at 21 °C. After that, CH₃OH (2 mL) was added to the reaction mixture, stirred for 10 min, then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (~80 mL) and washed with aq. HCl (1M, 2 x 50 mL), water (100 mL), sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (2.32 g, 86%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **S17**: *R*_f = 0.50 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/9, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = -27.9 (c = 1.7, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.21-8.10 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 5.55 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.77 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.66 (dd, *J*² = 11.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.91 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3), 3.55-3.64 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.51 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.37 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 1.38 ppm (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.0 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 165.6, 137.3, 133.3, 129.9, 129.7, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 127.8, 98.8, 76.1, 71.4, 67.8, 66.8, 64.3, 55.1, 18.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₁H₂₃N₃O₅Na [M+Na]⁺: 420.1530, found: 420.1528.

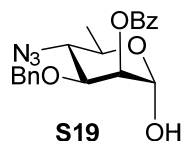
1-*O*-Acetyl-4-azido-2-*O*-benzoyl-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α / β -D-mannopyranose (S18).



A solution of **S17** (2.06 g, 5.19 mmol) in acetic anhydride/acetic acid/sulfuric acid (50:20:0.5, 35 mL) was stirred at 21 °C for 3 h, and then poured into ice-cold 1M K₂CO₃

solution (100 mL). The mixture was then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (~100 mL) and washed with water (2 x 80 mL), sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (1.95 g, 89%) as a white foam. α : β ratio = 9:1 (isolated yield); Analytical data for **S18**: α : β ratio = 9:1 (isolated yield); α -anomer: R_f = 0.45 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1.5/8.5, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = +1.8 (c = 1.9, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27-8.09 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 6.16 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.56 55 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.70 (dd, J^2 = 11.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.91 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-3), 3.64-3.73 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.58 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4), 2.13 (s, 3H, -OC-CH₃), 1.40 ppm (d, $J_{5,6}$ = 6.0 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 168.3, 165.3, 136.9, 133.5, 129.9, 129.3, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 91.1, 75.8, 71.6, 69.3, 66.7, 63.8, 20.9, 18.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₂H₂₃N₃O₆Na [M+Na]⁺: 448.1479, found: 448.1475; β -anomer: R_f = 0.40 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1.5/8.5, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = -50.2 (c = 1.2, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27-8.13 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 5.82 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-2), 5.77 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.66 (dd, J^2 = 11.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.68 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3), 3.53 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.34-3.44 (m, 1H, H-5), 2.03 (s, 3H, -OC-CH₃), 1.46 ppm (d, $J_{5,6}$ = 6.0 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 168.8, 165.8, 136.6, 133.4, 130.0, 129.5, 128.5 (x2), 128.3, 128.1, 91.2, 78.1, 72.1, 71.4, 66.8, 63.6, 20.8, 18.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₂H₂₃N₃O₆Na [M+Na]⁺: 448.1479, found: 448.1474.

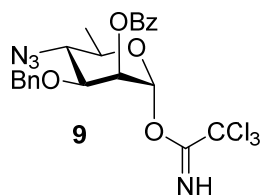
4-Azido-2-*O*-benzoyl-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α / β -D-mannopyranose (**S19**).



To a stirred solution of **S18** (2.20 g, 5.17 mmol) in DMF (7 mL) was added hydrazine acetate (0.572 g, 6.20 mmol) under argon atmosphere and stirred at 60 °C for 30 min. Then the mixture was cooled to 21 °C, diluted with ethyl acetate (100 mL), washed with water (2 x 80 mL) and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (1.83 g, 93%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **S19**: R_f = 0.30 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/4, v/v); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): α : β ratio = 5:1; δ 7.25-8.15 (m, 20H, H-Ar), 5.74 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-

2_β), 5.60 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.1$ Hz, 1H, H-2_α), 5.32 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.3$ Hz, 1H, H-1_α), 4.89 (s, 1H, H-1_β), 4.73 (dd, $J^2 = 11.4$ Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph_β), 4.70 (dd, $J^2 = 11.4$ Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph_α), 4.02 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 9.9$ Hz, 1H, H-3_α), 3.84-3.94 (m, 1H, H-5_α), 3.64 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 9.7$ Hz, 1H, H-3_β), 3.56 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.0$ Hz, 1H, H-4_α), 3.48 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 9.8$ Hz, 1H, H-4_β), 3.33 (m, 1H, H-5_β), 3.05 (br. s., 2H, -OH_α, -OH_β), 1.47 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6_β), 1.40 ppm (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.1$ Hz, 3H, H-6_α); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 166.3, 165.7, 137.2, 136.8, 133.6, 133.3, 130.0, 129.9, 129.6, 129.2, 128.5, 128.4 (x2), 128.3, 128.2, 128.0, 127.8, 93.2, 92.5, 78.5, 75.6, 71.5 (x2), 71.3, 69.2, 68.2, 67.1, 64.3, 63.7, 18.7 (x2) ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₀H₂₁N₃O₅Na [M+Na]⁺: 406.1373, found: 406.1374.

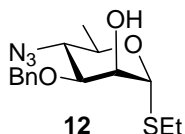
4-Azido-2-*O*-benzoyl-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (9).



To a stirred solution of **S19** (1.820 g, 4.75 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) containing CCl₃CN (9.50 mL, 95.0 mmol), DBU (140 μL, 0.95 mmol) was added at 21 °C under argon atmosphere. After 10 min, solvents were evaporated *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – hexane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (2.0 g, 80%) as off-white foam. Analytical data for **9**: $R_f = 0.60$ (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/4, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -10.8$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.70 (s, 1H, -C=NH), 7.28-8.12 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 6.31 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.8$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.67 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.5$ Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.70 (dd, $J^2 = 11.4$ Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.98 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 10.0$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 3.73-3.84 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.57-3.66 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.0$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.38-1.44 ppm (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.5$ Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 165.3, 159.8, 136.7, 133.5, 129.9, 129.3, 128.6 (x3), 128.5 (x2), 128.4, 128.1, 95.0, 90.7, 75.2, 71.6, 69.9, 66.4, 63.7, 18.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₂H₂₁Cl₃N₄O₅Na [M+Na]⁺: 549.0470, found: 549.0475.

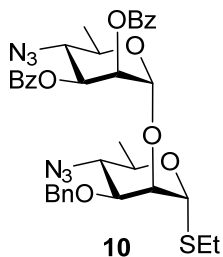
D. Synthesis of thiglycoside donors 10 & 11

Ethyl 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-1-thio- α -D-mannopyranoside (12**).**



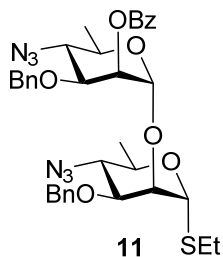
Analytical data for the title compound was essentially the same as previously described.⁴

Ethyl 4-azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-1-thio- α -D-mannopyranoside (10**).**



A mixture of glycosyl donor **7** (1.010 g, 1.87 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **12** (0.550 g, 1.70 mmol), and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 2.0 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was stirred under argon for 5 h at 21 °C. TMSOTf (67 μL, 0.374 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred for additional 1 h. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined filtrate (~100 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), water (50 mL), and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (1.073 g, 90%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **10**: *R*_f = 0.70 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1/9, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = -18.4 (*c* = 1.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.12-8.03 (m, 15H, H-Ar), 5.70 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 5.62 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.3 Hz, 1H, H-3^B), 5.24 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.98 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.67 (dd, *J*² = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.93-3.97 (m, 2H, H-2^A, H-5^B), 3.83-3.87 (m, 1H, H-5^A), 3.73 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.5 Hz, 1H, H-4^B), 3.70 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-3^A), 3.60 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.5 Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 2.54-2.67 (m, 2H, S-CH₂-), 1.44 (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6^B), 1.37 (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-6^A), 1.29 ppm (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H, S-CH₂-CH₃); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 165.2, 164.9, 137.4, 133.4, 133.3, 129.8 (x2), 129.5, 129.3, 128.5 (x2), 128.4, 128.1, 127.9, 99.4, 83.3, 78.4, 76.5, 72.4, 70.8, 69.5, 67.8, 67.6, 64.2, 63.5, 25.6, 18.6, 18.4, 14.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₅H₃₈N₆O₈SNa [M+Na]⁺: 725.2364, found: 725.2350.

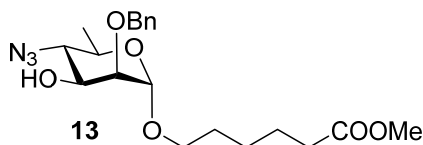
Ethyl 4-azido-2-*O*-benzoyl-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-1-thio- α -D-mannopyranoside (11**).**



A mixture of glycosyl donor **9** (1.980 g, 3.76 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **12** (1.106 g, 3.42 mmol), and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 4.0 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was stirred under argon for 5 h at 21 °C. TMSOTf (0.136 mL, 0.753 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred for additional 1 h. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 30 mL). The combined filtrate (~120 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), water (50 mL), and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (2.010 g, 85%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **11**: *R*_f = 0.50 (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1/9, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = +50.0 (*c* = 1.4, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.21-8.11 (m, 15H, H-Ar), 5.63 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 5.22 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.95 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.7 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.72 (dd, *J*² = 11.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.67 (dd, *J*² = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.91-3.97 (m, 2H, H-2^A, H-3^B), 3.81-3.90 (dq, 1H, *J*_{4,5} = 9.5 Hz, *J*_{5,6} = 6.0 Hz, H-5^A), 3.72-3.78 (dq, 1H, *J*_{4,5} = 10.0 Hz, *J*_{5,6} = 6.0 Hz, H-5^B), 3.70 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-3^A), 3.54 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^B), 3.39 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 2.50 - 2.69 (m, 2H, S-CH₂-), 1.37 (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6^B), 1.33 (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6^A), 1.28 ppm (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H, S-CH₂-CH₃); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 165.3, 137.3, 137.1, 133.3, 129.9, 129.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4 (x2), 128.2, 128.1, 127.9, 99.6, 83.3, 78.1, 76.6, 75.3, 72.3, 71.4, 67.7, 67.6, 64.4, 64.1, 25.6, 18.7, 18.5, 14.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₅H₄₀N₆O₇SNa [M+Na]⁺: 711.2571, found: 711.2570.

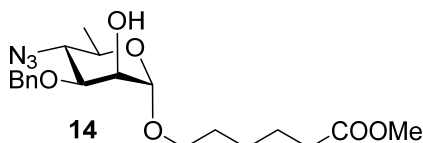
IV. SYNTHESIS OF OLIGOSACCHARIDES 1-6

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (**13**).



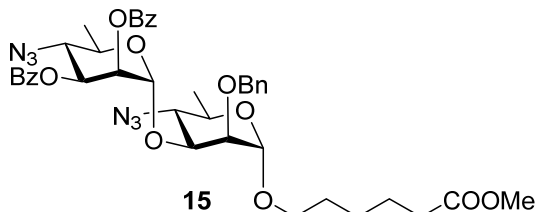
Analytical data for the title compound was essentially the same as previously described.^{3b}

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (**14**).



Analytical data for the title compound was essentially the same as previously described.⁵

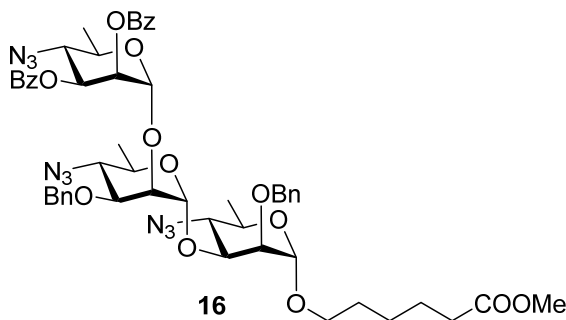
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1→3) 4-azido-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (**15**).



A mixture of glycosyl donor **7** (0.292 g, 0.540 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **13** (0.200 g, 0.491 mmol) and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 0.6 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (8 mL) was stirred under argon for 5 h at 21 °C. TMSOTf (20 μL, 0.108 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred for additional 1 h. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined filtrate (80 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (40 mL), water (30 mL), and brine (20 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.374 g, 97%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **15**: *R*_f = 0.40 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 0.5/9.5, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = -41.2 (c = 1.6, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.29-8.06 (m, 15H, H-Ar), 5.72 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 5.66 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.3 Hz, 1H, H-3^B), 5.29 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.82 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.73 (dd, *J*² = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.95 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.1 Hz, 1H, H-3^A), 3.88 (dq, *J* = 10.0, 6.1 Hz, 1H, H-5^B),

3.76 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.0$ Hz, 1H, H-4^B), 3.72 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.1$ Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.68 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.2$ Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 3.66 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.63 (dt, $J = 9.6, 6.7$ Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.52 (dq, $J = 10.2, 6.2$ Hz, 1H, H-5^A), 3.36 (dt, $J = 9.6, 6.5$ Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 2.31 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.61-1.66 (m, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.52 - 1.59 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.37 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$ Hz, 3H, H-6^B), 1.36 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$ Hz, 3H, H-6^A), 1.32-1.36 ppm (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 165.2, 165.1, 137.6, 133.5, 133.3, 129.8, 129.4, 129.3, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 127.9, 127.6, 99.2, 97.0, 78.6, 72.5, 70.7, 70.0, 67.7, 67.6 (x2), 64.7, 63.4, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.6, 18.6, 18.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₄₀H₄₆N₆O₁₁Na [M+Na]⁺: 809.3117, found: 809.3107.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4-azido-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (16).



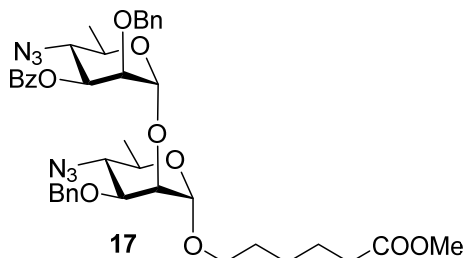
MeOTf-promoted glycosylation. A mixture of glycosyl donor **10** (0.151 g, 0.216 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **13** (0.080 g, 0.196 mmol) and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 0.5 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) was stirred under argon for 5 h at 21 °C. MeOTf (133 μL, 1.17 mmol) was added and continued stirring for additional 48 h. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined filtrate (70 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (40 mL), water (30 mL), and brine (20 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.182 g, 89%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **16**: $R_f = 0.40$ (ethyl acetate/toluene, 0.5/9.5, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -27.7$ (c = 2.4, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.06-8.01 (m, 20H, H-Ar), 5.71 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.3$ Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 5.58 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 10.4$ Hz, 1H, H-3^C), 5.07 (s, 2H, H-1^B, H-1^C), 4.78 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.5$ Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.65 (dd, $J^2 = 12.0$ Hz, 4H, CH₂Ph), 4.17 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.5$ Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 3.86-3.92 (m, 2H, H-3^A, H-5^C), 3.77 - 3.81 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 10.0$ Hz, 1H, H-3^B), 3.72 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.1$ Hz, 1H, H-4^C), 3.68 (s, 3H, -

OCH₃), 3.66 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.8$ Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.55 - 3.64 (m, 4H, H-4^A, H-4^B, H-5^B, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.46-3.54 (dq, $J = 10.5, 6.0$ Hz, 1H, H-5^A), 3.36 (dt, $J = 9.7, 6.5$ Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 2.33 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.65 (quin, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.57 (quin, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.46 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6^C). 1.35-1.39 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.34 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.5$ Hz, 3H, H-6^B), 1.32 ppm (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6^A); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 165.2, 164.9, 137.6, 137.4, 133.4, 133.2, 129.8, 129.7, 129.5, 129.3, 128.5 (x2), 128.4, 128.2, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 101.0, 99.2, 97.0, 78.2, 77.8, 73.4, 72.6, 72.1, 70.9, 69.3, 68.2, 67.7, 67.3, 64.9, 63.7, 63.4, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.6, 18.6 (x2), 18.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₅₃H₆₁N₉O₁₄Na [M+Na]⁺: 1070.4230, found: 1070.4209.

NIS/AgOTf-promoted glycosylation. A mixture the glycosyl donor **10** (0.184 g, 0.262 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **13** (0.097 g, 0.238 mmol), and freshly activated molecular sieves (3Å, 500 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) was stirred under argon for 3 h. NIS (0.118 g, 0.524 mmol), followed by AgOTf (0.030 g, 0.119 mmol), was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at 21 °C. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined filtrate was washed with 20% aq. Na₂S₂O₃ (30 mL) and water (3 x 20 mL), the organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate - toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound **16** (0.180 g, 82%) as a white foam and the corresponding β -anomer (0.030 g, 12%). Analytical data for **16 β** : $R_f = 0.30$ (ethyl acetate/toluene, 0.5/9.5, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -24.1$ ($c = 1.4$, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.10-8.00 (m, 20H, H-Ar), 5.79 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.3$ Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 5.68 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 10.2$ Hz, 1H, H-3^C), 5.22 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.5$ Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.78 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.8$ Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.67 (dd, $J^2 = 12.0$ Hz, 4H, CH₂Ph), 4.40 (dq, $J = 10.2, 6.0$ Hz, 1H, H-5^C), 4.21 (s, 1H, H-1^B), 3.97-4.00 (m, 2H, H-2^B, H-3^A), 3.71 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.2$ Hz, 1H, H-4^C), 3.67 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.59-3.63 (m, 2H, H-2^A, H-5^A), 3.58 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 9.8$ Hz, 1H, H-4^B), 3.52 (dt, $J = 10.6, 6.6$ Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.37 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 9.6$ Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 3.36 (dt, $J = 9.6, 6.5$ Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.25 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 9.8$ Hz, 1H, H-3^B), 3.08 (dq, $J = 9.8, 6.1$ Hz, 1H, H-5^B), 2.31 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.64 (quin, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.53-1.58 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.44 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$ Hz, 3H, H-6^C), 1.42 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.3$ Hz, 3H, H-6^B), 1.35 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$ Hz, 3H, H-6^A), 1.30-1.35 ppm (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 165.2, 164.9, 137.7, 137.1, 133.2, 133.0, 129.8, 129.7 (x2), 129.6, 128.5, 128.4 (x2), 128.3 (x2), 128.0, 127.9, 127.7, 98.5, 97.3, 96.4, 80.7, 75.5, 73.0, 72.7, 72.4, 72.3, 71.4, 71.2, 69.6, 67.5, 67.2, 67.1, 63.9, 63.6, 62.9, 51.5,

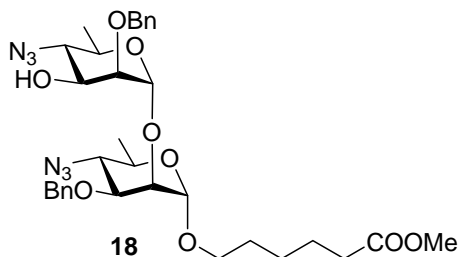
33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.7, 18.6, 18.4 (x2) ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{53}H_{61}N_9O_{14}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 1070.4230, found: 1070.4233.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-3-*O*-benzoyl-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (17).



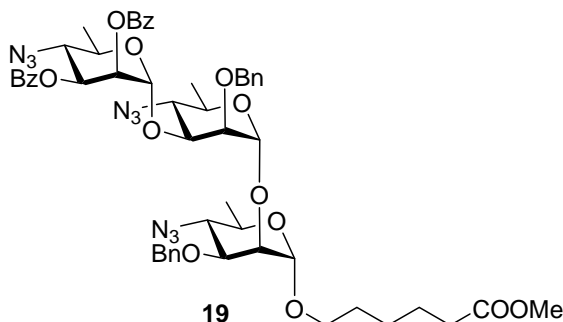
A mixture of glycosyl donor **8** (0.168 g, 0.318 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **14** (0.118 g, 0.289 mmol) and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 0.350 g) in PhMe (3 mL) was stirred under argon for 2 h at 21 °C. Then it was heated to 95 °C and TMSOTf (12 µL, 0.064 mmol) was added, stirred for additional 1 h. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 30 mL). The combined filtrate (100 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), water (30 mL), and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.203 g, 91%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **17**: R_f = 0.40 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 0.5/9.5, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = -4.4 (c = 1.2, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.00-8.06 (m, 15H, H-Ar), 5.30 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-3^B), 5.07 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.7 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.70 (dd, J^2 = 11.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.70 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.22 (dd, J^2 = 12.1 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.98-4.03 (m, 2H, H-2^A, H-2^B), 3.70-3.82 (m, 3H, H-3^A, H-5^A, H-4^B), 3.69 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.63 (dt, J = 9.7, 6.7 Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.45-3.55 (m, 2H, H-4^A, H-5^B), 3.39 (dt, J = 9.7, 6.4 Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 2.34 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.67 (quin, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.56-1.63 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.39 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 3H, H-6^A), 1.36-1.42 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.34 ppm (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 3H, H-6^B); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 165.4, 137.4, 137.3, 133.2, 129.8, 129.5, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 128.1, 127.8, 127.6, 99.1, 98.8, 78.6, 74.4, 73.3, 72.8, 72.6, 72.5, 67.6, 67.4, 67.3, 64.3, 63.1, 51.5, 33.9, 29.1, 25.7, 24.7, 18.5 (x2) ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{40}H_{48}N_6O_{10}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 795.3324, found: 795.3314.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (18**).**



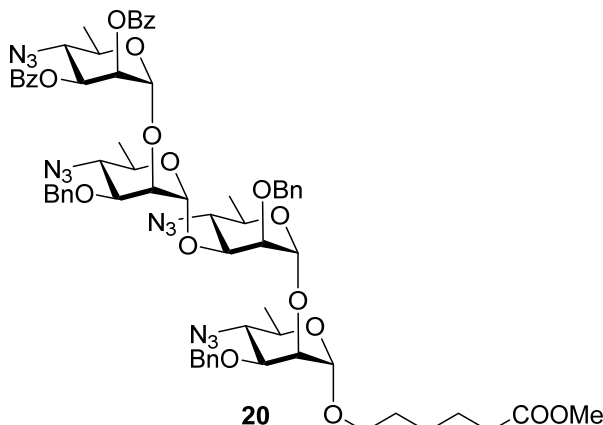
Sodium methoxide (~0.5 mL, 0.5 M solution) was added to a solution of **17** (0.910 g, 1.178 mmol) in CH₃OH (20 mL) until pH ~9 and the resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 4 h at 21 °C. After that, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Amberlite IR 120 (H⁺) ion exchange resin, the resin was filtered off and rinsed successively with CH₃OH. The combined filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.755 g, 96%) as oil. Analytical data for **18**: *R*_f = 0.50 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1/9, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = +43.2 (c = 1.2, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.11-7.41 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 5.11(d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.66 (dd, *J*² = 11.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.65 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.18 (dd, *J*² = 11.7 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.99 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.83 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.5 Hz, 1H, H-3^B), 3.76 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-3^A), 3.68 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.67 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 3.61 (dq, *J* = 9.7, 6.7 Hz, 1H, H-5^A), 3.56 (dq, *J* = 10.1, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H-5^B), 3.47 (dt, *J* = 10.0, 6.1 Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.37 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 3.36 (dt, *J* = 9.6, 6.5 Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.23 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^B), 2.33 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 2.29 (d, *J*_{3,-OH} = 10.4 Hz, 1H, -OH^B), 1.62-1.69 (m, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.55-1.62 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.33-1.41 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.30 (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.5 Hz, 3H, H-6^A), 1.29 ppm (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6^B); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 137.3, 137.1, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 128.1, 128.0, 98.8, 97.9, 78.5, 76.5, 72.9, 72.6, 72.1, 69.8, 67.5, 67.2, 67.1, 66.4, 64.6, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.7, 18.5, 18.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₃H₄₄N₆O₉Na [M+Na]⁺: 691.3062, found: 691.3054.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4-azido-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (19).



A mixture of glycosyl donor **7** (0.124 g, 0.230 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **18** (0.140 g, 0.210 mmol) and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 0.5 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) was stirred under argon for 5 h at 21 °C. TMSOTf (8 μL, 0.046 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred for additional 1 h. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined filtrate (80 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), water (30 mL), and brine (20 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.210 g, 96%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **19**: *R*_f = 0.40 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 0.5/9.5, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = -29.0 (c = 1.2, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.22-8.07 (m, 20H, H-Ar), 5.70 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 5.59 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-3^C), 5.26 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 5.10 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.67 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.65 (dd, *J*² = 11.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.35 (dd, *J*² = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 3.98 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.96 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-3^B), 3.76 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-3^A), 3.73 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^C), 3.69-3.72 (m, 2H, H-2^B, H-5^C), 3.68 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.67 (dd, *J*_{4,5} = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^B), 3.57-3.64 (m, 2H, H-5^A, H-5^B), 3.47 (dt, *J* = 10.0, 6.1 Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.31-3.40 (m, 2H, H-4^A, -O-CH_{2b}-), 2.33 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.63-1.69 (m, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.55-1.61 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.34-1.40 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.35 (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.0 Hz, 3H, H-6^C), 1.29 (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.0 Hz, 3H, H-6^A), 1.28 ppm (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.0 Hz, 3H, H-6^B); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 165.2, 165.0, 137.4, 137.3, 133.4, 133.2, 129.8 (x2), 129.4, 129.3, 128.6, 128.5 (x2), 128.3, 128.2, 128.1, 127.8, 127.6, 99.1, 98.8, 98.4, 78.4, 77.6, 76.1, 73.4, 72.4, 71.8, 70.7, 69.8, 68.2, 67.7, 67.5, 67.1, 64.7, 64.5, 63.3, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.7, 18.6 (x2), 18.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₅₃H₆₁N₉O₁₄Na [M+Na]⁺: 1070.4230, found: 1070.4249.

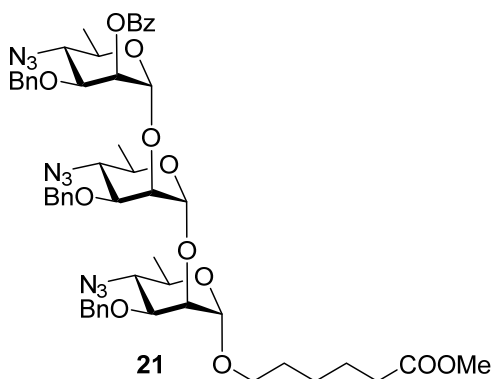
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4-azido-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (20).



A mixture of glycosyl donor **10** (0.208 g, 0.296 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **18** (0.180 g, 0.269 mmol) and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 0.5 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) was stirred under argon for 4 h at 21 °C. MeOTf (213 μL, 1.88 mmol) was added and continued stirring for additional 48 h. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined filtrate (70 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (40 mL), water (30 mL), and brine (20 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.321 g, 91%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **20**: R_f = 0.30 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 0.5/9.5, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = -17.9 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.05-8.00 (m, 25H, H-Ar), 5.71 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^D), 5.58 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.3 Hz, 1H, H-3^D), 5.09 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 5.07 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 5.04 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-1^D), 4.69 (dd, *J*² = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.68 (s, 1H, H-1^A), 4.60 (dd, *J*² = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.22 (dd, *J*² = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.11 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 3.99 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.9 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.88-3.94 (m, 2H, H-3^B, H-5^D), 3.76 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-3^A), 3.70-3.74 (m, 2H, H-3^C, H-4^D), 3.69 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.66 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 3.63 (dt, *J* = 9.6, 6.7 Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.54-3.60 (m, 3H, H-4^B, H-4^C, H-5^B), 3.42-3.52 (m, 2H, H-5^A, H-5^C), 3.33-3.41 (m, 2H, H-4^A, -O-CH_{2b}-), 2.34 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.67 (quin, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.55-1.62 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.46 (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6^D), 1.35-1.41 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.31-1.35 (m, 6H, H-6^A, H-6^B), 1.26 ppm (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6^C);

^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 174.0, 165.2, 164.8, 137.5, 137.4, 137.3, 133.3, 133.2, 129.8, 129.7, 129.5, 129.3, 128.5 (x2), 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 128.0, 127.8 (x2), 127.7, 127.6, 100.8, 99.2, 98.8, 98.3, 78.4, 77.9, 77.4, 76.4, 73.7, 73.2, 72.5, 72.1, 71.9, 70.9, 69.3, 68.1, 67.9, 67.7, 67.5, 67.2, 64.6, 63.6, 63.4, 51.5, 33.9, 29.1, 25.7, 24.7, 18.6 (x2), 18.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{66}\text{H}_{76}\text{N}_{12}\text{O}_{17}\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 1331.5344, found: 1331.5341.

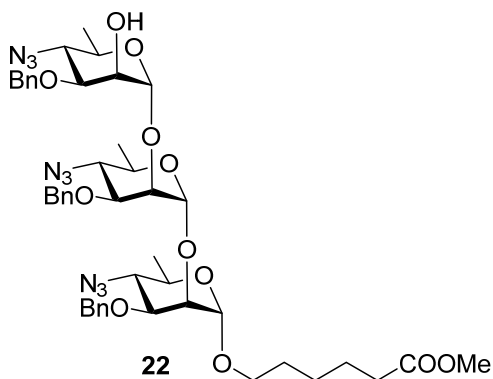
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-2-O-benzoyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (21).



A mixture of glycosyl donor **11** (0.743 g, 1.08 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **14** (0.400 g, 0.982 mmol) and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 1.5 g) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was stirred under argon for 4 h at 21 °C. MeOTf (0.890 mL, 7.86 mmol) was added and continued stirring for additional 48 h. After that, Et_3N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 30 mL). The combined filtrate (100 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO_3 (40 mL), water (30 mL), and brine (20 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO_4 , and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.865 g, 85%) as oil. Analytical data for **21**: R_f = 0.50 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 0.5/9.5, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = +36.7 (c = 1.3, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.15–8.11 (m, 20H, H-Ar), 5.61 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 4.99 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.90 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.72 (dd, J^2 = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.64 (s, 1H, H-1^A), 4.57–4.74 (m, 4H, 2 x CH_2Ph), 3.87–3.90 (m, 2H, H-2^B, H-3^C), 3.83 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.75 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-3^B), 3.71 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-3^A), 3.70 (s, 3H, - OCH_3), 3.52–3.64 (m, 3H, H-5^B, H-5^C, - O-CH_{2a}), 3.48 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^C), 3.41–3.46 (m, 1H, H-5^A), 3.37 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^B), 3.33–3.38 (m, 1H, - O-CH_{2b}), 3.23 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 2.34 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, - CH_{2f}), 1.63–1.70 (m, 2H, - CH_{2e}),

1.54-1.61 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2c}$), 1.32-1.40 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2d}$), 1.30 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$ Hz, 6H, H-6^B, H-6^C), 1.25 ppm (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$ Hz, 3H, H-6^A); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 165.3, 137.4, 137.3, 137.2, 133.3, 129.9, 129.8, 128.5 (x3), 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0 (x2), 127.9, 100.4, 99.2, 98.7, 77.6, 76.7, 75.4, 74.2, 74.1, 72.2, 72.1, 71.4, 67.7 (x2), 67.5, 67.1, 64.4, 64.1 (x2), 51.5, 33.9, 29.1, 25.7, 24.7, 18.7, 18.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₅₃H₆₃N₉O₁₃Na [M+Na]⁺: 1056.4438, found: 1056.4436.

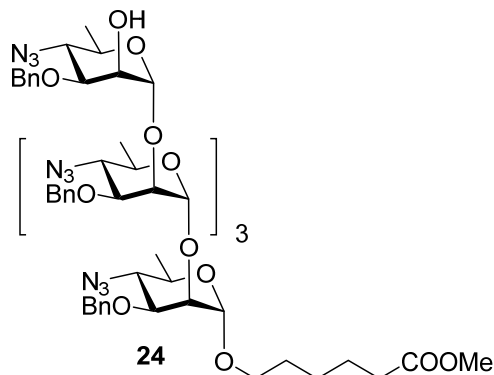
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranoside (22).



Sodium methoxide (0.7 mL, 0.5 M solution) was added to a solution of **21** (0.855 g, 0.827 mmol) in CH₃OH (10 mL) until pH ~9 and the resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 4 h at 21 °C. After that, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Amberlite IR 120 (H⁺) ion exchange resin, the resin was filtered off and rinsed successively with CH₃OH. The combined filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.720 g, 94%) as oil. Analytical data for **22**: $R_f = 0.30$ (ethyl acetate/toluene, 0.5/9.5, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21} = +94.4$ (c = 1.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.29-7.45 (m, 15H, H-Ar), 4.95 (br. s., 2H, H-1^B, H-1^C), 4.63 (d, $J_{1,2} = 2.0$ Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.58-4.73 (m, 6H, 3 x CH₂Ph), 4.01 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.2$ Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 3.95 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 3.82 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.5$ Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.71-3.76 (m, 6H, H-3^A H-3^B H-3^C), 3.70 (s, 3H, $-OCH_3$), 3.50-3.63 (m, 3H, H-5^B, H-5^C, $-O-CH_{2a-}$), 3.39-3.47 (m, 1H, H-5^A), 3.42 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.0$ Hz, 1H, H-4^C), 3.31-3.39 (m, 2H, H-4^B, $-O-CH_{2b-}$), 3.23 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 9.9$ Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 2.34 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H, $-CH_{2f-}$), 2.30 (br. s., 1H, $-OH^C$), 1.63-1.70 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2e-}$), 1.52-1.60 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2c-}$), 1.32-1.41 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2d-}$), 1.28-1.31 (m, 6H, H-6^B, H-6^C), 1.21 ppm (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6^A); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz,

H-5^C), 3.35 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 10.0$ Hz, 1H, H-4^D), 3.30-3.34 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.16-3.24 (m, 3H, H-4^A, H-4^B, H-4^C), 2.32 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.61-1.67 (m, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.50-1.59 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.29-1.37 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.23-1.29 (m, 9H, H-6^B, H-6^C, H-6^D), 1.19 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6^E), 1.15 ppm (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6^A); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 173.9, 165.3, 137.4, 137.3, 137.1 (x2), 133.3, 129.9, 129.8, 128.7, 128.6 (x3), 128.5 (x2), 128.4 (x2), 128.3 (x3), 128.2 (x2), 128.1 (x3), 127.9 (x2), 100.4, 100.2, 100.1, 99.2, 98.6, 77.4, 76.6, 75.3, 74.1, 74.0, 73.6, 72.2 (x2), 72.1 (x2), 71.3, 67.8 (x2), 67.7 (x2), 67.5, 67.1, 64.4, 64.3, 64.2, 64.1 (x2), 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.7, 18.6, 18.5 (x2) ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₇₉H₉₃N₁₅O₁₉Na [M+Na]⁺: 1578.6664, found: 1578.6667.

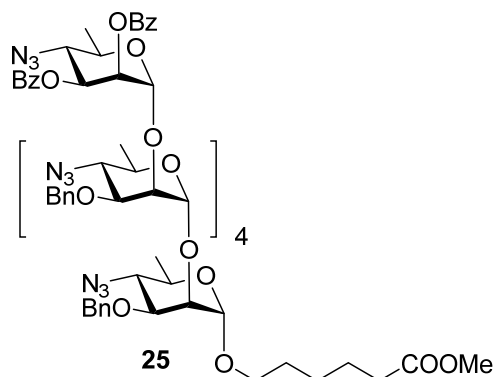
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranoside (24).



Sodium methoxide (0.8 mL, 0.5 M solution) was added to a solution of **23** (0.450 g, 0.289 mmol) in CH₃OH (10 mL) until pH ~9 and the resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 4 h at 21 °C. After that, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Amberlite IR 120 (H⁺) ion exchange resin, the resin was filtered off and rinsed successively with CH₃OH. The combined filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.395 g, 94%) as oil. Analytical data for **24**: $R_f = 0.40$ (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1/9, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21} = +81.2$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.28-7.41 (m, 25H, H-Ar), 4.97 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.1$ Hz, 1H, H-1^E), 4.96 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.5$ Hz, 1H, H-1^D), 4.87 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.3$ Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.85 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.3$ Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.58-4.76 (m, 11H, H-1^A, 5 x CH₂Ph), 4.00 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.5$ Hz, 1H, H-2^E), 3.93 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.5$ Hz, 1H, H-2^D), 3.83 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.5$ Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 3.80 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.5$ Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 3.76 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.0$ Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.63-3.73 (m, 8H, H-3^A, H-3^B, H-3^C, H-3^D, H-3^E, -

OCH₃), 3.51-3.59 (m, 2H, H-5^D, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.37-3.51 (m, 5H, H-5^A, H-5^B, H-5^C, H-5^E, H-4^E), 3.29-3.34 (m, 2H, H-4^D, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.16-3.24 (m, 3H, H-4^A, H-4^B, H-4^C), 2.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 2.28 (d, *J*_{2,-OH} = 1.8 Hz, 1H, -OH^E), 1.60-1.67 (m, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.51-1.58 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.30-1.38 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.14-1.26 ppm (m, 15H, H-6^A, H-6^B, H-6^C, H-6^D, H-6^E); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 137.3 (x2), 137.2, 137.1 (x2), 128.6 (x4), 128.4 (x2), 128.3 (x3), 128.2 (x2), 128.1 (x2), 100.5, 100.4, 100.2 (x2), 98.6, 77.7, 77.4, 76.6, 76.5, 74.0, 73.6, 73.5, 73.3, 72.2 (x2), 72.1 (x2), 67.8, 67.7, 67.5, 67.3, 67.1 (x2), 64.4, 64.2, 63.8, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.7, 18.6 (x2), 18.5 (x2), 18.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₇₂H₈₉N₁₅O₁₈Na [M+Na]⁺: 1474.6402, found: 1474.6406.

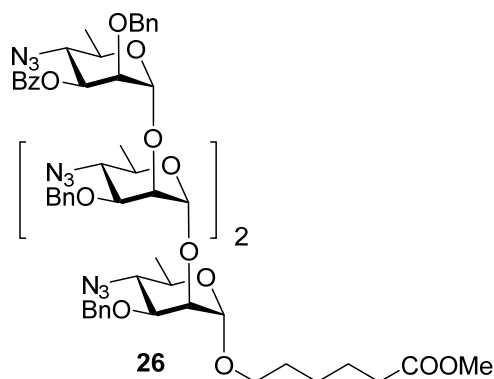
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy-α-D-mannopyranoside (25).



A mixture of glycosyl donor **7** (0.158 g, 0.292 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **24** (0.386 g, 0.266 mmol) and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 0.5 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was stirred under argon for 5 h at 21 °C. TMSOTf (11 μL, 0.058 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred for additional 1 h. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined filtrate (80 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), water (30 mL), and brine (20 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.487 g, 90%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **25**: *R*_f = 0.70 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1/9, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = +31.7 (*c* = 1.4, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ

7.13-8.03 (m, 35H, H-Ar), 5.70 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.3$ Hz, 1H, H-2^F), 5.59 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 10.2$ Hz, 1H, H-3^F), 5.02-5.03 (m, 2H, H-1^E, H-1^F), 4.90 (dd, $J_{1,2} = 1.8$ Hz, 1H, H-1^D), 4.88 (dd, $J_{1,2} = 1.8$ Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.86 (dd, $J_{1,2} = 1.8$ Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.61-4.76 (m, 10H, 5 x CH₂Ph), 4.60 (dd, $J_{1,2} = 1.8$ Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 3.94 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, H-2^E), 3.91 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, H-2^D), 3.83 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 3.81 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 3.77-3.80 (m, 1H, H-5^F), 3.77 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.74 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 10.2$ Hz, 1H, H-3^E), 3.65-3.71 (m, 8H, H-3^A, H-3^B, H-3^C, H-3^D, H-4^F, -OCH₃), 3.55-3.59 (m, 2H, H-4^E, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.38-3.53 (m, 5H, H-5^A, H-5^B, H-5^C, H-5^D, H-5^E), 3.32 (dt, $J = 9.6, 6.4$ Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.16-3.27 (m, 4H, H-4^A, H-4^B, H-4^C, H-4^D), 2.32 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.62-1.67 (m, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.52-1.58 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.32-1.36 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.14-1.31 ppm (m, 18H, H-6^A, H-6^B, H-6^C, H-6^D, H-6^E, H-6^F); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 165.2, 164.9, 137.4, 137.3, 137.1 (x3), 133.4, 133.2, 129.8, 129.7, 129.5, 129.3, 129.0, 128.7, 128.6 (x3), 128.5 (x2), 128.4 (x3), 128.3 (x2), 128.2, 128.1 (x2), 127.9 (x3), 100.4, 100.3, 100.1, 100.0, 98.9, 98.6, 77.4, 77.1, 76.6, 76.5, 74.0, 73.8, 73.6, 73.5, 73.0, 72.3 (x2), 72.2 (x2), 72.1, 70.9, 69.4, 68.1, 67.9, 67.8 (x2), 67.6, 67.5, 67.1, 64.4, 64.3, 64.2 (x2), 63.9, 63.4, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.7, 18.6 (x2), 18.5 (x2), 18.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₉₂H₁₀₆N₁₈O₂₃Na [M+Na]⁺: 1853.7570, found: 1853.7550.

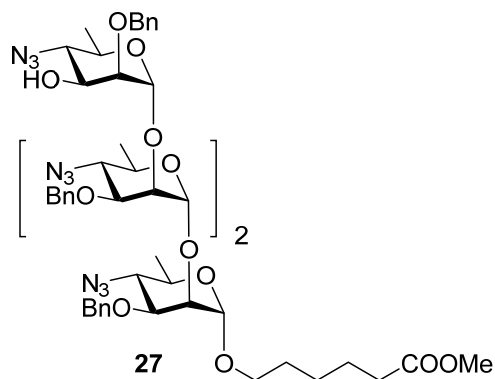
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-3-*O*-benzoyl-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (26).



A mixture of glycosyl donor **8** (0.228 g, 0.433 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **22** (0.366 g, 0.394 mmol) and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 0.500 g) in PhMe (10 mL) was stirred under argon for 2 h at 21 °C. Then it was heated to 95 °C and TMSOTf (16 μL, 0.087 mmol) was added, stirred for additional 1 h. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was

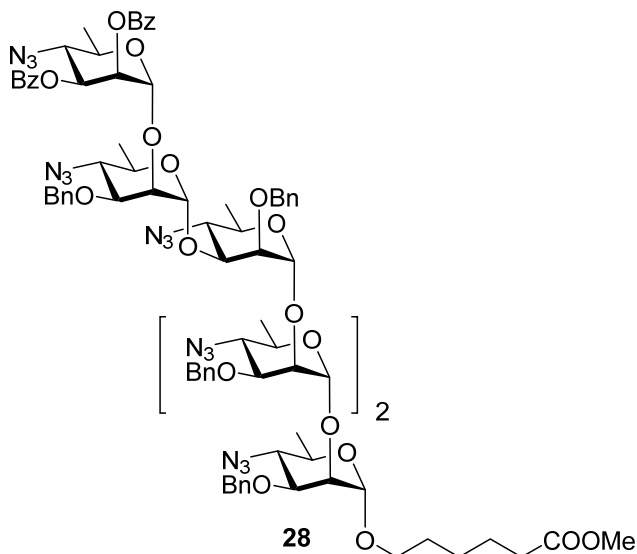
filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 30 mL). The combined filtrate (100 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO_3 (50 mL), water (30 mL), and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO_4 , and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.444 g, 87%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **26**: R_f = 0.50 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 0.5/9.5, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = +42.1 (c = 1.0, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.03-8.05 (m, 25H, H-Ar), 5.29 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 10.3 Hz, 1H, H-3^D), 5.07 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-1^D), 4.96 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.91 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.60-4.73 (m, 7H, H-1^A, 3 x CH_2Ph), 4.21 (dd, J^2 = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.05 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 4.00 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^D), 3.90 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 3.80 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.76 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.2 Hz, 1H, H-4^D), 3.68-3.73 (m, 6H, H-3^A, H-3^B, H-3^C, - OCH_3), 3.56-3.63 (m, 2H, H-5^D, - O-CH_{2a}), 3.39-3.54 (m, 4H, H-4^C, H-5^A, H-5^B, H-5^C), 3.31-3.35 (m, 2H, H-4^B, - O-CH_{2b}), 3.21 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 2.32 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, - CH_{2f}), 1.62-1.67 (m, 2H, - CH_{2e}), 1.53-1.58 (m, 2H, - CH_{2c}), 1.31-1.36 (m, 2H, - CH_{2d}), 1.22-1.29 ppm (m, 12H, H-6^A, H-6^B, H-6^C, H-6^D); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 174.0, 165.4, 137.4, 137.3 (x2), 137.1, 133.3, 129.8, 129.5, 128.7, 128.6 (x2), 128.4, 128.3 (x2), 128.2 (x2), 128.1, 127.8, 127.6, 100.6, 100.1, 98.8, 98.6, 77.9, 77.4, 76.9, 74.4, 74.2, 72.9, 72.8, 72.7, 72.6, 72.5, 72.3, 72.2, 68.1, 67.8, 67.7, 67.5, 67.1, 64.4, 64.2, 64.1, 63.1, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.6, 18.6 (x2), 18.4, 18.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{66}\text{H}_{78}\text{N}_{12}\text{O}_{16}\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 1317.5551, found: 1317.5549.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-2-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (27).



Sodium methoxide (0.8 mL, 0.5 M solution) was added to a solution of **26** (0.434 g, 0.335 mmol) in CH₃OH (10 mL) until pH ~9 and the resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 4 h at 21 °C. After that, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Amberlite IR 120 (H⁺) ion exchange resin; the resin was filtered off and rinsed successively with CH₃OH. The combined filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.356 g, 89%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **27**: *R_f* = 0.50 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1/9, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = +65.6 (c = 1.3, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.13-7.42 (m, 20H, H-Ar), 5.10 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 0.9 Hz, 1H, H-1^D), 4.93 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.7 Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.90 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.59-4.75 (m, 7H, H-1^A, 3 x CH₂Ph), 4.23 (dd, *J*² = 11.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.04 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 3.88 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 3.83 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-3^D), 3.79 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.72 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^D), 3.65-3.70 (m, 6H, H-3^A, H-3^B, H-3^C, -OCH₃), 3.49-3.61 (m, 2H, H-5^C, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.43 (m, 3H, H-5^A, H-5^B, H-5^D), 3.35-3.39 (m, 1H, H-4^C), 3.29-3.35 (m, 2H, H-4^D, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.22 (m, 2H, H-4^A, H-4^B), 2.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 2.31 (br. s, 1H, -OH^D), 1.61-1.68 (m, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.51-1.58 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.30-1.38 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.19-1.29 ppm (m, 12H, H-6^A, H-6^B, H-6^C, H-6^D); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 137.3 (x2), 137.2, 137.1, 128.7, 128.6 (x2), 128.4, 128.3 (x2), 128.2, 128.1 (x2), 100.5, 100.2, 98.6, 97.8, 77.8, 77.5, 76.9, 76.5, 74.1, 73.1, 72.7, 72.5, 72.3, 72.2, 70.0, 67.9, 67.8, 67.5, 67.3, 67.1, 66.5, 64.5, 64.4, 64.3, 51.5, 33.9, 29.1, 25.7, 24.7, 18.7, 18.6, 18.4, 18.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₅₉H₇₄N₁₂O₁₅Na [M+Na]⁺: 1213.5289, found: 1213.5284.

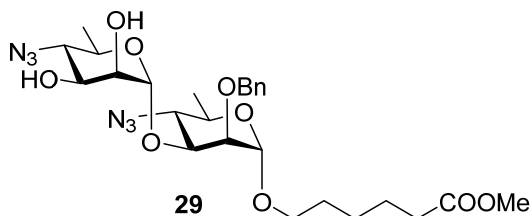
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4-azido-2-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (28).



A mixture of glycosyl donor **10** (0.220 g, 0.313 mmol), glycosyl acceptor **27** (0.339 g, 0.285 mmol) and freshly activated molecular sieves (3 Å, 0.5 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was stirred under argon for 4 h at 21 °C. MeOTf (260 μL, 2.28 mmol) was added and continued stirring for additional 48 h. After that, Et₃N (1 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the residue was rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 30 mL). The combined filtrate (100 mL) was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (40 mL), water (40 mL), and brine (20 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.479 g, 92%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **28**: *R*_f = 0.60 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 0.5/9.5, v/v); [α]_D²¹ = +15.3 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.06-8.00 (m, 35H, H-Ar), 5.71 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^F), 5.58 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 10.3 Hz, 1H, H-3^F), 5.09 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-1^E), 5.05-5.07 (m, 2H, H-1^D, H-1^F), 4.95 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.90 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.7 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.58-4.71 (m, 9H, H-1^A, 4 x CH₂Ph), 4.25 (dd, *J*² = 11.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.12 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.1 Hz, 1H, H-2^E), 4.02 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 3.86-3.93 (m, 3H, H-2^B, H-3^D, H-5^F), 3.79 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.68-3.74 (m, 8H, H-3^A, H-3^B, H-3^C, H-3^E, H-4^F, -OCH₃), 3.65 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^D), 3.54-3.59 (m, 3H, H-4^D, H-4^E, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.39-3.53 (m, 5H, H-5^A, H-5^B, H-5^C, H-5^D, H-5^E), 3.29-3.36 (m,

3H, H-4^B, H-4^C, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.21 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 2.32 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.61-1.66 (m, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.53-1.57 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.44 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-6^F), 1.31-1.38 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.20-1.29 ppm (m, 15H, H-6^A, H-6^B, H-6^C, H-6^D, H-6^E); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 165.2, 164.9, 137.5, 137.4, 137.3, 137.2, 137.1, 133.4, 133.3, 129.8 (x2), 129.5, 129.4, 129.0, 128.7, 128.6 (x2), 128.5 (x3), 128.4 (x2), 128.3 (x2), 128.2 (x2), 128.1, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 100.9, 100.5, 100.2, 99.2, 98.6, 98.2, 77.9, 77.7, 77.5, 76.9, 76.4, 74.1, 73.6, 73.1, 72.9, 72.5, 72.4, 72.2 (x2), 72.0, 71.0, 69.4, 68.2, 68.1, 67.9, 67.8, 67.7, 67.5, 67.1, 64.7, 64.5, 64.4, 64.3, 63.6, 63.5, 51.5, 33.9, 29.1, 25.7, 24.7, 18.6 (x3), 18.5 (x2), 18.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₉₂H₁₁₀N₁₉O₂₃ [M+NH₄]⁺: 1848.8016, found: 1848.8005.

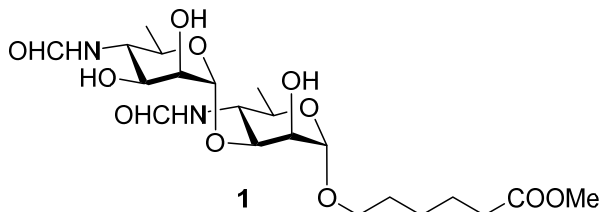
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4-azido-2-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (29).



Sodium methoxide (0.2 mL, 0.5 M solution) was added to a solution of **15** (0.350 g, 0.445 mmol) in CH₃OH (5 mL) until pH ~9 and the resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 4 h at 21 °C. After that, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Amberlite IR 120 (H⁺) ion exchange resin, the resin was filtered off and rinsed successively with CH₃OH. The combined filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.221 g, 86%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **29**: R_f = 0.50 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 0.5/9.5, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = +73.4 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.28-7.41 (m, 5H, H-Ar), 5.07 (s, 1H, H-1^B), 4.78 (s, 1H, H-1^A), 4.63 (dd, J^2 = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.05 (br. s., 1H, H-2^B), 3.83-3.92 (m, 2H, H-3^A, H-3^B), 3.63-3.71 (m, 5H, H-2^A, H-5^B, -OCH₃), 3.59-3.62 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.56 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 3.48 (dq, J = 12.0, 6.4 Hz, 1H, H-5^A), 3.33-3.39 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.31 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^B), 2.64 (br. s., 2H, 2 x -OH^B), 2.31 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.64 (quin, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.56 (quin, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.31-1.38 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.32 (d, $J_{5,6}$ = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6^A), 1.27 ppm (d, $J_{5,6}$ = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6^B); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.1, 137.6, 128.5, 127.9, 127.6, 101.5, 96.9, 78.3, 76.9,

72.4, 70.3, 70.2, 67.7, 67.5, 67.3, 65.7, 64.7, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.6, 18.5, 18.3 ppm;
HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{26}H_{38}N_6O_9Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 601.2592, found: 601.2581.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside (1).



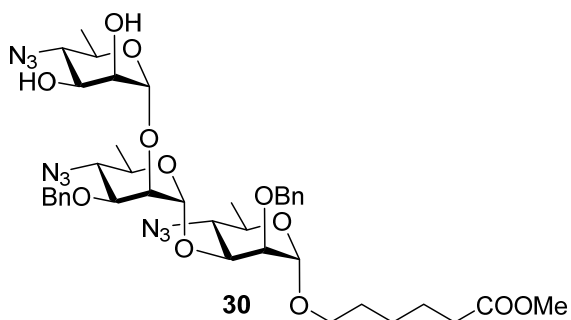
To a stirred solution of **29** (0.150 g, 0.259 mmol), in pyridine (5 mL) and water (2 mL) mixture, H_2S was bubbled for 0.5 h at 40 °C, and continued stirring for 16 h. After that, argon was bubbled for 10 min, solvents were removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with toluene (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The high resolution mass spectrometry analysis showed completion of reaction to corresponding amine compound **29a** and no products arising from incomplete reduction. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{26}H_{43}N_2O_9$ $[M+H]^+$: 527.2963; found: 527.2964. This crude material was directly used for formylation.

Compound **29a** in CH_3OH (5 mL) at -20 °C was added a freshly prepared formic anhydride⁶ (5 mL, ethereal solution) and stirred for 3 h, then slowly allowed to warm to 21 °C. After that, solvents were evaporated and the residue was passed through column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford disaccharide **29b**. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{28}H_{42}N_2NaO_{11}$ $[M+Na]^+$: 605.2681; found: 605.2675.

Compound **29b** was dissolved in CH_3OH/H_2O (2:1, 6 mL), $Pd(OH)_2$ on carbon (20%, 0.050 g) was added. Then it was stirred under a pressure of hydrogen gas at 21 °C for 16 h. After filtration through celite pad and washed with CH_3OH (3 x 10 mL), and solvents were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.075 g, 59%, over 3 steps) as a white foam. Analytical data for **1**: R_f = 0.20 (CH_3OH/CH_2Cl_2 , 1.5/8.5, v/v); 1H NMR (700 MHz, D_2O): δ 8.21 ((d, J = 15.4 Hz) and 8.03 (d, J = 13.3 Hz), 2H, $NCHO$), 4.81-4.95 (m, 2H, 2 x H-1), 3.85-4.04 (m, 8H, 2 x H-2, 2 x H-3, 2 x H-4, 2 x H-5), 3.69-3.74 (m, 1H, -O- CH_{2a} -), 3.70 (s, 3H, -O CH_3), 3.33-3.58 (m, 1H, -O- CH_{2b} -), 2.42 (t, J_{fe} = 7.4 Hz, 2H, - CH_{2f} -), 1.58-1.69 (m, 4H, - CH_{2e} -, - CH_{2c} -), 1.34-1.45 (m, 2H, - CH_{2d} -), 1.20-1.30 ppm (m, 6H, 2 x H-6); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, D_2O): δ 178.5, 168.9, 168.8, 165.8, 165.7, 103.3, 103.2, 100.6, 100.5, 77.8 (x2), 70.2, 70.0, 69.9 (x2), 69.0, 68.9 (x2), 68.8 (x2), 68.6, 68.4,

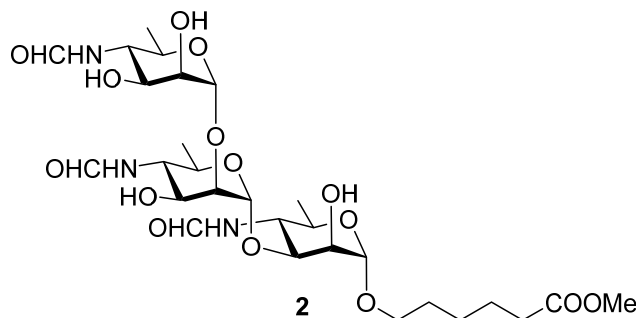
68.2, 67.8, 57.6, 56.5, 53.1, 52.7, 52.6, 51.6, 34.6, 29.1, 25.9, 25.0, 17.8, 17.7, 17.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{21}H_{36}N_2O_{11}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 515.2211, found: 515.2210.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4-azido-2-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (30).



Sodium methoxide (0.2 mL, 0.5 M solution) was added to a solution of **16** (0.352 g, 0.336 mmol) in CH_3OH (5 mL) until pH \sim 9 and the resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 4 h at 21 $^{\circ}C$. After that, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Amberlite IR 120 (H^+) ion exchange resin, the resin was filtered off and rinsed successively with CH_3OH . The combined filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.256 g, 91%) as off-white foam. Analytical data for **30**: R_f = 0.30 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1/4, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = +72.4 (c = 1.0, $CHCl_3$); 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 7.27-7.39 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 5.02 (s, 1H, H-1^B), 4.93 (s, 1H, H-1^C), 4.77 (s, 1H, H-1^A), 4.65 (dd, J^2 = 11.0 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.58 (dd, J^2 = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.11 (br. s., 1H, H-2^B), 3.94 (br. s., 1H, H-2^C), 3.81-3.87 (m, 2H, H-3^A, H-3^C), 3.78 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 10.1 Hz, 1H, H-3^B), 3.67 (s, 3H, $-OCH_3$), 3.53-3.66 (m, 5H, H-2^A H-4^A H-5^B H-5^C, $-O-CH_{2a-}$), 3.44-3.53 (m, 1H, H-5^A), 3.40 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^B), 3.32-3.37 (m, 1H, $-O-CH_{2b-}$), 3.34 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-4^C), 2.56 (d, $J_{2,-OH}$ = 6.2 Hz, 1H, $-OH^C$), 2.31 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H, $-CH_{2f-}$, 3- OH^C), 1.63 (quin, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H, $-CH_{2e-}$), 1.56 (quin, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H, $-CH_{2c-}$), 1.28-1.39 (m, 8H, H-6^A, H-6^B, $-CH_{2d-}$), 1.24 ppm (d, $J_{5,6}$ = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6^C); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 174.0, 137.6, 137.4, 128.6, 128.5, 128.1, 127.9, 127.5, 101.0 (x2), 97.0, 78.3, 77.8, 73.1, 72.5, 72.1, 70.2, 69.9, 67.9, 67.6, 67.4, 67.3, 65.8, 64.8, 64.0, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.6, 24.6, 18.6, 18.5, 18.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{39}H_{53}N_9O_{12}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 862.3706, found: 862.3691.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside (2).



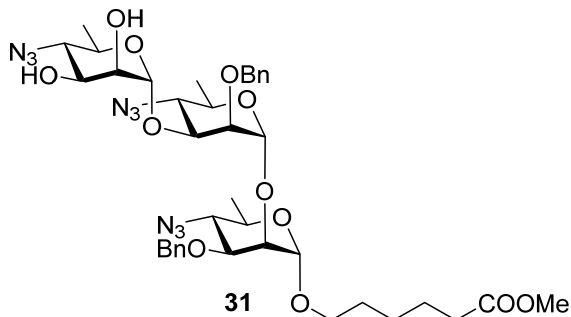
To a stirred solution of **30** (0.114 g, 0.136 mmol), in pyridine (5 mL) and water (2 mL) mixture, H₂S was bubbled for 0.5 h at 40 °C, and continued stirring for 16 h. After that, argon was bubbled for 10 min, solvents were removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with toluene (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The high resolution mass spectrometry analysis showed completion of reaction to corresponding amine compound **30a** and no products arising from incomplete reduction. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₉H₆₀N₃O₁₂ [*M*+H]⁺: 762.4172; found: 762.4171. This crude material was directly used for formylation.

Compound **30a** in CH₃OH (5 mL) at -20 °C was added a freshly prepared formic anhydride (5 mL, ethereal solution) and stirred for 3 h, then slowly allowed to warm to 21 °C. After that, solvents were evaporated and the residue was passed through column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford disaccharide **30b**. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₄₂H₅₉N₃O₁₅Na [*M*+Na]⁺: 868.3838; found: 868.3827.

Compound **30b** was dissolved in CH₃OH/H₂O (2:1, 5 mL), Pd(OH)₂ on carbon (20%, 0.040 g) was added. Then it was stirred under a pressure of hydrogen gas at 21 °C for 16 h. After filtration through celite pad and washed with CH₃OH (3 x 10 mL), and solvents were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.046 g, 51%, over 3 steps) as a white foam. Analytical data for **2**: R_f = 0.40 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 3/7, v/v); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.20-8.24 (*Z*) and 8.02-8.06 (*E*) (m, 3H, NCHO), 4.82-5.08 (m, 3H, 3 x H-1), 3.84-4.14 (m, 12H, 3 x H-2, 3 x H-3, 3 x H-4, 3 x H-5), 3.69-3.75 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.70 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.36-3.57 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 2.42 (t, *J*_{f,e} = 7.4 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.60-1.68 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.36-1.44 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.21-1.32 ppm (m, 9H, 3 x H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, D₂O): δ 178.5, 168.8, 168.7, 165.8 (x2), 165.6 (x2), 103.4, 103.3, 102.9, 101.8, 101.7, 100.6, 100.5, 79.0 (x2), 78.9, 78.2, 78.0, 77.7 (x3), 70.0, 69.9, 69.8, 69.4,

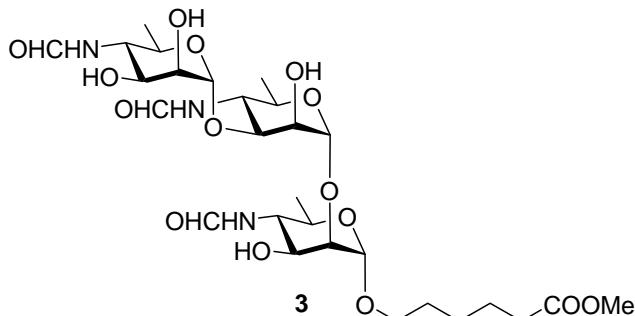
69.2, 69.0, 68.9 (x2), 68.8 (x2), 68.7, 68.6 (x2), 68.5 (x2), 68.3 (x2), 67.9, 67.7, 57.8, 57.7, 56.4, 53.1, 52.8, 52.7, 51.9, 34.6, 29.1, 25.9, 25.0, 18.1, 17.9 (x3), 17.8, 17.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{28}H_{47}N_3O_{15}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 688.2899, found: 688.2895.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4-azido-2-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (31).



Sodium methoxide (0.5 mL, 0.5 M solution) was added to a solution of **19** (0.458 g, 0.437 mmol) in CH_3OH (10 mL) until pH \sim 9 and the resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 4 h at 21 $^{\circ}C$. After that, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Amberlite IR 120 (H^+) ion exchange resin, the resin was filtered off and rinsed successively with CH_3OH . The combined filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.341 g, 93%) as oil. Analytical data for **31**: R_f = 0.30 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1/4, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = +58.9 (c = 1.3, $CHCl_3$); 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 7.12–7.39 (m, 10H, H-Ar), 5.08 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 5.05 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.66 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.65 (dd, J^2 = 11.0 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.21 (dd, J^2 = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.00 (br. s., 1H, H-2^C), 3.97 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.90 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-3^B), 3.77–3.81 (m, 1H, H-3^C), 3.75 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-3^A), 3.68 (s, 3H, $-OCH_3$), 3.65 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 3.1 Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 3.59–3.61 (m, 1H, $-O-CH_{2a-}$), 3.52–3.58 (m, 2H, H-4^B, H-5^B), 3.45–3.50 (m, 2H, H-5^A, H-5^C), 3.34–3.40 (m, 1H, $-O-CH_{2b-}$), 3.33 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 3.28 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 11.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^C), 2.61 (br. s., 2H, 2 x $-OH^C$), 2.33 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H, $-CH_{2f-}$), 1.62–1.73 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2e-}$), 1.54–1.61 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2c-}$), 1.33–1.42 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2d-}$), 1.28–1.32 (m, 6H, H-6^A, H-6^B), 1.19 ppm (d, $J_{5,6}$ = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6^C); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 174.1, 137.3 (x2), 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 128.1, 127.8, 127.6, 101.5, 98.8, 98.1, 78.4, 77.5, 76.4, 73.2, 72.6, 71.7, 70.1, 70.0, 67.9, 67.5, 67.4, 67.2, 65.5, 64.7, 64.4, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.6, 18.6, 18.5, 18.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{39}H_{53}N_9O_{12}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 862.3706, found: 862.3700.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside (3).



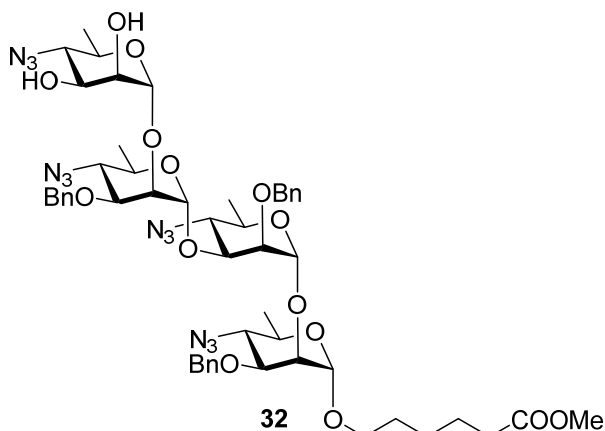
To a stirred solution of **31** (0.157 g, 0.187 mmol), in pyridine (5 mL) and water (2 mL) mixture, H₂S was bubbled for 0.5 h at 40 °C, and continued stirring for 16 h. After that, argon was bubbled for 10 min, solvents were removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with toluene (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The high resolution mass spectrometry analysis showed completion of reaction to corresponding amine compound **31a** and no products arising from incomplete reduction. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₉H₆₀N₃O₁₂ [*M*+H]⁺: 762.4172; found: 762.4182. This crude material was directly used for formylation.

Compound **31a** in CH₃OH (5 mL) at -20 °C was added a freshly prepared formic anhydride (5 mL, ethereal solution) and stirred for 3 h, then slowly allowed to warm to 21 °C. After that, solvents were evaporated and the residue was passed through column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford disaccharide **31b**. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₄₂H₅₉N₃O₁₅Na [*M*+Na]⁺: 868.3838; found: 868.3834.

Compound **31b** was dissolved in CH₃OH/H₂O (2:1, 5 mL), Pd(OH)₂ on carbon (20%, 0.050 g) was added. Then it was stirred under a pressure of hydrogen gas at 21 °C for 16 h. After filtration through celite pad and washed with CH₃OH (3 x 10 mL), and solvents were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.053 g, 43%, over 3 steps) as a white foam. Analytical data for **3**: R_f = 0.50 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 3/7, v/v); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.20-8.24 (*Z*) and 8.02-8.06 (*E*) (m, 3H, NCHO), 4.92-5.04 (m, 3H, 3 x H-1), 3.80-4.23 (m, 12H, 3 x H-2, 3 x H-3, 3 x H-4, 3 x H-5), 3.69-3.74 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.70 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.35-3.58 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 2.42 (t, *J*_{fe} = 7.4 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.58-1.67 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.35-1.44 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.22-1.31 ppm (m, 9H, 3 x H-6); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, D₂O): δ 178.3, 168.7, 168.6, 168.5, 165.6 (x2), 165.5, 103.1, 102.9

(x2), 102.8, 102.7 (x2), 99.0 (x3), 78.6 (x2), 78.5, 77.3, 77.2, 77.1, 70.1, 70.0, 69.8, 69.5, 69.4, 68.9, 68.8 (x2), 68.7 (x2), 68.6 (x2), 68.5 (x2), 68.4 (x2), 68.3, 68.2, 67.8, 57.7, 57.4, 56.3, 52.9, 52.8, 52.4, 51.3, 34.4, 28.9, 25.7, 24.8, 17.6 (x2), 17.5, 17.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{28}H_{47}N_3O_{15}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 688.2899, found: 688.2893.

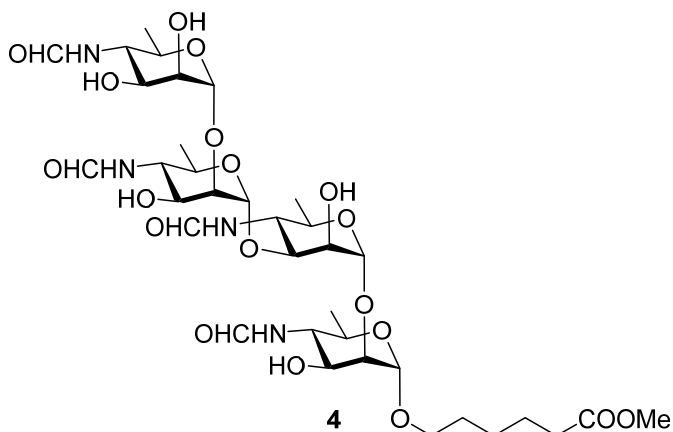
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4-azido-2-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (32).



Sodium methoxide (0.5 mL, 0.5 M solution) was added to a solution of **20** (0.391 g, 0.299 mmol) in CH_3OH /THF mixture (4:1, 15 mL) until pH \sim 9 and the resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 5 h at 21 $^{\circ}C$. After that, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Amberlite IR 120 (H^+) ion exchange resin, the resin was filtered off and rinsed successively with CH_3OH . The combined filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.311 g, 95%) as oil. Analytical data for **32**: R_f = 0.40 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1/4, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = +51.2 (c = 1.0, $CHCl_3$); 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 7.10-7.39 (m, 15H, H-Ar), 5.07 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 5.02 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.91 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^D), 4.67 (dd, J^2 = 11.0 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.66 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^A), 4.60 (dd, J^2 = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.20 (dd, J^2 = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.08 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 3.96 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.93 (m, 1H, H-2^D), 3.82-3.88 (m, 2H, H-3^B H-3^D), 3.75 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-3^A), 3.70 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-3^C), 3.68 (s, 3H, $-OCH_3$), 3.64-3.67 (m, 1H, H-5^D), 3.58-3.64 (m, 2H, H-2^B, $-O-CH_{2a-}$), 3.52-3.58 (m, 2H, H-4^B, H-5^B), 3.44-3.51 (m, 1H, H-5^A), 3.39-3.43 (m, 1H, H-5^C), 3.34-3.39 (m, 2H, H-4^C, $-O-CH_{2b-}$), 3.32 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.5 Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 3.29 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^D), 2.42 (d, $J_{3,-OH}$ = 7.3 Hz, 1H, $-OH^D$), 2.33 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, $-CH_{2f-}$), 2.12 (d, $J_{2,-OH}$ = 4.0 Hz, 1H, $-OH^D$), 1.66 (quin, J

= 7.6 Hz, 2H, $-CH_{2e}-$), 1.53-1.61 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2c}-$), 1.35-1.42 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2d}-$), 1.26-1.35 (m, 9H, H-6^A, H-6^B, H-6^C), 1.17 ppm (d, $J_{5,6} = 5.9$ Hz, 3H, H-6^D); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 174.0, 137.5, 137.4, 137.3, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0 (x2), 127.8, 127.5, 101.0, 100.8, 98.8, 98.2, 78.4, 77.9, 77.5, 76.4, 73.2, 72.5, 72.1, 71.8, 70.0, 69.7, 67.9 (x2), 67.5 (x2), 67.1, 65.8 (x2), 64.7, 64.6, 63.9, 51.5, 33.9, 29.0, 25.7, 24.7, 18.6 (x2), 18.5, 18.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{52}\text{H}_{68}\text{N}_{12}\text{O}_{15}\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 1123.4806, found: 1123.4812.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside (4).



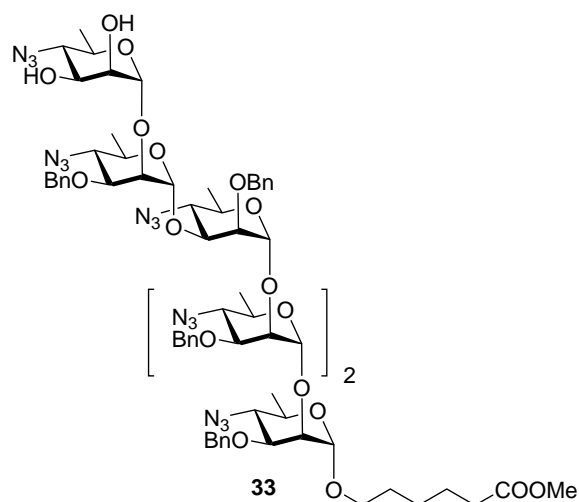
To a stirred solution of **32** (0.146 g, 0.132 mmol), in pyridine (5 mL) and water (2 mL) mixture, H_2S was bubbled for 0.5 h at 40 $^\circ\text{C}$, and continued stirring for 16 h. After that, argon was bubbled for 10 min, solvents were removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with toluene (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The high resolution mass spectrometry analysis showed completion of reaction to corresponding amine compound **32a** and no products arising from incomplete reduction. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{52}\text{H}_{77}\text{N}_4\text{O}_{15}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 997.5380; found: 997.5366. This crude material was directly used for formylation.

Compound **32a** in CH_3OH (5 mL) at -20 $^\circ\text{C}$ was added a freshly prepared formic anhydride (5 mL, ethereal solution) and stirred for 3 h, then slowly allowed to warm to 21 $^\circ\text{C}$. After that, solvents were evaporated and the residue was passed through column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford disaccharide **32b**. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{56}\text{H}_{76}\text{N}_4\text{O}_{19}\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 1131.4996; found: 1131.4992.

Compound **32b** was dissolved in $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (2:1, 5 mL), $\text{Pd}(\text{OH})_2$ on carbon (20%, 0.050 g) was added. Then it was stirred under a pressure of hydrogen gas at 21 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 16 h. After filtration through celite pad and washed with CH_3OH (3 x 10 mL), and solvents were

removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.068 g, 61%, over 3 steps) as a white foam. Analytical data for **4**: R_f = 0.30 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 3/7, v/v); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.26-8.33 (*Z*) and 8.06-8.14 (*E*) (m, 4H, NCHO), 4.98-5.20 (m, 4H, 4 x H-1), 3.85-4.28 (m, 16H, 4 x H-2, 4 x H-3, 4 x H-4, 4 x H-5), 3.74-3.82 (m, 4H, -O-CH_{2a}-, -OCH₃), 3.44-3.66 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 2.49 (t, $J_{f,e}$ = 7.4 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.65-1.75 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.42-1.51 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.28-1.39 ppm (m, 12H, 4 x H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, D₂O): δ 178.5, 168.8, 168.7, 168.6, 165.8, 165.6, 103.3, 103.2, 102.9, 102.8, 102.7, 101.9, 101.6, 99.3, 99.2, 79.3, 78.9, 78.7, 78.5, 78.4, 78.1, 77.3, 69.9 (x2), 69.8, 69.7, 69.4, 69.3, 69.0, 68.9, 68.8 (x2), 68.7, 68.6, 68.5, 68.4, 68.3, 68.0, 58.0, 57.7, 56.5, 53.1, 52.9, 52.8, 52.7, 51.8, 34.6, 29.1, 25.9, 25.0, 18.1 (x2), 18.0 (x2), 17.9 (x2), 17.8 (x2), 17.7 (x2) ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₅H₅₈N₄O₁₉Na [M+Na]⁺: 861.3587, found: 861.3580.

