

Supporting Information

for

Conjugated polymer dots-on-electrospun fibers as a fluorescent nanofibrous sensor for nerve gas stimulant

Seonyoung Jo^{1,2}, Jongho Kim¹, Jaeguk Noh¹, Daigeun Kim¹, Geunseok Jang¹, Naeun Lee³, Eunji Lee³, and Taek Seung Lee^{1,}*

¹Organic and Optoelectronic Materials Laboratory, Department of Advanced Organic Materials and Textile System Engineering, Chungnam National University, Daejeon 305-764, Korea

²Dongjin Semichem Co., Electronic Materials Business Division, Jageundollae-gil 35, Yanggam-myeon, Hwaseong-si, Gyeonggi-do 445-935, Korea

³Graduate School of Analytical Science and Technology, Chungnam National University, Daejeon 305-764, Korea

* Corresponding author: TSL (tslee@cnu.ac.kr)

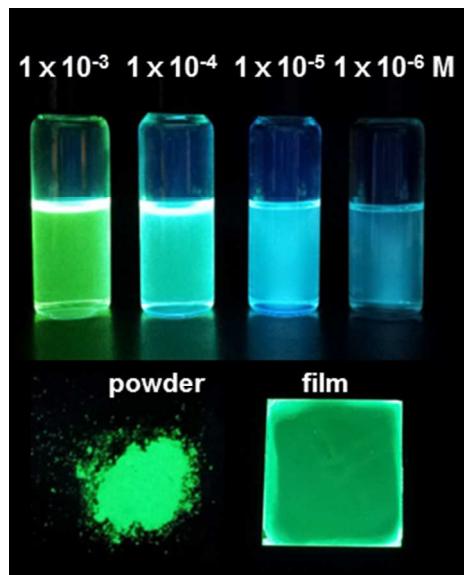


Figure S1. Fluorescence images of **PQ** in chloroform solutions and in the solid under UV irradiation (365 nm).

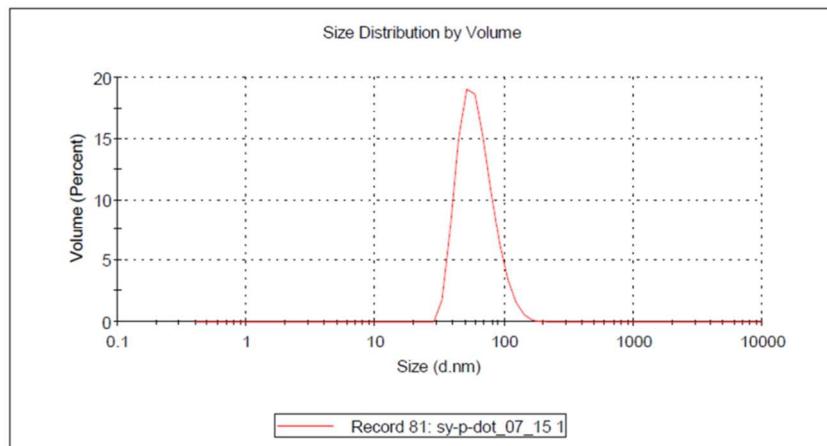


Figure S2. Size distribution of CPdots from **PQ** determined by DLS.

