

## Supplementary Information

# Optimizing Performance of Silicon-Based pn Junction Photodetector by Piezo-Phototronic Effect

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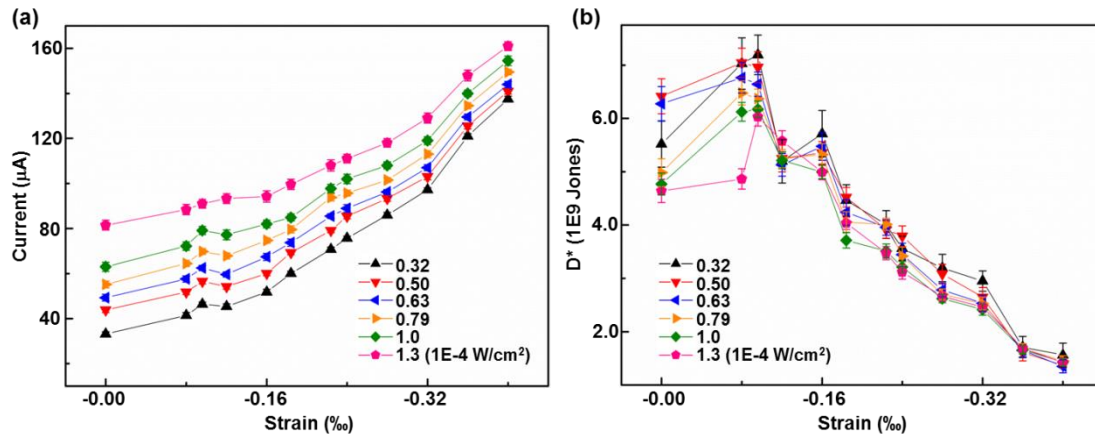
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## ***I*-strain characteristics and detectivity $D^*$ of the p-Si/n-ZnO NWs hybridized photodetector**

*I*-strain characteristics of p-Si/n-ZnO NWs hybridized visible PDs under a series of incident light power densities and external strain conditions are investigated and summarized in Figure S1a under 442 nm illuminations and 2 V forward bias voltage. The response of output currents to different strains show a monotonous increase with externally applied strains for each power density. Also, the overall signal levels increase significantly by applying light stimuli with stronger power density, because more photon-induced electron-hole pairs are generated.

As shown in Figure S1b, the detectivity  $D^*$  is calculated under different incident light intensities and strain conditions as  $D^* = R / (2e \cdot I_{dark,s} / S)^{0.5}$ , where  $I_{dark,s}$  is the dark current under the corresponding external strain (considered as the major noise),  $S$  is the effective surface area of PD<sup>1</sup>. Experimental results indicate that a maximum value is observed at -0.1‰ compressive strain for the detectivity  $D^*$  under each

illumination power density, with the highest value of  $7.1 \times 10^9$  Jones under the power density of  $3.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ W/cm}^2$ .



**Figure S1.** Piezo-phototronic effect on (a) the output current and (b) the detectivity  $D^*$  of p-Si/n-ZnO NWs hybridized PDs under a series of power densities and external strain conditions.

1. Liu, X.; Gu, L. L.; Zhang, Q. P.; Wu, J. Y.; Long, Y. Z.; Fan, Z. Y. All-Printable Band-Edge Modulated ZnO Nanowire Photodetectors with Ultra-High Detectivity. *Nat Commun* 2014, 5, 4007.