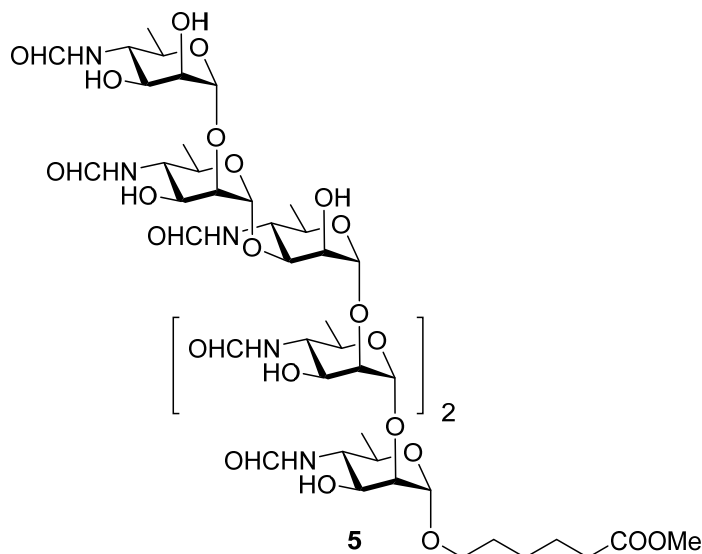
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4-azido-2-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (33).



Sodium methoxide (0.8 mL, 0.5 M solution) was added to a solution of **28** (0.413 g, 0.225 mmol) in CH₃OH (12 mL) until pH ~9 and the resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 6 h at 21 °C. After that, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Amberlite IR 120 (H⁺) ion exchange resin, the resin was filtered off and rinsed successively with CH₃OH. The combined filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl

acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.334 g, 91%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **33**: R_f = 0.40 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1/9, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = +61.0 (c = 1.0, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.14-7.38 (m, 25H, H-Ar), 5.03-5.05 (br. s., 2H, H-1^D, H-1^E), 4.94 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.91 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.90 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^F), 4.57-4.70 (m, 9H, H-1^A, 4 x CH_2Ph), 4.23 (dd, J^2 = 11.5 Hz, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.10 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^E), 4.01 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 3.95 (br. s., 1H, H-3^F), 3.82-3.88 (m, 3H, H-2^B, H-3^D, H-2^F), 3.79 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.65-3.73 (m, 8H, H-3^A, H-3^B, H-3^C, H-3^E, H-4^F, - OCH_3), 3.63 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^D), 3.48-3.60 (m, 3H, H-4^E, H-5^F, - O-CH_{2a} -), 3.37-3.49 (m, 5H, H-5^A, H-5^B, H-5^C, H-5^D, H-5^E), 3.27-3.35 (m, 4H, H-4^B, H-4^C, H-4^D, - O-CH_{2b} -), 3.20 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-4^A), 2.38 (d, $J_{2,-\text{OH}}$ = 6.8 Hz, 1H, -OH^F), 2.34 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H, - CH_{2f} -), 2.05 (d, $J_{3,-\text{OH}}$ = 3.5 Hz, 1H, -OH^F), 1.61-1.67 (m, 2H, - CH_{2e} -), 1.51-1.58 (m, 2H, - CH_{2c} -), 1.15-1.35 ppm (m, 20H, - CH_{2d} -, H-6^A, H-6^B, H-6^C, H-6^D, H-6^E, H-6^F); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 174.0, 137.5, 137.4, 137.3, 137.2, 137.1, 128.7, 128.6 (x3), 128.4 (x2), 128.3 (x2), 128.2 (x2), 128.1 (x2), 128.0 (x2), 127.9, 127.5, 101.0, 100.9, 100.4, 100.2, 98.6, 98.1, 78.0, 77.6, 77.5 (x2), 76.9, 76.4, 74.0, 73.3, 73.1, 72.9, 72.5, 72.4, 72.2, 72.1, 71.9, 70.2, 69.9, 68.1, 67.9 (x2), 67.8, 67.5 (x2), 67.1, 65.8, 64.6, 64.5, 64.4, 64.3, 64.0, 51.5, 33.9, 29.1, 25.7, 24.7, 18.6 (x3), 18.5, 18.4, 18.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{78}\text{H}_{98}\text{N}_{18}\text{O}_{21}\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 1645.7046, found: 1645.7035.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside (5).



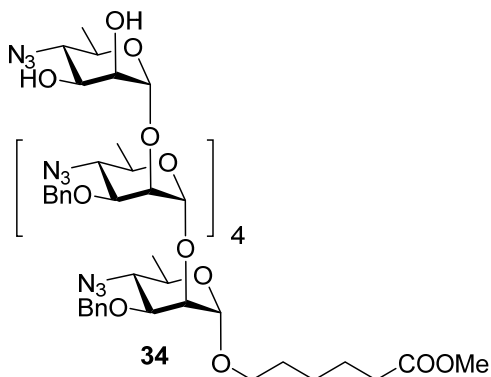
To a stirred solution of **33** (0.150 g, 0.092 mmol), in pyridine (5 mL) and water (2 mL) mixture, H₂S was bubbled for 0.5 h at 40 °C, and stirring was continued for 16 h. Then argon was bubbled through the solution for 10 min, solvents were removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with toluene (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The high resolution mass spectrometry analysis showed completion of reaction to corresponding amine compound **33a** and no products arising from incomplete reduction. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₇₈H₁₁₁N₆O₂₁ [*M*+H]⁺: 1467.7797; found: 1467.7781. This crude material was directly used for formylation.

Compound **33a** in CH₃OH (5 mL) at -20 °C was added a freshly prepared formic anhydride (5 mL, ethereal solution) and stirred for 3 h, then slowly allowed to warm to 21 °C. Then solvents were evaporated and the residue was passed through column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford disaccharide **33b**. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₈₄H₁₁₀N₆O₂₇Na [*M*+Na]⁺: 1657.7311; found: 1657.7314.

Compound **33b** was dissolved in CH₃OH/H₂O (2:1, 5 mL), Pd(OH)₂ on carbon (20%, 0.050 g) was added. Then it was stirred under a pressure of hydrogen gas at 21 °C for 16 h. After filtration through celite pad and washed with CH₃OH (3 x 10 mL), and solvents were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel

(methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.066 g, 60%, over 3 steps) as a white foam. Analytical data for **5**: R_f = 0.30 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.20-8.25 (*Z*) and 8.02-8.06 (*E*) (m, 6H, NCHO), 4.89-5.23 (m, 6H, 6 x H-1), 3.79-4.22 (m, 23H, 6 x H-2, 6 x H-3, 6 x H-4, 5 x H-5), 3.70-3.74 (m, 4H, -O-CH_{2a}-, -OCH₃), 3.47-3.57 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.38-3.46 (m, 1H, H-5), 2.42 (t, $J_{f,e}$ = 7.7 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.58-1.66 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.36-1.44 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.19-1.31 ppm (m, 18H, 6 x H-6); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, D₂O): δ 178.4, 168.6, 165.7 (x2), 165.4 (x2), 103.1, 102.4, 101.5 (x2), 101.3, 99.1 (x2), 78.8, 78.4, 78.2, 78.0, 77.9, 77.6, 77.2, 69.7 (x2), 69.6 (x2), 69.5, 69.1, 69.0, 68.8, 68.7 (x2), 68.6, 68.5, 68.4 (x2), 68.3, 68.2, 67.9, 57.8, 57.7, 57.6, 52.9, 52.8, 52.7, 52.6, 52.5, 51.7, 34.4, 28.9, 25.7, 24.8, 18.0, 17.9, 17.8 (x2), 17.7 (x2), 17.6 (x3), 17.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₄₉H₈₀N₆O₂₇Na [M+Na]⁺: 1207.4964, found: 1207.4963.

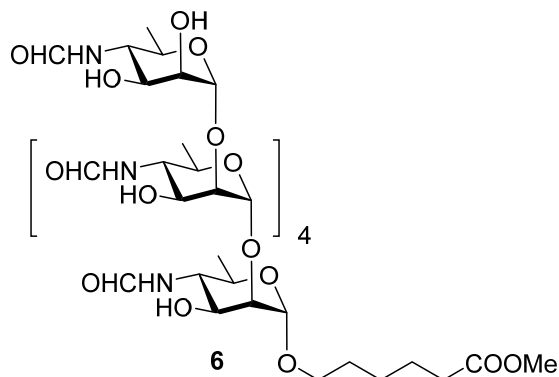
5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4-azido-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4-azido-3-O-benzyl-4,6-dideoxy- α -D-mannopyranoside (34**).**



Sodium methoxide (0.8 mL, 0.5 M solution) was added to a solution of **25** (0.483 g, 0.264 mmol) in CH₃OH (12 mL) until pH ~9 and the resulting mixture was stirred under argon for 6 h at 21 °C. After that, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Amberlite IR 120 (H⁺) ion exchange resin, the resin was filtered off and rinsed successively with CH₃OH. The combined filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate – toluene gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.375 g, 87%) as oil. Analytical data for **34**: R_f = 0.30 (ethyl acetate/toluene, 1.5/8.5, v/v); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = +101.4 (c = 1.1,

CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.28-7.40 (m, 25H, H-Ar), 4.98 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^F), 4.90 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^E), 4.89 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^D), 4.86 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^C), 4.85 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^B), 4.67 (dd, *J*² = 11.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.56-4.75 (m, 9H, H-1^A, 4 x CH₂Ph), 3.93-3.97 (m, 2H, H-2^E, H-2^F), 3.83-3.89 (m, 2H, H-2^D, H-3^F), 3.82 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^C), 3.79 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-2^B), 3.76 (dd, *J*_{2,3} = 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^A), 3.73 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-3^E), 3.63-3.70 (m, 7H, H-3^A, H-3^B, H-3^C, H-3^D, -OCH₃), 3.52-3.60 (m, 2H, H-5^E, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.35-3.50 (m, 6H, H-4^F, H-5^A, H-5^B, H-5^C, H-5^D, H-5^F), 3.32 (dt, *J* = 9.7, 6.4 Hz, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.23-3.29 (m, 2H, H-4^D, H-4^E), 3.15-3.22 (m, 3H, H-4^A, H-4^B, H-4^C), 2.41 (d, *J*_{2,-OH} = 7.3 Hz, 1H, -OH^F), 2.32 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 2.08 (d, *J*_{3,-OH} = 4.3 Hz, 1H, -OH^E), 1.60-1.67 (m, 2H, -CH_{2e}-), 1.51-1.56 (m, 2H, -CH_{2c}-), 1.29-1.38 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.13-1.26 ppm (m, 18H, H-6^A, H-6^B, H-6^C, H-6^D, H-6^E, H-6^F); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 137.4 (x2), 137.2 (x3), 128.7 (x2), 128.6 (x2), 128.4 (x2), 128.3 (x4), 128.1 (x2), 100.7, 100.4, 100.2 (x2), 100.1, 98.6, 77.5, 76.9, 76.6 (x2), 74.1, 73.6, 73.5, 73.3, 73.2, 72.3 (x2), 72.2 (x2), 70.2, 70.0, 67.9, 67.8 (x2), 67.5, 67.4, 67.1, 65.8, 64.4, 64.3, 64.2, 51.5, 33.9, 29.1, 25.7, 24.7, 18.6 (x2), 18.5 (x3), 18.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₇₈H₉₈N₁₈O₂₁Na [M+Na]⁺: 1645.7046, found: 1645.7043.

5'-Methoxycarbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido-α-D-mannopyranosyl (1→2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido-α-D-mannopyranoside (6).



To a stirred solution of **34** (0.130 g, 0.080 mmol), in pyridine (5 mL) and water (2 mL) mixture, H₂S was bubbled for 0.5 h at 40 °C, and continued stirring for 16 h. After that, argon was bubbled for 10 min, solvents were removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with toluene (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The high resolution mass spectrometry analysis showed

completion of reaction to corresponding amine compound **34a** and no products arising from incomplete reduction. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{78}H_{111}N_6O_{21}$ $[M+H]^+$: 1467.7797; found: 1467.7795. This crude material was directly used for formylation.

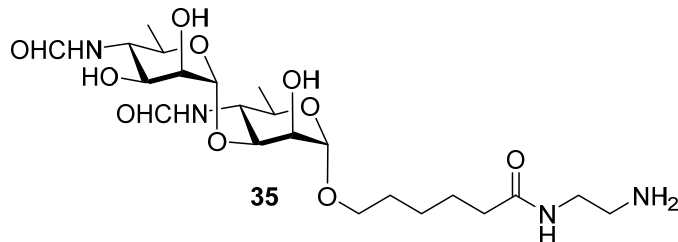
Compound **34a** in CH_3OH (5 mL) at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}C$ was added a freshly prepared formic anhydride (5 mL, ethereal solution) and stirred for 3 h, then slowly allowed to warm to $21\text{ }^{\circ}C$. After that, solvents were evaporated and the residue was passed through column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford disaccharide **34b**. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{84}H_{111}N_6O_{27}Na$ $[M+H]^+$: 1635.7492; found: 1635.7485.

Compound **34b** was dissolved in CH_3OH/H_2O (2:1, 5 mL), $Pd(OH)_2$ on carbon (20%, 0.050 g) was added. Then it was stirred under a pressure of hydrogen gas at $21\text{ }^{\circ}C$ for 16 h. After filtration through celite pad and washed with CH_3OH (3 x 10 mL), and solvents were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (methanol – dichloromethane gradient elution) to afford the title compound (0.052 g, 55%, over 3 steps) as a white foam. Analytical data for **6**: $R_f = 0.20$ (CH_3OH/CH_2Cl_2 , 2/3, v/v); 1H NMR (500 MHz, D_2O): δ 8.17-8.19 (*Z*) and 7.99-8.02 (*E*) (m, 6H, *NCHO*), 4.84-5.20 (m, 6H, 6 x H-1), 3.76-4.17 (m, 24H, 6 x H-2, 6 x H-3, 6 x H-4, 6 x H-5), 3.66-3.72 (m, 4H, -O- CH_{2a} -, -O CH_3), 3.35-3.56 (m, 1H, -O- CH_{2b} -), 2.39 (t, $J_{f,e} = 7.4\text{ Hz}$, 2H, - CH_{2f} -), 1.55-1.65 (m, 4H, - CH_{2e} -, - CH_{2c} -), 1.32-1.41 (m, 2H, - CH_{2d} -), 1.16-1.27 ppm (m, 18H, 6 x H-6); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, D_2O): δ 178.5, 168.8, 165.9, 103.0, 102.9, 101.6, 101.5 (x2), 99.2, 78.6, 78.3, 78.1 (x2), 78.0 (x2), 77.9, 69.9 (x2), 69.2 (x2), 69.0, 68.9 (x2), 68.8, 68.7, 68.6 (x2), 68.5 (x3), 57.9, 57.7, 53.1, 53.0, 52.9, 52.8 (x2), 52.7, 49.9, 34.6, 29.0, 25.8, 24.9, 17.9 (x2), 17.8, 17.7 (x2), 17.6 (x2) ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{49}H_{80}N_6O_{27}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 1207.4964, found: 1207.4941.

V. PREPARATION OF GLYCOCONJUGATES

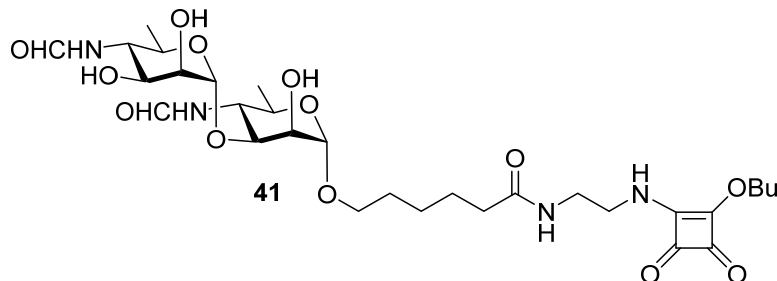
A. Synthesis of squarate derived oligosaccharides 41-46

(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside (35).



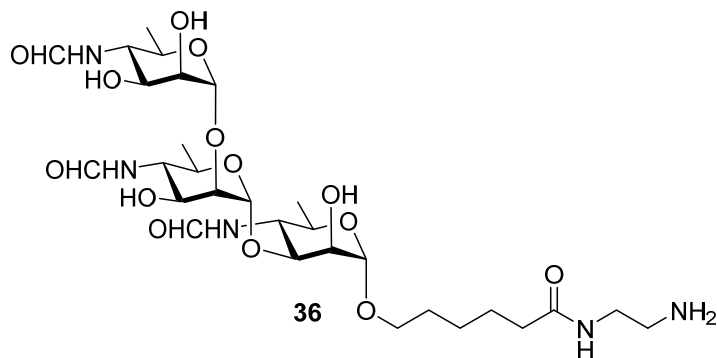
A solution of **1** (0.009g, 0.018 mmol) in freshly distilled 1,2-diaminoethane (0.5 mL) was stirred at 65 °C for 48 h. After that, excess reagent was removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with CH₃OH (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The residue was purified by reversed phase HPLC on C18 column in gradient water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title compound (0.0075 g, 79%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **35**: R_f = 0.15 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.19-8.22 (*Z*) and 8.01-8.02 (*E*) (m, 2H, NCHO), 4.80-4.95 (m, 2H, 2 x H-1), 3.80-4.04 (m, 8H, 2 x H-2, 2 x H-3, 2 x H-4, 2 x H-5), 3.67-3.74 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.42-3.56 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.12-3.32 (m, 2H, -CH_{2g}-), 2.71-2.83 (m, 2H, -CH_{2h}-), 2.28 (t, J_{fe} = 7.5 Hz, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.58-1.69 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.34-1.44 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.19-1.30 ppm (m, 6H, 2 x H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, D₂O): δ 178.4, 168.9, 168.8, 165.8, 165.7, 103.6, 103.3 (x2), 100.6, 100.5, 77.8, 77.4, 71.1, 70.4, 70.2, 70.0, 69.8, 69.0, 68.9, 68.8 (x3), 68.6, 68.4, 68.2, 67.8, 57.6, 56.5, 54.5, 52.6, 51.8, 51.6, 41.7, 41.4, 40.9, 40.7, 36.7, 29.2, 26.0, 25.9, 17.9, 17.8, 17.7 (x2) ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₂H₄₀N₄O₁₀Na [M+Na]⁺: 543.2637, found: 543.2642.

1-[(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside]-2-butoxycyclobutene-3,4-dione (41).



To a stirred solution of **35** (0.0075 g, 0.014 mmol) in water (0.5 mL) and EtOH (0.4 mL), a solution of 3,4-dibutoxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione (20% in ethanol, 70 μ L) was added and pH was adjusted to 8 by careful addition of aq. NaHCO₃ (1%) solution. After 0.5 h, TLC showed the reaction was complete; the reaction mixture was neutralized using CH₃COOH (10%) and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue purified by reversed phase HPLC on C18 column in gradient water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title compound (0.0089 g, 92%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **41**: R_f = 0.20 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 1.5/8.5, v/v); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.26-8.30 (*Z*) and 8.09-8.12 (*E*) (m, 2H, NCHO), 4.83-5.03 (m, 2H, 2 x H-1), 4.74-4.81 (m, 2H, -CH_{2i}-), 3.88-4.10 (m, 8H, 2 x H-2, 2 x H-3, 2 x H-4, 2 x H-5), 3.66-3.82 (m, 3H, -O-CH_{2a}-, -CH_{2g}-), 3.52-3.61 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.40-3.52 (m, 2H, -CH_{2h}-), 2.26-2.34 (m, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.82-1.91 (m, 2H, -CH_{2j}-), 1.58-1.70 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.47-1.56 (m, 2H, -CH_{2k}-), 1.38-1.44 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.26-1.37 (m, 6H, 2 x H-6), 0.99-1.05 ppm (m, 3H, -CH_{3i}); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, D₂O): δ 189.8, 189.6, 184.3 (x2), 178.5, 178.1, 178.0, 177.9, 174.8, 174.7, 168.9, 168.8, 165.8, 165.7, 103.3, 103.2, 100.5 (x2), 77.8, 75.4, 75.3, 70.2, 70.0, 69.9, 69.0, 68.9 (x2), 68.8, 68.7, 68.6, 68.4, 68.2, 67.7, 57.6, 56.5, 52.7, 52.6, 51.7, 45.2, 45.0, 40.3, 40.2, 36.7, 32.4, 31.2, 29.3 (x2), 26.2, 26.1, 25.9 (x2), 19.1, 19.0, 17.8 (x2), 17.7, 13.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₀H₄₈N₄O₁₃Na [M+Na]⁺: 695.3110, found: 695.3113.

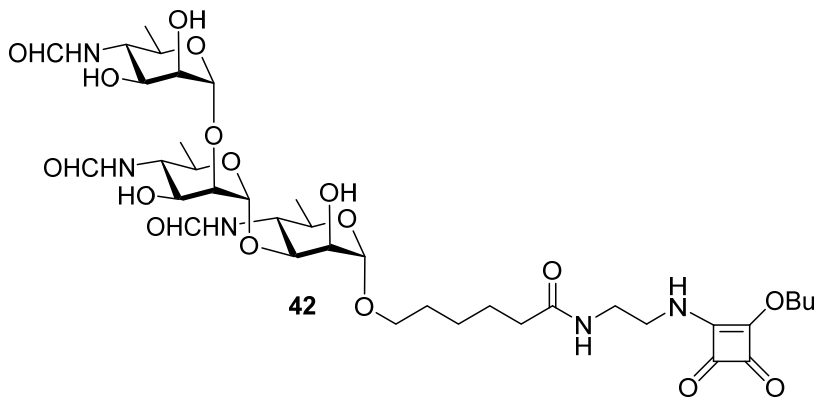
(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside (36).



A solution of **2** (0.012g, 0.018 mmol) in freshly distilled 1,2-diaminoethane (0.5 mL) was stirred at 65 °C for 48 h. After that, excess reagent was removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with CH₃OH (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The residue was purified by reversed phase HPLC on C18 column in gradient water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title

compound (0.0112 g, 90%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **36**: R_f = 0.10 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.26-8.31 (*Z*) and 8.08-8.13 (*E*) (m, 3H, NCHO), 4.88-5.16 (m, 3H, 3 x H-1), 3.88-4.20 (m, 12H, 3 x H-2, 3 x H-3, 3 x H-4, 3 x H-5), 3.75-3.82 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.44-3.64 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.18-3.39 (m, 2H, -CH_{2g}-), 2.86-3.08 (m, 2H, -CH_{2h}-), 2.30-2.37 (m, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.64-1.74 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.40-1.48 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.20-1.37 (m, 9H, 3 x H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, D₂O): δ 178.4, 178.2, 168.8 (x2), 165.9, 165.8, 165.6 (x3), 103.3 (x2), 101.7 (x2), 100.5 (x2), 79.0, 77.7, 70.0, 69.9, 69.2, 69.0, 68.9, 68.8, 68.6, 68.4, 68.0, 67.7, 57.8, 57.7, 52.8, 52.7, 51.9, 41.5 (x2), 41.5, 41.4, 40.9, 40.6 (x2), 36.6, 29.2, 26.0 (x2), 25.9, 25.8, 18.1, 18.0, 17.9 (x3), 17.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₅₁N₅O₁₄Na [M+Na]⁺: 716.3325, found: 716.3311.

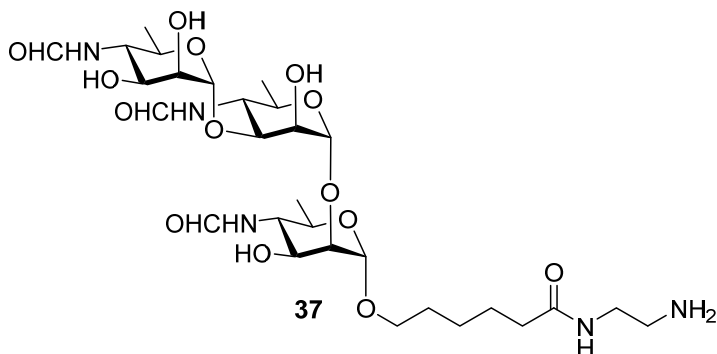
1-[(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside]-2-butoxycyclobutene-3,4-dione (42**).**



To a stirred solution of **36** (0.0075 g, 0.011 mmol) in water (0.5 mL) and EtOH (0.4 mL), a solution of 3,4-dibutoxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione (20% in ethanol, 50 μ L) was added and pH was adjusted to 8 by careful addition of aq.NaHCO₃ (1%) solution. After 0.5 h, TLC showed the reaction was complete; the reaction mixture was neutralized using CH₃COOH (10%) and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by reversed phase HPLC on C18 column in gradient water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title compound (0.0065 g, 71%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **42**: R_f = 0.20 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 1/4, v/v); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.27-8.31 (*Z*) and 8.08-8.13 (*E*) (m, 3H, NCHO), 4.86-5.15 (m, 3H, 3 x H-1), 4.74-4.81 (m, 2H, -CH_{2i}-), 3.90-4.20 (m, 12H, 3 x H-2, 3 x H-3, 3 x H-4, 3 x H-5), 3.66-3.82 (m, 3H, -O-CH_{2a}-, -CH_{2g}-), 3.52-3.61 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.43-3.51 (m, 2H, -CH_{2h}-), 2.25-2.33 (m, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.82-1.91 (m, 2H, -CH_{2j}-), 1.57-1.70 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.46-1.56

(m, 2H, $-CH_{2k-}$), 1.37-1.44 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2d-}$), 1.26-1.36 (m, 9H, 3 x H-6), 0.98-1.05 ppm (m, 3H, $-CH_3$); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, D_2O): δ 189.8, 189.6, 184.3 (x2), 178.5, 178.1, 178.0, 177.9, 174.8, 174.7, 168.8, 168.7, 165.8 (x2), 165.6, 103.4, 103.3, 102.9, 101.8, 101.7, 100.6, 100.5, 79.0, 78.9, 78.8, 78.2, 78.0, 77.7 (x2), 75.4, 75.3, 70.0, 69.9, 69.3, 69.2, 69.0, 68.9, 68.9, 68.8, 68.6, 68.5 (x2), 68.4, 68.3, 67.9, 67.7, 57.8, 57.7, 56.5, 52.8, 52.8, 52.7, 51.9, 45.2, 45.0, 40.3, 40.2, 36.7, 32.4, 29.3 (x2), 26.2, 26.1, 25.9 (x2), 19.1, 19.0, 18.1, 18.0, 17.9 (x3), 17.7, 13.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{59}\text{N}_5\text{O}_{17}\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 868.3798, found: 868.3800.

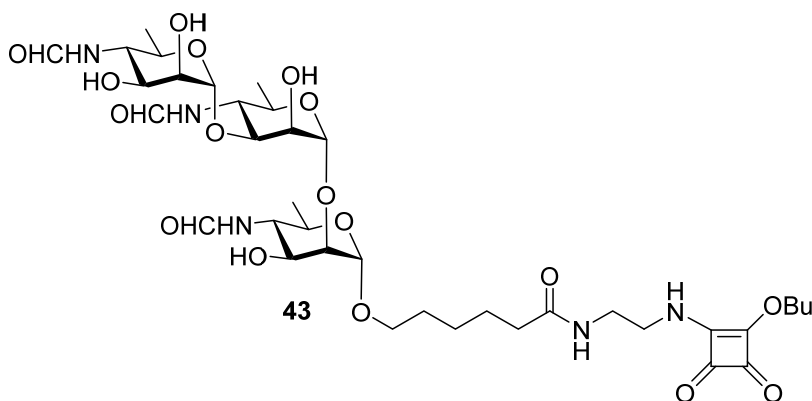
(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside (37).



A solution of **3** (0.010g, 0.015 mmol) in freshly distilled 1,2-diaminoethane (0.5 mL) was stirred at 65 °C for 48 h. After that, excess reagent was removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with CH_3OH (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The residue was purified by reversed phase HPLC on C18 column in gradient water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title compound (0.0084 g, 81%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **37**: R_f = 0.10 ($\text{CH}_3\text{OH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$, 1/1, v/v); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, D_2O): δ 8.26-8.31 (*Z*) and 8.09-8.13 (*E*) (m, 3H, NCHO), 4.98 - 5.11 (m, 3H, 3 x H-1), 3.83-4.29 (m, 12H, 3 x H-2, 3 x H-3, 3 x H-4, 3 x H-5), 3.74-3.82 (m, 1H, $-\text{O}-\text{CH}_{2a-}$), 3.50-3.65 (m, 1H, $-\text{O}-\text{CH}_{2b-}$), 3.18-3.47 (m, 2H, $-\text{CH}_{2g-}$), 3.02 (t, $J_{h,g}$ = 5.8 Hz, 2H, $-\text{CH}_{2h-}$), 2.31-2.39 (m, 2H, $-\text{CH}_{2f-}$), 1.64-1.75 (m, 4H, $-\text{CH}_{2e-}$, $-\text{CH}_{2c-}$), 1.40-1.50 (m, 2H, $-\text{CH}_{2d-}$), 1.26-1.38 ppm (m, 9H, 3 x H-6); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, D_2O): δ 178.6, 178.1, 168.9, 168.8, 168.7, 165.8, 165.7, 165.6, 161.6, 103.3, 103.1 (x2), 103.1, 102.9, 99.2 (x2), 78.8 (x3), 77.8, 77.5, 77.4, 77.3, 77.1, 71.0, 70.8, 70.4, 70.2, 70.0, 69.8, 69.7, 69.6, 69.1, 69.0, 68.9 (x2), 68.8 (x2), 68.7 (x2), 68.6, 68.5 (x2), 68.0, 57.9, 57.6, 56.5, 54.5, 53.0, 52.7, 52.6, 51.6, 51.5, 41.4, 40.9, 40.4, 40.0, 36.7, 36.6, 29.1, 26.0, 25.9,

25.8, 18.0, 17.8, 17.7, 17.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{29}H_{51}N_5O_{14}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 716.3325, found: 716.3322.

1-[(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside]-2-butoxycyclobutene-3,4-dione (43).

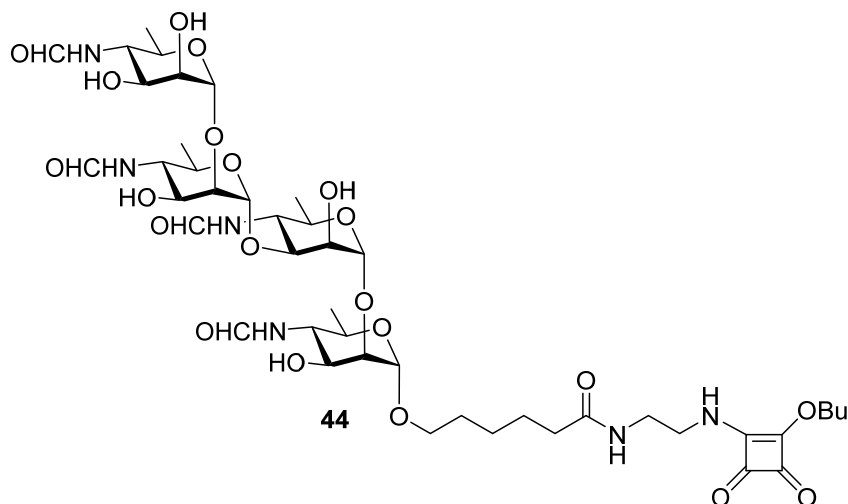


To a stirred solution of **37** (0.0074 g, 0.0106 mmol) in water (0.5 mL) and EtOH (0.4 mL), a solution of 3,4-dibutoxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione (20% in ethanol, 50 μ L) was added and pH was adjusted to 8 by careful addition of aq. $NaHCO_3$ (1%) solution. After 0.5 h, TLC showed the reaction was complete; the reaction mixture was neutralized using CH_3COOH (10%) and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by reversed phase HPLC on C18 column in gradient water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title compound (0.0072 g, 80%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **43**: R_f = 0.20 (CH_3OH/CH_2Cl_2 , 1/4, v/v); 1H NMR (500 MHz, D_2O): δ 8.16-8.21 (*Z*) and 7.99-8.03 (*E*) (m, 3H, $NCHO$), 4.87-5.01 (m, 3H, 3 x H-1), 4.64-4.73 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2i-}$), 3.75-4.18 (m, 12H, 3 x H-2, 3 x H-3, 3 x H-4, 3 x H-5), 3.55-3.71 (m, 3H, $-O-CH_{2a-}$, $-CH_{2g-}$), 3.44-3.51 (m, 1H, $-O-CH_{2b-}$), 3.31-3.42 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2h-}$), 2.16-2.24 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2f-}$), 1.72-1.81 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2j-}$), 1.47-1.61 (m, 4H, $-CH_{2e-}$, $-CH_{2c-}$), 1.36-1.46 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2k-}$), 1.27-1.34 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2d-}$), 1.18-1.27 (m, 9H, 3 x H-6), 0.86-0.95 ppm (m, 3H, $-CH_{3l}$); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, D_2O): δ 189.8, 189.6, 184.2, 178.5, 178.0, 177.9 (x2), 174.8, 174.7, 168.8, 168.7, 166.6, 165.8, 165.7, 103.1, 102.8, 99.1 (x2), 78.7, 77.4 (x2), 75.4, 75.3, 70.2, 69.7, 69.6, 69.1, 69.0, 68.9, 68.7 (x3), 68.5, 68.4, 53.0, 52.6, 51.5, 45.1, 44.9, 40.3, 40.1, 36.7, 32.4, 29.2, 26.1, 26.0, 25.9 (x2), 19.0 (x2), 17.8 (x3), 17.6, 13.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{37}H_{59}N_5O_{17}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 868.3798, found: 868.3791.

Chemical structure of compound 38, a branched oligosaccharide. It features a central glucose unit linked to three other glucose units. The top-left branch consists of a glucose unit linked to a mannose unit. The bottom branch consists of a glucose unit linked to a mannose unit. The rightmost branch is a glucose unit linked to a mannose unit. The terminal mannose unit on the right is linked to a 6-aminohexanoate group via an amide bond.

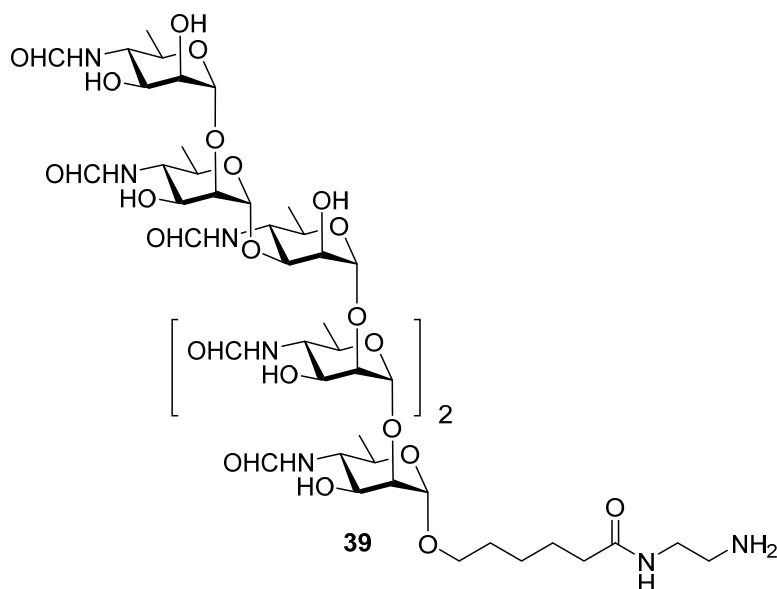
S50

1-[(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside]-2-butoxycyclobutene-3,4-dione (**44**).



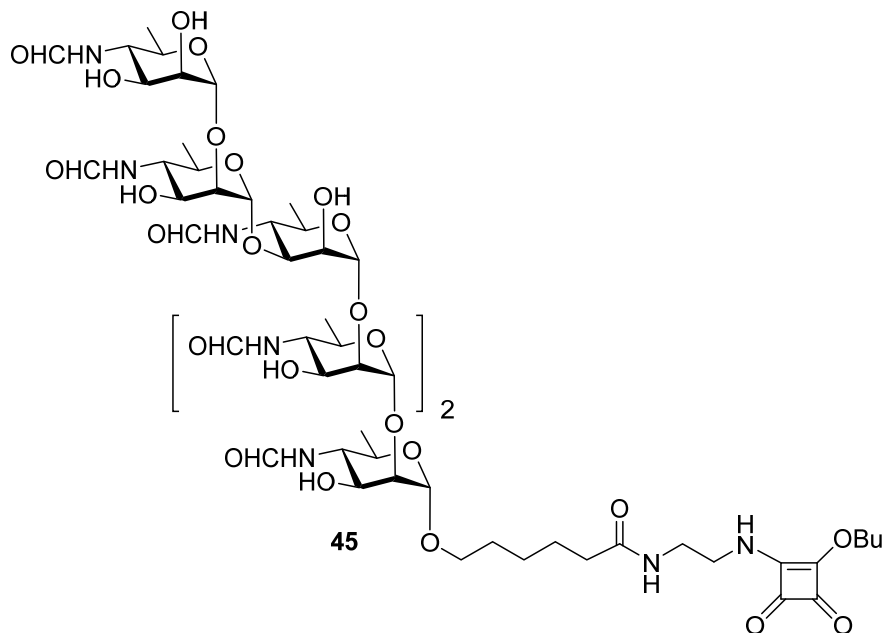
To a stirred solution of **38** (0.013 g, 0.015 mmol) in water (0.5 mL) and EtOH (0.4 mL), a solution of 3,4-dibutoxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione (20% in ethanol, 70 μ L) was added and pH was adjusted to 8 by careful addition of aq. NaHCO₃ (1%) solution. After 0.5 h, TLC showed the reaction was complete; the reaction mixture was neutralized using CH₃COOH (10%) and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by reversed phase HPLC on C18 column in gradient water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title compound (0.0109 g, 72%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **44**: R_f = 0.20 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 1/4, v/v); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.18-8.24 (*Z*) and 7.98-8.06 (*E*) (m, 4H, NCHO), 4.90-5.10 (m, 4H, 4 x H-1), 4.65-4.73 (m, 2H, -CH_{2i}-), 3.76-4.20 (m, 16H, 4 x H-2, 4 x H-3, 4 x H-4, 4 x H-5), 3.57-3.73 (m, 3H, -O-CH_{2a}-, -CH_{2g}-), 3.45-3.52 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.36-3.43 (m, 2H, -CH_{2h}-), 2.18-2.25 (m, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.74-1.82 (m, 2H, -CH_{2j}-), 1.49-1.63 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.38-1.48 (m, 2H, -CH_{2k}-), 1.20-1.35 (m, 14H, -CH_{2d}-, 4 x H-6), 0.87-0.96 ppm (m, 3H, -CH_{3l}); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, D₂O): δ 189.8, 189.6, 184.3 (x2), 178.5, 178.2, 178.1, 178.0, 177.9, 174.8, 174.7, 168.8, 168.7, 168.6, 165.8, 165.6, 103.3 (x2), 103.2, 102.8 (x2), 102.7, 101.7 (x2), 101.6 (x2), 99.2, 78.9 (x2), 78.4, 78.1, 77.3, 75.4, 75.3, 69.9 (x2), 69.8 (x2), 69.7, 69.3, 69.0 (x2), 68.9, 68.8 (x4), 68.6 (x2), 68.5, 68.4 (x2), 68.0, 62.5, 52.9, 52.8 (x2), 52.7, 51.8, 45.2, 45.0, 44.2, 40.6, 40.3, 40.2, 36.7, 34.4, 32.4, 29.2, 26.2, 26.1, 26.0 (x2), 25.9 (x2), 25.8, 19.3, 19.1, 19.0, 18.1, 18.0 (x2), 17.9, 17.8 (x2), 17.7 (x2), 14.0, 13.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₄₄H₇₀N₆O₂₁Na [M+Na]⁺: 1041.4486, found: 1041.4484.

(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside (**39**).



A solution of **5** (0.041 g, 0.035 mmol) in freshly distilled 1,2-diaminoethane (0.5 mL) was stirred at 21 °C for 48 h. Then excess reagent was removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with CH₃OH (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The residue was purified by reversed phase HPLC on a C18 column with a gradient of water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title compound (0.039 g, 93%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **39**: *R_f* = 0.20 (CH₃OH); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.15-8.20 (*Z*) and 7.95-8.02 (*E*) (m, 6H, NCHO), 4.82-5.18 (m, 6H, 6 x H-1), 3.73-4.17 (m, 23H, 6 x H-2, 6 x H-3, 6 x H-4, 5 x H-5), 3.63-3.69 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.47-3.53 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.31-3.46 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.08-3.25 (m, 2H, -CH_{2g}-), 2.72-2.77 (m, 2H, -CH_{2h}-), 2.20-2.25 (m, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.53-1.63 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.28-1.38 (m, 2H, -CH_{2d}-), 1.13-1.28 ppm (m, 18H, 6 x H-6); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, D₂O): δ 178.4, 178.1, 168.8 (x2), 165.9, 165.6, 103.3 (x2), 102.6, 101.9, 101.8, 101.6, 101.5, 99.3, 99.2, 78.9, 78.6, 78.5, 78.1, 77.8, 77.4, 71.0, 69.9 (x2), 69.7 (x2), 69.6, 69.4, 69.2, 69.0, 69.0, 68.9, 68.8, 68.6 (x2), 68.5 (x2), 68.4, 68.0, 57.9 (x2), 57.8, 57.7, 56.4, 53.0, 52.8 (x2), 52.7, 51.8, 41.4, 41.1, 40.6, 36.6, 29.1, 26.0, 25.9 (x2), 18.1 (x3), 18.0, 17.9, 17.8, 17.7, 17.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₅₀H₈₅N₈O₂₆ [M+H]⁺: 1213.5570, found: 1213.5564.

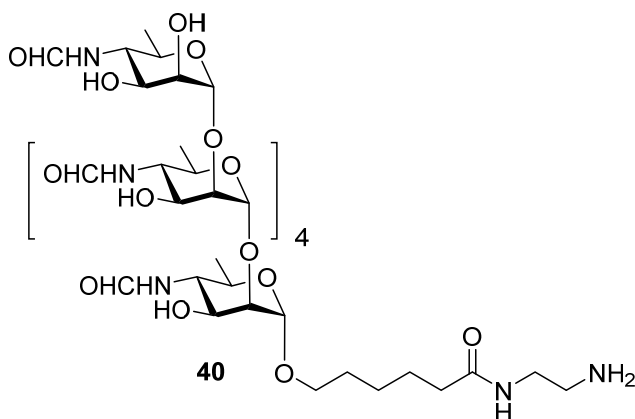
1-[(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 3) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside]-2-butoxycyclobutene-3,4-dione (**45**).



To a stirred solution of **39** (0.014 g, 0.011 mmol) in water (0.8 mL) and EtOH (0.6 mL), a solution of 3,4-dibutoxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione (20% in ethanol, 55 μ L) was added and the pH was adjusted to 8 by careful addition of aq. NaHCO₃ (1%) solution. After 0.5 h, TLC showed the reaction was complete; the reaction mixture was neutralized using CH₃COOH (10%) and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by reversed phase HPLC on a C18 column with a gradient of water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title compound (0.012 g, 76%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **45**: R_f = 0.40 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.14-8.20 (*Z*) and 7.96-8.02 (*E*) (m, 6H, NCHO), 4.83-5.18 (m, 6H, 6 x H-1), 4.62-4.69 (m, 2H, -CH_{2i}-), 3.72-4.17 (m, 24H, 6 x H-2, 6 x H-3, 6 x H-4, 6 x H-5), 3.66-3.69 (m, 1H, -CH_{2g}-), 3.60-3.65 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.55-3.58 (m, 1H, -CH_{2g}-), 3.42-3.48 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.32-3.41 (m, 2H, -CH_{2h}-), 2.14-2.21 (m, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.71-1.79 (m, 2H, -CH_{2j}-), 1.46-1.60 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.36-1.44 (m, 2H, -CH_{2k}-), 1.15-1.30 (m, 20H, -CH_{2d}-, 6 x H-6), 0.88-0.93 ppm (m, 3H, -CH_{3l}); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, D₂O): δ 189.8, 189.7, 184.3, 178.5, 178.1, 177.9 (x2), 174.8, 174.7, 168.8, 165.9, 165.6, 103.3, 102.6, 101.6, 101.5, 99.2, 78.9, 78.5, 78.2, 77.8, 77.3, 75.4, 75.3, 70.8, 69.9, 69.7, 69.2, 69.0, 68.8,

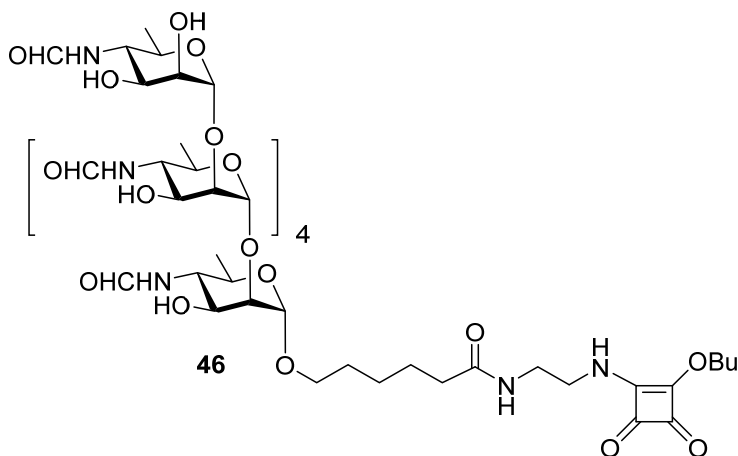
68.7, 68.6, 68.5, 68.4, 57.9, 57.7, 53.0, 52.8, 52.7, 51.8, 45.2, 45.0, 40.3, 40.2, 36.7, 32.4, 29.2, 26.1, 26.0, 25.9 (x2), 19.1, 19.0, 18.1, 18.0, 17.9 (x2), 17.8, 17.7, 13.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{58}H_{92}N_8O_{29}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 1387.5862, found: 1387.5864.

(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside (40).



A solution of **6** (0.034 g, 0.029 mmol) in freshly distilled 1,2-diaminoethane (0.5 mL) was stirred at 21 °C for 48 h. After that, excess reagent was removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was co-evaporated with CH_3OH (3 x 10 mL) and dried. The residue was purified by reversed phase HPLC on C18 column in gradient water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title compound (0.034 g, 97%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **40**: R_f = 0.20 (CH_3OH); 1H NMR (500 MHz, D_2O): δ 8.16-8.19 (*Z*) and 7.98-8.02 (*E*) (m, 6H, $NCHO$), 4.81-5.19 (m, 6H, 6 x H-1), 3.64-4.18 (m, 25H, 6 x H-2, 6 x H-3, 6 x H-4, 6 x H-5, $-O-CH_{2a-}$), 3.32-3.55 (m, 1H, $-O-CH_{2b-}$), 3.08-3.27 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2g-}$), 2.70-2.79 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2h-}$), 2.22-2.27 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2f-}$), 1.55-1.65 (m, 4H, $-CH_{2e-}$, $-CH_{2c-}$), 1.28-1.40 (m, 2H, $-CH_{2d-}$), 1.14-1.26 ppm (m, 18H, 6 x H-6); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, D_2O): δ 178.3, 178.1, 168.8, 168.7, 165.8, 103.4, 103.0 (x2), 102.9, 102.0, 101.7, 101.6, 101.5, 99.5, 99.3, 99.2, 78.7, 78.6, 78.3, 78.2, 78.1(x2), 78.0, 77.7, 71.3, 71.2, 71.0, 70.9, 70.4, 70.2, 69.9, 69.2, 69.0, 68.9 (x2), 68.8, 68.7, 68.7, 68.6 (x2), 68.5 (x3), 68.0, 57.9, 57.8, 57.7, 54.8, 54.8, 54.5, 53.0, 52.8, 52.6, 41.8, 41.4, 40.9, 40.7, 36.7, 29.1, 26.0, 25.9 (x2), 18.0, 17.9 (x2), 17.8, 17.7, 17.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{50}H_{84}N_8O_{26}Na$ $[M+Na]^+$: 1235.5389, found: 1235.5384.

1-[(2'-Aminoethylamido)carbonylpentyl 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranosyl (1 \rightarrow 2) 4,6-dideoxy-4-formamido- α -D-mannopyranoside]-2-butoxycyclobutene-3,4-dione (46**).**



To a stirred solution of **40** (0.0142 g, 0.012 mmol) in water (0.5 mL) and EtOH (0.4 mL), a solution of 3,4-dibutoxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione (20% in ethanol, 55 μ L) was added and pH was adjusted to 8 by careful addition of aq. NaHCO₃ (1%) solution. After 0.5 h, TLC showed the reaction was complete; the reaction mixture was neutralized using CH₃COOH (10%) and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by reversed phase HPLC on C18 column in gradient water-acetonitrile and lyophilized, to give the title compound (0.014 g, 88%) as a white foam. Analytical data for **46**: *R_f* = 0.40 (CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.14-8.19 (*Z*) and 7.97-8.01 (*E*) (m, 6H, NCHO), 4.82-5.18 (m, 6H, 6 x H-1), 4.62-4.70 (m, 2H, -CH_{2i}-), 3.72-4.15 (m, 24H, 6 x H-2, 6 x H-3, 6 x H-4, 6 x H-5), 3.66-3.69 (m, 1H, -CH_{2g}-), 3.60-3.65 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2a}-), 3.55-3.58 (m, 1H, -CH_{2g}-), 3.42-3.48 (m, 1H, -O-CH_{2b}-), 3.31-3.41 (m, 2H, -CH_{2h}-), 2.14-2.21 (m, 2H, -CH_{2f}-), 1.71-1.79 (m, 2H, -CH_{2j}-), 1.46-1.59 (m, 4H, -CH_{2e}-, -CH_{2c}-), 1.35-1.44 (m, 2H, -CH_{2k}-), 1.14-1.31 (m, 20H, -CH_{2d}-, 6 x H-6), 0.87-0.93 ppm (m, 3H, -CH_{3l}); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, D₂O): δ 189.8, 189.6, 184.3, 178.5, 178.1, 177.9 (x2), 174.8, 174.7, 168.8, 165.9, 102.9, 101.5 (x3), 99.2 (x2), 78.5, 78.1(x2), 78.0, 75.4, 75.3, 71.4, 69.9, 69.2, 69.0, 68.9, 68.7, 68.6, 68.0, 57.8 (x2), 53.0, 52.9 (x2), 52.7, 45.2, 45.0, 40.3, 40.2, 36.7, 32.4, 32.3, 32.2, 29.2, 26.1(x2), 25.9 (x2), 19.1, 19.0, 17.9 (x2), 17.8 (x2), 17.7, 13.9, 13.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₅₈H₉₂N₈O₂₉Na [M+Na]⁺: 1387.5862, found: 1387.5856.

B. Protein conjugation

Preparation of BSA conjugate 47. BSA (30 mg, 0.451 μmol) and disaccharide squarate **41** (4.5 mg, 6.77 μmol) were dissolved in 0.5 M borate buffer pH 9 (600 μL) and stirred slowly at 21 °C for 3 days. Then the reaction mixture was diluted with Mili-Q water, filtered through milipore filtration tube (10,000 MWCO, 4 x 10 mL), lyophilized and the BSA-conjugate **47** was obtained as a white foam (30.4 mg, 89%). The MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry analysis indicated the conjugate **47** had an average of 15.2 disaccharides per BSA.

Preparation of BSA conjugate 48. BSA (30 mg, 0.451 μmol) and trisaccharide squarate **42** (5.7 mg, 6.74 μmol) were dissolved in 0.5 M borate buffer pH 9 (700 μL) and stirred slowly at 21 °C for 3 days. Then the reaction mixture was diluted with Mili-Q water, filtered through milipore filtration tube (10,000 MWCO, 4 x 10 mL), lyophilized and the BSA-conjugate **48** was obtained as a white foam (32.3 mg, 91%). The MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry analysis indicated the conjugate **48** had an average of 15.9 trisaccharides per BSA.

Preparation of BSA conjugate 49. BSA (32.5 mg, 0.489 μmol) and trisaccharide squarate **43** (6.2 mg, 7.34 μmol) were dissolved in 0.5 M borate buffer pH 9 (700 μL) and stirred slowly at 21 °C for 3 days. Then the reaction mixture was diluted with Mili-Q water, filtered through milipore filtration tube (10,000 MWCO, 4 x 10 mL), lyophilized and the BSA-conjugate **49** was obtained as a white foam (33.5 mg, 87%). The MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry analysis indicated the conjugate **49** had an average of 15.7 trisaccharides per BSA.

Preparation of BSA conjugate 50. BSA (11 mg, 0.165 μmol) and tetrasaccharide squarate **44** (2.5 mg, 2.45 μmol) were dissolved in 0.5 M borate buffer pH 9 (400 μL) and stirred slowly at 21 °C for 3 days. Then the reaction mixture was diluted with Mili-Q water, filtered through milipore filtration tube (10,000 MWCO, 4 x 10 mL), lyophilized and the BSA-conjugate **50** was obtained as a white foam (12 mg, 92%). The MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry analysis indicated the conjugate **50** had an average of 13.4 tetrasaccharides per BSA.

Preparation of BSA conjugate 51. BSA (5 mg, 0.0752 μmol) and hexasaccharide squarate **45** (1.5 mg, 1.099 μmol) were dissolved in 0.5 M borate buffer pH 9 (400 μL) and stirred slowly at 21 °C for 3 days. Then the reaction mixture was diluted with Mili-Q water, filtered through milipore filtration tube (10,000 MWCO, 4 x 10 mL), lyophilized and the BSA-conjugate **51** was obtained as a white foam (6 mg, 97%). The MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry analysis indicated the conjugate **51** had an average of 11.8 hexasaccharides per BSA.

Preparation of BSA conjugate 52. BSA (5 mg, 0.0752 μmol) and hexasaccharide squarate **46** (1.5 mg, 1.099 μmol) were dissolved in 0.5 M borate buffer pH 9 (400 μL) and stirred slowly at 21 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 3 days. Then the reaction mixture was diluted with Mili-Q water, filtered through milipore filtration tube (10,000 MWCO, 4 x 10 mL), lyophilized and the BSA-conjugate **52** was obtained as a white foam (5.5 mg, 87%). The MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry analysis indicated the conjugate **52** had an average of 13.8 hexasaccharides per BSA.

Preparation of tetanus toxoid conjugate 53: Hexasaccharide squarate **45** (0.55 mg, 0.403 μmol) was added to the solution of tetanus toxoid (2 mg, 0.0133 μmol) in 0.5 M borate buffer pH 9 (1 mL) and stirred slowly at 21 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 3 days. Then the reaction mixture was washed with PBS buffer, filtered through milipore filtration tube (10,000 MWCO, 4 x 10 mL) and the resulting tetanus toxoid-conjugate **53** was stored in PBS buffer. The MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry analysis indicated the conjugate **53** had an average of 15.1 hexasaccharides per tetanus toxoid.

Preparation of tetanus toxoid conjugate 54: Hexasaccharide squarate **46** (0.55 mg, 0.403 μmol) was added to the solution of tetanus toxoid (2 mg, 0.0133 μmol) in 0.5 M borate buffer pH 9 (1 mL) and stirred slowly at 21 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 3 days. Then the reaction mixture was washed with PBS buffer, filtered through milipore filtration tube (10,000 MWCO, 4 x 10 mL) and the resulting tetanus toxoid-conjugate **54** was stored in PBS buffer. The MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry analysis indicated the conjugate **54** had an average of 14.6 hexasaccharides per tetanus toxoid.

ELISA titrations for conjugates 47-52 with Mouse mAbs

Figure S1 Plates coated with **47**

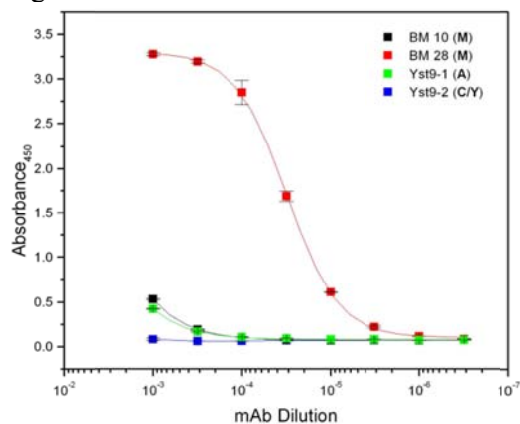


Figure S4 Plates coated with **50**

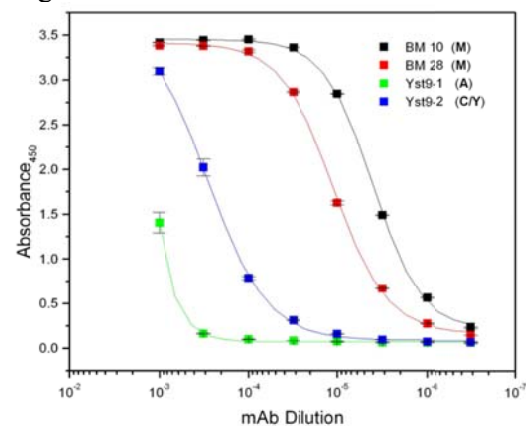


Figure S2 Plates coated with **48**

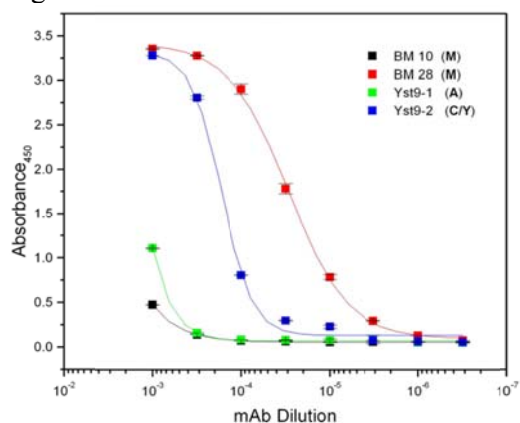


Figure S5 Plates coated with **51**

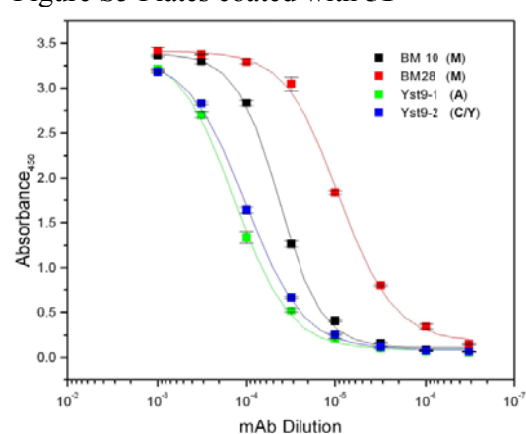


Figure S3 Plates coated with **49**

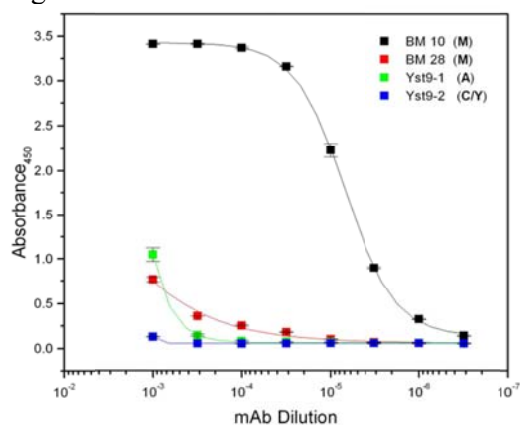


Figure S1 Plates coated with **52**

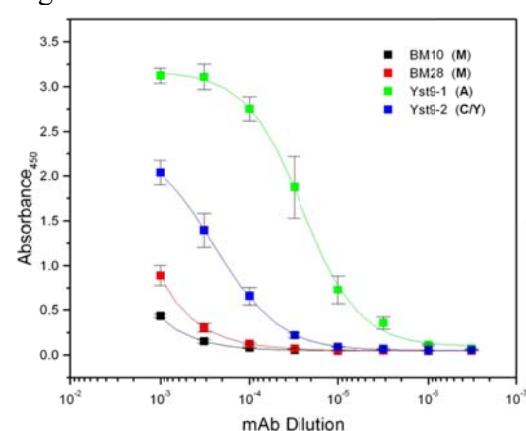


Figure S7 ELISA for Disaccharide conjugate 47 with OIE standard bovine sera

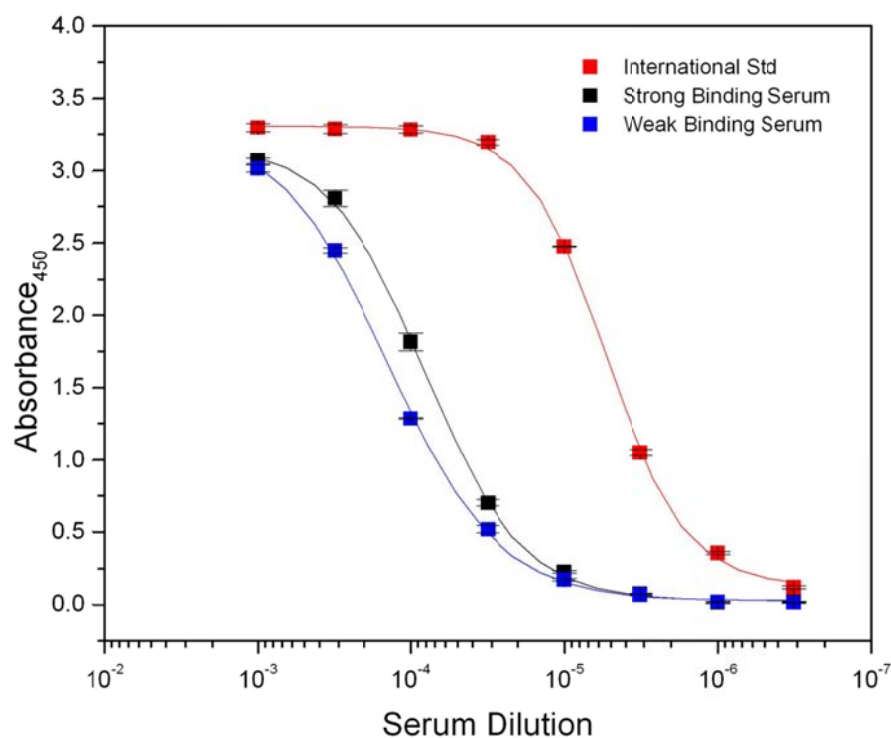


Figure S8 ELISA for tetrasaccharide conjugate 50 with OIE standard bovine sera

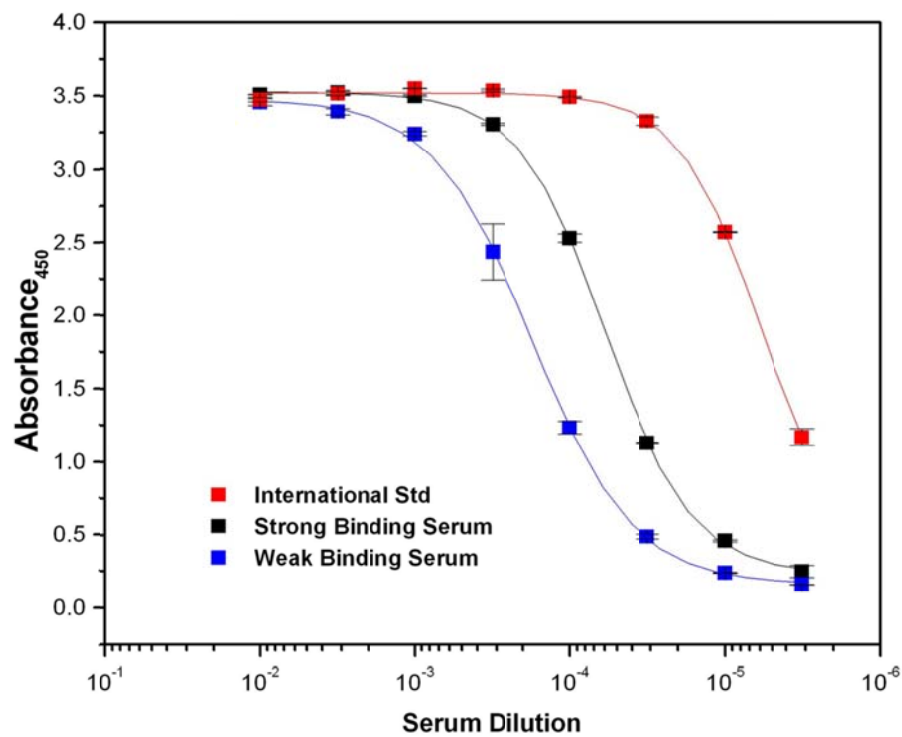


Figure S9 ELISA for hexasaccharide conjugate 52 with OIE standard bovine sera

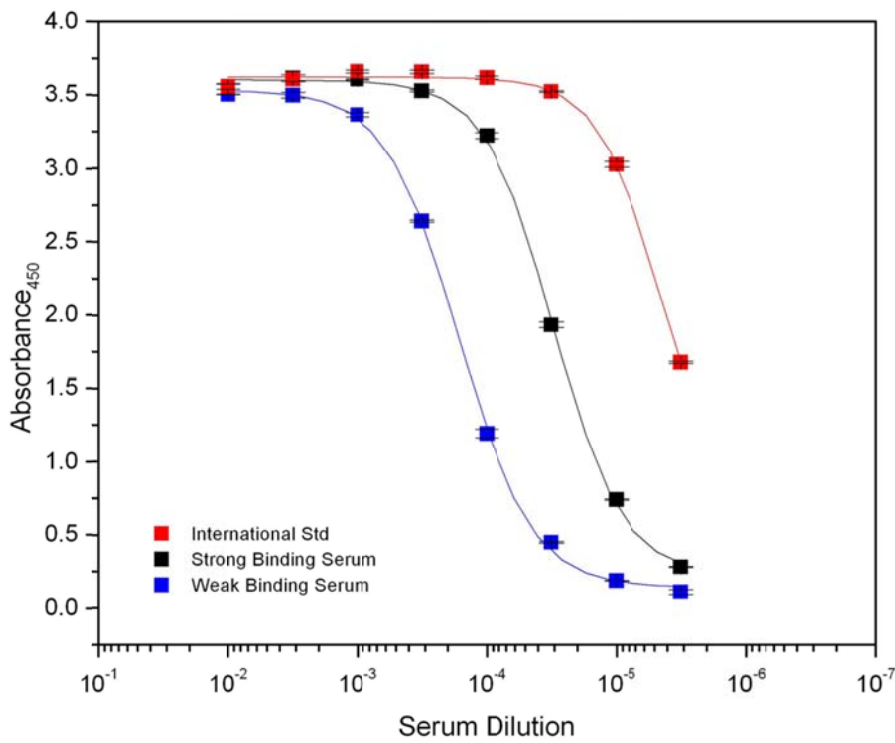
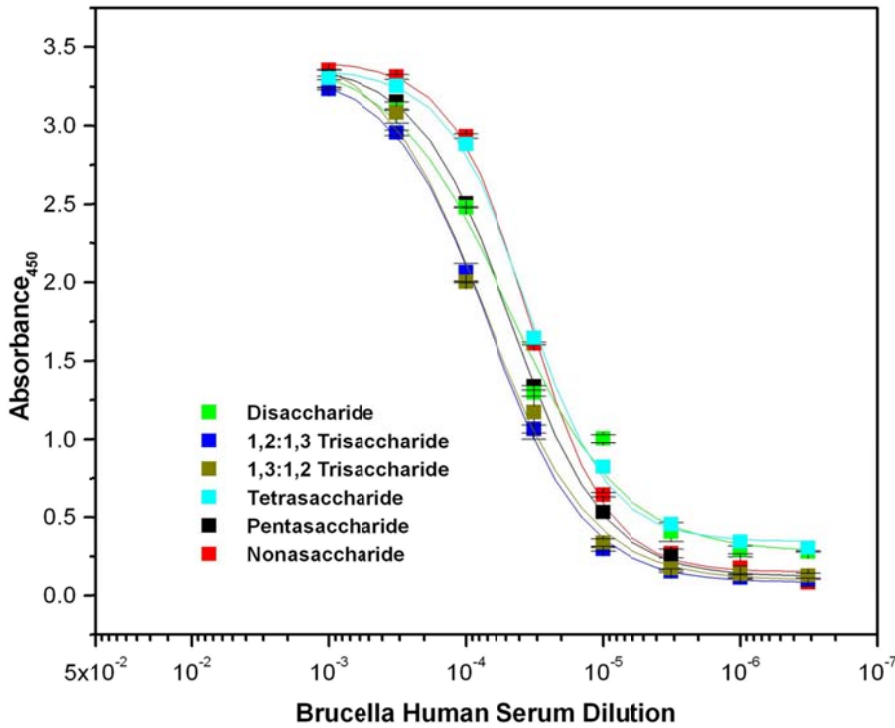


Figure S10 ELISA for human sera with conjugates 47-50 and penta and nonasaccharides previously reported⁷



Immune response for CD1 mice immunized with tetanus toxoid conjugated to hexsaccharide 6

Figure S11 Response titered on plates coated with conjugate 52

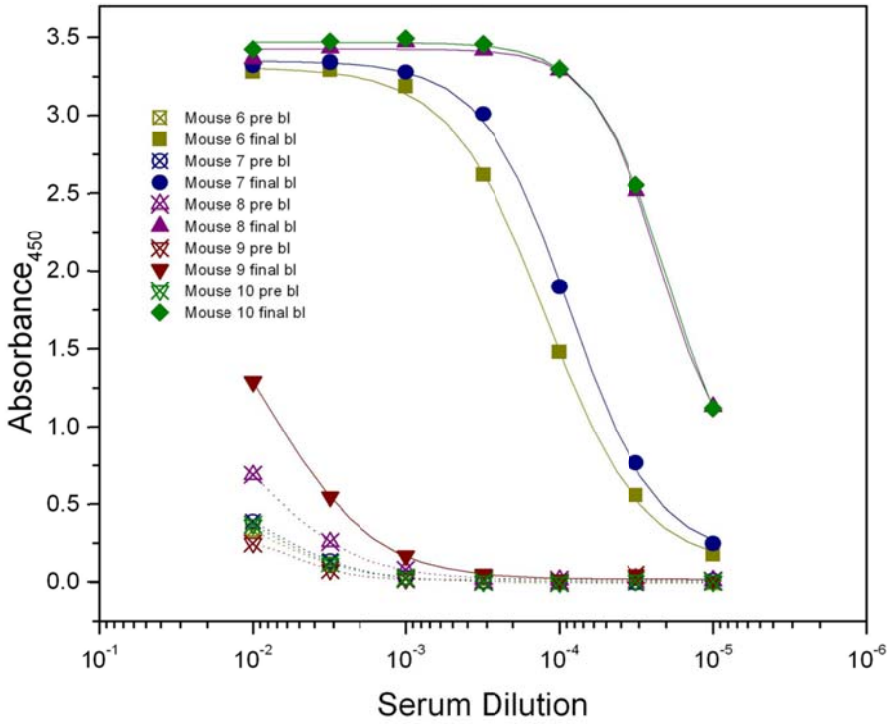


Figure S12 Response titered on plates coated with *B. abortus* LPS

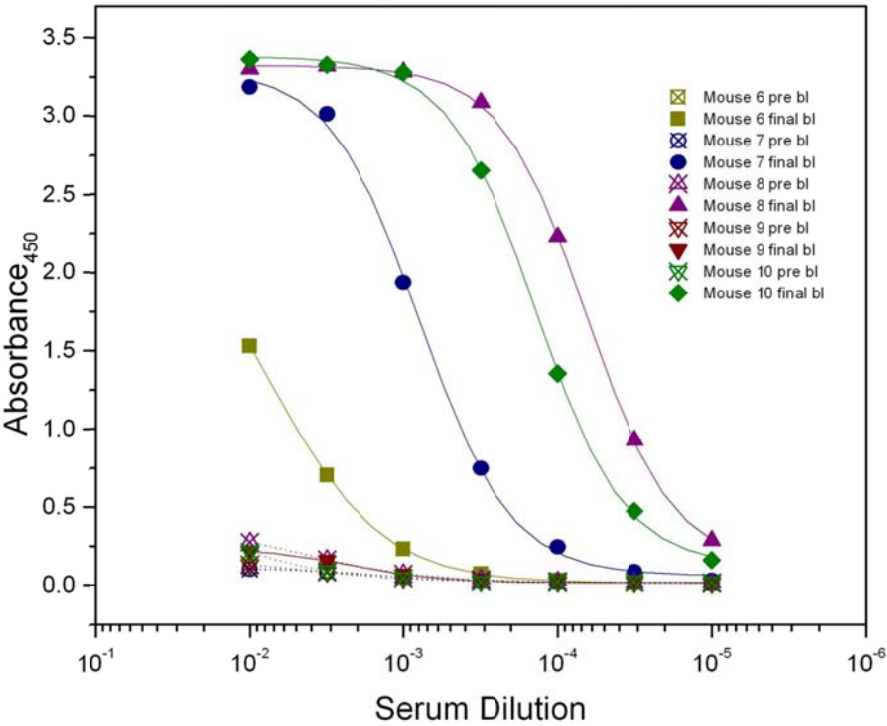
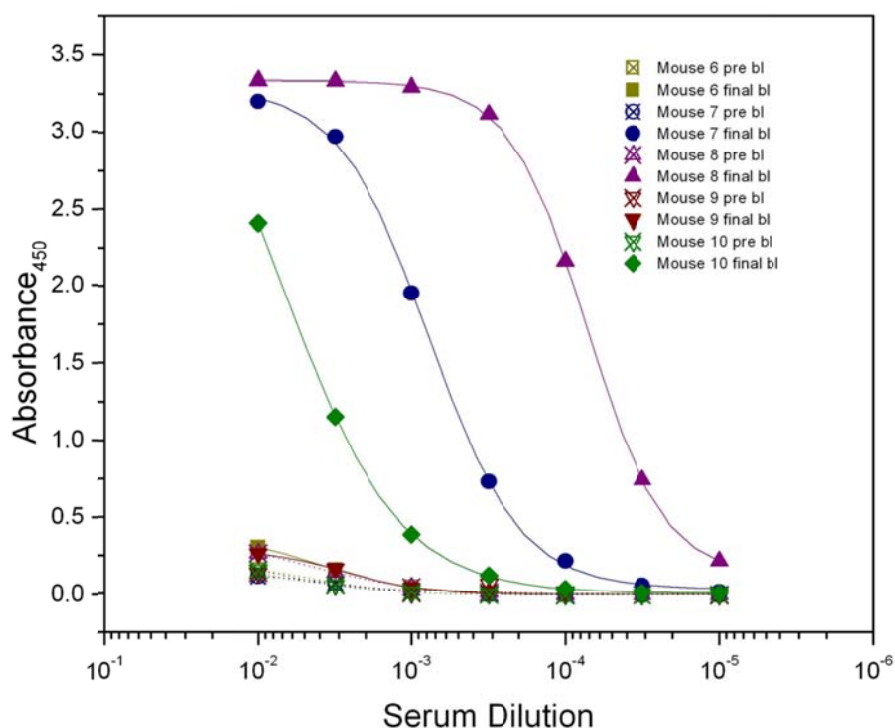
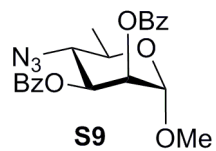