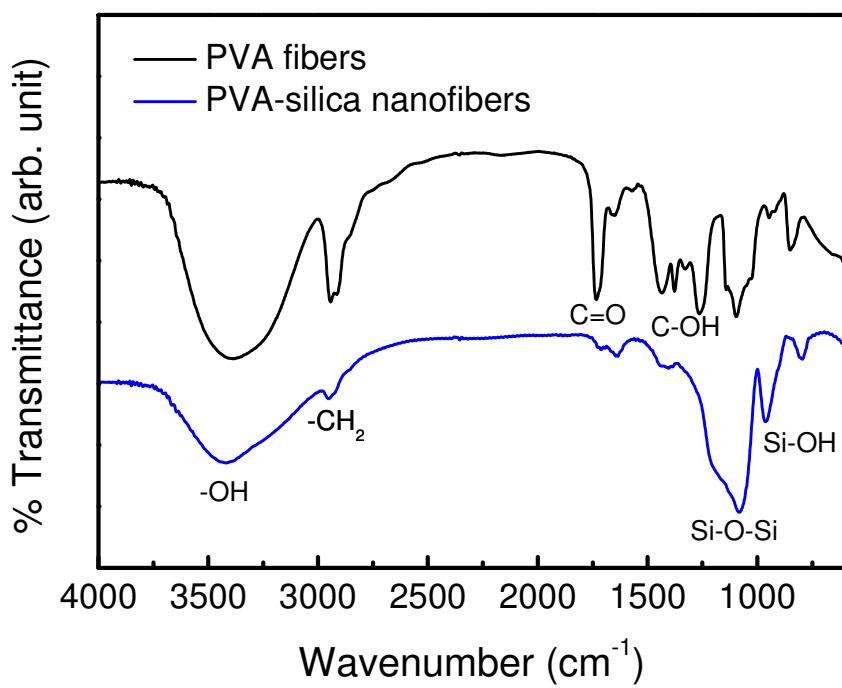


Figure S3. FT-IR spectra of PVA and PVA-silica nanofibers.

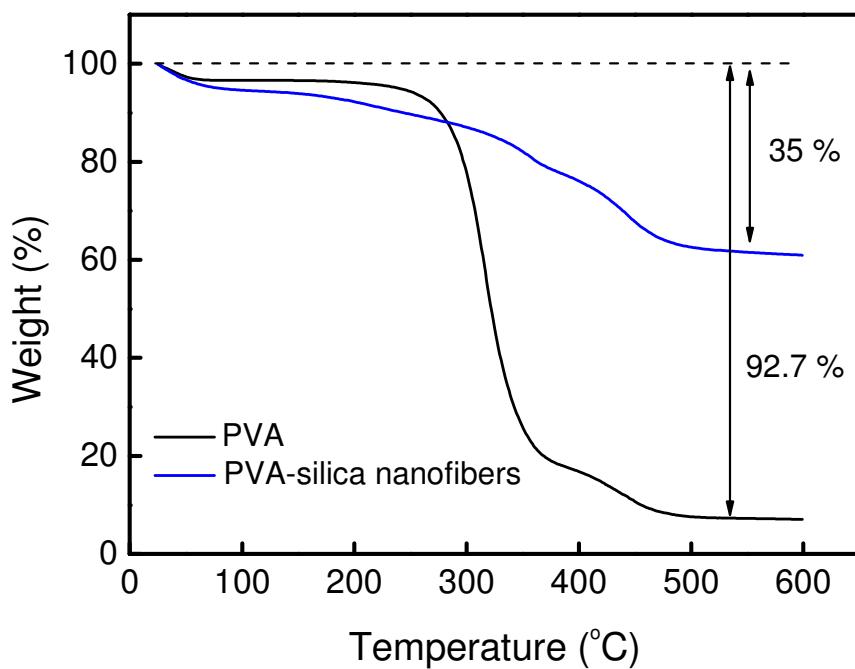


Figure S4. TG thermograms of PVA and PVA-silica nanofibers (heating rate: 10 °C/min under nitrogen atmosphere).