Figure S13 Response titrated on plates coated with *B. melitensis* LPS

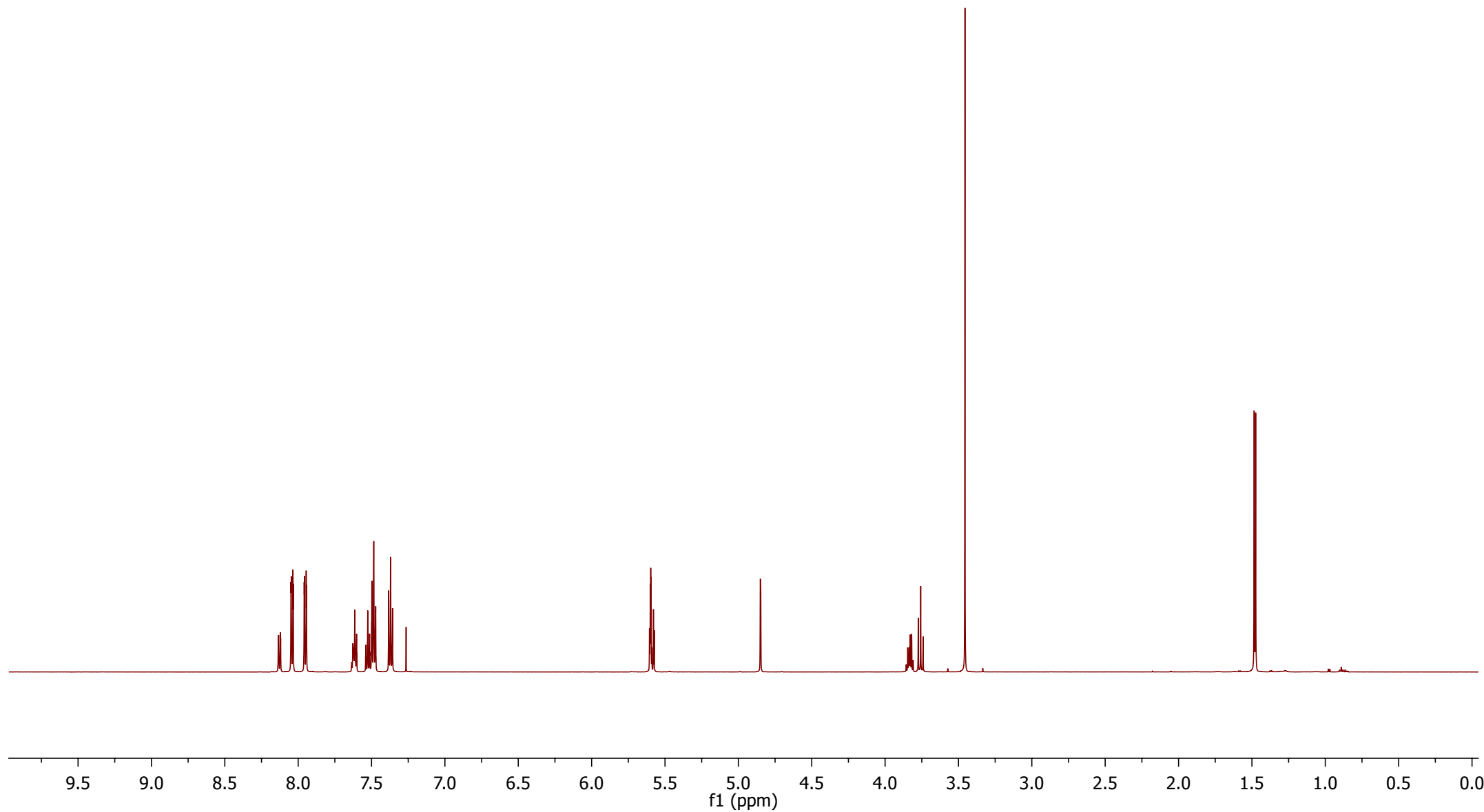


VI. REFERENCES

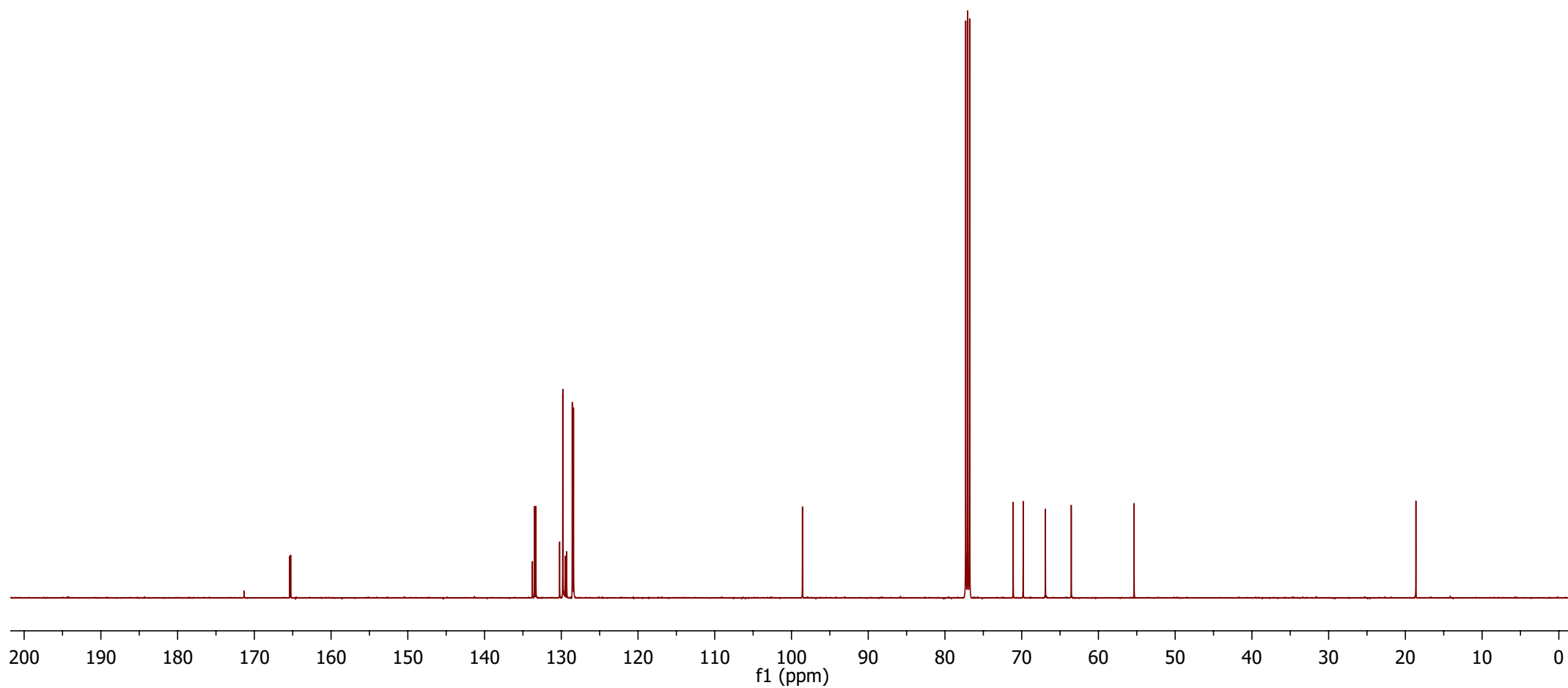
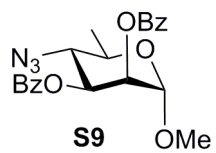
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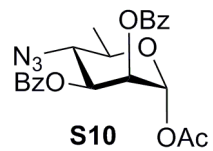


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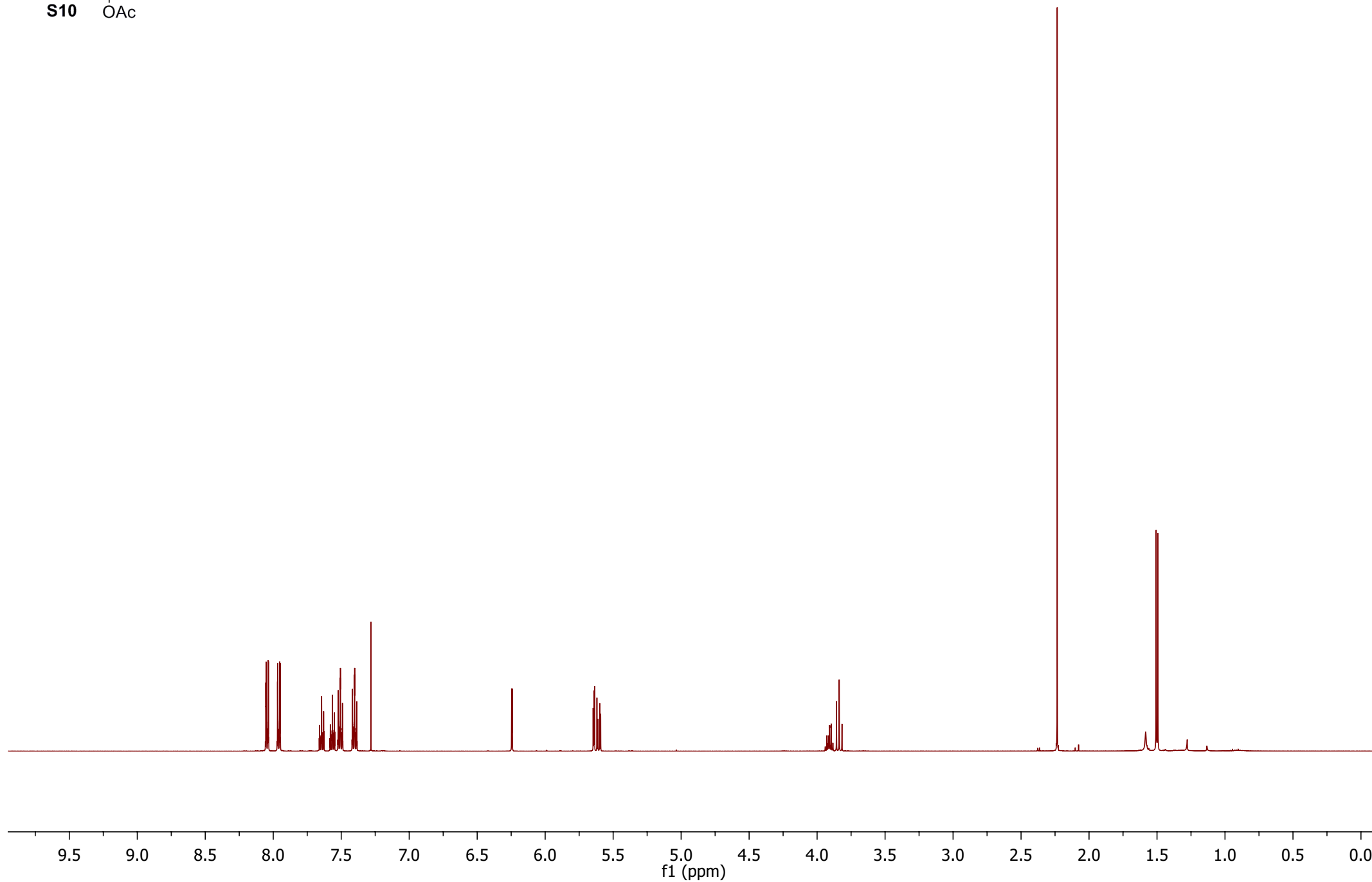


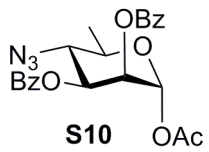
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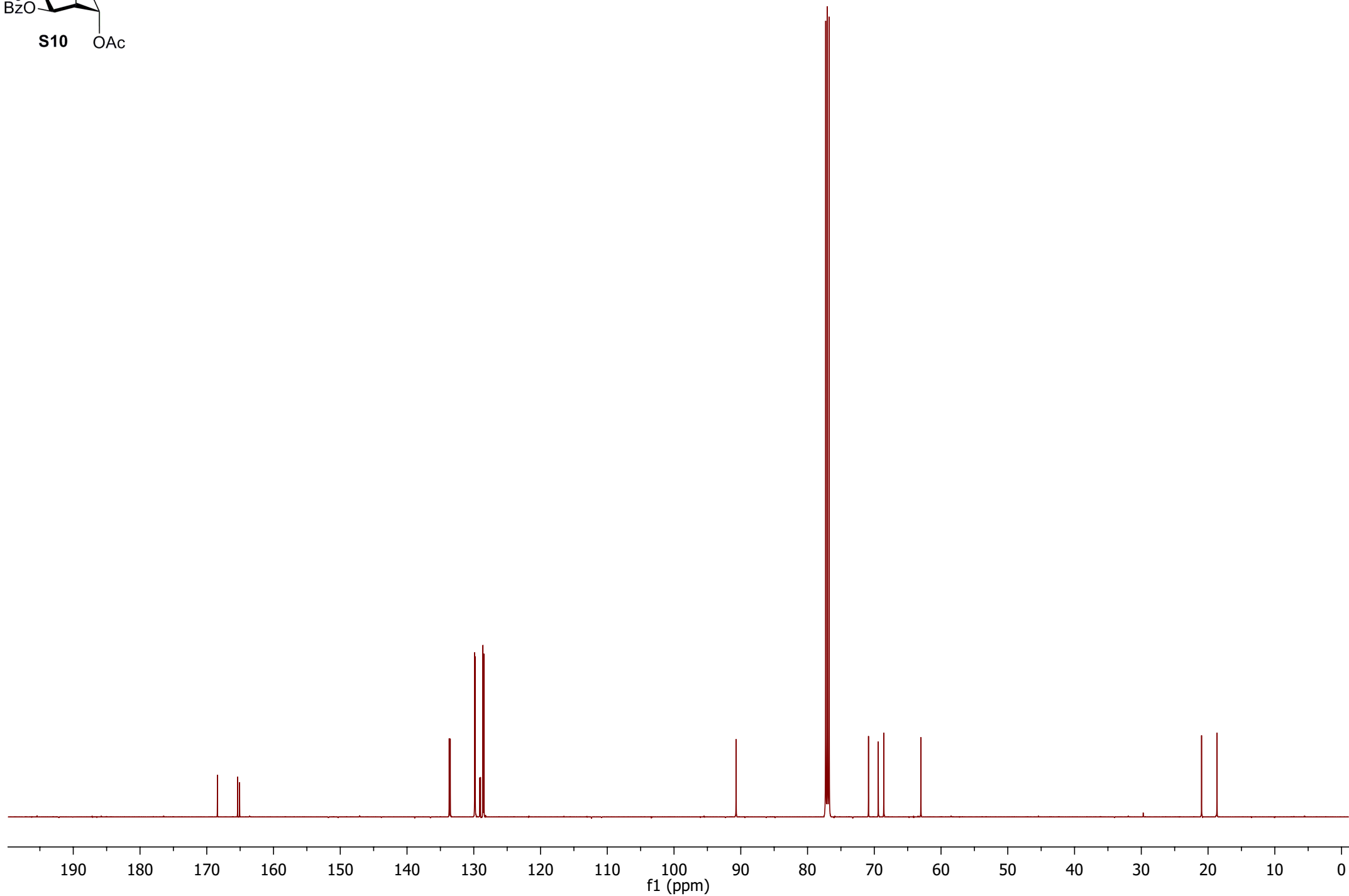


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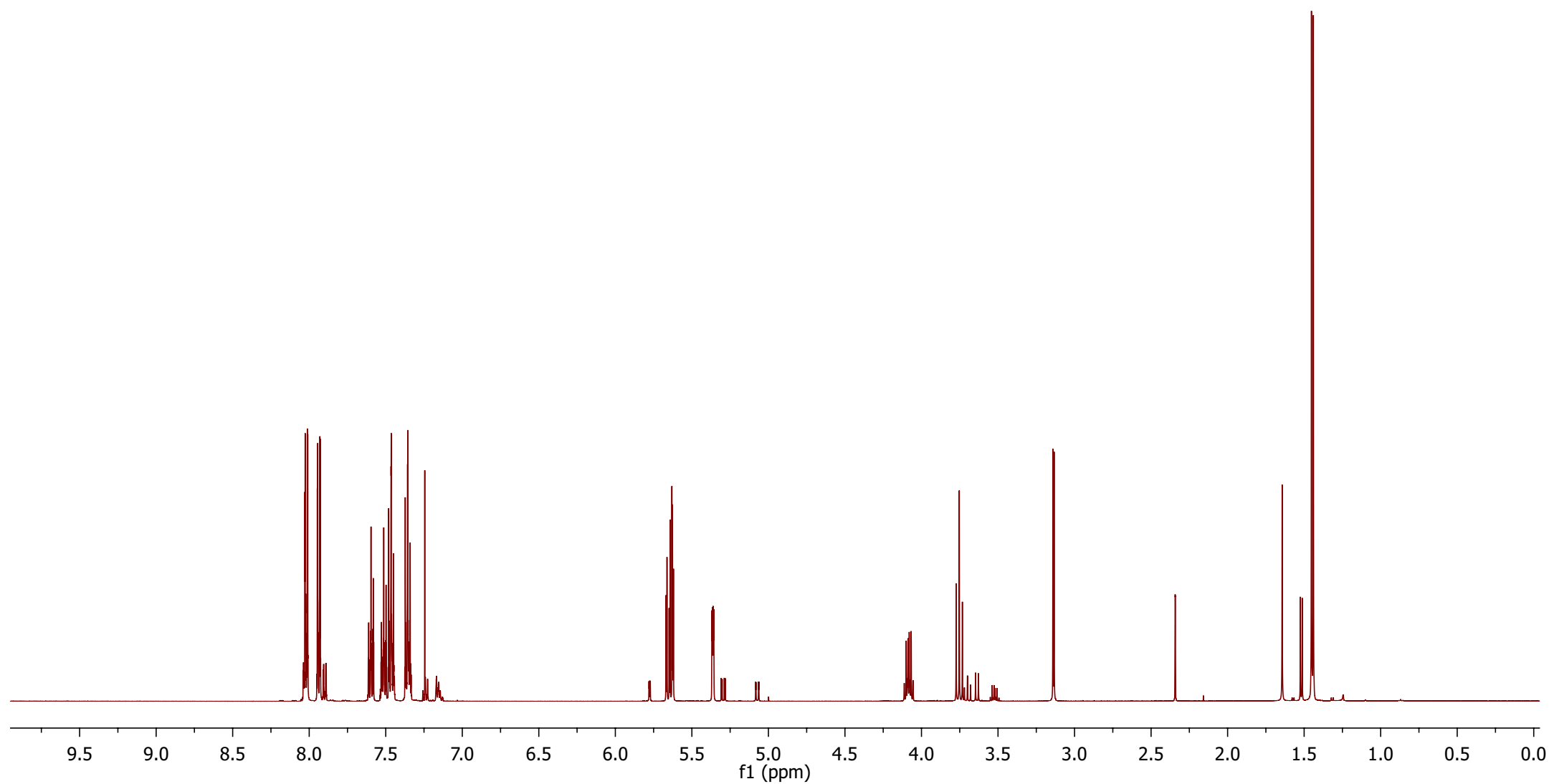
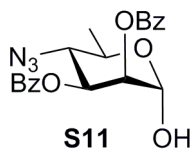


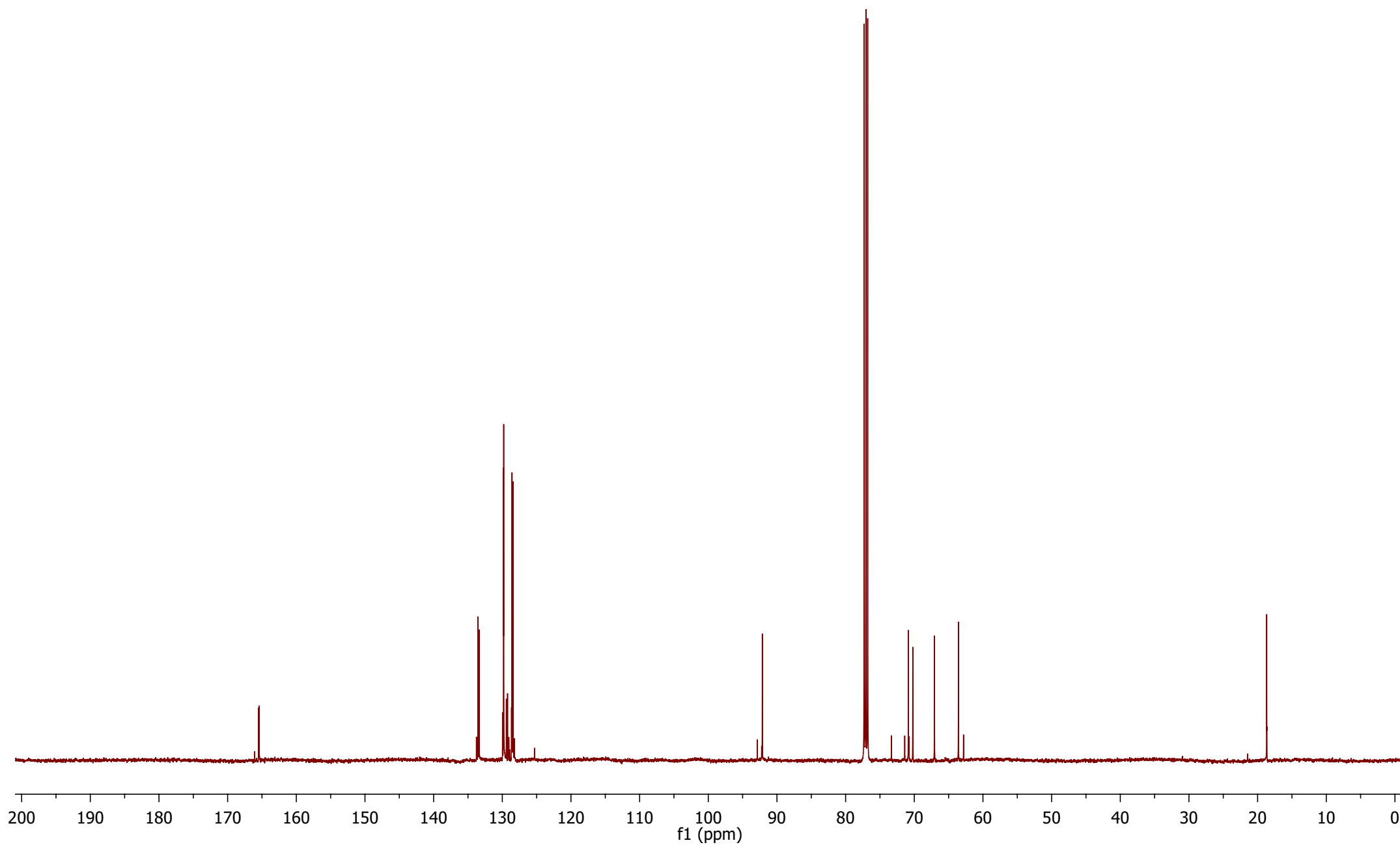
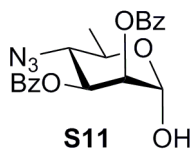


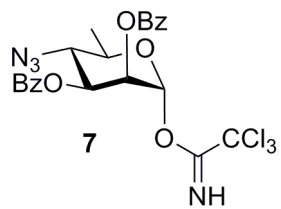
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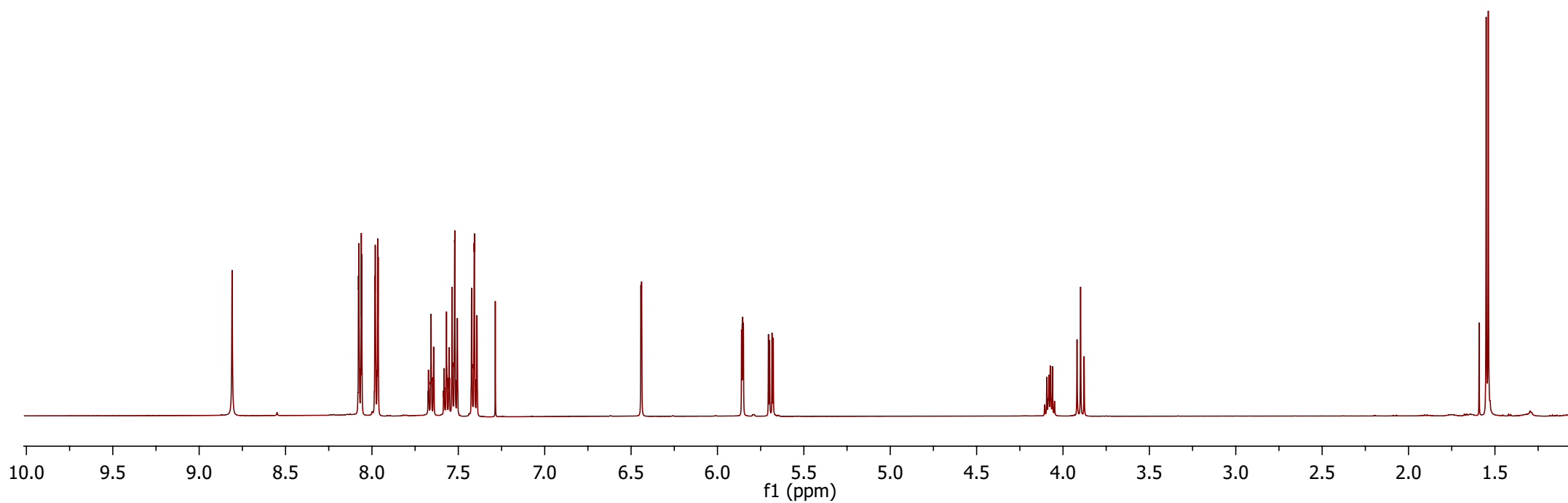
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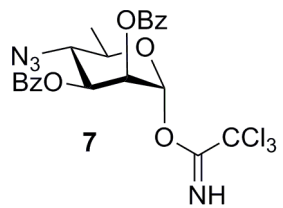


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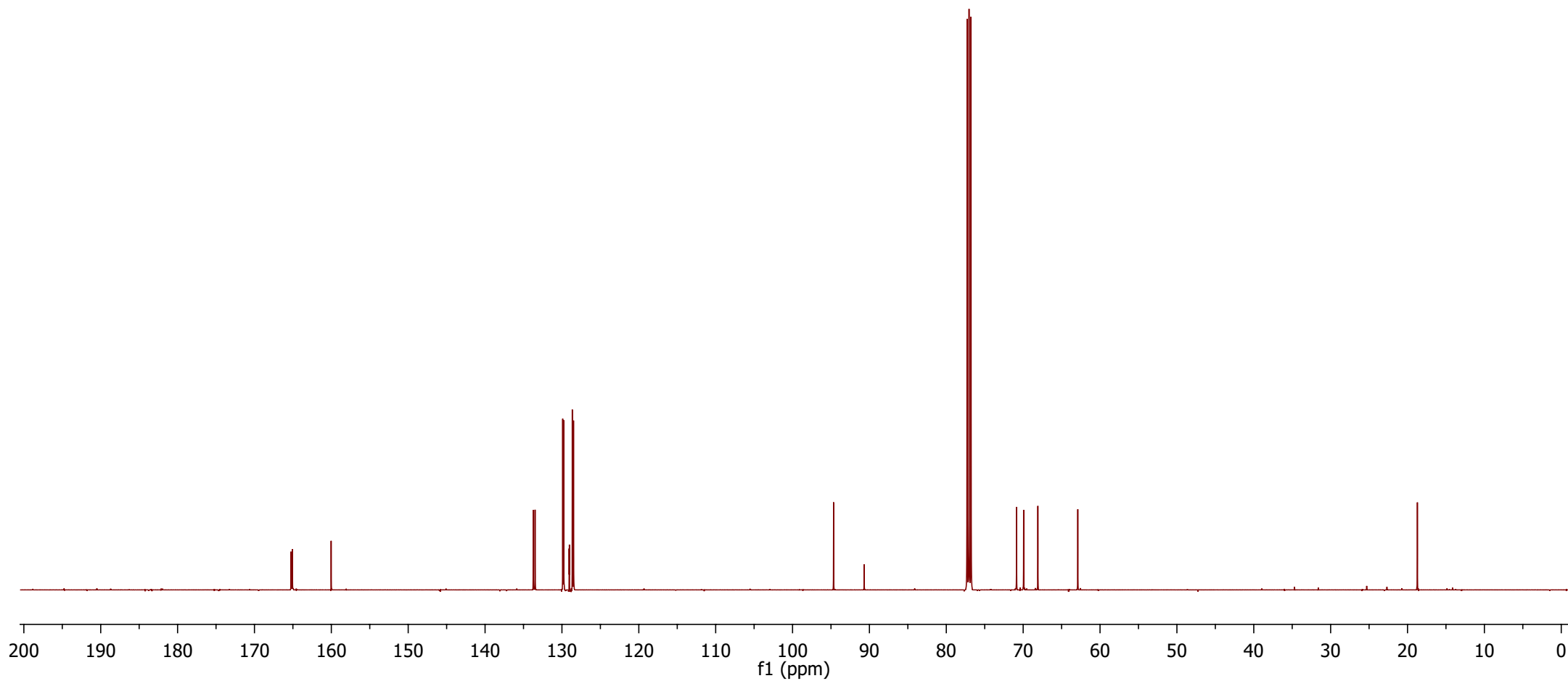


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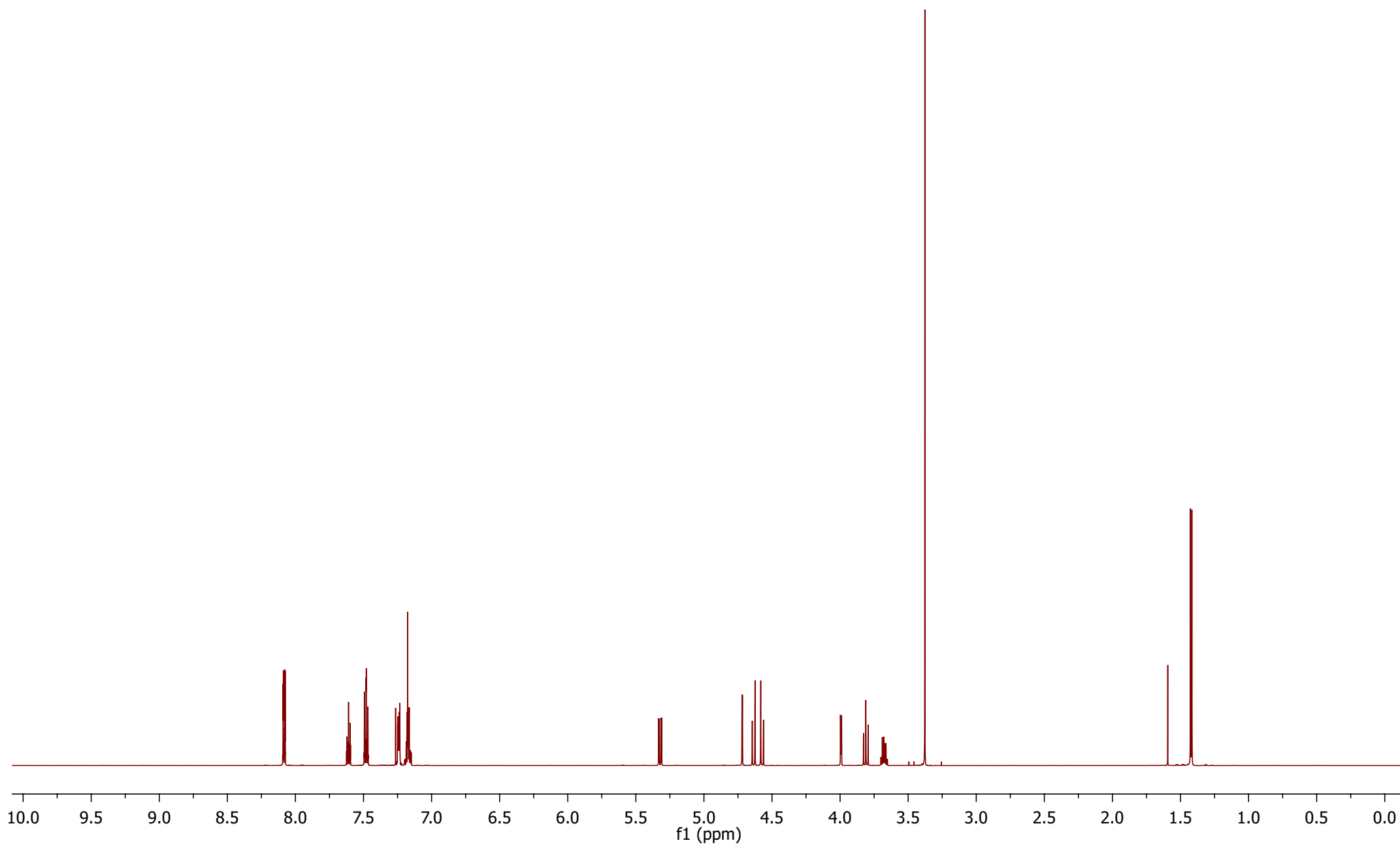
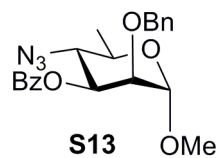


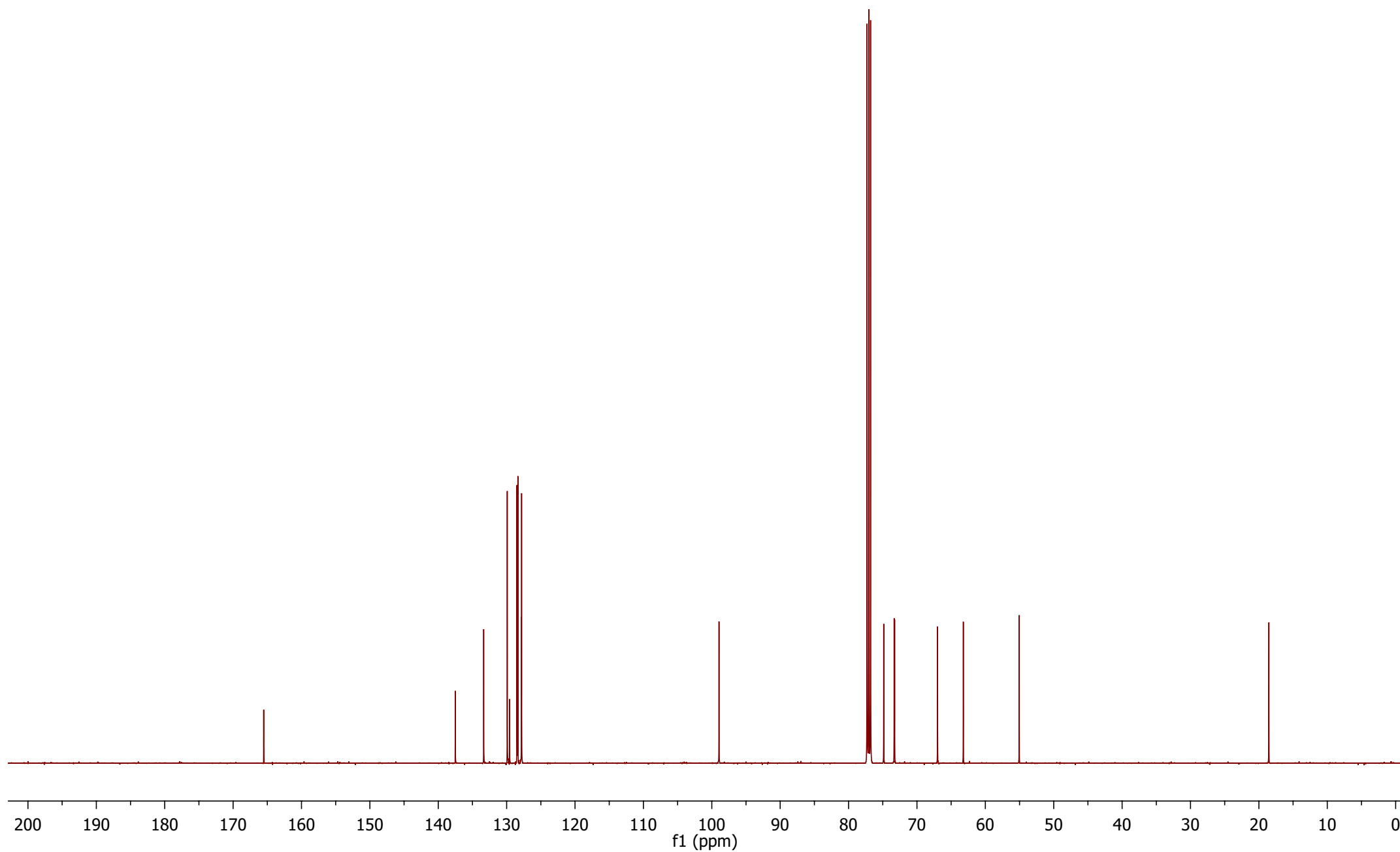
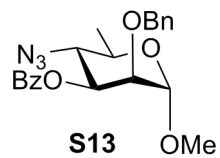


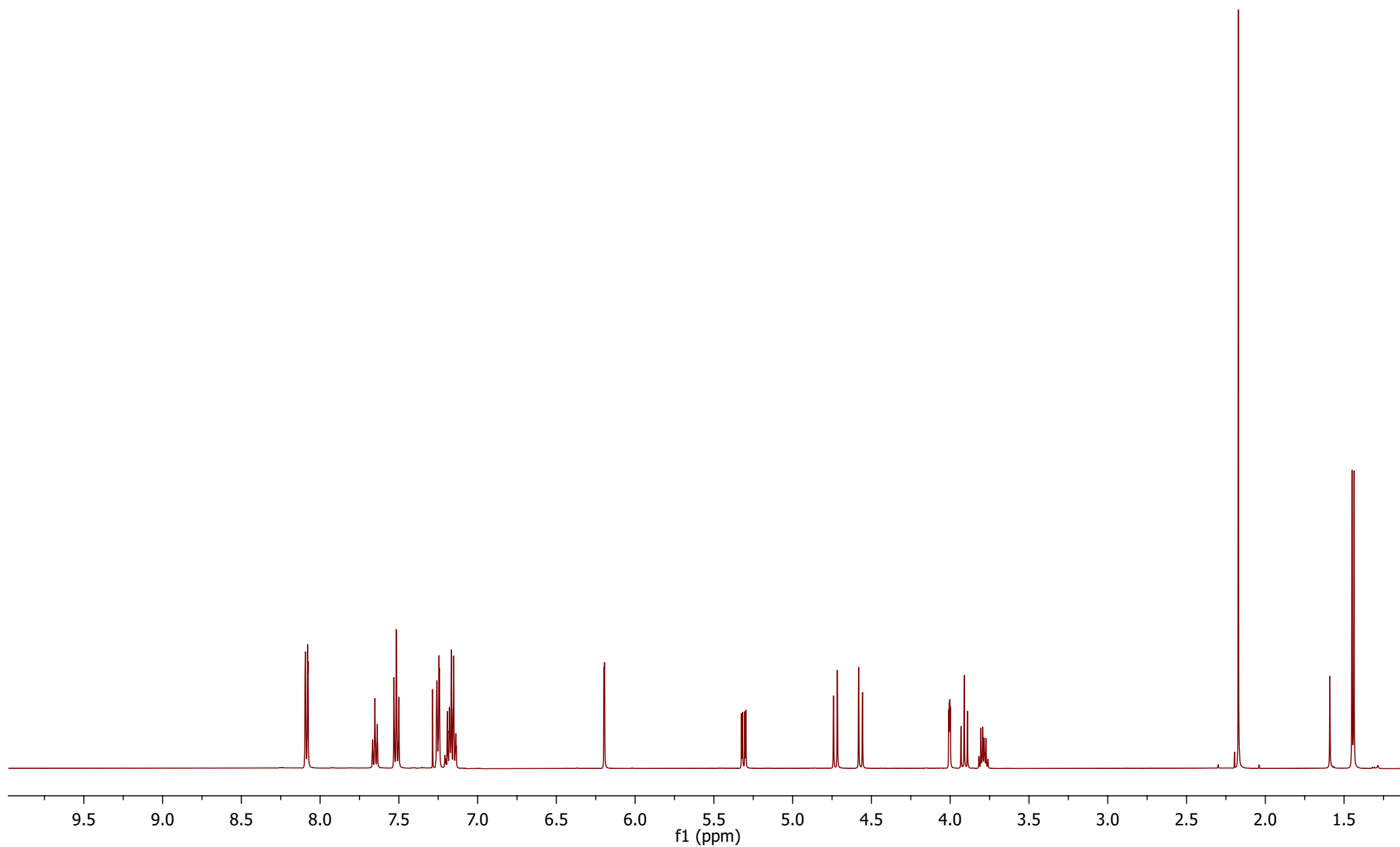
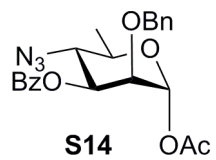
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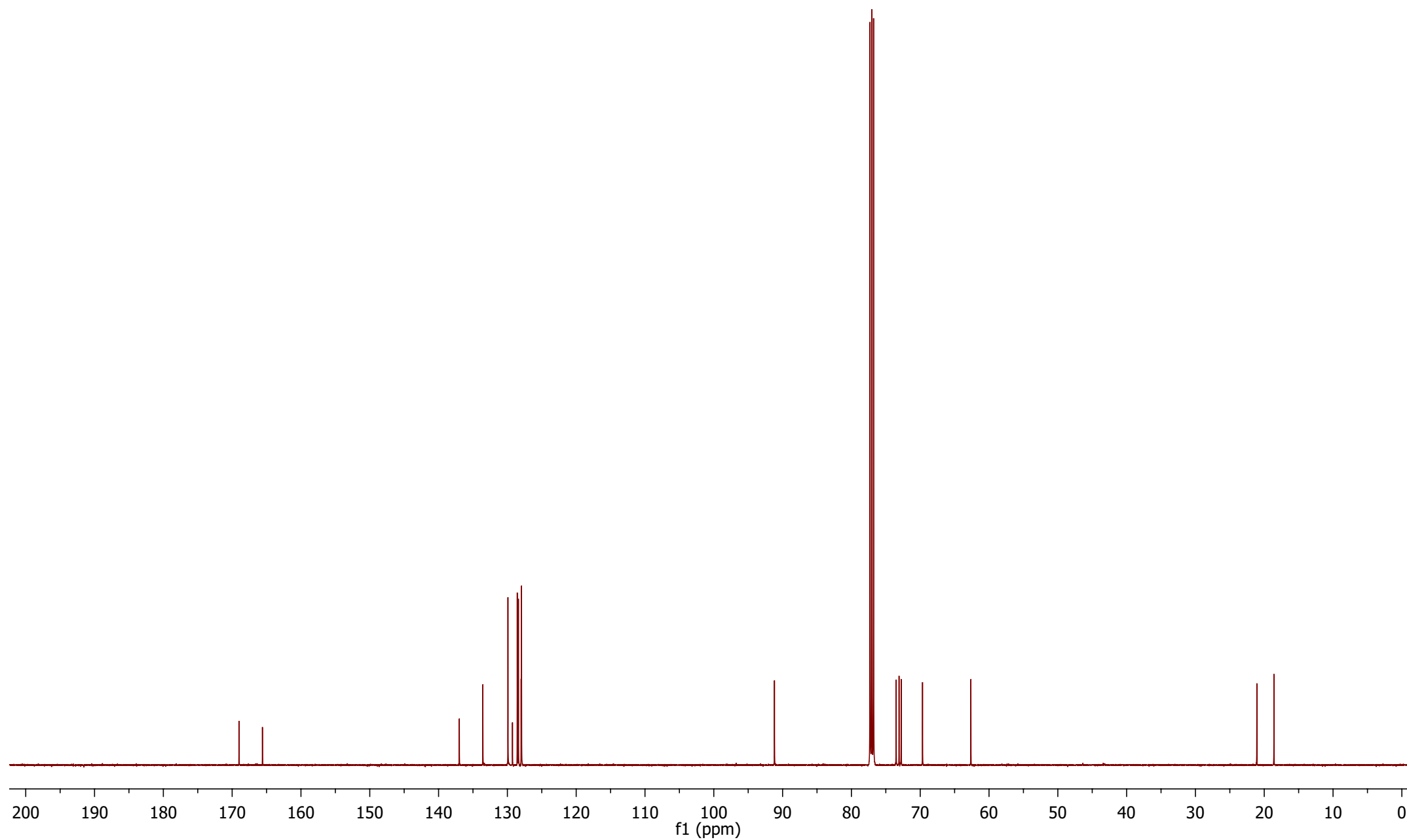
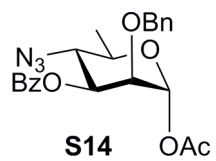


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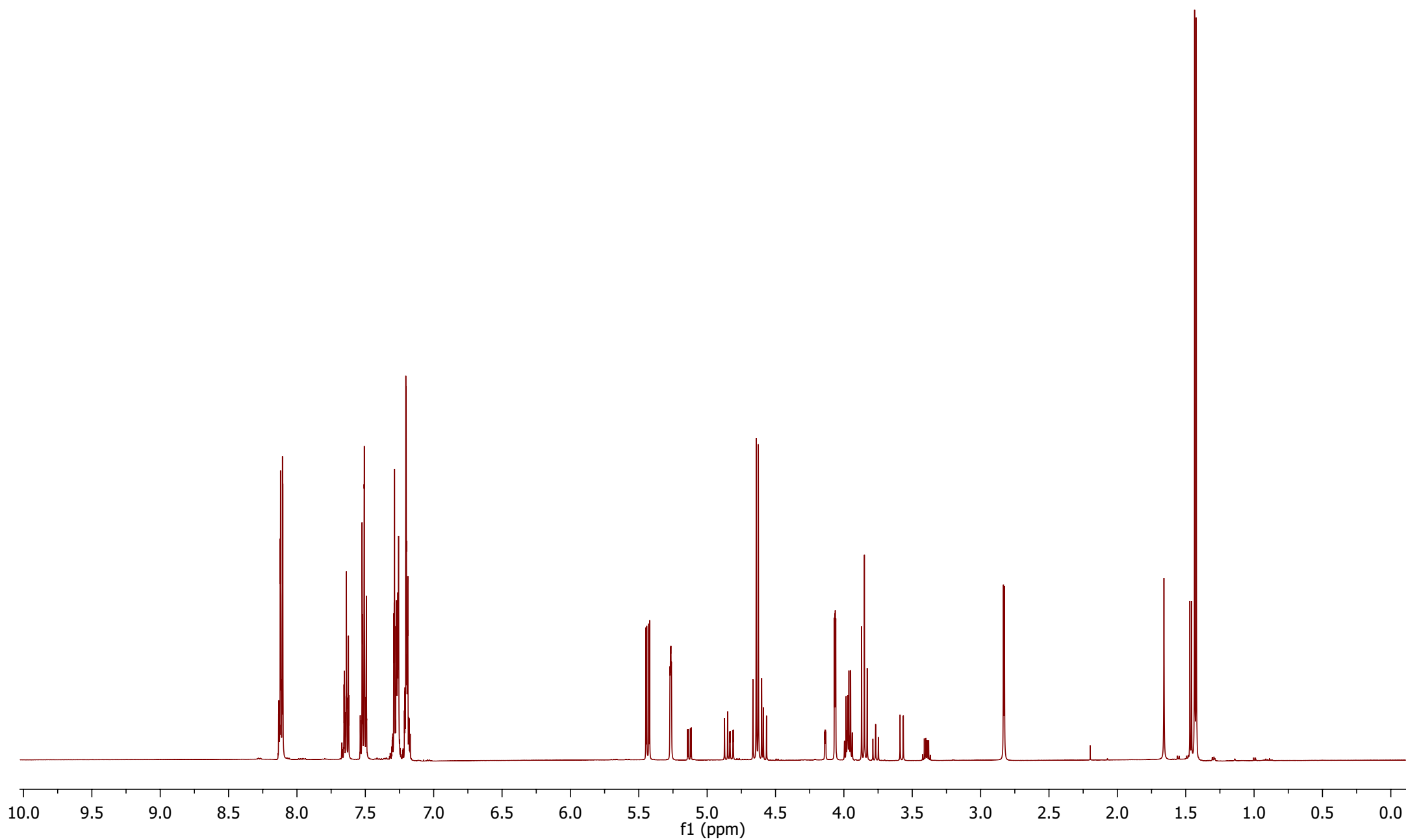
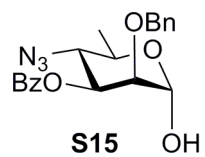


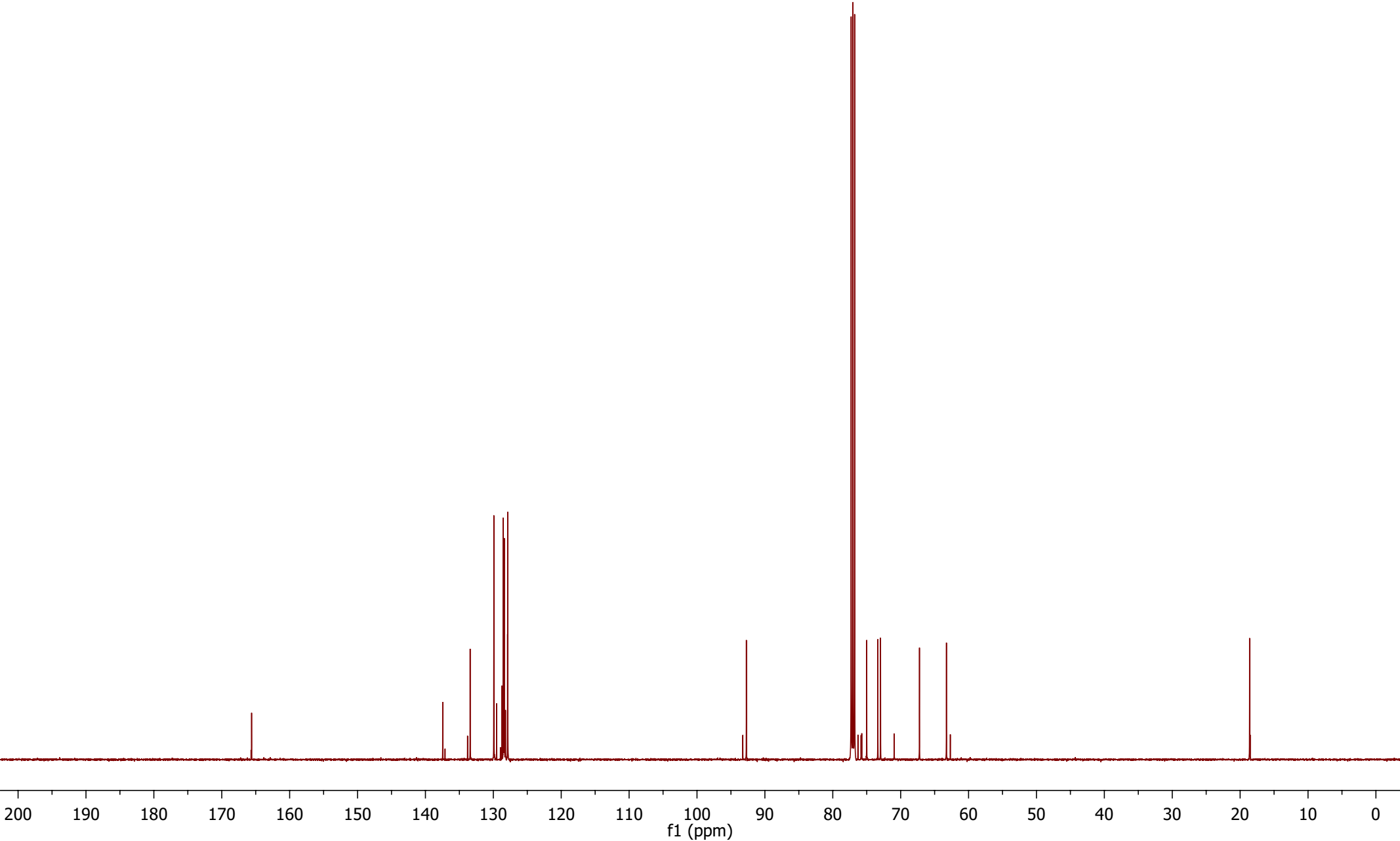
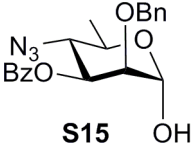




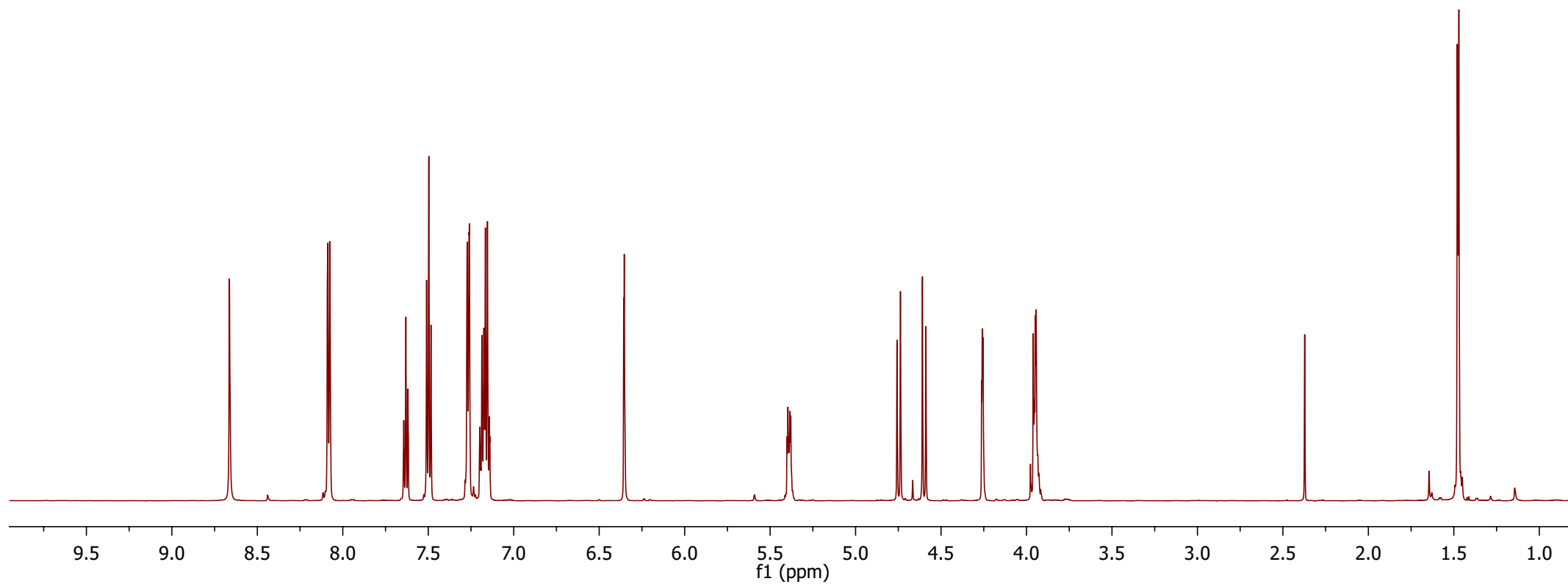
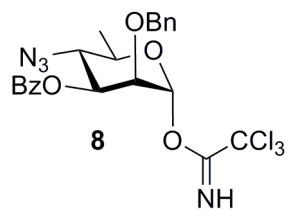


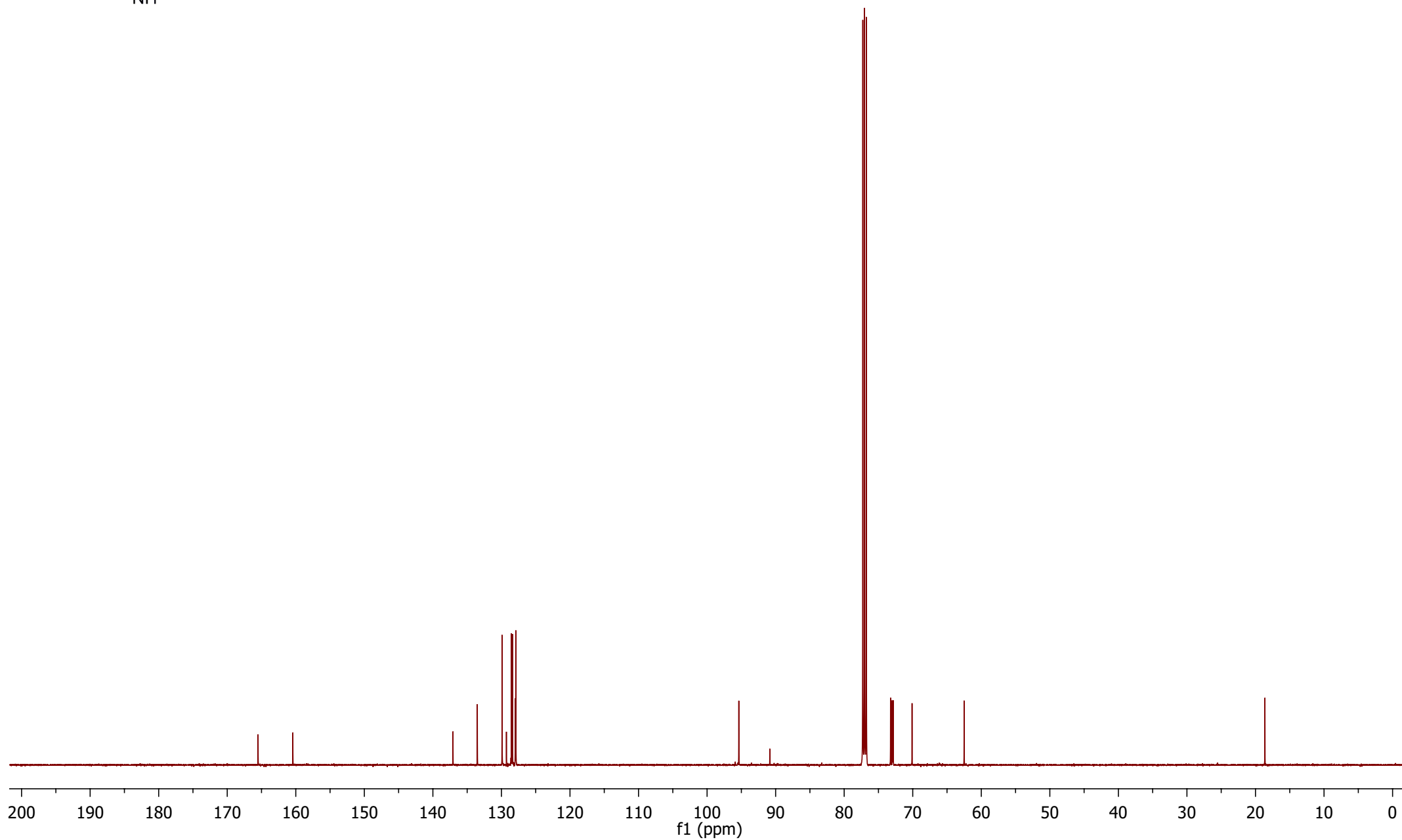
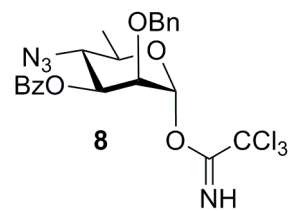
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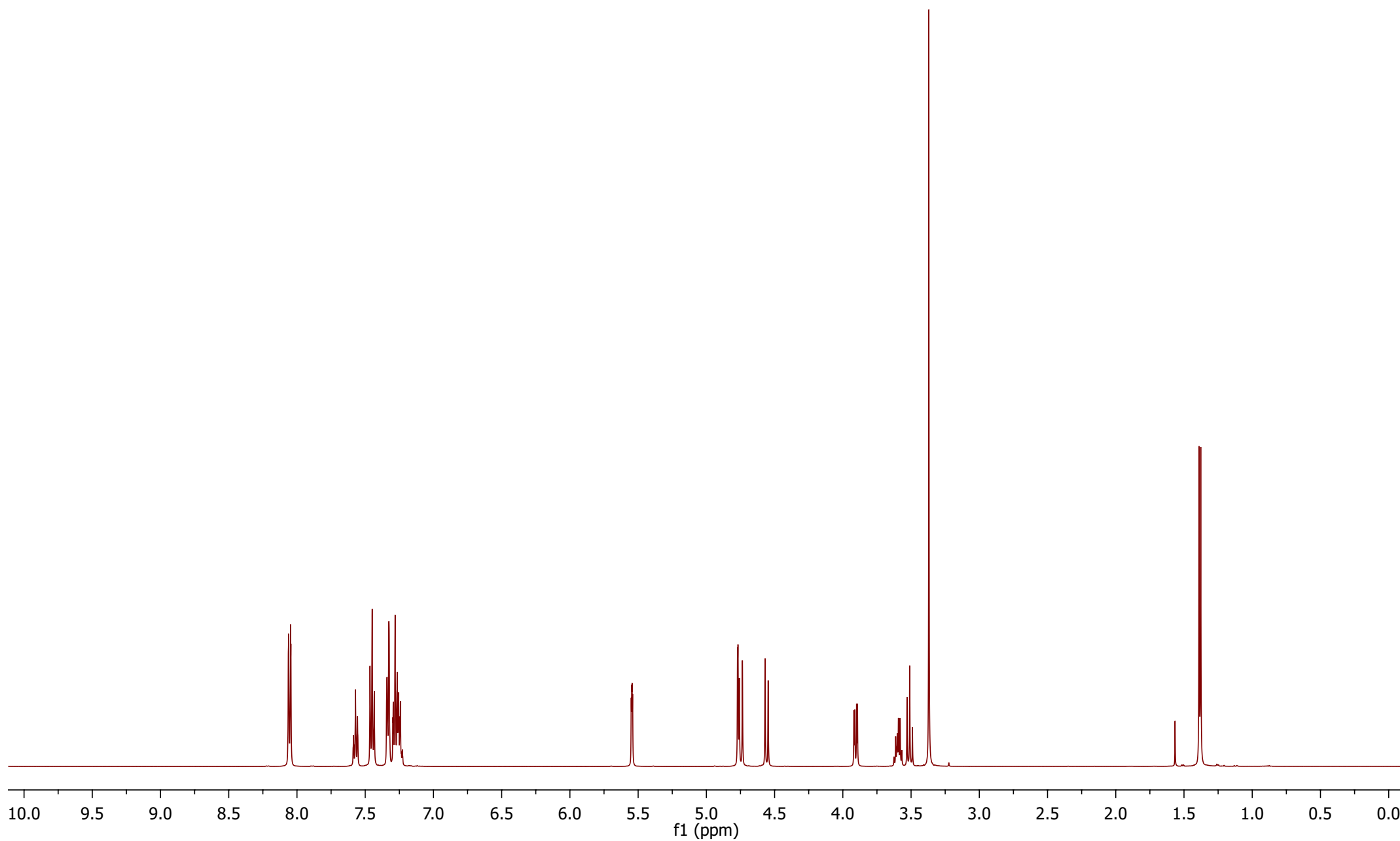
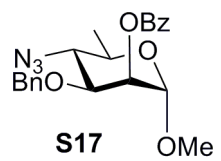


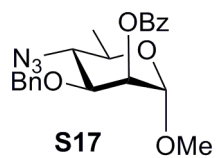
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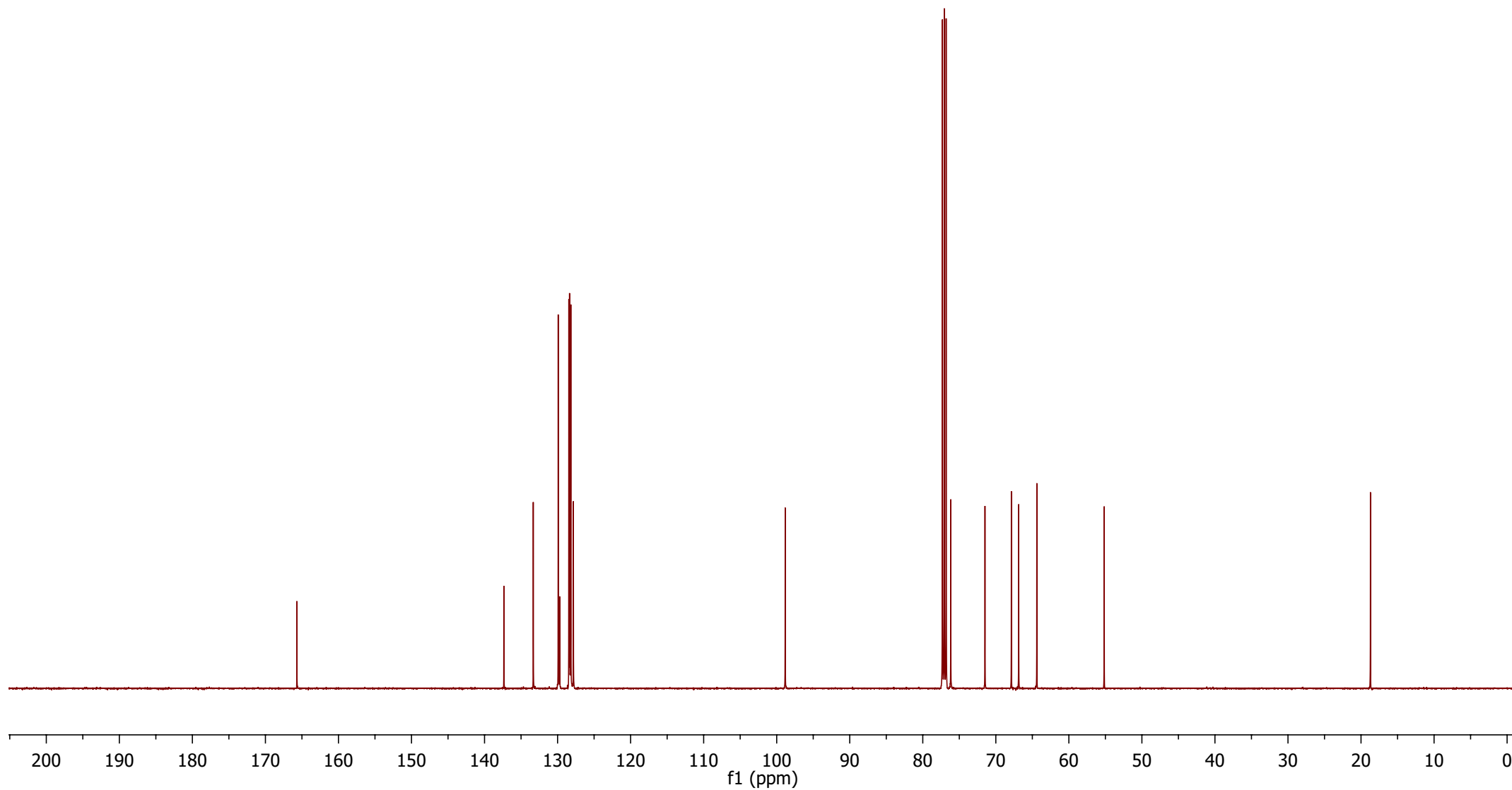


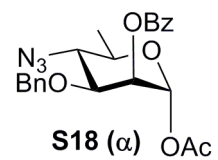
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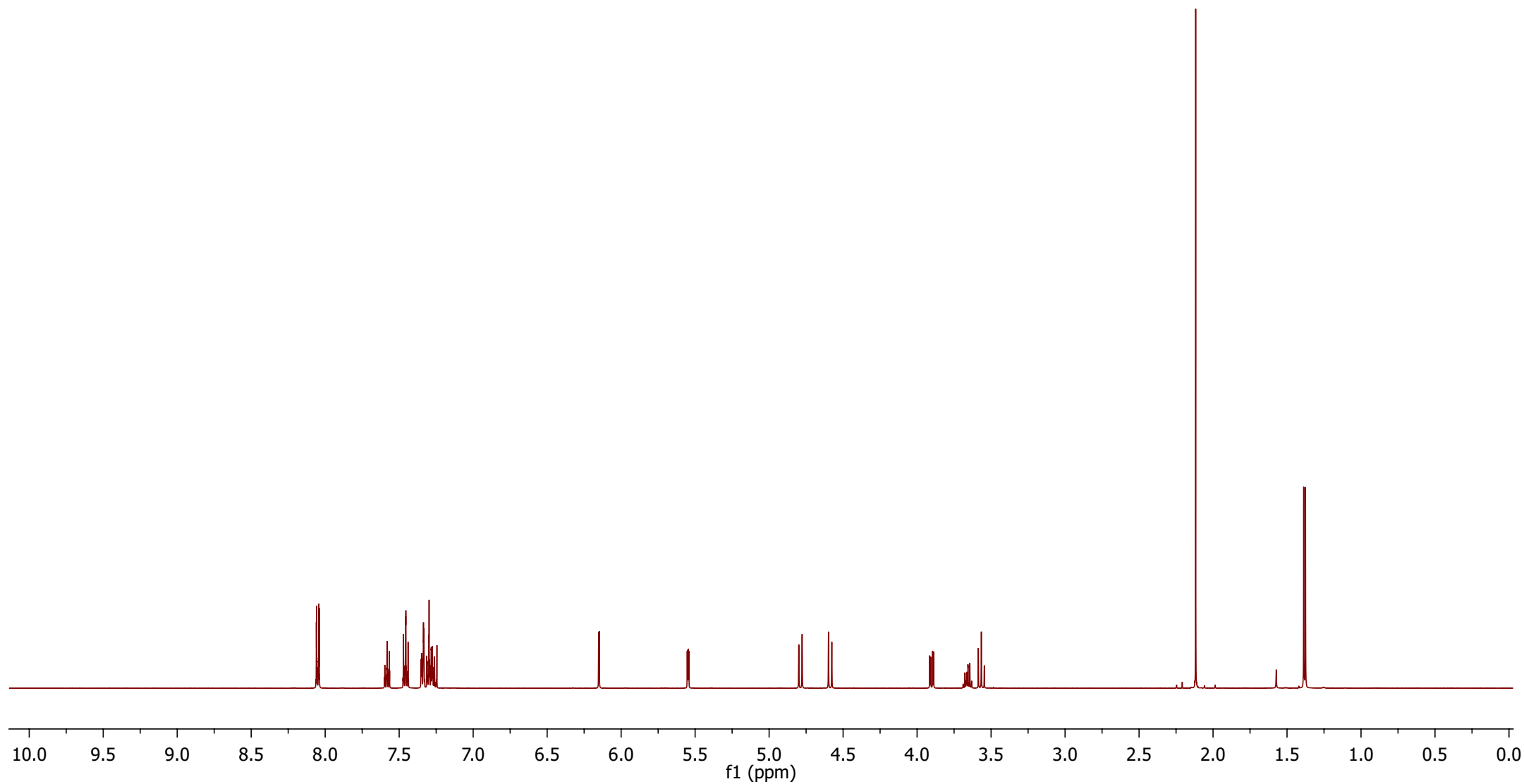


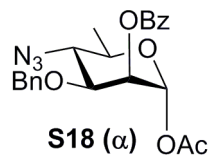
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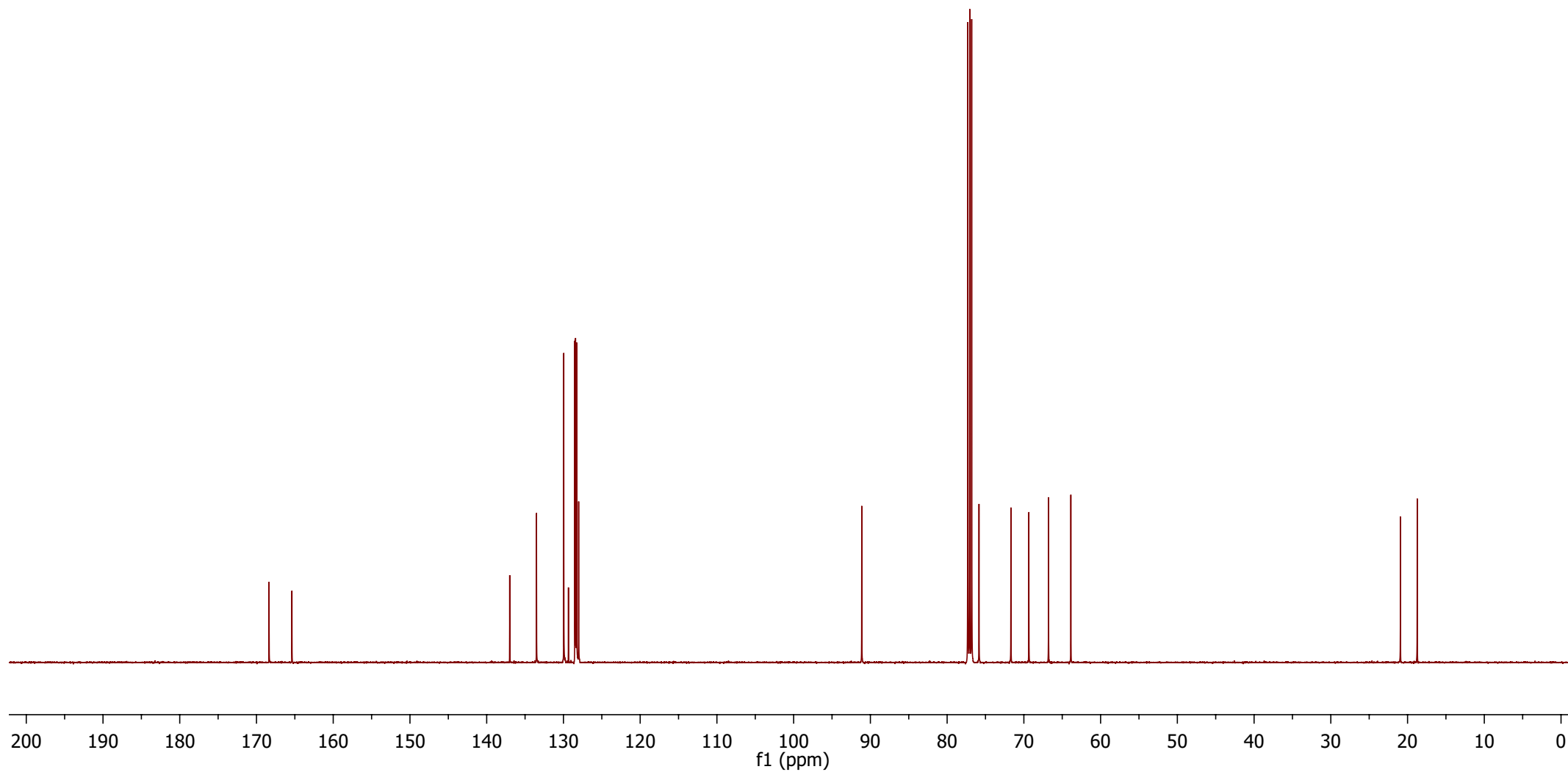


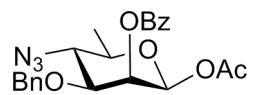
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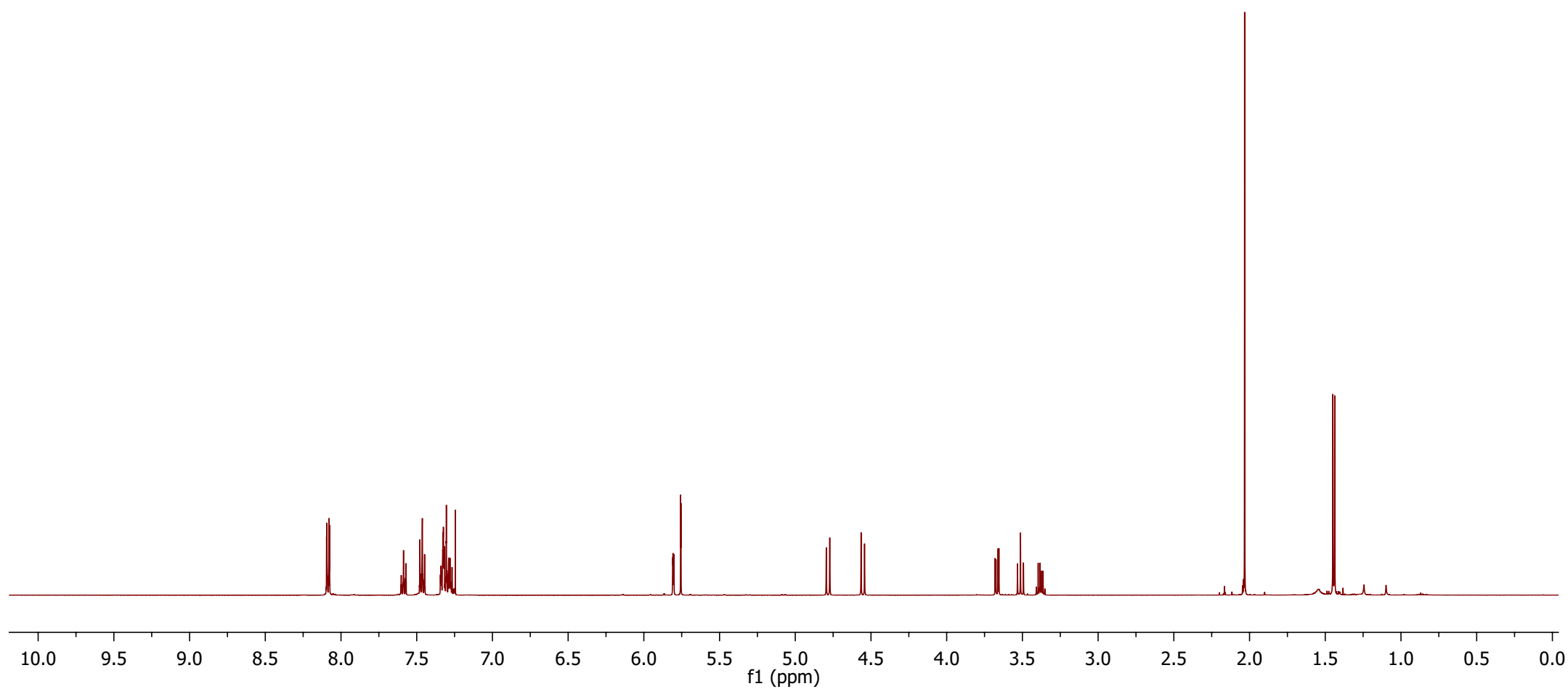
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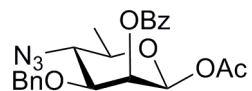
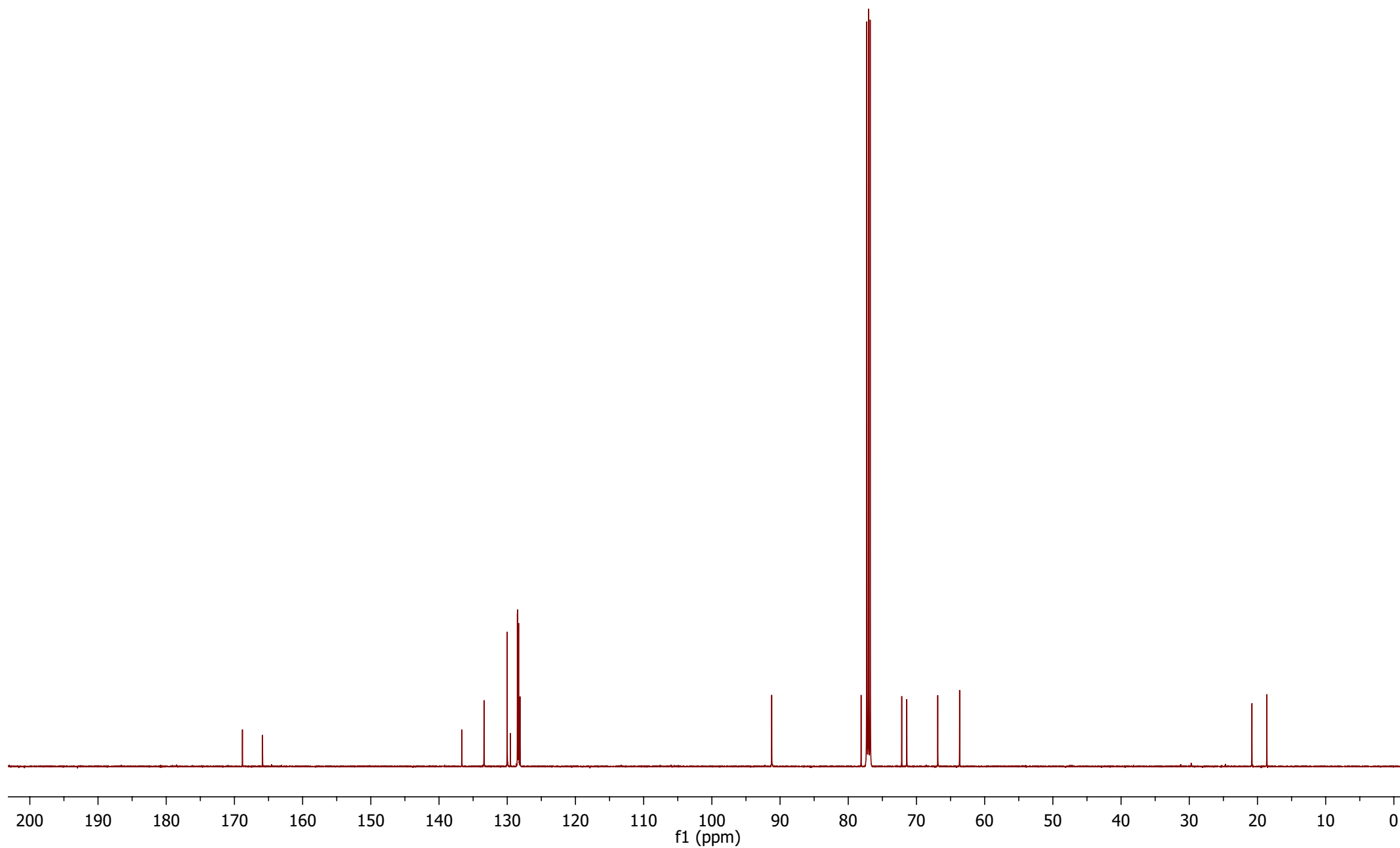


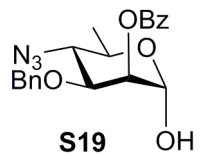


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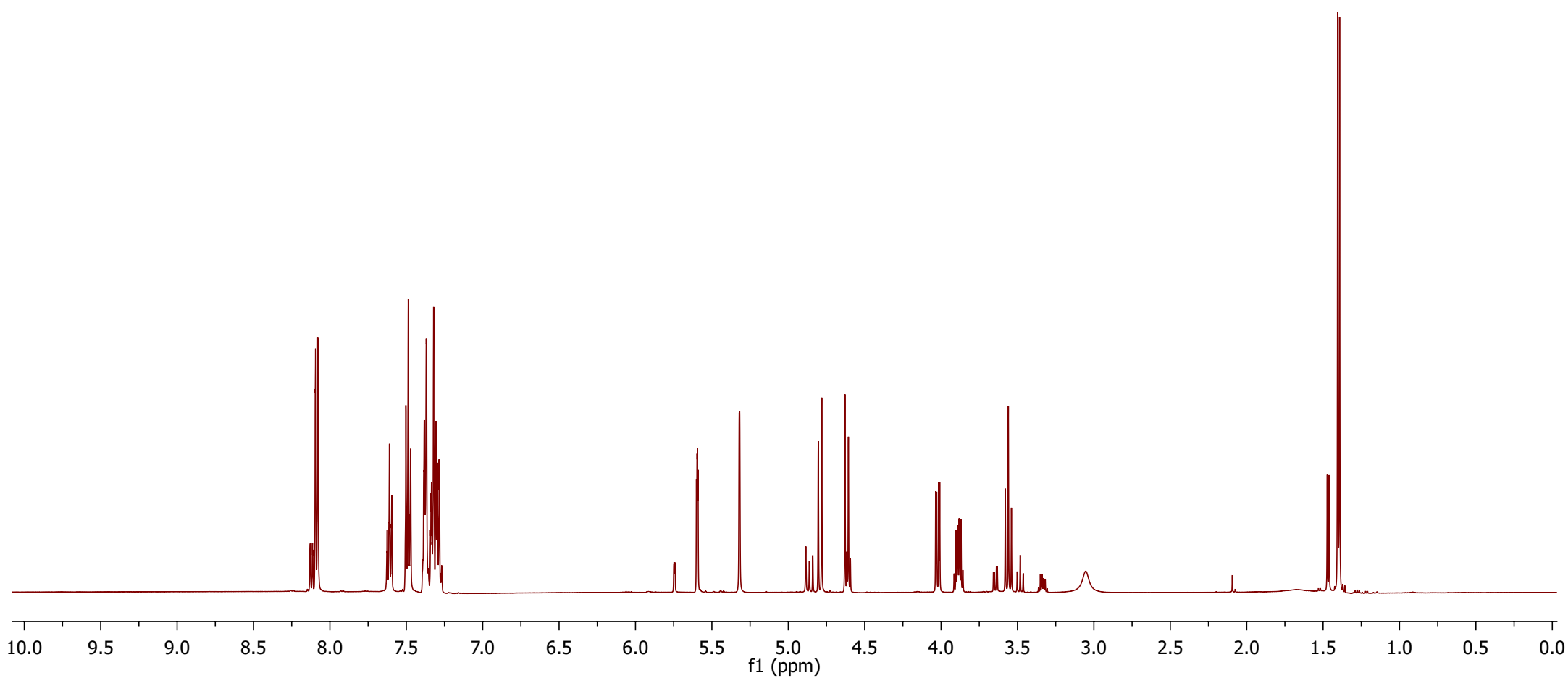
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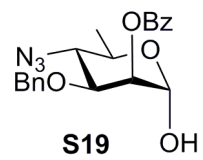


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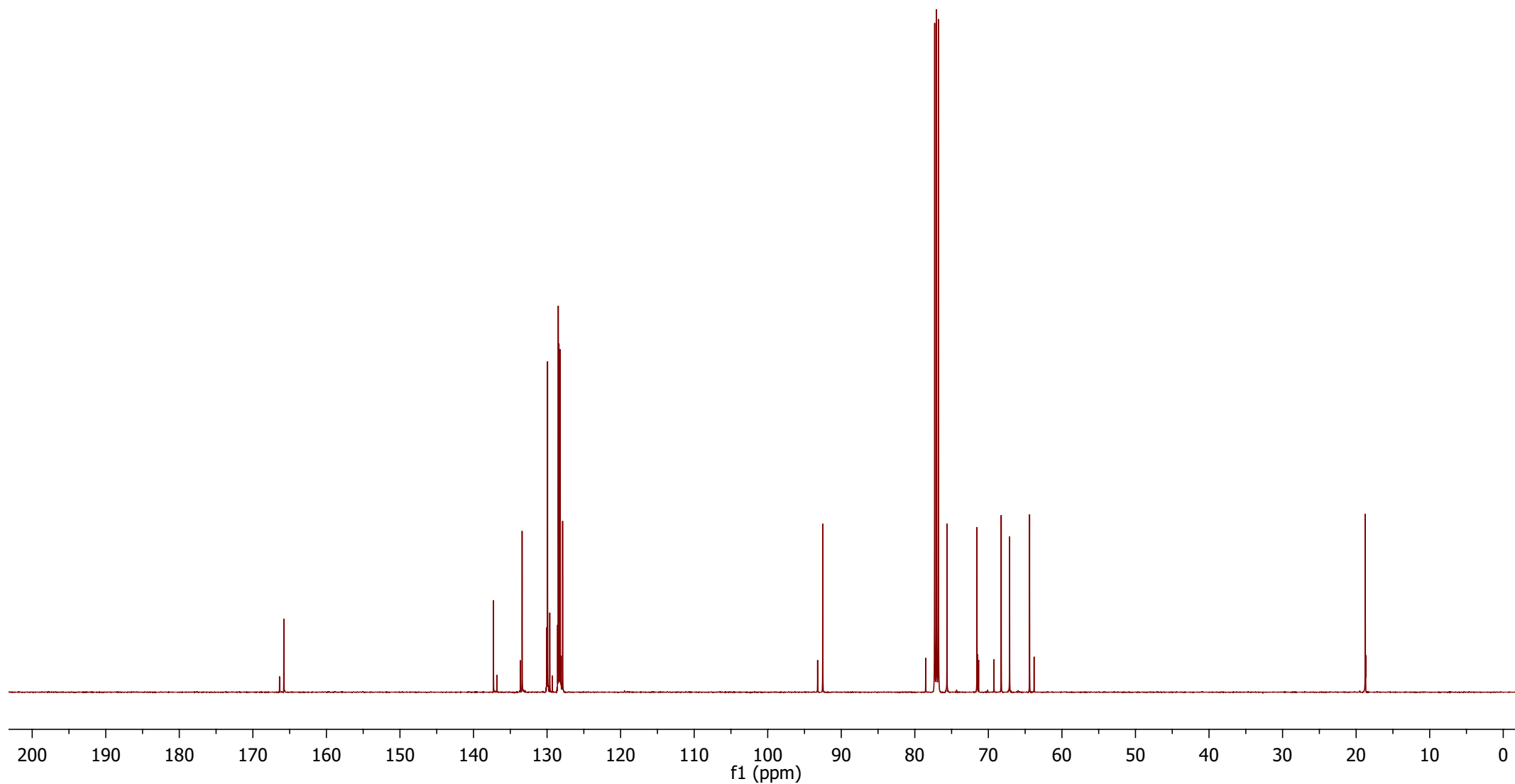


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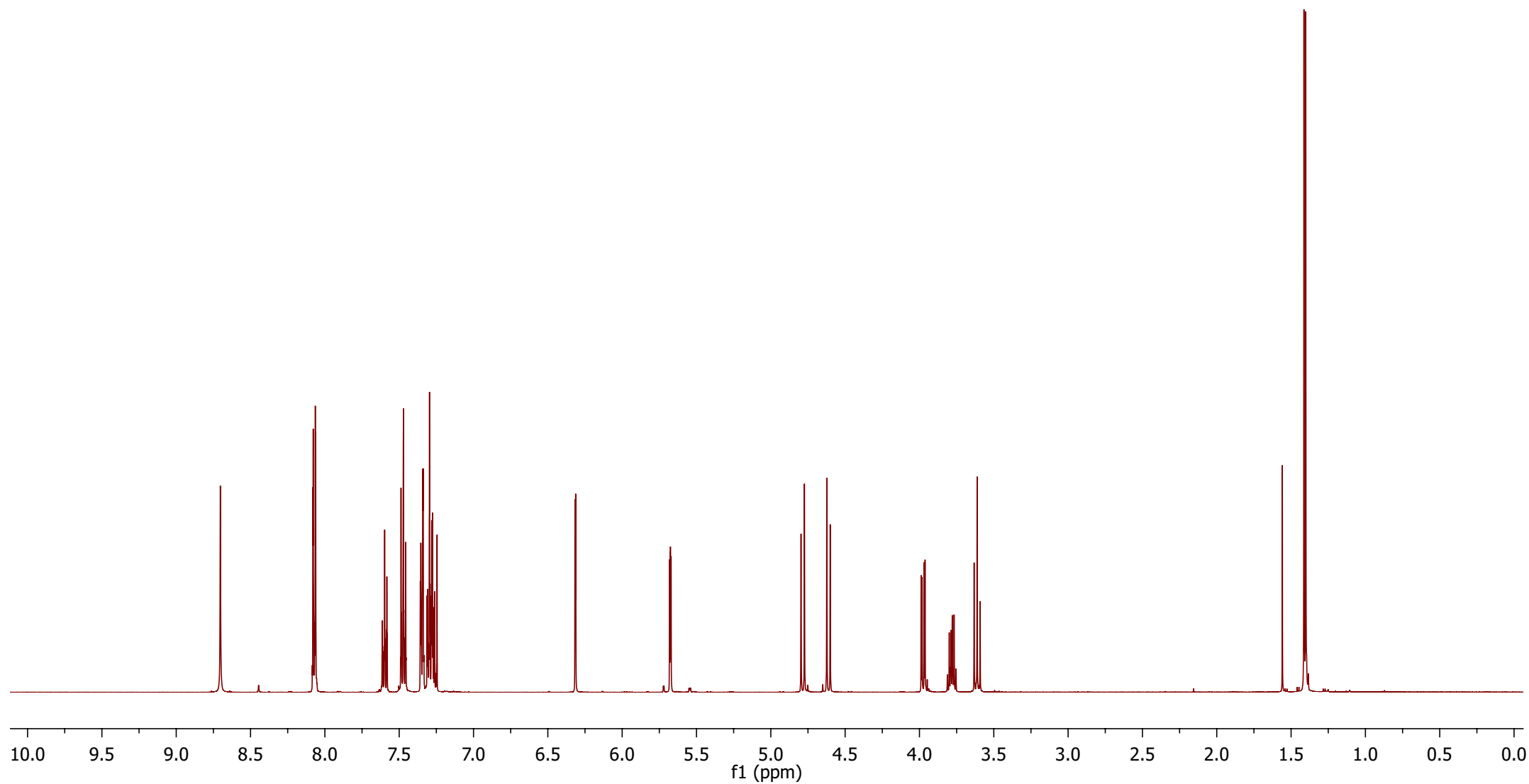
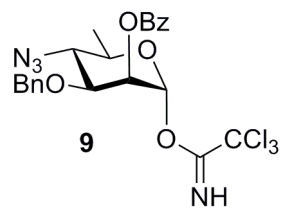




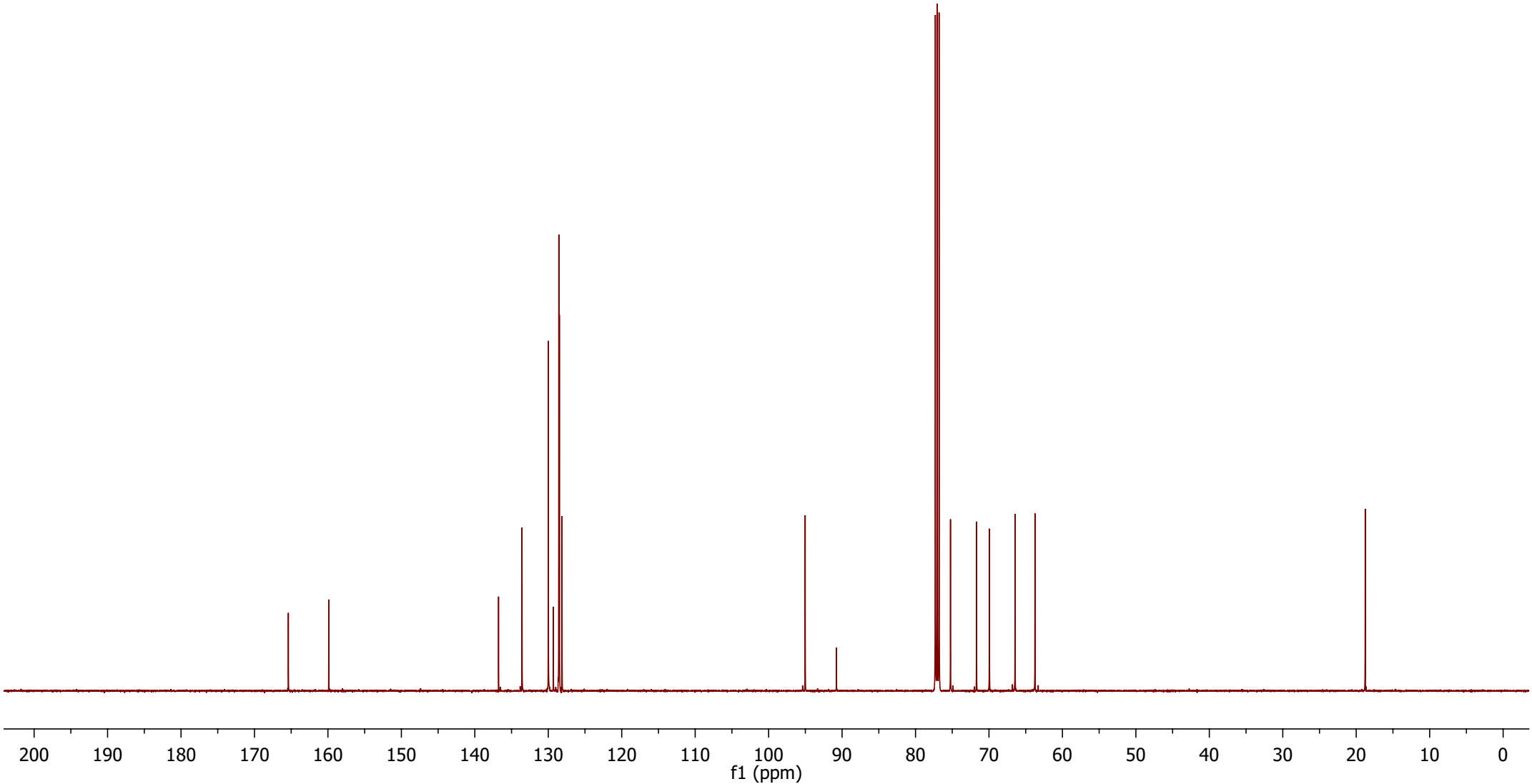
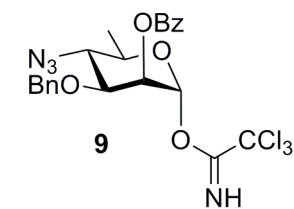
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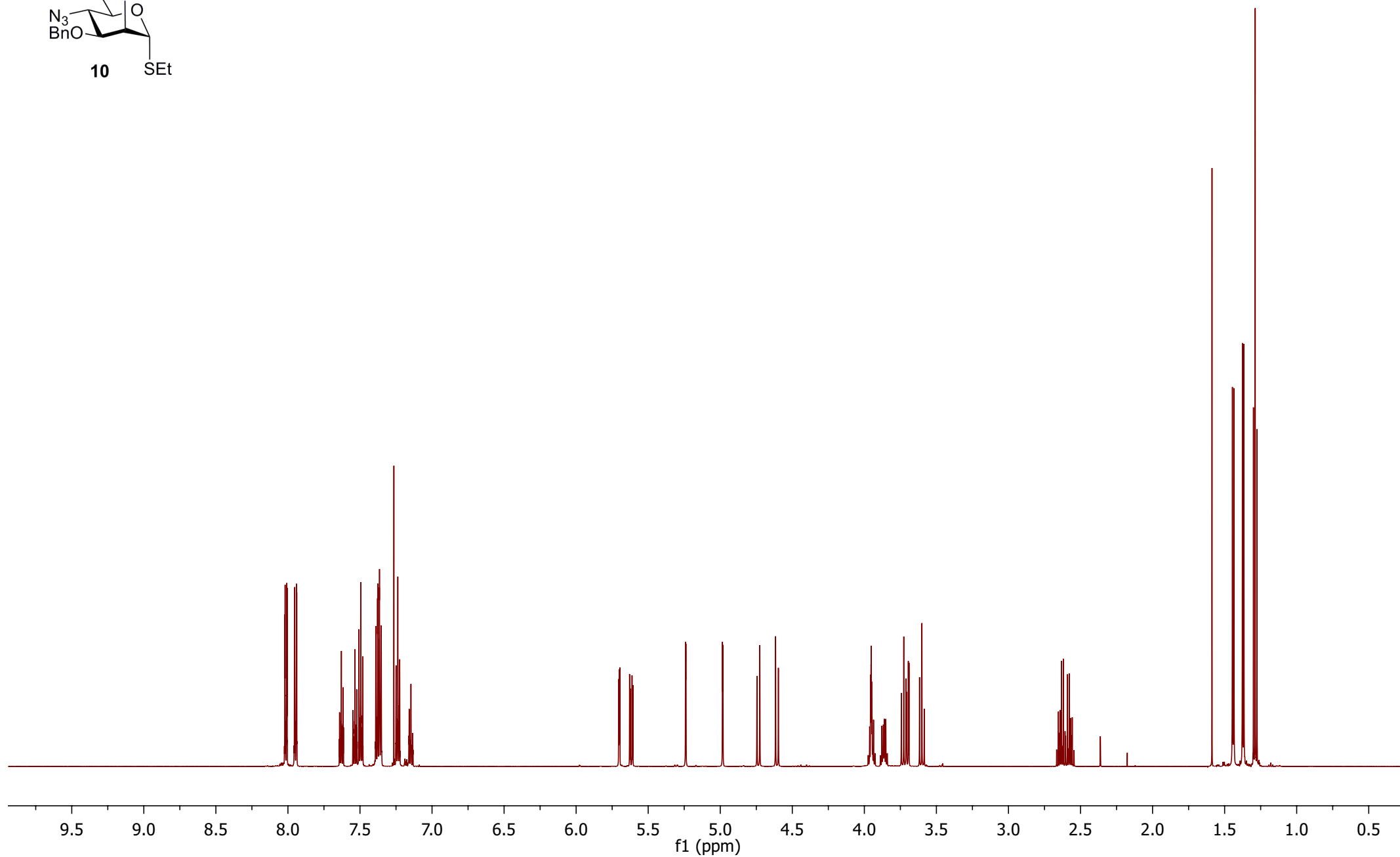
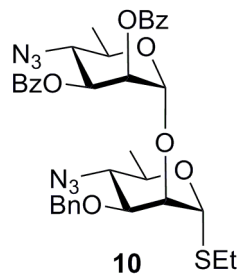


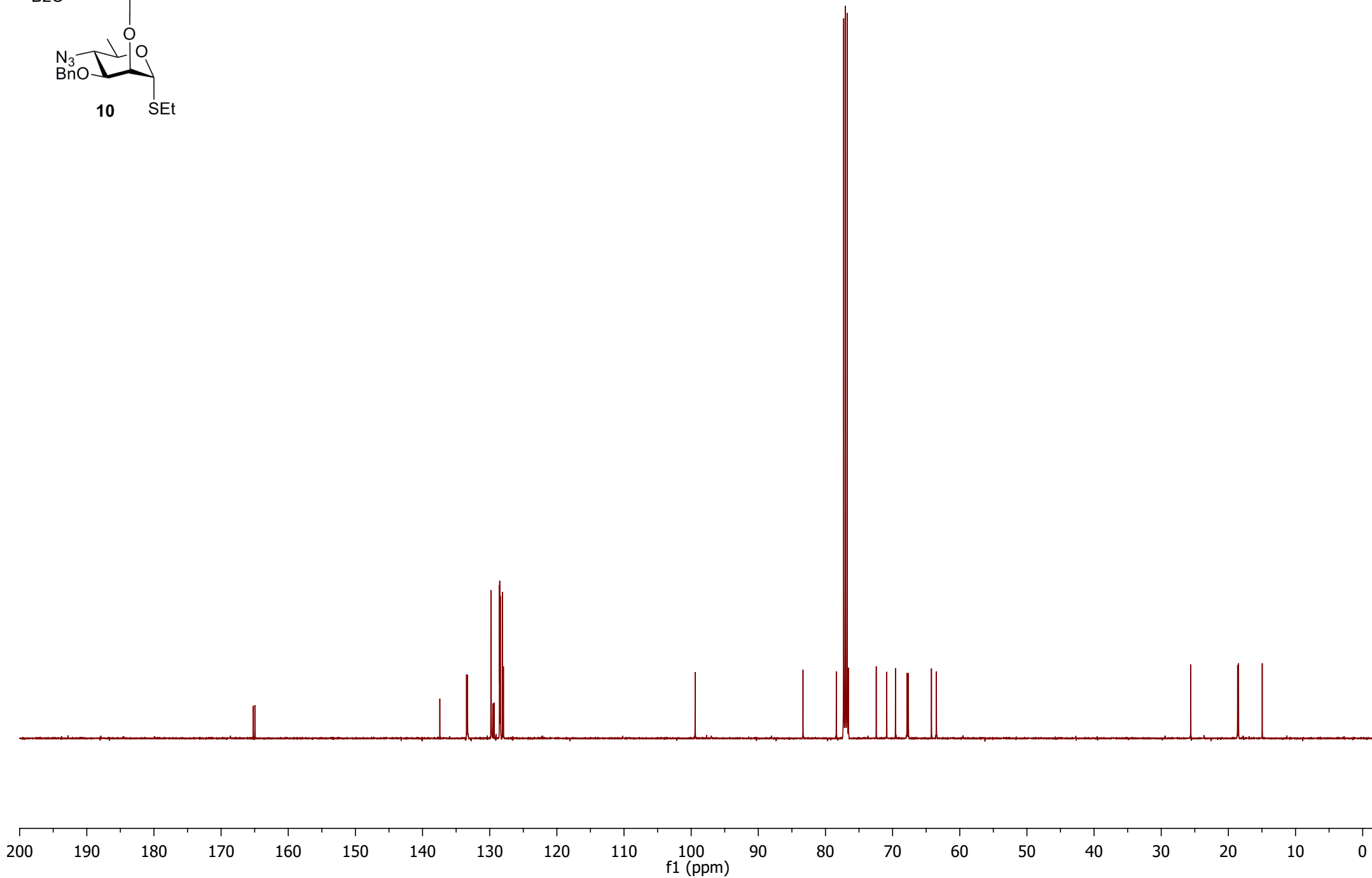
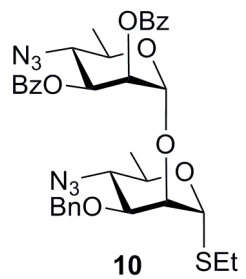
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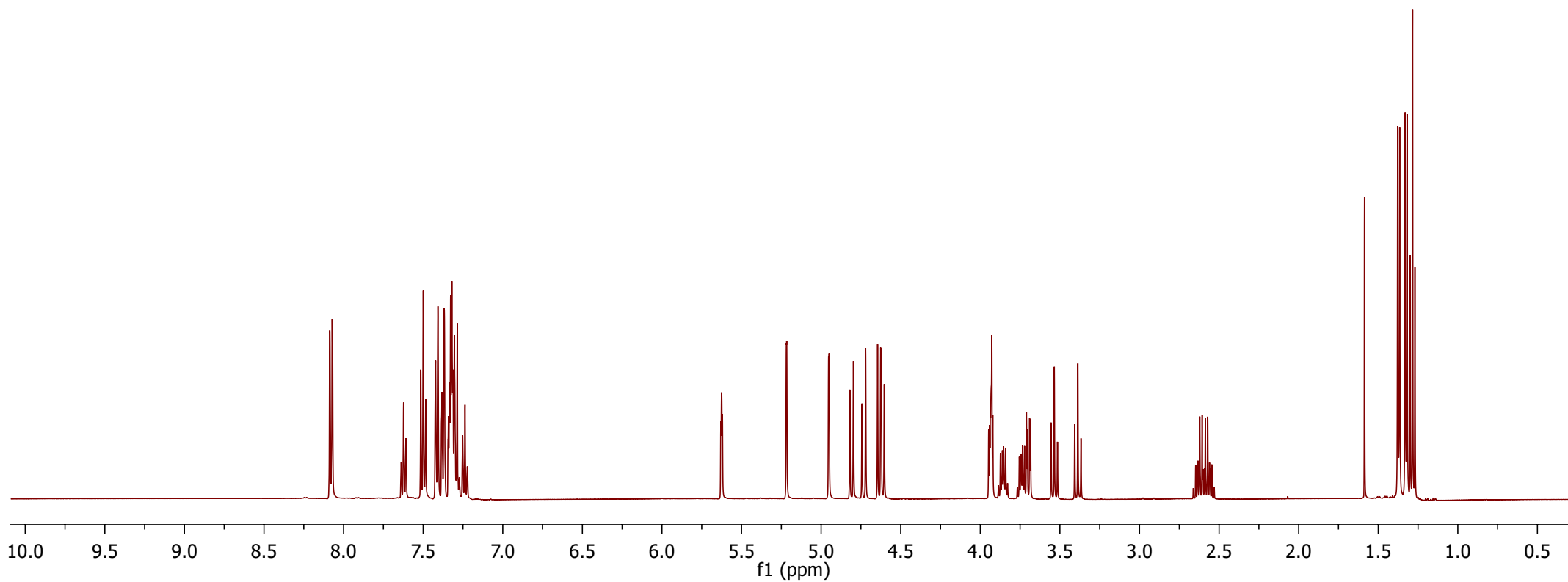
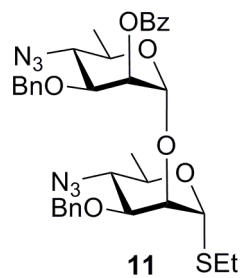


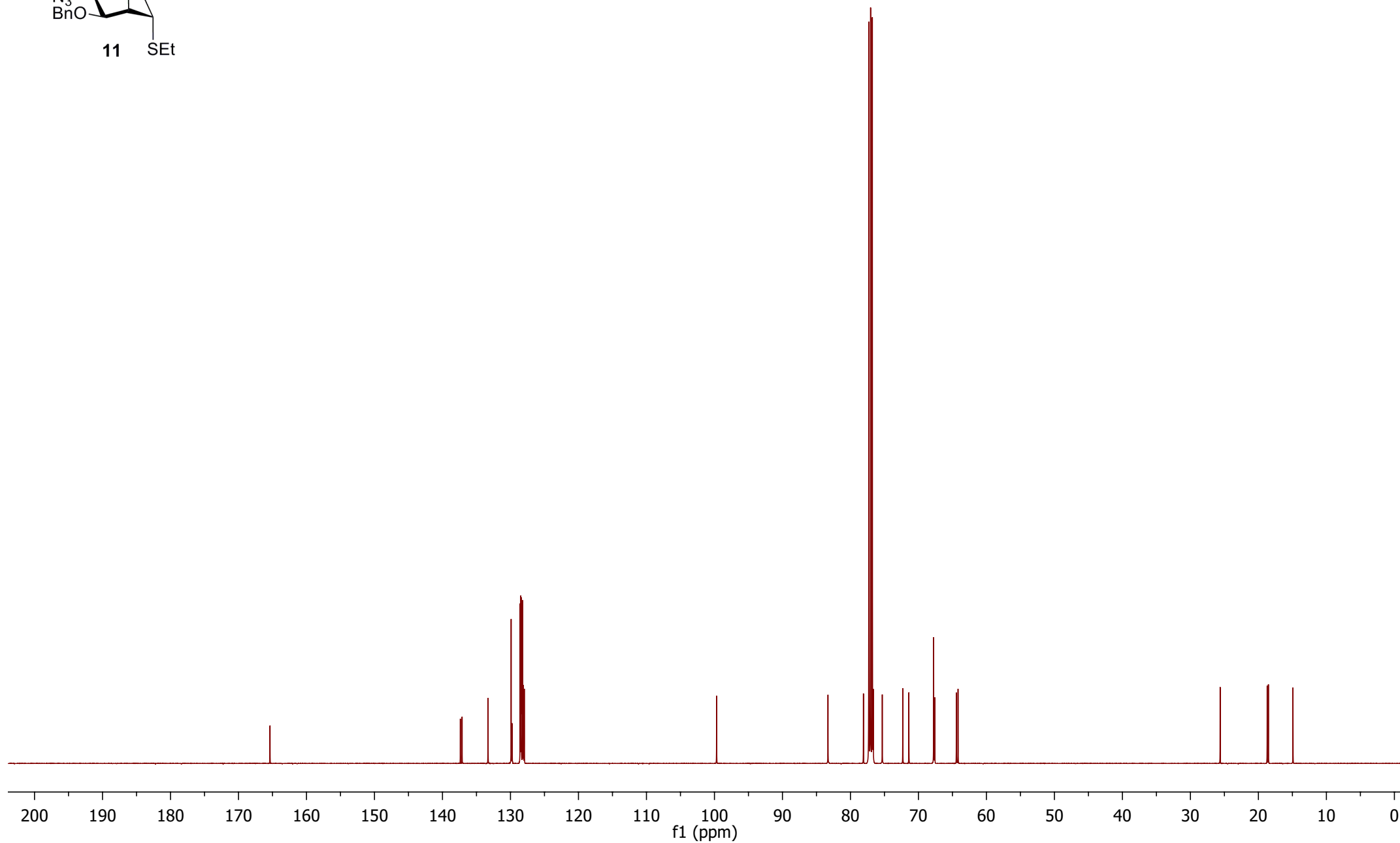
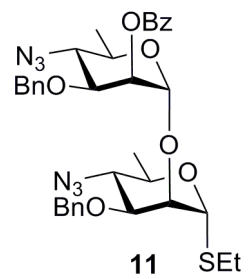
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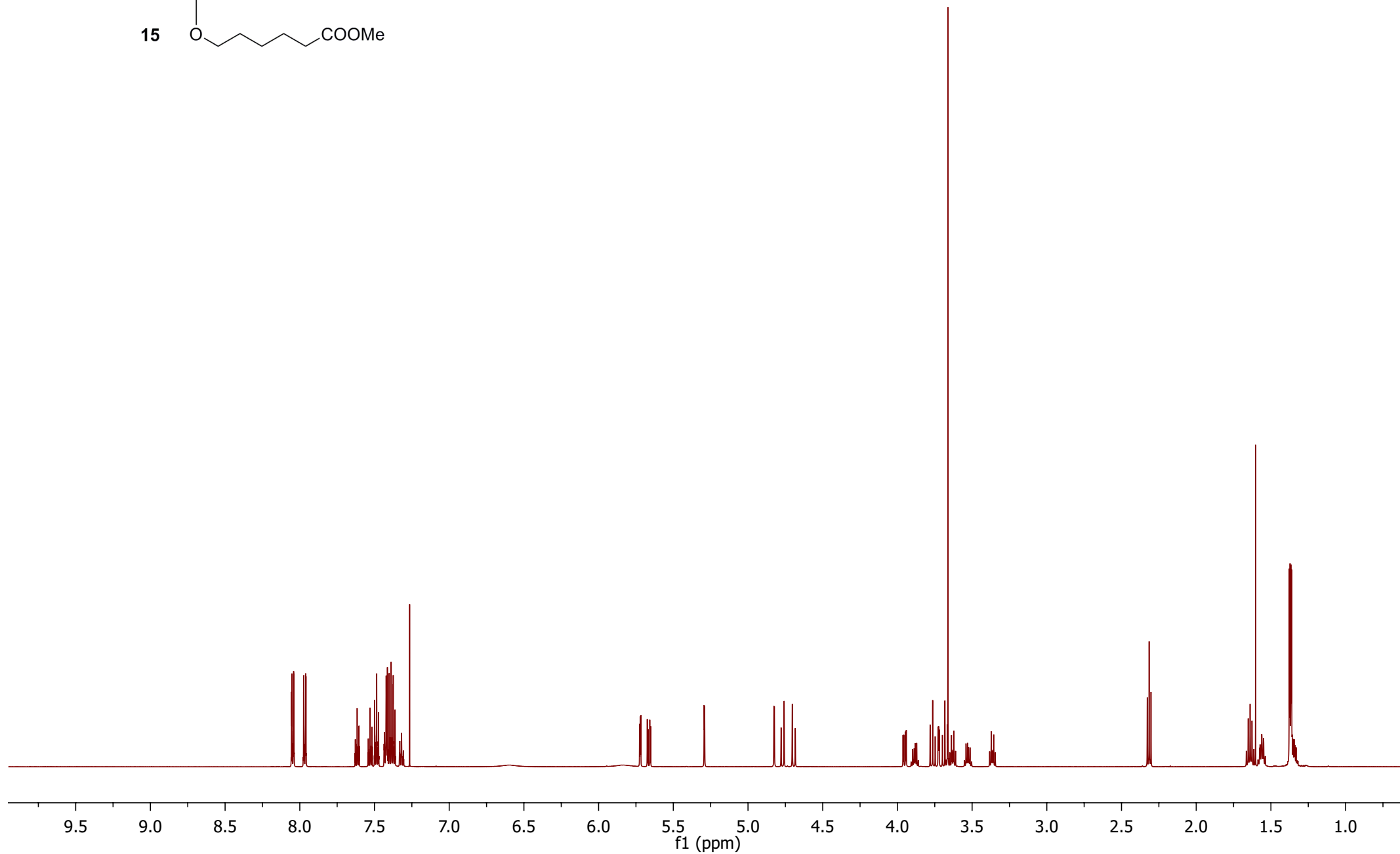
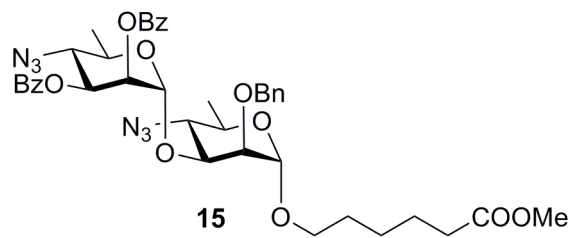




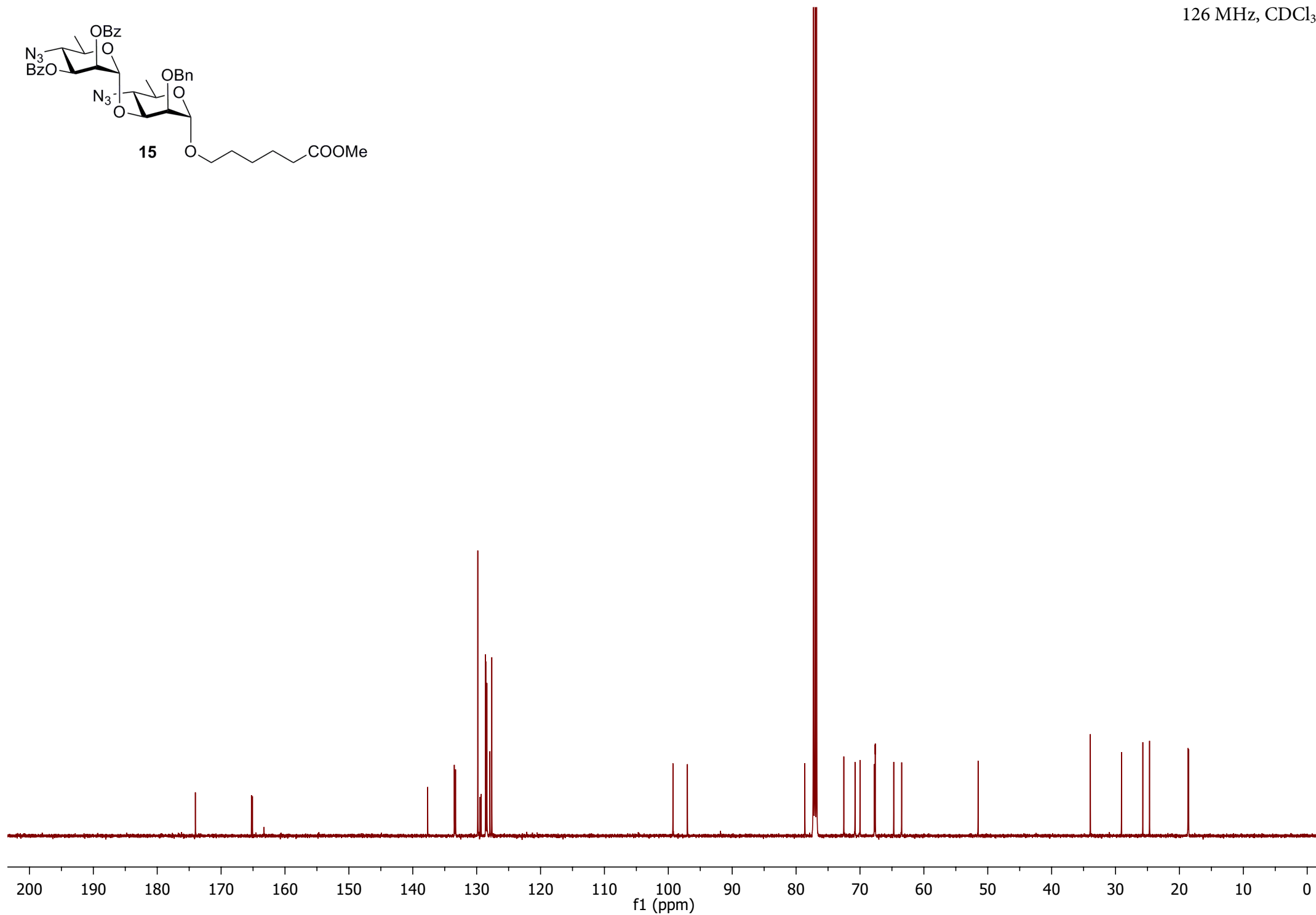
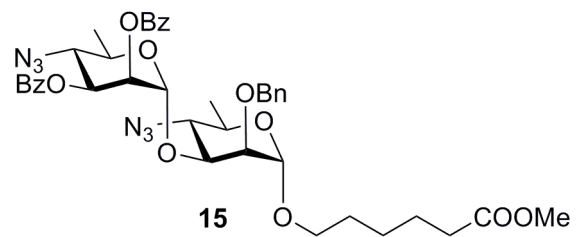


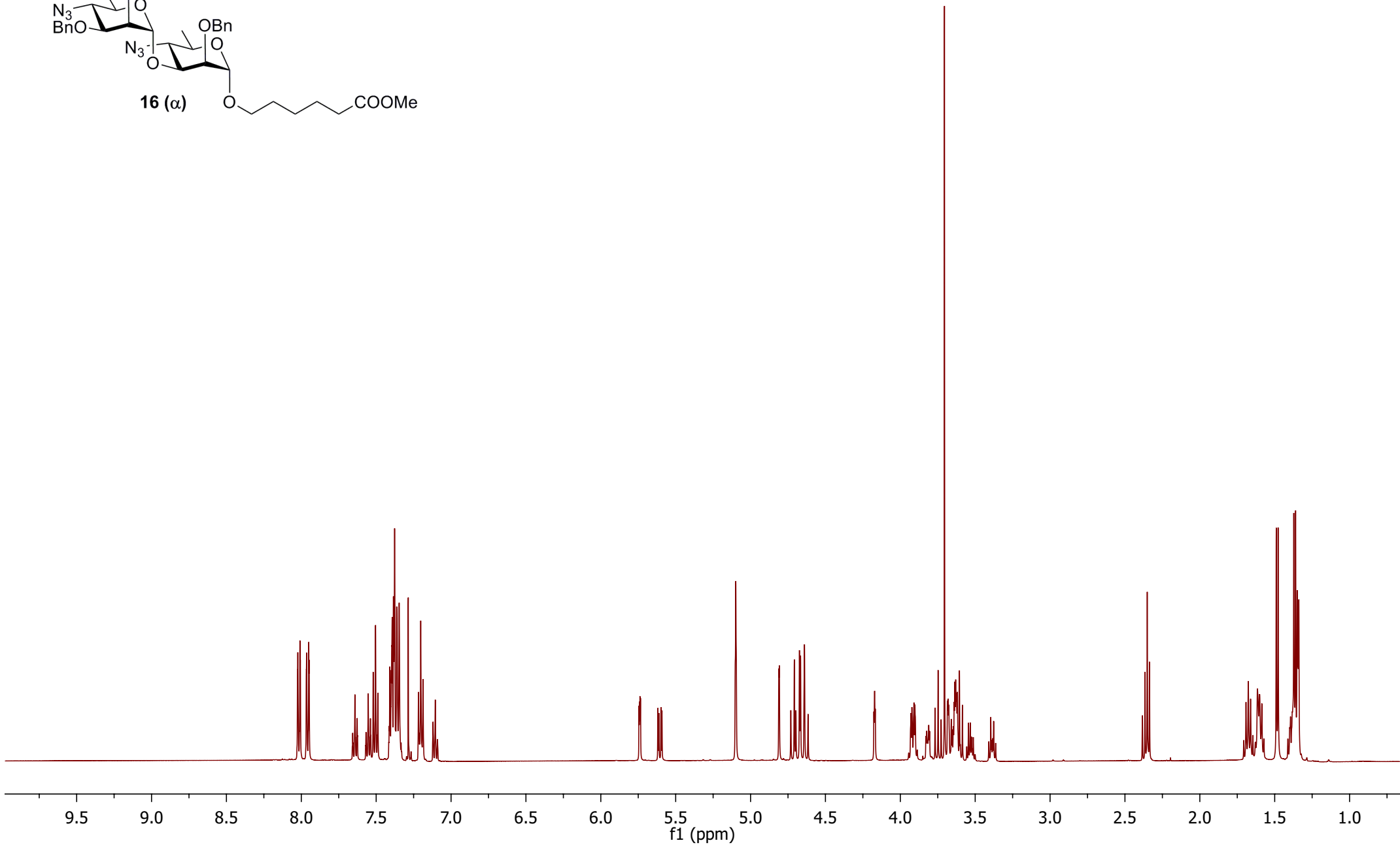
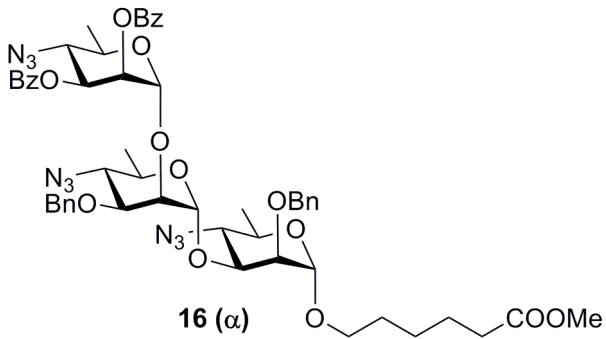




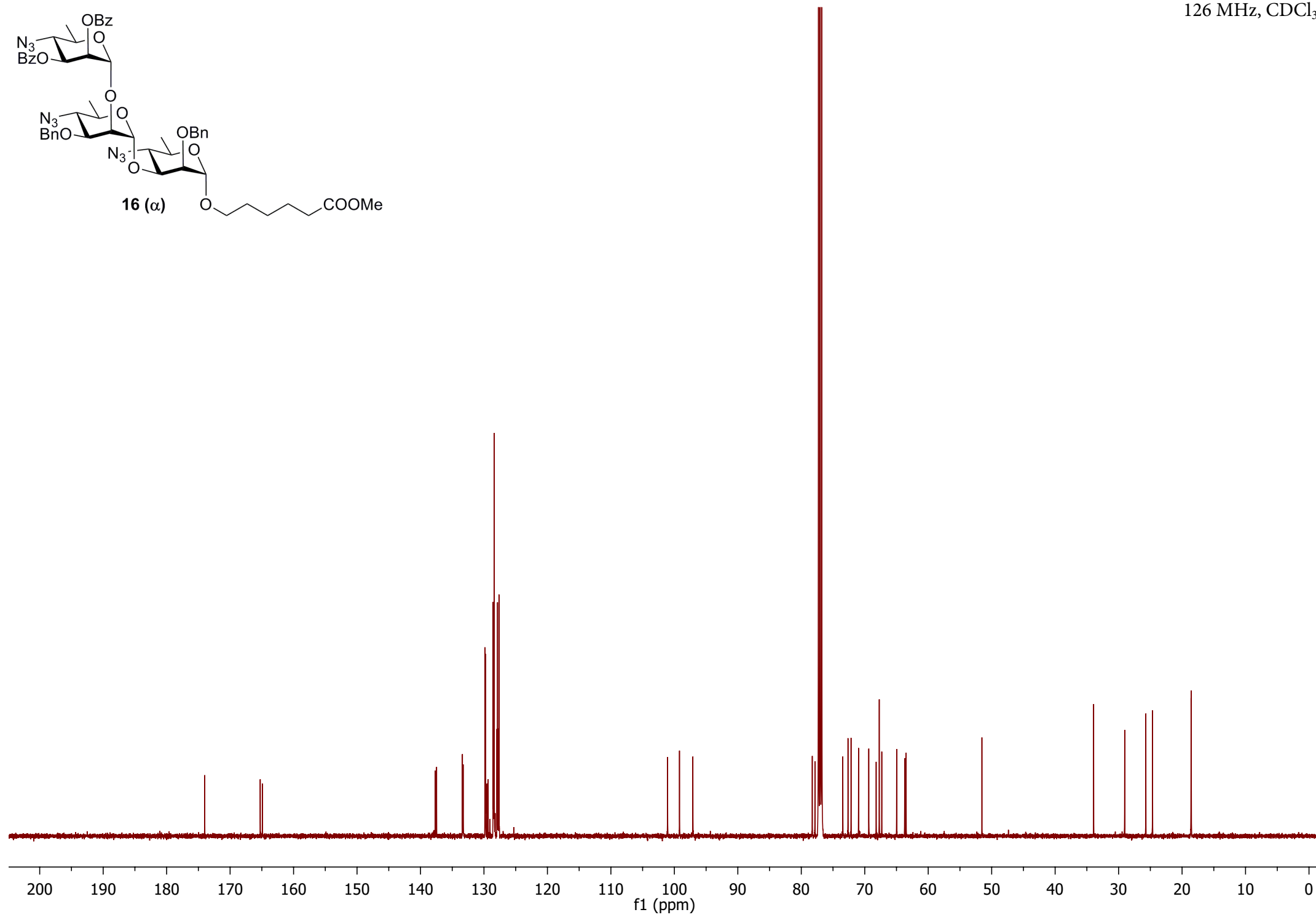
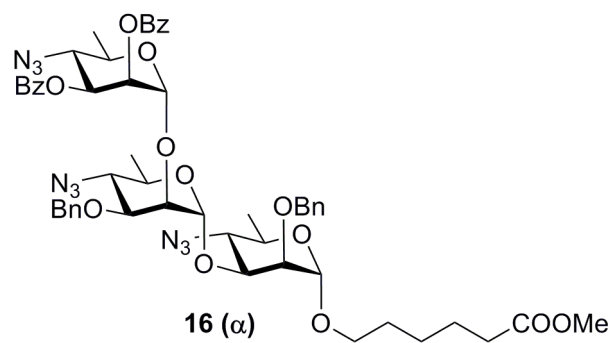


126 MHz, CDCl₃

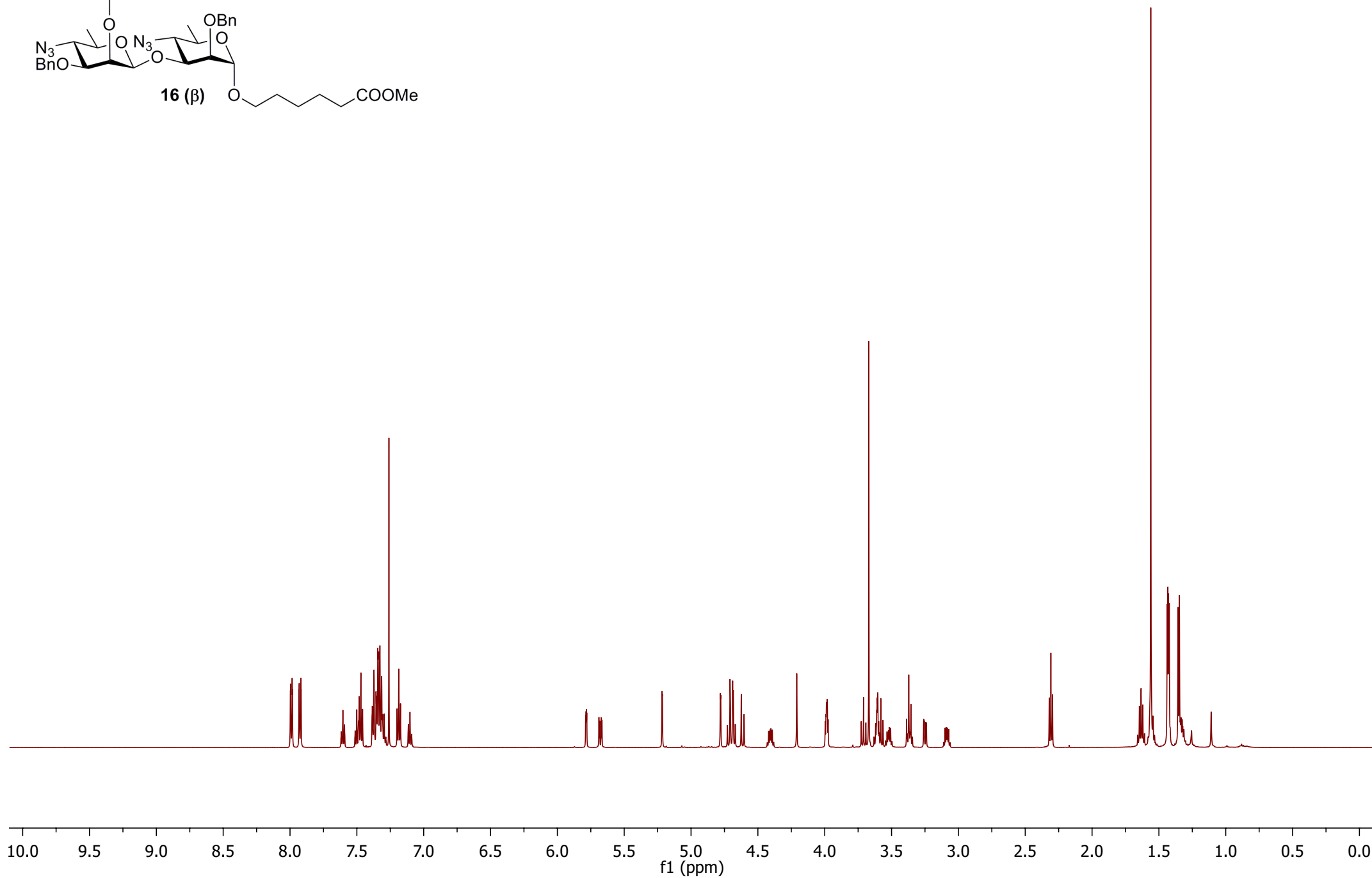
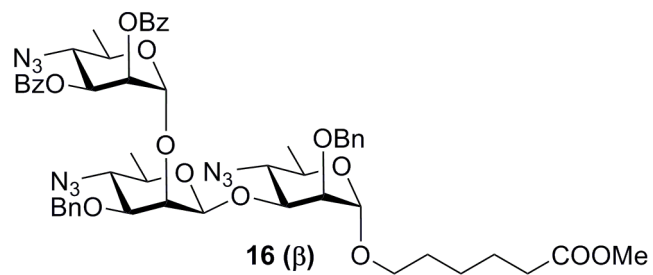




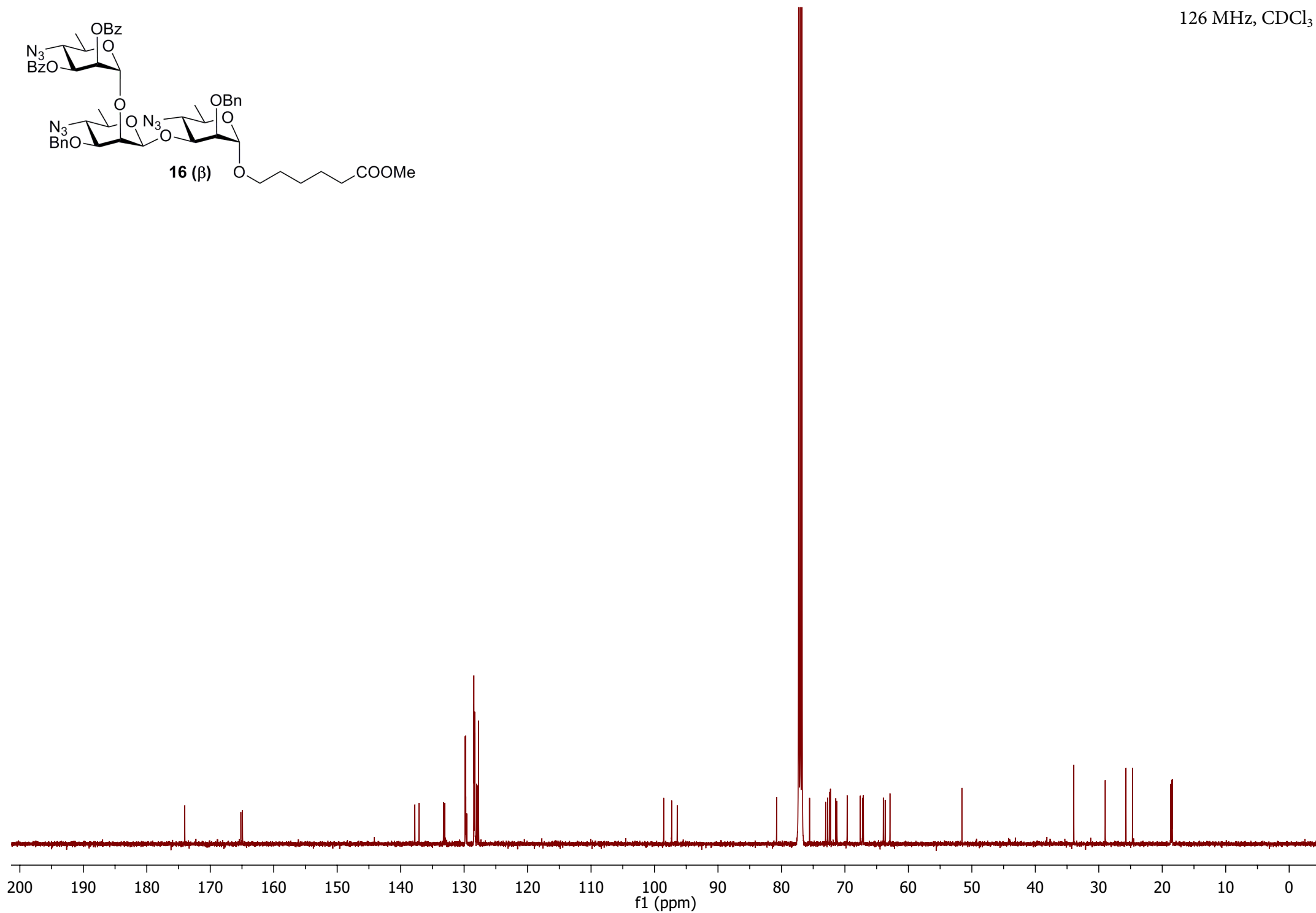
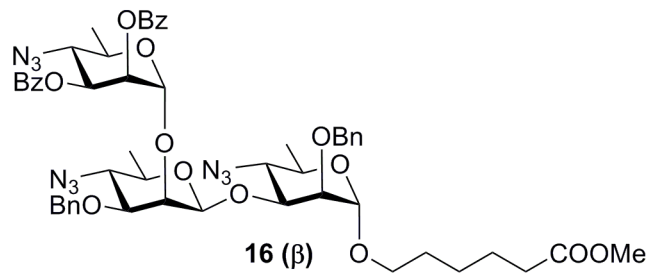
126 MHz, CDCl₃



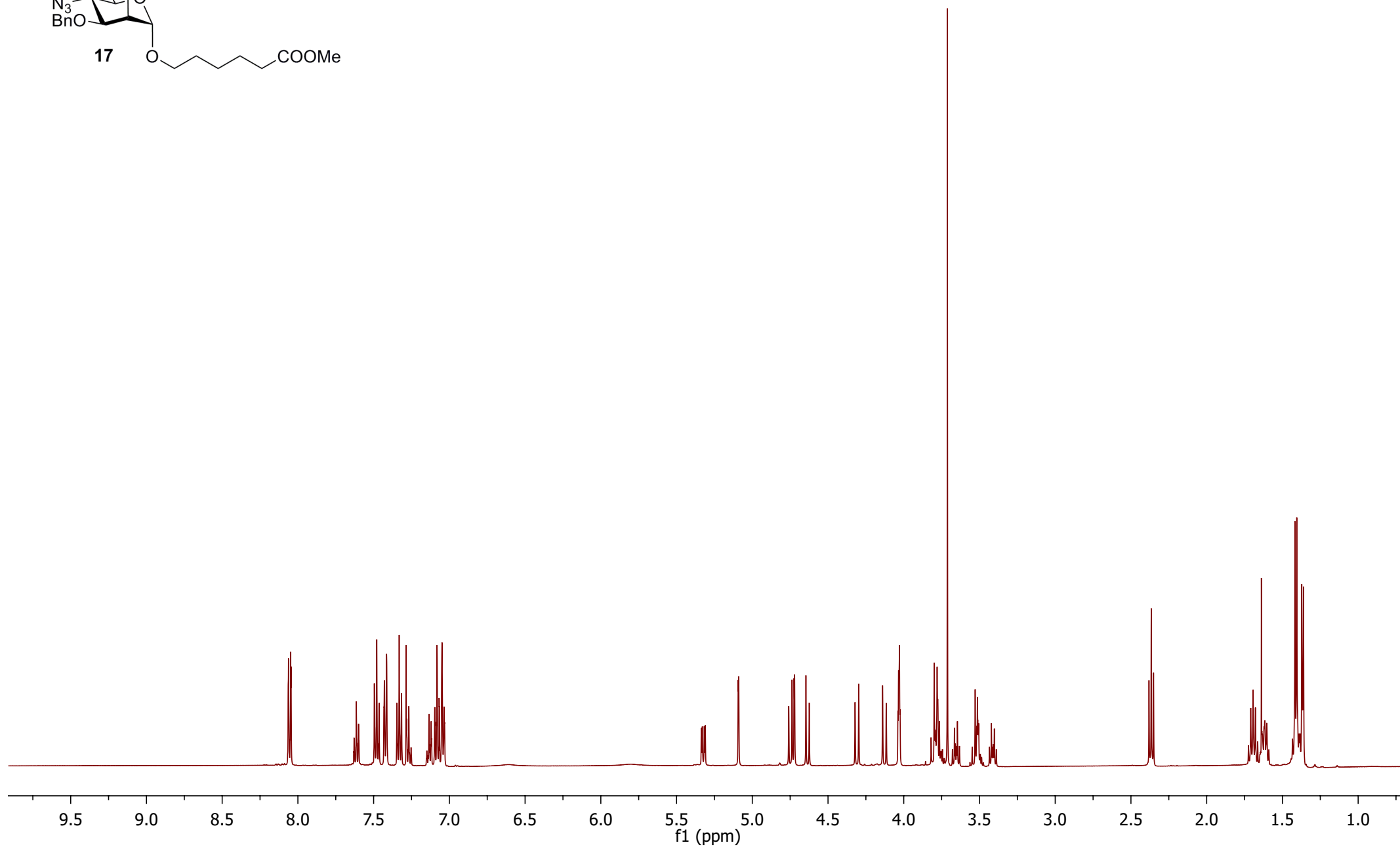
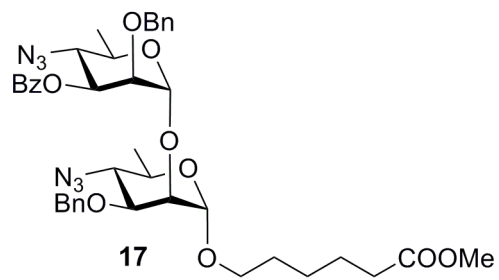
600 MHz, CDCl₃

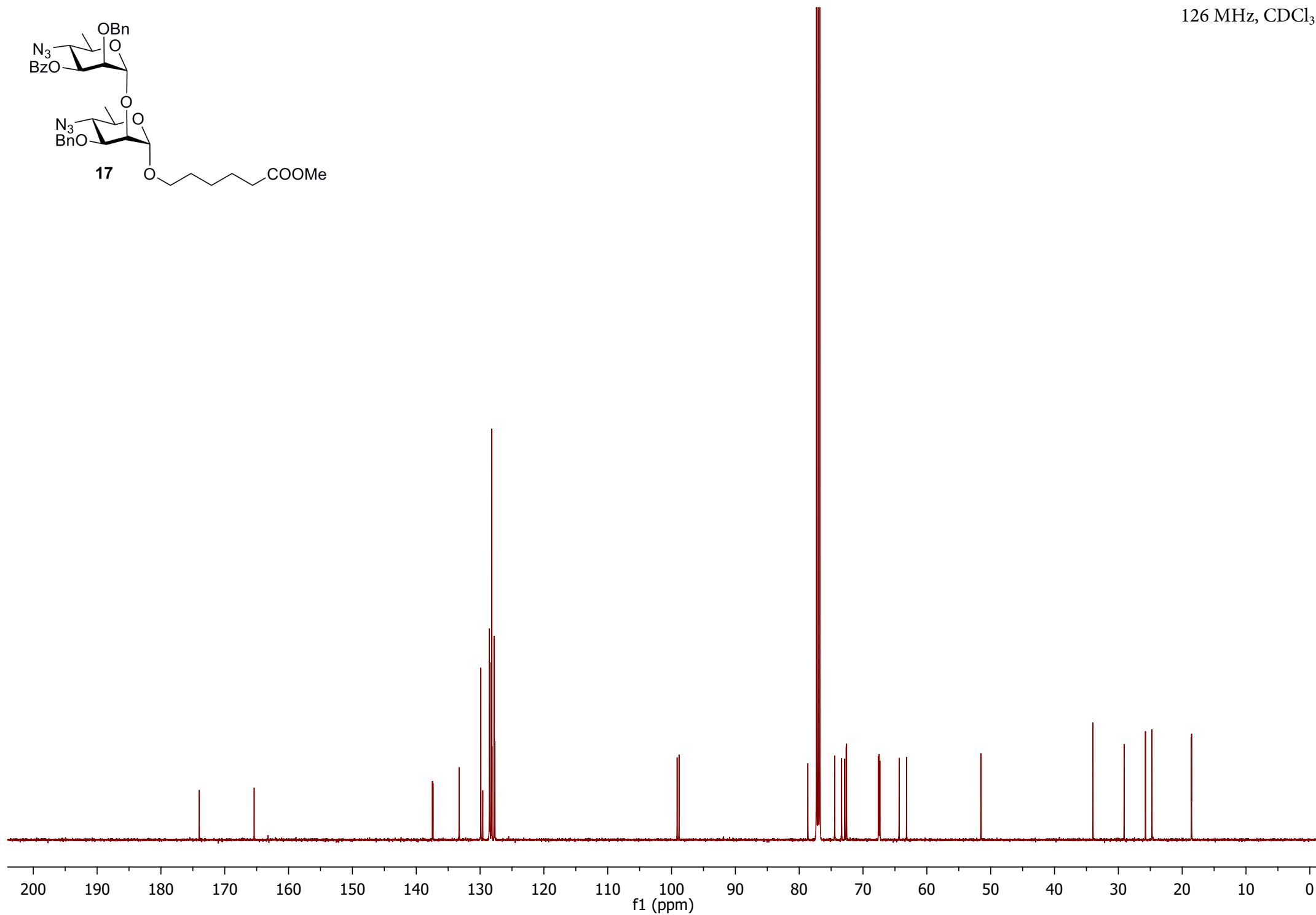
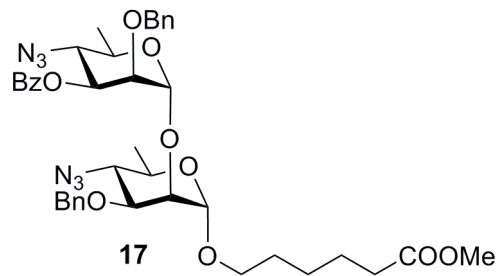