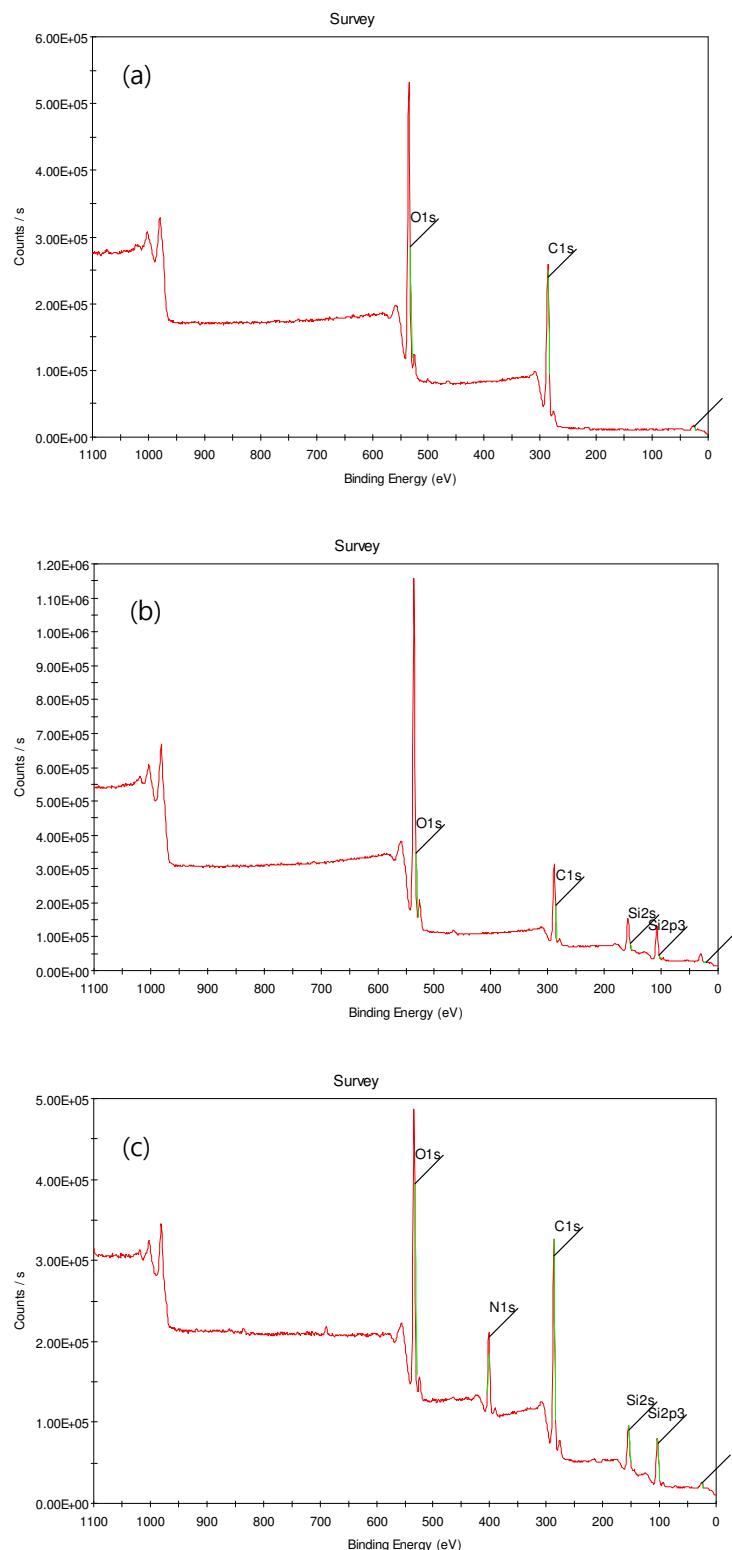


Figure S5. XPS spectra of (a) PVA, (b) PVA-silica nanofibers, and (c) amine-functionalized PVA-silica nanofibers.