126 MHz, CDCl₃

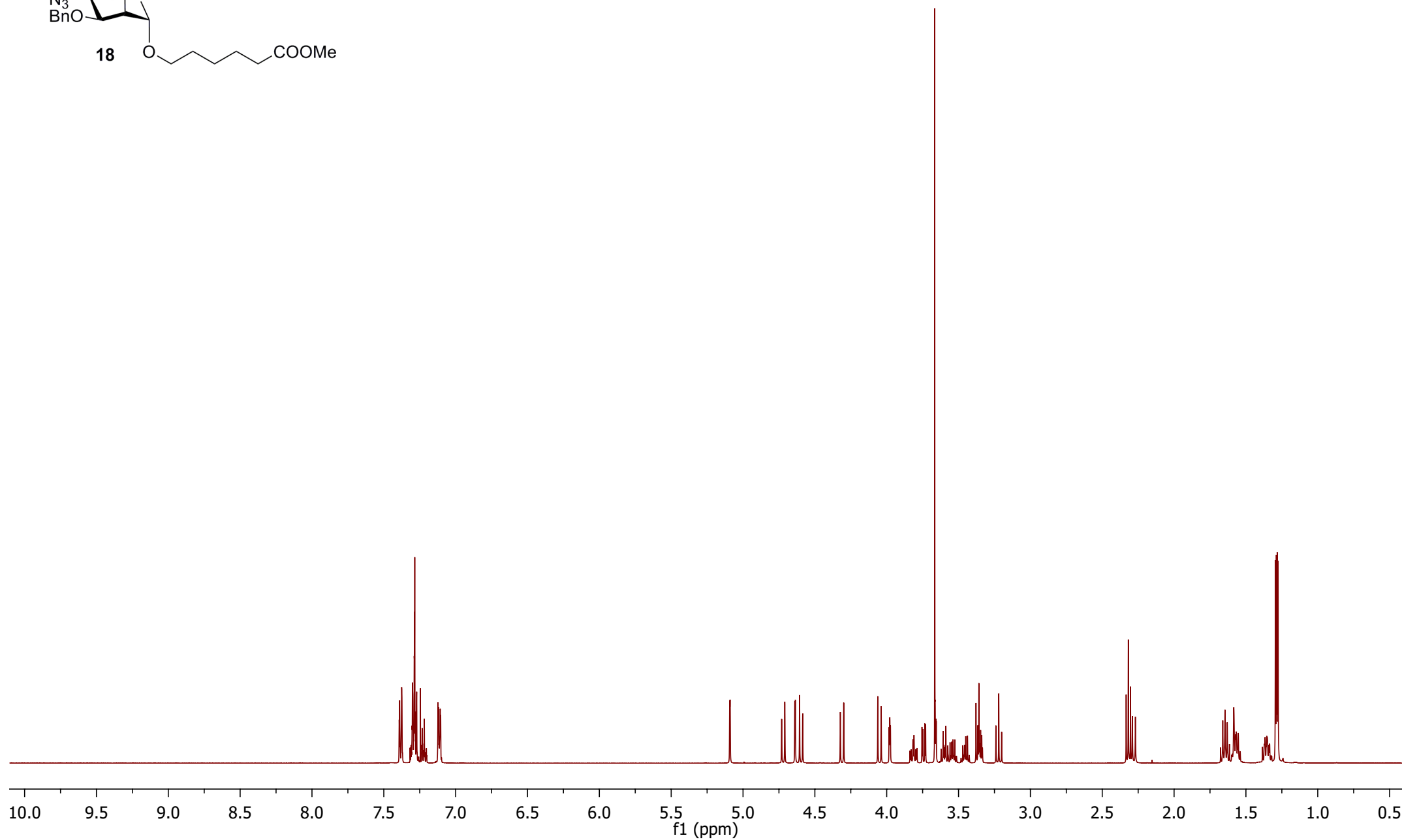
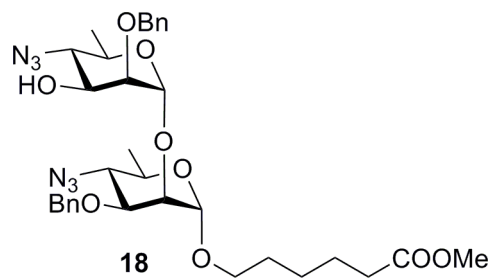


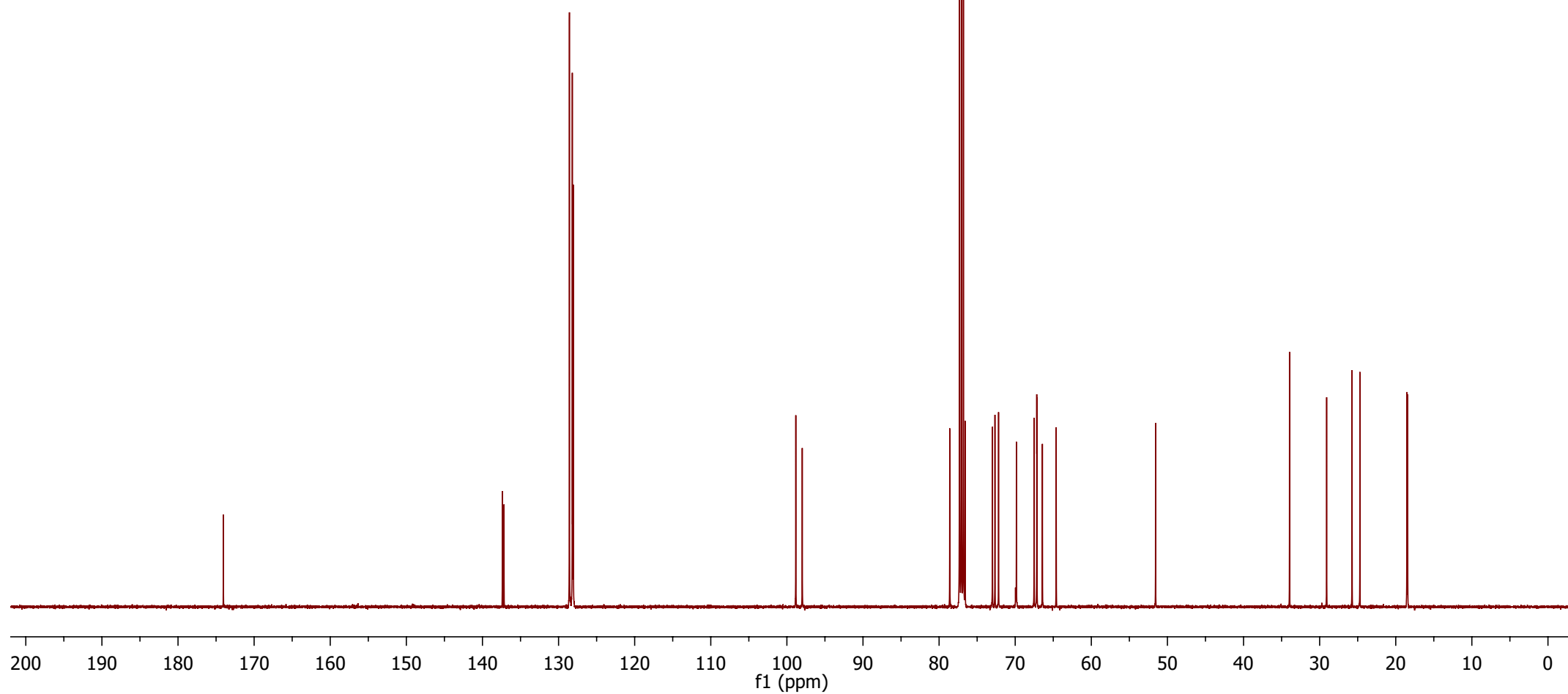
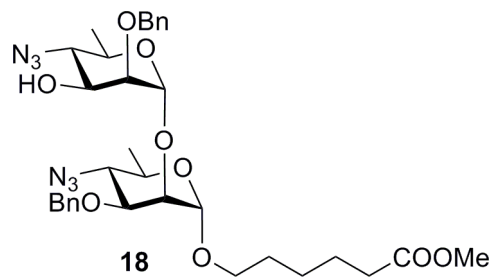
500 MHz, CDCl₃

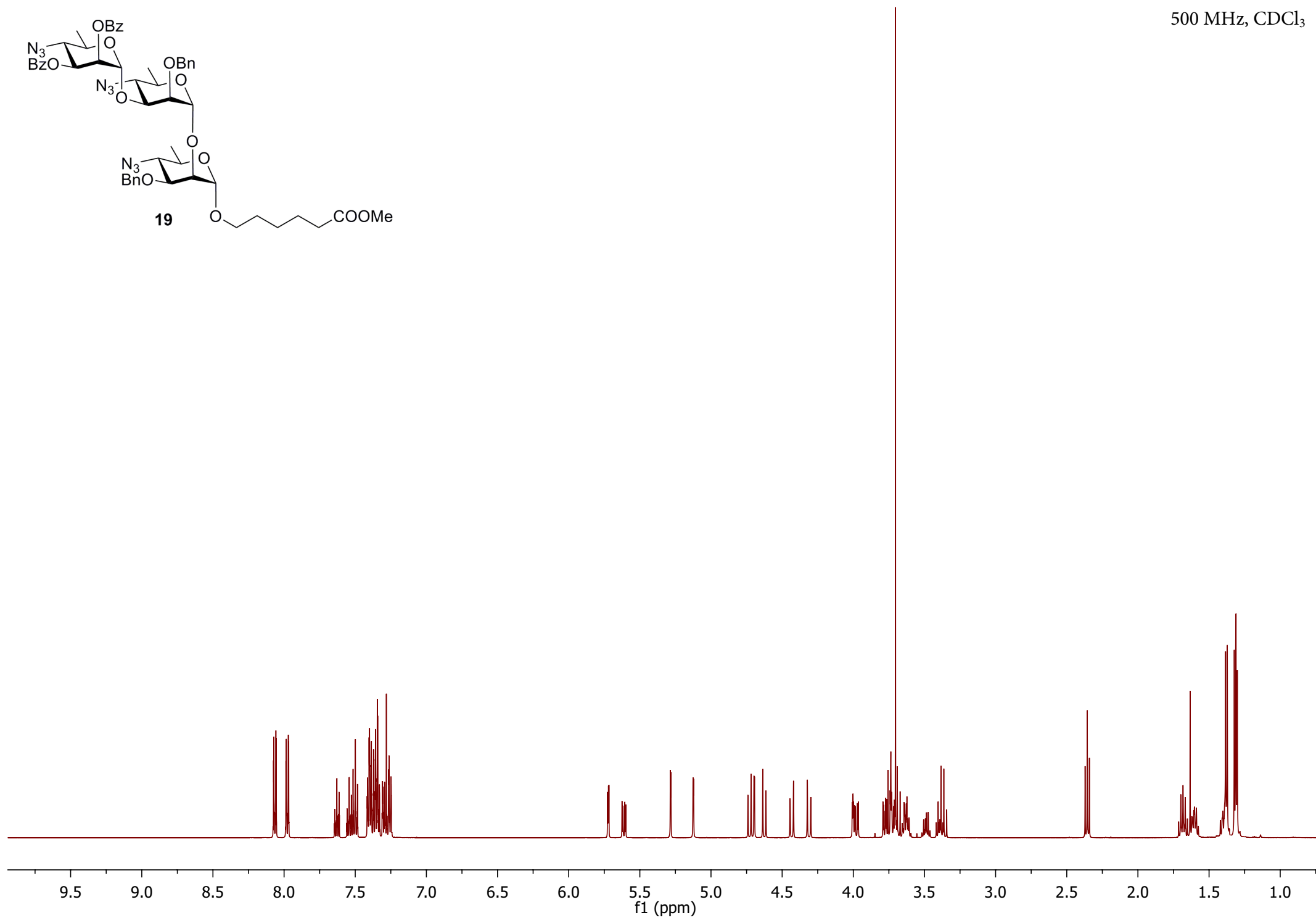
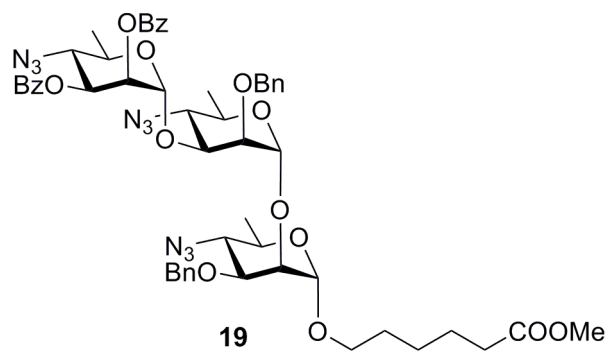


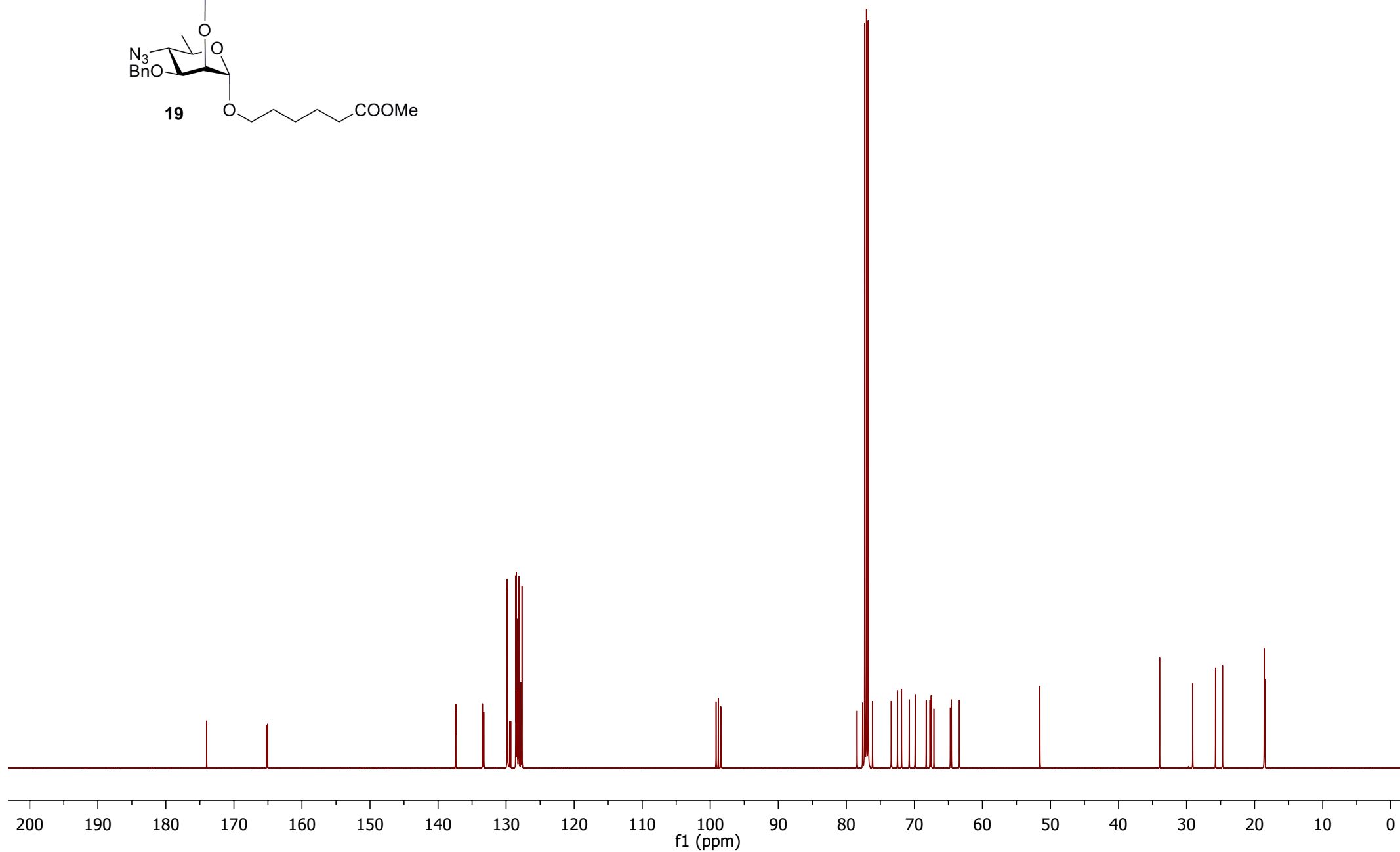
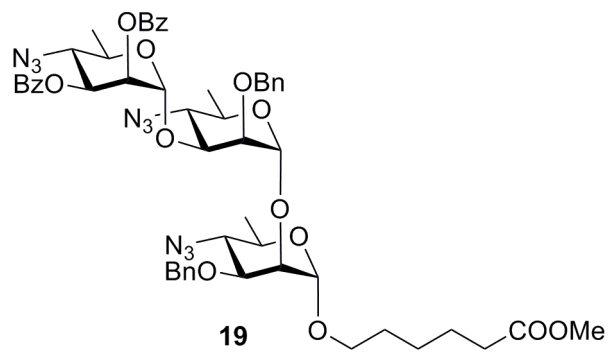
126 MHz, CDCl₃

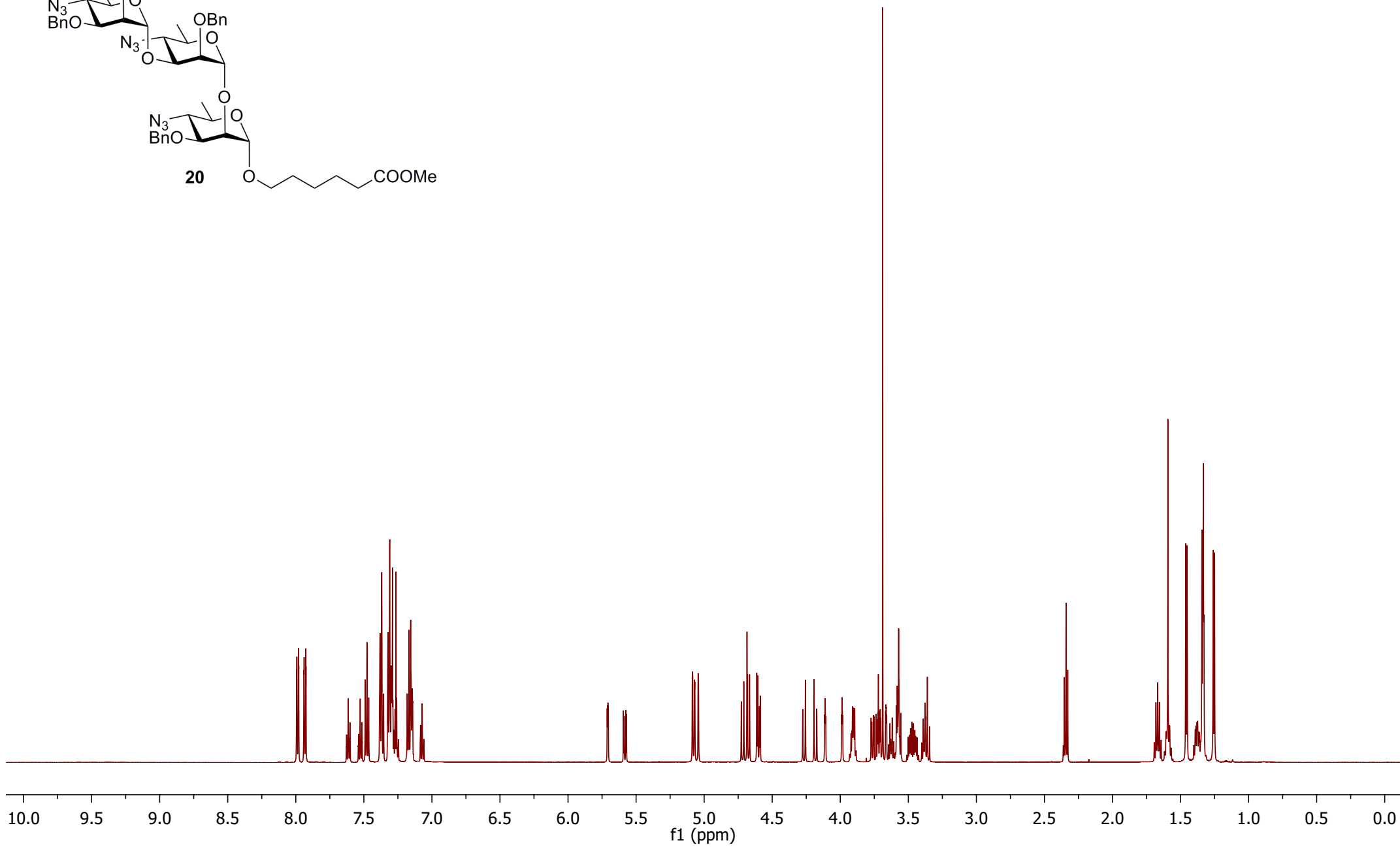
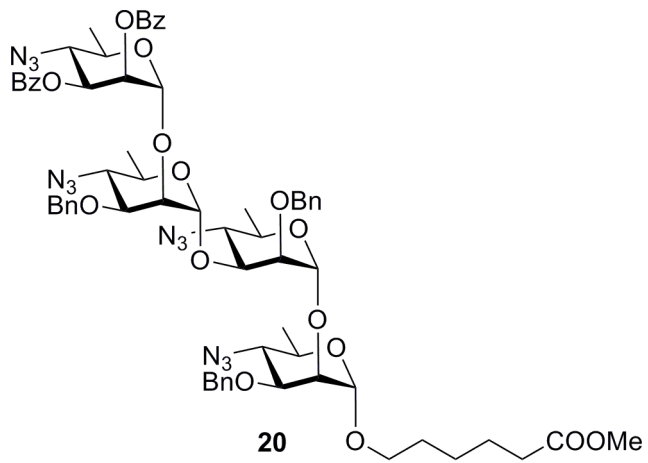
500 MHz, CDCl₃



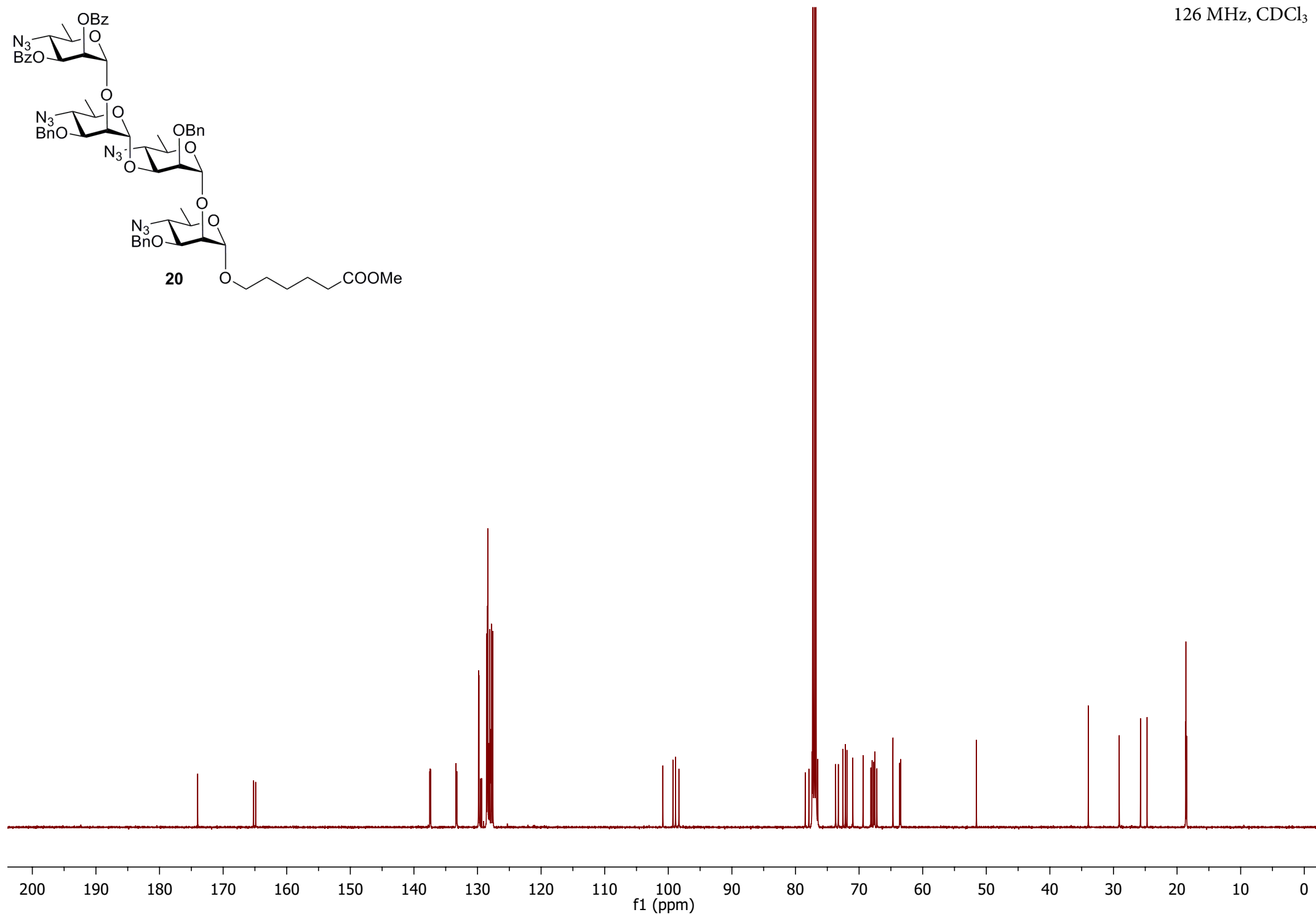
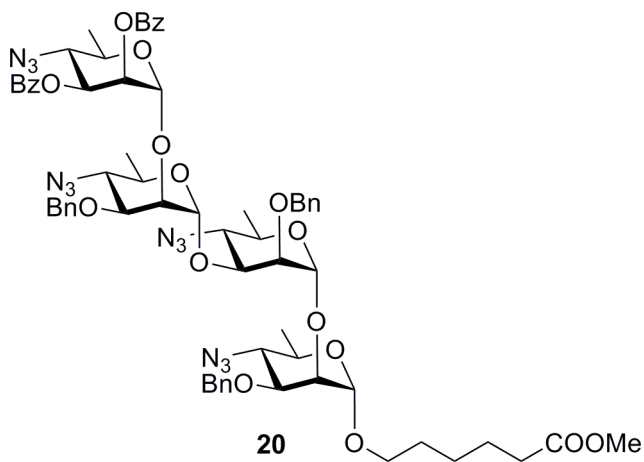


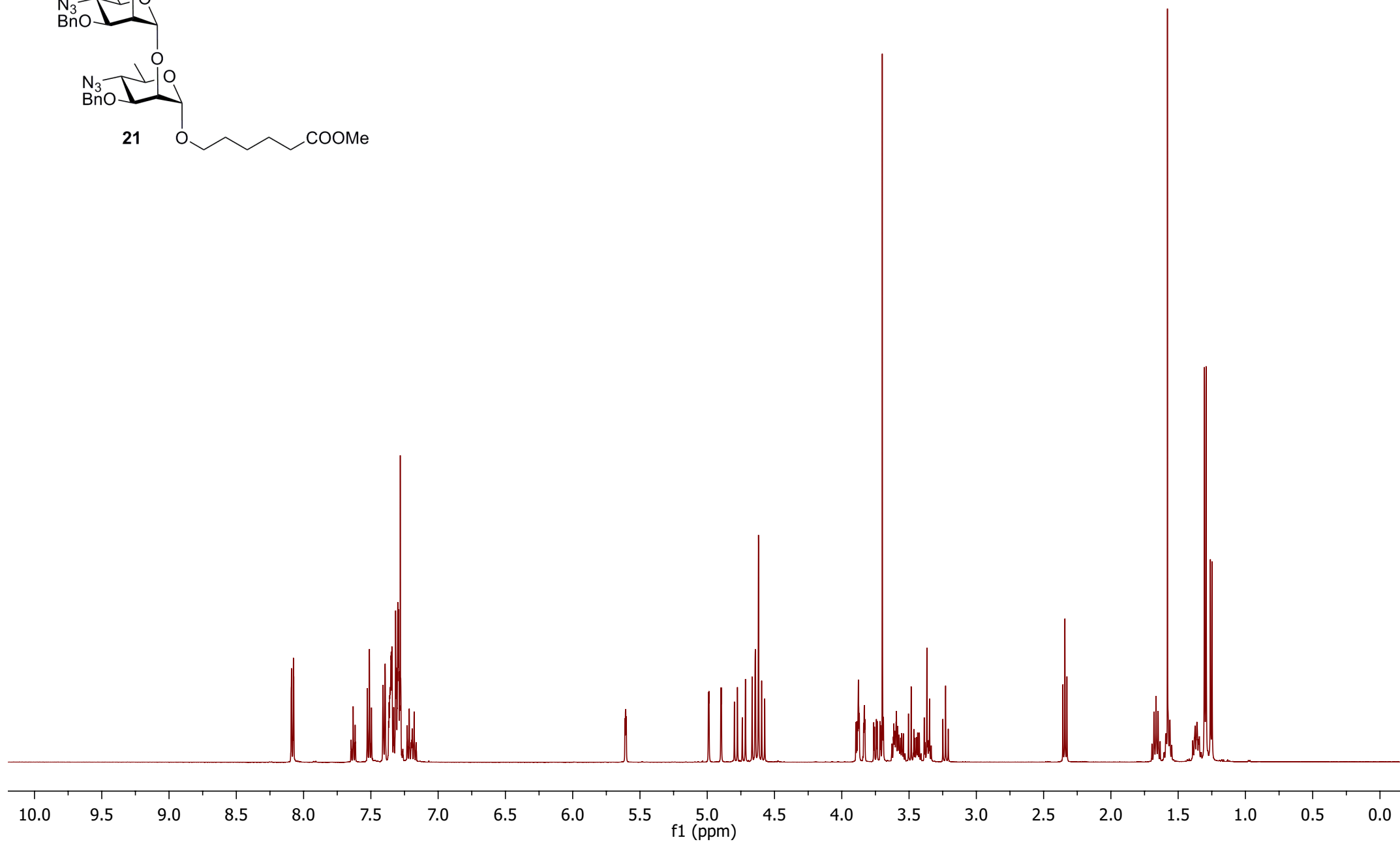
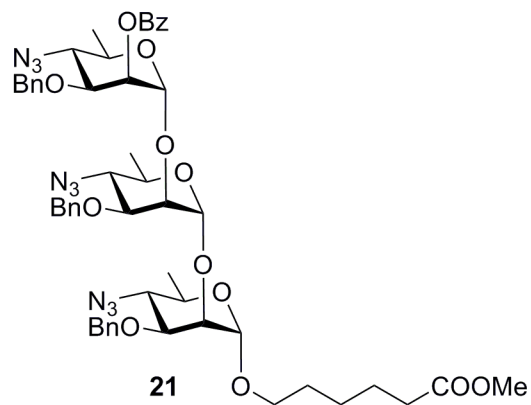
500 MHz, CDCl₃

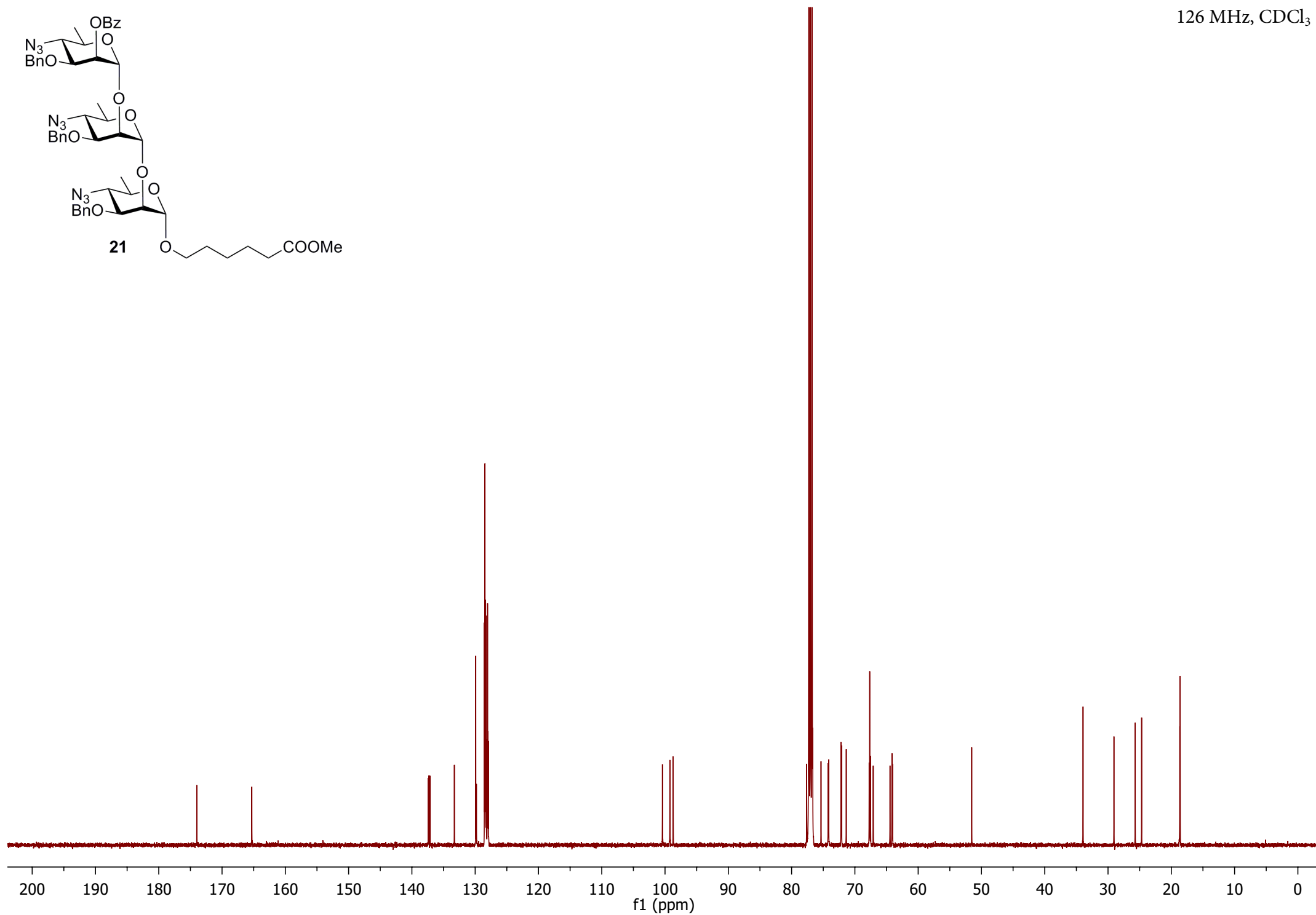
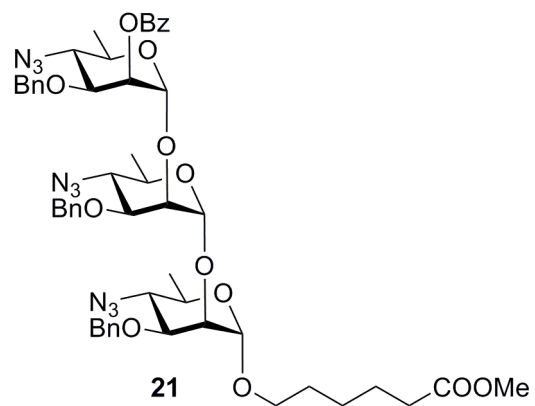
126 MHz, CDCl₃

600 MHz, CDCl₃

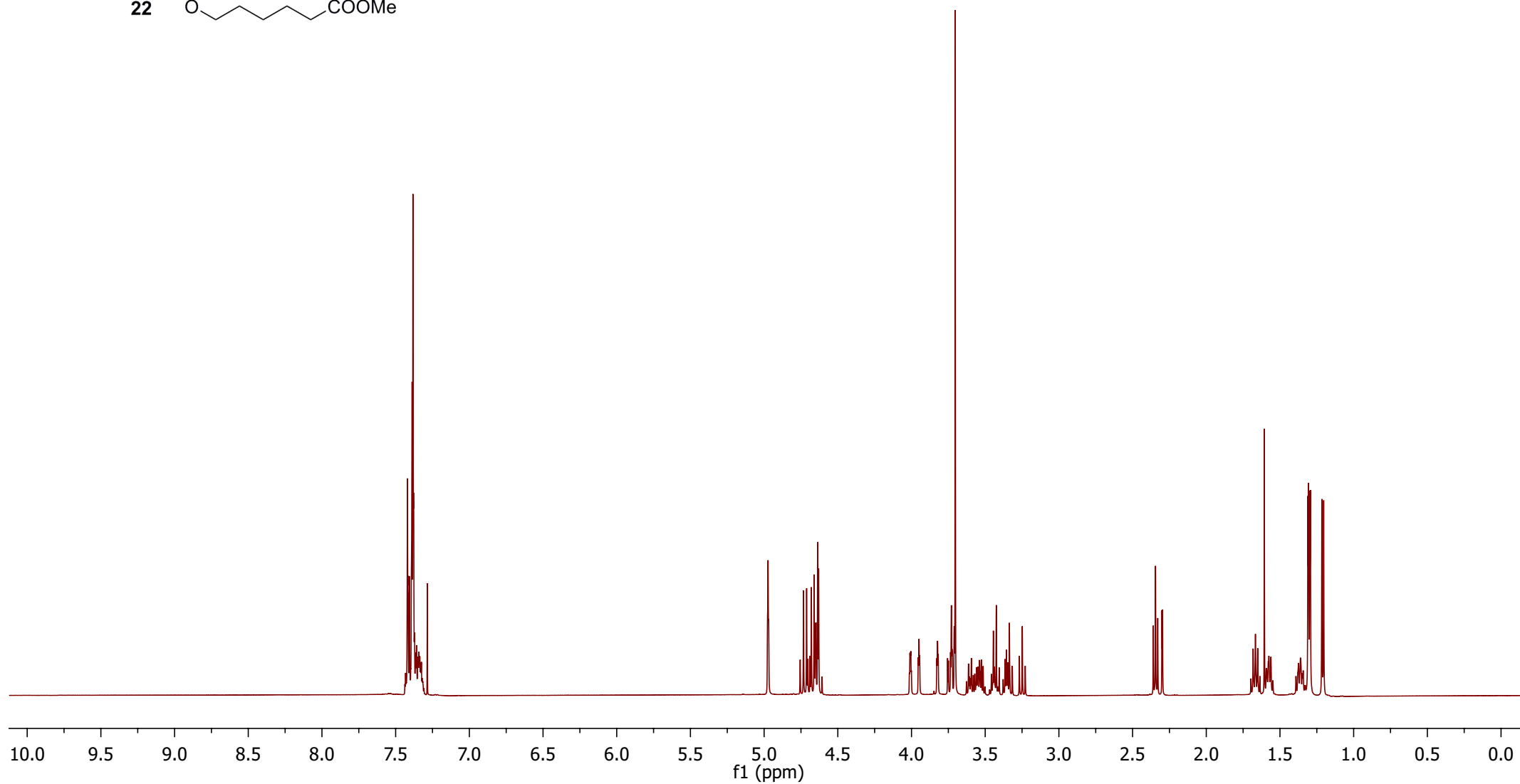
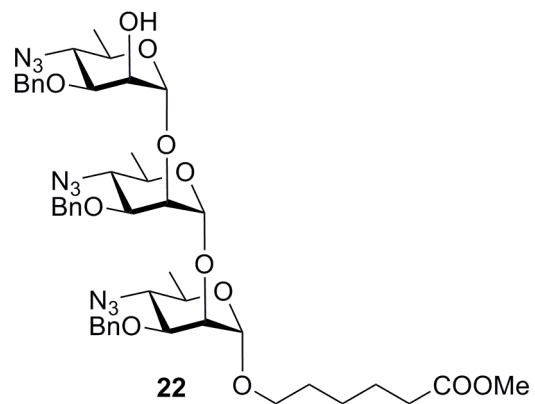
126 MHz, CDCl₃

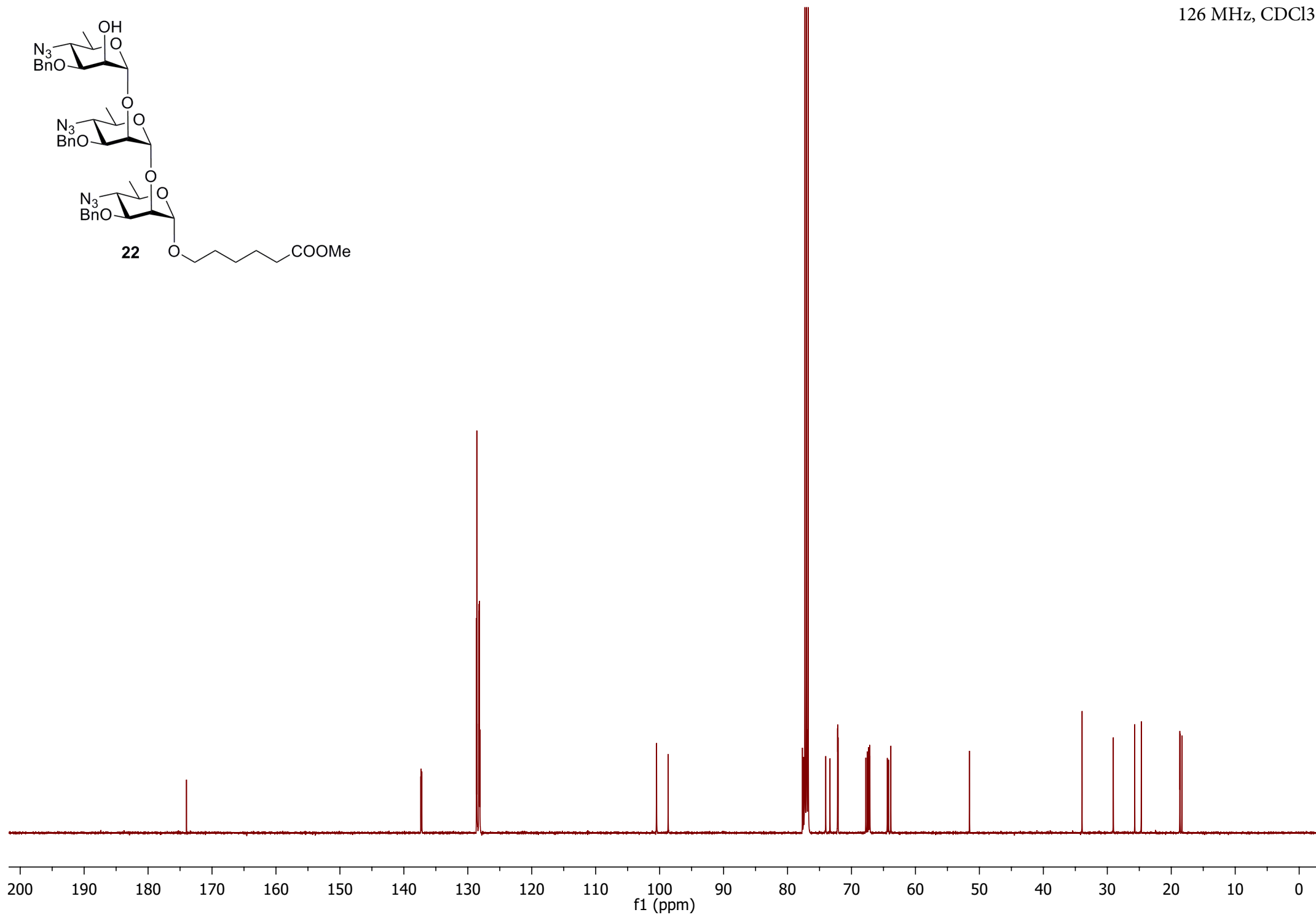
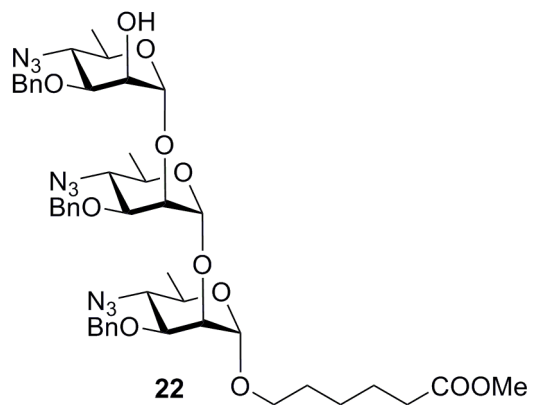




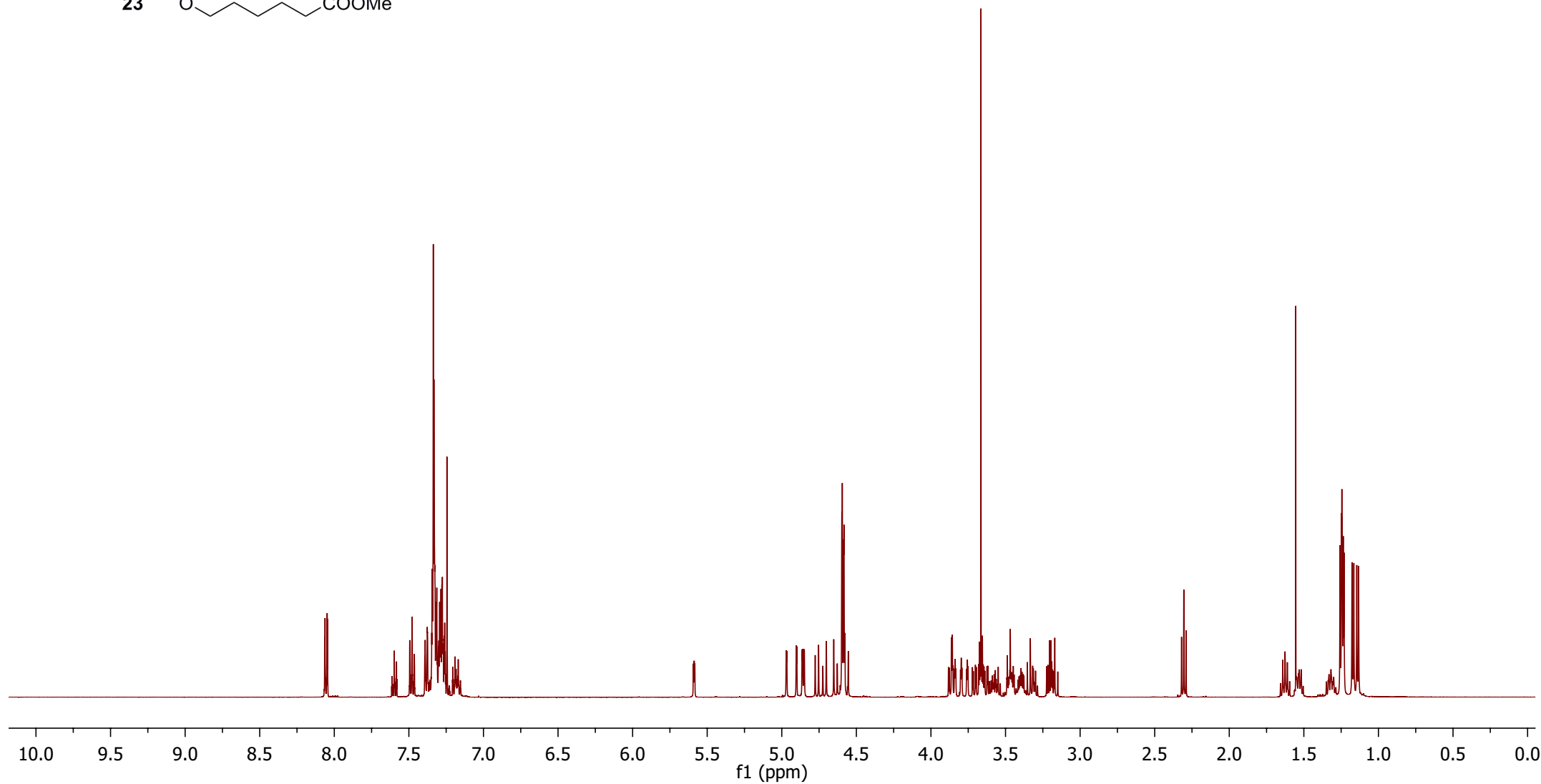
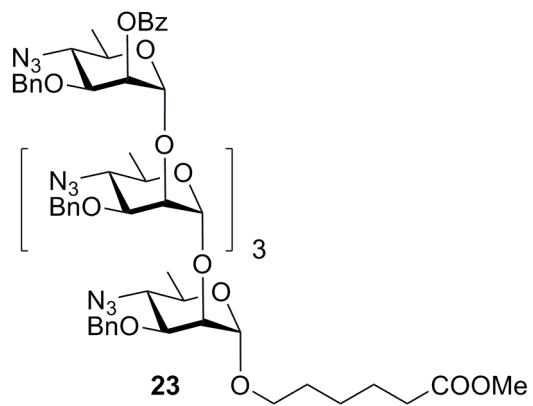
126 MHz, CDCl₃

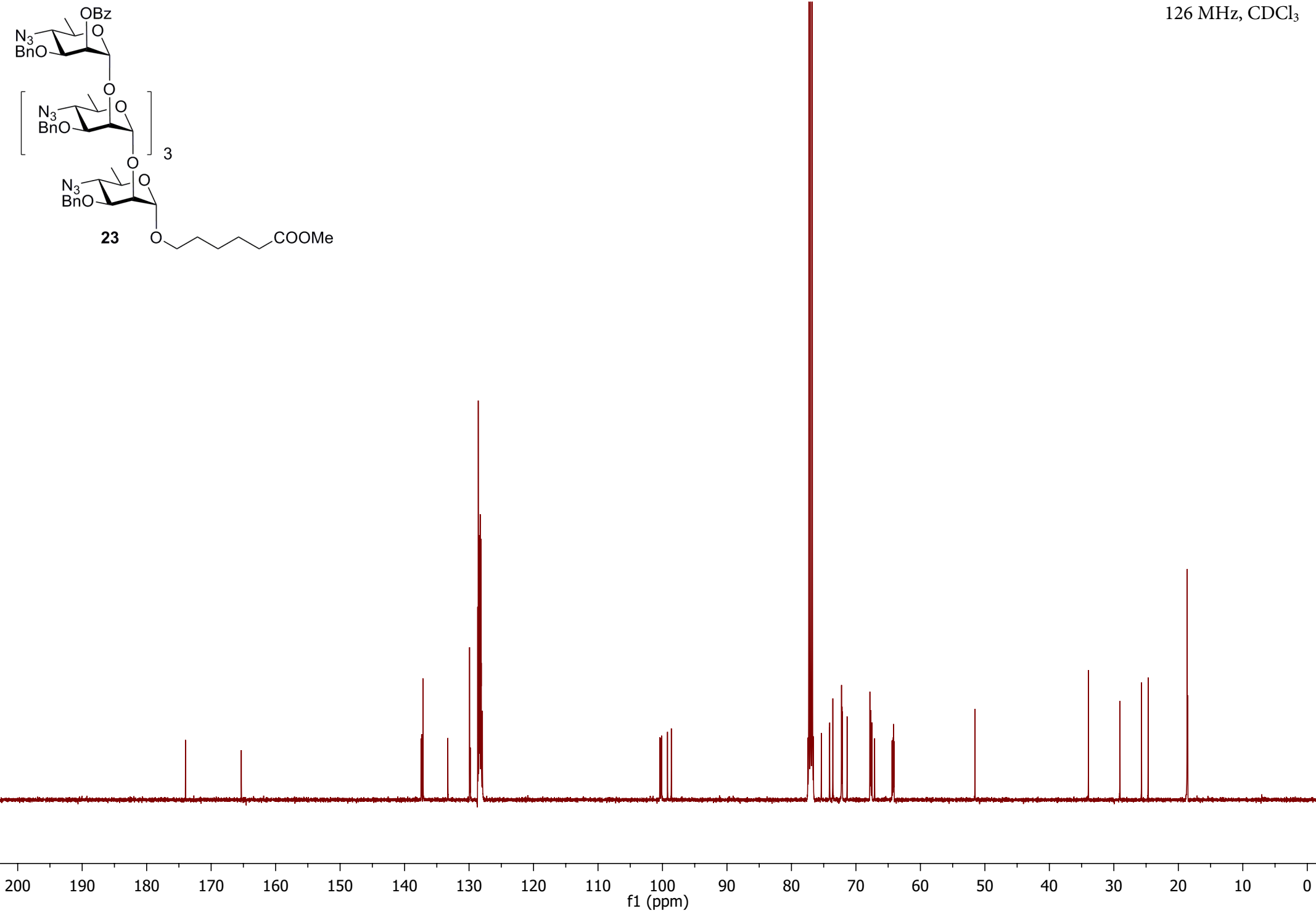
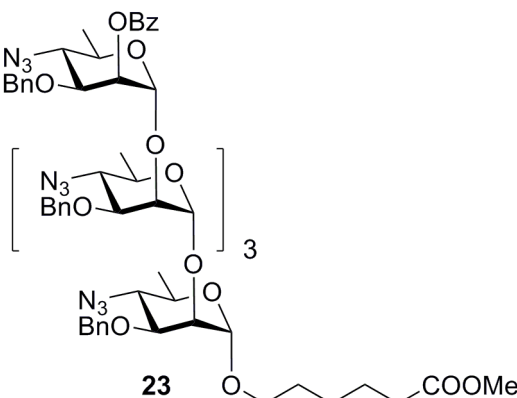
500 MHz, CDCl₃



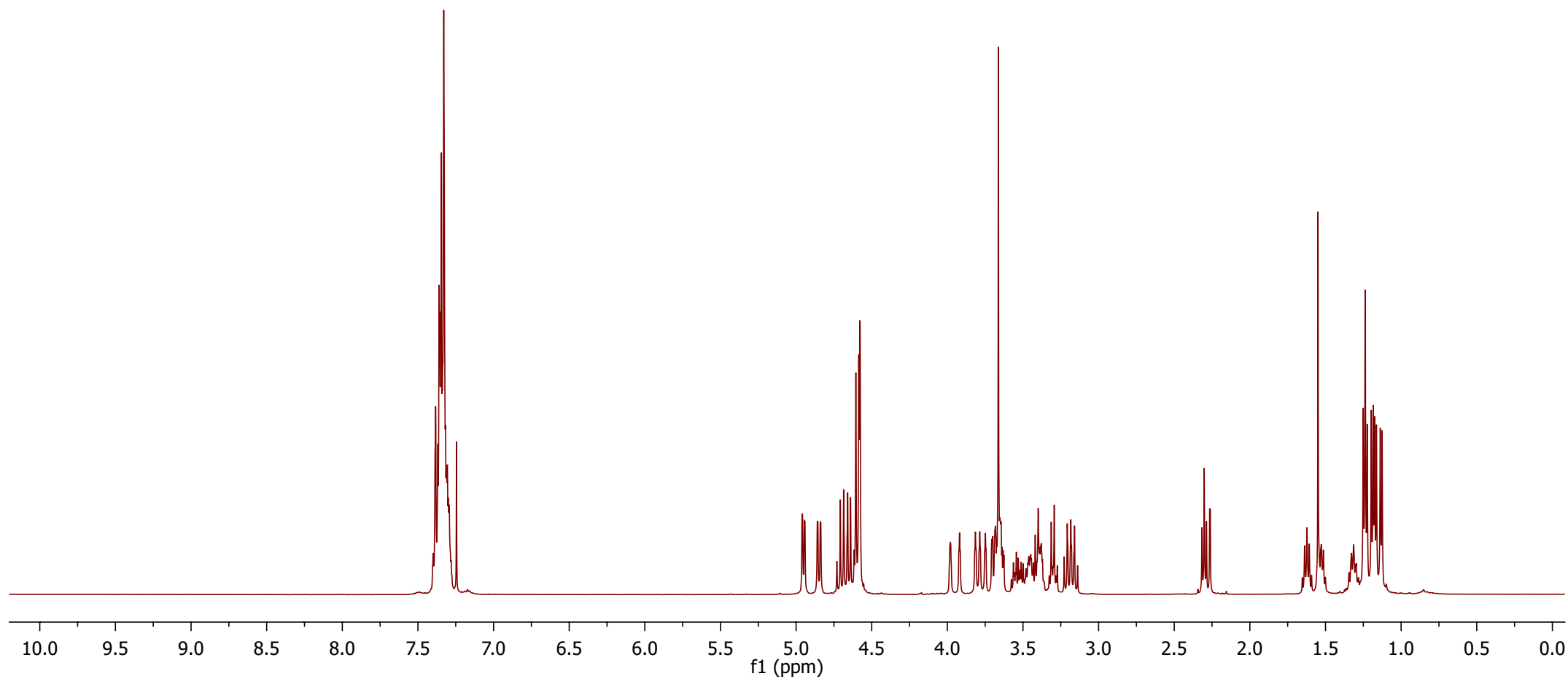
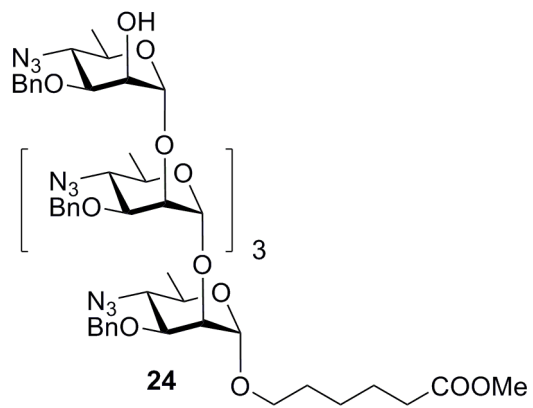
126 MHz, CDCl₃

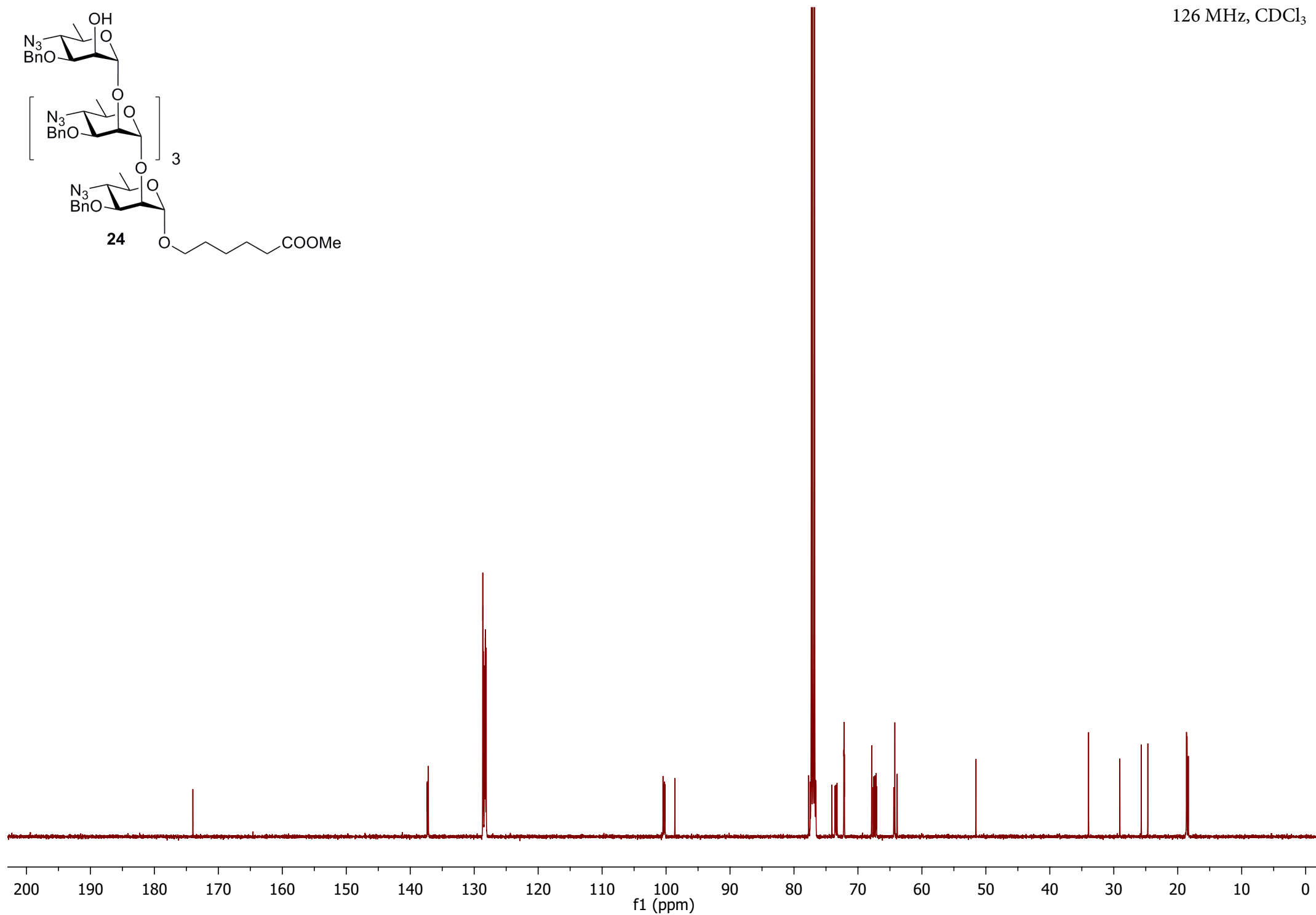
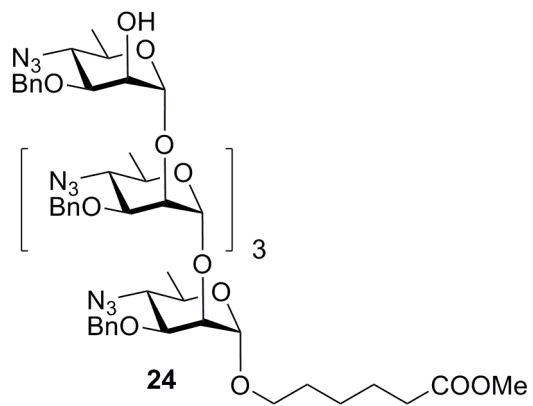
500 MHz, CDCl₃



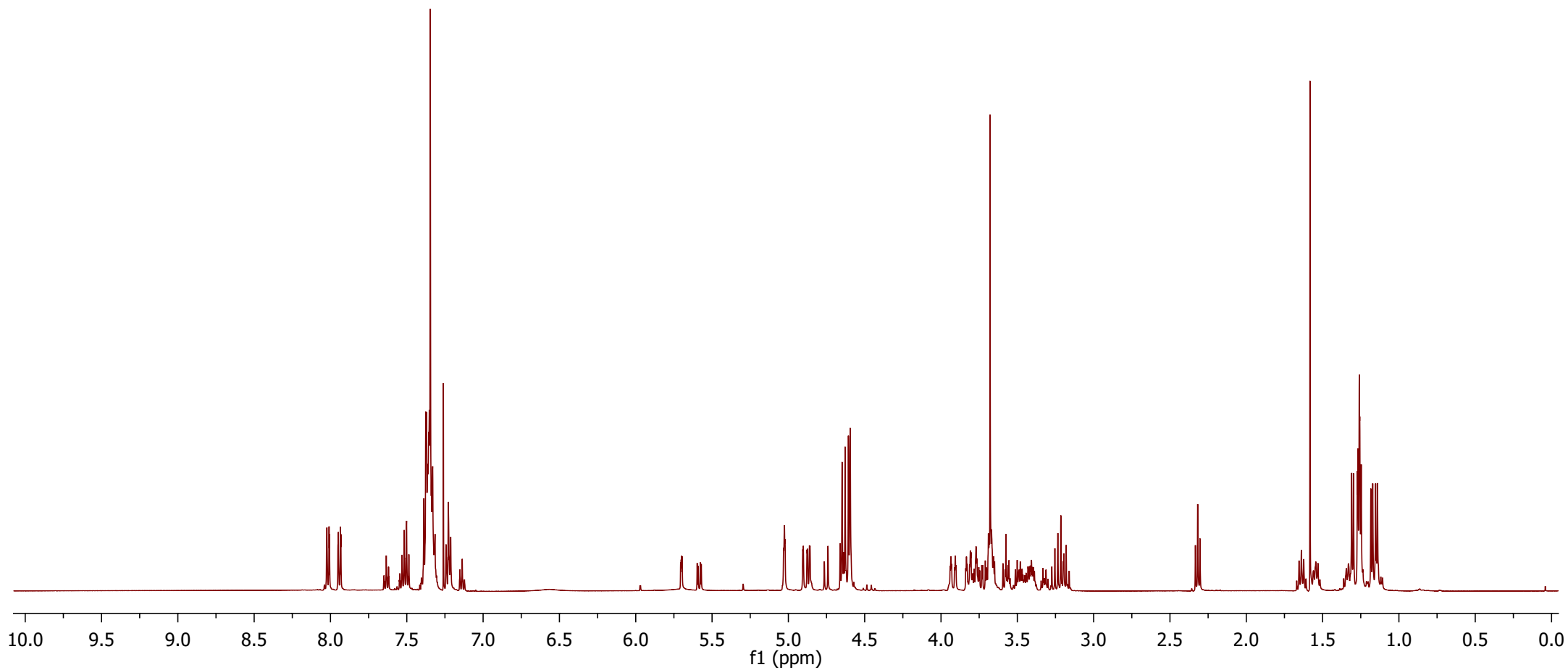
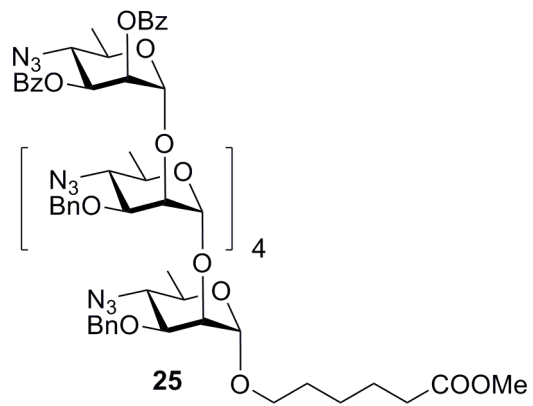
126 MHz, CDCl₃

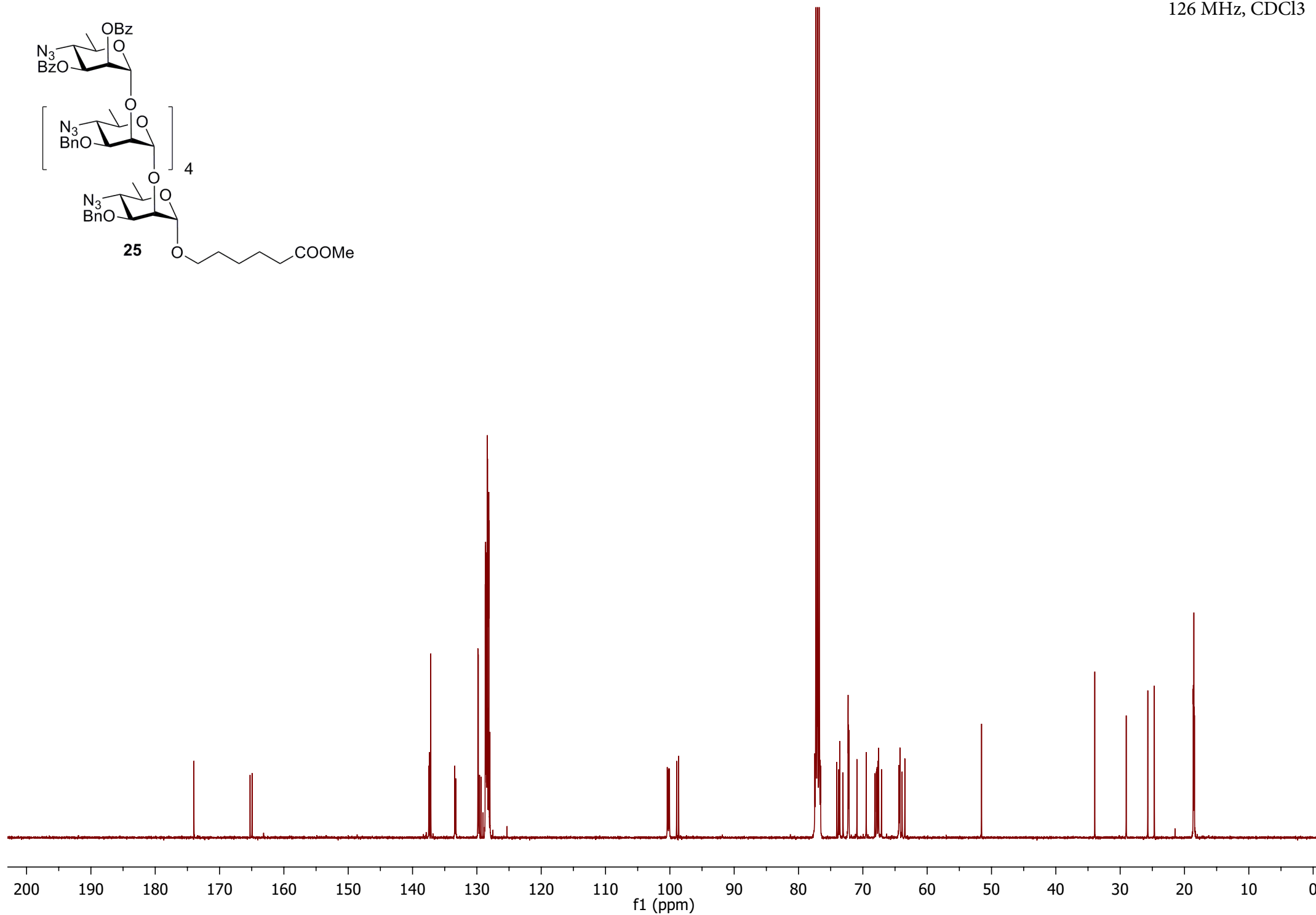
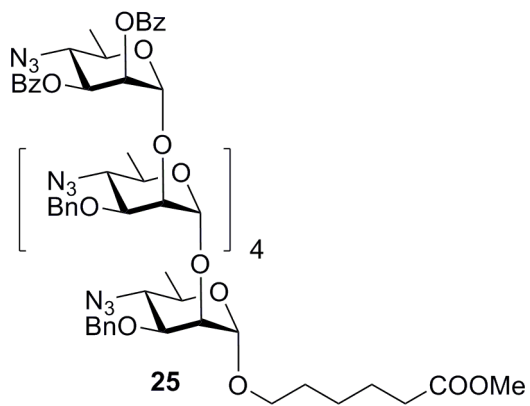
500 MHz, CDCl₃



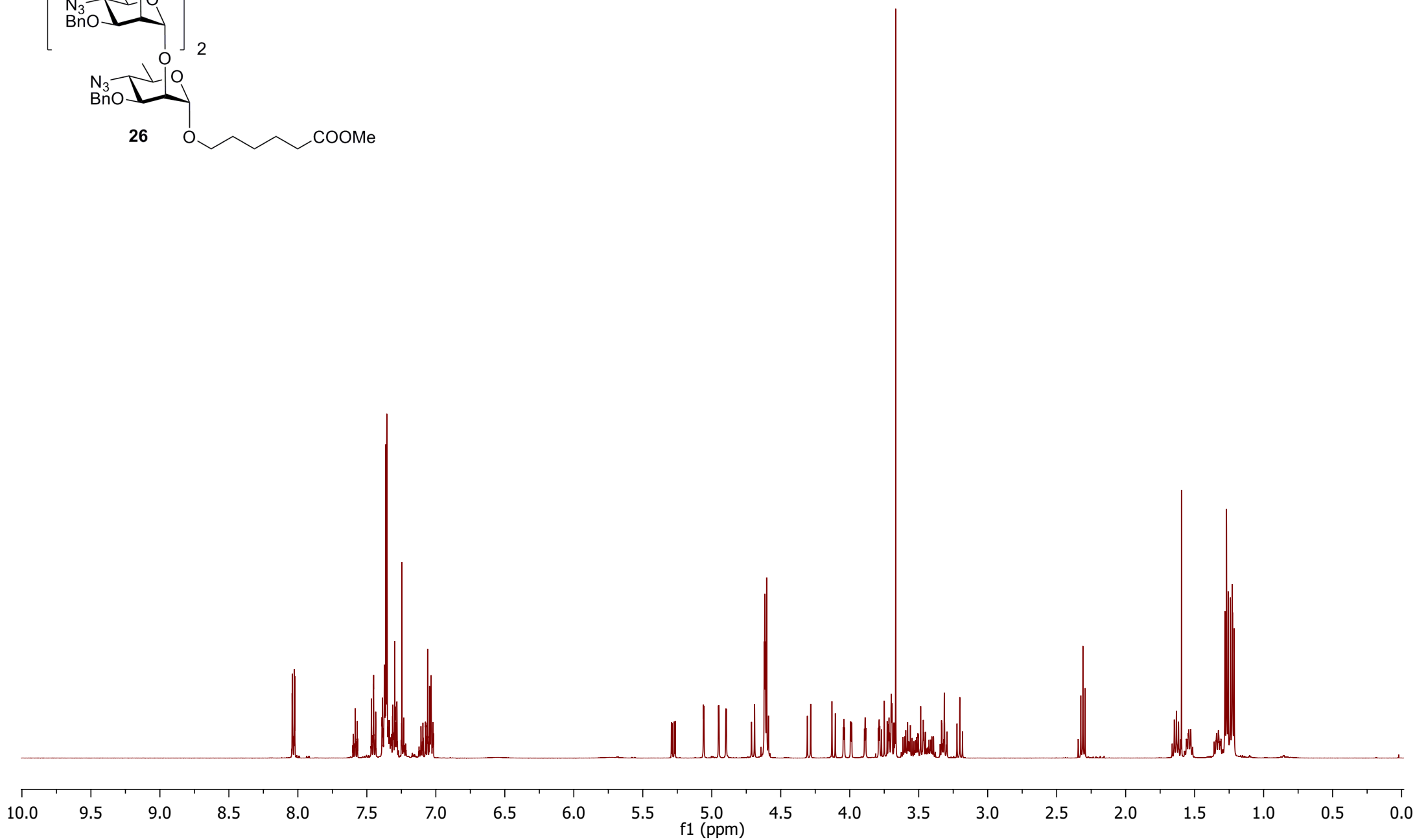
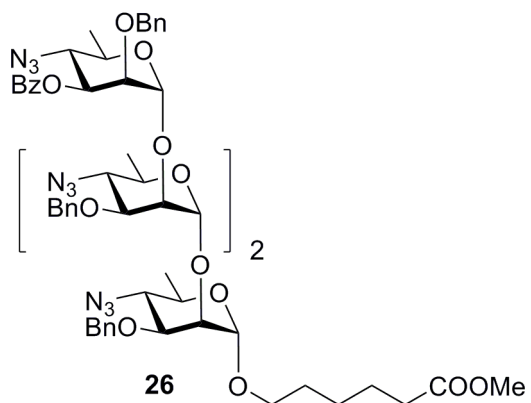
126 MHz, CDCl₃

500 MHz, CDCl₃

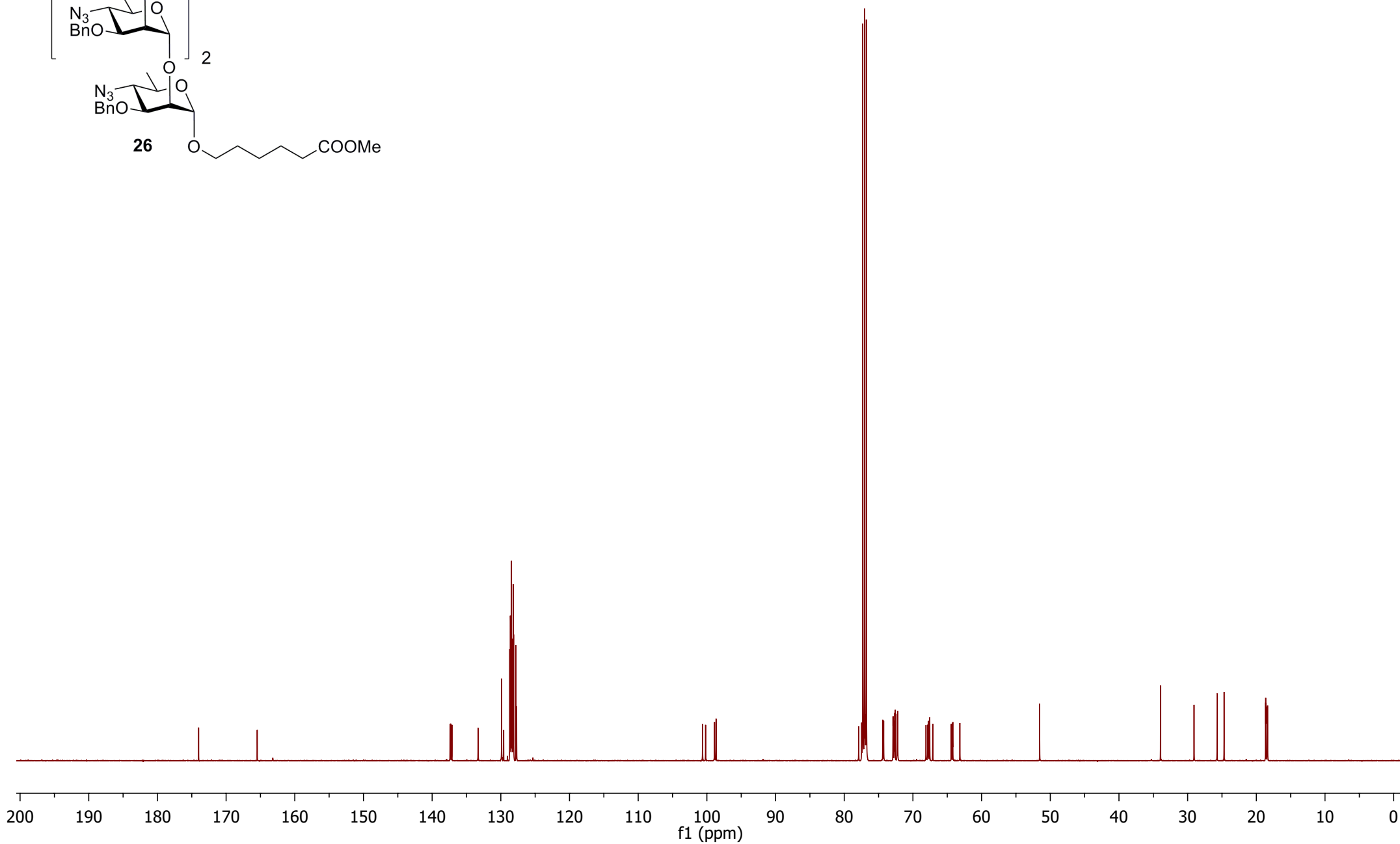
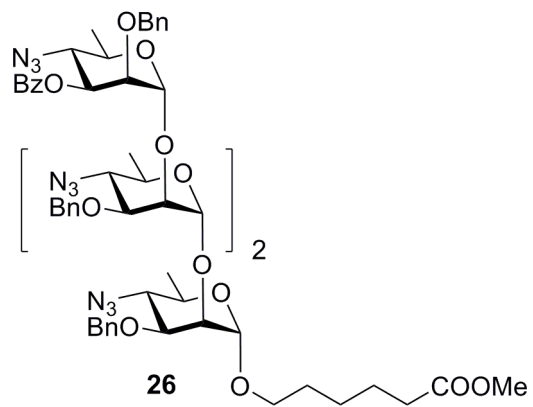




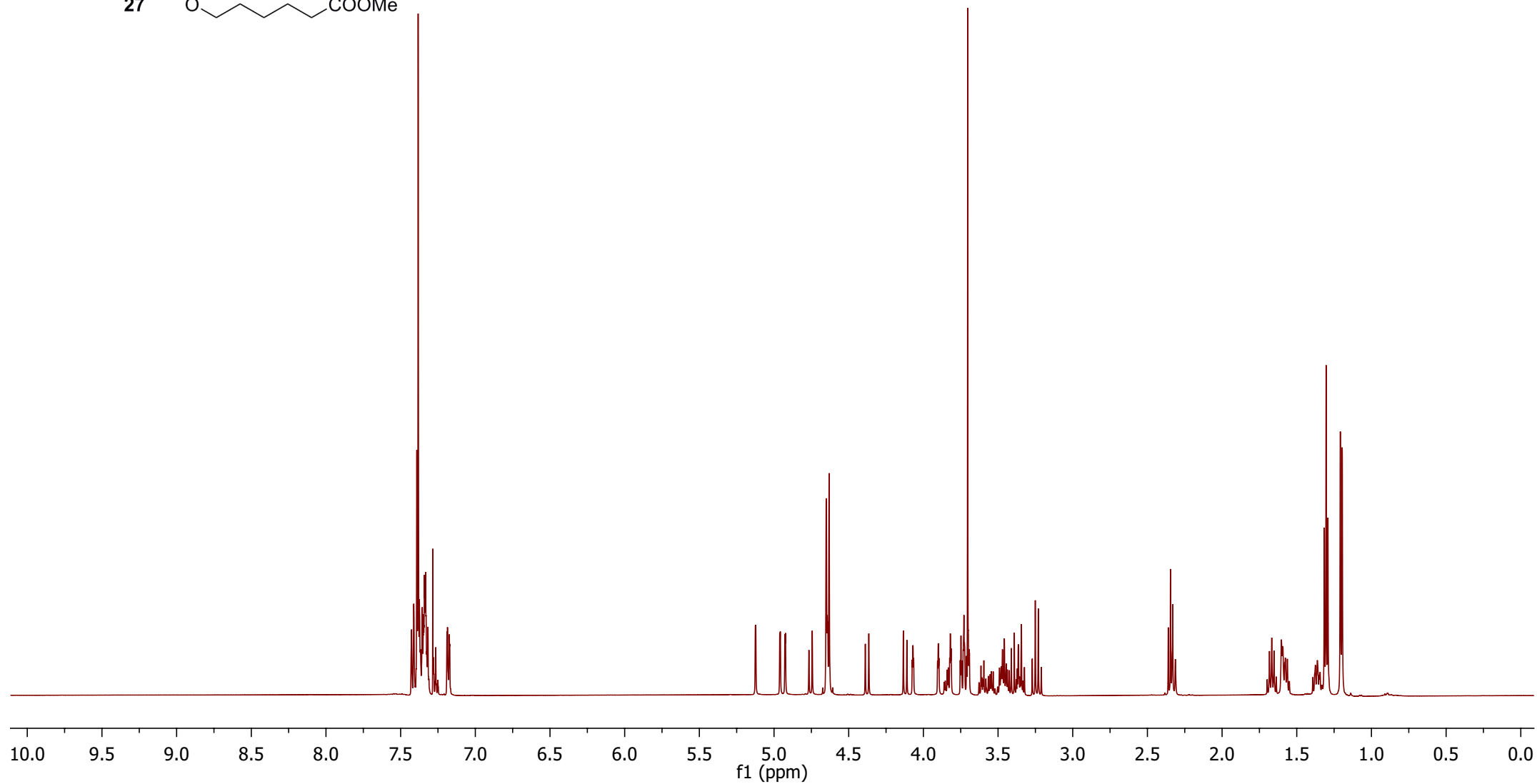
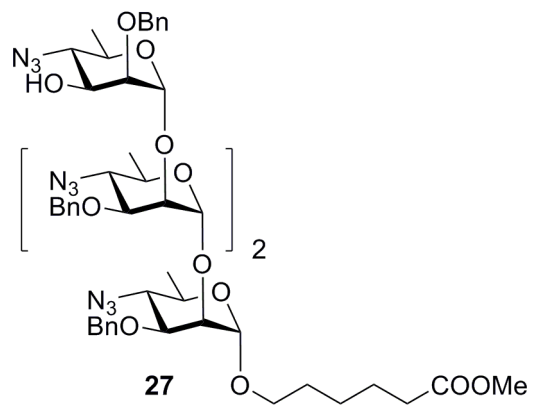
500 MHz, CDCl₃



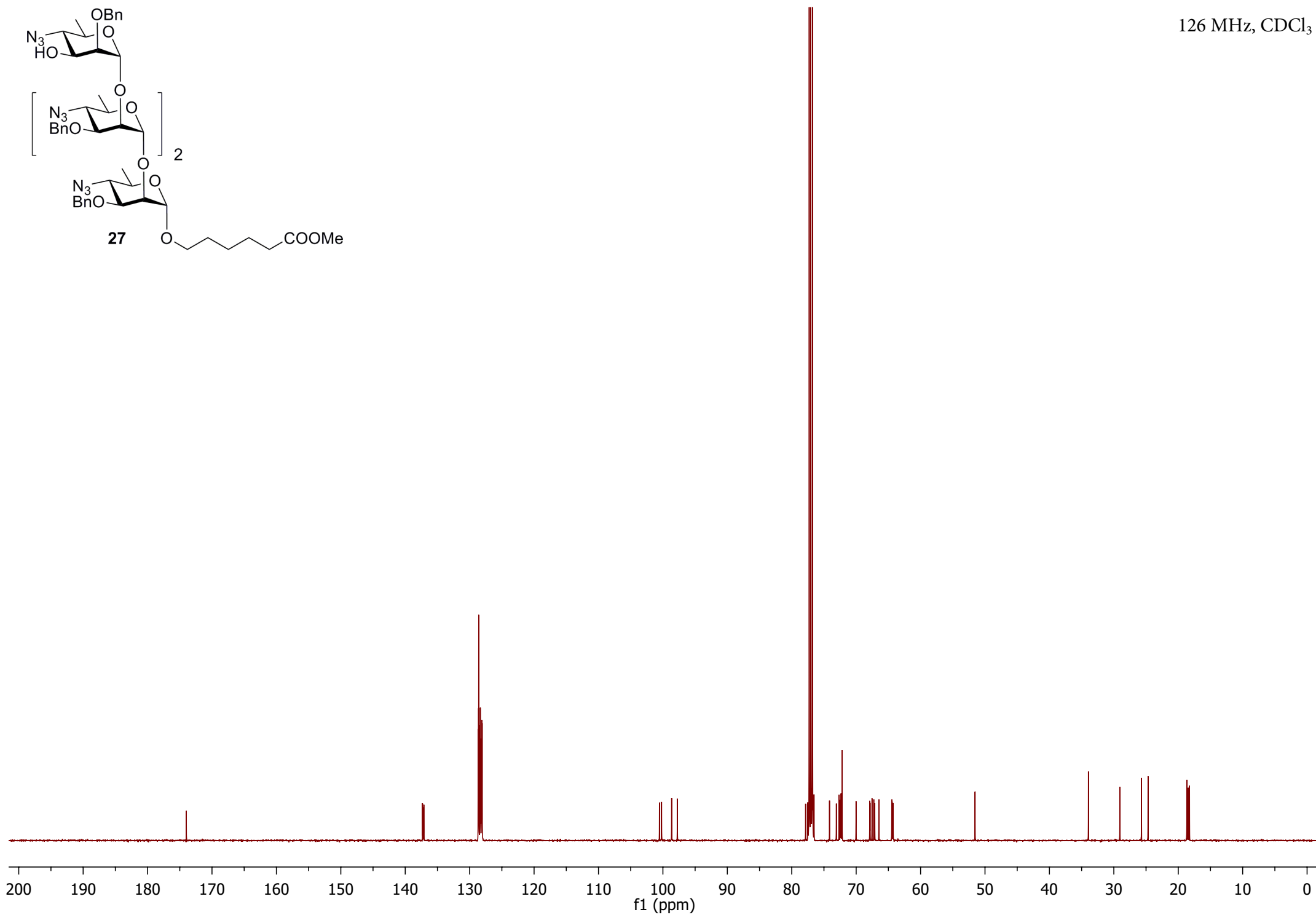
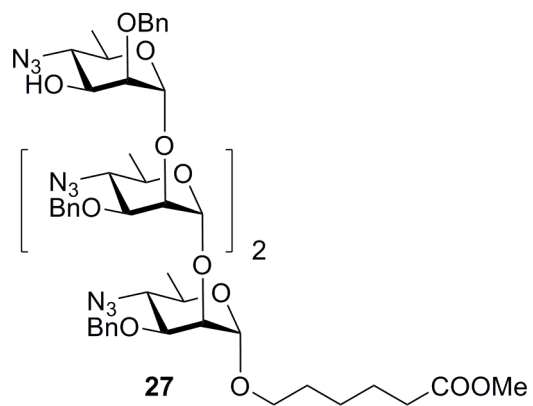
126 MHz, CDCl₃



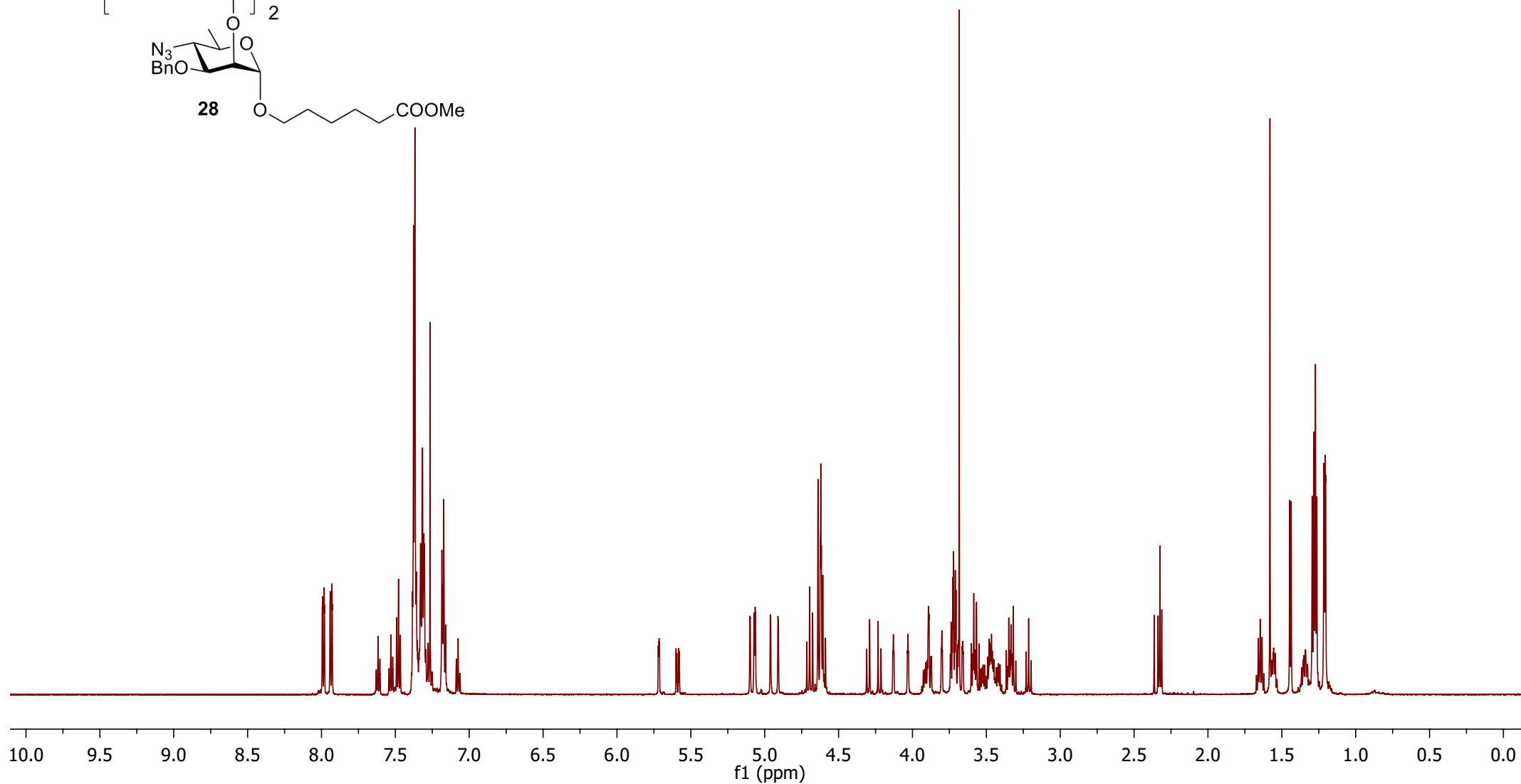
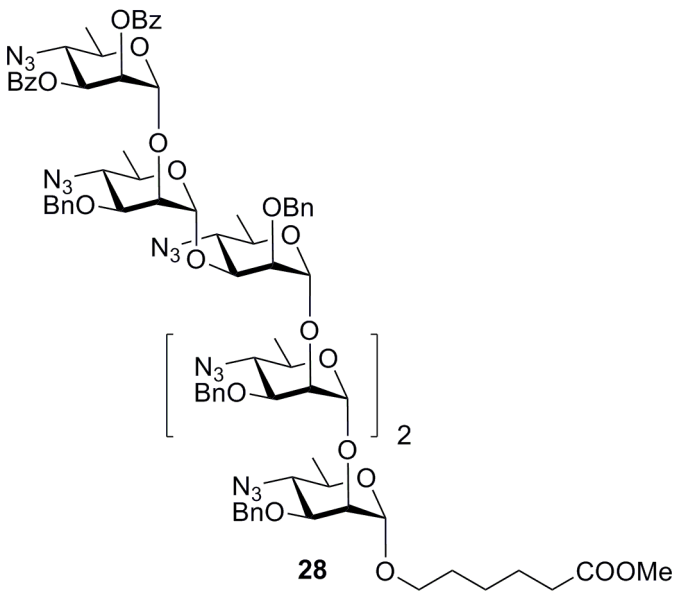
500 MHz, CDCl₃



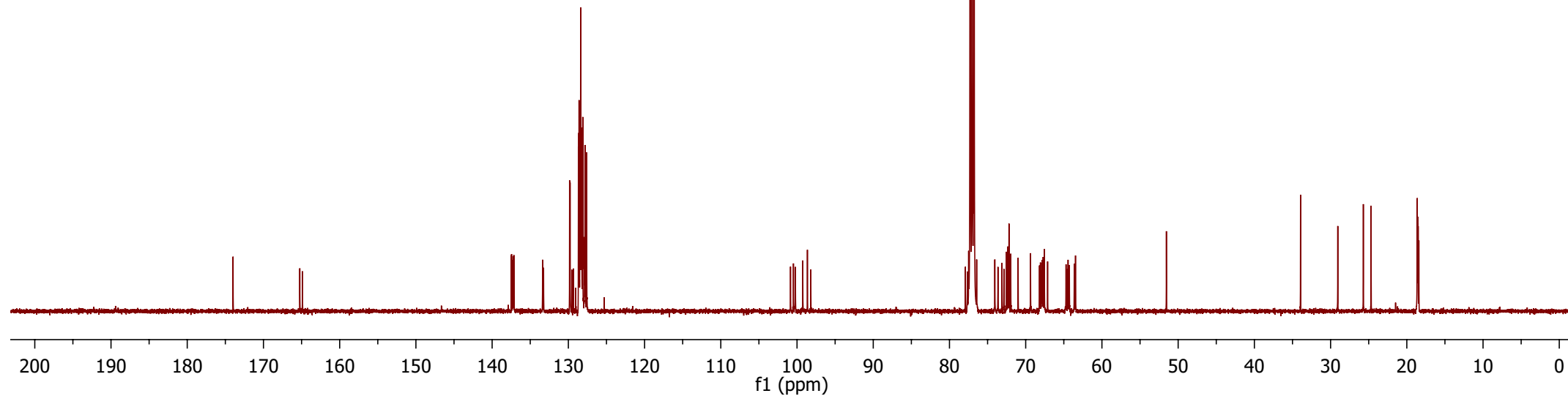
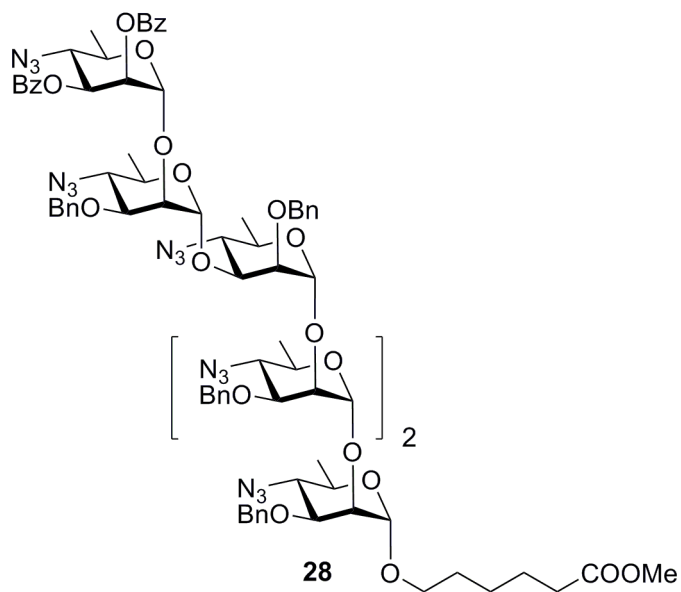
126 MHz, CDCl₃



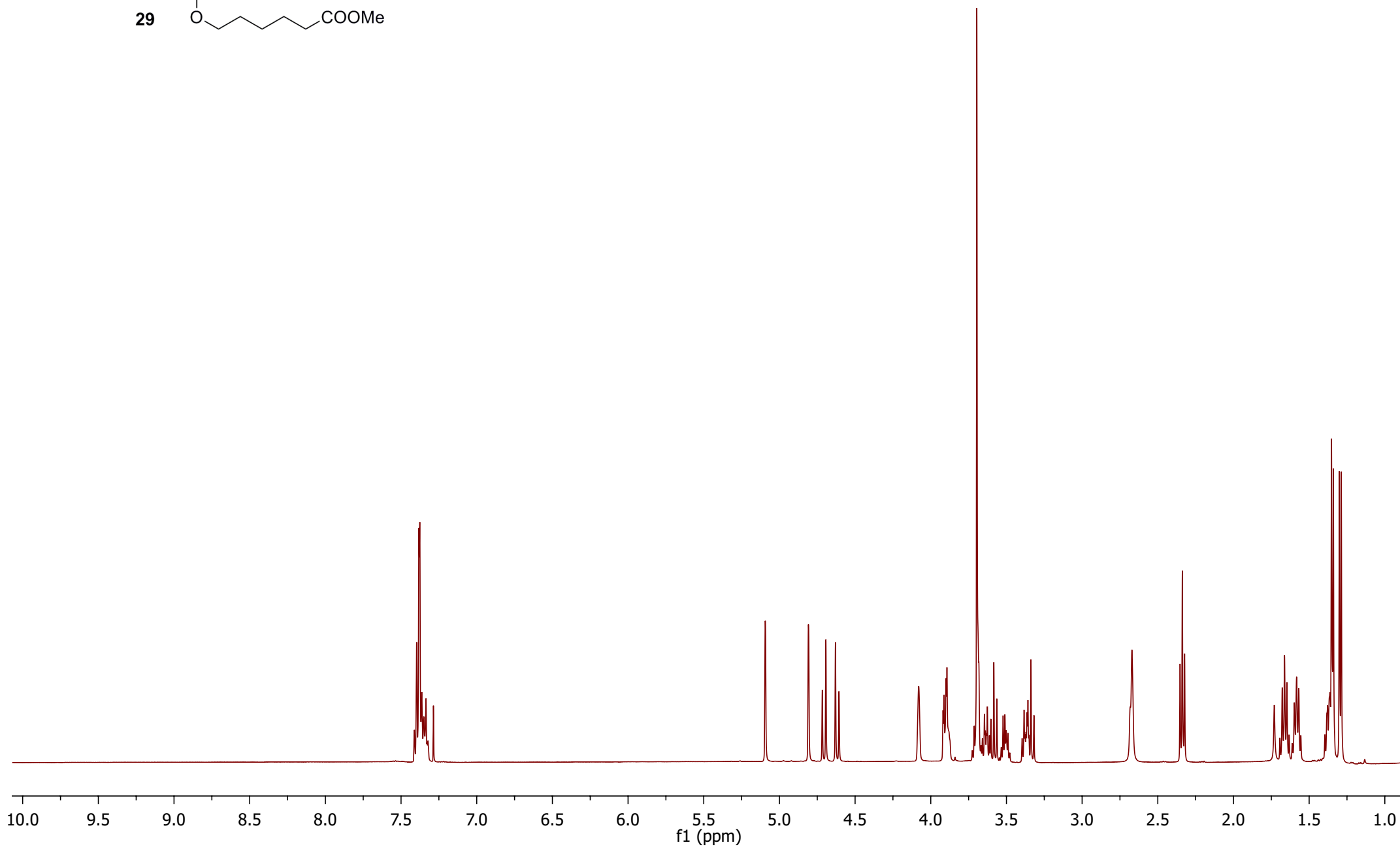
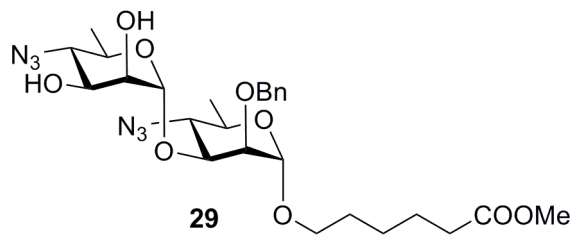
600 MHz, CDCl₃



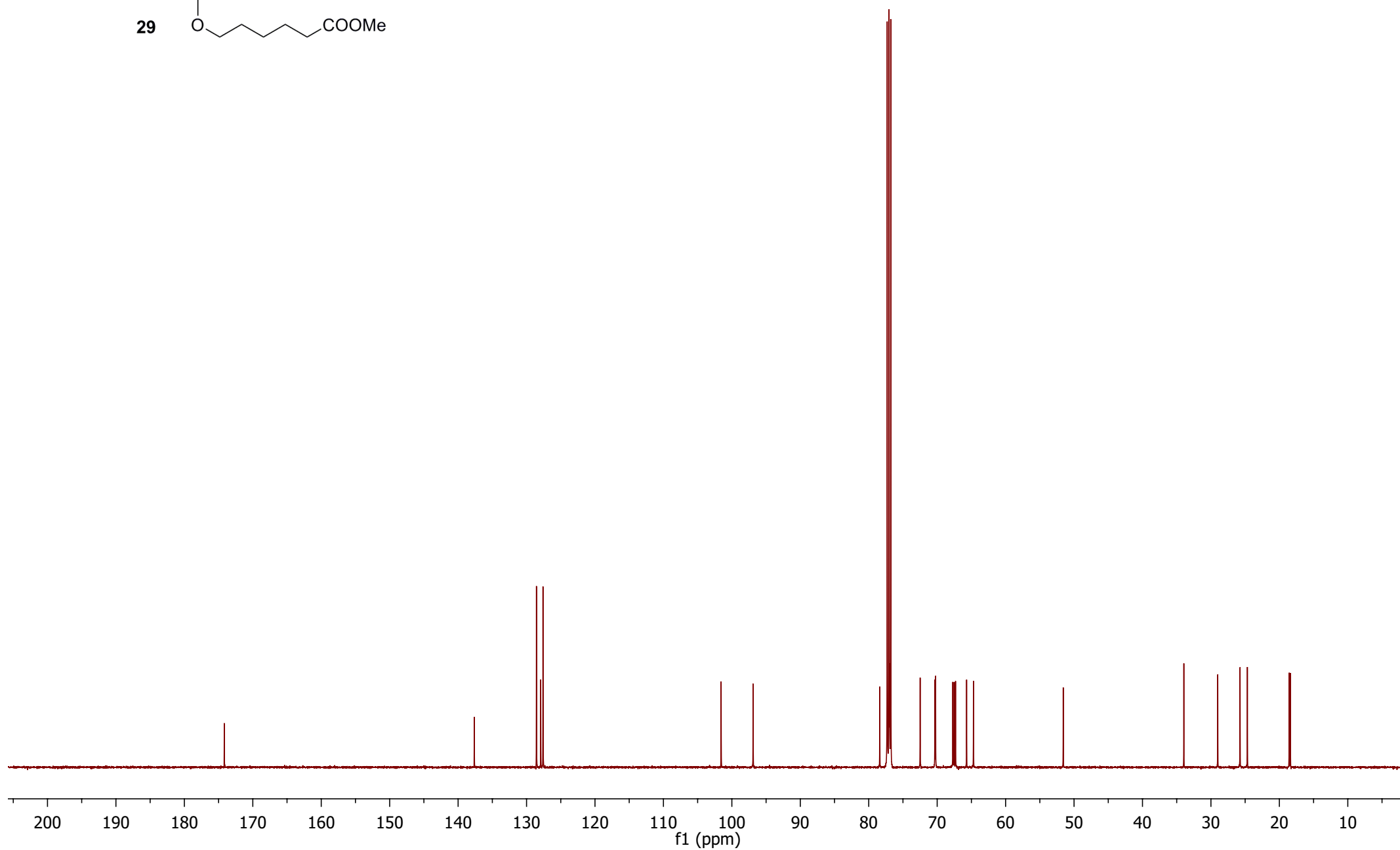
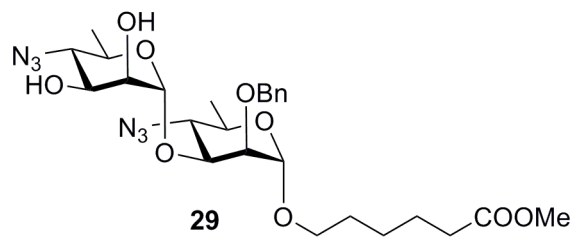
126 MHz, CDCl₃

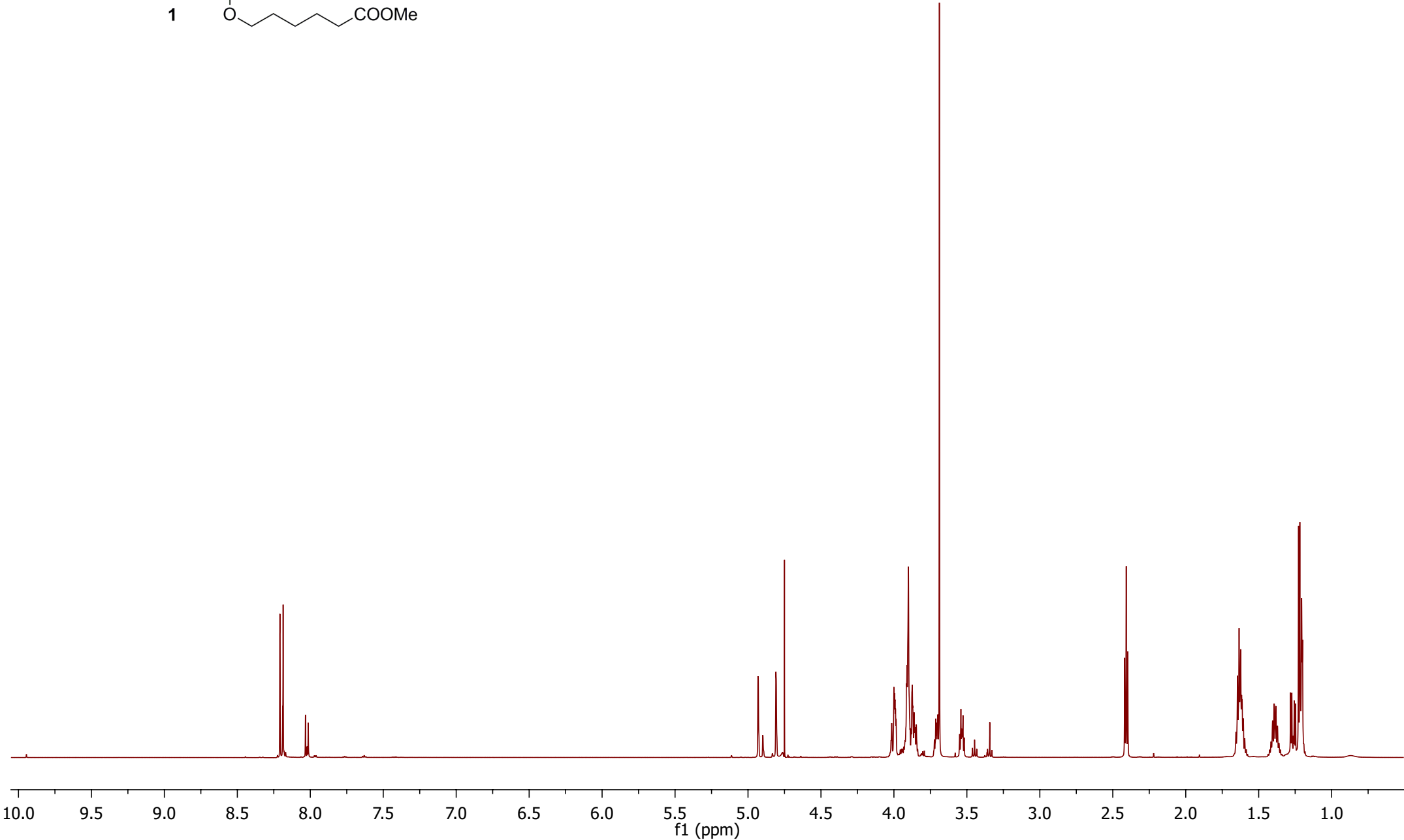
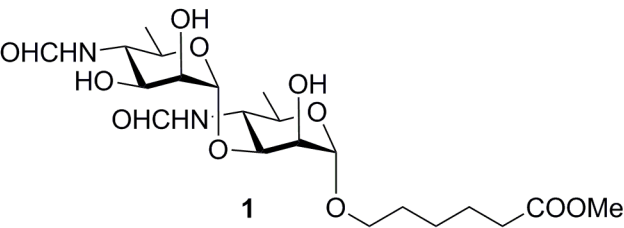


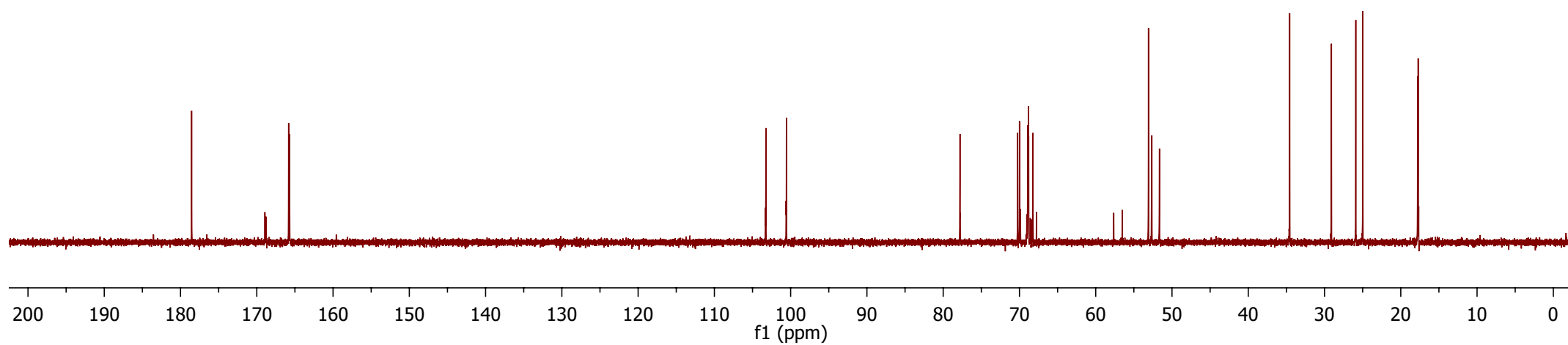
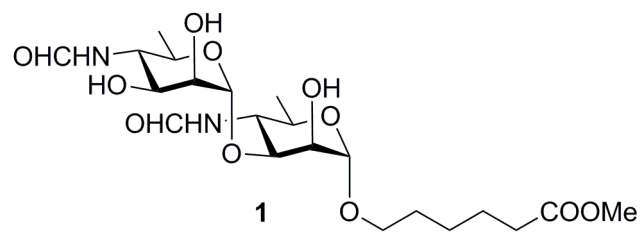
500 MHz, CDCl₃



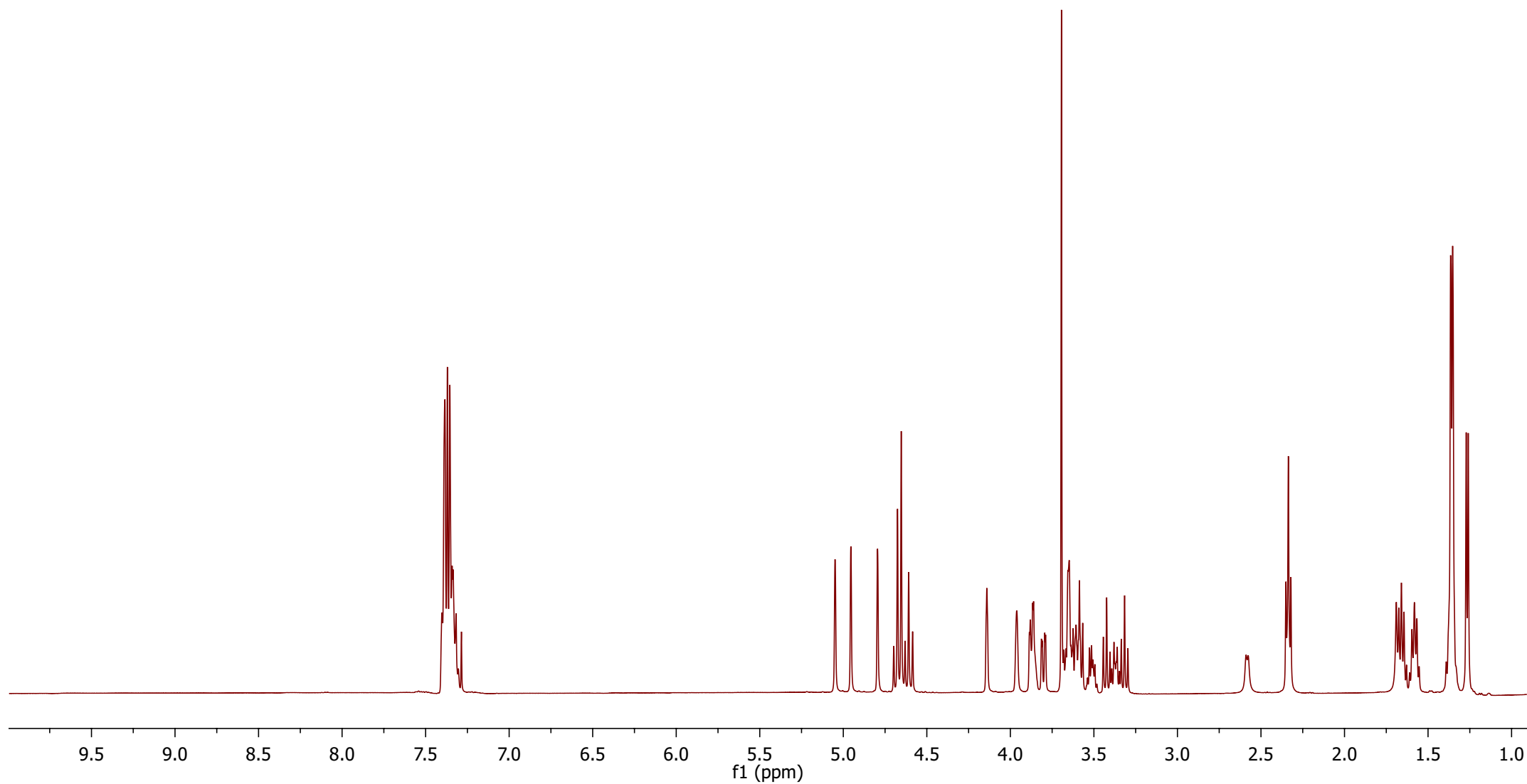
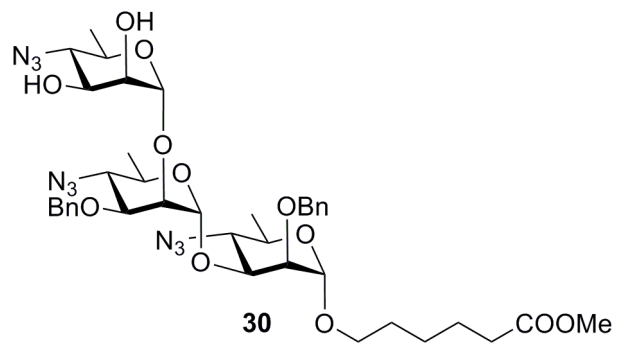
126 MHz, CDCl₃



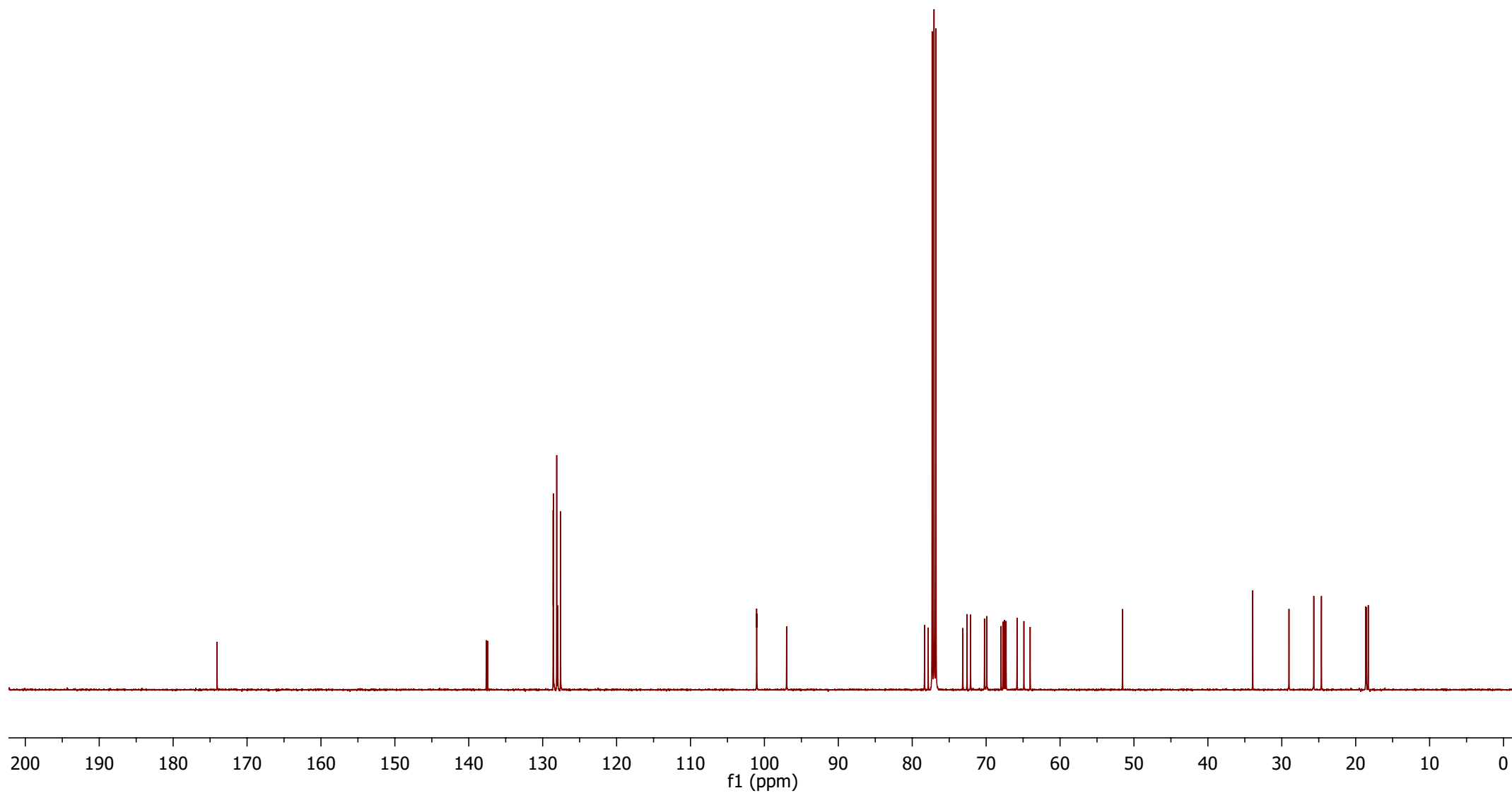
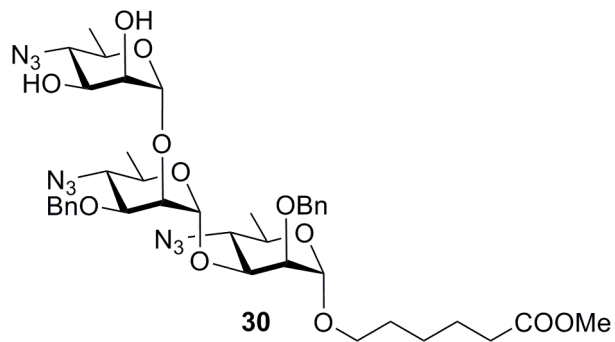


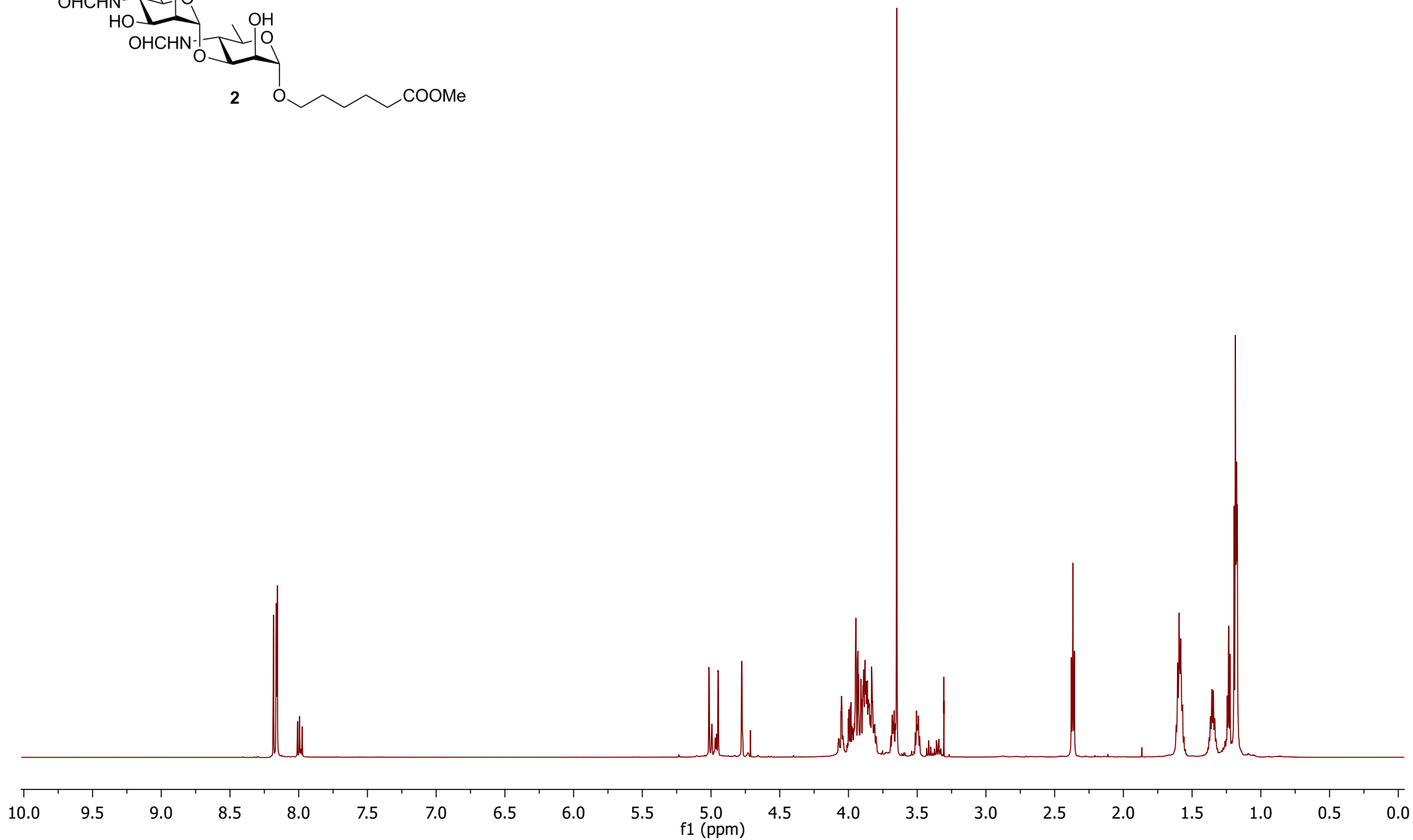
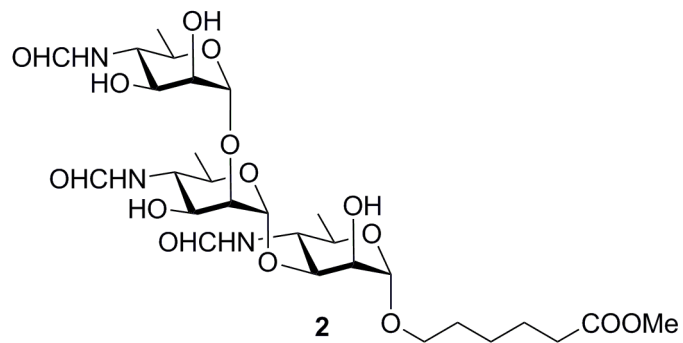


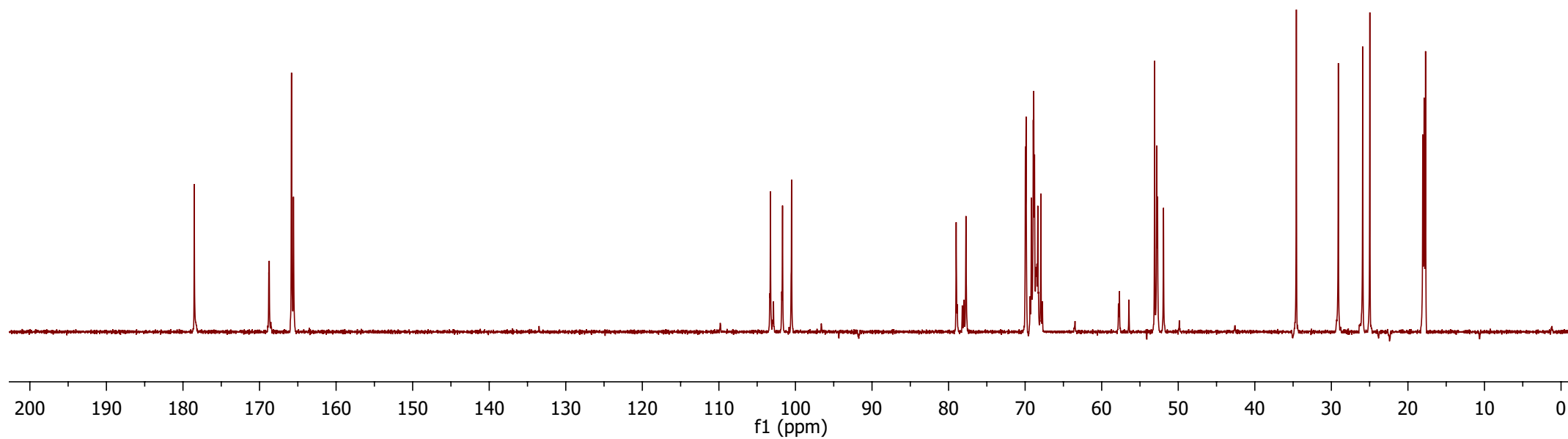
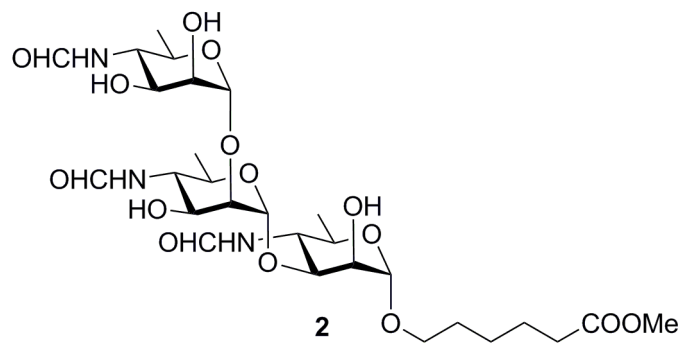
500 MHz, CDCl₃



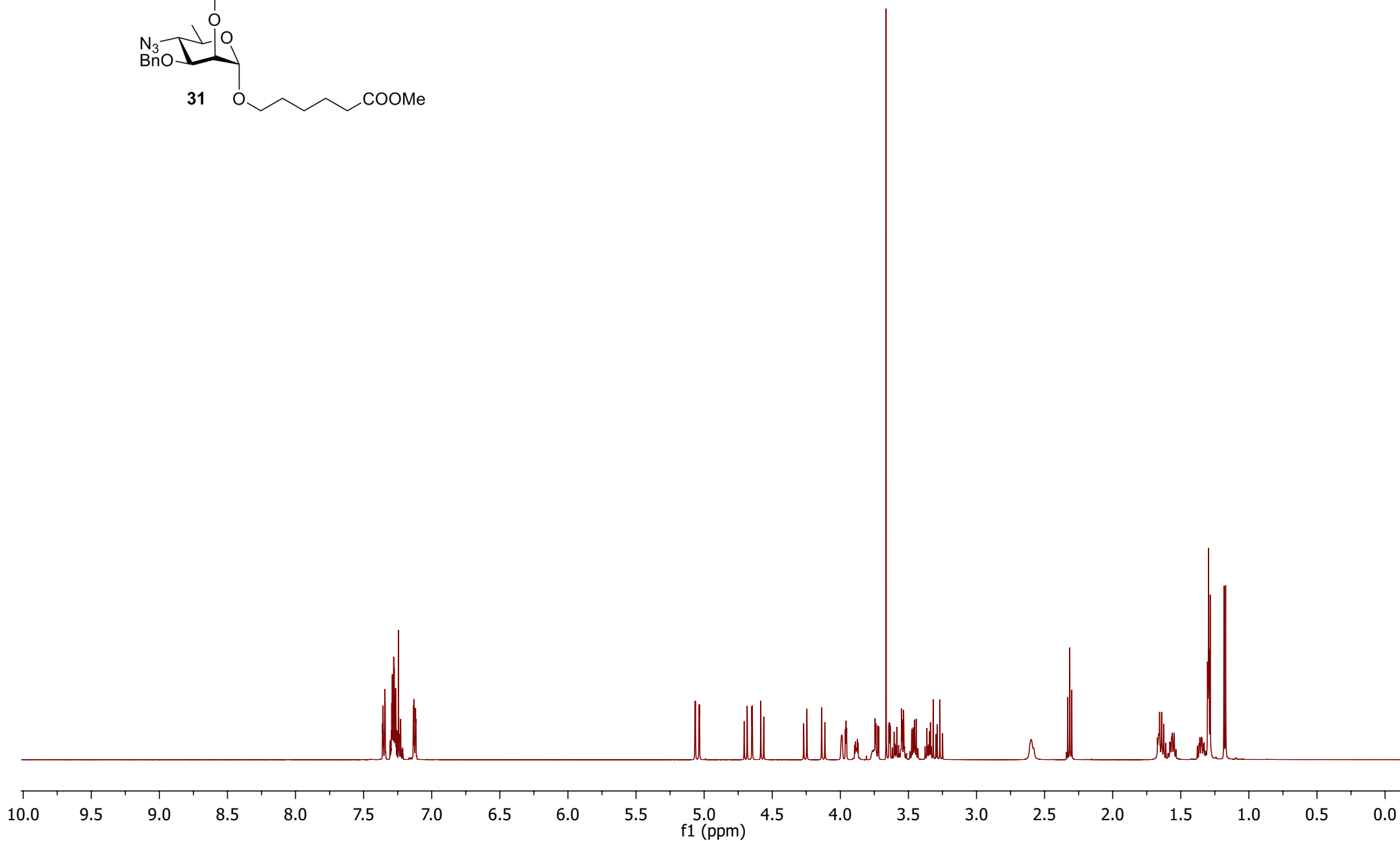
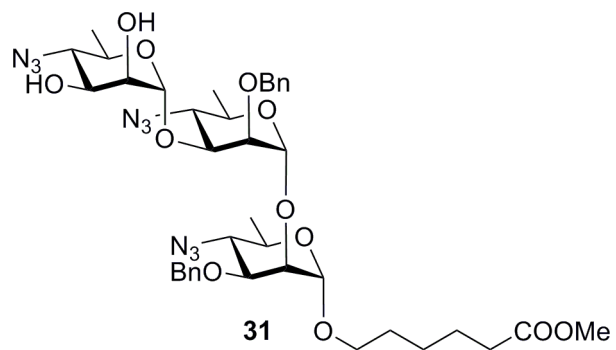
126 MHz, CDCl₃



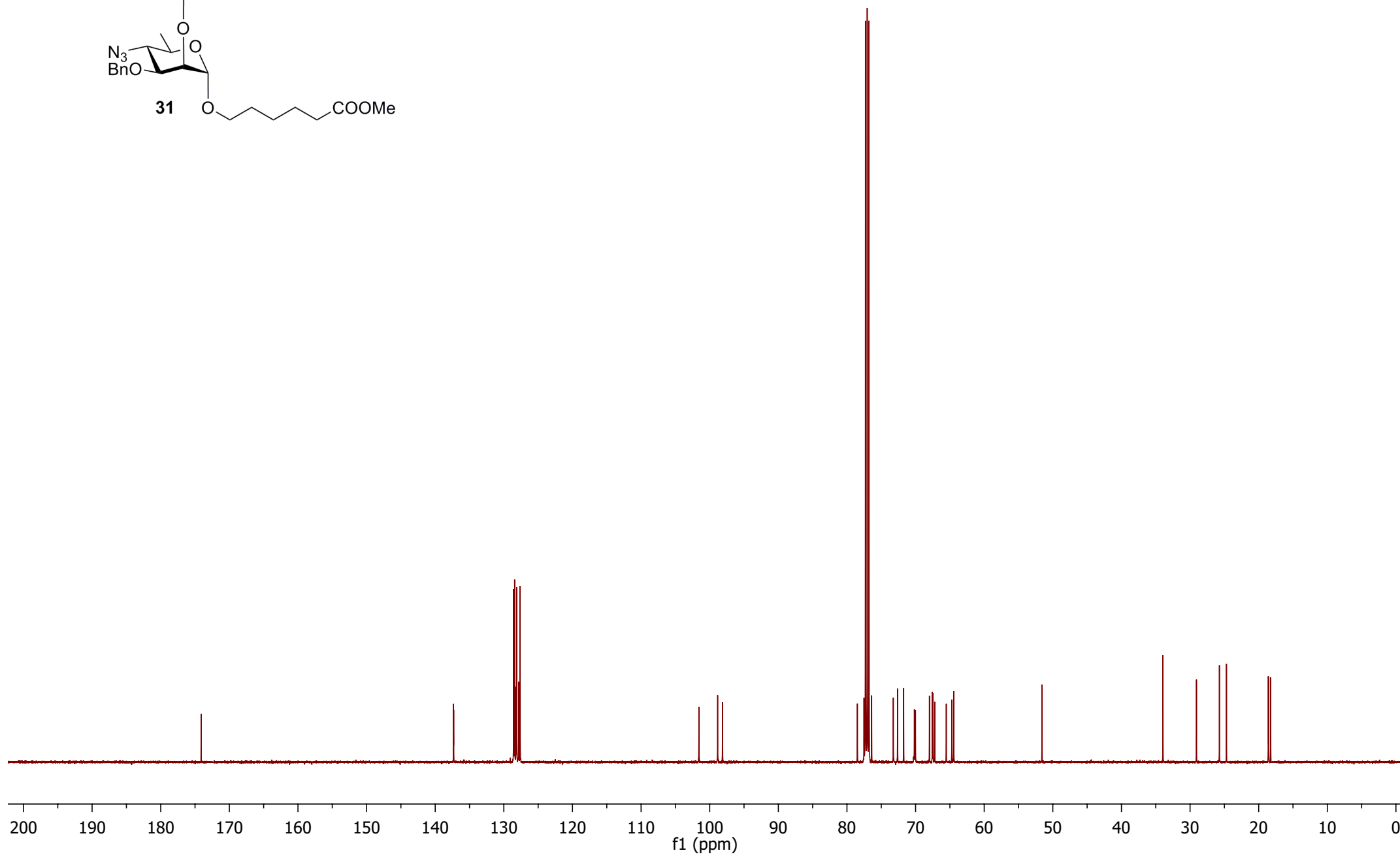
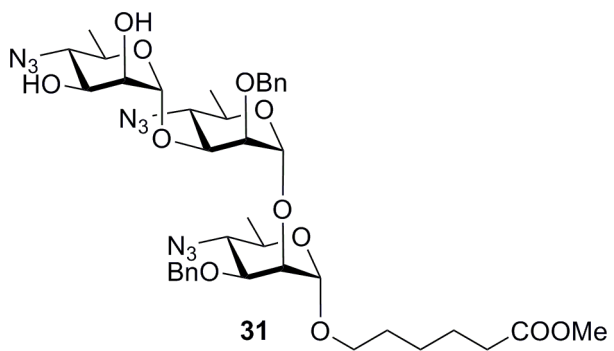




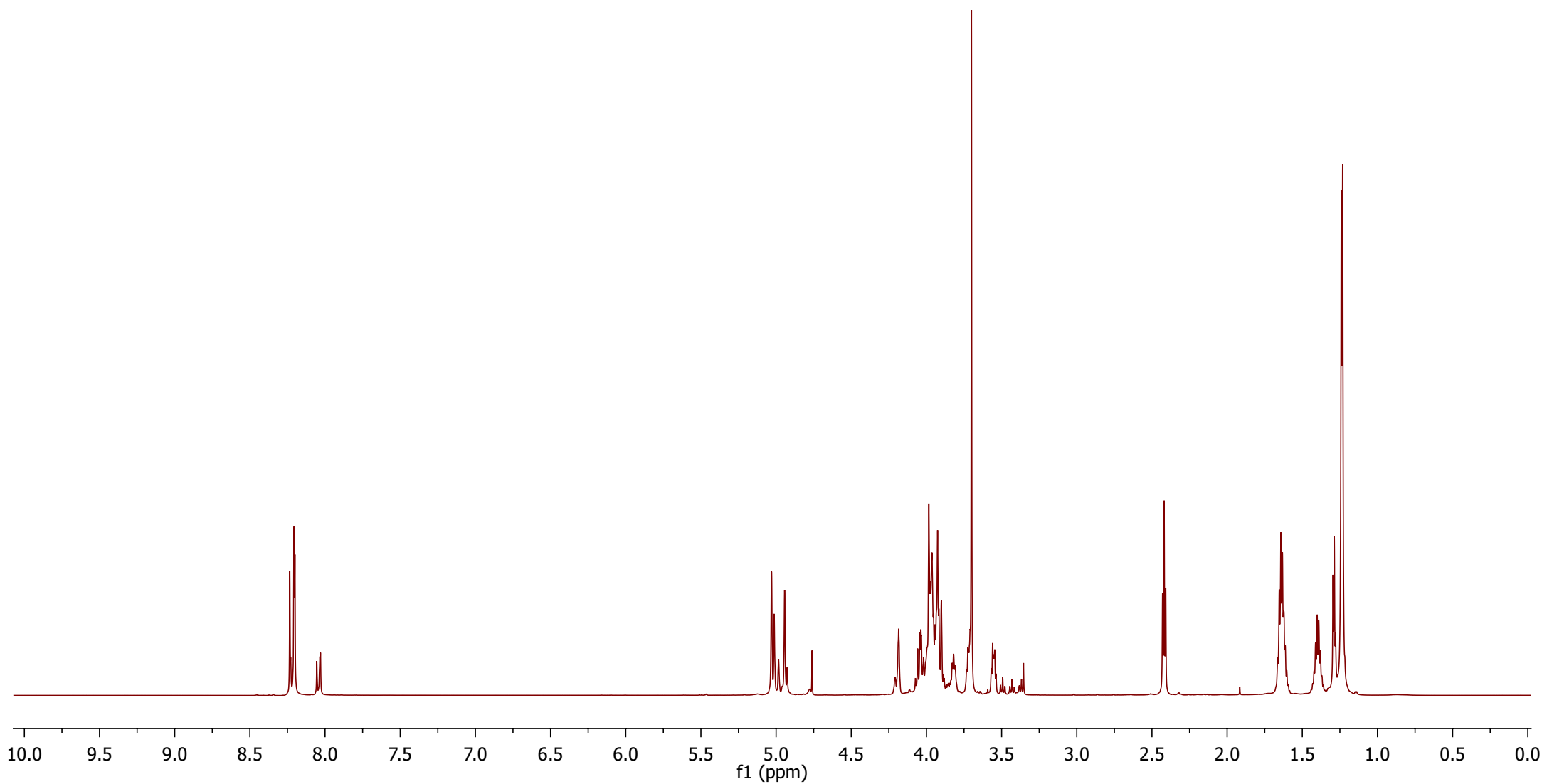
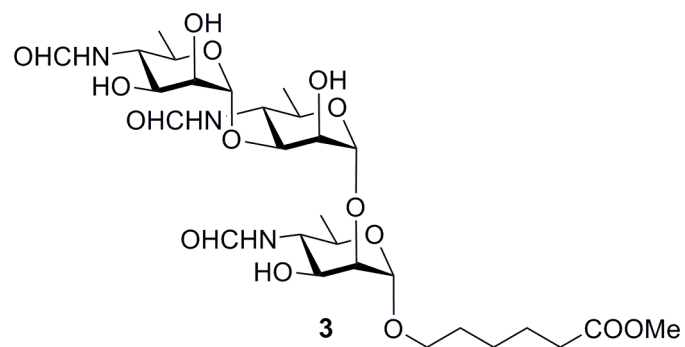
500 MHz, CDCl₃



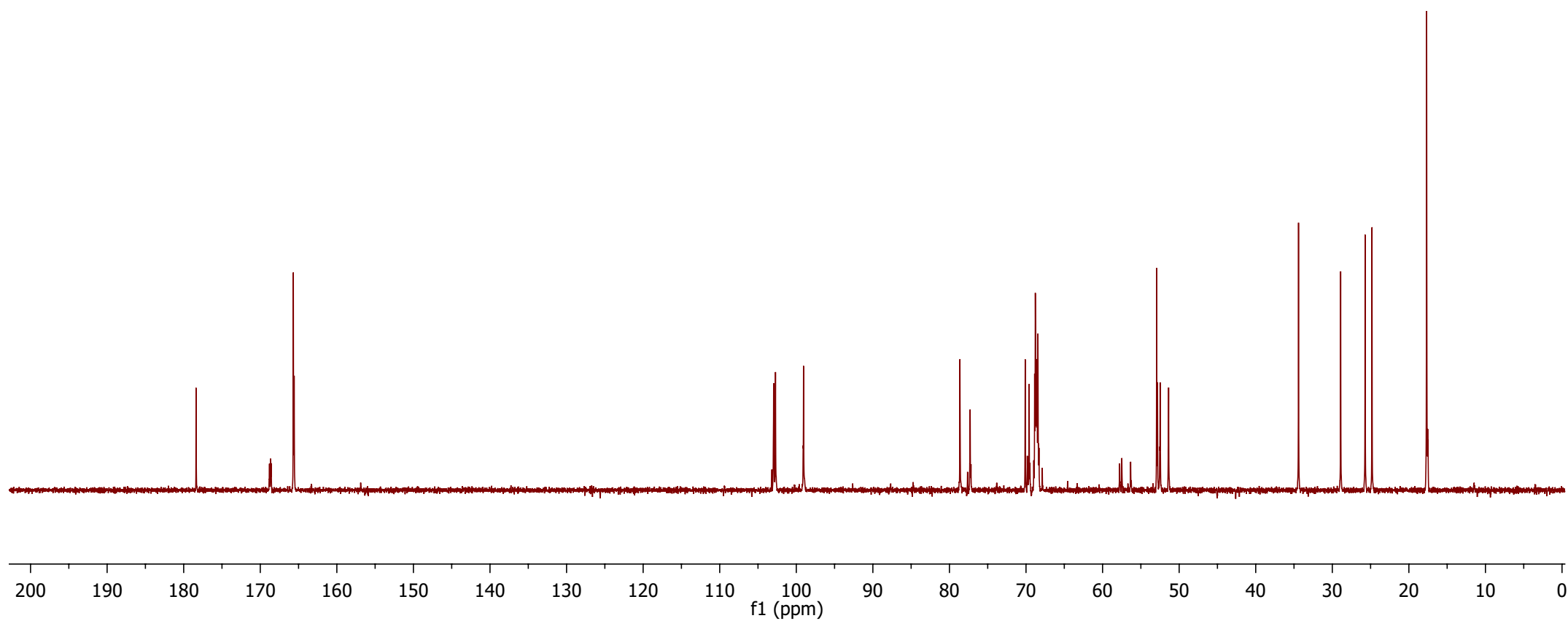
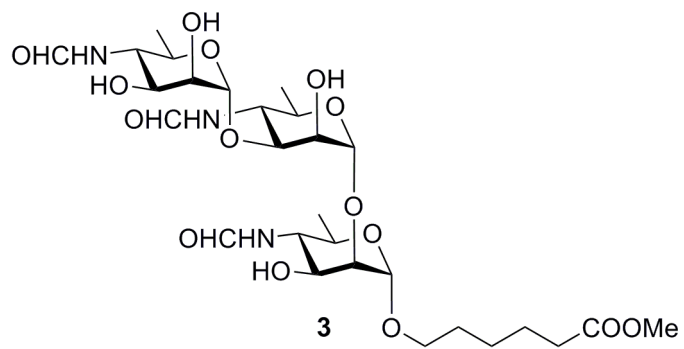
126 MHz, CDCl₃

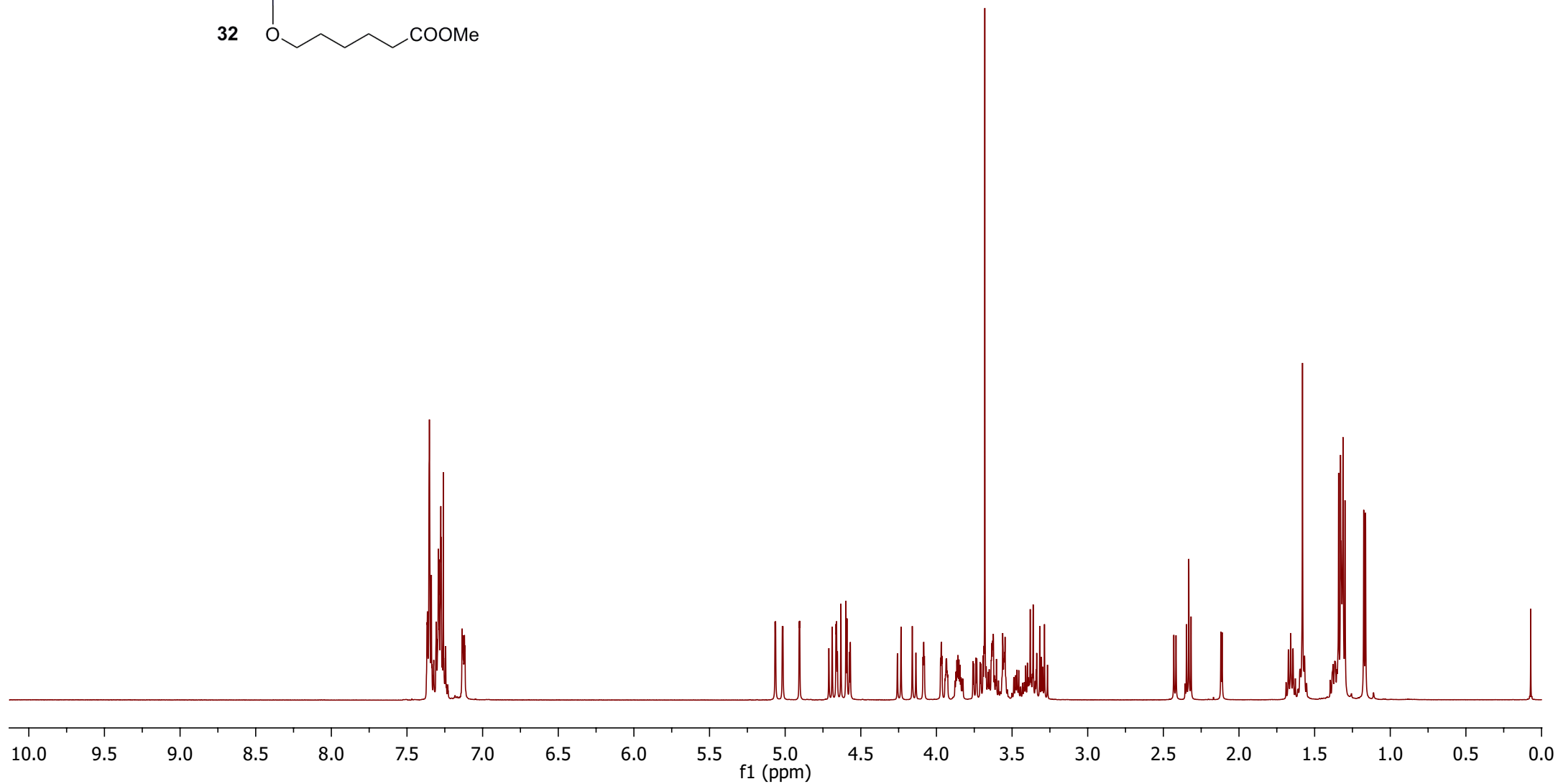
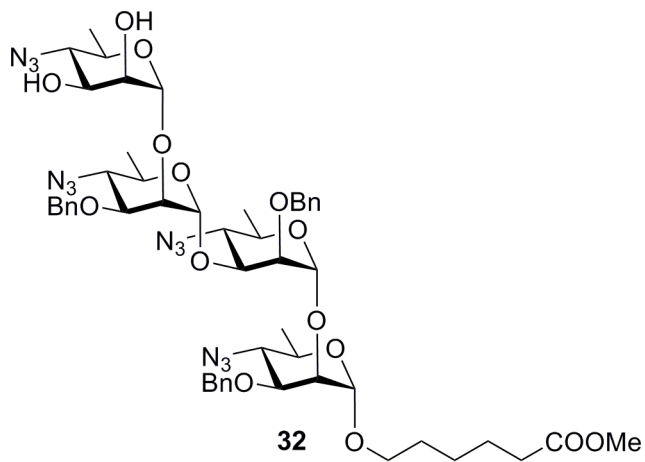