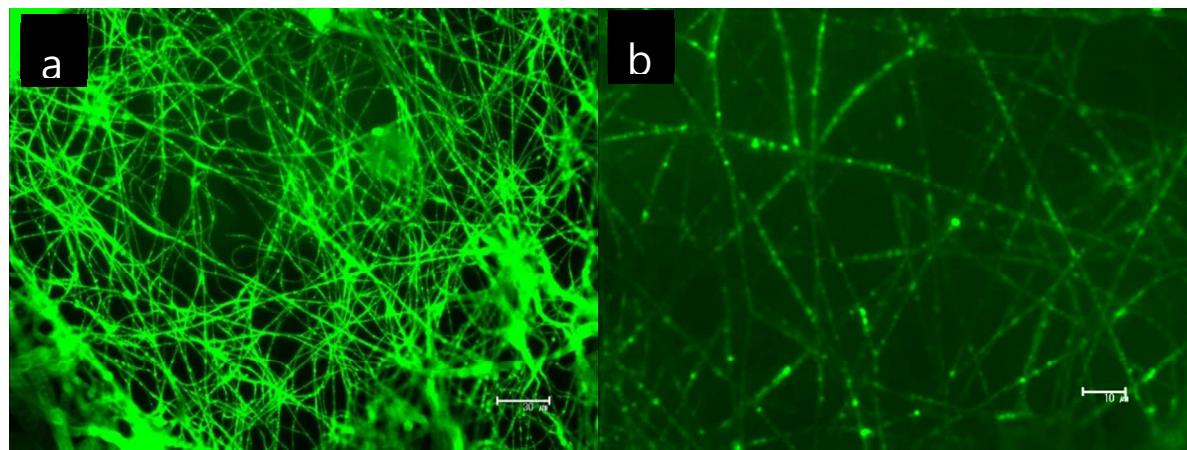


Figure S6. Fluorescence images of DoF. Green fluorescence indicates the presence of green-emitting CPdots on the PVA-silica hybrid nanofibers. Scale bars: 30 μm (a) and 10 μm (b).