700 MHz, D₂O

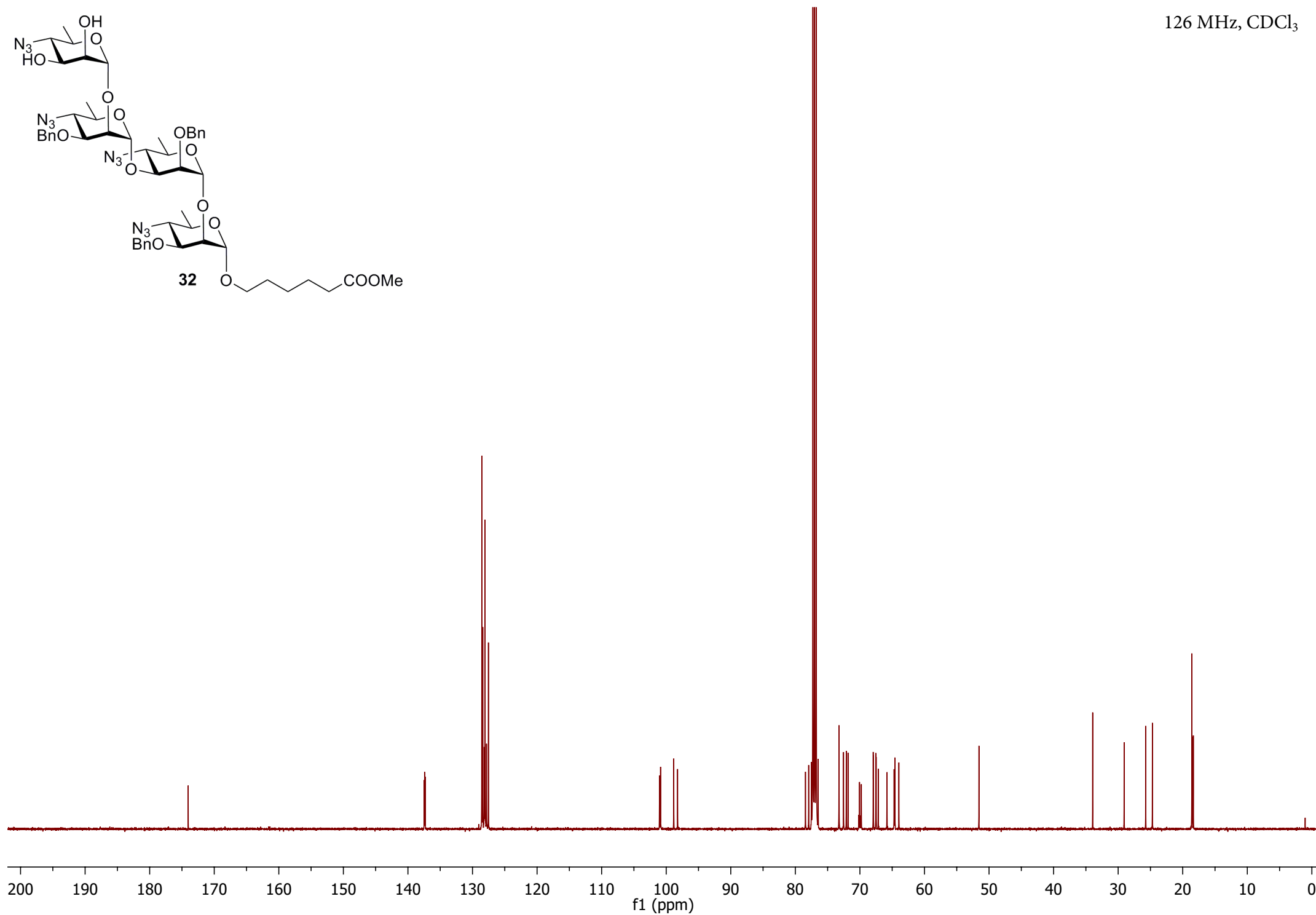
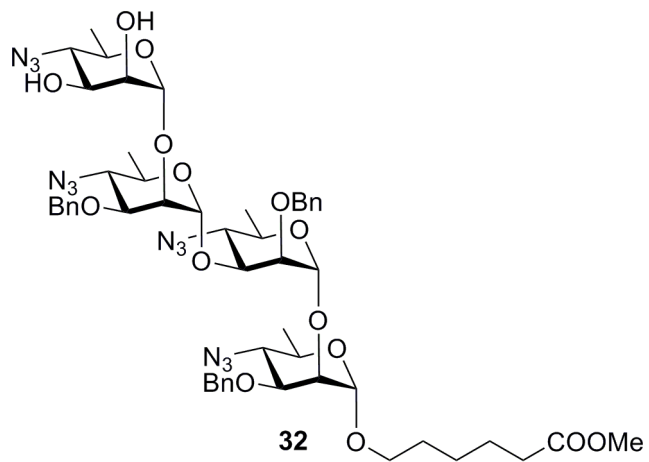


176 MHz, D₂O

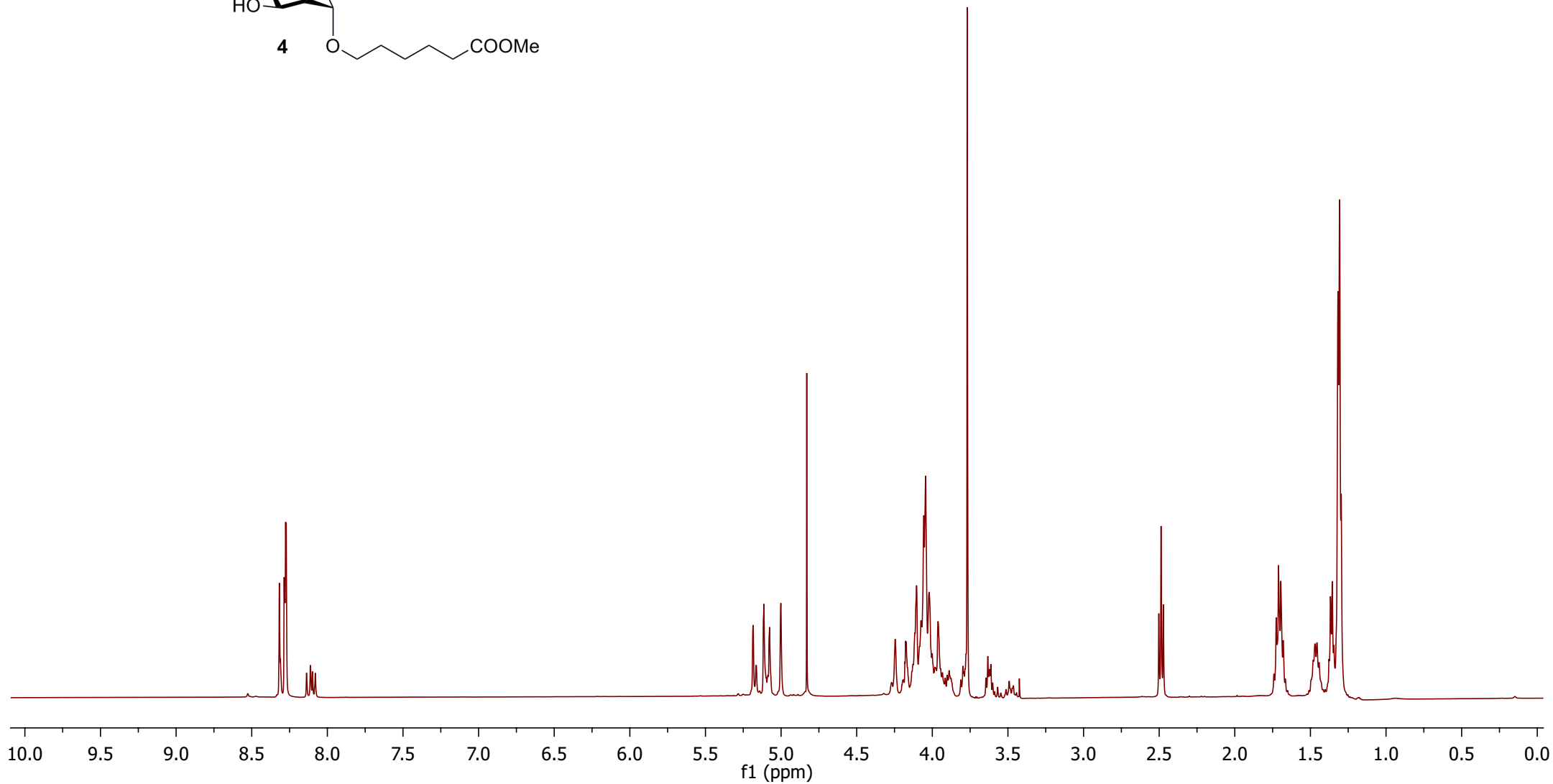
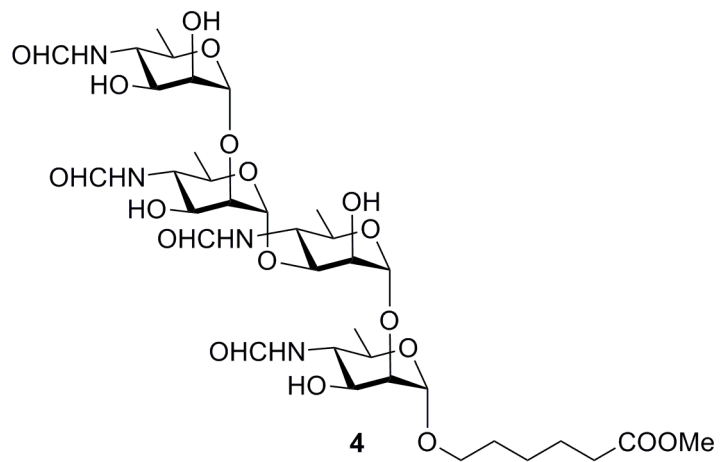


500 MHz, CDCl₃

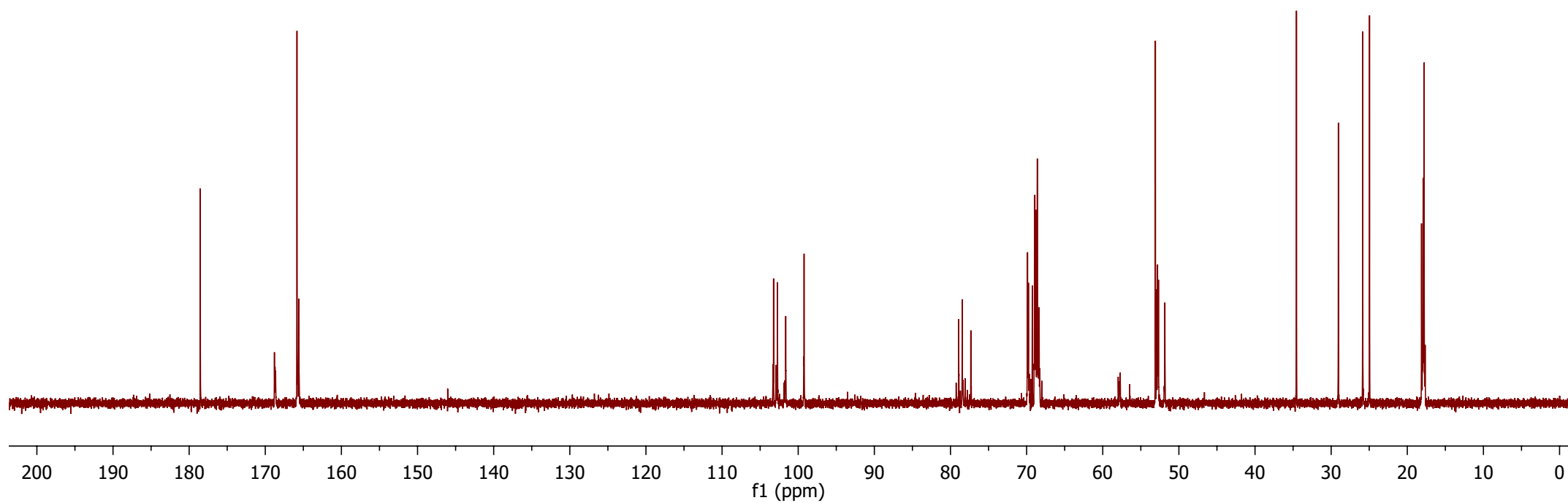
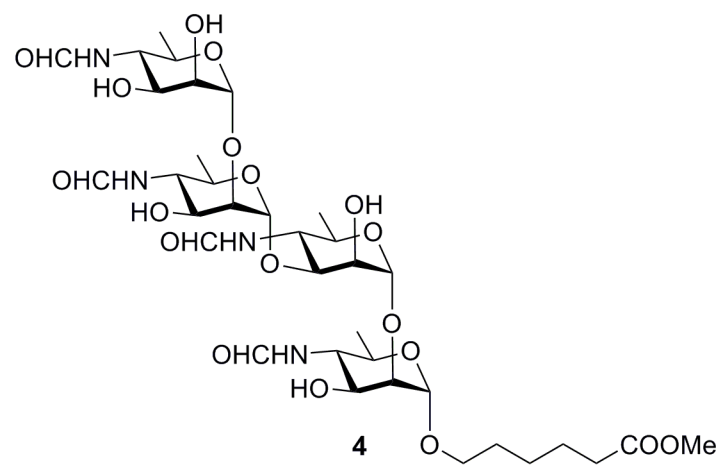
126 MHz, CDCl₃

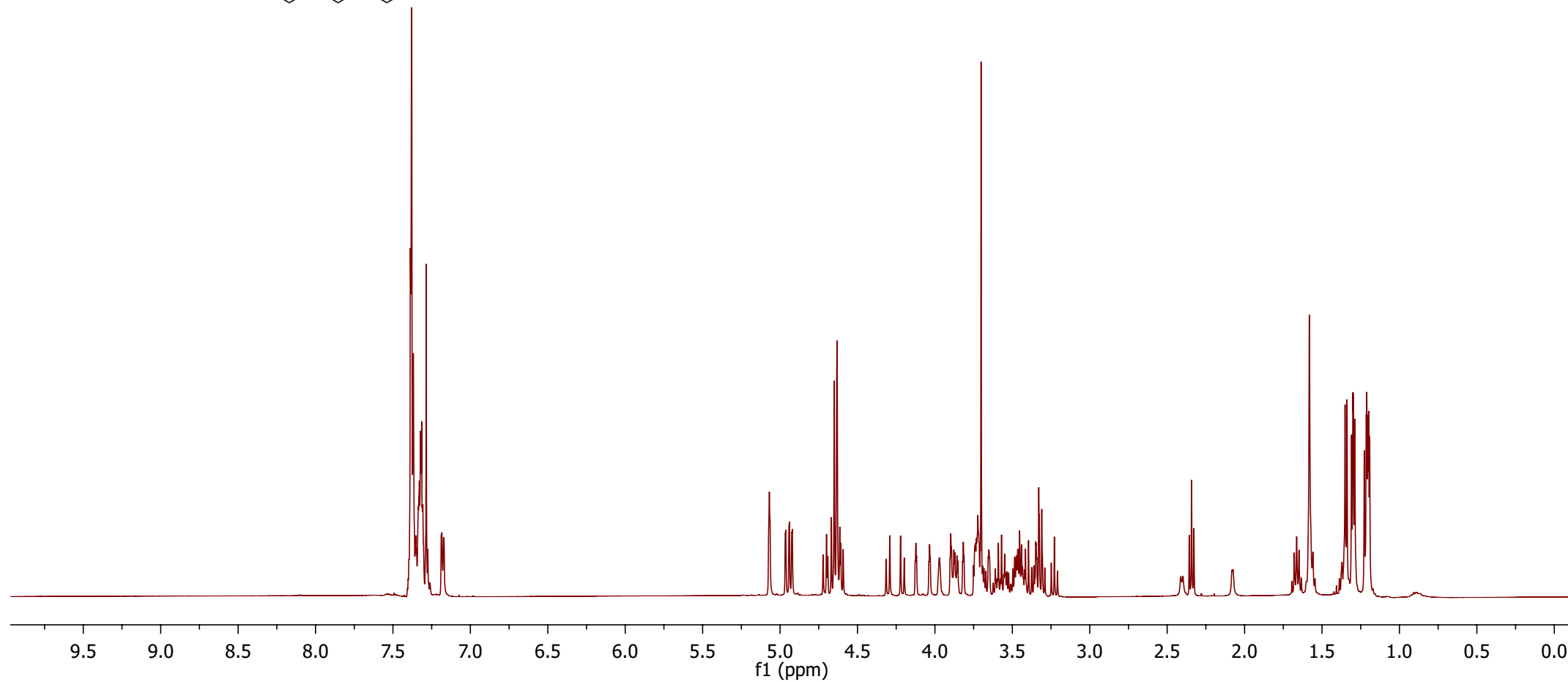
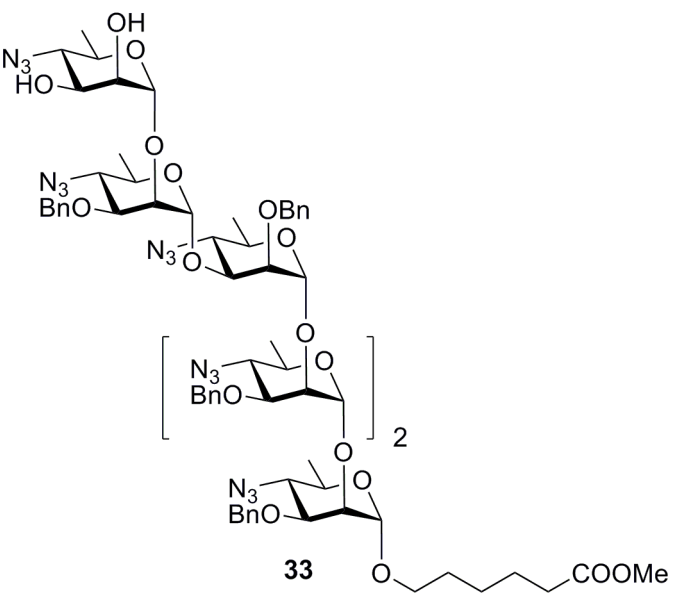


500 MHz, D₂O

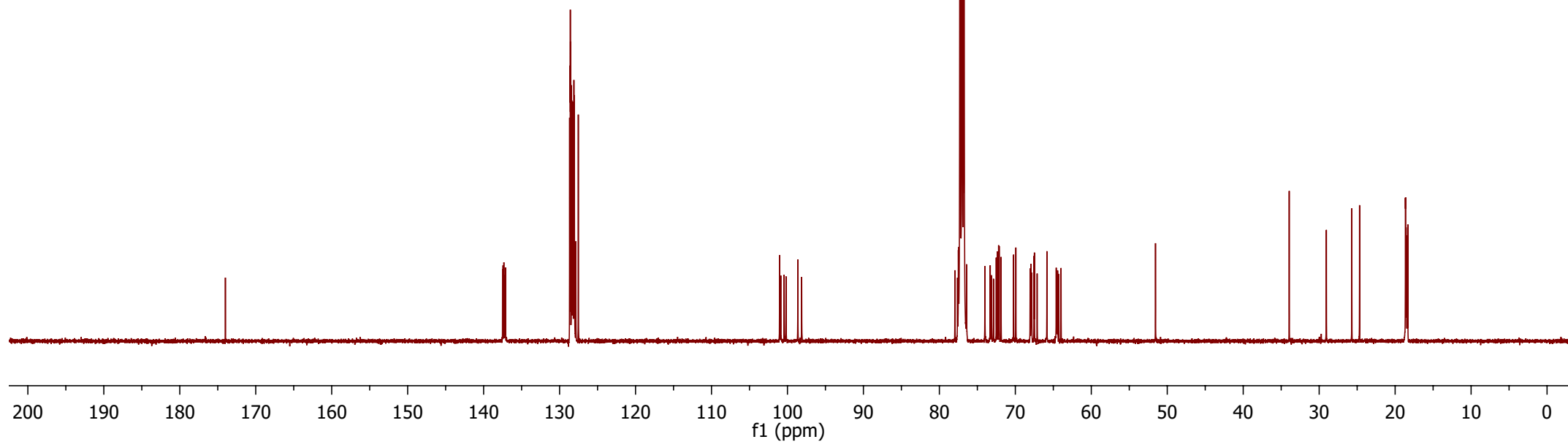
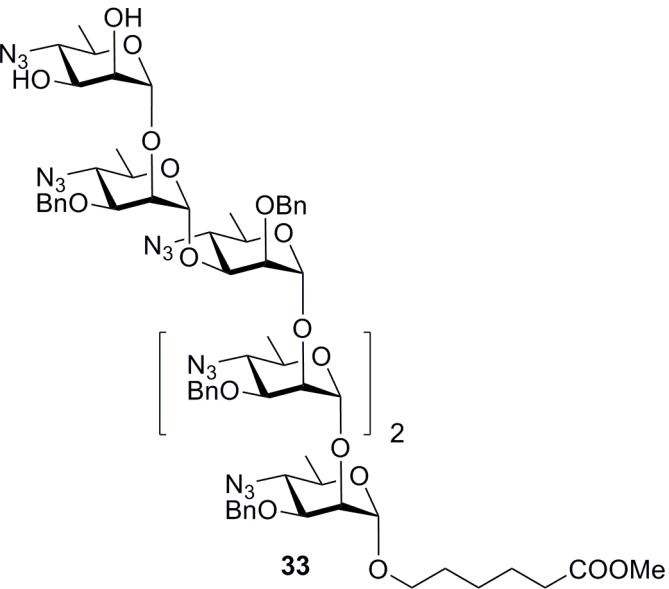


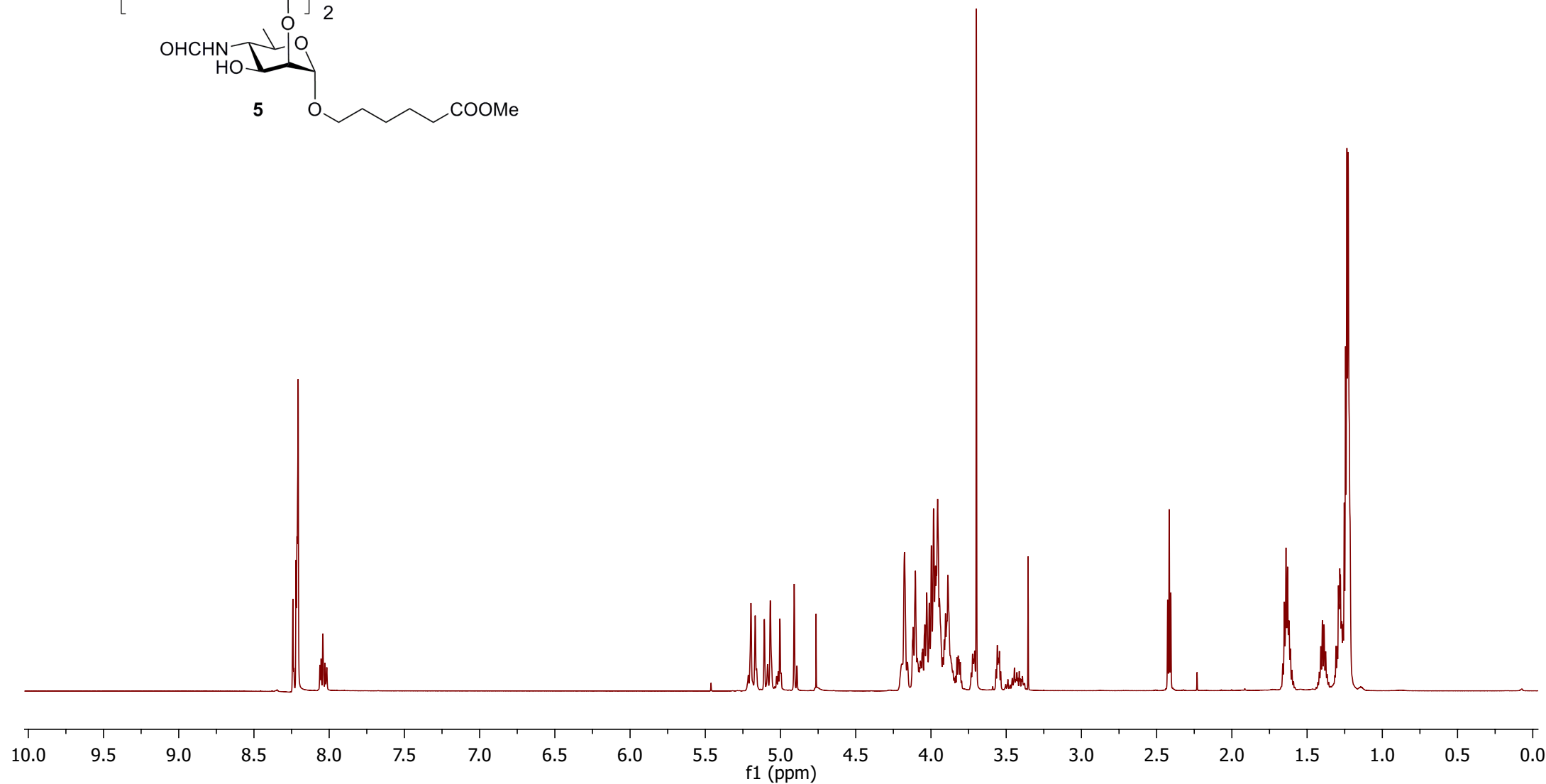
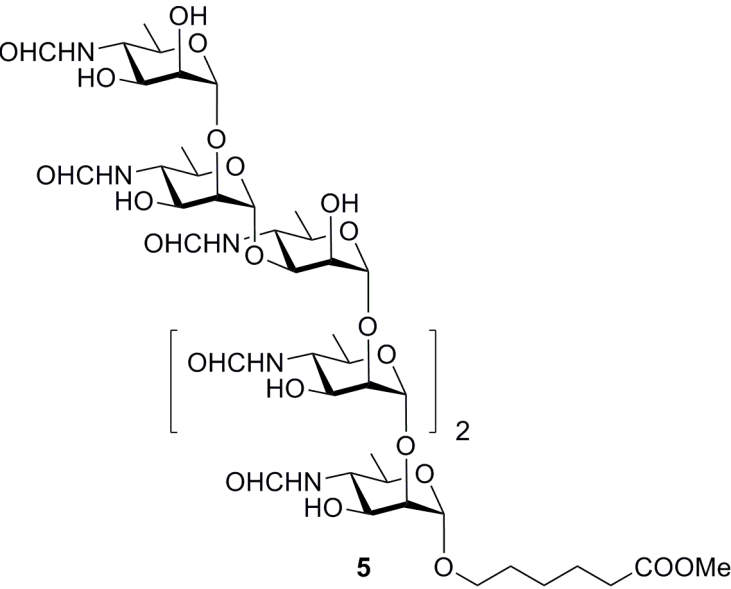
126 MHz, D₂O

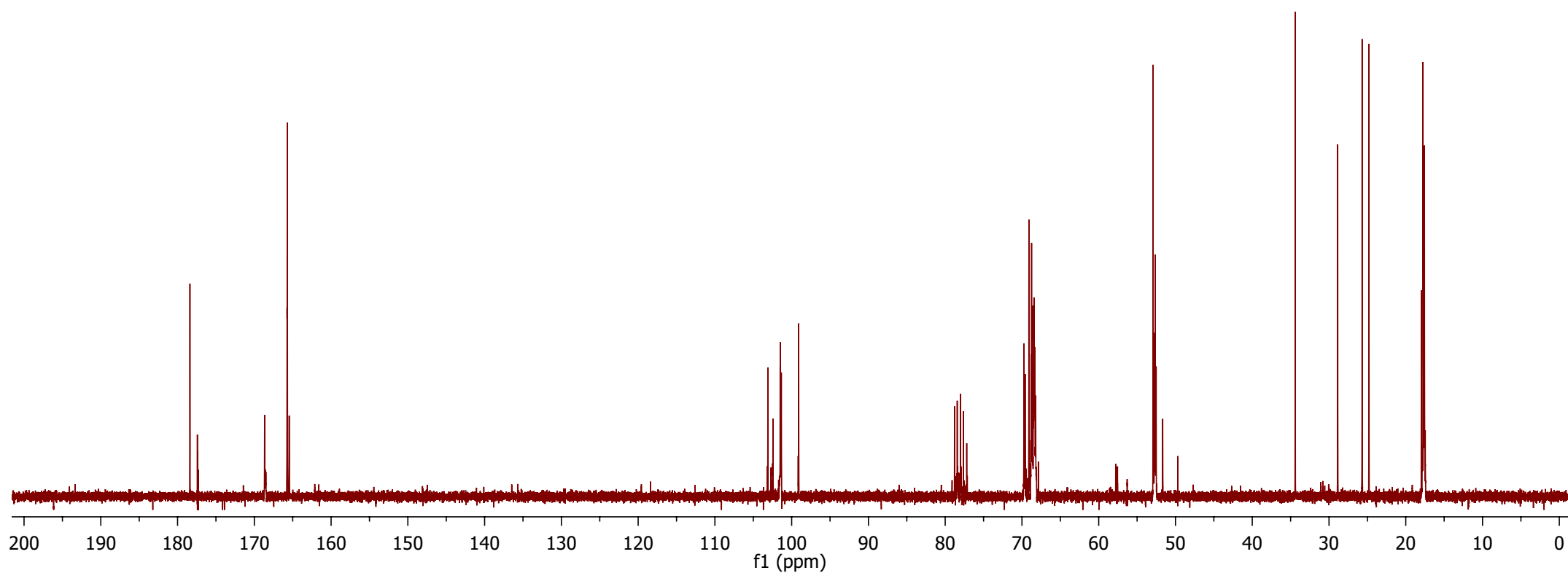
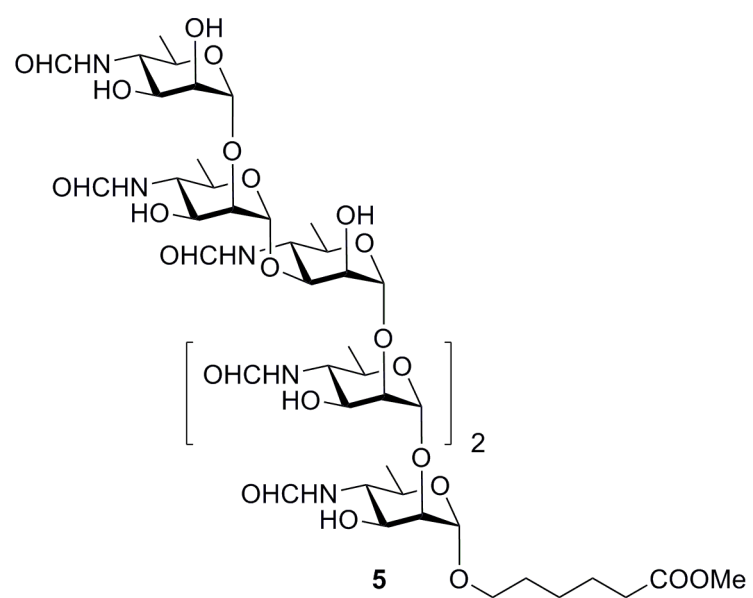




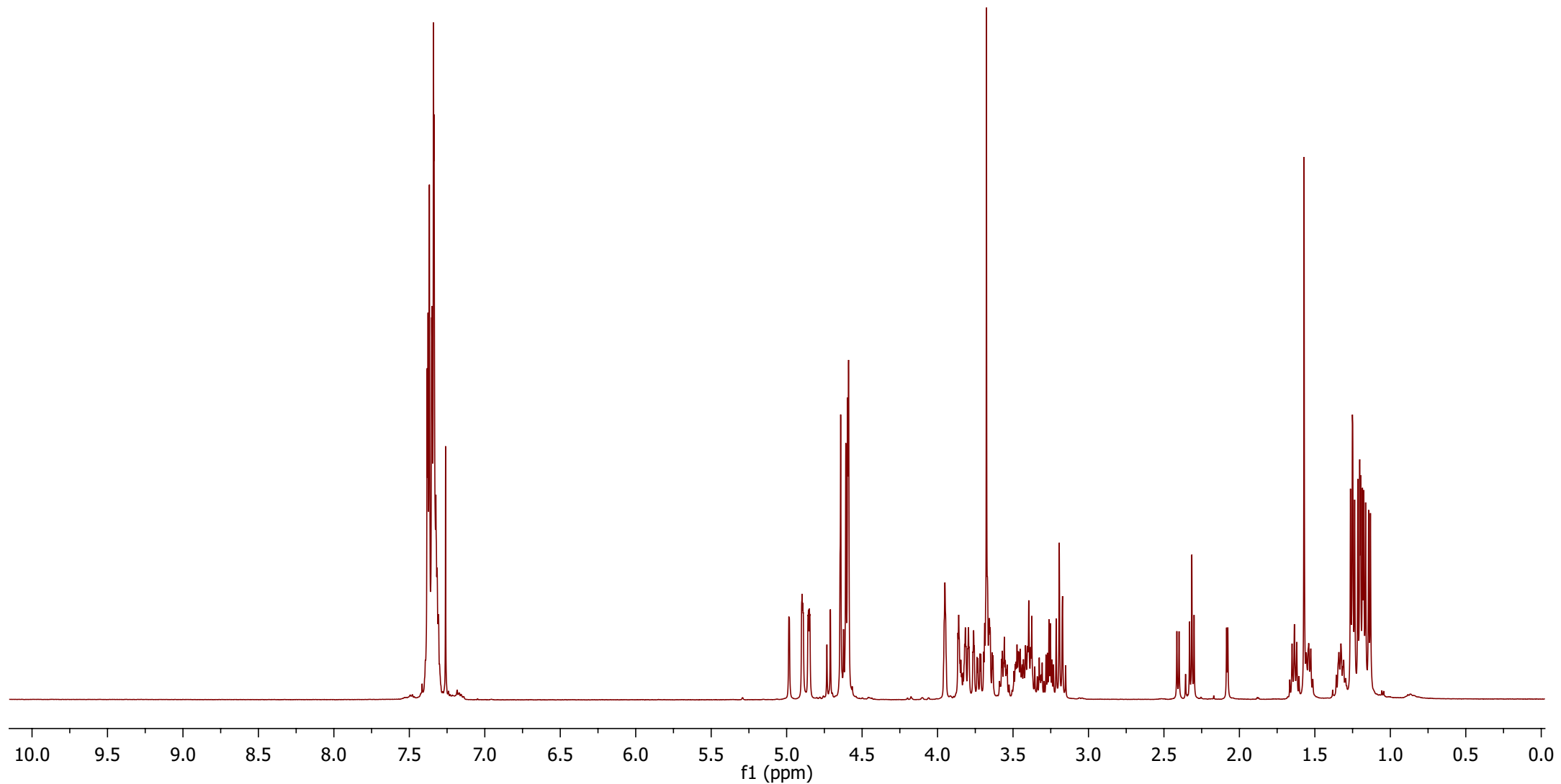
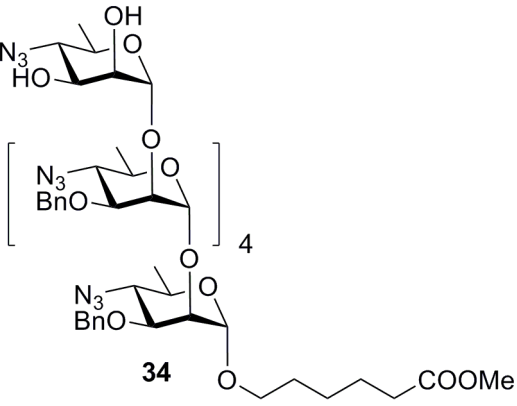
126 MHz, CDCl₃



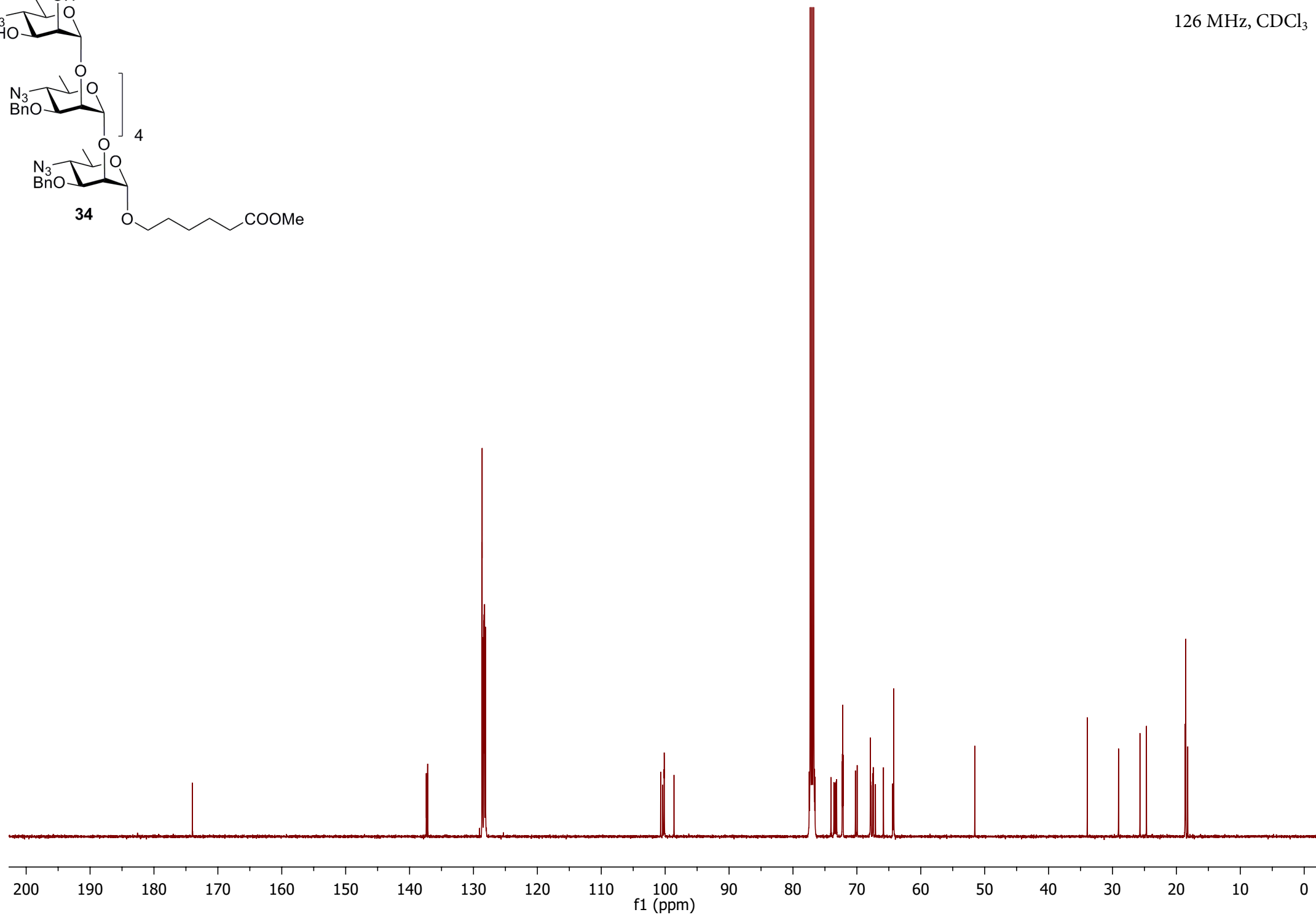
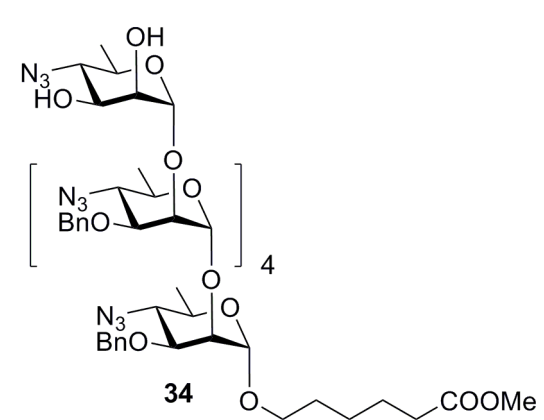




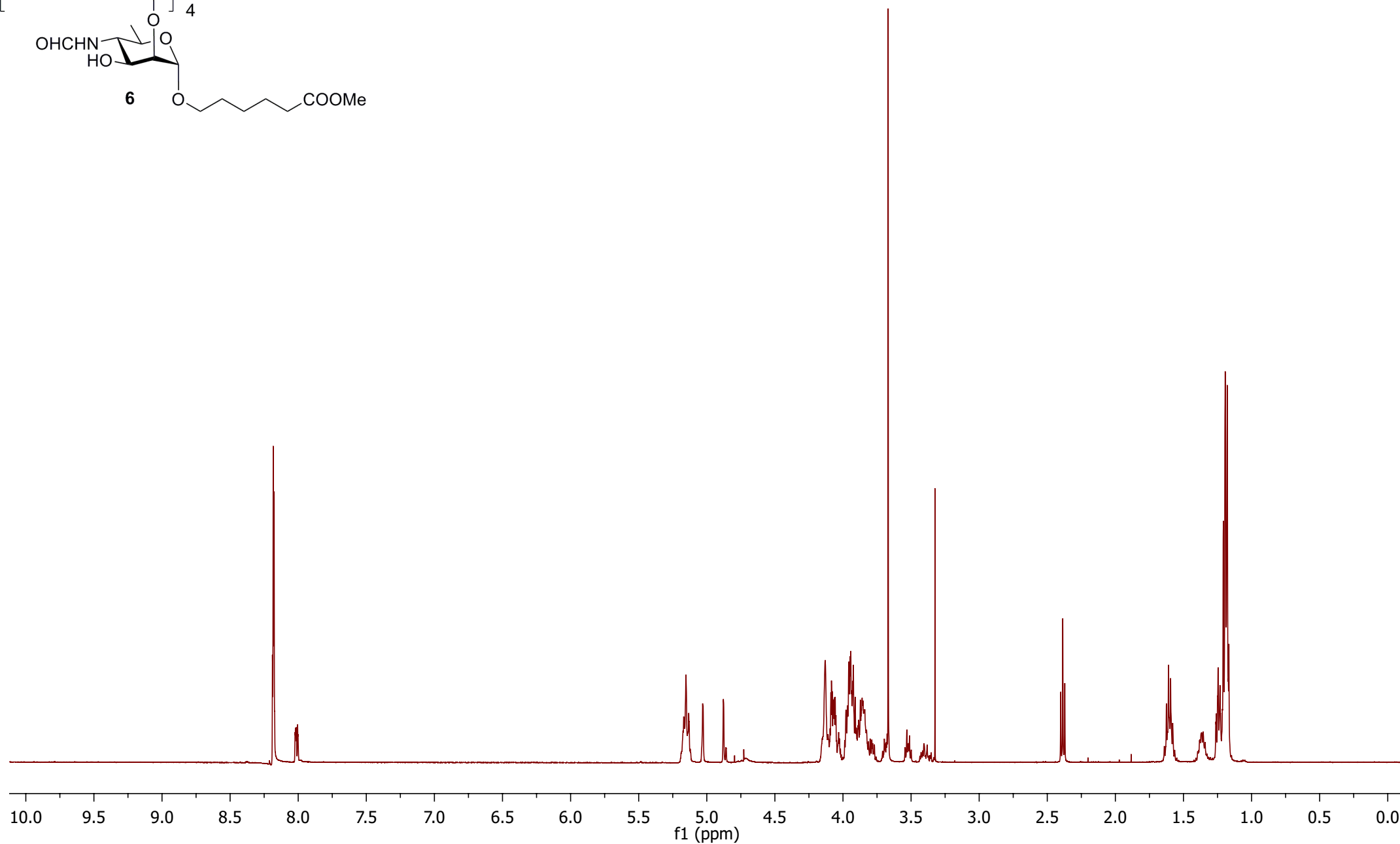
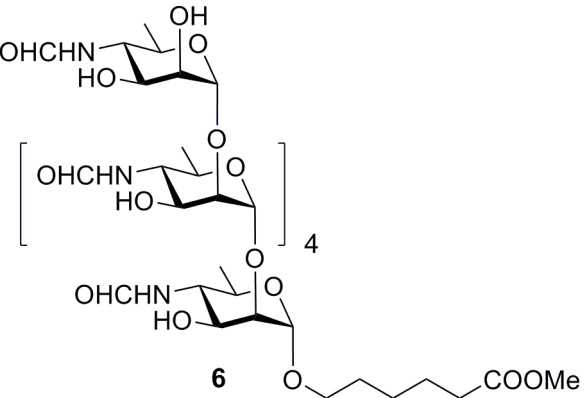
500 MHz, CDCl₃



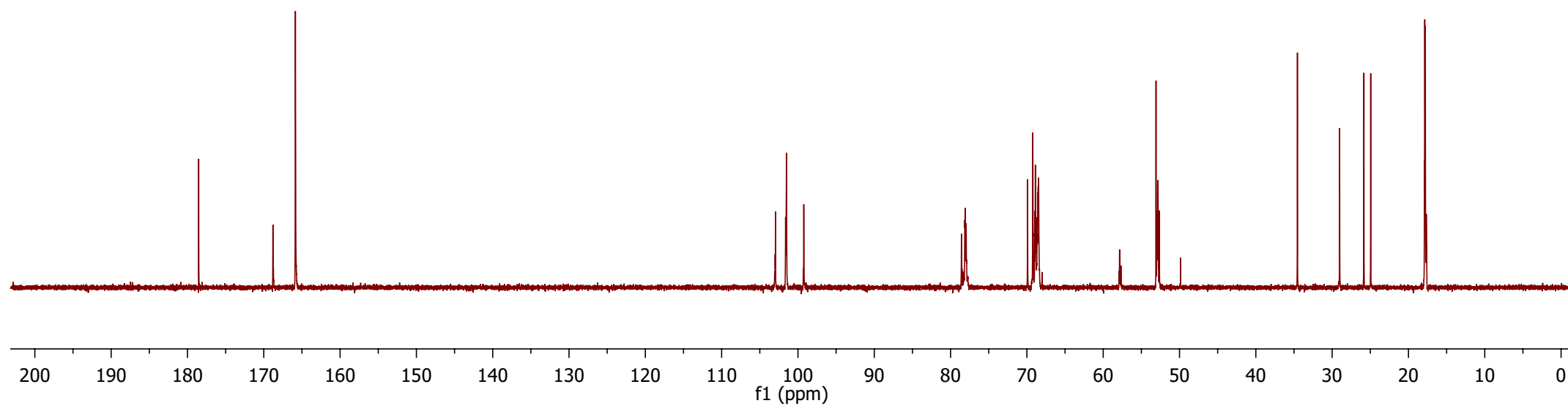
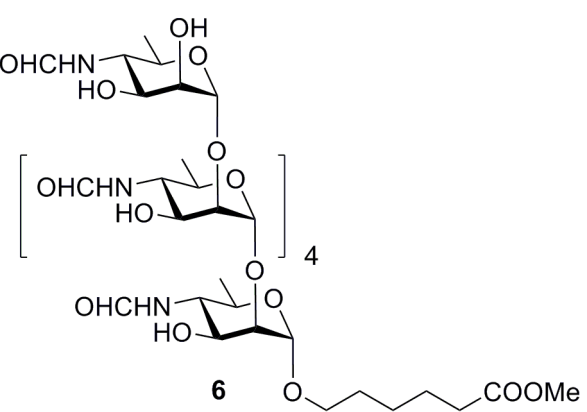
126 MHz, CDCl₃



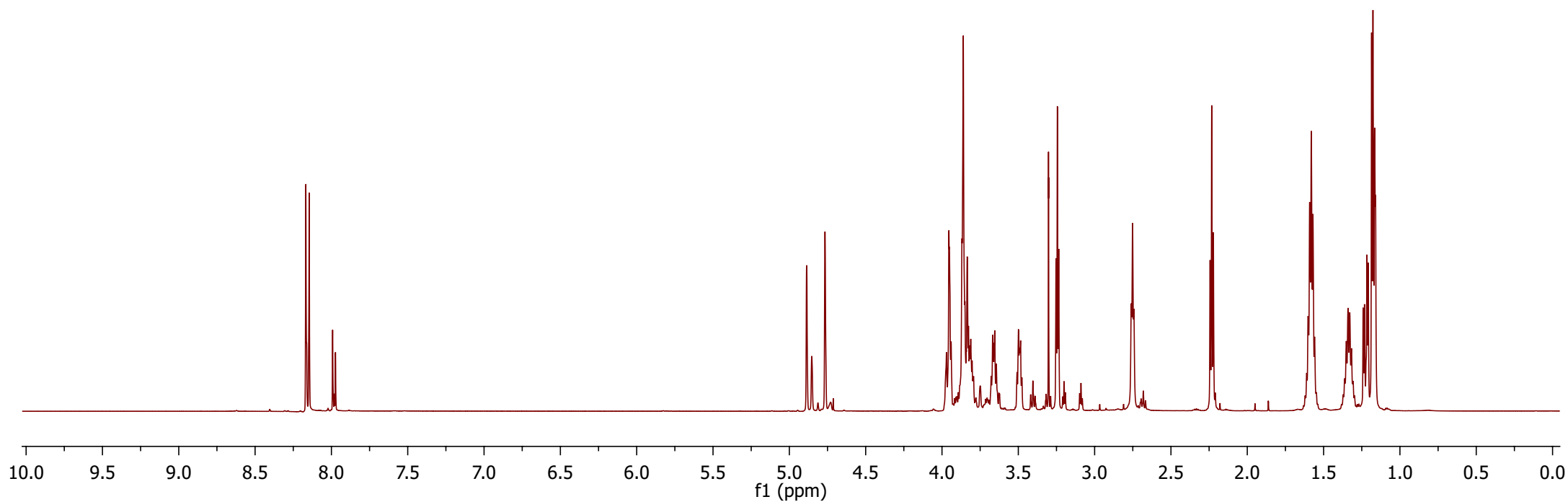
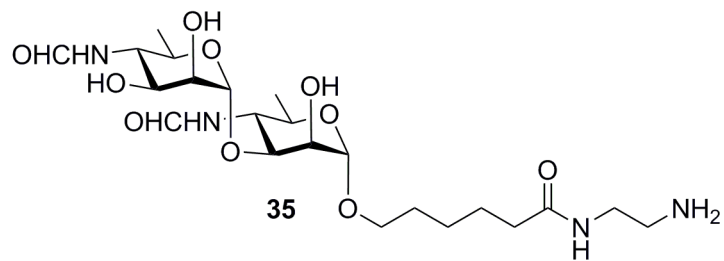
500 MHz, D₂O

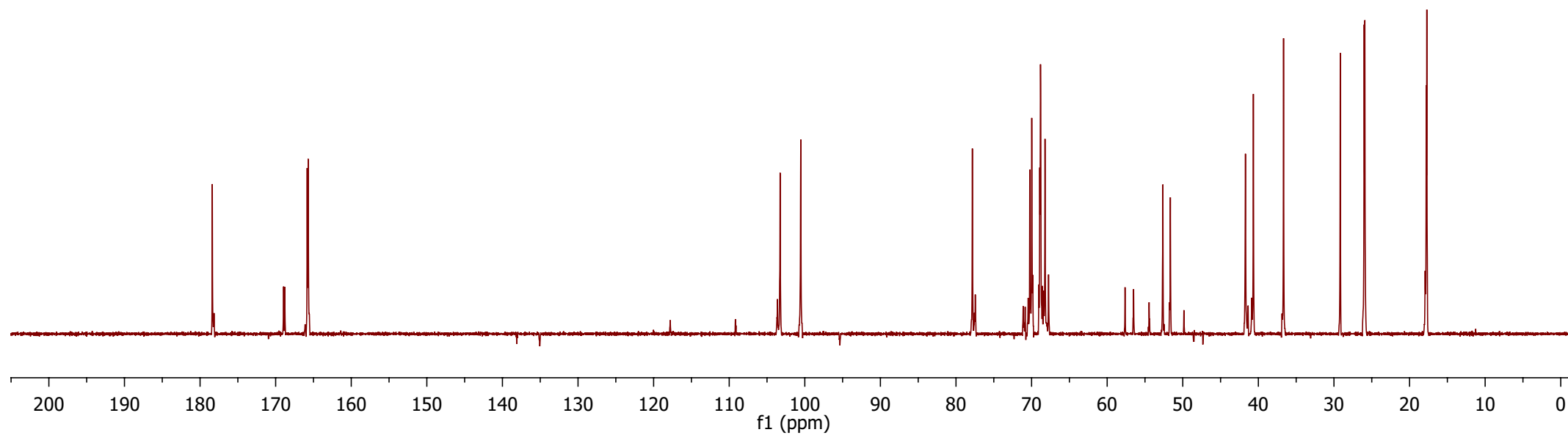
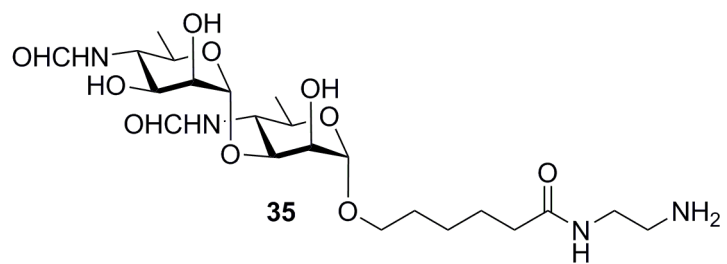


126 MHz, D₂O

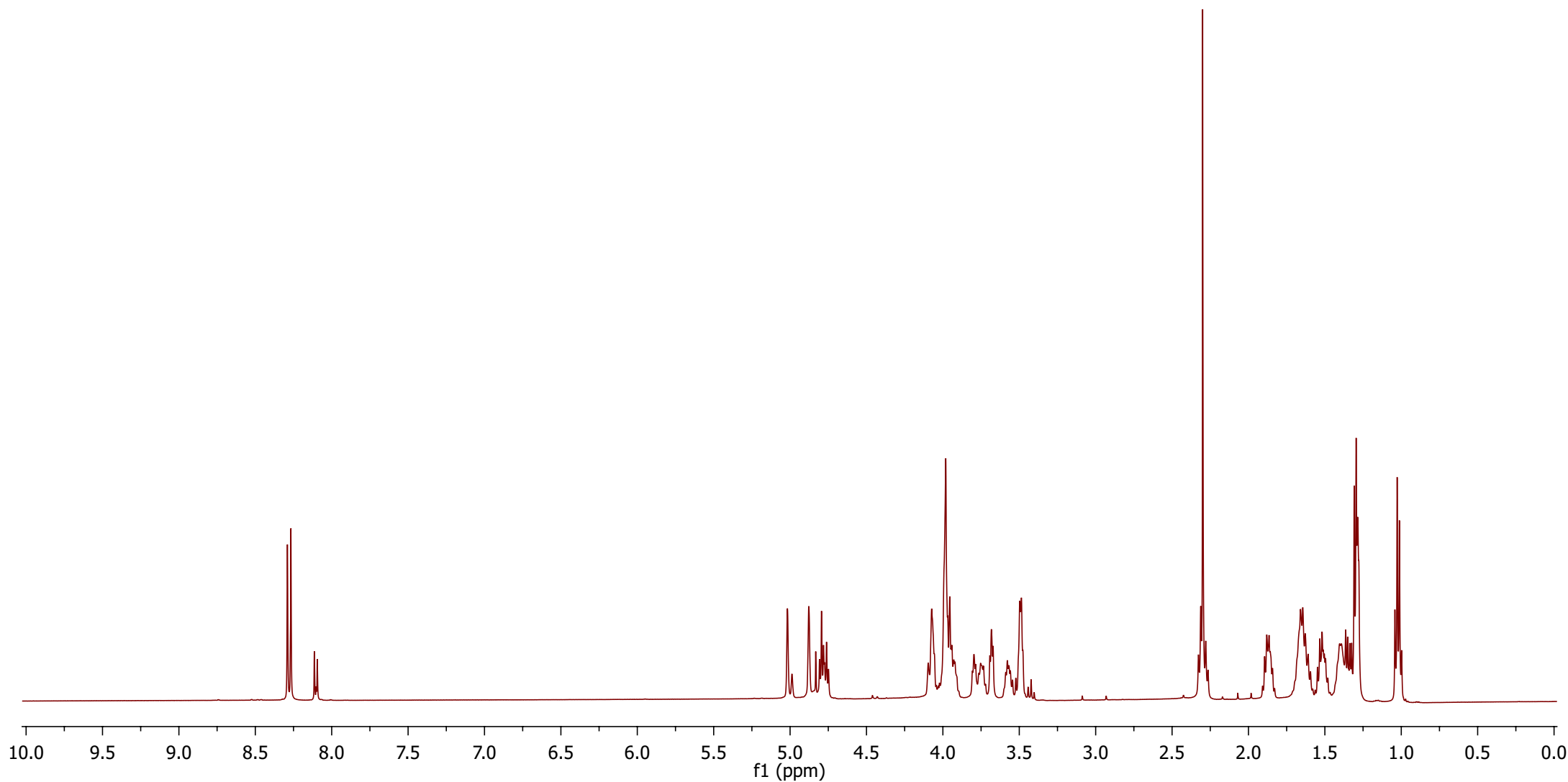
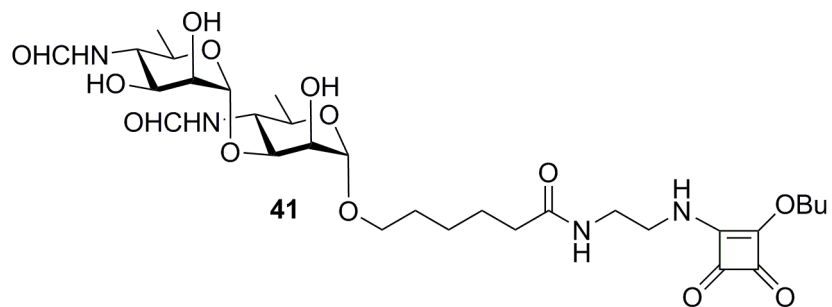


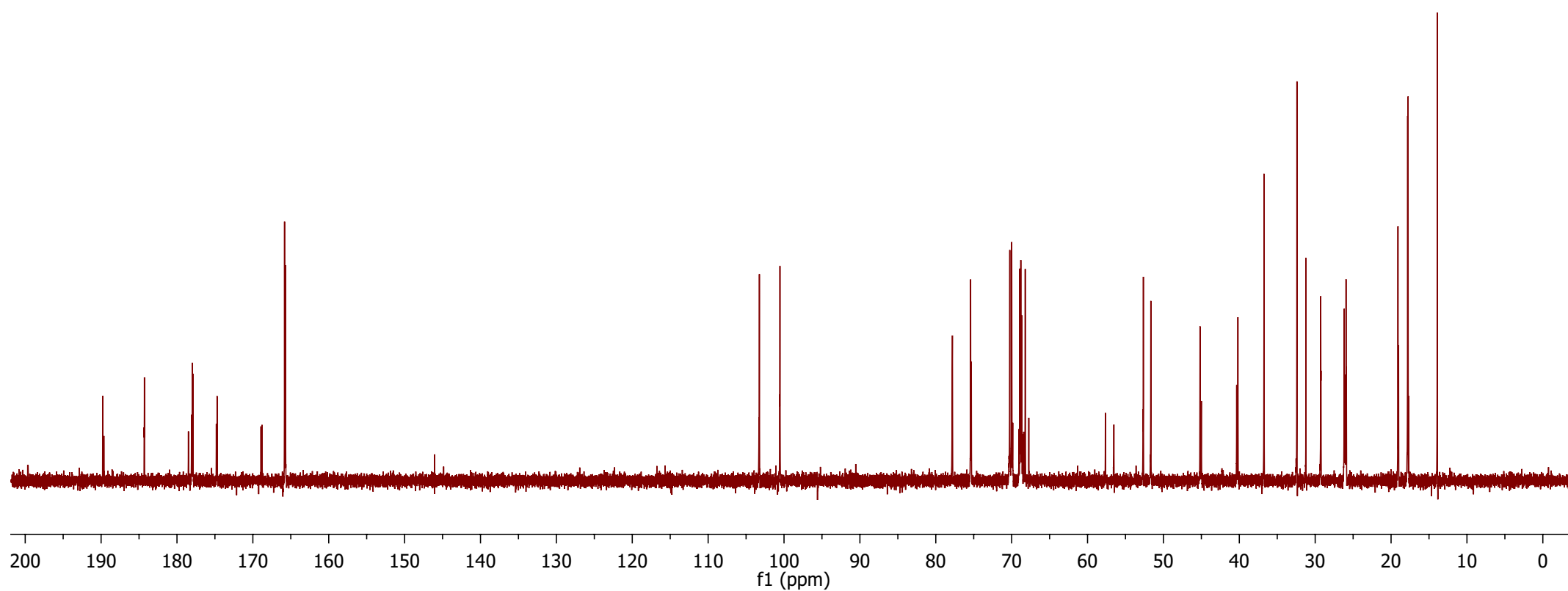
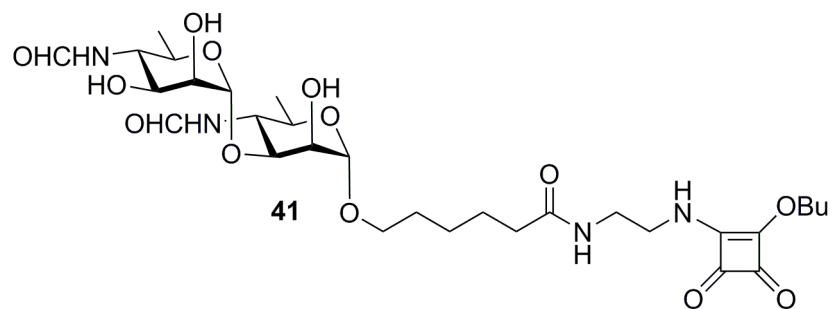
700 MHz, D₂O



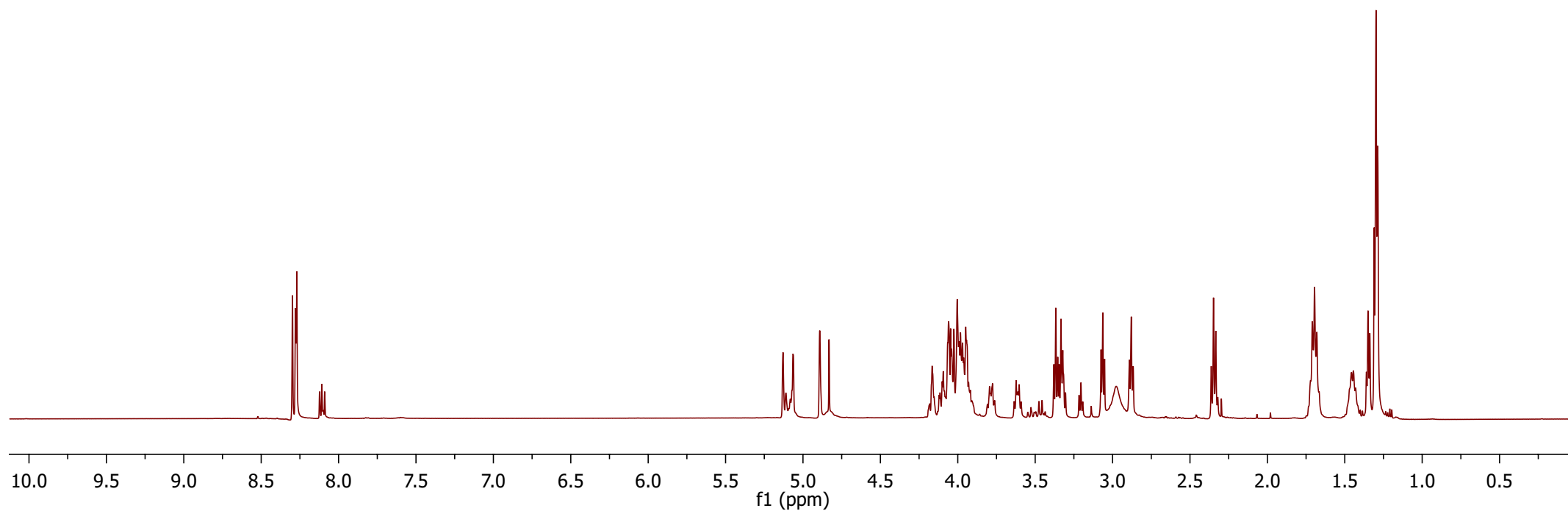
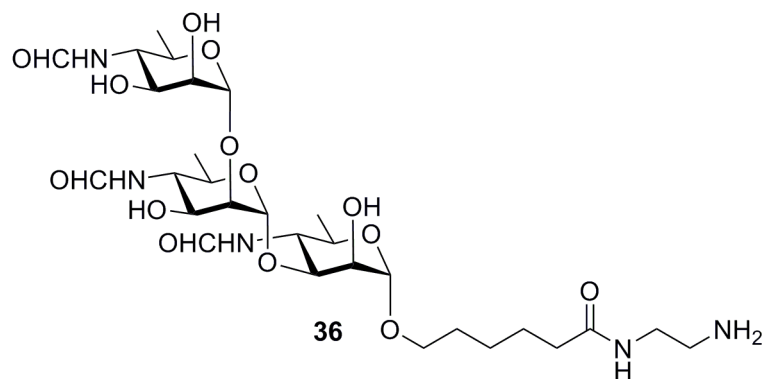


500 MHz, D₂O

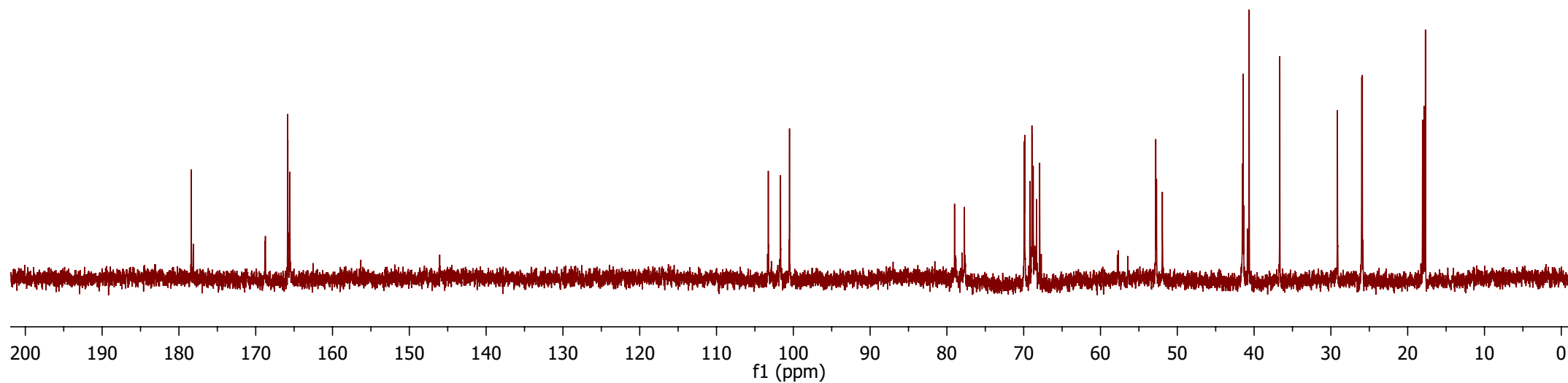
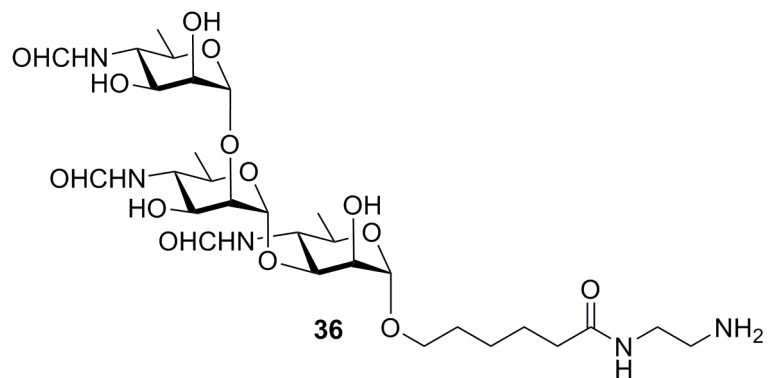