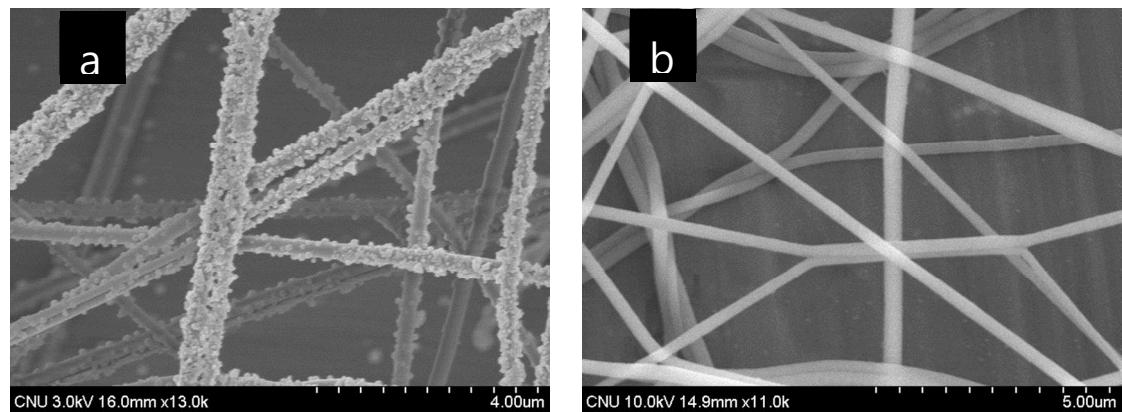
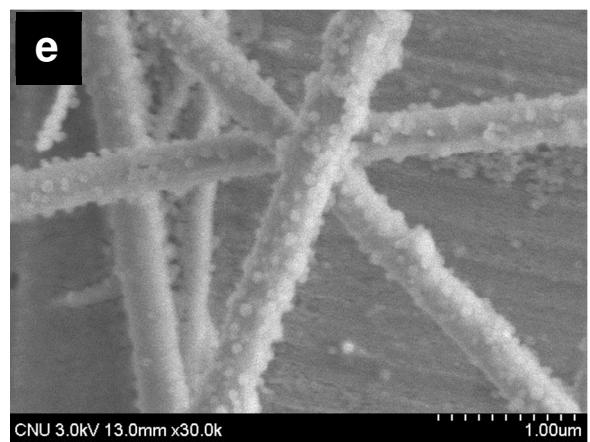
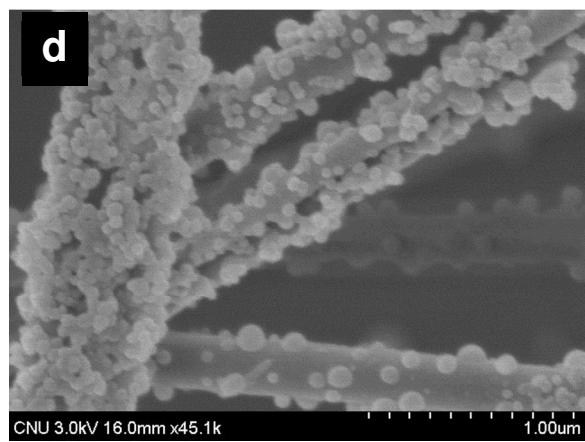
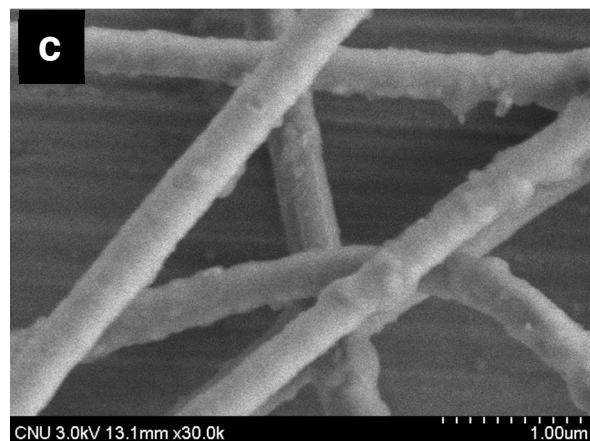
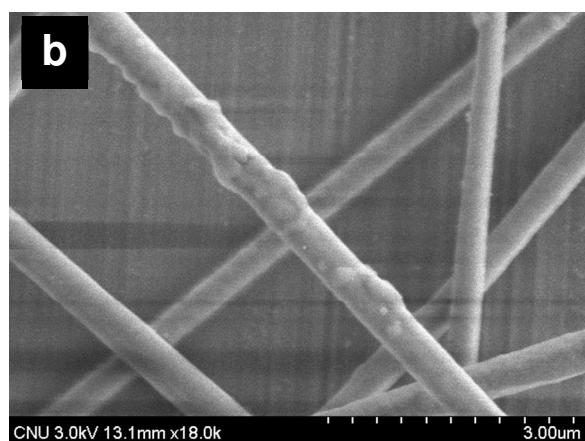
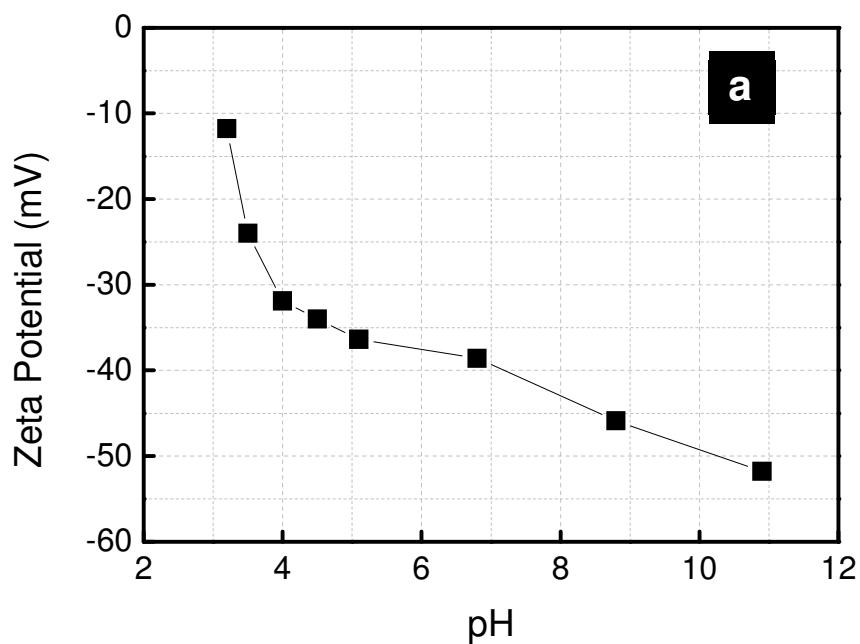


Figure S7. SEM images of CPdots-immobilized PVA-silica nanofibers fabricated (a) with and (b) without APTES treatment.



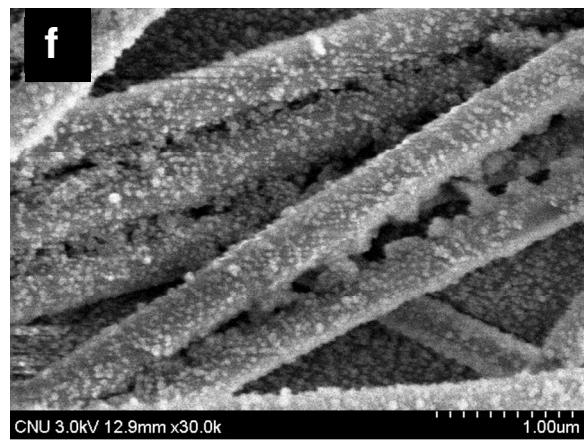


Figure S8. (a) Change in zeta potentials of CPdots in aqueous solutions of various pHs. SEM images of DoFs fabricated in different pHs of (b) 3.2, (c) 5.1, (d) 6.8, (e) 8.8, and (f) 11.8.

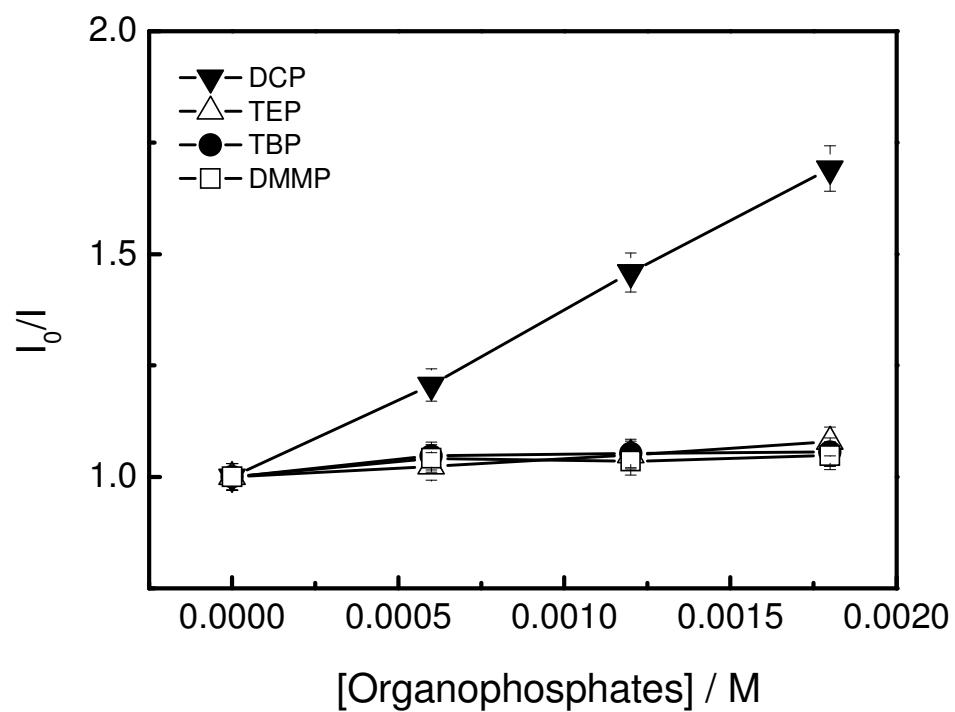


Figure S9. Stern-Volmer plot of DoF in response to various organophosphate compounds.

Table S1. Characterization of CPdots from **PQ**

Particle size (nm) ^a	66.28 ± 1.84
Zeta potential (mV) ^b	-38.6 ± 0.7
Quantum yields (%)	13 ^c (CPdots in aqueous solution) 12 ^d (solid CPdots)

^{a),b)} determined by DLS.

^{c)} calculated using rhodamine 6G as a standard in water (QY: 95%).

^{d)} determined with a calibrated integrating sphere (excitation source: 325 nm laser).