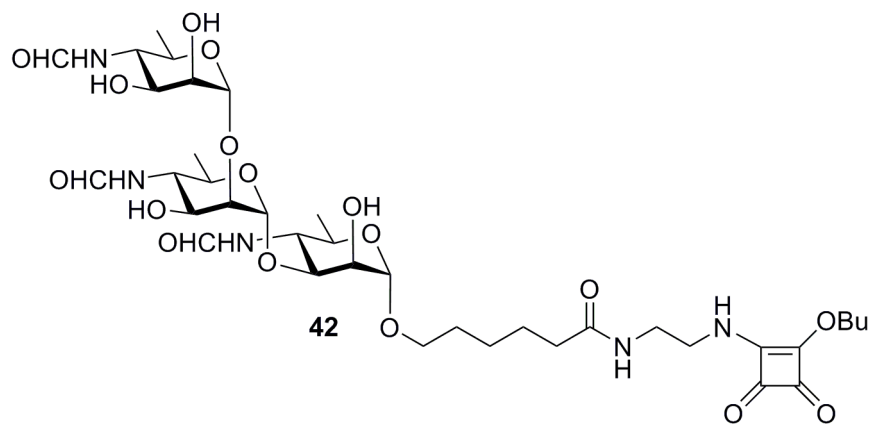
500 MHz, D₂O



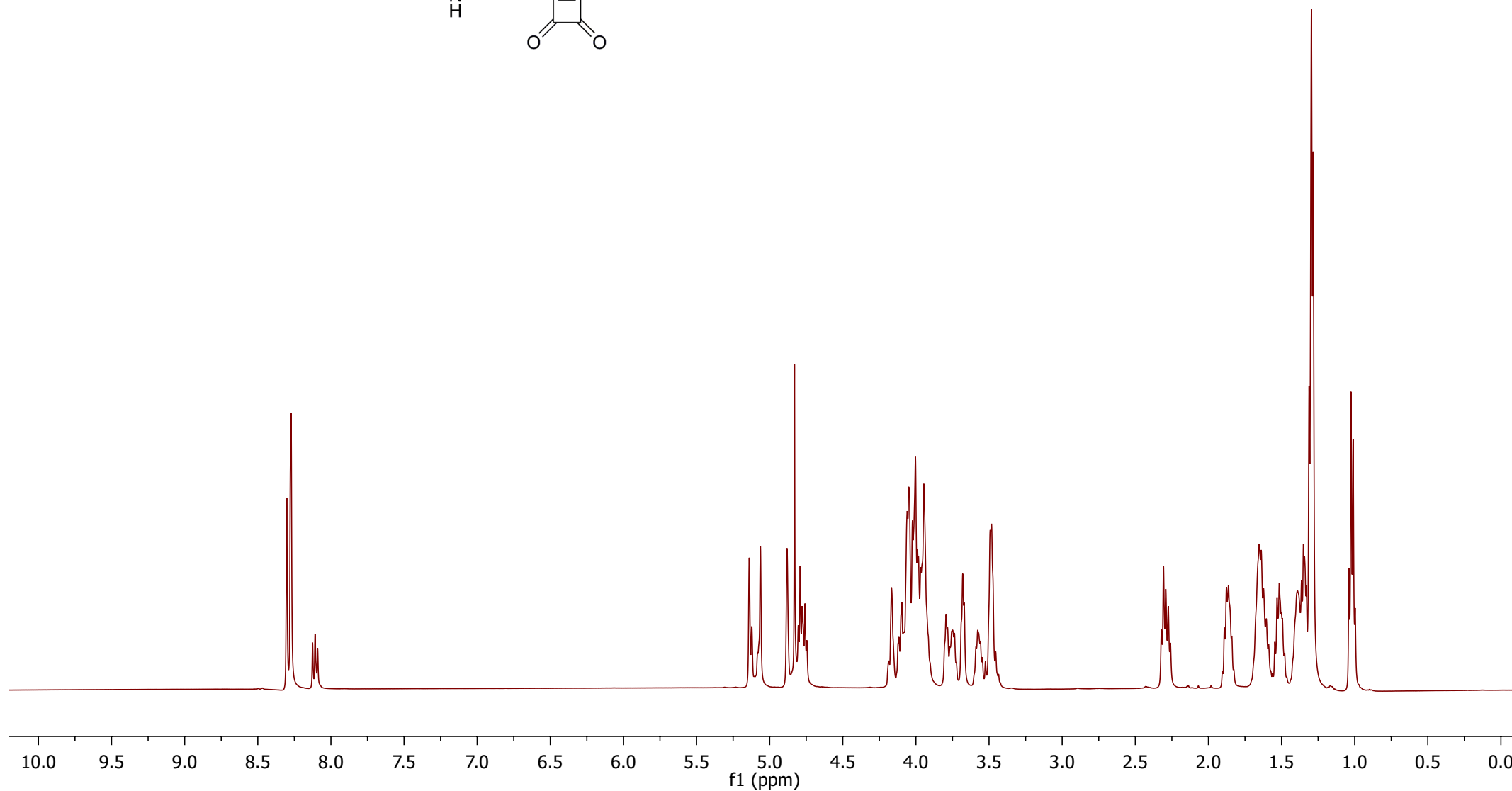
126 MHz, D₂O

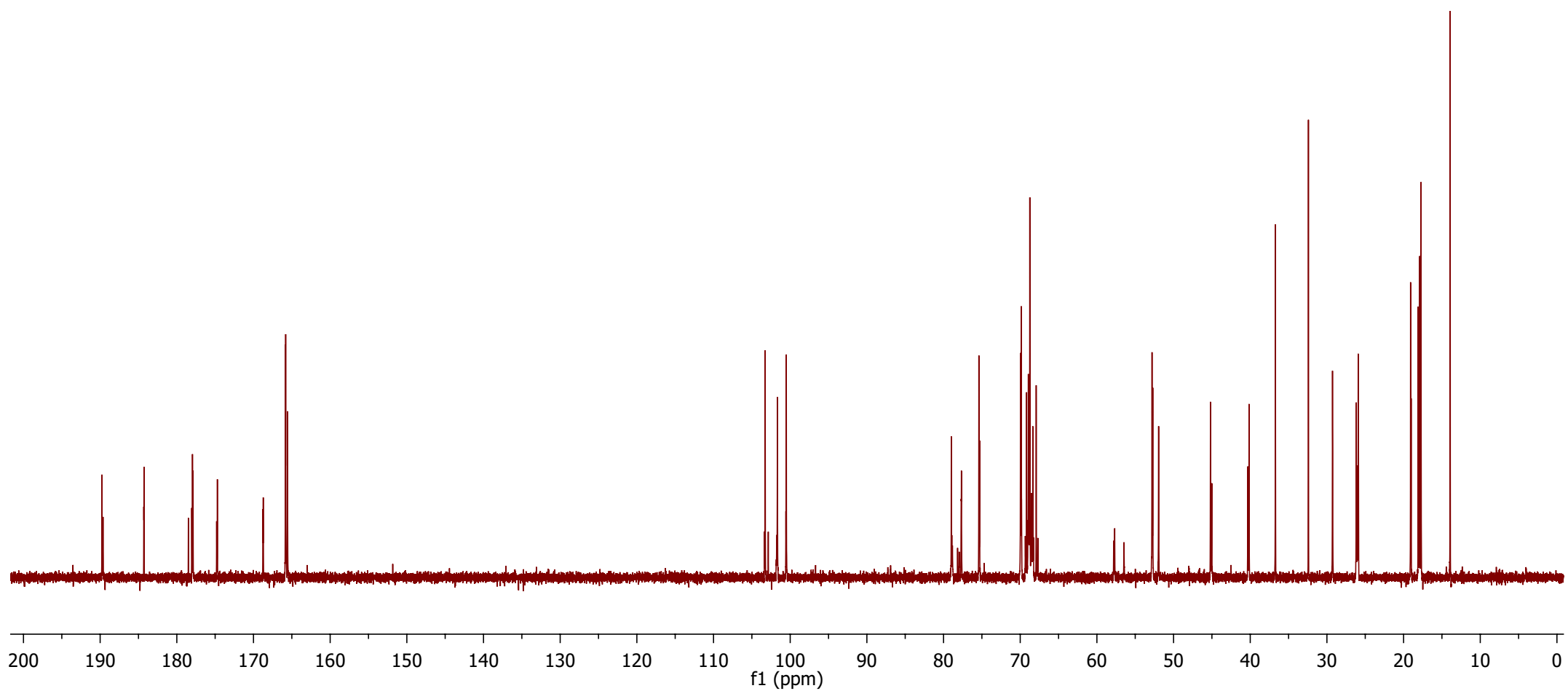
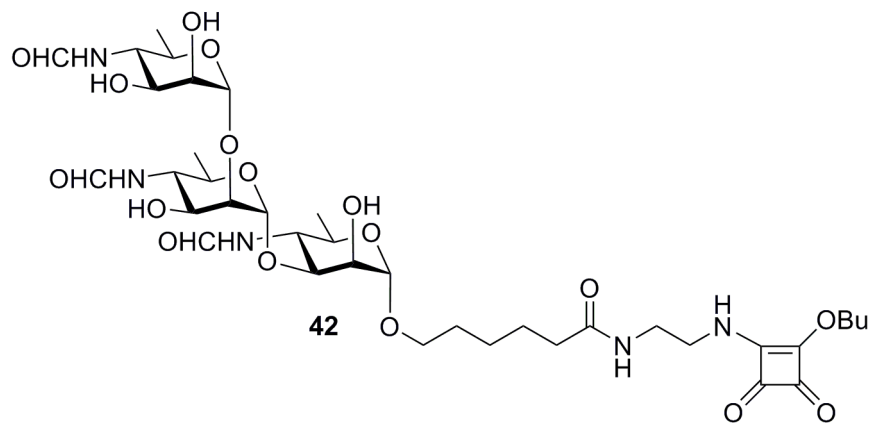


500 MHz, D₂O

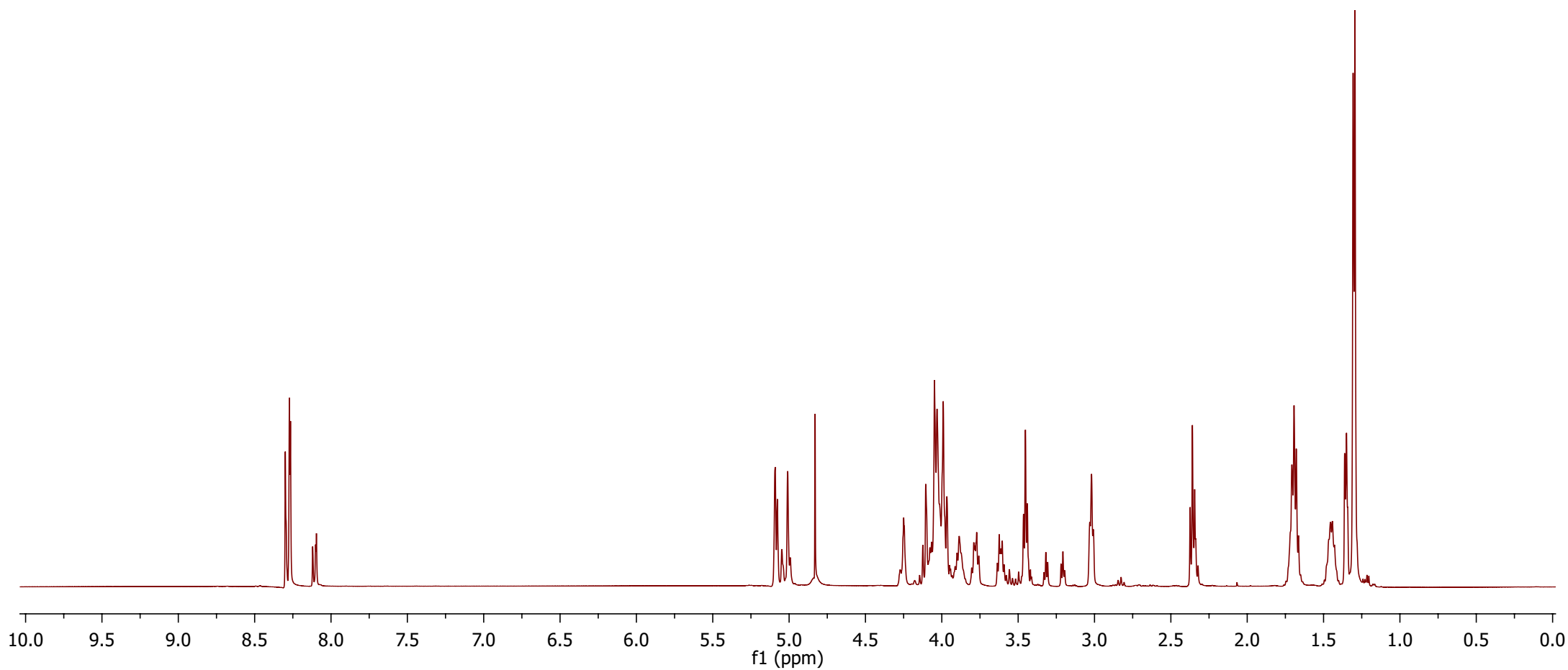
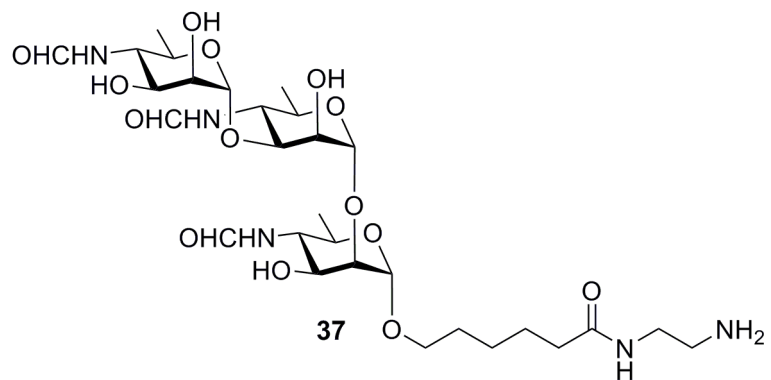


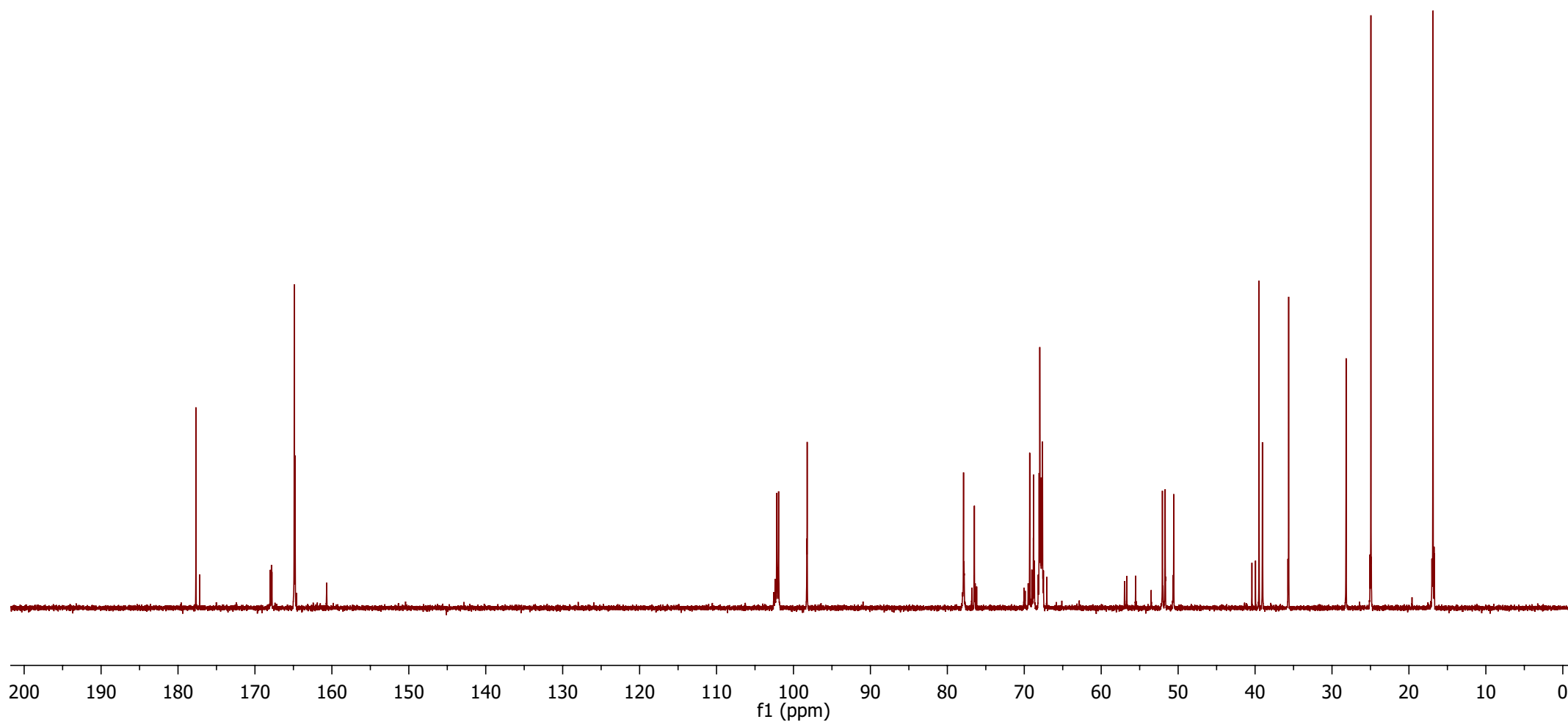
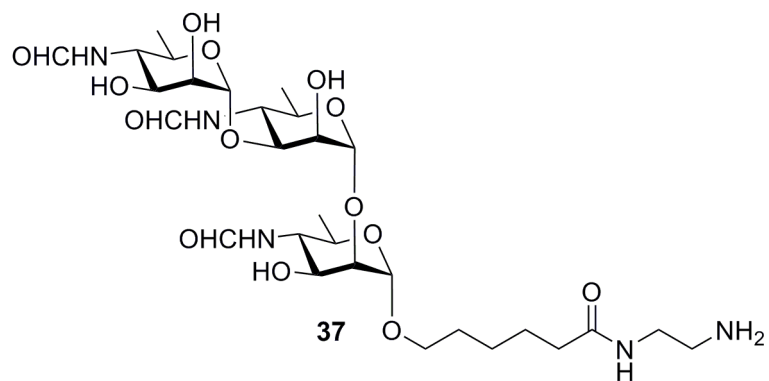
42

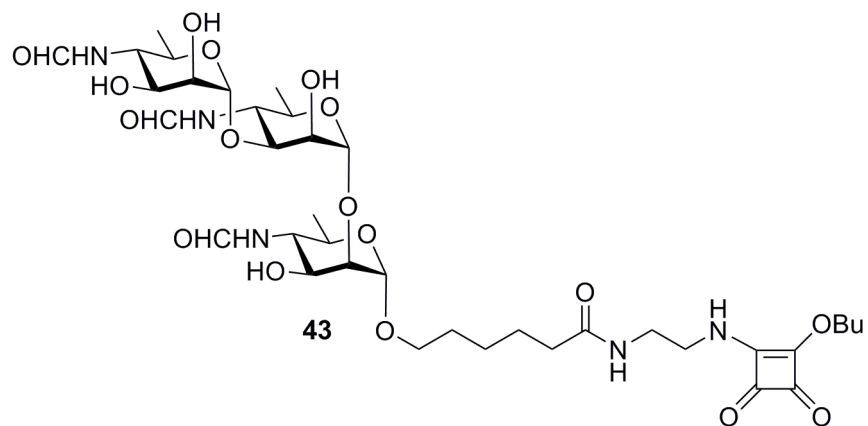




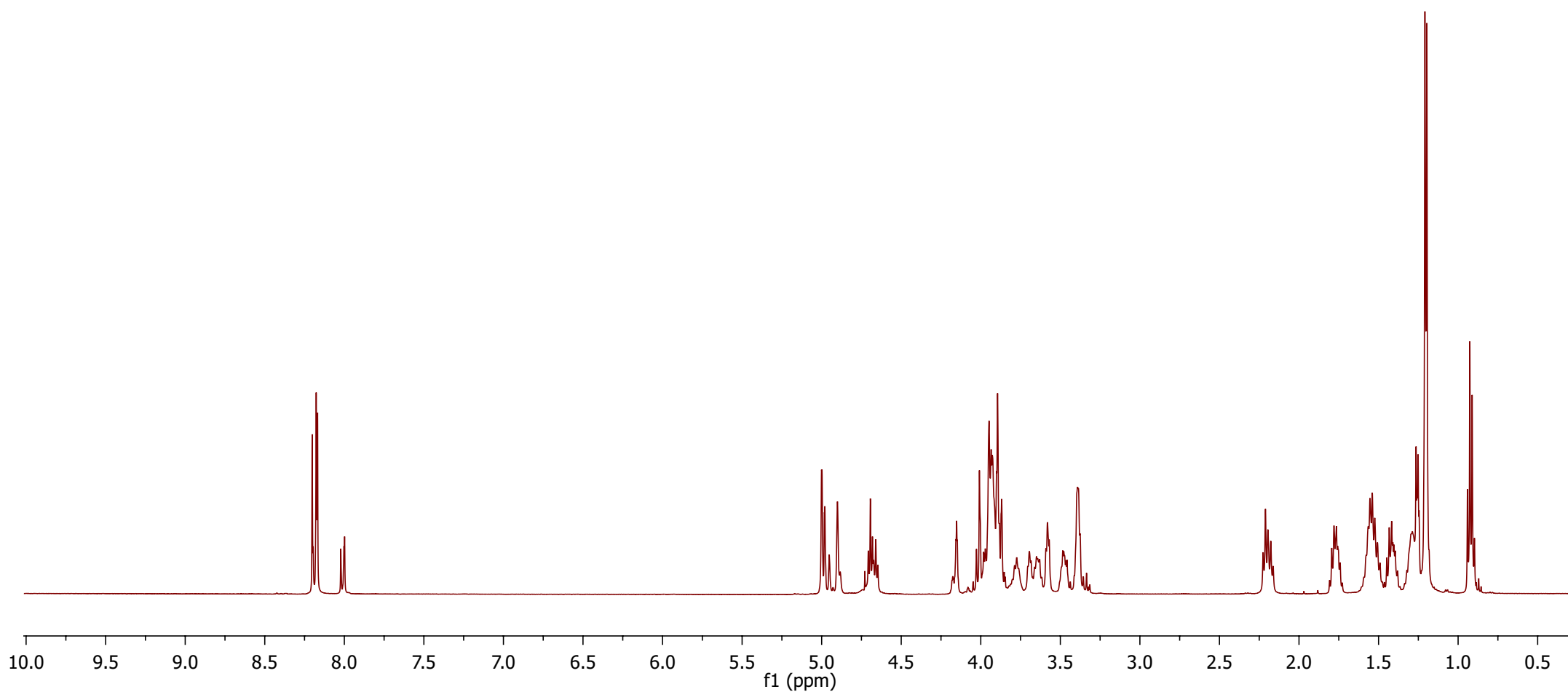
500 MHz, D₂O



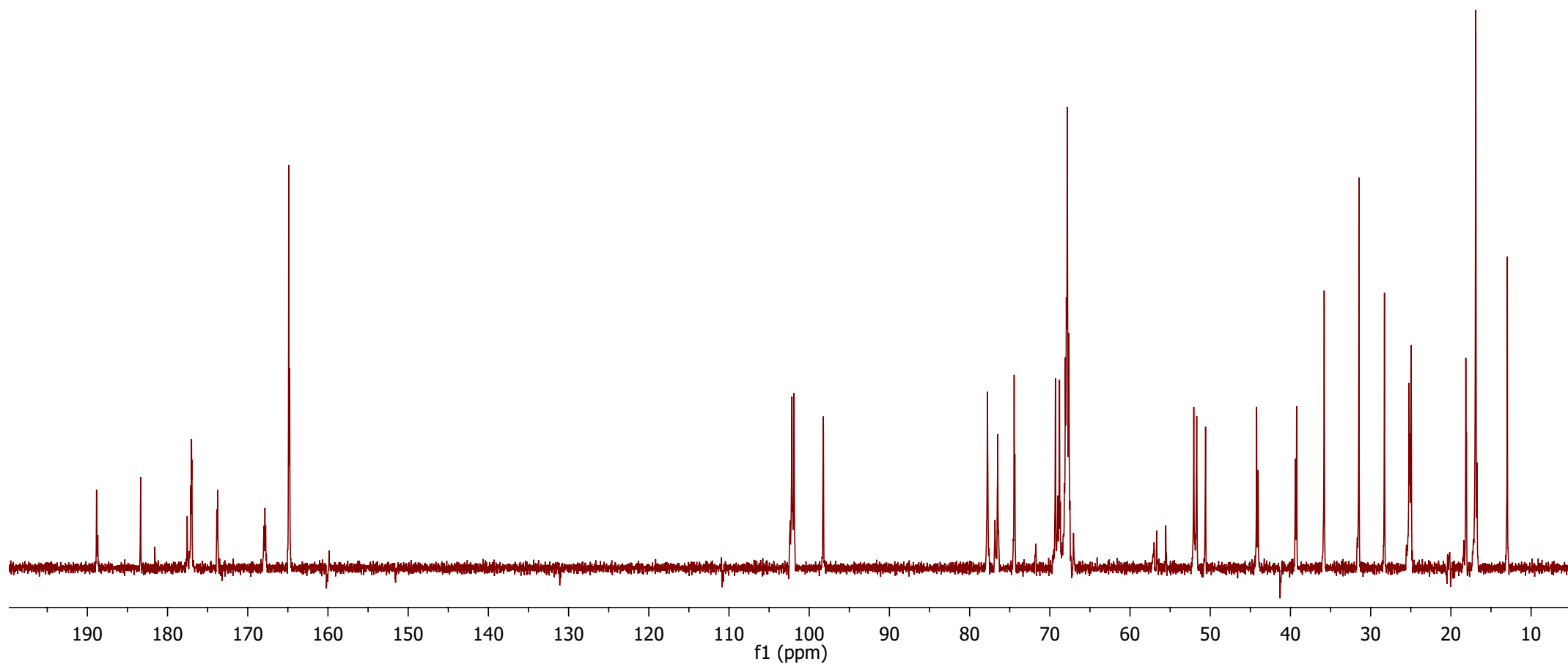
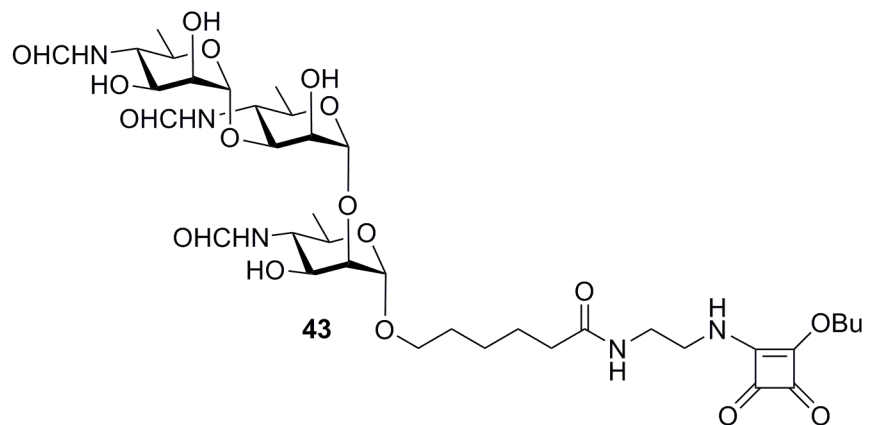


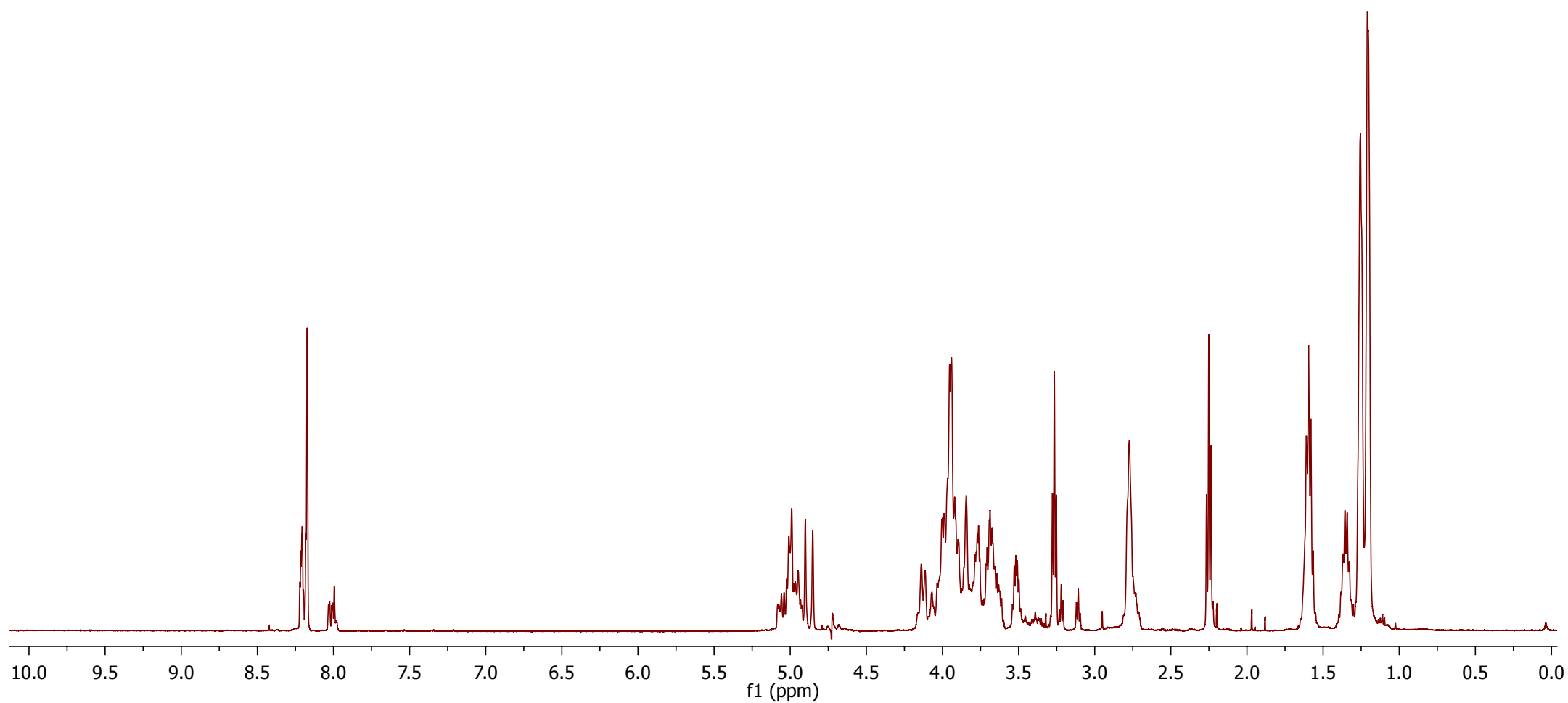
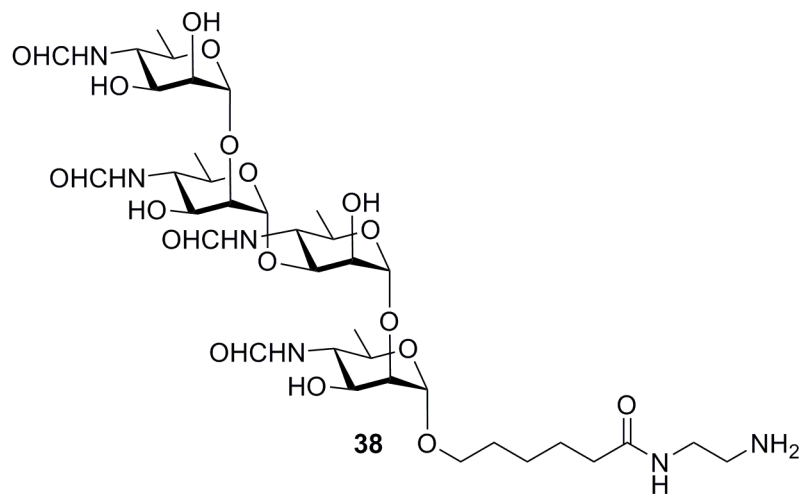


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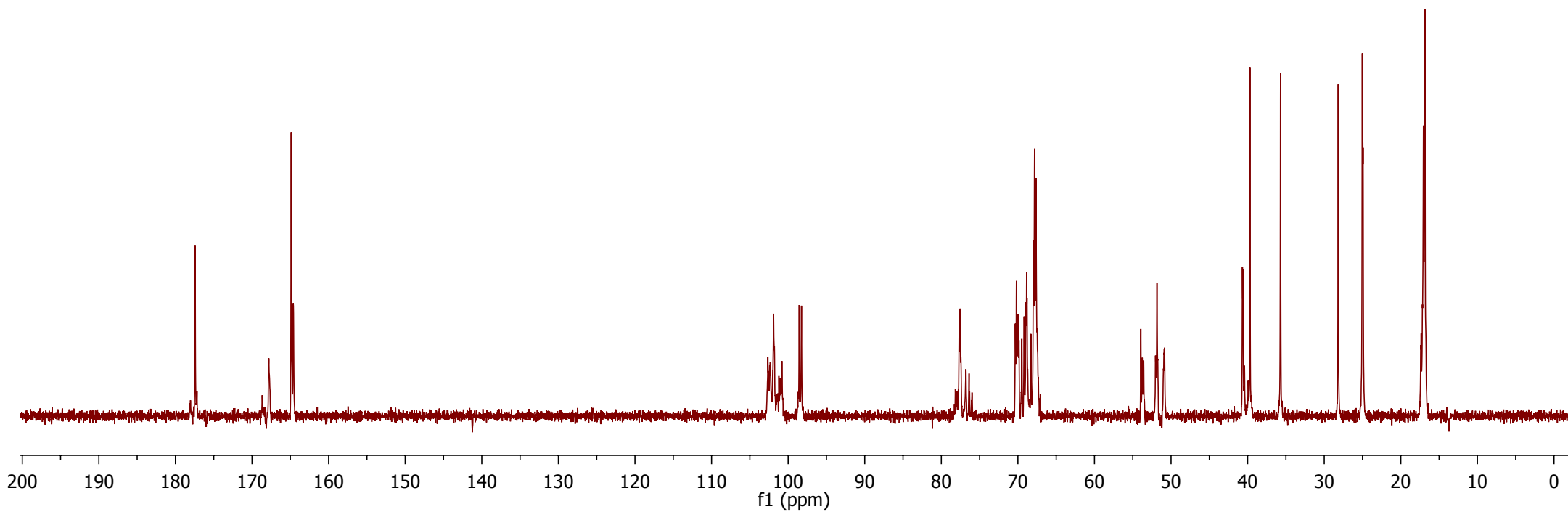
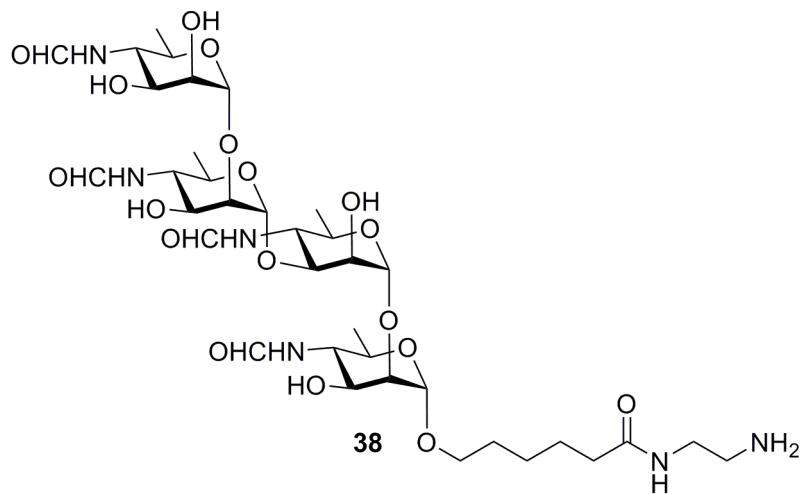


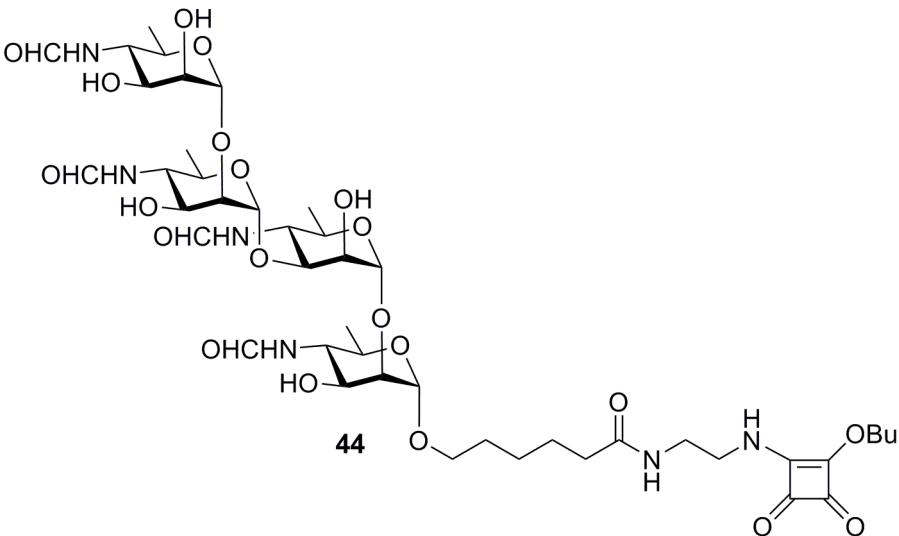
126 MHz, D₂O



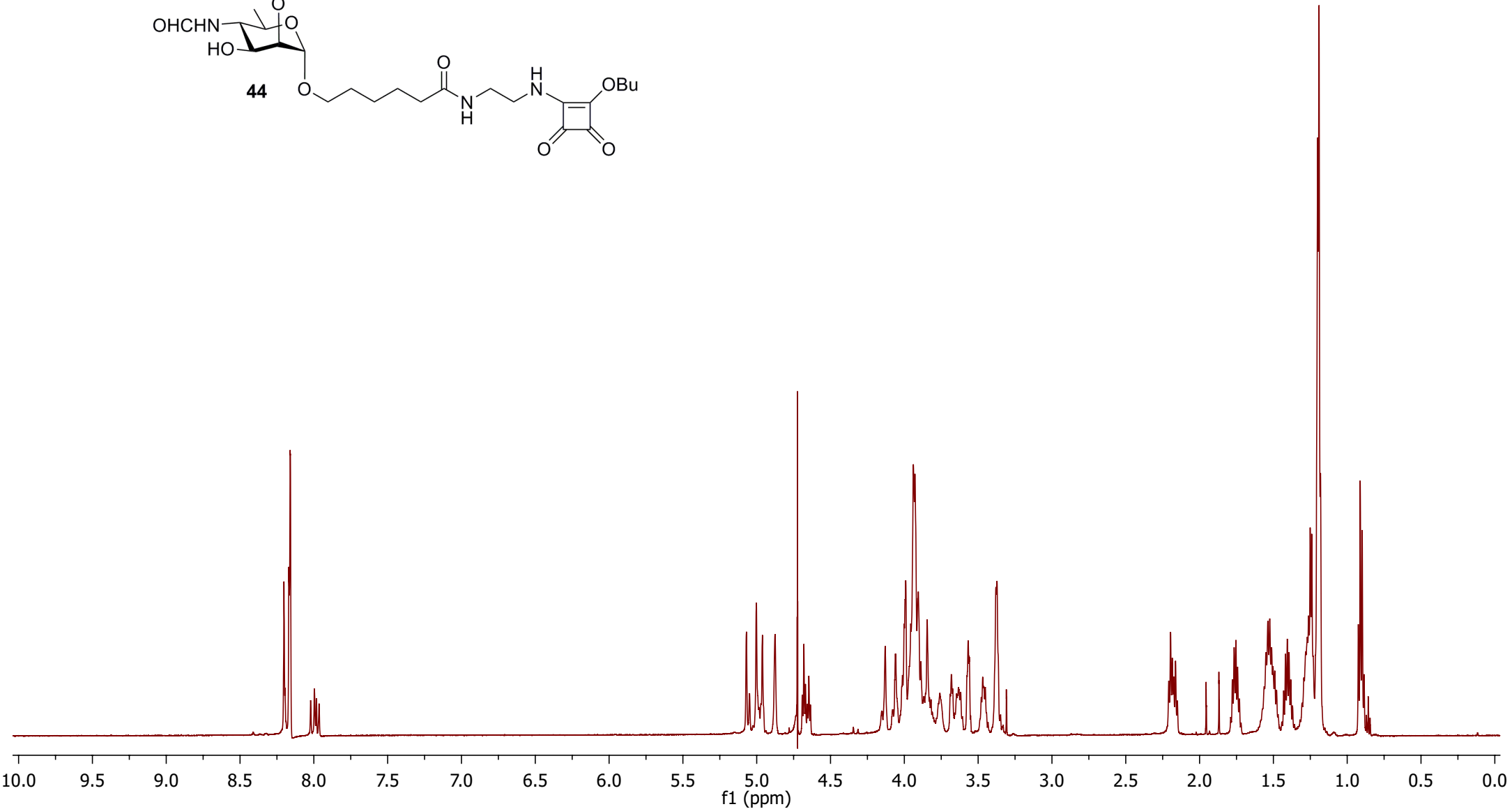


126 MHz, D₂O

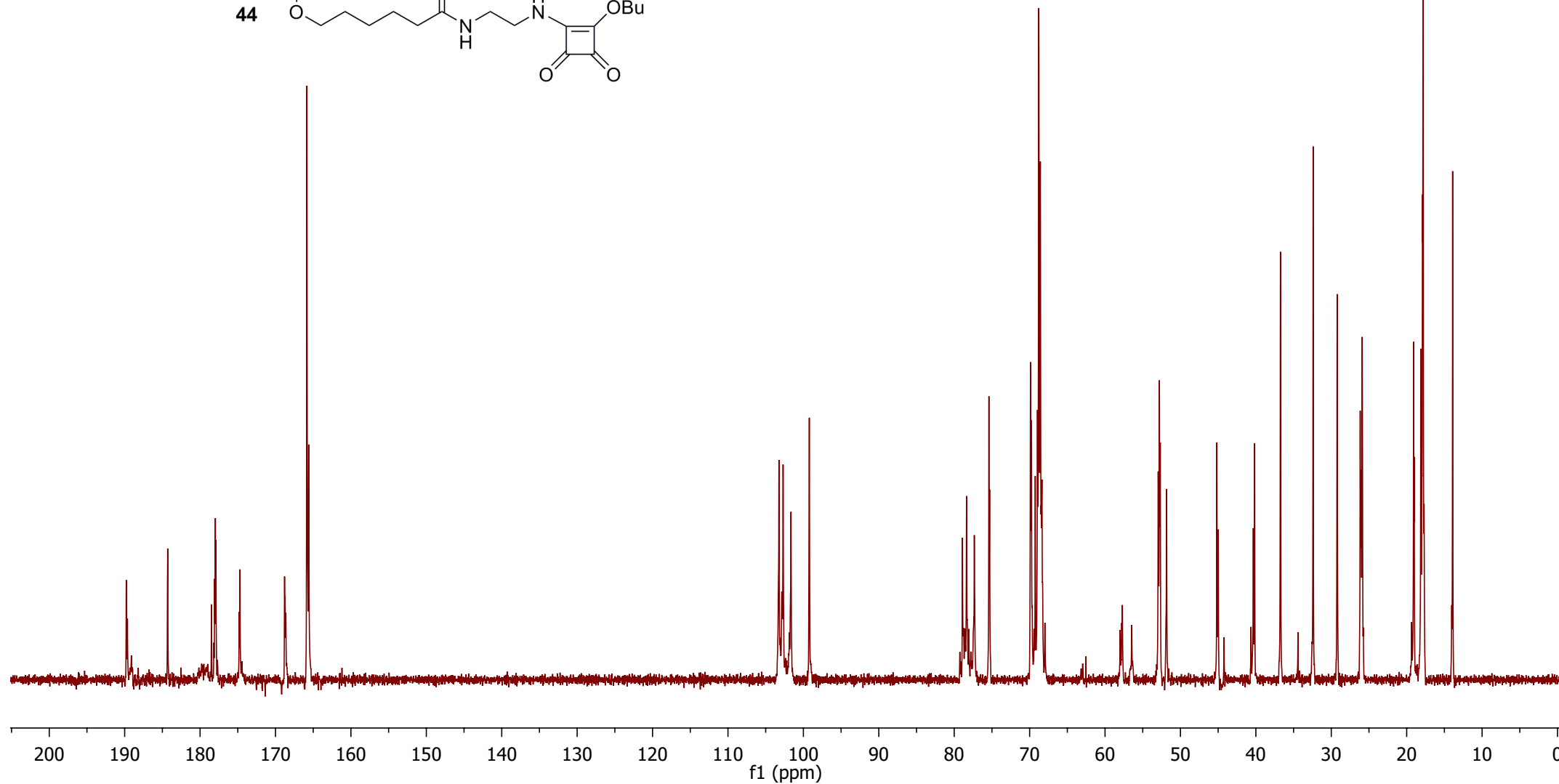
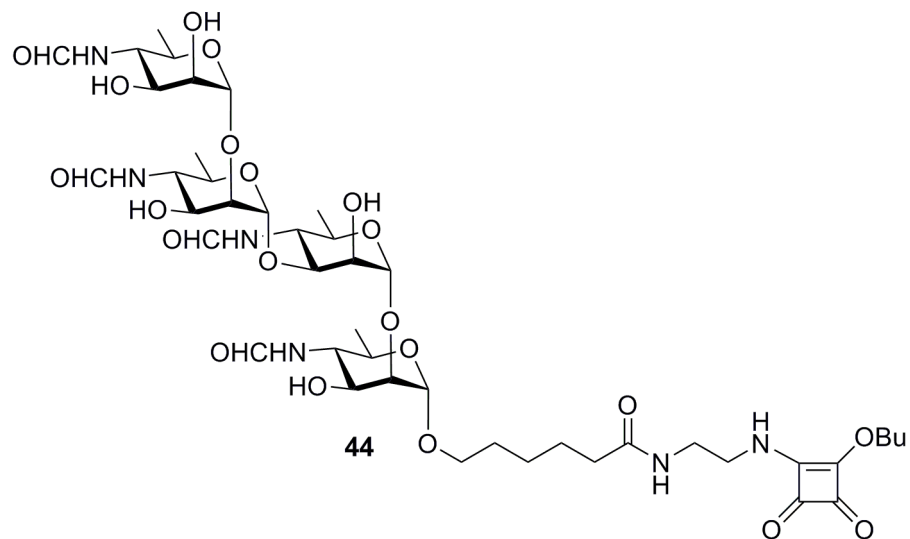


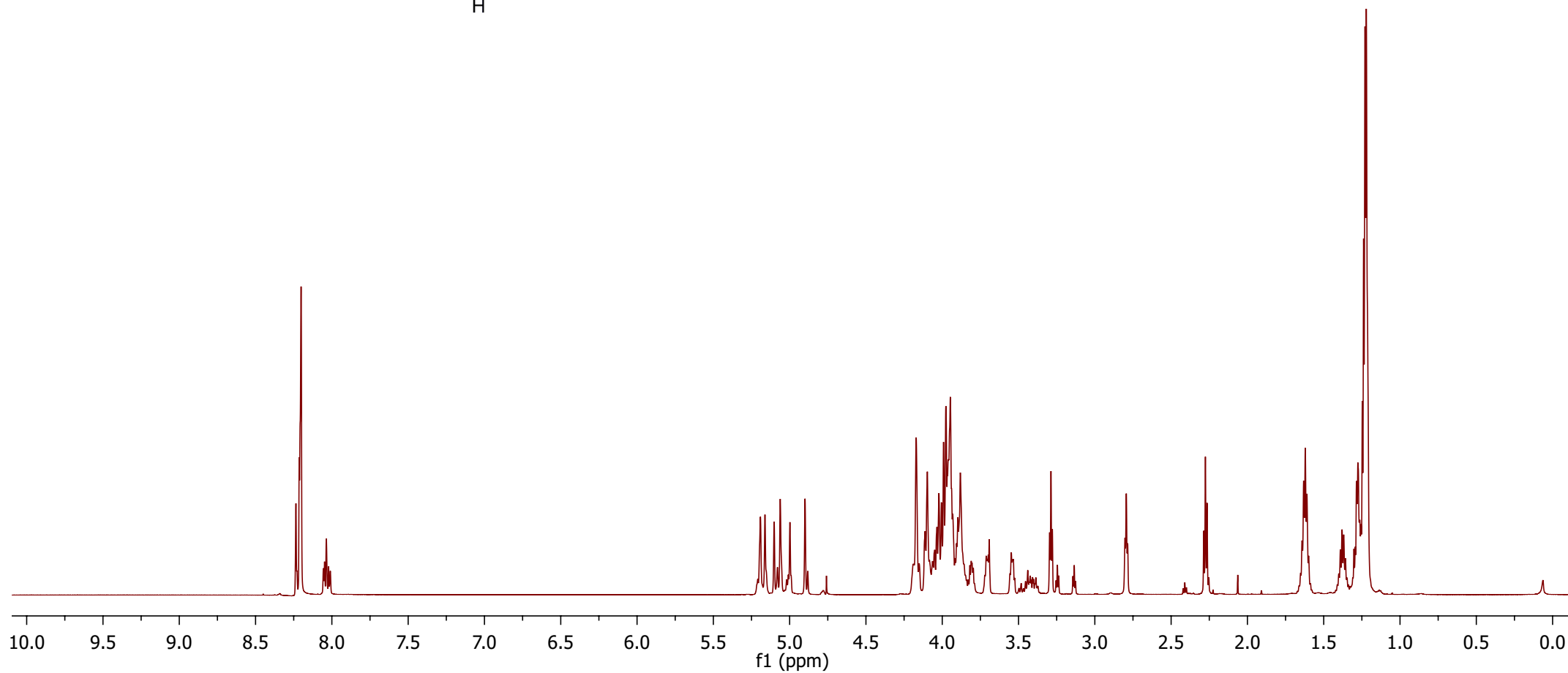
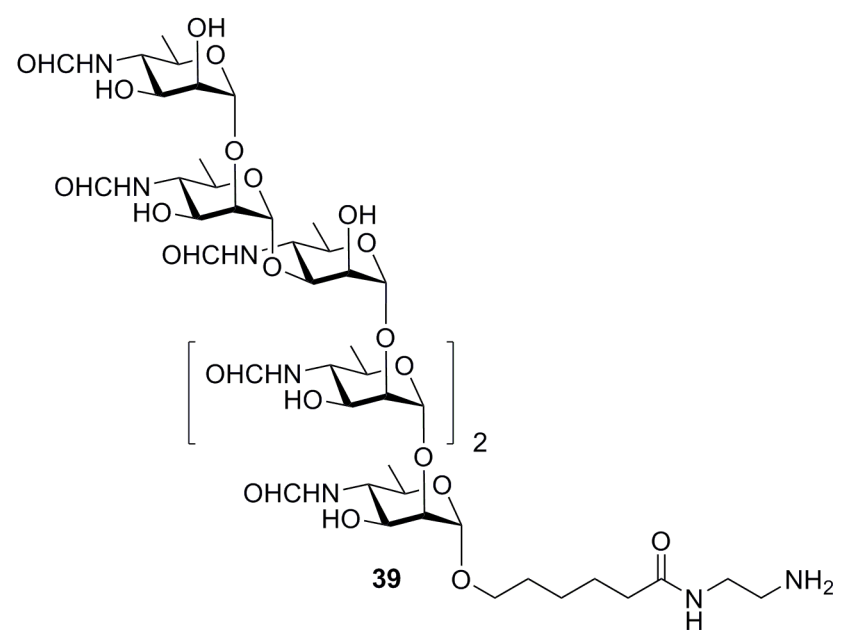


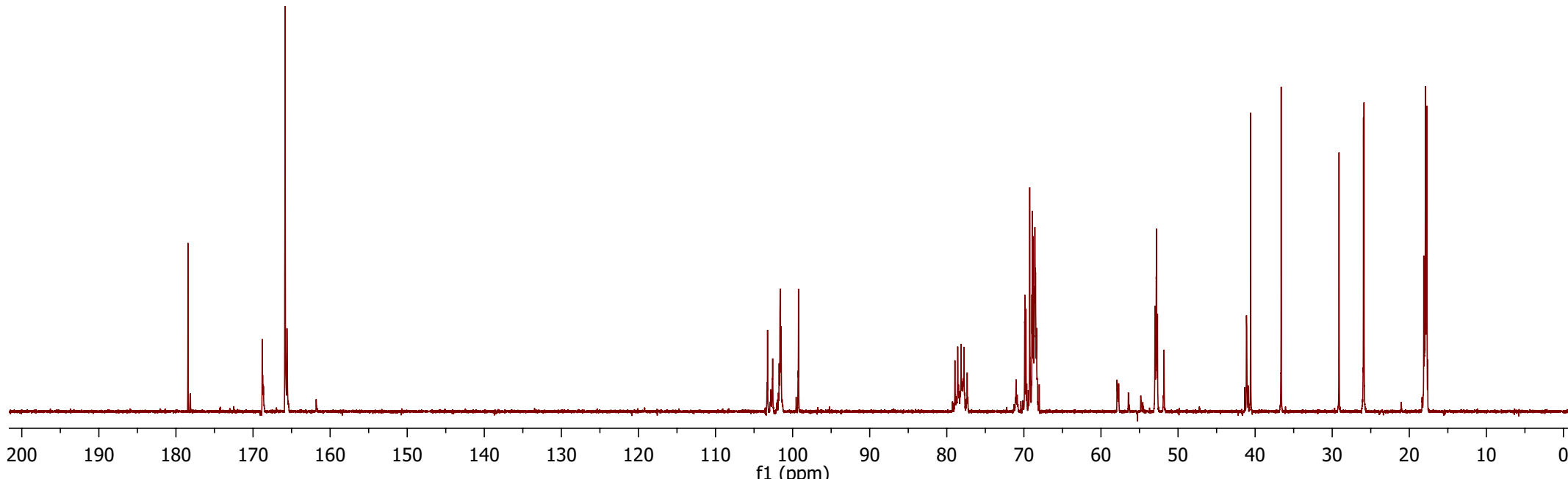
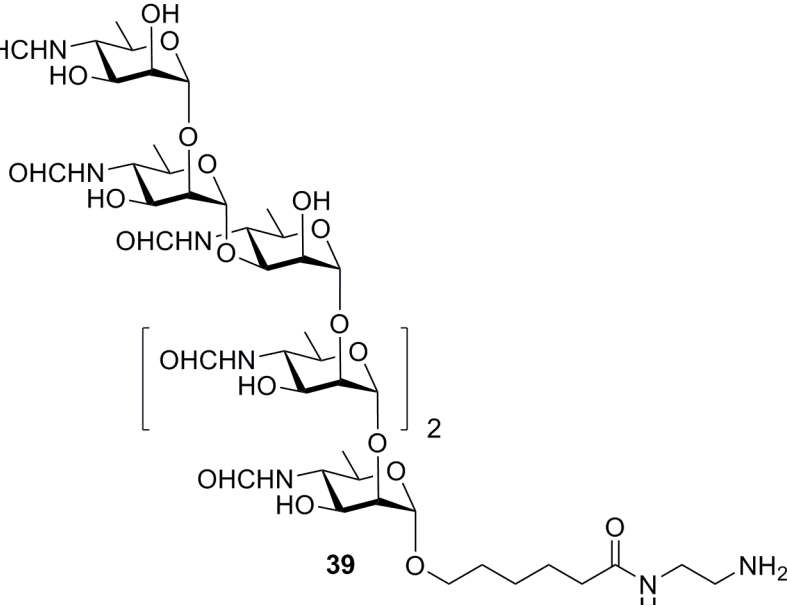
44

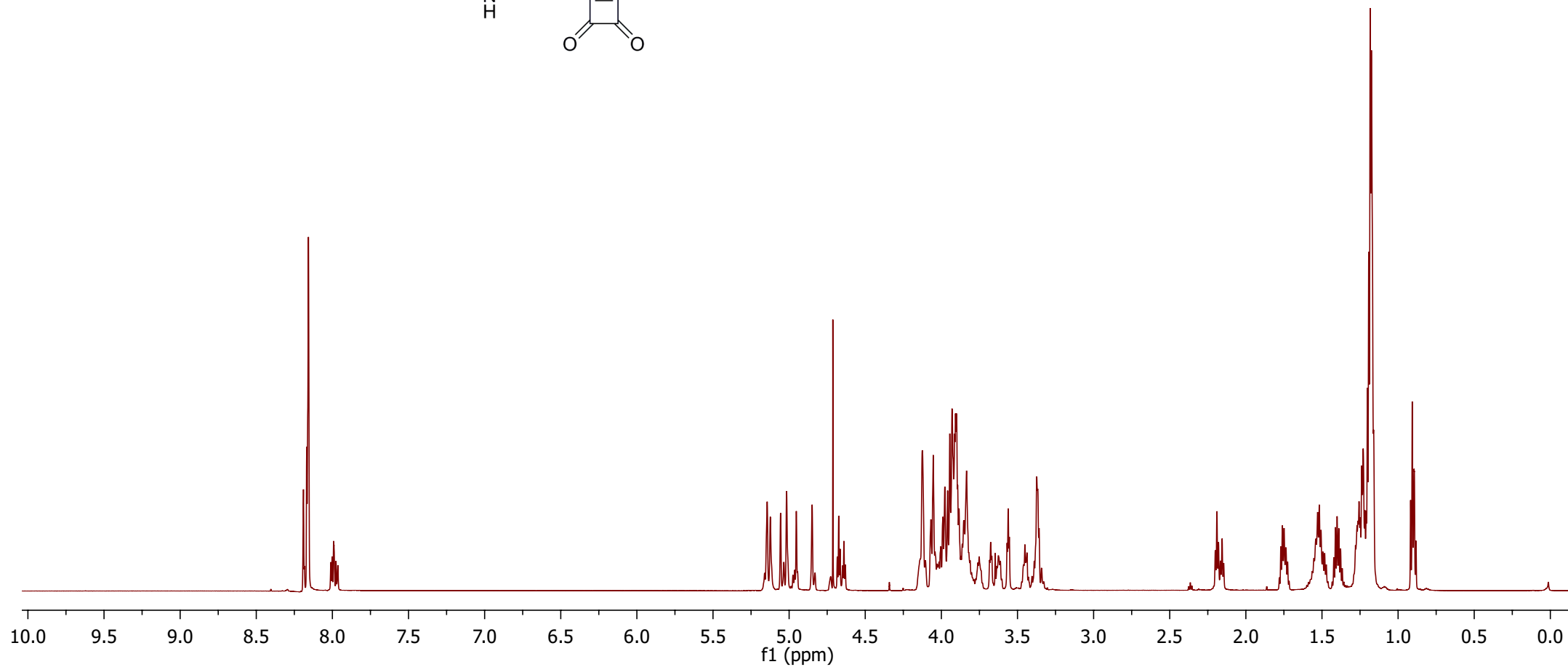
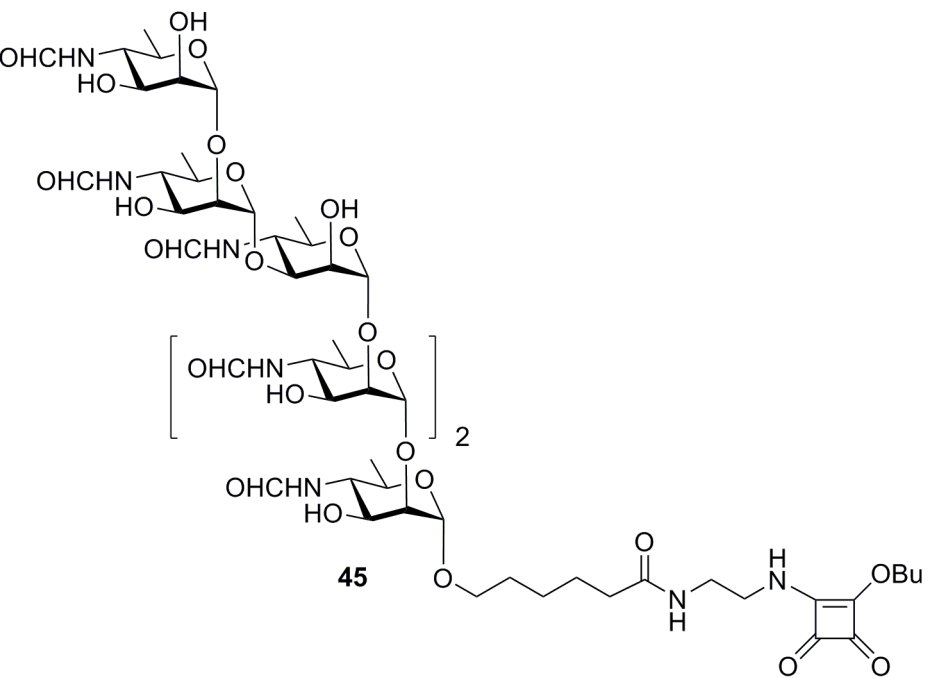


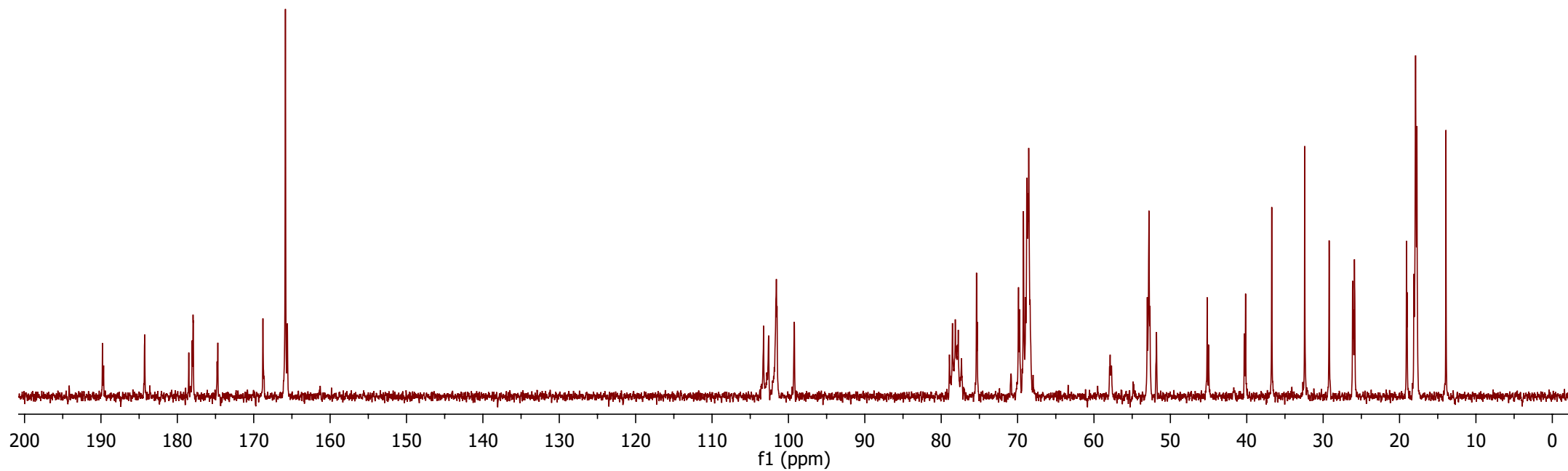
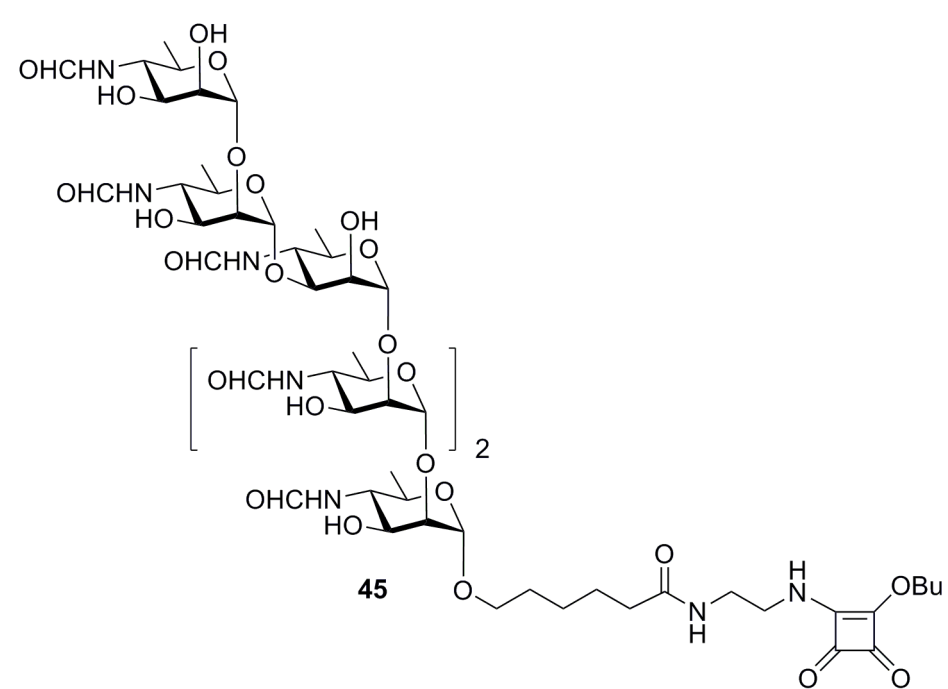
126 MHz, D₂O



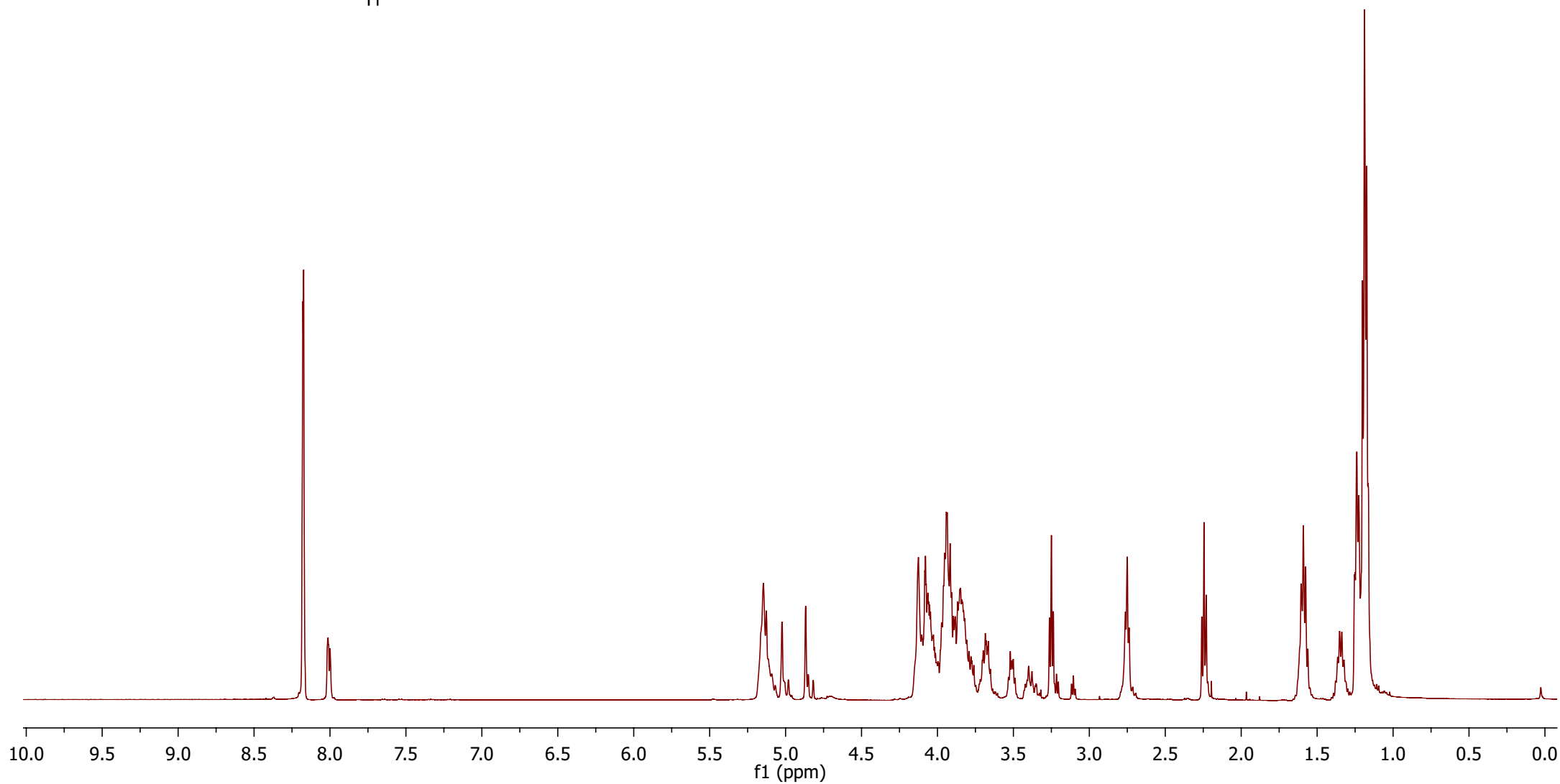
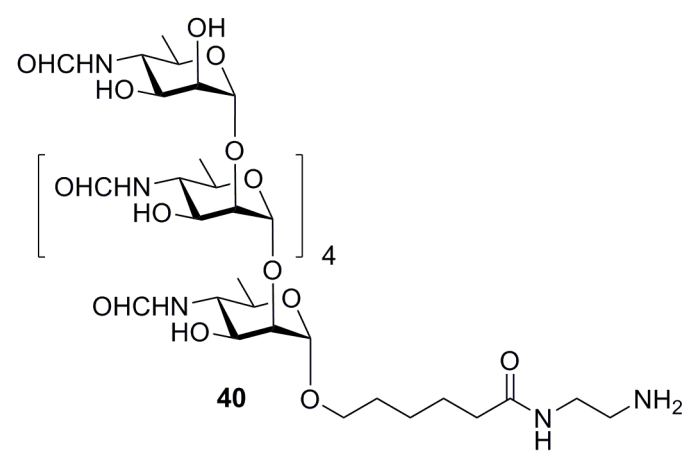


126 MHz, D₂O

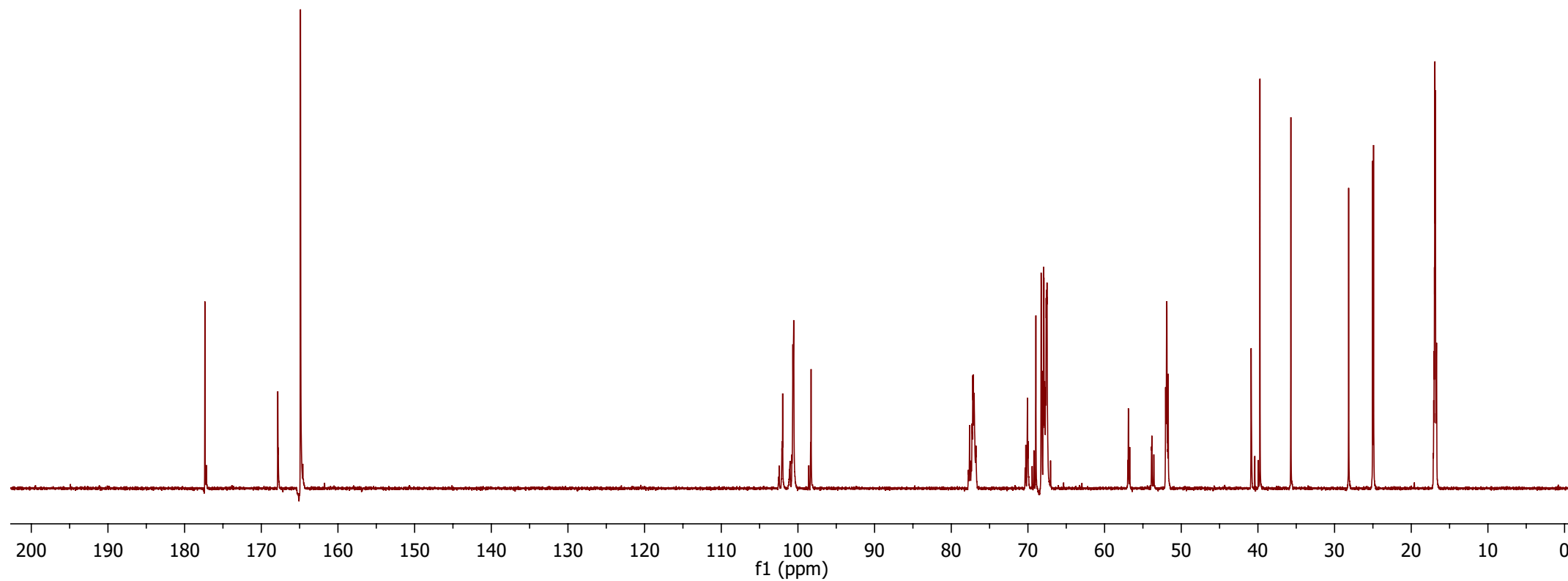
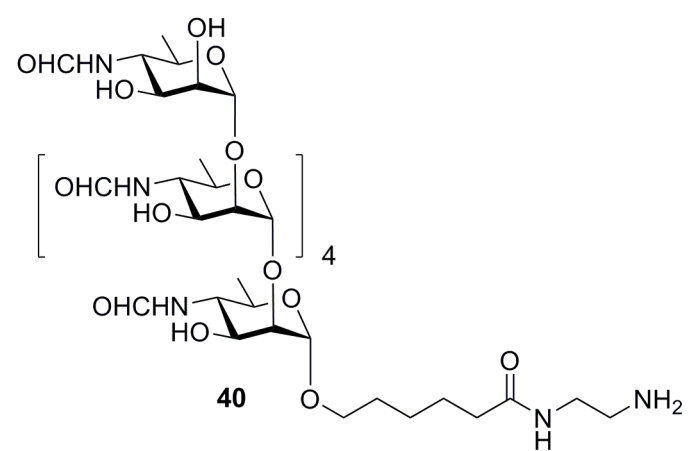




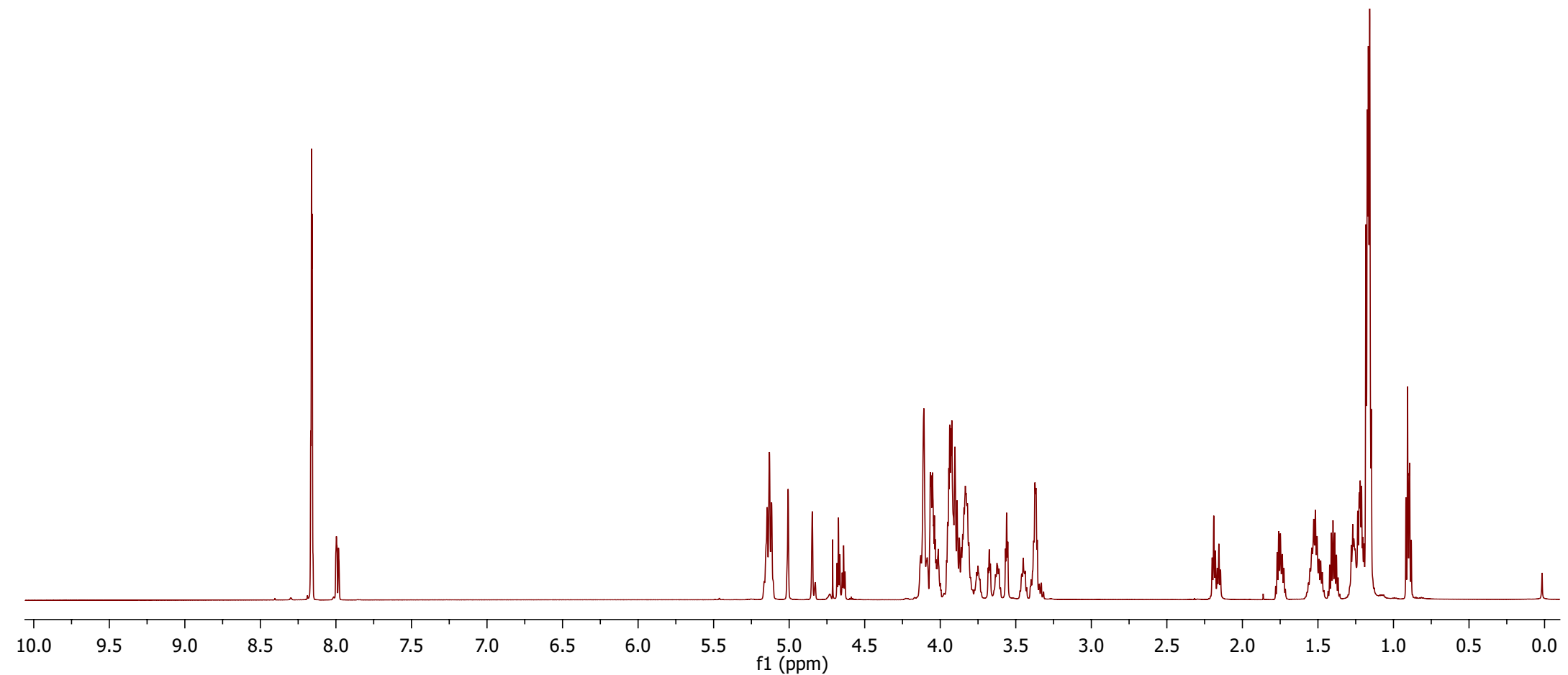
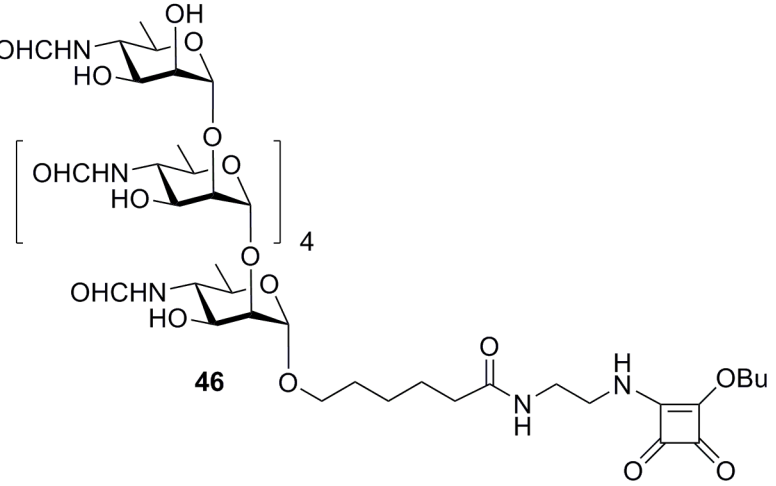
500 MHz, D₂O



126 MHz, D₂O



700 MHz, D₂O



126 MHz, D₂O

